

# The Republican.

J. E. SAYERS, Editor and Publisher.



WAYNESBURG:

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1866.

UNION STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR.

**GEN. J. W. GEARY,**  
OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS.

**HON. GEO. V. LAWRENCE,**

OF Washington County.

SENATE.

**CAPT. JNO. W. DE FORD,**

OF Fayette Co.

ASSEMBLY.

**LIEUT. JAS. A. WOODS,**

OF Center Tp.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

**ELIAS STONE, Esq.,**

OF Monongahela Tp.

PROTHONOTARY.

**LIEUT. THOS. LUCAS,**

OF Jefferson Tp.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

**CORP'L THOS. F. REPELLET,**

OF Monongahela Tp.

COMMISSIONER.

**CAPT. JOHN A. BURNS,**

OF Richhill Tp.

AUDITOR.

**LIEUT. GEO. W. SHOUGH,**

OF Gilmore Tp.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR.

**COL. JOS. COOKE,**

OF Marion Tp.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

There will be Township meetings

held at the following named places on

the days appointed:

GREENSBORO, Wednesday Sept. 26 '66.

MAPLE'S, DUNDRAK tp. on the evening

of same day.

MR. MORRIS, Thursday, Sept. 27 '66.

JACKSONVILLE, Monday Sept. 29, '66.

HON. GEORGE V. LAWRENCE, Capt.

BENT, DOWLEY, and others will address

the people. Let a full attendance dem-

onstrate the earnestness you feel in the

good cause.

## The Loyalists' Convention.

Philadelphia in a Blaze of Enthusiasm!

The Convention held in the city of

Philadelphia last week was the largest

gathering of the people of our republic

since the welcoming of the honored La-

fayette. No pen can adequately justice

in a description of this glorious welcome

to the fire tried patriots of the South.

Many among the eminent statesmen of

the country were present to do them

honor, and the city was filled to over-

flowing with those who came to hear

and see for themselves. Accounts char-

acterize the sentiment of a majority of

the Southern delegates as extremely ra-

dical. They say that their constituents

are prepared at once for Universal Su-

ffrage and bitterly denounce those from

the Border States as being too conserva-

tive in their views.

We would like to give our readers a

full account of their proceedings, but we

must pass all this by and merely ap-

pend their Address and Resolutions. The

facts set forth in these cannot be dispu-

ted, but it will be observed they demand

radical cures for radical evils. These

being the principles of loyalists South,

it seems that we of the North are far be-

low their standard of radicalism. They

being the better judges it remains for us

to say whether their appeal for aid shall

be disregarded or not. The following is

their Address and Resolutions:

**THE APPEAL OF THE LOYAL UNION**

**MEN OF THE SOUTH TO THEIR FEEL-**

**ING CITIZENS OF THE UNITED**

**STATES.**

The representatives of eight millions

of American citizens appeal for protection

and justice to their friends and

brothers in the States that have been

spared the cruelties of the rebellion, and

the direct horrors of civil war. Here on

the spot where freedom was prepared

and pledged by the fathers of the Repub-

lic, we implore your help against an or-

venge of the beaten conspirators, and

now the rebels who offered to yield ev-

erything to save their own lives, are

seeking to consign us to bloody graves.

Where we expected to find a benefactor

we find a persecutor. Having lost our

champion, we return to you, who can

invoke Presidents and punish traitors.

Our last hope under God is the unity

and firmness of the States that elected

Abraham Lincoln and defeated Jeff-

erson Davis.

The best statement of our case is the

appealing yet uncontroverted confession

of Andrew Johnson, where in savage hat-

red of his own record, he proclaims his

purpose to clothe four millions of tra-

itors with the power to impoverish and

degrade eight millions of loyal men.

Our wrongs bear alike on all races, and

our tyrants, unchecked by you, will

award the same fate to white and black

We can remain as we are, only as in-

feriors and victims. We may fly from

our homes, but we should fear to trust

our fate with those who, after denounc-

ing and defeating treason, refused to

right those who have bravely assisted

them in their good work. Till we are

wholly rescued there is neither peace for

you nor prosperity for us.

We cannot better define at once our

wrongs and our wants than by declar-

ing—

That since Andrew Johnson affil-

iated with his slanderers and our constant

enemies, his hand has been laid heavily

upon every earnest loyalist in the South.

History, the just judgment of the pres-

ent and stern confirmation of the future,

invites, commands us to declare that after

repeating his own remedies for restoring

the Union, he has restored the weapons

of traitors to bruise and beat down

patriots.

That after declaring that none but the

loyal should govern the reconstructed

South, he has practised upon the maxim

that none but traitors shall rule.

That while in the North he has re-

moved conscientious men from office

and filled many of the vacancies with

the sympathizers of treason in the South, he

has removed proved and trusted patriots

and selected the equally proved and con-

victed traitors.

That after brave men who had fought

for the old flag, have been nominated

for positions, their names have been

recalled and avowed rebels substituted.

That every original Unionist in the

South who stands fast to Andrew John-

son's covenants from 1861 to 1866, has

been ostracised.

That he has corrupted the local courts

by offering premiums for the defiance

of the laws of Congress, and by openly

discouraging the observance of the oath

against treason.

That, while refusing to punish one

conspirator, though thousands had earned

the penalty of death, more than a

thousand devoted Union citizens have

been murdered in cold blood since the

surrender of Lee, and, in no case have

their assassins been brought to judg-

ment.

That he has pardoned some of the

worst of the rebel criminals North and

South, including some who have taken

human life under circumstances of un-

paralleled atrocity.

That while denouncing and fettering

the operations of the Freedmen's

Bureau, he, with full knowledge of the

filthiness, has charged that the black

men are lazy and rebellious, and has

concealed the fact the more whites than

blacks have been protected and fed by

that noble organization, and that while

declaring that it was corruptly man-

aged and expensive to the Government,

he has connived at a system of profligacy

in the use of the public patronage and

public money, wholly without paral-

lism, and sought to disorganize and

scatter the army and the navy, only to

make it more easy to capture the Gov-

ernment.

That while declaring against the in-

justice of leaving eleven States unrepre-

sented, he has refused to endorse the

liberal plan of Congress, simply because

it recognizes the loyal majority, and re-

fuses to propitiate the traitor minority.

That in every State South of Mason

and Dixon's line, his policy has wrought

the most deplorable consequences, social,

moral and political.

It has emboldened returned rebels to

threaten civil war in Maryland, Missouri,

West Virginia and Tennessee. The pa-

triot who saved and sealed these States

to the old flag surrendered before their

arrogant demand.

It has corrupted high State officials,

elected by Union men and sworn to

enforce the laws against returned rebels,

and made them the mere instruments of

the authors of the rebellion.

It has encouraged a new alienation

between the sections, and by impeding

emigration to the South, has erected a

formidable barrier against free and friend-

ly interests in the North and West.

It has allowed the rebel soldiery to

persecute the teachers of the colored

schools, and to burn the churches in

which the freedmen have worshipped the

living God.

That a system so barbarous should

have culminated in the bloody riot of

Memphis, and the still more appalling

massacre of New Orleans, was as natural

as that a bloody war should flow from

the teachings of John C. Calhoun and

Jeff. Davis.

Andrew Johnson is responsible for all

these unceasing cruelties, and as they

have been unprovoked, so he justifies and

applies them, sending his agents and

commissionaries into the refined and patri-

otic metropolis to insist upon making

his reckless policy a test upon a Chris-

tian people. He forgot that the protec-

tion extended to the 14th of August

Convention in Philadelphia, was not only

denied to the free people of New Or-

leans, on the 4th of July, when they as-

sembled to discuss how best to protect

themselves, but denied it amidst the

laughter of hundreds of innocent men.

No page in the record of his recent

outrages upon human justice and consti-

tutional law, is more revolting than that

which convicts him of refusing to arrest

the preparations for that savage carnival,

and not only of refusing to punish its

authors, but of tolling to throw the guil-

ty responsibility upon unoffending and

innocent freedmen. The infuriated ty-

rant that stood ready

people in Tennessee when they were

struggling to maintain a government cre-

ated by himself against his and other tra-

itor's persecutions, was even more eager

to illustrate his savage policy by cloth-

ing with the most despotic power, the ri-

otiers of New Orleans.

Notwithstanding this heartless de-

scription and cruel persecution by Andy

Johnson, the States of Missouri, Ken-

tucky, Tennessee, West Virginia, Mary-

land and Delaware, imbued with the

Democratic and Republican principles

which the fathers of the republic de-

signed for all America, are now making

termed battle with the enemies of free

Constitutional Government, and by the

blessing of God, these States will soon

range themselves in line with the former

free States, and illustrate the wisdom

and beneficence of the great charter of

American liberty by their increasing

population, wealth and prosperity. In

the remaining ten States the seeds of

oligarchy, planted in the Constitution

by its slavery feature, have grown to

monstrous power, whose recognition

thus wrong from the framers of that

great instrument enabled these States to

entrench themselves behind the doctrines

of State Rights, and sheltered by a claim

of Constitutional obligation to maintain

slavery in the States, to present to the

American Government the alternative

of oligarchy with slavery, or Democratic

republican Government without slavery.

The Government, owing to a supposed

Constitutional behest, acquiesced in the

former alternative. The hand of the

Government was stayed. The principles

of Constitutional liberty languished for

want of Government support; the oli-

garchy matured its power with subtle

replenishment with unparalleled injuries

and usurpation. It developed only the ag-

ricultural localities, Georgia, &c., distin-

guished from the free labor localities,