JOHN I. MITCHELL,
Attorney at Law,
WELLSBORO, PA.
announces his retirement from the Agitator, and solicits employment in his profession. Office up stairs in Roy's Block. dec7,1871-3t.

TIOGA COUNTY AGITATOR.

Local Items.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 4, 1871.

Now Advertisements.
New York Tribune.
Sewing Machine—E. M. Haight.
Sewing Machine—S. W. Hoskins, N. Y.
Sewing Machine—Ezra Potter.
Ready Pay System—Staples & Son.
Adm'rs Notice—Mary Ann Field.
To Tax Payers—J. H. Whitney.
Orphans' Court Sale—Wells.
Fire Insurance—Jno. I. Mitchell.
Adm'rs Notice—L. B. Shives.
Register's Notice—D. D. Denny.
New Goods—J. R. Barker.
Hardware—R. C. Bailey.
Caution—Thos. Sullivan.
First National Bank—
Adm'rs Notice—E. E. Bosworth.

TIME TABLES.—The time tables of the different Railroads will be found correct in our advertising column.

A WHOPPER.—Mr. L. C. Bennet, of this village, killed on the 26th ultimo, a hog of the Chestercounty breed, weighing 820 lbs.

Brick Pomeroy will lecture in Smith & Bowen's hall Friday evening, January 6.

REMOVAL.—John R. Bowen, Assessor of the 18th district, has removed his office to Smith & Bowen's new brick block, No. 2, on second floor.

AGITATOR PARLORS.—The new *Agitator* Parlors will be thrown open to the public on Friday afternoon, January 6, 1871, from two to four P. M. The public are cordially invited, including the ladies.

"BENIGHTED BLOSS" wishes to assister towns to understand that she supports a good reading room, and takes, reads and *pays for* the following periodicals: 180 dailies, 64 semi-weeklies, 891 weeklies, 300 semi-monthlies, and 104 monthly magazines.

The winter term of the Mansfield Normal School commences to-day, January 4. The 14th anniversary of this school occurs on Friday, the 6th instant, and will be celebrated in the evening of that day, by appropriate exercises, commencing at 7 o'clock. An address will be delivered by Professor D. R. Ford, of Elmira.

There will be a meeting of the Board of Trustees at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

FIRE AT MANSFIELD.—A very disastrous fire occurred at Mansfield on the morning of the 21th ultimo, by which the extensive bedstead manufactory of Mr. Mart King, with all the machinery and fixtures, was entirely destroyed. The machinery was of the latest and most approved description.

Mr. King's loss is very heavy, being some fifteen thousand dollars more than his insurance.—Several of the men employed in the factory met with losses in tools which will be heavily felt by them. A large number of men are thrown out of employment by this fire, which is very unfortunate at this season of the year. It is also a loss to Mansfield; but the enterprise of her citizens will soon overcome it.

The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary. There had been no fire in the factory the day previous.

GENTLEMEN, LOOK HERE!—All persons who want any kind of job printing done, will find the *Agitator* office the place to get it.—In addition to the large facilities we previously had, we have just added a large size new Gordon press and elegant new fonts of fancy type, which enables us to turn out any amount of printing on short notice, and in the best style of the art.

Our facilities, which have heretore been equal to any country office, are now beside them the best. Our two Gordon presses, both of which are used exclusively for jobbing, will enable us at all times to fill orders to any extent.

Come in, gentlemen, and don't stand on the order of coming, for you can't "swamp" us now.

CLOSE OF SCHOOL.—The Fall term of the Wellsboro Graded School closed Friday, Dec. 23. The examinations on the last two days of the term were largely attended, and on all sides the progress made in each department is spoken of in the highest terms.

The Director has engaged an assistant teacher for the High School, and the opportunities in this department will now be even better than heretofore. Another school will also be established the beginning of next term, for the relief of other departments of the school, which have been too much crowded during the past term.—This makes eight teachers in all.

The first term of our new school has been eminently successful. Every much credit is due the Principal, Prof. A. C. Winters; but his efforts would be fruitless without the help of good teachers in all the other schools. All these have done their duty well. They have worked very industriously, and by patience have overcome many difficulties which were anticipated in grading the school properly.

The next term commences Monday the 9th inst.

CHRISTMAS.—Christmas Eve was duly observed at the Baptist Hall, by a concert and Christmas tree for the little folks. The concert was one of the best we have witnessed for a long time, and the tree was literally loaded with trinkets for the children. The entertainment was well attended, and passed off to the entire satisfaction of all present.

—A Christmas tree was also enjoyed at Potter's hall, Stony Fork, by both the old and young folks, and is said to have been a very pleasant affair. Rev. Mr. Remington, pastor of the Baptist Church, and his estimable lady, were generously remembered in the way of handsome additions to their wardrobe, while the children were highly delighted with the presents taken from the tree.

A FINE HOTEL.—The American hotel, at Nelson, Tioga county, Pa., of which C. B. Whited is the proprietor, is one of the finest and best kept of the many excellent village hotels in Northern Pennsylvania. Mr. Whited was formerly connected with the Metropolitan hotel of Pittsburg, where he was known and recognized as one of the best hotel-keepers in the State.—Since he took charge of the American House he has refitted and newly furnished it throughout, and supplied it and its appurtenances with everything which can contribute to the comfort and convenience of his guests. Our readers who visit Nelson should not fail to call upon Mr. Whited, at the American.—*El. Adv.*

THE ITEMS MAN.—We think the Items Man of the paper makes Items welcome to its patrons. His literary claims are, at the highest, but humble; he is not to be regarded as a head liner, (with a tangible bear in it) and a runaway, or a destructive runaway, could give a fair guess at the speed of the team drawing the future wheels.

He claims no strength in the direction of theology, moral ethics, or other morals; but would undertake to report a woman's rights convention, or a protracted meeting—if it was to be protracted. Or scalded, choked, or poisoned babies; sudden deaths, caused by wearing wafer-soled shoes; delirium tremens, and other mysterious dispensations, would probably come out tolerably strong. At a good lively fire, too, Items thinks he could hold his own—at least, and the editor had promised him a half column weekly wherein to record the simple annals of those who go out to the mountain valleys and streams with rod and rifle. For whoever is found so absorbed, or else hurry-scurry for money making, as to forget the cool, soft beds of hemlock brows whereon he reposed to his hair needed "restoring;" or the shady valleys up and down which he toiled for a string of trout, armed with one extra hook, in case of accidents, a reel of hemp line, and a green beech rod, with a box of angle worms? Where is the man that ever forgot the incidents of the hunt in which he killed his first deer? And, believing field sports, to be a most healthy and innocent means of exercising, Items will aim to keep the log rolling, on knapsack and rifle, not forgetting a word in season on the preservation of game;—and of other matters, time shall tell.

ITEMS.

TABLEAUX AND SUPPER.—A Tableaux and Supper will be given at the court house in Tioga, on Friday evening, December 24, was attended by an audience of about three hundred—enthusiastic and appreciative, but little less as the worth and beauty of the lecture deserved. One rarely enjoys such an *intellectual* treat. His subject, "The Aristocracy of the Dollar," was treated with all the consummate tact of the Yankee, that he is, combined with the logic and elegant phraseology of the classical Greek or Roman. His style is a model of simplicity, strength and grace.

The old world had built upon the Aristocracy of blood; or, as he termed it, of the grandfather, which stratified society into pyramidal form, with dukes and earls at the top, and peasanty at the bottom. The aristocracy of the grandfather was defeated utterly by two laws: arithmetic and physiology. Follow back the time to about thirty lives, and each of our ancestors numbered hundreds of millions—doubling everybody's ancestors, of course. The blood of the lord and his groom very soon commingled. To avoid this law of arithmetic, royal families had adopted the expedient of breeding in-and-in, to keep out the common or plebeian blood. This had resulted in imbecility, insanity and idiocy. The English race horse was an example; he had been trained until he was all blood and no horse.

America, the new world, had never adopted this "aristocracy of the grandfather," as was incompatible with our form of government. As for the matter of birth, one man's grandfather was no better than another's. The Order of the Cincinnati alarmed the lovers of liberty in Europe as well as in America; but it began and ended in a convivial banquet, and the country took up the god of material prosperity. To make the wilderness blossom as the rose took money. To build school and meeting houses, took money. Internal improvements—science and the adoption of inventions took money. The wonderful development of our material resources of wealth required wealth, and still require it. We therefore had an Aristocracy of the Dollar. Men sought it, for what it would bring.—Pulpits had cursed money, as material things an evil; but no preacher had been known to refuse his salary. Money was no evil, but its wrong use was. It represented influence, culture, reform, advancement, a higher liberty. Shoddy Aristocracy was purely exceptional. Wealth alone did not give distinction in this country. A man must have a great intellect, or great benevolence, be a great fool, or a very great villain, to gain distinction or notoriety. He believed in the Aristocracy of the Dollar. It was industry, energy, the quick and unerring judgment, that enabled men to seize the chances that others lost. Money, not for ignoble, but noble purposes, would insure a higher, purer, nobler future of worth, of honor and renown. Z.

"Items," on reading the above, was induced to make inquiry as to by whom this lecture was delivered, and learned that it is a strong prospect of other steam factories being started here. This is as it should be. We apprehend that few points offer better opportunities.

The M. E. James Episcopal church has been opened for service with good attendance. It is the finest church in the county.

Persons in want of Sweet Milk, can be accommodated at the Farmers' Hotel.

MARRIAGES.

MASDIN—EATON—In Charleston Dec. 28th, by Rev. Jas. M. Clark, Mr. Edgar McMasdin, to Miss Cressie L. Eaton, all of Charleston.

BULLARD—BRYAN—At the parsonage in East Charleston, Dec. 21, 1870, by Rev. G. S. Tracey, Mr. Walter Bullard, of Wellsboro to Mrs. Adelaide Bigby of Charleston Pa.

ROBINS—HORTON—At Nelson, Dec. 21st, by Rev. S. A. Rawson, Mr. Theodore W. Robbins and Miss Mary Horton both of Wheatland Mich.

OSBORN—BRYON—In Jackson Pa., Dec. 14, 1870, by M. K. Retan Esq., Waterman Osborn and Miss Mercy Bryon, all of Jackson Pa.

DEATHS.

SMITH—In Covington Dec. 10th, Butler Smith, age 74 years.

STICKNEY—At Morris Run, on the 30th of November, 1870, Isaac M. Stickney, aged 41 years, 5 months and 7 days.

Mr. Stickney had resided at Morris Run seven years, and had occupied a very responsible situation under the Morris Run coal company. He was highly esteemed for his uprightness and generous disposition, and his services were highly appreciated by the company, as an engineer and mechanic.

His remains were attended to their last resting place, at West Addison, near the residence of his parents, by deputations from the Masonic and Odd Fellows lodges, he having been a member of both Orders, and a large circle of mourning relatives and friends.

Mr. Stickney leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss.

At a regular meeting of Morris Run lodge, No. 608, I. O. of O. F., held at their lodge hall at Morris Run, on the 14th of December, 1870, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted by the lodge:

Whereas, our lodge has again been called to mourn the death of another of its most valued members, who but a few days since occupied the chair of one of its most important offices, reminding us of the uncertainty of life and the importance of being prepared for death;

Deeply feeling our great loss, and wishing to give expression to our feelings on this sad occasion, we adopt the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we deeply deplore the loss by death of our worthy and beloved brother, Isaac M. Stickney, late our Financial Secretary, and that in his death we have lost a good and true Odd Fellow; one whose whole heart was in the cause, and one who exemplified in his life and conduct, in and out of the lodge, the teachings of our Order. His heart was ever open to the appeals of the needy and distressed, and his hands ever ready to administer relief. He lived beloved by all, and died deeply deplored by this lodge and the entire community with which he has been associated so long. "Peace to his ashes."

Resolved, That we tender to the bereaved widow and children of our deceased brother our most heartfelt sympathy. We would mingle our tears with theirs, and while we bow to the chastening rod, we point them to that fountain of consolation, signified by the Noble Grand and Secretary, with the seal of the lodge attached, be presented to the widow for our deceased brother, and copies thereof furnished to the Tioga Agitator, Tioga Advertiser and Jackson Advertiser for publication.

Resolved, That as a token of our sacred and silent regard for the memory of our deceased brother, our lodge shall be draped in mourning, and the members wear the usual badge of mourning thirty days.

Resolved, That these preambles and resolutions, signed by the Noble Grand and Secretary, with the seal of the lodge attached, be presented to the widow for our deceased brother, and copies thereof furnished to the Tioga Agitator, Tioga Advertiser and Jackson Advertiser for publication.

FANNING MILLS.—We have four mills of J. H. Mather's make for sale. These mills are admitted by the farmers generally to be the best in use. Call at this office. Sept 28, 1870. 3m.

DENTISTRY.—C. M. Dalby, Dentist office in Wright's Bailey's Block, where he continues to make teeth with the *new improvement* which gives better satisfaction than any thing else in use. To be had in Dartt's only. —aug 42 1870.—tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CAUTION TO PURCHASERS OF THE PERUVIAN SYRUP (a protected solution of the protoxide of iron.) Beware of being deceived by any of the preparation of Peruvian Bark, of Bark and Iron which may be offered to you. Every bottle of genuine has Peruvian Syrup (not Peruvian Bark) blown in the glass.—EXAMINE THE BOTTLE BEFORE PURCHASING.

What Did It. Lyon's Kathairon made my hair soft, Luxuriant thick, and Hagan's Magnolia Balm changed my sallow complexion into the marble beauty you now see. This is emphatically the language of all who use these articles. A fine head of hair and a refined complexion are the greatest attractions a woman can possess. The Kathairon and Magnolia Balm are just what will give them to you—and nothing else will. The Balm is the bloom of youth, and restores a faded appearance about our twenty. Both articles are entirely harmless, and very pleasant to use. Should be in every lady's possession.

Professors BUCHANAN & DORR, of the American University, are making wonderful cures of Cancers, Tumours and Ulcers by their new discovery. A painless treatment, *no* knife, *no* plasters, *no* caustic burning. The most remarkable effect of this treatment is, it separates the chemical elements of cancerous growths, so that they shrivel, die and disappear and will not return. All those afflicted can call on the Professors Buchanan & Dorr, University; or address, No. 514 Pine Street, Philada.

TUMORS CANCERS. ULCERS

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration, *pendente die*, having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Wareham McIntyre, late of Jackson township, Tioga Co., Pa., deceased, all persons having claims against said estate, and those indebted to the same are notified to call for settlement on L. B. SHIVES,
CAROLINE McINTYRE,
Adm'rs.
Jan. 4, 1871.—6t.* Pendente Lite.

REGISTER'S NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Administrator and Executors named below have filed their accounts in the Register's Office for Tioga County Penna, and that the said accounts will be presented to the Orphan's Court for said County at a Session of said Court to be held at Wellsboro on Monday the 30th day of January 1871 for allowance and confirmation.

Account of George D. Keeney, Administrator of the Estate of Ira Bullock, late of Middlebury, deceased.

Account of Lorain Bates, Guardian of Mary Bates, minor child of Erastus Butler, late of Lawrenceville deceased.

Account of John Gray, Guardian of Louis Ann Guernsey and Charles Guernsey, minor children of Sally Ann Guernsey late of Delmar, deceased.

Register's Office, Wellsboro Pa. January 4: 1871
D. L. DEANE,
REGISTER.

N. Y. TRIBUNE, 1871.

Through struggle and suffering, at the cost of multiform agonies, bereavements, devastations, the American idea embodied in the preamble to our fathers' Declaration of Independence approaches its complete realization. The noble, inspiring assertion that "all men are created equal," and endowed by their Creator with inalienable rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, is no longer a glittering generality, a poet's fancy, a philosopher's speculation, but the recognized base of our political edifice. The foreign Revolution, which dates from the Boston massacre of 1770, finds its logical completion just one century later, in the XVth Amendment, which gives to the equal political and civil rights of every man born or naturalized in our republic, the blood and the debtor of the Federal Constitution. The pillows of Caste and Privilege may roar and rage around that rock, and may transiently seem on the point of washing it away: but its foundations are deep-laid and steadfast, and the breakers of Reaction and Slavery are hurled against and dash their spray over it in vain.

We do not underrate the forces of Prejudice and Aristocracy. We do not forget that a very large majority of the American people still hold, in their inmost hearts that blacks have no rights which Whites are bound to respect. We fully appreciate the desperation wherewith all the warring elements of hatred to Republican achievement will be combined and hurled against the battlements of Republican ascendency in the Presidential campaign of 1872. We do not doubt that local successes, facilitated by Republican feuds and dissensions, will inspire the charging host with a sanguine hope of victory; such as nerved it to put forth its utmost strength in the earlier stages of the contests of 1864 and 1868. Yet our faith is clear and strong that the American people still believe God that, on the red battle fields of our late civil war, Loyalty to Household and Slavery destroyed, and that they unconsciously decide that the precious blood thereon poured out was lavished in vain.

The Tribune believes in the prosecution of the great struggle by legitimate means to a triumphant ends. To State Sovereignty, it opposes indissoluble National Integrity; to Slavery for Blacks, Liberty for All; to Aristocracy, Equal Franchisement; to Popular Ignorance, Universal Education; to intensity and eternity of wrathful Hate, universal and unlimited Good Will. It would fain do its utmost to hasten the glad day when the South shall vie with the North in advancement and practical development. It would welcome a genuine reunion of the disappearance of the last trace or taint of that spirit which impelled Man to exult in the bondage and ownership of his fellow Man.

Profoundly do we realize that the contest is not yet ended; that millions of honest, well-meaning but misled men, who fought in the Slaveholders' Confederacy, fear their children to hate those by whose valor and constancy its overthrow was achieved. If we ever seem to differ essentially from other Republicans, our conviction that magnanimity is never weakness, that vengeance is never policy, and that dealing with not cast out by violence, must serve to explain alleged eccentricities, whose perfect vindication we leave to Time and Reflection.

THE TRIBUNE has been, is, and must be, a zealous advocate of Protection to Home Industry. Regarding habitual idleness as the greatest foe to human progress, the bane of human happiness, we seek to win our countrymen in masses from the enervating lures of Speculation, of Traffic, and of always overcrowded Professions, to the tranquil paths of Productive Industry. We would gladly deplete our overcrowded cities, where thousands vainly jostle and prowl in misguided quest of "Something to Do," to cover prairies and plains with colonies absorbed in Agriculture, Mechanics and Manufactures, and constantly producing for the blank, void, willdesert of the Rocky Mountains the varied products of civilized Man. Holding the Protection of Home Industry by discriminating duties on imported wares and fabrics essential to the rapid, beneficent diffusion of Production in all its phases and departments, and so to the instruction of our countrymen to adhere to and uphold that policy, in unbubbling faith that the true interest, not of a class or a section, but of each section and of every useful class, is thereby subserved and promoted.

THE TRIBUNE must also be preeminently a *News* paper. Its correspondents traverse every State, are present on every important battle field, are early advised of every notable Cabinet decision, observe the proceedings of Congress, of Legislatures, and of Conventions, and report to us by Telegraph all that seems of general interest. We have paid for one day's momentous advices from Europe by cable far more than our entire receipts for the issue in which those advices reached our readers. If lavish outlay, unsleeping vigilance, and unbounded faith in the liberality and discernment of the reading public will enable us to make a journal which has no superior in the accuracy, variety and freshness of its contents, THE TRIBUNE shall be such a journal.

To Agriculture and the subdivisions of Rural Industry, to which we have devoted, and shall persistently devote, more means and space than any of our rivals.—We aim to make THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE such a paper as the farmer can afford to do without, however widely his politics may differ from ours. Our reports of the Cattle, Horse, Produce, and General Markets, are so full and accurate; our essays in elucidation of the farmer's calling, and our regular reports of the Farmers' Club and kindred gatherings, are so interesting, that the poorest farmer will find therein a mine of suggestion and counsel, of which he cannot remain ignorant without positive and serious loss. We sell THE WEEKLY to clubs for less than its value in dwellings for waste paper; and, though its subscription is already very large, we believe that a half million more farmers will take it whenever it shall be commended to their attention. We ask our friends everywhere to aid us in so commending it.

DAILY TRIBUNE, mail subscribers, $10 per annum.

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE, mail subscribers, $4 per annum. Five copies for one address, and one extra copy will be sent to every club of ten sent for at one time; or, if preferred, a copy of Recollections of a Busy Life, by Mr. Greeley.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

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To one address, all at one post office:	
10 copies	$1 60 each.
20 copies	1 25 each.
50 copies	1 00 each.
And one extra copy to each club.	
To names of subscribers, all at one post office:	
10 copies	$1 60 each
20 copies	1 35 each
50 copies	1 10 each.
And one extra copy to each club.	

Persons entitled to an extra copy can, if preferred, have either of the following books, postage prepaid; Political Economy, by Horace Greeley; Pear Culture for Profit, by P. T. Quinn; The Elements of Agriculture, by Geo. E. Waring.

Advertising Rates.

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WEEKLY TRIBUNE, $2, $3 and $5 per line.

Agate measurement. No deduction in the paper.

To subscribers wishing to preserve Mr. Greeley's essays on "What I Know of Farming," and who pay the full price, i. e. $10, for Daily, $4 for Semi-Weekly, or $2 for Weekly *Tribune*, we will send the book, post paid, *if request be made at the time of subscribing.*

Books for Sale at the Tribune Office.

The Tribune Almanac. Price 20 cents.

Tribune Almanac Reprint, 1838 to 1868, 2 volumes, half bound, $10.

Recollections of a Busy Life, by Horace Greeley. Various styles of binding. Cloth, $2 50; library, $3 50; half morocco, $4; half calfs $5; morocco antique, $7.

Political Economy, by Horace Greeley, $1 50.

Wybank's Hydraulics and Mechanics. Sixteenth edition. Large octavo. Cloth, $5.

Pear Culture for Profit. Quinn. $1.

Elements of Agriculture. Waring. New edition. Cloth, $1 50.

Draining for Health and Profit. Waring. Cloth, $1 50.

Sent free on receipt of price.

In making remittances, always procure a draft on New York, or a Post Office Money Order, if possible. Where neither of these can be procured, send the money, *but always in a* REGISTERED *letter*. The registration fee has been reduced to 15 cents, and the present registration system has been found by the postal authorities to be virtually an absolute protection against losses by mail. *All* postmasters are obliged to register letters when requested to do so.

Terms, cash in advance. Address
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AGENTS WANTED!

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A PICTORIAL TOUR THROUGH MEXICO. JUST PUBLISHED.

Sight-Seeing And Adventure
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of Mexican Life, Character and Scenery. A thrilling, startling and romantic Historical Reminiscences of this Land of Romance, Wonder and Mystery.

"It is a bright and racy book, well written, full of brilliant and attractive pictures of Mexican life on every page in it, and cannot fail to be popular with all classes."—*Boston Post.*

"Its pages sparkle with wit, and are instinct with ever-varying pictures of Mexican life in all its phases. It is a book that attracts and charms, and we shall be mistaken if it does not command a very extensive sale. Every family should put this book in the hands of their children."—*Chicago Tribune.*

Many of the stories of adventure are as live-lier as are fresh. The amusing incidents of travel in the interior, and the cities of the Aztecs are delightfully presented and entertaining. The book has a genuine and substantial value."—*Christian Union.*

Now in its Second Edition, and selling rapidly. No competition, and sells to all classes. Agents are meeting with remarkable success. For circulars and terms address the Publishers
COLUMBIAN BOOK CO., Hartford, Ct.
December 21st—4t

New-York Tribune.
1871. Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly. 1871.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE.
THE PAPER OF THE PEOPLE.

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THE TRIBUNE, New York.

AS A FAMILY NEWSPAPER,

The Weekly Tribune is pre-eminent. In addition to Reviews, Notices of New Books, Poetry, &c., we publish short Stories, original or selected, which will generally be concluded in a single issue, or at most in two or three. We intend that The Tribune shall keep in the advance in all that concerns the Agricultural, Manufacturing, Mining, and other interests of the country, and that, for variety and completeness, it shall remain altogether the most valuable, interesting and instructive NEWSPAPER published in the world.

No newspaper, so large and complete as *The Weekly Tribune*, was ever before offered at so low a price.

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HAS JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK CITY
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which will be sold for Ready Pay only!
LADIES' DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, ALL KINDS, LINEN GOODS,
BEAVER CLOTH FOR CLOAKS, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES, WHITE GOODS,
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We propose to sell our Goods very cheap, and therefore invite all to take a look
At our New Goods.
Our Patrons have our thanks for their very liberal patronage the past year, and we trust by willing for small profits, and giving strict attention to business, to share a continuance of the same.
Wellsboro, Jan. 4, 1871.—1y. J. R. BARKER.

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(Successor to D. P. ROBERTS) DEALER IN
HAT, CAP, BOOTS, SHOES, GLOVES, TIN AND HARDWARE,
IRON, NAILS, CARRIAGE BOLTS, HORSE SHOES, AND HORSE NAILS,
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Also, WRAPPING PAPER, at manufacturers prices.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Terms Cash, and prices reasonable. First door above Cone House.
Wellsboro, Jan. 4, 1871-1y. R. C. BAILEY.

The Singer
SEWING MACHINE.
FIGURES, FACTS AND FANCIES.

The Singer manufacturing company, in 1869 sold 97,781 machines. These figures, and those given below, are from sworn returns (to which any one can have access) made to the receiver, appointed by the owners of valuable sewing machine patents, which case most of the companies of lesser importance.

In 1869 the Singer Manufacturing Company		
Sold over the Leavitt S. M. Co.,	86,010	machines.
Sold over the Parham	85,640	"
Sold over the Ætna	82,233	"
Sold over the Empire	78,082	"
Sold over the Florence	73,120	"
Sold over the Wheeler & Wilson,	67,094	"
Sold over the Howe	41,781	"
Sold over the Wheeler & Wilson,	7,915	"
Sold over the Grover & Baker	7,563	"
Sold over the Florence Sewing Co.	6,142	"
Sold over the Wilcox & Gibbs,	5,000	"
Sold over the American D. H.,	75,959	"

It is a fact, and the figures show it, that the sales of 1869 far exceed those of our rivals in trade. It is also a fact, that we sold THIRTY THOUSAND more machines than we did two years ago. It is also another fact, that these increased sales are owing to the great and growing popularity of our New Family Sewing Machine. It is still another fact, that ninety of every hundred machines made and sold by us are for FAMILY USE. But the strangest fact of all is, that some dealers, knowing it would be vain to attack the reputation of our *family sewing machines*, and who are free to admit all that can be said in their favor, thus hoping to secure the buyer's confidence, have the boldness to say that we have *no family* sewing machine, whereas our new machine for that purpose is capable of a range and variety of exquisite sewing, which amazes even those who are familiar with the best work of other family machines.

Now it is mere fancy to suppose, in the face of the above facts and figures, that such machines as the Singer have not merits, when they are sold instead of giving car to such fancies, most people, before buying, (whatever may be claimed about Paris Exhibitions—or Fairs, where we seldom exhibit machines,) examine and judge for themselves, and because in doing so they find our New Family Sewing Machine as superior to other family sewing machines as the manufacturing machines are for their purposes. The triumph of the world's Fair, held in every city, planet and home, has awarded to the premium of the highest sales.

These machines are left on trial, and sold on one to buy, unless perfectly satisfied that the machine is all it is represented.

Agents for Tioga county.
Mansfield, Jan 4, 1871 y

ESTRAY.—Came to the enclosure of the subscriber, about the middle of last September, seven sheep, which are now kept at the barn of William Cole, in Broughton Hollow. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away. A. J. FREINER.
Delmar, Jan 4, 1871 3w*

FIRE INSURANCE.
JNO. I. MITCHELL, Ag't
WELLSBORO, PA.
Issues Policies in three first Companies at as
Low Rates,
as any
RELIABLE COMPANY
will grant Insurance.
Jan. 4, 1871.—1y. JNO. I. MITCHELL.

To the Citizens of Mansfield
AND VICINITY.
I TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public that I have on hand a large and splendid assortment of
PARLOR AND COOK
STOVES,
both useful and Ornamental, which I am offering to the public cheaper than ever sold before. I will sell a good No. 8 Cook Stove with Furniture for $20. I keep in stock P. P. Peckham's popular Cook. This is said to be the best Stove made in the United States. I also keep the
Lightning X Cut Saw,
the fastest cutting Saw in the world. The manufacturers of this Saw challenge the world under forfeit of $500 that that is the fastest cutting saw made.
Thanking my friends for their patronage, I ask a continuance of the same, and hoping still to merit their favor, I am as ever, grateful,
G. B. KIER.
P. S.—I challenge one and all of the Stove dealers in this county to sell as cheap as I do.
G. B. K.
Mansfield, Nov. 2, 1870.—3m.

First National Bank of Wellsboro.
THE annual election for Directors of this bank for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking rooms, on Tuesday, January 10, 1871. Polls open from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M.
J. L. ROBINSON,
Dec 28, 1870 2t Cashier.

Notice to Taxpayers of Middlebury Township.
I HEREBY notified that their taxes must be handed to me on or before the first of February next, or they will be made on the same. A. B. A. BRIGGS,
Middlebury, Jan 5, 1871 3w Collector.

Lots of New Goods!
COME TO
T. L. BALDWIN & CO'S
TIOGA, PA.
and see a nice stock of Goods for the
FALL & WINTER,
such as
LADIES DRESS GOODS
—all styles, colors and patterns—
ALPACAS, POPLINS, BLACK AND COLORED SILKS, &c., &c.
BEAUTIFUL Winter SHAWLS,
and a large assortment to select from.
CLOAKS READY MADE, AND CLOTH TO MAKE MORE, ALL KINDS OF LININGS, FRINGES, TASSELS &c., TO TRIM DRESSES OR SACQUES.
—Our stock of—
YANKEE NOTIONS
can't be beat. It keeps up with everything the Yankees have thought of so far.
HOOP SKIRTS, BALMORAL SKIRTS, CORSETS, &c.