

# GERMAN ATTACKS ON ALLIES' LEFT

### Their Apparent Cessation Are Considered in Paris to Be Only Momentary

## RUSHING 200,000 MEN TO REINFORCE

Reinforcements for Kaiser's Troops, It Is Declared, Have Been Drawn From All the Other Battle Lines in East and West

Paris, Oct. 29, 6.55 A. M.—The pause in the German attacks on the left of the allies, where the Germans have fought furiously in their efforts to march on the French ports of Dunkirk and Calais, is considered here to be only momentary.

Reliable reports are to the effect that heavy reinforcements are on their way and that when the German lines are strengthened by these forces, said to aggregate more than 200,000 men, fighting will go on with renewed ferocity. The reinforcement, it is declared, have been drawn from all the other battle lines, both in the east and west, in pursuance of the order of Emperor William that the French ports must be taken at all costs.

Reports say that the next German onslaught will be undertaken further away from the coast in order to avoid the devastating fire of the British and French warships which have thus far taken a prominent part in the battle of Flanders.

While operations in Flanders have been at a standstill the allies on the center and in the south have, according to the official communications, not only resisted the Germans but have made slight gains.

There was a resumption to-day of interest in the operations of the Wevre at least in the vicinity of St. Mihiel where the French offensive is said to have met with fresh successes.

### Cholera Reported in Spain

London, Oct. 29.—Dispatches from Copenhagen say the Cologne "Gazette" reports that an epidemic of cholera has broken out at Lisbon and that the Spanish Government has stopped all communication across the frontier.

### Ship 3,000 War Horses

Port Worth, Tex., Oct. 29.—The first shipment of 3,000 war horses from Port Worth to Montreal began yesterday. Trains will follow at regular intervals all week.

## You Can't Find a Pimple

After Using Stuart's Calcium Wafers Only Seven Days, Pimples Simply Disappear

The quick action of Stuart's Calcium Wafers cannot be described. One must see the effect on the skin after only one or two days.

They reach down into the blood, clean it as one does dirty linen, throw off all impurities in a natural way and thus the blood does not fill the skin with eruptions and discolorations in its attempt to get rid of injurious waste.



"If You Could Have Seen the Pimples I Used to Have. Ugh! The Nasty Things!"

The chief charm of Stuart's Calcium Wafers rests in their ability to very rapidly clean the blood of its impurities.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers have not a particle of poison in them. They are free from mercury, biting drugs or venomous opiates. This is absolutely guaranteed. They cannot do any harm, but they always do good—good that you can see in the mirror before your own eyes a few days after.

Don't be any longer humiliated by having a splotchy face. Don't have strangers stare at you, or allow your friends to be ashamed of you because of your face.

Your blood makes you what you are. The men and women who forge ahead are those with pure blood and pure faces.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers will make you happy because your face will be a welcome sight not only to yourself when you look into the glass, but to everybody else who knows you and talks to you.

We want to prove to you that Stuart's Calcium Wafers are beyond doubt the best and quickest blood and skin purifiers in the world and the surest, quickest way to do this is to tell you that thousands of men and women, boys and girls have used them for all manner of impure blood conditions and skin troubles. Go to your druggist this very day and buy a box, price 50c. A small sample package will be mailed free to anyone who will address F. A. Stuart, Co., 175 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

# CHRISTIAN SOLDIER

## The Fight Is On! Take Your Place On the Firing Line!

### ORDERS OF THE DAY



"Now it is high time to awake out of sleep; for now is our salvation nearer than when we believed."—Rom. 13, 11.  
"Take unto you the whole armor of God, that ye may be able to stand in the evil day, and having done all to stand."—Eph. 6, 13,  
"Look to yourselves that we lose not those things which we have wrought, but that we have a full reward."—2 John 1, 8.

## "Shout, For The Lord Hath Given You the City!" Josh. 6, 16



Every Public Spirited Citizen should  
Everyone Who Believes in Social Betterment should  
Everyone Who Has a Soul To Save should  
Every Christian in Harrisburg should

## ATTEND THE TABERNACLE NEXT SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 1st

# THE STOUGH EVANGELISTIC CAMPAIGN,

Tabernacle at State and Cowden Streets, Harrisburg, Pa.

## COUNT ARRESTED 32 TIMES AFTER LEAVING CARLSBAD

New York, Oct. 29.—How a British army officer was conveyed half way across the German empire into France, disguised and acting as a chauffeur to Count De Bisencena Villafrance, of Naples, Italy, was related by the Count on his arrival here yesterday on the steamer Carpathia.

"With my wife and chauffeur, I was motoring in Germany when war was declared," said the Count. "At Carlsbad I met the British officer, who was an old friend. He asked if he could join my party as my chauffeur and I consented. We were arrested nine times before reaching France. Only once was the identity of my friend suspected and that was when he unconsciously returned the military salute of a sentry who held us up."

"In France our troubles continued. During the seven days after we left Carlsbad we were arrested thirty-two times, and I was accused in turn of being a spy of British, French, Russian, Austrian and Italian nationality. I speak all these languages fluently, however, and perhaps that was the reason."

## CZAR'S ARMY OF 8,000,000 BEGINS TO SHOW INFLUENCE

London, Oct. 29, 3.57 A. M.—The Petrograd correspondent of the "Daily Mail" sends the following regarding the fighting in Russia:

"The Germans are astounded and disheartened to always find themselves pitted against fresh troops full of energy. The secret of this lies in the Russian plan of keeping an immense reserve for every army, changing regiments frequently and never leaving the same men on the firing line long enough to become stale."

## OVER 10,000 BELGIANS FELL IN DIXMUE-NEUPORT FIGHT

London, Oct. 29, 3.29 A. M.—The correspondent of the "Daily Mail" in northern France, dealing with the enormous sacrifices and the devoted courage of the Belgians, says:

"Over 10,000 have been killed or wounded, which is a quarter of their whole force operating in the coast battle. They have been defending a strip of territory from Dixmude to Neuport, a region hardly bigger than a big German farm."

## FALLIERES SEES LONG WAR; PREDICTS ALLIES' VICTORY

Paris, Oct. 29.—That the war is only beginning is the opinion expressed by Armand Fallieres, ex-President of France, in an interview published by the newspaper "France de Bordeaux," says a dispatch to the Havas News Agency from the French temporary seat of Government.

"Months and months," M. Fallieres says, "will be required to overcome the military power of the Germans, but this does not produce discouragement in France. Our country has acquired the new virtue of constancy and effort."

"We shall certainly be victorious, for without reckoning our ardent patriotism and our inexhaustible moral and material resources, we have on our side Russia and Great Britain, with their strength and tenacity, and Belgium, as well as Serbia; and, finally, we possess the moral support of entire humanity which loves the ideal of liberty."

"We are fighting for our land, our homes, our wives and our children, but the admirable Belgians are struggling for their honor and for the respect of their plighted word. What an example for the world, in front of a savage Germany and Emperor intoxicated with pride!"

"The right will not fall and France will not perish. Should we sacrifice our last man, and should we be compelled to call on our last reserves, I am ready to go. There is only one motto—absolute confidence."

## DISCUSS WAYS AND MEANS OF CONSERVING GERMANY'S FOOD SUPPLY DURING 1915

Berlin, Oct. 28, Via London, Oct. 29, 3.07 A. M.—The Bundesrath met to-day (Wednesday) to discuss ways and means of conserving the food supply for the people during the coming year and decided that, with certain expedients, the grain supply would be ample until the 1915 crop had been harvested. The mills will be allowed to convert larger percentages of grain into flour; ten per cent. of rye may be added to wheat flour, and twenty per cent. of potato flour added to rye.

It was also decided to prohibit the feeding of wheat and rye to live stock, whereas heretofore one-fourth of the rye yield was consumed in this manner. It was further decided to restrict the amount of rye used for distilling spirits to sixty per cent. of the normal consumption. The hoarding of grain for speculative purposes is prohibited and compulsory selling under expropriating proceedings provided for. The Bundesrath adopted a scale of maximum prices for grain.

The maximum price for rye is 220 marks (\$55 a ton for Berlin, with a proportional difference for other cities. The price of wheat remains forty marks higher than rye.

The German Red Cross has received a contribution of 150,000 marks (\$37,500) from the German-Austrian relief committee of Chicago. A contribution of 200,000 marks has already been received from this committee.

## TAKES DELIGHT IN DIRECTING FIRE AGAINST OWN CHATEAU

Paris, Oct. 29, 11.15 A. M.—The Countess De Chambrun, formerly Miss Clara Longworth, of Cincinnati, a sister of ex-Congressman Nicholas Longworth, who was at one time the French military attaché at Washington and is now an officer of an artillery company at the front. In his letter Count De Chambrun says:

"I am now having the great pleasure of directing the artillery fire against our own chateau and I take great enjoyment in seeing piece after piece come down."

The De Chambrun chateau is near St. Mihiel, where a stubborn struggle has been going on for six weeks since that point has been occupied by the Germans.

## Airships Pass Over Hasselt

London, Oct. 29, 7.50 A. M.—Eight airships passed over Hasselt, on the German-Belgian frontier, going westward and evidently making for Brussels and Antwerp, where it had previously been stated Zeppelin sheds were being constructed, according to a Rotterdam dispatch to the "Daily Mail."

## Queen Sophie as a Commander

Paris, Oct. 29, 8 A. M.—A dispatch from Athens to the Havas Agency says that the forward march of the Grecian troops, who are going to assist in the occupation of southern Albania, proceeded in perfect order, but amid great enthusiasm of the people. Queen Sophie has been named as honorary commander of the first regiment of the National Guard.

## \$40,225,000 DAILY COST OF EUROPE'S GIGANTIC WAR

Correspondence of the Associated Press. Paris, Oct. 29.—The war bill which Europe is meeting daily is now figured up as follows:

|              |                     |
|--------------|---------------------|
| Russia       | \$14,000,000        |
| Germany      | 7,225,000           |
| France       | 7,000,000           |
| England      | 5,000,000           |
| Austria      | 4,000,000           |
| Various      | 3,000,000           |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>\$40,225,000</b> |

The French appropriation is from official figures as announced by M. Ribot, Minister of Finance; the English estimate by the London "Statist"; the German from "an authoritative source" in a Geneva paper, and the other sums from various conservative estimates which have appeared in one place or another. The item "various" represents the probable expense to which Serbia, Belgium and the neutral countries of Switzerland, Italy, Rumania, Turkey, Greece, Holland and Denmark have been put.

The vast total does not include the destruction of property where fighting is taking place, nor the well-nigh incalculable losses to Europe of 20,000,000 men under arms being taken from production. There are no indications in France that exhaustion has set in, but it is evident that the accumulated treasure of even the richest country on the continent is being poured out at a rate that adds \$200,000,000 a month to the national debt.

## Austrian Artillery Is Active

London, Oct. 29, 3.55 A. M.—An official statement issued Wednesday afternoon by the Austrian general headquarters is contained in a dispatch to Reuters Telegram Company from Vienna by way of Amsterdam. It says: "In Galicia yesterday there was no change. In some parts of the line our adversaries are strongly entrenched. Our heavy artillery destroyed several points of support of the hostile batteries."

## Mutual Exchange of Combatants

London, Oct. 29, 8.52 A. M.—A Petrograd dispatch to the "Times" states that the British and Russian governments have agreed to mutually arrangement to exchange of combatants and technical forces, the details of which will be announced later.

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## MAURICE OF BATTENBERG DIES FROM WOUNDS IN WAR

London, Oct. 29.—Prince Maurice of Battenberg, grandson of Queen Victoria, died yesterday of wounds received at the front in France. He was a lieutenant in the King's Royal Rifles. He was 23 years of age.

Prince Maurice Victor Donald of Battenberg was the youngest son of Prince Henry of Battenberg, who married Princess Beatrice, a sister of the late King Edward. The Prince was the brother-in-law of King Alfonso of Spain.

Since 1911 the Prince had been a second lieutenant in the King's Royal Rifle corps. Field Marshal Sir John French, commander-in-chief of the British expeditionary force in France, in his report to Minister of War Kitchener, given out on October 18, last, mentioned the Prince for meritorious service in the field.

Prince Maurice was the first member of the British royal family to be killed in the present war. King George and Queen Mary visited Kensington palace yesterday afternoon to condole with Princess Henry, his mother.

Two brothers of Prince Maurice also went to the front. Lieutenant Prince Alexander, of the Royal Grenadier Guards, and Lieutenant Prince Leopold, of the King's Royal Rifle corps. Prince Leopold was invalided home recently, suffering from an injury to his knee, the result of a fall.

Prince Henry of Battenberg, father of the three Princes, died of typhoid fever while on service in the Ashanti.

## RUSHING SOLDIERS TO TAKE CALAIS BY ORDER OF KAISER

London, Oct. 29, 7.40 A. M.—Telegraphing from Copenhagen the correspondent of the "Times" says:

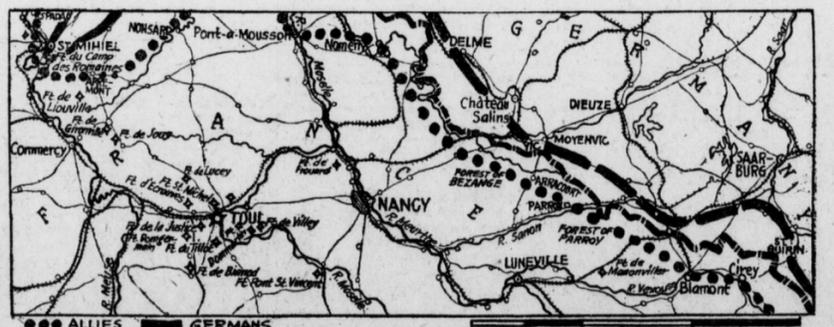
"It is learned in Berlin that from all parts of the east and west battle fronts, soldiers are being rushed to Belgium in response to the order of Emperor William to take Calais at all costs. It is semi-officially announced that the Germans will be able to control the southern part of the North Sea as soon as they possess Calais."

"All the entrances to Cuxhaven, by land and by sea have been closed by imperial command. No civilians are allowed in the vicinity of the harbor which is crowded with floating batteries, Zeppelins and submarines."

## GERMAN SUBMARINES SENT BY RAIL TO BELGIAN COAST

Amsterdam via London, Oct. 29, 7.30 A. M.—A dispatch from Sluis, Holland, to the "Handelsblad" asserts that parts of several submarines have been sent from Germany by railway to Zebrugge on the Belgian coast, where they will be put together and the boats then sent against the British fleet off Ostend.

Strict secrecy, according to the Sluis correspondent surrounds the German movements in Belgium and all railways communication to Zebrugge is interrupted. Cycle and motor traffic is also forbidden. A map in the possession of the German commander at Bruges shows a straight line from Maria Kerke, running south, beyond which no civilians are allowed to go.



## GERMANS DRIVEN BACK INTO LORRAINE AND THE FRENCH ON ROAD TO METZ.

The French have driven the Germans back across the Lorraine frontier in the region of Nancy, according to official reports, defeating them between the forest of Bezange and the forest of Farroy. All of the district near Nancy to Pont-a-Mousson and Pagny is now cleared of German troops, and the French are pushing forward resolutely toward Metz, which lies northwest of Pagny.

## FAMOUS BOER GENERAL WHO IS LEADING REVOLT AGAINST ENGLAND



GENERAL CHRISTIAN DE WET

General Christian De Wet, famous Boer general and Minister of Agriculture, of the Western Transvaal and the Orange River Colony of South Africa, an English possession, is reported to be the leader of a new rebellion started in the colony. It is asserted that his chief lieutenant is Brigadier General Christian Frederick Beyers, until recently commandant general of the citizen forces of the Union. Both these officers were mentioned in the first reports of the disaffection of sections of the Boer and African population.

Raising Sunken Ships at Antwerp  
Amsterdam, via London, Oct. 29, 4.10 A. M.—According to an Antwerp telegram to the Rhenania Transport Company, of Mannheim, some of the ships sunk in the port of Antwerp by

troops of the allies have been raised and the river is again navigable. An inventory of the goods in the raised vessels is being made. The Antwerp government has invited bids for the raising of the remainder of the sunken ships.

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