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Calendar for January 1915. Sun. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thur. Fri. Sat. 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

MOON'S PHASES— Full Moon, 1st, 30th; Last Quarter, 8th; New Moon, 15th; First Quarter, 23d. WEATHER FORECASTS Harrisburg and vicinity: Fair and much colder to-night with a cold wave, lowest temperature to-night about 8 degrees.

SUSPENSION OF U. S. STEEL DIVIDEND The decision of the directors of the United States Steel Corporation, announced after the close of the Stock Market on Tuesday, to suspend dividend payments on the common stock, was something of a surprise to Wall Street speculators as evidenced by the slump taken not only by the Steel issues but by most of the other securities when the market reopened for business next day.

While the passing of the Steel dividend was a surprise to many investors and doubtless caught napping many of the more speculative class of traders, the directors of the Corporation took the sane, conservative course in ordering suspension of payments. It must be remembered that when a dividend is declared it is supposed to be based on the amount of net earnings of the Corporation in the quarter gone by and does not, as least in theory, have any bearing on the Corporation's future prospects of earnings.

Everybody knows that the steel business in general has been very light in recent months. The Corporation might, as corporations often do, have taken a chance of better earnings in the coming quarter,—for which it is true the business outlook is considerably improved,—and have paid the dividend for the last quarter out of accumulated surplus; but to have done so would have resulted in the impairment, to just the amount of the dividend, of the Corporation's assets, and this would have tended to make dividends of the future less likely to be declared.

The wise and conservative plan, in these times of disturbed financial conditions, undoubtedly is just the plan that the Steel Corporation's directors adopted on Tuesday when they passed the dividend. It was based on the same principle that a Corporation's dividend payments from quarter to quarter should be based on the Corporation's business for the particular quarter under consideration and not on the possible amount of earnings that may come to a Corporation in a future period.

DISCIPLINE IN SCHOOL STUDIES A symposium was recently conducted by a college professor on the disciplinary values of various college studies. The results were not especially startling. One would hardly expect them to have been. It is about as useful to figure out the relative merits of school subjects as to estimate the respective values of chessmen. Both calculations can be made, approximately, but when certain conditions arise, calculations become of no avail. A knight

may sometimes be worth more than a bishop; an algebra task more than a Greek lesson. The teachers taking part in the symposium expressed little preference, on the average, for any one subject or group of subjects as providing most discipline. It seems that many of them were partial to branches which they happened to be teaching, and the total opinions therefore depended largely on the proportions of teachers in different college departments who expressed views.

One striking fact about the symposium is that the teachers considered of such great importance the disciplinary value of work outside of college as compared with that of prescribed courses of book study. The general opinion of the instructors was that a student could be more thoroughly disciplined by actual contact with the world's every day activities than by poring over most college text books. That opinion is rather a common one, but it is not often that teachers boldly acknowledge holding it.

It must be remembered that merely disciplinary values were under consideration. Were the cultural values of college studies to be discussed, opinions would be very different. No earnest teacher would depreciate the worth of college work as a means of developing intellectual faculties, or for instance, of encouraging originality.

Different school studies have different disciplinary, cultural and practical values, to be sure, and each has them in different proportions for different individuals. It does not seem that numerical values can well be fixed so long as students are as variously constituted as they are. It is doubtful if any student could tell just what subject in a college curriculum is doing him most good in a disciplinary or any other sort of a way. As suggested by the self-made business man in his letters to his son, however, the student can tell if a subject is doing him harm, and perhaps that is all the discernment necessary so long as the other branches are benefitting him to greater or less degrees.

WARFARE BESIDES THAT WITH GUNS It is of interest to note some of the many ways in which the belligerents are opposing each other aside from the actual firing of guns.

The trade war between England and Germany has assumed large proportions. The Powers are fighting vigorously in the economic field. England has fairly well succeeded in driving from the seas German commerce to the value of five billions of dollars, and has forced German firms doing business in its possessions, to liquidate.

Strict measures have been taken to prevent English capital from being used in any way that might directly or indirectly be an aid to the Germans. Even in the smallest details, precautions are taken to keep money from reaching the Kaiser's land through channels of English trade.

The war is being hotly fought, too, on paper. Different nations have been so eager to shift the blame for bringing on the conflict and to excuse themselves for their own participation in it that the battle of words has become a lively one and it might even be interesting if it were not getting so monotonous.

It is also on paper that the cartoonists have been making war. Caricatures of the warring sovereigns have been rather plentiful in European journals. The Kaiser, especially, seems to have come in for much ridicule in English newspapers, although the latest accounts are that King George has ordered the suppression of all insulting cartoons of his kinsman.

The fighting of armed men on European battlefields is the clash of merely the military forces of nations, and although it is commonly understood to constitute the war, it appears to be only one part of the great conflict which is in progress.

King George was among the kinsmen not present at the Kaiser's birthday party.

We believe Governor Brumbaugh will "make good," but if he doesn't it will not be because he talks too much.

After all, will it be a case of making the coat fit the cloth or of making the taxpayers produce enough cloth to fit the coat?

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., got \$6 for three days' service in testifying before the Federal Industrial Relations Commission in New York. Don't spend it all in one store, John!

How much influence the senior United States Senator from Pennsylvania has with the Pennsylvania Legislature may be determined when the state law-makers vote on the plan to call the proposed new county "Penrose."

TOLD IN LIGHTER VEIN IN YORK York County Farmer (bursting into the village inn)—"What d'ye think, Silas? The bones of a prehistoric man have been found in Jim White's farm!"

Inkeeper—"Great gosh! I hope old Jim'll be able to clear himself at the coroner's inquest."—Exchange.

LIGHTS OUT Assemblyman-elect George Dennis Donovan told this story of one of his constituents: The last moment had come. They stood at the open door. For 24 long hours they would not meet again.

REVENGE! A contributor to Pearson's "Weekly" tells us that after Jimmy's tooth was drawn, he rose from the chair, held out his little hand, and said: "Give it to me, please."

ONE OF US Unmistakably he was a Yankee, and the snail-like movement of the train irritated him almost beyond endurance. Volubly he remonstrated with the guard.

"Slow?" said that worthy, stung to retort. "Do you want the train to fly? If you don't like the speed, then get out and walk."

"Walk?" drawled the Yankee. "Oh, I'm not in such a hurry as all that!"—London Tit-Bits.

Tongue-End Topics

St. Georges Is in Ruins St. Georges, one of the points where the Germans and Allies have fought,—not for miles of territory but for feet, almost inches, is a ruin to-day. More than that, it is a heap of debris. Other towns and villages in Flanders are marked at least by standing walls. St. Georges is a wilderness of bricks, mortar, charred roof timbers and tiles. There is nobody who knows exactly how many times the Allies and Germans have fought in the place, and how often it has changed hands. The French and English have it to-day, and the Germans to-morrow.

Village on Island To-day St. Georges is located about two miles southeast of Lombardzyde, and formerly marked the point where the Yser and Plasschen canals connected. To-day the village is an island in the "inundation" district. A small causeway gives access to the place. Over this German sailors and marines have again and again attacked the place to the accompaniment of German artillery fire and the rattle of the machine guns of the Allies. On one occasion German and Allies heavy artillery bombarded the place simultaneously, and machine guns sent hail of bullets into it from three sides. Why—nobody knows. The Germans suspected that the Allied troops were in St. Georges, and the Allies suspected that the Germans were in it, each side taking it for granted that the bombardment itself was a sham maneuver.

Machine Guns in Action For some days the English had the place, keeping it practically by virtue of the many machine guns they had so posted that the narrow causeway was swept by their fire. This machine gun fire in and about St. Georges never stopped. The slow "tack-jack" of the English guns, and the more rapid sputter of the French "mitrailleuses" kept up day and night. Responsible for this were the German sailors and marines who continued in their efforts to retake the village.

Unable to Reach the Wounded When the wind swept over St. Georges it carried with it the smell of decomposing bodies. In the stillness of the night one heard from there the groaning of wounded—of men who ventured into or near the place, were shot down, and then were found to be beyond the reach of those who would succor them. To venture into the open along the causeway meant either to die or be wounded. The very heaps of debris seemed animated by the desire to carry further the destruction of which they are the result.

Winter Hard on African Troops At night also one heard the incessant coughing of the French African and Anglo-Indian troops, who seemed unable to stand the rigors of the cold and damp climate of Flanders. On the outskirts of the village stood a little house, upon whose door had been chalked the words: "Fracture—already disposed of." Not far from the door lay the body of a man with the fingers still about the handle of an open umbrella. The dyke giving access to the place would not hold the bodies of those

Stay Vigorous at Seventy

Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers Revive Vitality in Men and Women When Life's Sun Begins to Set.

50c BOX FREE. What you ARE, not what you WERE, is what counts in the game of life. It's up to men and women to be "live ones" and not slow down too soon. Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers keep your vital energy aglow—drive



I'm the Equal in Nerve—Force and Power, to Any of the Rising Generation.

away all gloominess and peevishness, and strengthens your poverished nerves. When ambition deserts you and vitality sags down near zero; when you're fagged out in brain and body and your nerves lack vim—the Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers "ring" you up to concert pitch, put "the punch" in your muscles, and make you tingle all over with health.

Send coupon below to-day for a free 50c trial box of Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers. The regular \$1.00 size of Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers is for sale in Harrisburg at C. T. George, 1206 N. 3rd St. G. C. Potts, 1101 N. 3rd St. C. M. Forney, successor to Forney & Krouse, 426 Market St. J. H. Park, Jr., 621 Race St. C. K. Keller, 405 Market St. W. F. Steever, 14th & Walnut sts.

FREE 50c BOX COUPON F. J. KELLOGG CO., 2751 Hoffmaster Block, Battle Creek, Mich. Send me by return mail a 50 cent trial box of the wonderful discovery for nerves, Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers. I enclose 6 cents in stamps to help pay postage and packing.

THE WHOLE BODY NEEDS PURE BLOOD

The bones, the muscles, and all the organs of the body depend for their strength and tone and healthy action on pure blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood. It is positively unequalled in the treatment of scrofula, catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, that tired feeling. There is no other medicine like it. Be sure to get Hood's and get it to-day. It is sold by all druggists. Adv.

who have died in the effort either to take or retake this island in the "inundation lake."

German Praise for Russian Soldiers The Russian soldier is a better fighter than is popularly believed, according to the letter of a German officer, serving with the armies in Poland.

"Near L— we took about 1,000 prisoners," wrote the officer. "So the report said. As a matter of fact we took about 2,000. The first lot was more or less a thousand, and then, during the day, a hundred were gathered here and another hundred there.

"It is true that out here we do not think much of a thousand prisoners, but it seems to be different out in the West. I read for instance that we had taken 221 prisoners there, and no doubt, somebody said one Frenchman or an Englishman is the equivalent of ten Russians. But that is not true. Among the prisoners taken here there are many well-built and strong fellows with intelligent faces, who believe the stories of 'broken-down' Russian soldiers so generally heard, according to our way of thinking. The trouble is that he is too much a part of a machine. If the Russian soldiers had our leaders and commissariat, then France would have been able to do without her other allies."

KAISER PRAISES SCRIBES AT FRONT ON HIS BIRTHDAY

Berlin, via London, Jan. 28, 10.25 A. M.—Emperor William, speaking to the war correspondent at the general headquarters in the field said:

"Good morning. I pay you my compliments. You write famously and I thank you for it. You accomplish excellent things and I read your articles very gladly. Your reports have a high patriotic tone and it is of great value to our men in the trenches when we can send them such matter. My principle—and it applies to this war also—is the words of old John Knox, the reformer in Scotland, that 'one man with God is always in the majority.' The Emperor's birthday was observed at headquarters yesterday with a simple divine service held in the field. The auditors included Prince Oscar, the fifth son of the Emperor; Prince Friedrich Leopold, of Prussia; Prince Waldemar, the eldest son of Prince Henry of Prussia; General Falkenhayn, the chief of staff; Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg; Admiral Von Tirpitz, the commander-in-chief of the naval forces, and other officers.

CHEAPER MEAT AND SHOES

Government Statistics Contradict Reports That Prices Will Reach Unprecedented Figures

By Associated Press. Washington, Jan. 28.—The Department of Agriculture sees cheaper meat and shoes for people of the country. Figures gathered by its agents showing that the number of live stock in the United States is on the increase.

In a statement issued to-day the department discounted reports that prices were bound to rise and said that on January 1 there were 7,712,000 more live stock in the United States than on the same day a year ago. This was the first time in many years, the statement said, that an increase had been shown.

The number of beef cattle increased 3.4 per cent. over the number a year ago, or an actual increase of 1,212,000 head. Hitherto the number of beef cattle has declined steadily since 1910. There are also more milk cows than last year, the increase being 2.5 per cent., or in numbers 525,000. Swine, however, showed the greatest increase, of all classes—9.6 per cent. On January 1, 1914, there were only 58,933,000 swine in the country; on January 1, last, 64,618,000.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

The Star-Independent does not make itself responsible for opinions expressed in this column.

"AMERICAN RESCUE WORKERS"

Adjutant Lew Smith and Wife Doing Good Work Among the Poor Editor Star-Independent:

Dear Sir—There is no place like home."

How wonderful sound the words of this beautiful song to the person who can call one, no matter how humble it is, his own. But it awakens only sorrow in one who is either far away from it or has none at all, going as a wayfarer through this bleak world.

How many mothers are sitting every day at twilight near the fireside and thinking of their faraway sons, and the words of the song, "O, Where's My Wandering Boy To-night," go through their minds. And then at once she receives a letter from him, in which he tells that he is well cared for in one of the homes of "The American Rescue Workers," which gives great relief to that mother and brings gladness to her heart.

The motto which Adjutant Smith and his wife, the officers of the home in this city, have taken for their wonderful work, is the word of Jesus Christ himself, "Feed My Lambs," and to this they have kept up, without questioning nationality or religion. Not only do they feed, but also have kept and clothed many a wayfarer and some of the poor in this city. Adjutant Smith has made many of them forget their sorrows through his everlasting

Attractive Specials

For Friday and Saturday In The Globe's Greatest Sale of Sales

An interesting collection of special offerings in connection with our great sale which serve to emphasize the difference between cheapness and real economy.

- Young Men's Suits, values to \$12.50, at \$5.00 Norfolk styles and in a variety of fancy mixtures. Men's Overcoats, values to \$12.50, at \$5.00 Fancy mixed Cheviots—convertible collars—sizes 34 to 40. Men's \$2.00 Trousers at \$1.45 Men's Odd Vests, worth \$1.50, at 95¢ Made of elegant Blue Uniform Cloth. Men's \$5.00 Rubber Coats (slightly soiled) at \$1.50 Men's \$1.00 and \$1.50 Shirts at 79¢ Of Madras and Percale—coat style with attached cuffs. Men's 50c Work Shirts at 35¢ Made of Chambray—either attached or separate collars. Men's 50c Ribbed Underwear at 35¢ Men's Special 15c Hose at 9¢ Men's \$2.00 Sweaters at \$1.00 Men's \$2.00 Winter Caps at \$1.29 Sargent's and Hansen's \$1.00 R. R. Gauntlets at 79¢ Boys' \$3.50 Overcoats at \$1.85 Nobly Tweeds effects—for boys 3 to 8 years. Boys' 75c Knee Pants at 39¢ Corduroys and durable wool fabrics. Boys' 50c and 75c Romper Suits at 39¢ Boys' 50c and 75c Blouse Waists at 39¢ Boys' 15c Black Stockings at 10¢ Boys' \$1.00 Polo Caps at 59¢

THE GLOBE

humor and his wife gladdened many souls through her motherly ways. Of course, it needs funds for this great undertaking, and I hope the public of this city will assist them in every way they can, so Adjutant Smith and his wife can keep up this wonderful work. Every one of these wayfarers is one mother's son, who was once proud of him. Hoping that the people of this city will help the good work along, and praying to God for blessings to be bestowed on Adjutant Smith and his wife and the people of this city, I remain, An Inmate.

E. J. Hoffman, 1838 North Third Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

WAGES IN STEEL INDUSTRY

First Move Looking to Readjustment Made at Pittsburgh To-day

Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 28.—The first move looking to readjustment of wages in the steel industry was made here to-day when thirty independent sheet and tinplate manufacturers headed by W. J. Lynch of Granite City, Ill., met a committee from the amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, under President John Williams and Secretary Tigh of Pittsburgh. According to Mr. Williams the meeting was called to consider with the officers of the union a possible reduction in the wage scale adopted last July and to continue for one year. The manufacturers declared they were unable to compete with mills employing non-union labor.

What We Say It Is, It Is

A Diener Diamond Is a Fine Investment

In the last 20 years Diamond values have increased 150 per cent. to 200 per cent. The larger increase is in stones over 1/2 carat weight for the supply of these decreases more rapidly. The war stopped Diener Diamond production abruptly and absolutely. This loss will be made up in higher prices when the mines open. As a choice investment a fine Diener Diamond now heads the list. Diener Diamonds are all guaranteed as to quality, color and weight. You have excellent selections in all sizes in both mounted and loose stones. As we purchase direct of the cutters, we save you the middleman's profit. All stones are marked in plain figures. No one has an advantage; you have not. Come in and let us explain how easy we make it for you to own a fine Diamond.

COMB SAGE TEA INTO GRAY HAIR

Ladies! Try This! Darkens Beautifully and Nobody Can Tell—Brings Back Its Gloss and Thickness

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea, with sulphur and alcohol added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant; remove every bit of dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get the ready-to-use tonic, costing about 50 cents a large bottle, at drug stores, known as "Wyle's Sage and Sulphur Compound," thus avoiding a lot of fuss. While wispy, gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyle's Sage and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared. After another application or two your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant, and you appear years younger.—Adv.

DIENER, The Jeweler 408 Market St.