The Daily Review

Towanda, Pa., Friday, Oct. 28, 1881.

## s. W. ALVORD. ${ }^{\text {EDITOR }}$

"Daily Hevien" onty 25 cents per month. Try it,

Mr. W. J. Stillman, the art critic, who visited the island of Melos ln 1880 on : commission from Scribner's Monthly, contributes to its successor, The Century Magazine, for November, an illustrated paper on "The So-called Venus of Me os," in which he gives his theories of the statue, based on observation and it was found. A fer describing the niche at Melos he says
There cannot remain the silighest doubt that the statue had been concealed, and to my mind the circumstances indicated for its concealment are these: the niche
judging from its character had been built in Roman times; as the nibbly nature of the masonry indicated, probably covered with stucco, as it would have been if in is an exedra, or as a shelter for an aher or for the statue of some divinity-Ter minus, Hermes, Pan, or Faunns, the more Roman companion of him Here the inplansible clew and arree with the indi eation of the masonry in pointing out the poch of this conjunction of circumstanbefore Christ; how long after we cannot in any wise indicate.
there can be no doubt that it was of the immediately post-Phidian epoch; and all the most authoritative opinions attribute time and school of Seopas-and some of the weightiest authorities have accepted Scopas himself as the author impossible to establish by any known evidence. The concealment of the statue, execution of it.
The Greeks of the classical epoch, even down to the first century after Christ, re tained amidst all the degradation of thes of the excellence of the elder work, as the enormous artistic as well as pecuniary value of some of the masters chefs theu-
vre prove. That this was one of them, and of one of the chief masters, all civil zation agrees, and although
he rame of the author, ble peopte imp hid it must have known it well. made to their hands, indicates that the piling up stones in fro

This indicates the haste of impending attack, or work done in secret. In either case, if the statue had a temple in that locality, it would be concealed near it, or near the place where it was accustomed trast with the colossal and magnificent Hercules found in a drain at Rome, care fully covered over with good masomry Concealment was the object in both case and the greater haste and fartiveness
with the Melian statue indicate rather that it was brought from a distance then that it could be a divinity of the island. Conjecture as to the origin of the statue, if my hypothesis is true, points to tic, but because we know by the coins of Melos, which in all the latest coinages still near the owl of Athens that Melos belonged to that city as late as she had any Greek allegiance, which must have been some time into the Enipire, as the Komans long made it a policy to preserve a certain kiad of autonomy in the Groek states, even when their subjection was
complete. That it is Attic, no one can complete. That it is Attic, no one can
doubt in face of the evidence I shall
show. That Athens was the only city likely to send to Melos a treasure of this kind, concealment of which was impossiin Athens, is by all the circumstances, made most probable.
I conclade that it was one of the most highly valued statutes of Athens, sent to Melos in time of great danger, to be concealed and preserved. What perion this might have been is only to be guessed at ; it is hardly worth while to say more about it, except to indicate that three periods in late Athenian history might fur nish the motive requisite: when the army of Mithridates, under Archelaus, took Athens; the wars between the factions of Marias and Sylla; and the invasions of the Iconoclasts. The Romans do not
appear, in spite of all their plundering, and thr enormons quantity of statues carried away from Greece, to have desewe see that Pausanias, in the century after Christ, found the most valuable of Bram in situ, as, for instance, the Diana Brauronia of Praxiteles, the Perseus of
Myron. with others of great fame. The above EConclusion; considering all the known and reasonably conjecturable details of the discovery and concealment, it was concealod at some.time between the century or two centuries before Christ








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