BABY VEHICLES FOR 1915

Artillery Wheels

We have now on exhibition the new line of Baby Carriages, comprising samples from all the leading makers—Bloch, Whitney, Heywood Bros., Thayer and Cartoy. There is a variety of designs to suit any mother's taste. They represent the best from each maker, and which we can recommend to every mother in detail of construction, in the quality of material and in appearance.

We are especially particular to get the finest tempered springs and easy running gears, so baby will be the most comfortable.

We would advise early selection, as such a large variety is unusual, later on you will not have as good choosing.

PRICES Range From $15 to $40

BURNS & CO.

28-30-32 S. Second St.

Easy Springs

Reversible Gears

Comfortable Bodies

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL NEWS

100 ATTEND FAREWELL DINNER TO GOVERNOR

Personal Tribute Paid to Mr. Tener by Business and Professional Men and State, County and City Officials, at Harrisburg Club

A personal tribute was paid to Governor John Kinley Tener on Saturday night in the Harrisburg Club when more than one hundred citizens of Harrisburg and vicinity made him the guest of honor at a dinner given as an evidence of their admiration and esteem at the close of his four years residence in Harrisburg in an official capacity. During that time Governor Tener, who retires from office January 19, has been a citizen, a neighbor and one who has entered into matters concerning municipal welfare of Harrisburg.

Joining in honoring the retiring Governor were state, county and city officials, professional, political and mercantile leaders, manufacturers, railroad men, newspapermen and men representing almost every branch of life in the municipality. It was a most delightful occasion, and the guest of honor was overwhelmed at the evidence of good will from the people with whom he has dwelt for the last four years.

In the large dining room the decorator made his most artistic endeavor, the big interior being a mass of American Beauty roses, Alabama smilax, palms and American flags, all of which lent themselves admirably to the decorative scheme. At the head of the table was a great vase of American Beauty roses which were sent to Mrs. Tener at the close of the banquet.

At the head of the table sat the guest of honor, and with him were William M. Donaldson, toastmaster; Charles H. Bergner, chairman of the testimonial committee; Mayor John K. Royal, Judge George Kunkel, Judge Samuel J. M. McCarrell, Dr. Hiram McGowan, Adjutant General Thomas J. Stewart, William Jennings, former Senator John E. Fox, Samuel Kunkel, M. C. Kennedy, of Chambersburg, president of the Cumberland Valley Railroad, and Lewis F. Sadler, of Carlisle.

Song to "Tipperary" Tune

Little formality was indulged in at the opening. The committee had provided a song sheet and at the very outset the "Tipperary" song was chanted with a fervor that was inspiriting, only the "Tiperary" words were changed so that the chorus was sang as follows:

"Here is to you, Johnnie Tener—
And it's to you we sing.
Head and shoulders you stand above us
And you're every inch a King;
You must come back, Johnnie Tener,
We unite in that refrain,
There's a warm, warm hope in every heart here,
You'll be Governor again."

During the evening, when the speechmaking began, a fine picture of Governor Tener, which hung on the wall in full view of all the diners, was unveiled amidst the hearty cheers of the hundred who were there to do honor to the retiring official.

Mr. Donaldson made an excellent toastmaster, and in turn he introduced Judge Kunkel, Mayor Royal, Charles H. Bergner, Judge McCarrell, Samuel Kunkel, John E. Fox, Thomas J. Stewart and the guest of the evening, Governor Tener. Those who spoke paid tribute to Governor Tener as a man, a citizen, a neighbor and an official, and more than one referred to the fact that this was the first time an honor of the kind had been paid a retiring Governor, at the same time conveying the wish that he might return.

The Governor Responds

Governor Tener responded feelingly, dwelling on the kindness and courtesy that had been shown him during his official residence here, and testifying to his appreciation of this evidence of kindness and esteem.

The menu card was encased in a beautiful morocco case bearing in gold the fac simile of Governor Tener's signature. The front page was a fine steel engraved portrait of the guest of honor. Following the menu page were pages for guest autographs, and during a lull in the banquet the guests visited and exchanged signatures. The dinner was served under the direction of Arthur Hollis, superintendent of the club.

The committee in charge of the affair, consisted of C. H. Bergner, John T. Brady, John P. Dohoney, R. C. Neal, Jr., George W. Reily, Charles C. Stroh and W. M. Donaldson.

The List of Guests

The following were some of the diners: W. T. Hildrup, Jr., George S. Reinoehl, William H. Nell, A. Boyd Hamilton, Frank Bell, J. P. McCullough, C. H. Backenstoe, J. F. Whittaker, M. E. Stroup, E. F. Dunlap, Chester P. Ray, Samuel Kunkel, George Etter, D. S. Seitz, M. H. Plank, H. W. Stubbs, L. E. Johnson, H. M. Bingaman, R. P. Bliss, F. Herbert Snow, W. M. Hain, Dr. W. R. Batt, Dr. H. F. Smith, D. L. Diehl, C. F. Hill, former Senator John E. Fox, Dr. J. P. Culp, J. V. W. Reynders, T. L. Montgomery, Lesley McCreath, F. D. Carney, William McCreath, Dr. S. N. Traver.

Frank B. Wickersham, J. A. Herman, Casper Dull, William F. R. Murrie, George M. Harry, C. A. Lockett, Walter L. Montgomery, Galen Hain, J. M. Peters, F. E. Zeigler, A. M. Sides, J. P. Dohoney, John T. Brady George Nauman, M. A. Cumbler, J. W. Reily, Dr. J. J. Moffitt, S. C. Todd, G. W. Reily, R. C. Neal, Jr., William S. Tunis, Senator E. E. Beidleman, J. R. Fletcher, M. B. Tate, A. C. Stamm, Dr. J. B. McAlister, C. A. Kunkel, Donald McCormick, B. H. Evans, Francis S. Hall, C. W. Kaltwasser, William M. Hargest, D. M. Dull, Thomas M. Jones, Harry L. Hosford, A. B. Millar, John E. Snyder, John Hoffer.

A. S. McCrath, W. B. McCaleb, Dr. H. M. Stine, B. F. Burns, David E. Tracy, John F. Dapp, L. H. Kinneard, M. K. Ely, Paul Johnston, S. W. McCulloch, J. Simpson Kline, R. M. Rutherford, J. Ross Swartz, H. S. Gross, H. A. Kelker, Jr., Charles C. Stroh, John R. Guyer, W. H. Gaither, J. L. Shearer, Jr., C. E. Miller, Dr. S. G. Dixon, R. J. Stackhouse, J. F. Hoak, R. E. Cox, Thomas T. Wierman, Dr. Hiram McGowan, Judge Samuel J. M. McCarrell, Mayor John K. Royal, Thomas J. Stewart, Judge George Kunkel, W. M. Donaldson, Governor John Kinley Tener, C. H. Bergner, M. C. Kennedy, L. S. Sadler and William Jennings.

The music was furnished by Loeser's orchestra. The decorations were by Uttley.

Plans for the Inaugural Ball

Plans for the inaugural ball which will be given Tuesday evening, January 19, in Chestnut street auditorium, under the auspices of the big "Q" Society, are rapidly nearing completion. This will be the official inaugural ball and the new Governor and his party will attend after the reception at the Capitol. A band and an orchestra from the Zembo band will play during the evening and dancing will continue from 9 until 1 o'clock.

The committee in charge of the ball includes: Charles E. Covert, president; Frank H. Hoy, Jr., vice president; Cornelius B. Shope, vice president; William A. Boll, treasurer; Howard W. Baker, trustee; Charles C. Hoffman, secretary

Dinner for the Teners To-night

Mr. and Mrs. Walter H. Gaither will entertain informally at dinner at their home, 205 South Front street, this evening, complimentary to Governor and Mrs. John K. Tener. Covers will be laid for Governor and Mrs. John K. Tener, Judge and Mrs. George Kunkel, Judge and Mrs. Lewis S. Sadler, of Carlisle; Adjutant General Thomas J. Stewart and Mr. and Mrs. Gaither. The table appointments will be in pink and white with a centerpiece of Killarney roses and baby-breath and the decorations in the drawing room will be poinsettias and carnations.

Mrs. Todd Gives Luncheon

Mrs. Samuel Claybaugh Todd gave a luncheon of eight covers to-day in compliment to her guest, Miss Nelle Higa, of Toledo, Ohio.

LOOSEN YOUR COLD

Deep seated colds or light fresh colds can be loosened up and cured if you give them a treatment with

Forney's Laxative Cold Tablets

The small tablets that produce big results. They exert a mild, pleasant and laxative action that is beneficial and health-producing.

25c Per Box

Forney's Drug Store

426 Market Street.

PARTY FOR MISS HELENA KEET

Friends Arrange a Pleasant Surprise on Her Birthday Anniversary

Miss Helena Louise Keet was given a birthday surprise by a number of friends who called at her home, 315 South Front street, Saturday evening, to help her celebrate her eighteenth birthday anniversary.

Music and dancing were features of the evening's entertainment and refreshments were served.

Those present were Miss Mary Alma Allen, Margaret Fisher, Ethel Fisher, Florence Rinkenbach, Getha High, Margaret Roeder, Elizabeth Leakway, Romaine Boyer, Helen Ferguson and Helena Keet, Theodore Weakley, E'wood Baker, William Fisher, George Stark, Howell Weidenmeyer, Edwin Rife, Mark Phillips, Karl Roeder and Frank wolfe.

MR. AND MRS. GLASER HOSTS

Entertained in Compliment to Miss Stevens Their Guest

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Glaser entertained at their home, 347 Main street, Steelton, Friday evening in honor of Miss Gertrude Stevens, of Wilkes-Barre. The guests spent a merry evening with games and music, after which refreshments were served.

Those present were Misses Edna Ward, of Pittsburgh; Mary Wolz, Magdalene Glaser, Dora Murphy, Anna Egollia; William McKay, Wallace Dervire, Robert Ettinger, of Pittsburgh; Leo Ettinger, Frank Meehen, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Gough, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Duchene and Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Glaser.

DANCE AT COLONIAL CLUB

Guests of Mrs. Robert Hope Spend Pleasant Evening

Mrs. Robert Hope gave a pretty dance at the Colonial Country Club attended by the following guests:

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Alden, Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Vickery, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Brinser, Mr. and Mrs. William Nell, Mr. and Mrs. Bradshaw, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Vincent McKay, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Earle, Mrs. C. W. Reinoehl, Miss Katherine Darby, Miss Mary Fencil, Miss Helen Abercrombie, Harvey Nell, John Lenhart, Mr. Stubbs, Mr. Forker, Mr. Downs and Mr. Robinson.

Birth Announcements

Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Trullinger, of 2017 1-2 North Sixth street, announce the birth of a daughter, Helen Louise, Friday, January 8. Mrs. Trullinger was Miss Martha Winters prior to her marriage.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Koch, of Washington Heights, announce the birth of a daughter, Dorothy Jean, Saturday, January 9. Mrs. Koch was Miss Bess Funk prior to her marriage.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Miller, of Riverside, announce the birth of a son, William Barnett Miller, Saturday, January 9. Mr. and Mrs. Miller are former residents of Easton.

Announce Birth of a Son

Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Harvey, of Hummelstown, announce the birth of a son, Saturday, January 9.

News of Persons Who Come and Go

Miss Frances E. Daniel has returned to Irving College after a week-end visit with her mother, Mrs. Daniel, 1001 North Sixth street.

Miss Florence DeLone has resumed her studies at Mt. St. Josephs', Emittsburg, Md., after a holiday visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis DeLone, 920 North Third street.

Emory Lutz has returned to York after a visit with his mother, Mrs. W. B. Cunningham, 310 Hummel street.

Charles E. Schaup, 36 South Seventeenth street, has returned home from New York after attending the automobile show.

Mrs. William Traxler and Miss Fern Traxler, 315 Birchfield street, are guests of relatives in Mt. Holly.

Frank Pendergast has returned to his studies at Villa Nova College after spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Pendergast, 915 North Second street.

Mrs. Elizabeth Newcomer has returned to her home in Maytown after a visit with her cousin, Mrs. Elizabeth Hanson, 422 South Thirteenth street.

Mr. and Mrs. David Sherman, Miss Rose Sherman, 652 Peffer street, attended the Sperling-Delson wedding in York.

Mr. and Mrs. Tobias Yoffee, of Steelton, have returned home after attending the Sperling-Delson wedding in York.

Mr. and Mrs. Blake Brubaker and Mrs. Campbell, of Williamsport, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Gaul, at Cameron Extension.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hoffman, 2350 Ellerslie street, have returned from Columbia, where they were guests of relatives.

Miss Mildred Witman has gone to her home in Lemoyne, after a visit with Miss Hilda Schlicter, 1805 Market street.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Williams, 425 North street, has returned from a visit to York.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Cohen, of Lewistown, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Baturin, 600 State street.

Miss Marian Strouse has returned to Irving College, after spending the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Strouse, 1632 North Second street.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Baturin, Miss Helen Baturin, 1404 Market street, are visiting friends in York.

Miss Marie Bowers, of Middletown, is the guest of her sister, Miss Ellen Bowers, 1540 Derry street.

Mrs. Sara Mercer, of Williamsport, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Mercer, 1320 Vernon street.

Earl Smith, 1806 North Fifth street, spent the week-end at Sunbury.

Mr. and Mrs. James Pennell, 1525 North Sixth street, have returned from Philadelphia, where they visited their daughter, Mrs. O. E. Huber.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Dennis, 230 Maclay street, were called to Ligonier, to attend the funeral of the latter's brother, Edward Lowry, Pittsburgh.

Miss Helen Chandler, 612 Reily street, spent the week-end at Sunbury.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sausser, of Millersburg, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Weschuer, 1725 North Sixth street.

Mrs. John Slough has returned to Lancaster after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. B. Frank Snavely, 105 Calder street.

William McCorkle, 2035 Penn street, spent yesterday at Chambersburg.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Mitchell, of Boston, have returned after a visit with their daughter, Mrs. William Scott Hall, 1206 North Fifteenth street.

Miss Lillian Wood and Miss Lulu Wood, of Troy, N. Y., have returned home after a visit at the home of Mrs. C. Steever, 1248 Walnut street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Ennis, Sr., and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Dunkle, 2338 North Sixth street, spent the week-end at their cottage at Perdix.

Mrs. M. M. Shetron, of Carlisle, has returned to her home from a several weeks' visit with Mr. and Mrs. S. Wilbur Shetron, 709 Garfield street.

Miss Clara Lefever, of Christiana, returned to her home on Saturday, after a visit with Mrs. Jacob McCorkle, 2035 Penn street.

Miss Olive Himes, 2041 Penn street, has gone to Shippensburg, where she has enrolled as a student at the State Normal school.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Bensyl, 440 Crescent street, are spending some time in Pittsburgh and Chicago.

George Schillinger, of Gettysburg College, and John Schillinger, of Philadelphia, have been called to this city by the death of their grandmother, Mrs. Schillinger, 112 South Fourteenth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Johnson and son, Robert Johnson, 1817 Derry street, were recent visitors to Danville.

Miss Ruth Koons, 2121 North Third street, has returned to Hood College, Frederick, Md., after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Koons.

Mrs. T. K. Sykes has returned to her home in Olean, N. Y., after spending a fortnight with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Moses Cohen, 314 Calder street.

Mrs. Charles Ising has gone to her home in Shiremanstown, after a little visit with her daughter, Mrs. John Whistler, 322 South Thirteenth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Mose Katzman, 18 North Seventeenth street, have returned home from York after attending the Sperling-Delson wedding.

Pat Reagan has resumed his studies at Villa Nova College after visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Reagan, Steelton.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Krause, 91 North Seventeenth street, have returned from York.

Myers-Deckman Wedding

Washingtonboro, Jan. 11.—A pretty wedding was solemnized yesterday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Deckman, when their eldest daughter, Miss Rose Deckman, was married to Ralph Myers, of Lancaster, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. S. Thomas Lippincott, of the Methodist church. The couple was unattended. A reception followed.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR

Let Me Prove That I Can Rid You of It Quickly, Easily, Without Pain or Injury

Free Coupon Below Brings You My Help

"From deep despair to joyful satisfaction was the change in my feelings when I found an easy method to cure a distressingly bad growth of Superfluous Hair, after many failures and repeated disappointments.

I will send (absolutely free and without obligation) to any other sufferer full and complete description of how I cured the hair so that it has never returned. If you have a hair growth you wish to destroy quit wasting your money on worthless powders, pastes and liquids, or the dangerous electric needle; learn from me the safe and painless method I found. Simply send your name and address (stating whether Mrs. or Miss) and a 2 cent stamp for reply, addressed to Mrs. Kathryn Jenkins, Suite 451, B. P. Wentworth Bldg., Boston, Mass.

FREE COUPON This certificate entitles any reader of the Harrisburg Star-Independent to Mrs. Jenkins' free confidential instructions for the banishment of Superfluous Hair, if sent with 2c stamp for postage. Cut out and pin to your letter. Good for immediate use only. Address Mrs. Kathryn Jenkins, Suite 451, B. P. Wentworth Bldg., Boston, Mass.

SPECIAL NOTICE: We earnestly advise every lady who wishes to be rid of the disfigurement of Superfluous Hair to accept above offer at once. This remarkable offer is sincere and genuine, the standing of the donor being unquestioned.

"BUNCOMBE"

It Don't Always Pay to Be Skeptical

When a newspaper writer and proof reader that works nights can feed himself out of dyspepsia, which most all that class suffer with, it is worth while to know the kind of food used.

This man says:

"Being a newspaper writer and proof reader, also a graduate in medicine as well, though not practicing, makes a combination that would produce a skeptic on the subject if anything would.

"Day after day I read the proof on the Grape-Nuts advertisements with the feeling that they were all "buncombe." All this time I was suffering from dyspepsia from the improper food I was eating at the restaurant.

"One day I saw a package of Grape-Nuts at the restaurant and tried some with cream. The food took my fancy at once. After a few lunches on it at midnight I noted an improvement in my feelings, and was able to work with less fatigue.

"I have used Grape-Nuts as a regular diet since then, and have improved greatly. The old dyspepsia and bad feelings that I thought were necessary adjuncts to night work disappeared, and I am able to do much more and better work with less effort than ever before.

"I was nearly ready to give up and seek health in some other walk in life but thanks to my change in diet I am now all right." "There's a Reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.—Adv.

TO WED AMERICAN GUNNER

Engagement of Miss Robinson and Charles H. Anderson, Announced

MISS MARY B. ROBINSON OF CHICAGO

The engagement of Miss Mary B. Robinson to Mr. Charles H. Anderson, chief gunner, U. S. N., has been announced by Miss Robinson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Robinson, of Chicago. No date has been set for the wedding. Mr. Anderson is at present detailed to duty on board the United States battle ship Texas.

SWEATER SALE

Every style and color Sweater in the shop reduced.

$5.00 Grade,	$3.50
$6.00 Grade,	$4.25
$6.50 Grade,	$4.50
$10.00 Grade,	$7.50

Onyx Silk Hose.

35c Silk Lisle, 17c, 3 for	50c
50c Silk, 35c, 3 for	$1.00
$1.50 Silk,	$1.00

Manhattan Shirts Reduced

FORRY'S 3rd St. Near Walnut

REPLY OF BRITAIN IS DISAPPOINTING

U. S. Officials Not Altogether Satisfied With Answer to American Protest

NOTE COUCHED IN FRIENDLY TONE

But Long Diplomatic Correspondence Conceding Principles of American Case Will Not Meet Complaints of Exports and Shippers

By Associated Press.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The United States government, it became known today, is not altogether satisfied with the note of Sir Edward Grey giving Great Britain's preliminary reply to President Wilson's protest concerning the treatment of American commerce by the French fleet.

While gratified that Great Britain admits the justice of practically all the principles of international law cited in the American note, officials reiterated to-day that the chief difficulty had been England's neglect to make her actual practice square with the previously accepted rules of international law.

It is realized by officials here that a long diplomatic correspondence conceding the principles of the American case but not actually carrying them into practice will not meet the complaints of American exporters and shippers and although England's, supplementary answer is expected to give a more detailed statement of her position, officials plan to take up vigorously all individual cases which may meanwhile arise.

Friendly Tone of British Note

Officials are keenly appreciative of the friendly tone of the British note and of the promises it makes for redress in case of unwarranted injury to American commerce. They point out, however, that the note in its citation of statistics had not taken up one of the chief points of the American argument.

The British statistics were brought forward to argue that American commerce with neutral countries had not suffered as seriously as had been represented, but administration officials here contend that one of the chief purposes of the American protest was to prevent depletion of American commerce by continuation of British practices. The American note, they said, was framed with the very idea of forestalling destruction of American trade.

Figures Cited Misleading

Figures cited in the British note, in the view of officials here, are misleading because much of the non-contraband goods which ordinarily go direct to Germany and Austria has really been shipped to neutral countries because of the scarcity of ships that would dare risk passage through mine fields of German ports.

Similarly, the desire of Germany and Austria to us all surplus production has deprived contiguous countries of many raw materials, which they now are compelled to import from the United States. Such increases in total exports from the United States, officials here say, would conceal the real injury to some American industries because of their apparent growth in trade with individual countries.

Detaining of Many American Ships

England's statement that out of 773 ships which proceeded from the United States to neutral countries in Europe since the outbreak of the war, only 45 had had cargoes placed in the prize courts, while only 8 of the ships themselves had gotten into the courts was regarded by officials and diplomats here as proving that the bulk of American commerce was of legitimate character and had yielded only 45 doubtful cases. There is no mention made in the British note, on the other hand, of the large number of American ships which were detained, some of them for two weeks, for extended examination.

In the next communication which the United States will send to England as a rejoinder the British view that ships must be taken into ports for examination instead of being searched on the high seas is expected to be vigorously disputed. There is some doubt, not infrequently expressed here among officials, of whether the practice of the British fleet practically blockading the high seas instead of German ports themselves is not contrary to the fundamental principles of the law.

Inspection of Cargoes

It is not unlikely that when the American reply is finally sent, the State Department will give out statistics showing when and where American ships have been detained. It is admitted at the State Department that the action of some American exporters and ship masters has placed the British in possession of a strong argument in favor of its present position. But with the recent arrangements for having outgoing cargoes loaded under the inspection of treasury officials and with the system of licenses which the British note states has been arranged to insure rubber and perhaps wool exported from America from reaching Germany and Austria, officials are inclined to believe that the way soon will be open for a complete satisfactory understanding between the two governments in regard to the treatment of neutral shipping, and they are encouraged in that belief by the frank and responsive tone of the British note.

Great Britain's Reply

Washington, Jan. 11.—Great Britain's reply to President Wilson's protest against interference with American shipping was given out by the State Department last night. The main contentions of England are as follows:

"The British Government concur in the principle enunciated by the United States that a belligerent should not interfere in trade between neutrals unless necessary to protect the belligerent's safety."

"Much misconception exists as to the extent to which we have interfered with trade. The adverse effect upon certain industries is due to diminished purchasing power of France, Germany and the United Kingdom."

The heavy increase in copper shipments to neutral European countries is pointed out, and "the presumption is very strong that the bulk of copper has been intended for the use of a belligerent who cannot import it direct."

It is admitted "that foodstuffs should not be detained without presumption that they are intended for the enemy, though we cannot give an unconditional undertaking in view of the departure of those against whom we are fighting from hitherto accepted rules of civilization."

From August 4 to January 3 there were 773 ships sailing from the United States to European ports. Cargoes of forty-five were brought before the Prize Court, but only eight ships themselves have been trated likewise, and one of these has been released.

Rubber and Cotton Shipments

"It is essential that where there is ground for suspecting the presence of contraband, vessels should be brought into port for examination."

It is declared that rubber has been shipped under another designation to escape notice and that "we have been warned that copper will be concealed in bales of cotton."

"We are confronted with the growing danger that neutral countries contiguous to the enemy will become, on a scale hitherto unprecedented, a base of supplies for the armed soldiers of our enemies."

The change in policy by the United States in prohibiting publication of manifests till thirty days after departure of vessels "has made it necessary to examine and detain more ships than would have been the case if the former practice had continued."

"His Majesty's government would gladly enter into an arrangement by which mistakes can be avoided and reparation secured promptly."

England's Debt of Gratitude

London, Jan. 11, 12.57 P. M.—The London afternoon papers commenting on the reply of Foreign Secretary Grey to the American note concerning unwarranted interference with America's shipping, are unanimous in calling attention to Great Britain's debt of gratitude to the United States and her resire to repay it by interfering with American trade as little as is necessary to secure the safety of this country and her allies.

The papers take the ground that the Foreign Secretary's facts and figures, unless they can be explained or rebutted, prove that enormous supplies necessary to the prosecution of the war have reached the enemy under cover of neutral trade. The "Westminster Gazette" says:

"A belligerent is guarding his own interests. No obligation rests upon a neutral to help a belligerent or to prevent the embarkation of contraband. We do not wish to throw the slightest responsibility on the United States but in dealing with a friendly neutral we can in a variety of ways consult his convenience and the people of the United States may be assured that we will do whatever possible to mitigate the state of war to them. Closer co-operation between the two governments will have good results."

What Every Briton Will Approve

The "Pall Mall Gazette" says: "Foreign Secretary Grey's reply was just what every Briton will approve who warmly desires the friendship of the United States, but who also is determined that no legitimate weapon shall be sheatned which can be used to bring the war to a speedy and successful conclusion."

The "Globe" expresses the opinion that Sir Edward Grey's "frank and friendly reply goes in some directions even further toward meeting the wishes of the United States than some of us think." The "Globe" suggests that the principal trouble over the question of contraband has arisen through the change in the American practice and the present prohibition of the publication of ships manifests until thirty days after the vessels have left American ports. In this connection the paper says:

"If the consequent detention is inconvenient and injurious to American trade the American government has the remedy in its own hands."

American Shippers Discuss Reply

London, Jan. 11, 2.12 P. M.—The opinion prevails among American shipping agents in London that Washington will answer the British preliminary reply to the American shipping note, because of what they term its exparte nature. While Great Britain made it clearer that no reply was expected until she had given her own final answer which probably will be within a fortnight, American shippers believe there are certain phases of the preliminary note which require explanation.

"The failure of the British reply to explain that copper and other American exports to neutral countries probably were forwarded in large quantities to Russia is looked upon as an important omission. Another point dwelt upon by shipping agents is the fact that Great Britain has not taken into the account the cutting off of the German exports to neutral countries, which of necessity must buy from the United States goods which cannot be had from Germany or England.

Considerable comment has been aroused by the fact that both the American note and the British response touched upon the chief grievance of shippers—the great delay in determining whether cargoes detained are contraband. Agents of American firms which have suffered from this condition feel that the actual statements of the annoyances and delays which shippers have endured would hasten an adjustment of differences more effectively than general statements without details of specific cases.

The Easiest Way To End Dandruff

There is one sure way that never fails to remove dandruff completely and that is to dissolve it. This destroys it entirely. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning most, if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy, every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop instantly, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive, and four ounces is all you will need. This simple remedy has never been known to fail. —Adv.

STAR-INDEPENDENT WANT ADS. BRING RESULTS.