

AUSTRIA CONSIDERS WAR WITH ITALY IS MORE THAN PROBABLE, SAY REPORTS

Geneva, via Paris, March 24.—The Austrian government now considers war with Italy more than probable, according to dispatches received here from Vienna. A large number of troops have arrived in the Tyrol and Trieste and the defensive works are being strengthened.

Rome, via Paris, March 24.—Counting favorably upon the adjournment of the Chamber of Deputies, the journal D'Italia says every deputy is convinced of the necessity for Italy to act energetically facing any crisis, even a supreme struggle, to realize Italian aspirations. The paper adds:

"With the full liberty of action granted by Parliament the government now is free to choose the way, he means and the hour of using the weapons at its disposal with the firmness and prudence necessary to insure success while the country, calm and disciplined, is ready for everything."

Why Germans Seized Steamers Amsterdam, March 24, Via London, 10 P. M.—Referring to the seizure of German submarines of two Netherland steamers, the Batavier V and the Ansonium, in the English Channel, a Hamburger Nachrichten says the principal reason for this cause was the presence on board the vessels of a number of Belgian soldiers who had escaped from concentrations camps in Holland and who intended to join the Belgian army by way of England.

Ship Target for German Aeroplane London, March 24, 4.25 P. M.—For an hour yesterday, according to reports, a German aeroplane was directed at the British cargo steamer which arrived in the Thames to which was the target of a German aeroplane while off the coast of Netherlands. The aircraft not only dropped bombs and steel arrows, but fired with a small machine gun, with the exception of a hole in her hull made by an arrow, the Telford sustained no damage.

reece Wants Company If She Wins London, March 24.—According to newspapers of Athens, Greece will range herself on the side of the Entente powers by herself, the report of the Exchange Telegraph Company says in a dispatch from the Greek capital. She will take an active part in the war only conjointly with the Entente powers. Isolated intervention on the part of either Greece or Bulgaria, the respondent continues, would be regarded in Athens as ineffective.

COURT HOUSE

KLINGER TAKES AN APPEAL

Objects to Jury's Verdict Ordering Him to Return Part of Purchase Price He Received for Farm

Wellington Klinger, defendant in a lawsuit brought by Alfred Bechtel, which he decided in favor of the plaintiff, has taken an appeal to the Superior court. Klinger's farm in the upper end of the county was sold at public sale for \$5,000. After Bechtel had paid ten per cent of the purchase price, he claimed that the auctioneer, who sold the farm, personally advanced and boosted the price. A jury decided that Bechtel was not bound to return the ten per cent of the purchase price to Klinger.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Walter S. Eby, Lemoyne, and Nellie Thompson, Steelton. Bayard M. Taylor and Naomi R. Swenitzer, New Cumberland. Melvin Romberger and Christina C. Her, Elizabethtown.

PERMIT FOR TWELVE HOUSES

Building operations got another boost this morning, when a permit was taken for new houses costing \$19,200. E. Brough obtained the permit. He proposes to build twelve two-story houses at 1934-56 Bellevue road.

COMPANY DISSOLVED

A formal order dissolving the Clinch Cement Company, a concern which has not been doing business for several years, was made this morning by Judge McCarroll.

JUDICIAL COURT COST \$2,813.80

March criminal court, which closed yesterday, cost Dauphin county \$2,813.80. It was made up as follows: Grand jurors, \$263.48; petit jurors, \$1,080.32; witnesses, \$1,181; staves, \$189.

FIRST TAX SETTLEMENT

A. S. Aker, collector of county taxes in the Fourth ward, city, is the first Harrisburg tax collector to make settlement with the county. He paid county Treasurer Bailey \$77.04 to-day.

ROBING LOBBY ON SHIP BILL

Business Association Heads Testify Before the Senate Committee Washington, March 24.—The Senate purchase bill lobby committee today examined Earl H. Mayo, president of the Press Service Company of New York, and Courtland Smith, president of the American Press Association. Both witnesses said their organizations supplied news and other matter to newspapers throughout the country, but both declared emphatically they did not handle any matter relative to a ship purchase bill and that they had not been employed by anyone to distribute any such matter. Mr. Smith said his association made it a rule to handle no material at the instance of one interested in legislation before Congress.

PARENT-TEACHERS TO MEET

The monthly meeting of the Parent-Teachers' Association of the Forney school building will be held to-morrow evening at 7.30 o'clock. A good program has been arranged, including a number of selections by the scholars.

SCENE IN AUSTRIAN STRONGHOLD WHICH FELL TO RUSSIANS



A SCENE DURING THE TEMPORARY RELIEF OF PRZEMYSL BY THE AUSTRILIANS

Above is shown a scene in Przemysl, the great Austrian stronghold which fell to the Russians after a siege lasting more than six months. The ending of the long siege is considered of great importance. It gives to Russia control of virtually all of Eastern Galicia and releases the Russian army which has been besieging the city for service elsewhere. Przemysl fell with honor, the British press concedes, for it withstood the onslaught longer than any place during the war, the investment having begun about September 16, something more than six months ago. The duration of the siege, compared with the length of time it took the Germans to capture such strongholds at Liege, Namur and Antwerp, was due to two causes, one being the desire of the Russians to keep the loss of life among the besieging army at a minimum, the other to the lack of great guns, which the Germans had in Belgium.

PACIFIED INDIANS DINE WITH SCOTT

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through a Navajo interpreter. It was in the evening and I just asked them how they were. I told them I did not feel very well and did not want to talk to them until the next day. They helped us kill a beef, and we gave them a good meal, the first they had had for weeks. They were very pleased and we gave them some blankets. Posey and his men did not have any weapons but I have reason to suspect that they had hidden them in the rocks near by.

"The next day Polk and Hatch and about 25 others came in to see me. I asked them to tell me their troubles. They said the cowboys had come in the day light on horseback and surrounded them, shot their children and wounded a squaw. They said they didn't like the cowboys. It seemed they had previously had troubles with the cowboys. Then I told them some of my troubles. I told them I didn't think they would like to have their children chased by soldiers and cowboys all over the mountains and killed. I told them that I wouldn't like to have my children treated that way and that I would be glad to do anything I could to stop them. I didn't try to push matters with them. I told the agents to see that they had provisions and blankets for the rest of their people and for their squaws and children. I told them that after they had thought matters over I wanted them to tell me what they wanted to do about it. They talked together and then said they wanted to do just what I wanted them to do.

"Then we sat down in a circle and I said: 'The marshal wants you and you and you,' indicating Posey, Polk, Hatch and Posey's boy, to go with him to Salt Lake. The rest of you can go back to your people and go to the reservation with the agents. Is that all right?' They said it was and further they said that if I said so they would all come to Salt Lake.

"Perfectly Harmless Now" "Then we broke camp and all rode ponies back into Bluff. We rode ahead and let the Indians follow us. They have never been ironed or shackled, never even led to believe they are prisoners. They never tried to get away. Why, I don't believe we could get rid of them if we tried. At night they have slept together and nobody has stood guard over them.

"They are perfectly harmless now. All the Indians are satisfied. The whites are over their scare and there will be no more trouble from this band of Indians. These Indians are just children, easy to alarm and sometimes hard to appease. They had worked themselves up to a pitch where they were getting very dangerous. They were attempting to get a large band of Navajos to join them in an outbreak. Where they were camped in the wild, broken country near the grand canyon they would have been mighty hard to dislodge. It would have taken a large force of cavalry, two regiments probably, to subdue them, and it would have cost the government \$25,000 just to get the soldiers in here."

None of the four Indians talks English. Through an interpreter Tse-Negat, or Hatch, said he was not guilty of any crime. When asked about the Mexican he is accused of killing, he said: "The Mexican was my friend. We camped together. I did not kill him. Why should I kill my friend?"

TWO HURT IN AUTO CRASH

Machine Collides With Pole and Then Goes Over Embankment While attempting to pass another automobile on the Market street bridge, John Gallagher, 1511 North Sixth street, and George Coleman, 631 Boas street, were seriously injured when the machine collided with a telegraph pole at Island Park last night. The automobile is owned by Gallagher, who, it is said, lost control of it.

Both the young men were picked up in an unconscious condition by a passing autoist and taken to the Harrisburg hospital. Gallagher is suffering from a fractured jaw, a deep gash above the right eye and bruises about the body. Coleman's injuries consist of a broken nose, deep lacerations of the forehead and bruises about the body. He was later sent to his home.

PENSION PLAN FOR THIRD CLASS CITIES IS DEFEATED

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vote of 69 for and 111 against. Representative Williams, of Toga, attacked the measure on the ground that it was not constitutional. The bill would apply only to Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, no other cities in Pennsylvania having pension funds at this time. An argument on a bill regulating civil cases in the courts of Common Pleas in Pennsylvania occupied most of the time of the House this morning. The bill, introduced by W. H. Wilson, of Philadelphia, was passed finally by a vote of 109 to 63.

The debate was confined to Philadelphia members, Representative Beyer asking that the bill be postponed in lieu of a substitute measure which embodied practically the same provisions. The substitute was proposed by the Legislative committee of the State Bar Association. Representative Wilson has been endeavoring to have his bill pass for two sessions, the bill being forgotten in the last rush of legislation in the session of 1913.

BILLS PASSED FINALLY

Among the bills passed finally were: Authorizing the Department of Forestry to raise and distribute young forest trees; providing for true labels on paint containers; prohibiting municipalities from collecting tax on insurance brokers who are licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner; giving to juveniles the right of rehearing on petition of their parents or guardians.

Among the bills introduced were: Mr. Alexander, Erie—Making it a misdemeanor to destroy ginseng or other plant cultivated for medicinal purposes. Mr. Williams, Toga—Authorizing the Commission of Health to accept a donation for the building of a union chapel at State Sanatorium No. 3, in Hamburg. Mr. Hess, Lancaster—Appropriating \$160,000 to the Pennsylvania State College for the extension of the work in summer schools for teachers.

Mr. Wildman, Dauphin—Appropriating \$2,000 to the State Librarian for the advancement of historical research and providing aid and assisting the Pennsylvania Federation of Historical Societies in the collection of material for a complete bibliography of the Commonwealth.

CARRANZA INCREASES WAGES

Textile Factories in Mexico Must Give Laborers 35 Per Cent Jump Washington, March 24.—General Carranza has decreed that textile factories in Mexico must pay laborers a 35 per cent increase. Advice to the State Department to-day says the decree was issued March 22, to become effective April 1. Most of the textile mills are near Mexico City.

That Villa forces probably already have begun operations against Matamoros was indicated in dispatches to-day to the Carranza agency here.

MAYOR SERIOUSLY CHARGED

Taken Into Custody for Alleged Tampering With Witnesses Indianapolis, March 24.—Mayor Donn M. Roberts, in addition to the three men sent to jail last night because of alleged tampering with witnesses, in the Terre Haute election case, was ordered into the custody of the United States marshal to-day. He was ordered to give additional bond of \$5,000 for his appearance to answer the charge of corrupting government witnesses.

Municipal Band to Give Concert

The annual spring concert of the Municipal band of Harrisburg, will be held to-morrow evening in the Arena theatre, Third and Delaware streets. The program follows: "Stars and Stripes Forever," John Philip Sousa; overture, "Hungarian Comedy," Keler Bala; quartet from "Rigollette," S. Verdi; "Serenade," S. Mantia; march, "Federal," John Philip Sousa; selection, "Bohemian Girl," Raifas opera; "Spanish Dances," M. Moszkowsky; sextet from "Lucia," Donizette.

71 RESCUED FROM SINKING STEAMER

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ing delivered there a cargo of cotton. She was built in 1901 at Wilmington, Del., was 317 feet long and of 4,549 gross tonnage. Until recently she sailed between this port and Galveston and last spring she was utilized as a government transport to take troops from Galveston to Vera Cruz. Later the apparent conflict in messages was cleared up with the announcement by the Mallory line that Captain Avery of the Denver was aboard the Megantie, from which his message was sent, and that the Megantie was the vessel due here Saturday. The Manhattan is expected to reach here Monday.

The Megantie was one of ten vessels which hurried to the stricken steamer when she first sent out her wireless call. The first to reach her was the Manhattan. The St. Louis was next, sighting the Denver after a search of 21 hours. Apparently 24 hours or more elapsed from the sending of the first call for help and the rescue of the Denver's crew.

OLD CARRIAGE BUILDER DIES

Edwin Bowers, Prominent in Wagon Business for Thirty Years, Succumbs to Uraemic Poisoning

Edwin Bowers, a prominent retired carriage builder, died this morning at 5.30 o'clock at his home, 318 Cumberland street, after a five days' illness from uraemic poisoning. Mr. Bowers was born in Hummelstown October 15, 1841. He was educated in the town schools there and at an early age learned the blacksmith trade, working in that capacity until 20 years of age, when he came to this city. He was employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for one year, after which he went to Washington, D. C., where he was employed by the government. In 1865 he went west with supply trains distributing supplies to the various military posts until 1867 when he again worked at his trade in Iowa. In the same year he returned to his native town where he remained until 1871 when he came to Harrisburg and entered the carriage business. He started business at 1207 Capital street, where he continued until 1901, since which time he had lived a retired life. During his many years of active life he met with a large circle of people and acquired many friends.

Mr. Bowers was married to Mrs. Phoebe Hess Desivey in 1879. Besides his wife he is survived by three daughters, Misses Jessie C. Helen M. and Edna C. Bowers; one sister, Miss Alaline Bowers, of this city, and one brother, Michael N. Bowers, of New Cumberland. He was a member of Ridge Avenue Methodist Episcopal church and Capital City Lodge, Independent Order of Old Fellows. In politics Mr. Bowers was a Prohibitionist. Funeral services will be held at his home Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock and will be in charge of the Rev. John Henry Daugherty, pastor of Ridge Avenue M. E. church.

MRS. ELLEN B. BECK DIES

Wife of O. H. Beck, Well-known Piano Mover, Succumbed Yesterday Mrs. Ellen Brennenman Beck, aged 53 years, wife of O. H. Beck, died yesterday at her home, 320 Strawberry street, following a four months' illness of cancer. She was a member of the Fourth Street Church of God. Surviving her are her husband, one son, John Hamilton, and the following stepchildren: Harry O. Beck, John R. Beck, Paul Beck, Mrs. Elsie Wilian, Mrs. May Quiger and Mrs. Emma Fagg, and the following brothers and sisters: Christopher Brennenman, Middletown; Martin Brennenman, Philadelphia; John Brennenman, Illinois, and Miss Elizabeth Brennenman, of this city.

Funeral services will be held at the Fourth Street Church of God Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, in charge of the Rev. Dr. William N. Yates. Interment will be in the Paxtang cemetery.

URGES CHILE TO DEMAND SATISFACTION

Santiago, Chile, March 24.—Although the Chilean government has made no official announcement concerning the statement that the German cruiser Dresden was in Chilean waters when destroyed off Juan Fernandez Island by British warships on March 15, it is accepted universally here as true. The press insists unanimously that Chile demand satisfaction from Great Britain, pointing out that this government has maintained strict neutrality.

TO PURCHASE ARGENTINE WARRANTS

New York, March 24.—The National City bank, together with financial institutions in Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago, have agreed to purchase \$15,000,000 treasury warrants of the Argentine government.

READJUSTING OF BACK HAUL RATES

Washington, March 24.—The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day set April 12 for hearing on plans for readjustment of back haul rates by transcontinental carriers.

FINANCE

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Furnished by H. W. Snavely, Broker. Arcade Building, Walnut and Court Streets

Table with columns for Stock Name, New York, March 24, and Price. Includes entries for Alaska Gold Mines, Anaconda, American Can, etc.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE CLOSING

Chicago, March 24.—Close: Wheat—May, 15 1/4; July, 12 3/4. Corn—May, 7 3/4; July, 7 1/2. Oats—May, 5 1/4; July, 5 1/4. Pork—May, 17 1/4; July, 17 1/2. Lard—May, 10 1/2; July, 10 1/4. Ribs—May, 9 3/4; July, 10 3/4.

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MELLISH'S COMET BEING WATCHED BY ASTRONOMERS

The circumstances of the discovery of Mellish's comet, now being watched by astronomers with their telescopes in the early morning hours, were related last night by M. W. Jacobs, Jr., at the monthly meeting of the astronomical section of the Natural History Society in the Willard school building. He said in part:

"Mr. Mellish, who started as a poor farmer boy in Wisconsin and educated himself in optics and telescope making, was observing the skies about 3 a. m. on the morning of February 9, with a 16-inch reflecting telescope made by himself, when he noticed a faint, misty-looking object in a region of the heavens where no such object appeared on his star charts. Suspecting it might be a wandering visitor he observed it till dawn and not being certain it had changed its position, as a comet should do, he observed it again the next morning. Finding then it had moved, he telegraphed his discovery at once to the Harvard College observatory, and from there the news was flashed to astronomers in all parts of the world.

"The comet is not visible without a telescope, being roughly 150 million miles distant to-night, and probably will not become bright enough to be seen with the naked eye, as was DeLavan's comet last fall. Approximate calculation shows that the comet will be nearest the earth the latter part of June, when it will be about 80 million miles distant. At that time however, it will be observable only in more southerly latitudes than ours."

The study of the stars and constellations was begun last night with a preliminary talk on an easy way to locate the principal stars and star groups.

Whereabouts of Macedonia in Doubt London, March 24.—There still seems to be some doubt as to the whereabouts of the Hamburg-American line steamer, Macedonia, which interned at Las Palmas, Canary Islands, in November. It was reported on March 16 that the steamer had escaped from Las Palmas and three days later she was said to have been captured by a British cruiser. To-day the "Daily Mail's" Madrid correspondent asserts that the Macedonia has not yet been recaptured, while a dispatch to the "Times" from Madrid says the vessel is safe in port at Las Palmas.

MUNICH UNIVERSITY PROFESSOR DIES

Manich, via London, March 24, 10.35 A. M.—Dr. Karl Theodor Von Heigel, one of the widely known members of the faculty of the University of Munich, died last night at the age of 73 years.

George's Reward

Mrs. Boren Wright—Grace, why isn't your brother George at our party too? Grace—George's been a good boy all week, and mamma said he needn't come.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Poor Return

"Did you get any return from your investment?" "Yes; the bank returned the company's check marked no funds."—Buffalo Express.

Rubber Found in Tobacco Packs

London, March 24, 3.59 A. M.—A Reuter dispatch from Rotterdam says 20,000 pounds of rubber has been found in tobacco packs, which it was intended to export to Germany.

CLASSIC WAR POEMS

Selected by J. Howard Wert

THE BATTLE

BY SCHILLER, TRANSLATED BY BULWER

One of the most vivid portraits of the horrors of battle is given by the great German writer and scholar Schiller. The best English translation of it, undoubtedly, is that made by Lord Bulwer, a portion of which is here presented. But, able as Bulwer's translation, it partially fails, as, indeed, all translations of sublime thoughts must fail, to give the full grandeur of the German poet's thoughts and imagery.

Heavy and solemn, A cloudy column, Through the green plain they marching come Measureless spread, like a table dread, For the wild grim dice of the iron game. Looks are bent on the shaking ground; Hearts beat low with a knelling sound; Swift by the breast that must bear the brunt, Gallops the Major along the front "Halt!" And fettered they stand at the stark command, And the warriors, silent, halt.

Proud in the blush of morning glowing, What on the hill-top shines in flowing? "See you the foeman's banners waving? "We see the foeman's banners waving!" "God be with your children and wife!" Hark to the music—the drum and life— How they ring through the ranks, which they rouse to the strife! Thrilling they sound, with their glorious tone, "Thrilling they go through the marrow and bone! Brothers, God grant, when this life is o'er, In the life to come that we meet once more!

See the smoke, how the lightning is cleaving asunder! Hark! the guns, peal on peal, how they boom in their thunder, From host to host with kindling sound, The shouting signal circles round; Freer already breathes the breaking! The war is waging, slaughter raging, And heavy through the reeking pall, The iron death-dice fall! Nearer they close—the foes upon foes—"Ready!"—from square to square it goes.

They kneel as one man from flank to flank, And the fire comes sharp from the foremost rank. Many a soldier to earth is sent, Many a gap by ball is rent; Over the corpse before springs the hindmost men, That the line may not fail to the fearless van To the right, and the left, and around and around, Death whirls in its dance on the bloody ground— God's sunlight is quenched in the fiery fight, Over the hosts falls a brooding night! Brothers, God grant, when this life is over, In the life to come we may meet once more.

The dead men lie bated in the weltering blood; And the living are bent in the slippery flood, And the feet, as they reeling and sliding go, Stumble still on the corpses that sleep below. "What! Francis!"—"Give Charlotte my last farewell." As the dying man murmurs, the thunders swell: "I'll give—O God! are their guns so near? Ho! comrades!—you volley!—Look sharp to the rear! I'll give thy Charlotte thy last farewell; Sleep soft! where death thickest descendeth in rain, The friend thou forsakest thy side may regain!" Hitherward, hitherward reels the fight; Dark and more darkly day glooms into night. Brothers, God grant, when this life is o'er, In the life to come that we meet once more!

Hark to the hoofs that galloping go! The adjutants flying— The horsemen press hard on the panting foe, Their thunder booms, in dying— Victory! Terror has seized on the dastards all, And their colors fall! Victory! Closed is the brunt of the glorious fight! And the day, like a conqueror, bursts on the night, Trumpet and life swelling choral along, The triumph already sweeps marching in song, Farewell, fallen brothers; though this life be o'er, There's another, in which we shall meet you once more!