

EASY WEEKLY TERMS

Our Plan



- We clothe men, women and children on small weekly payments.
- We mark every price in plain figures and we guarantee every garment.
- We make no charge for alterations. Most stores do, but we save you from \$1 to \$3 on every garment in that way.
- You take the garments when you make the first payment. No waiting; no delay; you pay us while wearing, and that is always the most satisfactory way.
- We have separate departments for men's and women's garments and we are ready to show you the season's latest styles.

Start Your Account With Us This Week



Those New Tartan Plaids For Men—\$12 up.

ASKIN & MARINE CO.

36 N. Second Street, Corner of Walnut
WILLIAM HOFFMAN, Manager

SEVERAL BLAST FURNACES IN WEST HAVE BLOWN OUT

Still Lower Rate of Operations Is in Prospect Since Shipments on Contracts Have Been for Some Time in Excess of New Orders

New York, Oct. 23.—The "Iron Age" says that with mill operations averaging 50 per cent, or less and with no tangible evidence that a better scale of buying is near at hand, sentiment in the steel trade is not improved. The belief that October would show the low point both in operations and new buying was expressed in high quarters as the month came in, but it is now only a hope. The small buying waves of January-February and June-July then came in, but it is now only a hope. These small buying waves of January-February and June-July seemed to indicate that the late fall would bring another, but the war has upset all such calculations.

Several blast furnaces in the Central West have blown out in October, while others are scheduled to stop, and it is reported from Pittsburgh that a large steel plant in that district will close down before the end of the month. It is true that in some lines the amount of business has not shown a progressive falling off in October, but shipments on contracts have been for some time so much in excess of new orders that a still lower rate of operations is in prospect.

In contrast with the monotonous repetition of depressed conditions in iron and steel are the reports from the machine tool trade. There the war has brought a large business from foreign governments and from manufacturers at home who needed new equipment to get out foreign war orders on time. Accumulated stocks of tools have been taken up in this movement, and makers have felt warranted in a number of cases in increasing working forces, which in August and September were down to the smallest in months.

Thus far the foundry trade has felt only a slight effect from the improvement in machine tools, as activity in the latter industry would compensate in but small degree for the slack demand for railroad and agricultural castings. Chicago advices are that some betterment in foundry operations in that district, from which reports for a number of weeks have been particularly gloomy, is indicated by increased inquiry for coke.

Prices for foundry iron are lower even without the strain of any considerable inquiry, \$12.75 being currently done on No. 2 foundry iron at Ohio furnaces, while Buffalo \$12.25 is reported. Very little consideration has been given to buying for 1915 delivery. Indications are that a good deal of iron bought for 1914 will not be melted before February.

Light is thrown on the ferro-manganese situation by British export statistics, which show 13,000 tons shipped to the United States in that month, or considerably more than the average of importations from all countries in 1913.

Great Britain imported 50,000 tons of manganese ores last month, against 37,000 tons in September, 1913. The embargo laid by the Indian government on manganese ore shipments to the United States means that British producers of ferro-manganese will have their needs fully supplied from India, while the closing of the Dardanelles cuts off shipments from the Caucasus.

ODD FELLOWS A BIG ORDER

State Three-link Brethren Have 157,751 Members on Rolls—Sovereign Grand Lodge Gains

Portsmouth, Pa., Oct. 23.—Presentation of reports featured the closing session yesterday afternoon of the Grand Encampment of Pennsylvania Odd Fellows. Thomas F. Gross, of Philadelphia, and Cleon Ciquelais, of Pittsburgh, representatives to the Sovereign Grand Lodge, made a report showing the total income during the past year was \$18,956,699.48, an increase of \$27,851.20 over the previous year; total invested funds, \$66,623,748. Grand Scribe Ritter, of Philadelphia, reported that Pennsylvania leads in Odd Fellowship. It has 157,751 lodge members, while New York is second with 126,394. It also leads in encampment membership with 19,147, with Indiana second.

One of the final acts was the installation by Acting Grand Marshal W. D. Wiley, of Pittsburgh, of the following new officers: Grand patriarch, Samuel H. Pope, Philadelphia; grand high priest, Edward W. Snyder, Shamokin; grand senior warden, George B. McDowell, Pittsburgh; grand junior warden, George H. Banes, Philadelphia; grand scribe, Edwin L. Ritter, Philadelphia; grand treasurer, J. Henry Beitel, Philadelphia; grand marshal, James Roach, Philadelphia; grand sentinel, Charles Entwisle, Philadelphia; grand outside sentinel, Joseph W. Derr, Philadelphia.

New Grand Patriarch Pope, of Philadelphia, was presented by his subordinate lodge with a traveling suitcase and by his encampment with a toilet set. The Shamokin Encampment presented the new grand high priest, Snyder, with a bouquet of beautiful flowers. The special prize for exemplification of the second or the Golden Rule degree was awarded to Temple Encampment No. 100.

William Douglass, representative to the Rebekah Home, Philadelphia, reported that there are fourteen sisters in the home at the present time.

Tired, Nervous Men and Women

who are languid, sleepless and physically run-down get immediate relief and lasting benefits from the regular use of Scott's Emulsion after meals. Its chief constituent is nature's greatest body-building force to strengthen the organs and nerve centers, grain by grain, to rebuild physical and mental energy. No alcohol or opiate in SCOTT'S. Refuse Substitutes.



MONEY SAVING

Ladies' Suits, Coats, Dresses and Skirts

75 Ladies' Suits and 50 Ladies' Coats
For This Sale
Values up to \$20. Choice at \$10

150 Ladies' Dresses and 100 Misses' Coats
For This Sale
Values up to \$12. Choice at \$5

125 Ladies' All Wool Serge Skirts and 100 Coats for Children
For This Sale
Choice at \$3

SALE

\$10

\$5

\$3

Men's Suits, Balmacaan Coats & Boys' Suits

200 Men's Suits and 50 Balmacaan Coats
For This Sale
Values up to \$20. Choice at \$10

100 Boys' Suits and 50 Boys' Top Coats
Values up to \$10.
Choice at \$5

50 Boys' All Wool Suits In Fancy Mixtures
For This Sale Only
Choice at \$3. Worth \$7

CASH No. 9 **LIVINGSTON'S** No. 9 **CREDIT**

If You Have It. SOUTH MARKET SQUARE If You Want It.

THE NETHERLANDS RANKS HIGH IN ITS COMMERCE

Little Kingdom's Large Foreign Trade Attributed in Part to Favorable Location of Country For Transshipment of Goods

Washington, D. C., Oct. 23.—The Netherlands, with a population of 6,144,000 and an area of 13,171 square miles, has a foreign trade of nearly three billion dollars. According to revised figures for 1912, published in "Commercial Relations of the United States," imports were valued at \$1,452,468,168, a gain of \$112,491,200 over 1911, while exports were \$1,251,472,027, an increase of \$133,052,446 over the preceding year. Though the Netherlands is a very small country, slightly larger than the State of Maryland, it ranks among the leading commercial nations of the world. Its imports are 90 per cent, as much as those of France with a population six times as great, and its exports are about 60 per cent, as much as those of Germany with a population ten times as great.

This unusually large commerce of the Netherlands is explained by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, as being due (1) To the favorable location of that country for the transshipment of goods destined for, or originating in, European countries and sections distant from the seaboard. (2) To the fact that in the Dutch statistics foreign goods destined ultimately to some other country are not rigorously excluded from special trade statements; hence it frequently happens that the same goods appear both in the import and export accounts, unduly swelling each in comparison with the commercial returns of most other European countries. (3) To the peculiar system of valuations for trade statistics in practice in the Netherlands. Except in cases where imported merchandise is dutiable and a statement of declared values is necessary for the ascertainment of revenues (amounting to about 10 per cent, of the total imports) all values in its trade accounts are "official," that is, fixed by a commission and frequently varying from actual values. As many articles are given the same unit valuation as that fixed a half century ago, they do not reflect the lower price levels which have meantime been established. To this extent the trade figures of the Netherlands are abnormal and not comparable with those of other leading nations.

Ten per cent, of the imports into the Netherlands are stated as being from the United States, compared with 29 per cent, from Germany, 14 per cent, from the Dutch East Indies, about 10 per cent, each from Belgium and the United Kingdom, 8 per cent, from Russia, and nearly 3 per cent, from Argentina. The Netherlands sends direct to this country only 4.4 per cent, of its exports, compared with 5 per cent, to the Dutch East Indies, 12 per cent, to Belgium, 20 per cent, to the United Kingdom, and 50 per cent, to Germany. Present conditions in Europe have, of course, greatly modified the extent and distribution of Dutch trade as well as that of other countries. Thus exports to the Netherlands from the United States dropped from \$13,714,345 in August, 1913, to \$2,524,488 in August last; while our imports therefrom in the same period increased from \$2,605,396 to \$3,446,042.

Four great groups of articles supply one-half the total value of Dutch imports. These are breadstuffs (chiefly

COMMITTEE REPORTS AT PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD

Higher Salaries for Ministers Urged—Home Mission Board Asks for \$40,000 This Year—Spiritual Welfare of Tubercular Sanatorium Inmates

Erie, Pa., Oct. 23.—Reports of standing committees took up the entire time of yesterday's meetings of the State Presbyterian Synod in the Central church. The commissioners present at these sessions were the guests of the ladies of the First Presbyterian church for dinner at noon.

The report of the committee on synodical home missions, by Dr. George P. Wilson, took up the report of the permanent committee on these missions and endorsed that given by the Rev. Dr. C. C. Hays, of Johnstown, chairman of the latter committee. Work among foreigners, aid-receiving churches, better salaries for pastors, federation and presbyteries budgeting their funds were discussed.

Dr. Hays said that the Beaver presbytery has adopted a rule that no minister shall receive less than \$900 and a manse. In the towns the minimum shall be \$1,000 and manse. The Huntingdon presbytery has adopted a minimum of \$900 and a manse, and the Washington presbytery has set \$1,000 as its lowest salary.

A new phase of work is that of looking after the spiritual welfare of the inmates of the tubercular sanatoriums established by the State at Mont Alto, Cresson and Hamburg. An application has been received from Blairville for \$300 to hold services at the Cresson sanatorium. The committee urged that this money be appropriated, and that similar work be done at the other sanatoriums.

HUDSON BAY WORK HALTS

Steamers Coming Out From Great Terminal Project as Winter Sets In

St. John's, N. F., Oct. 23.—Immense masses of ice, driven to and fro with every change of wind, have remained in Hudson bay throughout the summer and fall, according to advices from the steamer Bonaventure, under charter to the Canadian government, which has just returned from the second of two trips this season to Port Nelson.

The season's work at that port, where the government is preparing a terminal for the Hudson Bay railway, is practically ended, and the other steamers which have carried men and materials there will leave shortly.

Surveying and meteorological parties, which have been studying conditions in the bay, will come out on the cruiser Arcadia.

Work on the breakwater in the Nelson estuary, where the government plans to create a safe harbor, has made considerable progress and it is expected that dredging will begin next summer.

CHIEF PHYSICIAN OF MASONIC HOME

Elizabethtown, Oct. 23.—Professor Edward H. Kirby has been selected as consulting and chief physician of the Masonic Home at this place. He is a resident of Philadelphia and a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, class of 1887. He is a member of the fraternity of the highest degree and also of the Lulu Temple, of that city.

FATAL ATTACK OF HEART DISEASE

Quarryville, Oct. 23.—Mrs. Harriet Swinehart, 61 years old, died yesterday of an attack of heart disease. She was a member of the Reformed church. Her maiden name was Shank and she was a descendant of the first inhabitants. Three children and a number of grandchildren survive.

SMALL FARM BRINGS BIG PRICE

Marietta, Oct. 23.—The valuable farm of twenty-three acres belonging to the late Ulysses G. Bard in East Earl township was sold for \$6,065 to Frank Hoover, which was the highest price ever paid for a farm in that township.

Ambition Pills

For Nervous People

The great nerve tonic—the famous Wendell's Ambition Pills—that will put vigor, vim and vitality into nervous tired out, all in, despondent people in a few days.

HORSES HANGED AT BRIDGE

Jump Over Abutment in Fear, and Collars Strangle Them

Lancaster, Pa., Oct. 23.—Maddened with fear of being struck by an automobile, two horses owned by John Morrison leaped over an abutment of Witmer's bridge across the Conestoga.

THE EASIEST WAY TO END DANDRUFF

Stop Falling Hair and Itching Scalp.

There is one sure way that never fails to remove dandruff completely and that is to dissolve it. This destroys it entirely. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

MAIMED BOY SCARES CROWD

With Hand Blown Off, He Runs Amuck, Screaming

Shenandoah, Pa., Oct. 23.—Anthony Karowski, 11 years old, found a large dynamite cap on the mountain yesterday afternoon, and when he reached the heart of the city put a lighted match under it, causing a terrific explosion. The boy's left hand was blown off and his head and face were terribly lacerated.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH

Honesdale, Pa., Oct. 23.—At day-break the charred body of Mrs. Wallace Lynn was found in bushes within fifty feet of her home which was destroyed by fire Wednesday night. Mrs. Lynn was alone in the house when the fire broke out.

HOTEL MAN FOUND DEAD

Pottsville, Pa., Oct. 23.—Joel A. Dinger, proprietor of the City hotel, was found dead in bed yesterday, having died suddenly from heart trouble. Mr. Dinger was 63 years old. Before becoming proprietor of the City hotel he conducted the Eagle hotel.

THREE MONTHS FOR GIVING FATAL DRUG

London, Oct. 23.—Orlando Edgar Miller, formerly of Chicago, who was convicted of having caused the death of Miss Kate Addison Scott, by the administration of a drug while she was a patient in a sanitarium conducted by him here, was sentenced yesterday to imprisonment for three months.

Ordered to Resist Vaccination