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Tuesday, April 13, 1915.

APRIL

| Sun. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thur. | Fri. | Sat. |
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MOON'S PHASES—

Last Quarter, 6th; New Moon, 14th;
First Quarter, 22nd; Full Moon, 29th.

WEATHER FORECASTS

Harrisburg and vicinity: Fair, continued cool to-night and Wednesday. Probably frost to-night with lowest temperature about 35 degrees.

Eastern Pennsylvania: Fair to-night and Wednesday, continued cool. Probably frost to-night. Moderate north-west winds.

YESTERDAY'S TEMPERATURE IN HARRISBURG

Highest, 59; lowest, 49; 8 a. m., 52; 8 p. m., 52.

LITTLE BLOOD SHED IN THE DESERT

That the retreating Turks in the vicinity of the Suez canal were not interfered with by the British forces may have seemed rather strange. An explanation, however, comes from Cairo by way of London that it was because the British learned through scouts that the Turks wanted to be pursued.

After the original attack by the Turks in the Suez Canal district, which is said to have been "cleverly planned and brilliantly executed," and then the stubborn fight on February 3, the main body of the invaders retired. It seems that these retreating forces at once established themselves in favorable defensive positions when they were out of range of the warship guns, in preparation for an expected British attack.

It might have been the more glorious thing for the British to do, to have rushed in pursuit of the enemy, but it would surely have been the more unwise. The forces defending the canal would have met with great losses had they assumed the offensive and gone out against the fortified Turks, and would hardly have accomplished much at any rate.

Lack of supplies was what finally forced the Turks to drop back into the desert through which they had made their advance on the canal. While they were awaiting an attack from the British, which was not forthcoming, their provisions, especially fresh water, must have been decreasing rapidly. The British argued soundly that even an attack by their forces would not have increased to a great extent the losses which the Turkish troops must suffer through hunger and thirst while retreating their steps across the desert.

In the region of this most recent attempted invasion of Egypt troops have in former wars suffered much from heat and thirst. In Napoleon's time the isthmus could be traversed by land, but the difficulties in this war are even greater, since a well-defended waterway must now be crossed. The more trouble there is for the Turks at the canal, however, the less there is for the British, and the likelihood is that for the present there will not be much blood shed on Egypt's account.

INDIANS' WORK AS DESCRIBED BY THEM

Things are progressing at the Carlisle Indian School, as we learn from the "Carlisle Arrow," described as "a weekly newspaper printed by Indians," and very neatly printed, too. Every department of the paper has a special reporter and these energetic newsgatherers seldom miss anything of human interest that serves to make the paper readable.

We learn that the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A. of the school had a party on April 1, at which there were vocal and instrumental music and many games, chief of which was a peanut hunting contest in which Stephen St. Clair was the winner. Red Fox James entertained in the auditorium and sang "Only a Rosebud," and recited a poem of his own composition.

Charles White Wolf, a member of the band, visited friends in Middlesex. Ovila Azure has completed the compilation of the band constitution, which has been put in pamphlet form by James Holy Eagle, at the print shop. Mrs. Charles A. Bender, of Philadelphia, wife of the famous baseball pitcher, has been visiting the school and took home with her Miss Bender, a sister of the "Chief." In the blacksmith shop Ben Bearchild put in most of his time corking horseshoes. William Mountain has been absent from the carpenter shop owing to illness.

To go to Mt. Hermon, Mass., to continue his stud-

ies, Robert Geronimo has left the print shop. His grandfather, the famous Apache chief, who was the cause of much perturbation among the United States troops years ago, would rejoice to hear of this.

In the Domestic Art Department, Mary Lone Chief is progressing rapidly in lace bobbin making. The Laundry Department reports that Louisa Striker is now detailed to work in the girls' quarters. In the hospital the nurses are preparing for the final examinations early in May. At the Chapel exercises, Francis Kettle sang "Flag of Our Nation" in fine style. School Room No. 5 reports that Christopher Thunder Hawk has been promoted to Room No. 6.

The "Carlisle Arrow" is full of interesting news, and you can get it for twenty-five cents a year.

MY NICOTINE LADY AT SCHOOL

It was a wise move that was made by the authorities of a girls' college in England when the request of some of the students that smoking in the college environs be permitted was referred to the parents of the young women. No matter whether the parents decide to permit smoking or to prohibit it, they are the ones to decide the matter. The minority among them, whether pro-nicotine or anti-nicotine, can transfer their daughters to institutions whose regulations are suited to their tastes.

The girls smoke more or less at all the London colleges, according to accounts, sometimes with the proper permission and sometimes without. There is no means of knowing just what the conditions are with respect to feminine use of tobacco in collegiate circles in London but it seems that prohibition by school authorities against use of the weed by girl students would not go very far toward ridding the smokers of the habit.

If gay English school girls are constituted at all like most human beings they will take more pleasure in doing something that is forbidden by the college rules than something permitted, and they will be more likely to make a practice of it, too.

Proprietors of restaurants in New York City have declared that since, in some places, women have been allowed to use cigarettes at the tables, there have been decidedly fewer of the fair sex inclined to smoke than there were when the practice was prohibited.

If the English school girls were to be permitted to smoke through college corridors and grounds they could hardly have as much fun as by gathering in secluded places and "sneaking" smokes. "My Nicotine Lady,"—to reverse the subject of Barrie's dissertation on tobacco,—if she were given full permission to puff away at all times and places, would perhaps lose what little delight she may have found in trying to acquire one of man's pet habits.

All that is unfair is fair in war.

Just to keep in vogue Santo Domingo is going to have another war.

International law is about as elastic as the consciences of the various monarchs of the nations engaged in war.

The way they have jailed the crooks in Terre Haute makes it hard to figure out who is left to govern the city.

It will hardly be necessary for Colonel Hutchison to take extra precautions to prevent the visiting police chiefs from breaking into jail.

President Wilson is not going to the Frisco exhibition. Perhaps he thinks it would be infringing on Bryan's rights in the show business.

If only the warring nations were able to drive all the warships of their rivals into American waters it might hasten the end of the conflict.

TOLD IN LIGHTER VEIN

WELL DEFINED

A pessimist is a person who is seasick during the entire voyage of life.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

FOR THE GENERAL WELFARE

Sometimes the trouble with the pace that kills is that it doesn't kill quick enough.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

TO HELP THE FAMILY

"Save up your pennies, my boy."
"What for, dad?"
"And when you get 25 of them either your mother or I will borrow them for car fare."—Detroit Free Press.

A POLITE CONVICT

"The convict who escaped was one of the most polite men in the prison."
"Yes; even when he knocked the guard down he said, 'Excuse the liberty I'm taking.'"—Baltimore American.

LOCAL COLOR ON TAP

"Got any quaint old characters around the village?"
"We have," replied the village landlord. "If you are after local color for a novel we have a large assortment of characters who will be quaint and comical for \$2 a day. Any dialect spoken as may be required."—Kansas City Journal.

NOT MUCH CHOICE

Hilda—"If I grow up and get married shall I have a husband like daddy?"
Mother—"I hope so, dear."
Hilda—"If I don't get married, shall I be an old maid like Aunt Ellen?"
Mother—"Yes."
Hilda—"Well, I am in a fix—and no mistake!"—Washington Herald.

HARD TO CONVINCE WIFE OF IT

A citizen who at 50 has built up a business worth millions says:
"No man is great. There are no great men and there are few fools. Opportunity is the thing that counts."
Cut this out and show it to your wife. She won't believe it, but it may comfort you some.—New York Evening Telegram.

FOLLOWING PRECEDENTS

He—"How do you justify yourself in breaking off our engagement, in view of all the endearing letters you have written me?"
She—"Oh, those letters were merely scraps of paper. Besides, they are opposed to the true spirit of neutrality the President urges and in which I have come to regard you."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

WHEN RUN DOWN

Hood's Sarsaparilla, the Reliable Tonic
Medicine, Builds Up

The reason why you feel so tired all the time at this season is that your blood is impure and impoverished. It lacks vitality. It is not the rich red blood that gives life to the whole body, perfects digestion and enables all the organs to perform their functions as they should.

Get Hood's Sarsaparilla from any druggist. It will make you feel better, look better, eat and sleep better. It is the old reliable tried and true all-the-year-round blood purifier and enricher, tonic and appetizer. It revitalizes the blood, and is especially useful in building up the debilitated and run-down.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is helping thousands at this time of year. Let it help you. Get a bottle today and begin taking it at once. Be sure to get Hood's. Nothing else acts like it.—Adv.

Tongue-End Topics

Local Option Fight in Seventies

James A. Stranahan, former Deputy Attorney General of Pennsylvania, former member of the Legislature from Mercer county, now practicing at the Dauphin county bar, was a conspicuous figure in the memorable legislative session of 1874 when local option was an issue, as now. The occasion was the bitter fight on the bill to repeal the then existing local option law—which, afterward, in another year, was stricken from the statute books. General Stranahan one day was being called upon to make a speech opposing the repealer, said a former lawmaker this morning while giving reminiscences of the days when the fight for and against liquor probably was as earnest as it is today.

Stranahan Then a Bridegroom

Stranahan then was but a young man, in fact he had married that year, but he was recognized as the floor leader of the "dry" forces and probably was the most vigorous exponent local option then had in the State. The General's young bride displayed just as much interest in the fight as did he himself and with other Pennsylvania women she joined in the campaign throughout the State. There were then but 100 members in the House of Representatives and half as many in the Senate as against 207 members in the House and fifty Senators today.

Women Prayed in Bar Rooms

The fight was a bitter one and while the lawmakers were debating the question the women leaders of local option swarmed into Harrisburg and stormed the hotels. Divisions were formed and, when the strike was made, the women in orderly file, marched into the bar rooms, got down on their knees and held prayer services. That was not uncommon. Neither was it uncommon to see barkeepers wither under the strain and join those women in the fighting campaign.

Stranahan Makes Speech

When a rousing cry went up in the House one day for Stranahan, the friends about him rushed toward him like a pack of hounds and they refused to desist until he General consented to make the speech. When Stranahan left his seat there was a great demonstration. He discussed the issues as he viewed them and he closed with a remark something like this:

"Don't you dare to pass that repealer! Kill it, I say, kill it!"
And it was killed in that session. In later years, however, the repealer was passed.

Easily Elected in Mercer

That year was General Stranahan's first appearance in the Pennsylvania Legislature. He had been elected over Mercer county's Republican Representative by a splendid majority. The Mercer county Democrats selected General Stranahan as their nominee for Representative when he was on a business trip through the West. On his return home he agreed to get into the political fight and thereupon announced his opposition to the liquor interests. That was the basis of his platform.

General's Fight in 1889

In 1889 it was that General Stranahan made another successful and sensational fight against liquor,—that is in his home county and a few other counties in the northwestern part of the State. The General and Congressman Samuel H. Miller stumped Mercer county just before the vote was taken on the question of amendment to the constitution so as to wipe out liquor in Pennsylvania. Although the issue was overwhelmingly defeated, Mercer county gave a majority in its favor larger than that of any other Pennsylvania county which favored a "dry" State.

U. S. Not U. S. A.

Do you know what is the proper abbreviation of the United States? It is U. S. It is not U. S. A. There is widespread and apparently utter ignorance of this fact. The initials U. S. A. are the officially accepted abbreviation for United States army and do not under any possible conditions ever mean United States of America. At this time, when so many manufacturers in this country are branding their goods as made in the United States, this is important. The brand of U. S. A. upon anything means that it was manufactured for the United States army. "Made in U. S." is the brand which should be put upon all goods manufactured in this country.—Albany Knickerbocker Press.

His Trade

"I have a friend who just marries for money."
"How dreadful!"
"Why so? He's a justice of the peace."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

TRANSFORMS UGLY SCHOOL PLOT INTO FLOWER GARDEN

Civic Club Is Accomplishing Wonders at the Grounds Surrounding the Susquehanna Building Where the Fresh Air Pupils Are Taught

The following announcement of the work of beautifying the grounds about the Susquehanna school building was given in behalf of the Civic Club today:

"Those who recall the appearance of the grounds surrounding the Susquehanna school building, Fifth and Seneca streets, will remember that not a spear of grass was growing there; that the ground was made of ashes; that it was ungraded, being hilly and lumpy, and was altogether uninviting. The children of the fresh air school attend the building, and the School Board has been to much expense for the equipment of the school so that it felt that any further outlay on the grounds was not warranted at present.

"Some years ago the Board gave the Educational Department of the Civic Club permission to plant shrubs or trees in the school grounds, and to add to the general attractiveness of the premises in this manner. Some advantage has been taken of this permission, though not to the extent that the department wished, owing to lack of funds.

"The Susquehanna building has made an especial appeal to it, and while the outlay needed for putting the grounds into proper shape seemed enormous, the educational department, with Mrs. H. Lindley Hosford as chairman, was fortunate enough to secure the hearty co-operation of Mr. Lynch, head of street and public improvements, and Mr. Taylor, head of Parks and Public Property. The school grounds being city property could, of course, legitimately receive their assistance. Through the kindness and aid of the two commissioners the grounds have been graded and now a beautiful ledge is being planted around the entire grounds, 100 by 120 feet, and shrubs and flowers and vines also will be added. The children have asked for a flower garden and a vegetable garden and are most enthusiastic over every scrap of dirt that is turned.

"The department is hoping to have some brief appropriate exercises when the grounds are in readiness and Mr. Taylor, Mr. Lynch and City Forester Mueller, as well as various school officials will be invited to attend. The Civic Club feels that this work is one of the most important that it has ever undertaken, and it would have been impossible for the women to have accomplished their aims without the generous support of the two Commissioners."

10,794 BOOKS OUT IN MARCH

Many More Volumes Circulated Than Year Before at Public Library

Reports made to the board of trustees of the Harrisburg Public Library last night indicated that the circulation of books during the month of March was 610 larger than in the month of March last year which was one of the heavy months. The number of books taken out by residents of Harrisburg and vicinity last month was 10,794. When it is considered that the total number of books in the library is about 14,300 this indicates a big rush of business for the city's institution. There are more books on the shelves of the library than ever before, the number added last month being larger than usual in response to demands for fiction.

One-third of the books taken out during the month were for school children, running up to 350 on some days. In the books taken out were works in English, French, Hungarian and Rumanian. The latter collection is being put on the shelves, the money having been provided by the Civic Club and by a friend of the library.

In March there was 3,571 readers at the library, of whom over thirty-two per cent. were children.

The Prussian Versailles

Potsdam is the Prussian Versailles and contains four palaces. It was founded by the great elector of Brandenburg, but owes most of its splendor to Frederick the Great, whose apartments, which are shown to visitors, remain almost exactly as they were when he was alive. Among the most interesting treasures is a copy of Frederick's works annotated in the handwriting of Voltaire.

Got Insulted

In England it is quite common, instead of saying "Hello" when using the telephone to ask, "Are you there?" An American who heard it for the first time, thinking some one was endeavoring to have some fun at his expense, replied "No," and hung up the receiver.—Exchange.

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR CROSS, SICK FEVERISH CHILD

If Little Stomach Is Sour, Liver Torpid or Bowels Clogged

Mothers can rest easy after giving "California Syrup of Figs," because in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, sour bile and fermenting food gently moves out of the bowels, and you have a little, playful child again. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, and they become tightly packed, liver gets sluggish and stomach disordered.

When cross, feverish, restless, see if tongue is coated, then give this delicious "fruit laxative." Children love it, and it cannot cause injury. No difference what ails your little one—if full of cold, or a sore throat, diarrhoea, stomach-ache, head-ache, remember, a gentle "inside cleansing" should always be the first treatment given. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups are printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

We make no smaller size. Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.—Adv.

EMPTY POCKETS MADE TO YIELD CASH AT MAJESTIC

Company of Conjurers, Who Give Closing Performance At Theatre To-night—Have Program of Baffling Illusions

On the stage and off the stage, LeRoy, Talma and Bosco, conjurers, who appeared at the Majestic yesterday and will give their closing performance this evening, present baffling illusions which are as entertaining as mystifying. The principal illusions of course take place on the stage, but the tricks performed by the trio in the audience while the house is fully lighted are especially interesting because there is something personal about them.

When a quiet spectator of a wonderful exhibition of stage magic is during the performance approached by one of the magicians and relieved of money, playing cards or rabbits produced by the conjuror from a previously empty pocket, he begins to wonder whether there is not after all something supernatural about sleight-of-hand operations.

On the stage, during the illusions presented there, there are no dim lights or close connections with curtains and trap doors. The tricks are performed in full view of the audience—or at least in what the audience considers to be a full view—and the various appearances and disappearances of persons, animals and other things, are beyond understanding. "The Ghostly Visit," and the "Hindoo Rope Trick" are the most mystifying of the many illusions. They cannot be described, for only what is apparent to the spectators could be told, and that would not be believed possible by any but the spectators themselves.

DEATH OF THOMAS J. EDGE

First Secretary of Agriculture of Pennsylvania to Be Buried in Philadelphia

Thomas J. Edge, who has lived in this city since the expiration of his term as first Secretary of Agriculture of Pennsylvania, died yesterday at his home, 707 North Sixth street, at the age of 77 years. He leaves a widow. Funeral services and burial will be in Philadelphia.

Mr. Edge was born at Midway, Chester county, August 13, 1838; education at family schools, Westtown boarding school and at the Friends' Select school in Philadelphia. In 1857, with his father's family, he moved to a farm in New Garden township, Chester county, which Mr. Edge subsequently owned on which he resided until his election to the State Board of Agriculture.

When sixteen years of age he became a correspondent of the German-town Telegraph and Country Gentleman, and afterwards was agricultural editor of the Philadelphia "Age" and Philadelphia "Times," associate editor of the "Journal of the Farm" and other agricultural papers.

Mr. Edge was elected to represent the Chester County Agricultural Society on the State Board of Agriculture and was unanimously re-elected to the position for sixteen years.

At the first meeting of the board in February, 1877, he was unanimously elected its secretary, and similarly elected for eighteen years, never having had a competitor. He was appointed Secretary of Agriculture by Governor Hastings immediately after the approval of the act creating the department in March, 1895.

MRS. HANSHAW DIES

Funeral of Coal Dealer's Wife Will Be Held Thursday Afternoon

Mrs. Charles E. Hanshaw, 52 years of age, died at 12.30 o'clock this morning at the Keystone hospital. Besides her husband, the coal dealer at Third and Harris streets, she leaves two sons, Daniel Hanshaw, Edward Meyer, and a daughter, Emma Hanshaw.

Funeral services will be held on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home, 1600 North Third street. The Rev. Mr. Harris, pastor of St. John's Reformed church, will officiate. Burial will be made in the Harrisburg cemetery.

Elsie Viola Bishop

Elsie Viola Bishop, aged 17 years, died last evening at the home of her mother, Mrs. J. H. Christman, 1523 Wallace street. She is survived by her mother. The funeral services will be held from her late home on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in the Paxtang cemetery.

Mrs. Frances Thornley

Mrs. Frances Thornley died last night at her home, 636 Calder street, after a short illness, aged 46 years. She is survived by the following children, Earnest, Thomas, Lela and Emma, and one grandchild, Helen. The funeral services will be held from the Marion Street Zion Baptist church, on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in the Lincoln cemetery.

Mrs. Katherine Mackley

Mrs. Katherine N. Mackley, aged 80, died at the home of her son, L. C. Mackley, 701 Green street, Sunday night. She is survived by eight children as follows: Mrs. Eliza Tate, Hummelstown; Mrs. Alice Adams, Gettysburg; Mrs. Annie Whistler, Columbus, O.; Mrs. Anna Beck, Mrs. Minnie C. Miller, Charles E. L. Calvin and Harry P. Mackley, Harrisburg. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. The Rev. S. Winfield Herman, pastor of Zion Lutheran church, will officiate. Interment will be in Harrisburg cemetery.

George W. Smees

George W. Smees, aged 66 years, died at his home, 2005 Swatara street, yesterday afternoon from pneumonia. He is survived by his wife and one son, Thomas J. Smees, Egg Harbor City, N. J.; one daughter, Mrs. Clarence O. Backenstoss, this city, and three sisters, Mrs. Walter Miller, Genoa, Ill.; Mrs. Albert Wilson, Shermansdale, and Mrs. Benjamin Jones, Duncannon. The funeral will be held from the home of his son-in-law, Clarence O. Backenstoss, 225 South Nineteenth street, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in the East Harrisburg cemetery.

THE GLOBE—OPEN TILL SIX



Will Yours Be a Plaid Suit?

WHETHER your taste runs to a Club Check—a Glen Urquhart Plaid or an English Over-Plaid, we are showing a great variety in each.

Coat models that are "top-notchers" in style—

The One-Button "Seneca"

The Two-Button "Dartmouth"

The Double-Breast "Admiral"

\$15--\$18--\$20--\$25

Time For Silk Shirts

This season's assemblage of Pure Silk and Silk and Linen Shirts is by all odds the most beautiful we've ever seen—every new coloring—quiet or pronounced patterns to suit every taste. Matchless values at

\$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50

—And Neckwear

Of the finest domestic and imported silks—colors fairly run riot and as for patterns they're simply splendid. "Palm Beach," the newest creation made, an instant "hit."

50c to \$1.50

THE GLOBE

Men to Meet at Redeemer

The Young Men's Bible class of the Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, Nineteenth and Kensington streets, will hold their class meeting to-night at 7.30 o'clock in the basement of the church. All members are requested to be present. Refreshments will be served.



"Pearl Gray"

Men! Get an introduction to "Pearl Gray"—it's the newest color in men's soft hats and has "caught on" strong already. Certainly nobby hats—the shapes were made especially for us—see them to-day.

\$2.00 and \$3.00