

dusty, we entered the city. We were in a bad plight, but our upper lip...
"What is it, Clem?" I asked, as he threw himself into a chair and dropped his head upon his chest with a despondent air.
"Frier," he replied, in a husky voice, "I'll never trust womankind again..."
"From your friend Raphael, distinctly related to the Rudio family," I replied.
"Enough, Frier, enough," he answered, as he waved his hand. "Aunt Sperry's sensitivities will not be shocked by my marrying a barberman's daughter..."

The Agitator.

CIRCULATION.....1,900.
P. C. VAN GELDER, Editor and Proprietor.

Wellshboro, Pa.,
Wednesday, Aug. 23, 1871.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
COL. DAVID STANTON,
OF BRADLEY.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:
COL. ROBERT B. BEATH,
OF SCOTTSVILLE.

County Ticket.

Representative,
JOHN F. MICHOLL.
For District Attorney,
J. STRANG.
For Associate Judge,
R. B. SMITH,
D. McNAUGHTON.
For Commissioner,
T. O. HOLLS.
For Auditor,
A. P. PACKARD.

Tioga County Republican Convention.

The returns judged from the various election districts in the county, pursuant to the instructions given by the Republican County Committee, convened at the Court House, in Wellshboro, on Tuesday, the 15th of August, for the purpose of summing up the aggregate votes cast at the Republican primary meetings held on the 13th inst.

The roll of the districts being called, the following named persons responded:

Hess, Stephen Bowen; Brookfield, W. C. Seelye; Chatham, S. W. Love; Charleston, L. G. Dart; Covington, S. F. Richards; Covington borough, F. Hartman; Clymer, C. C. Ackley; Delmar, Simon Bacon; Deerfield, J. S. Deucham; Elk, John Maynard; Elkland, R. T. Wood; Farmington, J. R. Weeks; Fall Brook, James Pollock; Glendon, E. Street; Jackson, M. E. Bost; Knoxville, Vine Grandall; Lawrence, H. B. Colegrove; Lawrensville, C. S. Mathis; Liberty, John Irvin; Morris, Emory Blackwell; Middlebury, F. B. Dimon; Mansfield, William Holland; Mainburg, D. S. Peora; Nelson, Philip Tabbs; Osceola, C. R. Taylor; Richwood, H. W. Baynes; Rutland, William Lawrence; Shippen, J. A. Harting; Sullivan, C. W. Palmer; Tioga, Daniel Dewey; Tioga borough, T. L. Baldwin; Union, J. M. Whitcomb; Westfield, E. B. Bulkeley; Ward, Wallace Chase; Westfield borough, N. M. Naughton; Wellshboro, J. R. Potter.

The aggregate vote having been ascertained, the chairman declared the following named persons duly nominated:

For President Judge—H. W. Williams.
For Senator—B. B. Strang, of Westfield.
For Assembly—John I. Mitchell, of Wellshboro.
For Associate Judges—D. M. Naughton, of Westfield, and L. B. Smith, of Blossburg.
For Commissioner—T. O. Hollis, of Ward.
For Auditor—A. P. Packard, of Covington.

On motion of R. T. Wood, Wellshboro was agreed upon as the place for holding the next Convention.

An effort was made to return to the old delegate system, which failed by a decisive majority.

J. B. Potter introduced the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we reaffirm the resolution of the last Republican County Convention, that Tioga is entitled to and should insist upon Senatorial and Judicial conferees in proportion to the Republican vote in the Judicial and Senatorial districts.

That Hon. H. W. Williams be authorized to select the Judicial conferees, and Hon. B. B. Strang the Senatorial conferees for the county of Tioga.

On motion of W. W. Baynes, of Richmond, each return Judge was requested to announce the name of one person as a member of the standing county committee for the ensuing year, and to appoint the persons thus named to the Chair to appoint the requisite number.

The committee will be announced by the chairman at an early day.

T. L. BALDWIN, Ch'n.
J. B. POTTER, R. T. WOOD, Sec's.

We clip the following from the Elmira Advertiser, and will only add that it is in perfect accordance with what every unbiased man knows to be characteristic of the element which mobbed De Camin.

THE TICKET.

We place at the head of our columns the names of the candidates who received the largest number of direct votes for the different offices at the primary election, and we need hardly add that the entire Republican ticket will receive the cordial support of the AGITATOR, unshaken by the fact that some of the candidates may not have been our first choice.

And now, that the heat is run, we trust the defeated candidates will recognize the fact that where several aspirants strive for the same office, their body must be beaten, and, taking their defeat kindly, work none the less faithfully and efficiently for the principles and policy of which we believe ourselves as a people to depend.

The defeated candidate who consented to labor cheerfully and zealously for the success of the principles he professes, proves himself at least deserving of success; while he who snubs or belittles, and endorses the verbiage of the ballot-box.

Not let it be forgotten, that the curse of American politics is a tendency to forget principles in the scramble for office.

Personally, we had our predilections among the aspirants, and used our privilege as an American citizen in advocating our choice, but not editorially, as has been charged. No one candidate has been allowed to publish an article in our columns which his competitor was not at liberty to answer; and we think open discussion previous to nomination, well calculated to elicit facts which the people have a right to know, while we believe that in nine cases out of ten the candidate who rushes into print loses more than he gains by it.

And we believe, remembering that we purpose to edit this paper in the interest of the people rather than political parties, that the paper has not been, and will be made the organ of those who seek office, beyond a fair and honest support of the regular candidates; nor shall we fail to speak out for the correction of any abuse that may creep into activity under the name of Republicanism.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

The old regime, under which the party paper was owned by the party, (i. e., a coterie of office-seekers), and run according to order in the interest of the leaders, has passed away. To the advocacy of sound Republican principles we shall devote our best energies; the squabbles of aspirants for office we care little about.

THE PURCHASE SYSTEM.

Under which few but the nobility attained to high military office in England, has been abolished. The House of Lords opposed its abolition to the end, but was obliged to succumb. The Government and the people were firmly bent on army reform, and the purchase system, which was but one of many army abuses, was summarily disposed of by Royal Warrant.

The discussion brought out some remarkable facts concerning the way the money goes in England, and the people seem to be getting a little sick of royalty. The Press has collected a string of facts and figures, from which we make a few extracts. The Queen, it seems, is a miser. "When she married Albert, the younger son of a petty German ruler, she insisted that Parliament should be asked to vote him an allowance of \$250,000 a year. Lord Melbourne valiantly remonstrated, hinting that even the House of Commons might object to the magnitude of that demand; but her Majesty insisted, and the Commons decided to vote more than \$160,000 a year to the pauper prince. But, as the saying is, the Queen had them, for she heaped upon Albert employment upon employment, office upon office, sinecure upon sinecure, civil and military; until she raised his income to double the annual amount voted by Parliament. Thus, instead of \$100,000, this lucky man got \$300,000 per annum, which is more than the whole public expenditure of the little duchy of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha in any one year. Of this he spent the merest trifle, making large savings year after year, which he invested and reinvested, to obtain interest upon interest, until at his death, in December, 1831, his accumulated savings amounted, it is said and believed, to over \$6,000,000. At this moment, independent of jewels and other valuable property, the private possessions of Queen Victoria, are convertible into cash at a short notice, are estimated to exceed the immense sum of \$15,000,000 in gold. It is the belief of a very large and rapidly increasing party in England that out of this vast hoard, the mere interest of which, at 4 per cent., is \$750,000 per annum, Queen Victoria might, and ought to provide for her own children, like any other rich widow. As for payments to Victoria's own family, they are immense. For example, the sum of \$300,000 a year to the Prince of Wales, who has also \$300,000 a year from the duchy of Cornwall; \$50,000 to the Princess of Wales, to be increased to \$150,000 a year should her husband die; \$40,000 a year to the Crown Princess of Prussia; \$30,000 a year to each of three other daughters; \$20,000 to each of two other daughters; \$10,000 a year for dowry to the young ladies, with \$75,000 to the Duke of Edinburgh. Here is a total (not including interest on the dowries, but counting interest on the royal family of England of \$2,015,000, there are yet Prince Leopold and Princess Beatrice, the Queen's youngest children to be provided for. With \$75,000 a year to him, and \$30,000 to her, (with \$150,000 dowry to her,) the whole payment by British taxpayers to the royal family of England, will speedily be \$2,740,000 a year. At the same time there are over a million of paupers, on starvation diet, in the work-houses or parochial bastilles of England and Wales. Such being the state of affairs, can any wonder that there is popular discontent in London and the provinces?"

If only the English nation could and would abolish that prolific, long-lived and expensive royal family, and its emanation of rank-worshippers.

The Bellefonte Watchman, edited by a member of the last Legislature, is said to be the new departure, and takes on in the following strain of the department.

"Radical political courses, silly demagogues, and men who have scarcely enough Democratic blood in them to distinguish them from the mongrel rascals who are now casting their votes, 'deprecate the agitation of the negro question,' but that will not stop it. It is a question that will be agitated by the ignorant masses, regardless of world-beaters and ignorant teachers; and the unconditional, dirty, and degrading degree of respect that is paid out, and the government of our country placed under the exclusive control and guidance of the white race."

WAR WITH COREA.

Although not formally declared, we are in effect at war with Corea—that is, if the bombarding and taking of forts, landing of troops on foreign soil, and using those troops to storm redoubts, may be accounted as warfare proceedings.

We do not greatly regret this. We are but a young nation; strong, it may be; but the remote and semi-barbarous peoples of the earth have not learned to believe in our strength, hardly to know us as a nation. We have tried to teach them, peaceably, and some have been willing to know us. Others, like the Coreans, have chosen to shut themselves up, oyster fashion, to the exclusion of all outside barbarians. Perhaps they have the right to do this, so long as they do not interfere with our rights, or in any way maltreat our citizens; and one of our rights is the navigation of open waters anywhere on the earth's surface. Having an undoubted right to navigate the Yellow Sea; it follows that we have a right to know something of the shoals, rocks and bars therein, and the dangers of the Corea coast; that we may avoid them. Also, when in pursuance of our right to navigate the sea, an American ship becomes wrecked and her crew escape to the shores of a foreign nation; and if she are entitled by right to civil treatment.

THE NEW DEPARTURE.

Does not run well in Kentucky. It is generally repudiated at the South; and many Northern Democrats, who are not so much affected by the bitter pill, are strongly held in its absence under the tongue, ready to spit out if occasion offer.

Doctors disagree—with each other and with editors. The Hartford Courant says that it "has an opinion, and it is sound, in favor of the study and hard study, promotes digestion; that it is favorable to high physical health, and not unfriendly to rosy cheeks and roundness of form, and all the functions for which God has designed woman in her peculiar sphere."

And in contradistinction of this, a Boston physician says that "four young girls, full of intelligence and promise, have been killed outright by the severity of the tasks imposed upon them in a high school in this vicinity."

BURLINGTON.

Leaving the East and arriving at Chicago or Indianapolis, how shall we reach the West? The best line is acknowledged to be the C. & O., joined together with the B. & M. Railroad, by the Iron Bridge at Burlington, and called the Business Route.

The main line of the route running to Omaha connects with the great Pacific Route, and the Middle Branch, entering Nebraska at Plattsmouth, passes through Lincoln, the State Capital, and thence to Omaha, and from there, forming the shortest route across the Continent by over 100 miles.

Another branch of the B. M., diverging at Red Oak, falls into a line running down the Missouri through St. Joe to Kansas City, and all Kansas. Passengers by this route to Kansas, see the country, and enjoy the finest scenery, a slight divergence, cost Nebraska a few dollars.

Lovers of fine views should remember the Burlington Route; for its towns—high plain, from afar—its tree-freighted streams—its rough bluffs and quarries—its corn-fields stretching over the prairie further than the eye can reach.

Land-buyers will be sure to remember it, for they are among the two thousand who have already bought farms on the Burlington, the Land Commissioner of the B. & M. R. at Burlington, Iowa, or among the four thousand home-steaders and pre-emptors who last year filed claims in the Lincoln land office, where "Uncle Sam is rich enough to give you all a farm" July 19, 1871.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AVOID QUACKS.

A victim of early indigestion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, &c., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. J. H. REEVES, 78 Nassau St., New York.

PIANO—Mr. A. B. A. Briggs of Middletown, has on exhibition at the Court House, one of the finest pianos. All lovers of music are invited to take a look at this instrument, and observe the advantages it has over other pianos in its general construction and completeness of tone.

Mr. Briggs furnishes Organs or Melodians at very reasonable rates. Address him at Crook's corner, Middletown, Pa., July 19, 1871.

RS. HON. GEORGE SANDERSON.

Mayor of the City of Lancaster, Pa., writes: "My friend's HANS BYRNS is extensively known and used, and so successful are its curative powers, that he has been a great benefit to the hold World and a necessary addition in the medical requirements of every family. Having used it for many years, I can truly say that its use, with beneficial results, I can only add that in my opinion it is the best remedy ever introduced for the cure of the numerous ills to which flesh is liable."

HON. THADDEUS STEVENS, M. C.

Recommending Hans Byrns to a friend, pronounced it the most wonderful combination of medicinal herbs he ever saw.

DENTISTRY.—C. N. Dartt, dentist office in Wright & Balloy's Block, where he can be seen at the lowest rates, at 100 North Third St., 3 & 4 street.

JACKS CREWS.

TACKLE BLOCKS, WIRE CLOTH & WIRE GOODS generally.

EMERY WHEELS for gumming saws. A full assortment of Lake Huron & Bora GRINDSTONES, Canal Wheel Barrows in any quantity.

MANILA ROPE from 1 inch down. No 1 & no 1 extra engine oil. A complete assortment of MECHANICAL TOOLS, House Builders and Household Hardware constantly on hand.

Bottom prices on AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. See how it is yourself, and oblige Yours Truly, J. SOBIEFELIN, JR. No. 224, 1871.

The Sun. CHARLES A. DANA, Editor. A Newspaper of the Present Times. Intended for People Now on Earth. Including Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Western Settlers, and all Men of Honest Faith, and the Wives, Sons, and Daughters of all such.

ONE HUNDRED COPIES FOR \$50. Or less than One Cent a Copy. Let there be a \$50 Club at every Post Office.

SEMI-WEEKLY SUN, \$2 A YEAR, at the same rate and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater frequency, because it issues twice as often.

THE DAILY SUN, \$6 A YEAR. A prominent weekly paper, with the largest circulation in the world. Free, under the name of THE WEEKLY, to all subscribers who pay for every year. Two cents a copy; by mail, 40 cents a month, or \$5 a year.

TERMS TO CLUBS. THE DOLLAR WEEKLY SUN. Five copies, one year, separately addressed, for Four Dollars. Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and one extra copy to the sender) for Eight Dollars. Twenty copies, one year, separately addressed (and one extra copy to the sender) for Fifteen Dollars. Fifty copies, one year, to be put up in boxes, for Forty Dollars. One hundred copies, one year, to be put up in boxes, for Sixty Dollars. One thousand copies, one year, to be put up in boxes, for Five Hundred Dollars.

SEND YOUR NAME. This matter closes next Monday on New York, wherever convenient. If you are not in New York, send your name to W. W. BENTLEY, Publisher, No. 200, New York.

WELLSBORO

Door Sash & Blind Factory.

20 YEARS

BENJAMIN AUSTIN is prepared to furnish first-class work from the best lumber at his new factory which is now in full operation.

Sash, Doors, BLINDS, PICKETS, AND MOULDINGS, constantly on hand, or manufactured to order.

Planing and Matching

done promptly, and in the best manner. The best workmen employed, and none but the best seasoned lumber used. Encourage home industry.

Factory near the foot of Main St. WELLSBORO, August 2, 1871. BENJ. AUSTIN.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. Aug. 2, 1871.

CLOSING - OUT SALE!

OF

Summer Dress Goods,

SUMMER SHAWLS

Parasols, &c.

We have a very desirable Stock of the above-named Goods, which we shall offer at extremely Low Prices, in order to sell out clean for Fall Trade.

Any one in need of Goods in this line will do well to purchase early.

J. A. PARSONS & CO. Corning, August 3, 1871.

New Store! New Goods! New Firm. NO. 1 BOWEN & CONE'S BLOCK, WELLSBORO, PA.

JACKS CREWS, TACKLE BLOCKS, WIRE CLOTH & WIRE GOODS generally.

EMERY WHEELS for gumming saws. A full assortment of Lake Huron & Bora GRINDSTONES, Canal Wheel Barrows in any quantity.

MANILA ROPE from 1 inch down. No 1 & no 1 extra engine oil. A complete assortment of MECHANICAL TOOLS, House Builders and Household Hardware constantly on hand.

Bottom prices on AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. See how it is yourself, and oblige Yours Truly, J. SOBIEFELIN, JR. No. 224, 1871.

The Sun. CHARLES A. DANA, Editor. A Newspaper of the Present Times. Intended for People Now on Earth. Including Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Western Settlers, and all Men of Honest Faith, and the Wives, Sons, and Daughters of all such.

ONE HUNDRED COPIES FOR \$50. Or less than One Cent a Copy. Let there be a \$50 Club at every Post Office.

SEMI-WEEKLY SUN, \$2 A YEAR, at the same rate and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater frequency, because it issues twice as often.

THE DAILY SUN, \$6 A YEAR. A prominent weekly paper, with the largest circulation in the world. Free, under the name of THE WEEKLY, to all subscribers who pay for every year. Two cents a copy; by mail, 40 cents a month, or \$5 a year.

TERMS TO CLUBS. THE DOLLAR WEEKLY SUN. Five copies, one year, separately addressed, for Four Dollars. Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and one extra copy to the sender) for Eight Dollars. Twenty copies, one year, separately addressed (and one extra copy to the sender) for Fifteen Dollars. Fifty copies, one year, to be put up in boxes, for Forty Dollars. One hundred copies, one year, to be put up in boxes, for Sixty Dollars. One thousand copies, one year, to be put up in boxes, for Five Hundred Dollars.

SEND YOUR NAME. This matter closes next Monday on New York, wherever convenient. If you are not in New York, send your name to W. W. BENTLEY, Publisher, No. 200, New York.

AFTER

20 YEARS

BENJAMIN AUSTIN is prepared to furnish first-class work from the best lumber at his new factory which is now in full operation.

Sash, Doors, BLINDS, PICKETS, AND MOULDINGS, constantly on hand, or manufactured to order.

Planing and Matching

done promptly, and in the best manner. The best workmen employed, and none but the best seasoned lumber used. Encourage home industry.

Factory near the foot of Main St. WELLSBORO, August 2, 1871. BENJ. AUSTIN.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. Aug. 2, 1871.

CLOSING - OUT SALE!

OF

Summer Dress Goods,

SUMMER SHAWLS

Parasols, &c.

We have a very desirable Stock of the above-named Goods, which we shall offer at extremely Low Prices, in order to sell out clean for Fall Trade.

Any one in need of Goods in this line will do well to purchase early.

J. A. PARSONS & CO. Corning, August 3, 1871.

New Store! New Goods! New Firm. NO. 1 BOWEN & CONE'S BLOCK, WELLSBORO, PA.

JACKS CREWS, TACKLE BLOCKS, WIRE CLOTH & WIRE GOODS generally.

EMERY WHEELS for gumming saws. A full assortment of Lake Huron & Bora GRINDSTONES, Canal Wheel Barrows in any quantity.

MANILA ROPE from 1 inch down. No 1 & no 1 extra engine oil. A complete assortment of MECHANICAL TOOLS, House Builders and Household Hardware constantly on hand.

Bottom prices on AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. See how it is yourself, and oblige Yours Truly, J. SOBIEFELIN, JR. No. 224, 1871.

The Sun. CHARLES A. DANA, Editor. A Newspaper of the Present Times. Intended for People Now on Earth. Including Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Western Settlers, and all Men of Honest Faith, and the Wives, Sons, and Daughters of all such.

ONE HUNDRED COPIES FOR \$50. Or less than One Cent a Copy. Let there be a \$50 Club at every Post Office.

SEMI-WEEKLY SUN, \$2 A YEAR, at the same rate and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater frequency, because it issues twice as often.

THE DAILY SUN, \$6 A YEAR. A prominent weekly paper, with the largest circulation in the world. Free, under the name of THE WEEKLY, to all subscribers who pay for every year. Two cents a copy; by mail, 40 cents a month, or \$5 a year.

TERMS TO CLUBS. THE DOLLAR WEEKLY SUN. Five copies, one year, separately addressed, for Four Dollars. Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and one extra copy to the sender) for Eight Dollars. Twenty copies, one year, separately addressed (and one extra copy to the sender) for Fifteen Dollars. Fifty copies, one year, to be put up in boxes, for Forty Dollars. One hundred copies, one year, to be put up in boxes, for Sixty Dollars. One thousand copies, one year, to be put up in boxes, for Five Hundred Dollars.

SEND YOUR NAME. This matter closes next Monday on New York, wherever convenient. If you are not in New York, send your name to W. W. BENTLEY, Publisher, No