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THE STAR-INDEPENDENT

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Thursday, February 4, 1915.

FEBRUARY

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
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MOON'S PHASES—
Last Quarter, 7th; New Moon, 13th;
First Quarter, 21st.

WEATHER FORECASTS

Harrisburg and vicinity: Partly cloudy and somewhat warmer to-night with lowest temperature about 25 degrees. Friday rain and warmer. Eastern Pennsylvania: Partly cloudy and somewhat warmer to-night. Friday rain and warmer. Moderate variable winds.

YESTERDAY'S TEMPERATURE IN HARRISBURG
Highest, 30; lowest, 22; 8 a. m., 25; 8 p. m., 22.

UTILIZING HARRISBURG BRAINS

There is much to commend in the Elliott-Fisher Company's plan, full details of which were announced yesterday, to continue its school for educating young men of this community for the important and profitable work of acting as salesmen throughout the world for the numerous wonderful products of the company's big South Harrisburg plant.

The company conducts a regularly organized school, for approved applicants, for tuition in the work of salesmanship. Fifteen young men were graduated from the school in January and the company is now preparing to enroll a new class for instruction. The results obtained in January have prompted the company to state that it is "encouraged to find so much good material right in its home city," and adds:

We are willing to go to the expense of educating and training these men from home to grow with our business rather than go out in the market and hire experienced salesmen.

While doubtless the officials are convinced that there is an advantage to the company in taking intelligent young men and molding their ideas to conform with the company's own methods of selling its goods, there also is a great advantage to this community in the fact that the company is willing to provide this four-weeks' course of expert training to make salesmen of the available young men of Harrisburg and vicinity.

Too often, perhaps, a manufacturing concern is unwilling to take the time or the pains to train men for important positions in its own employ but demands that the men it employs must have gained experience elsewhere. The result is that while the home community may possess abundant "good material" for the making, for instance, of salesmen, the company does not take the trouble to develop this material, but unlike the Elliott-Fisher company, finds it more convenient to import salesmen who already have received their training in the larger cities.

The benefits to the community of the Elliott-Fisher plan are manifest for it gives Harrisburg young men an opportunity, especially valuable at this time when remunerative positions are not as plentiful as they are at some other times,—to develop and make use of latent talents which otherwise in most cases would never be developed in the same useful and profitable direction. In brief it is a plan that encourages local initiative and gives men of this community a chance to do what it would be necessary to import men from other cities to do if it were not for the Elliott-Fisher company's offer.

BELGIUM GRATEFUL TO UNITED STATES

In an expression of gratitude to the United States cabled to a New York newspaper, yesterday, King Albert, of Belgium, declared that but for the brotherly help of this country famine would have spread like a plague through his devastated nation. He gave assurance that his people will "be ever grateful to the United States." He thanked our diplomats who have served with devotion to relieve suffering, as well as the many Americans who have organized the movement to feed the Belgians.

King Albert is only one Belgian, but he is the head of the people. In expressing gratitude to this country for its generous aid, he is speaking for his many subjects who are thankfully receiving the pro-

visions donated to keep them alive, yet who cannot all tell their thanks in person.

The cries for provisions which come from the most afflicted countries,—Belgium, Poland, Serbia and Palestine,—appear to charity of a peculiar sort. Those who give what they can to relieve the suffering may hope for no return directly or indirectly, and cannot even know of the good which their generosity accomplishes. They may be sure, however, that each gift is appreciated by its recipient as only something can be appreciated which means life to a starving human being.

WOMEN ACTIVE IN WARRING NATIONS

Countless examples of fortitude and heroism are being furnished by women in the belligerent countries in these strenuous days, and the pity is that they cannot all be recorded. They will be mentioned in history in a general way or will perhaps be omitted entirely to make room for the names and dates of important and unimportant battles.

We may be led to picture European women, particularly Belgian and Polish women, as destitute refugees carrying babies in their arms and suffering untold miseries. There are such, but they are fortunately only one class. Many women are not only supporting themselves successfully, but are aiding materially in relieving suffering among soldiers and civilians.

Of the women who are rendering valuable service, of course comparatively few are permitted to work near fields of battle. These are doubtless bearing great responsibilities, since they are attending to wounded men who largely outnumber them. There also have been not a few reports telling how soldiers' deaths have been the fate of devoted nurses at the front.

The women in the cities, although suffering separation from their husbands, brothers and sons, are said to be going about their daily work with order, accuracy and system. An organized women's movement, for instance, has covered Germany, casting aside all objects but practical relief work. The women are conducting feeding houses and free tables, are sewing and knitting clothes for the soldiers, and are carrying books, flowers and musical instruments to the wounded men in hospital wards.

It seems that the training which the women of the warring nations are now getting will be very useful to them in coming years. Their responsibilities will be great after peace is re-established, for many wives will then be widows and many daughters, orphans.

You're welcome, King Albert!

No wonder the former Sultan, Abdul Hamid, is for peace. Think of the number of wives he had!

The "Telegraph," in referring to something nice that former President Taft said about President Wilson, makes this comment:

"It requires a big man to pay a compliment to a competitor."

Is this to be construed as a Taft boom for 1916?

Again the "Patriot" calls attention to the accuracy of the Star-Independent's news columns. It points out that the Star-Independent said "sixty" foreigners became naturalized yesterday and that the "Telegraph" made it "seventy-odd," and then it tells the public to take its choice! As it has done before, in similar cases, the "Patriot" took its choice and made it "sixty."

A "Telegraph" reporter who interviewed John McCormack, the Irish tenor, writes:

"He talks with an intimate interest that still has the faraway look of the dreamer and artist."

This important sidelight on the characteristics of Mr. McCormack will doubtless convince many that his record for notable achievement is not merely confined to his work as a singer.

TOLD IN LIGHTER VEIN

THE SAME

Chump—"Were you ever at an afternoon tea?"
Grump—"No, but once I was in a place where 16 phonographs played simultaneously."—Harvard Lampoon.

THE AFTERTHOUGHT SAFE

"Every time I see grandfather's sword and medals," said Bill, "I long to take part in a universal war."
Then, as an afterthought, Bill said:
"But every time I look at grandfather's wooden leg I long for the advent of universal peace."—Exchange.

LUCKY DOG

"What are you working at now?"
"Shuckin' oysters," replied Mrs. Erastus Pinkley.
"How do you like the work?"
"It's pretty hard work. 'Bout de only satisfaction I fits out of it is thinkin' how lucky I is to be de shucker instid o' de oyster."—Washington Star.

BREAKING IT GENTLY

Maid—"Thieves got into a house in this street last night and stole all the silver."
Mistress—"What stupid people to leave doors unlocked! Whose house was it?"
Maid—"It was No. 7."
Mistress—"Why, that is our house!"
Maid—"Yes, ma'am, but I did not want to frighten you."—Exchange.

HE MEANT WELL

The class in German had been learning a little poem about Bismarck, and the teacher was taking occasion to tell them in German a few facts about him. She made the statement that he was called "Der Mann von Blut und Eisen" (the man of blood and iron). They all knew what "blut" was, but none of them knew what "eisen" was. So, pointing to one of the iron ventilators in the wall, she said: "Das ist eisen. Now, Bismarck was the man of blood and what?"
"Ventilators!" shrieked a youngster.—Exchange.

GOING THE LIMIT

Jones was one of those men who grumble at everything and everybody. He was once attacked by inflammatory rheumatism and was carefully nursed by his wife, who was very devoted to him, in spite of his fault-finding disposition. His suffering caused her to burst into tears sometimes as she sat by his bedside. One day a friend came in and asked him how he was getting on.
"Badly, badly!" he exclaimed; "and it's all my wife's fault."
"Is it possible?" asked the friend, in surprise.
"Yes. The doctor told me that humidity was bad for me, and there that woman sits and cries, just to make it moist in the room."—Exchange.

Tongue-End Topics

Who Owns This Money?

There are something like twenty-five persons in this community who either have more money than they know what to do with or have lost sight of the actual amount of their financial holdings. At least the city, now and for three years, has been waiting on that number of individuals to come in and redeem some improvement bonds they are holding. Some of the bonds call for as much as \$1,000 each, while others are for only \$100. The bonds have ceased bearing interest and a call was made for their redemption at the time of their maturity, yet their owners apparently "do not need the money." The city has no way of knowing who holds the bonds.

\$20.75 to Talk to 'Frisco

Thus far no Harrisburger has availed himself of the opportunity to talk by long-distance telephone to San Francisco, although that was made possible a few days ago. If there should be an applicant it would be an easy matter to establish connection. On Saturday last, a Reading man called up his nephew in San Francisco and had a three-minute talk with him, paying about \$19 therefor. The rate from Harrisburg to San Francisco will be \$20.75, according to the revised figures. However, some Harrisburgers have had some long distance talks to Denver and Salt Lake City, and it would be an easy matter for a Harrisburg party to call up some one in San Francisco and have a talk. The office in Harrisburg will soon be ready to take such calls on application.

Newspapers in the Trenches

Almost every long stretch of trench in the European war zone has its weekly newspaper, which combines sober official orders and reports of the week's fighting with humorous sallies and personal jottings of the most intimate character. A recent review of the "Trench Press" shows a list of nearly a score of periodicals which have been published with sufficient continuity to justify their mention as "established papers."

Khaki Dyed in England Now

It is announced that the chemical department at Leeds University, in England, has succeeded in manufacturing a cheap dye stuff for use in dyeing khaki for soldiers' uniforms. Hitherto England had been compelled to use dye-stuffs of German manufacture on all khaki cloth.

China Pays For Slain Americans

The Chinese government has granted the sum of \$50,000 to the heirs of Bert R. Hicks, of Oskosh, Wis., and to Albert N. Sheldon and Philip Hofman. These Americans were teachers in the Chinese College at Chengtu in the interior province of Szechwan, and while on a journey down the Yangtze Kiang were attacked by river pirates. Hicks was killed, Sheldon permanently, and Hofman slightly injured. Twenty-five thousand dollars goes to the heirs of Hicks, \$20,000 to Sheldon, and \$5,000 to Hofman, who is now back again teaching in Chengtu. The Chinese government has paid this compensation in order to demonstrate its intention to protect foreigners who accepted positions under it and come to China.

Motor Cars in Peking

The motor car has at last reached Peking; taking the place with Chinese officials of the old Peking cart. Only a few poorer Manchu families now ride in the cart, without which no government official of the late regime dared to be. Picturesqueness has gone, for the modern motor car does not permit the retinue of robed outriders on little long-maned Mongol ponies. Only the president's motor car is now escorted by mounted men, and they wear modern military uniforms. The escorts of other officials ride on the footboards of the motor cars. On the occasion of the recent visit of a prominent general to Peking these escorts carried revolvers in their hands.

SALTS FINE FOR ACHING KIDNEYS

We Eat Too Much Meat, Which Clogs Kidneys, Then Back Hurts and Bladder Bothers You

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications. A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.—Adv.

OLD-TIME REMEDY MAKES PURE BLOOD

Purify your blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine has been and still is the people's medicine because of its reliable character and its wonderful success in the treatment of the common diseases and ailments—scrofula, eczema, rheumatism, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, general debility.

SPECIAL EXHIBIT AT SHOWS

Paige Motor Car Company Provides Educational Display at All the Big Displays in Country

The thousands of people who annually throng the automobile shows at New York, Philadelphia, Harrisburg and other cities for the most part get but a superficial idea of the various models on display. Unless some special effort is made to meet the difficulty there is no opportunity and little inclination to understand the vital features that characterize the various cars the manufacturers are offering the public with so much pride and confidence.

The Paige Motor Car Company, however, is endeavoring to meet this situation by providing not only a special exhibit that will show the most important mechanical features of their new six and their celebrated four, but also a well informed official who can explain these features in an interesting and not too technical way. Thus all visitors who tarry at the Paige exhibit will be able to carry away an appreciation of the fact that the vitals of a car are in the chassis and under the hood rather than in the external design and the superficial features. They will also learn in brief time just what gives Paige officials confidence in the superiority of Paige cars.

EMBEZZLER REFUSED PAROLE

Defaulting Treasurer, Serving From One to 20 Years, Denied Liberty

Hartford, Conn., Feb. 4.—William F. Walker, defaulting treasurer of the Savings Bank of New Britain, who is serving a sentence of one to twenty years in State prison, has been refused a parole by the Board of Parole. Walker embezzled \$565,000 of the bank's funds and about \$56,000 from the Baptist convention of Connecticut, of which he was also treasurer. He disappeared from his home in February, 1907, and was captured ten months later in Lower California, after a nation-wide search.

HILLIS RAPS DANCING

Evangelist's Subject To-night Will Be "The Giant of Harrisburg"

That "a young girl had better waddle like a hippopotamus than acquire grace of movement through dancing," was the statement of Evangelist C. E. Hillis at the First Baptist church last night. The preacher's topic to-night will be "The Giant of Harrisburg."

38 CONVERTS AT ST. PAUL'S

Baptismal Services Will Be Held on Sunday Afternoon

The revival at St. Paul's Baptist church conducted by Evangelist Simms closes with 38 converts. There will be believers' baptism on Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the church, the pastor, the Rev. Mr. Cunningham, officiating. The sermon will be preached by the Rev. C. J. Henderson.

BACKENSTOSS GAVE NOTICE

Says He Is Not Leaving Covenant Church Without Usual Courtesy

In his resignation as chief leader of the Covenant Presbyterian church, Stanley Backenstoss extended the customary courtesy of a two weeks' notice.

He has made this explanation to correct intimations that he is leaving the church without giving word.

Heisey-Neff Wedding

Manor, Feb. 4.—Miss Mabel M. Neff and John T. Heisey, of near Lancaster, were married yesterday at the parsonage of the United Brethren church. The Rev. C. N. Hostetter officiated with the ring ceremony. They were attended by Miss Esther Rutt and Daniel H. Kellinger. A reception followed at the home of the bride.

Nagle Street Class Meeting

The Men's Bible class of the Nagle Street Church of God will hold its regular monthly business meeting tomorrow evening at 7:07 South Front street.

Founders' Day at Ursinus

Founders' Day will be observed at Ursinus College, Collegeville, Pa., Thursday, February 11.

The timely character of the subject of the public addresses and the national character of the speakers who will treat them make the exercises of the day of public interest. Two honorary degrees will be conferred on that day.

Animals and Electricity

Man has much greater power of electrical resistance or much less susceptibility than many other animals. A leech placed upon a copper plate which rests upon a larger plate of zinc is unable to crawl off on account of the feeble electric action excited by the contact of the metals. Horses are troubled by slight differences of potential. An ox treated for rheumatism with electricity succumbed to a current absolutely innocuous to man.

Not a Diplomat

Knieker—Is your wife's mother a diplomat? Boeker—No, she doesn't go home after she has said the wrong thing.—New York Sun.

Fined on S. P. C. A. Charge

R. H. Biting, 2503 North Sixth street, was yesterday fined \$10 by Alderman Hilton, charged by S. P. C. A. officer O'Donnell with forcing horses to stand in the river while carts were loaded with coal.

THE GLOBE THE GLOBE

Our Attractive Bargain List For Friday and Saturday

Every department contributes its share of timely and interesting bargains. Not a questionable value in the entire list.

- Men's \$5 Double Breast Reefer Storm Coats, \$4.25
- Men's Overcoats, values to \$12.50 at.....\$5.00
Heavy Fancy Mixed Cheviots—all sizes.
- Young Men's Norfolk Suits, \$5.00
Values to \$12.50—sizes 31 to 38.
- Men's \$2.00 Trousers at.....\$1.45
- Men's \$1.00 Jean Trousers at.....85c
- Men's \$5.00 and \$6.50 Fur Caps at.....\$3.95
- \$1.00 Blue and Gray Flannel Shirts at.....79c
- Men's 50c Work Shirts at.....35c
Of Chambray, Sateen and Khaki—either attached or separate collars.
- Men's \$1.50 Semi-Stiff Bosom Shirts at.....79c
- 50c and \$1.00 Phoenix Knit Mufflers (slightly soiled),19c
- 35c Mercerized Tubular Wash Ties at.....17c
- 15c "New Idea" Black Hose at.....9c
- \$1.00 and \$1.25 Peerless Union Suits,79c
- \$1.00 Heavy Natural-Wool Underwear,79c
- 50c Egyptian Ribbed Underwear at.....35c
- Men's 15c Rubber Collars at.....8c
- Men's 75c Seamless Knit Gloves at.....39c
- Men's \$1.00 Dress Cape Gloves (slightly soiled), 59c
- \$3.00 Oliver Twist Suits at.....\$1.95
Of Blue and Brown Corduroy—for boys ages to 8 years.
- Boys' \$6.50 Corduroy Suits at.....\$3.85
- Boys' \$1.50 and \$2.00 Russian Wash Suits at...95c
- Boys' 75c Knee Pants at.....39c
- Boys' 75c Blouse Waists at.....39c

THE GLOBE

TROOPS FAIL TO PROTECT BAKESHOPS FROM ITALIANS

London, Feb. 4, 5 A. M.—Bread riots have occurred in Porto Torres, Sardinia, a Rome dispatch to the "Morning Post" relates. Mobs attacked the bakers' shops and broke the windows in the municipal offices.

A telegram from Sassari, Italy reads: "Riots growing out of the agitation over the high price of bread are assuming a graver character. Crowds today went about the streets sacking the stores. Strong reinforcements of troops have been called out to maintain order. The disturbances were kept up throughout the day and the municipality finally fixed minimum and maximum prices of foodstuffs as follows: Bread, per kilo (2.20 pounds), from 8 to 11 cents; fish, per kilo, 15 to 20 cents; meat, per kilo, 16 to 30 cents."

HINTS BRITAIN MAY ANNEX GERMAN SOUTHWEST AFRICA

London, Feb. 4.—Possible annexation of German Southwest Africa by England was hinted at yesterday by Viscount Buxton, governor general of South Africa, in a speech delivered at Bloemfontein, according to dispatches from there yesterday. Said Viscount Buxton:

"The sympathies of the neutrals are on the side of the allies. Holland knows that if Belgium is annexed by Germany she would be the next victim. But Germany might find Southwest Africa annexed. The interests of South Africa are bound up with the allies."

NO DECISION ON CONTRABAND SENT TO AMERICA BY BRITAIN

London, Feb. 4, 4:47 A. M.—Referring to the statement in American papers that the British government has decided that foodstuffs consigned to

Germany shall be considered contraband, the "Times" says: "We understand no British decision on the general principle of treating foodstuffs as contraband has been communicated as yet to the United States government. The decision published in the American press appears to refer to the specific case of the Wilhelmina."

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