Daniel McFarland is on trial for the murder of Albert D. Richardson. His defense is Insanity—the only defense possible in view of the conceded facts. Of the merits of that defense, I was not called to pronounce as a witness, and I have nothing to say in any other capacity. I trust the jury impanneled will render a true verdict thereon, in the light of all the evidence that may be adduced. I have not the faintest wish that they should regard it with levity or unfavorable prejudice. Esteeming the hanging of sane men a mistake, I Adj. General George A. Sheridan. should contemplate the hanging of one insane with horrors. And whether his loss of reason was impelled by truth or falsehood makes no difference in the

My interest in this case centers not in the living but the dead. Albert D. Richardson was my friend. I have traveled and camped with him when we were almost alone upon the vast solitudes of the Plains, and knew him as brave, generous and noble. I never heard any one breath a whisper to his discredit until this trouble arose. That he could be guilty of seducing a wife from her husband, is contrary to all I ever knew or believed of him. That he could deliberately resolve to install a woman known to him as lewd and wanton as the mother of his children, is to me utferly incredible. I am sure that the truth which underlies this tragedy has not yet been told; at all events, is not generally understood.

Richardson is dead. He cannot speak for himself. His memory must be vindicted by the efforts of his surviving friends or not at all. And these efforts must be put forth under great disadvantages. The other story has possession of the public ear. Powerful influences and interests are enlisted in its support. Every scoundrel who looks upon Woman therely as an instrument of his lust, and never nided one in distress except with intent to make her his prey, rushes instinctively to the conclusion that Richardson was a seducer. He wants no evid nce of this but such as he finds in his own breast. And every one accustomedato look on a wife merely as a species for property, whereof the title cannot be alienated by abuse any mor than if she were a horse or a dog, naturally inclines to the same verdict.

Anxious only that the whole truth in the premises should be developed, and that my deceased friend's memory should be vindicated from unjust aspersion, I called on the District Attorney, a few days before that appointment for the commencement of this trial, to ask him if he desired any aid in performing the duty assigned him by law. I had not before seen Mr. Garvin since we were fellow members of the Constitutional Convention, and had mmunicated with him in any manner. In answer to my inquiry, he said he preferred to have an able counselor associated with him in the prosecution, and named Mr. Edwards Pierrepont as such voounselor. I called on Mr. Pierrepont accordingly; but he was obliged to try important cases for the Government throughout April, and could not assign that public duty to another. I reported that decision to me word he wished Judge Noah Davis as his associate. I had not suggested either name to Mr. Garvin, nor, indeed, any other. I then called at Judge Davise's office, and, not finding him, stated the District-Attorney's wish to his partner (Judgé Henry E. Davies,) who assured me that, if possible Mr. Gar-

vin's request should be obeyed. Such is the history of my agency in this metter. I acted in behalf of Mr. Richardson's friends, and at the suggestion of one of them residing in this nativeState. I am sure he would have gladly done as much and more for me had i been my fate to be first assassinated, then unjustly covered with obloquy, and his to survive me. If my efforts that no more is there need of such socishall have contributed to vindicate his memory from some part of the wrong which has been done it, I shall rejoice, whatever may be the fate of his des-HORACE GREELEY. New York, May 2, 1870.

> From the New York Tribune DARING ROBBERY.

On Friday night last, shortly after the Omnibus passed through the gate at the Muncy bridge, from the ten o'clock train, and as Mrs. Dewitt, the keeper, for the night, they heard some one at the gate. Returning to the door and unlocking it a man with a blackened face stepped into the room. Mrs. Dewitt supposing him to be drunk pushed him out again, but he rushed in again and presenting a pistol at her demanded for the money on hand, but was prevented on account of the rain, Mrs. D. · little box ready to hand over to him. This she had in her hand when she started up stairs, and brought it back with her and placed it on a table. The girlawho was carrying the lamp became alarmed when the villain drew his pistol, and dropping the lamp upon the floor it went out. In the darkness the girl fled from the house and Mrs. D. retreated into another room. In the covered the box and made off with it. The amount of money stolen we have not learned There are three or four checks which the thief cannot use. At almost any other time the thief would have gotten but little for his pains. It is not usual for Mrs. D. to keep much of the funds of the company on hand, but it so happened that within a new days a number of our lumbermen had settled their toll bills, some with money and some by checks, and the money was not taken away on Friday as was intended. The perpetrator of this bold robbery evidently had an accomplice, as after he left the house, he gave a sharp whistle, and notwithstanding Mrs. D. gave the alarm to the neighbors at once, and a number of men were soon in search for the scoundrels, they made good their escape.-Muncy Lumi-

We notice that most of the Agricultural Societies have already made the

· of September.

The Agitator.

WELLSBORO, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 18, 1870,

A meeting of the Republican County committee, will be-held at Wellsboro Tuesday afternoon, May 31, 1870, (first week in Court) to fix the time for holding the County Convention and appoint Vigilance Committees. A full attendance is requested. A. L. ENSWORTH, Wellsboro, Pa., May 18, 1870.

On the 30th ultimo, the adoption of the Fifteenth Amendment was celebrated in New Orleans. The celebration was orderly, and creditable to all concerned. A poem, by S. Willis Menard, was read, and an able speech made by

On the 5th instant, the House bill to abolish the franking privilege was postponed in the Senate, 36" to 21, and 15 not voting. Senators Cameron and Scott, of this State, both voted against the postponement. It is more than likely that the bill will not pass, or be til provision is made to pay the expenso modified in the Senate, as not to be acceptable to the House.

As was to be expected, the French election was decided in the Emperor's favor. The vote stood about five to one at last accounts. There was the old scene of barricades, and soldiers to level them down and arrest the discontents. enacted in the streets of Paris. The battalions are on the side of the Emperor; and if the result has any meaning, it would seem the people are also.

The Philadelphia papers are exciting the question of the removal of our State capital to that city. In the interest of Harrisburg, we should be glad to favor the movement, if it could be done without expense. We have no doubt such a change would improve the morals of that city, and the slight flood of virtue tor, Robert F. Clark; the former receiving 213 into the Quaker city would scarcely be

The Pension Committee of the Senate lately made an adverse report on the petition of Mrs. Lincoln for a pen- the second 3621 and the third 287. The Demosion, basing their action on the technical ground that her claim does not come within the reason of the pension law. No matter about this. Is she not the widow of a murdered President, whose life was as much a sacrifice for the country as if he had died in battle?

If she has a few thousand dollars of her own, still her income is too insignificant for her to live as becomes the widow of the good Lincoln; and how far will this little acknowledgment go to make up to her and her children, the lost happiness of the years which might have been in store for them? The gase is not parallel to any preceding one.

On the fifth instant, the Pennsylvania Anti-Slavery Society was dissolved, at a last formal meeting in Philadel- tered by them; and we do not conceive give the prisoner the benefit of it. led on the sentiment of the people against the inhumanity of slavery, till many other things: better in theory finally the public conscience was educated to such a point as to sustain its total and final abolishment. Such are the vanguards of a higher civilization; it a fair trial. and perhaps no agency was more successful in bringing about this happy result, than this and other similar organ-Mr. Garvin, who soon afterward sent izations. Its mission is now ended .-No longer is the cry of the child heard calling for pity from the Father of vengeance, when no man's hand was raised to stay the sale of its mother into a worse bondage, and to an unknown land. The sweat of the unpaid laborer no longer waters the soil of our country; to cause engines of war to flourish for future retribution upon the heads of the unjust. There is no echo of the lash legalized, and no murder in cold blood excused, by the sovereign power No dark men clamber over the moun tains in the night-time, in search of a place of safety in a friendly realm, not boasting of its freedom. Thank God,

A great deal has been said of late, about one Rev. Charles B. Smyth, of New York, who is reported to have a New York, who is reported to have a objections raised to his Civil Service 822 square miles. There have been liking for "Gin and Milk." All he bill. It was re-committed, at his own granted out of this vast domain, 412, did, was to go into a salcon on a Sunday, at a time when it was unlawful to sell gin at all, and immediately after Pacific railroad, previously passed the preaching a sermon, and there, in company with the reporter of a sensational of the bill refused to allow it to be read, paper, indulge in a social and religious bowl of that same punch. It beats all, and a girl in her employ, were proceed- how the newspapers do pounce upon ing up stairs for the purpose of retiring every poor minister who chances to make a bad go of it, and get caught in some act which the religious training of newspaper men in general, will not allow them to pass unrebuked. This poor man never expected to get in the 4th of July, for two weeks. The recpapers in such a guise. He very natuher money. As the Treasurer of the rally wished his sermon to appear well Company was to have called on Friday in the next morning's paper; and, no

doubt, having a knowledge of how these matters are sometimes accomplished, had money, checks and tickets, in a he consented to do some evil, that much good might come. He was willing to undergo the compunctions of conscience which must inevitably follow such an act, that his sermon, containing the legislative appropriation bill was then right rule of life, might find a vehicle to the souls of men, who, but for his sacrifice, might go down to their graves in the darkness of souls damned aforetime, without respite. And now come meantime the thief struck a match, dis- the denunciations of godly men, to hurl poor Smyth deep down into the depths of despair, and cover him up

> with the righteousness of other men, past reclamation. To be serious: How much worse for a minister to be human, than for any public teacher? It is an easy matter to recriminate; but it justifies nothing, more than does pointing out the faults of professing Christians whiten the soul of the skeptic. Neither does it make the true religion less a Divine emanation and rule of action.

A new Militia Law was passed at the late session of the Legislature. Hereafter, the active militia is styled the 'National Guard," All persons subject to military duty are required to join was considerable opposition to the secsome military organization, or pay tion proposing to reduce the Army to of Delmar township hereby made preliminary arrangements for their county fairs; and we think it is time we should do so in this county. Usually our notice has been too short, and we have failed in procuring speakers on several occasions, for want of time.

We hope a meeting will be collected as other taxes are now col-

A STATE OF THE STA

to be distributed among the militia ment it goes through the House. of the county, in sums not exceeding

service. Those who served nine months | the capital. or more in the late war, are also exunless sooner discharged by the company commander, with the approval of.

pany may be attached. There are many other provisions relating to the organization and discipline of the Guard, and defining the duties

of officers, &c. We hope this law may stimulate the organization of a State force which shall become permanent, and available in time of need. We never shall have any ses of such service.

CUMULATIVE VOTING.

Senator Buckalew's bill, establishing a such distribution of them as the elector sees fit to make. Thus, he may vote the whole for one candidate, or may he may choose to follow.

In this late election, says an exchange: "The officers to be elected were, President of the Council and six Councilmen; and there were two tickets in the field, the Democratic and the Citizens.' For President of the Council, the Citizens candidate, Elias Mendenhall, was elected, by eleven yeter own his Democratic compact. ed, by eleven votes over his Democratic competimen, the Citizens elected Charles G. Barkley, J. Sharpley and Caleb Barton, they receiving respectively, 429, 392, and 364 votes. The Damocrats also elected three Councilmen—William B. Koons, Frederick C. Eyer, and Stephen Knorr; the first mentioned of these receiving 3931 votes, crats concentrated their strength upon these three men, while the Citizens undertook to elect the President and four of the Councilmen. Their fourth and unsuccessful candidate received 2601 votes, and 35½ votes were given to 'scattering' candidates. The vote for President probably represented pretty correctly the comparative strength of the two parties, the Citizens polling 213 votes, and the Democrats 202. Accepting his vote as giving the strength of the two par ties, the election resulted very fairly; for the Citizens elected the President and three Councilmen, and the majority and minority parties will be represented by four and three men respect-ively. Under the ordinary system of voting, the majority would have elected their whole ticket, and the minority would have had no representa-

We believe the day is coming when the rights of minorities will be secured through some system of voting similar to this. The minority, where there is number greater than two officers to be elected, could always secure a voice in the affairs to be controlled or adminisof any rational objection to such representation. It may, however, be like than it would be in practice. At all events, we are glad Mr. Buckalew succeeded in passing a law which may give

CONGRESSIONAL.

On the 5th instant, the Finance Committee of the Senate had under consideration a bill to reduce the revenue. It proposes to cut off all taxes, except on tobacco, whisky and incomes. The reductions will diminish the revenues about \$44,000,000 per annum, if made. It is likely there will be a change in the income tax law, exempting \$2,000 instead of \$1,000, as the law now is, and reducing the tax from five to three per

IN THE SENATE, the Pension Committee reported adversely a bill to grant a pension of \$3,000 to the widow of President Lincoln. The House resolution to adjourn was taken up and discussed. It seems likely the two Houses will agree to adjourn on the 4th of Ju-

IN THE HOUSE, Mr. Jenckes consumed the morning hour answering the objections raised to his Civil Service request. The bill granting some 47,-000,000 acres of land to the Northern Senate, was taken up; but as the friends or amendments to be made, it was put

May 6.—The bill to extend the right of suffrage to women in the District of Columbia, falls to the ground without objection in the Senate. The Senate postponed the consideration of the resolution of the House to adjourn on the ommendation of the Committee on Appropriations to discontinue the publication of the laws in the newspapers, was concurred in. The House was not in

May 8.—In the Senate, Mr. Morrill of Vermont, made a long argument against free trade, and in favor of a tariff for protection and revenue. The taken up, and quite an exciting debate arose on the appropriation for the Bureau of Education, quite a number of Senators expressing the opinion that it is better to leave the matter of education to the States. The discussion on this bill consumed the day and evening in the Senate. The question of granting a land subsidy to Cyrus W. Field and others, in aid of a cable to China. was discussed, by the Committee on Public Lands. The Committee are opposed to the grant. The Senate Military Committee propose to extend the time in which soldiers shall be allowed to apply for bounty under the act of 1866. Judge Lawrence, of Ohio, has prepared a bill to make women eligible to appointments to take the census.— The Superintendent of the Census holds

them to be ineligible. May 10.-In the Senate, Mr. Wilson's substitute for the Army bill of the House, was discussed at length. There

vided for, to consist of the three officers to a direct vote. The Tribune correshighest in rank in the county. This pondent says there is no prospect of the fund is called the Brigade Fund, and is Tariff bill passing the Senate, even if

May 11.-Mr. Conkling introduced in of the county, in sums not exceeding May 11.—Mr. Conkling introduced in binself a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subtwelve dollars to each man, annually, the Senate a bill to establish a steam-ject to the decision of the Republican County in proportion to the number of times of ship mail route to Valparaiso. South attendance on drills and parades. One- America. The Appropriation bill ochalf of the sum is to be paid when each | cupied most of the session. The amendmember shall have furnished his proper ment appropriating \$500,000 for a new uniform. Five years' service in the State Department, passed, 41 to 15.

National Guard exempts from further This does not look much like moving to one's femily in case of premature death? In

In the House, a vote was taken on empt. The term of service is five years, the Northern Pacific railroad bill. by which it was refused a third reading.-It was subsequently recommitted, with the commanding officer of the regiment, leave to report at any time. The friends battalion or squadron to which the com- of the bill are evidently surprised at the result. In the evening, the tariff bill was considered in the House.

McFARLAND ACQUITTED.

After some four weeks spent in the

trial of Daniel McFarland, for the mur-

der of Albert D. Richardson, in New York, the defendant was acquitted on the 10th instant. The defence rested life at the age of 30 years, payable at death: the 10th instant. The defence rested militia that can be depended upon, un- their case on a plea of insanity, and found enough doctors, as everybody knew beforehand would be the case, to acquit this man, who stepped up in the day-time and shot his victim, without An election was lately held under any warning. The fact of the murder could not be escaped: the only possible system of cumulative voting, in Blooms- | deliverance was to create a doubt, known | burg, this State. The law allows each in law as "reasonable doubt." of the voter as many votes as there are candi- defendant's criminal responsibility. dates for a given office, and permits Insanity is deliverance in law from the penalty of its actual transgression, and very properly so. By a long train of circumstances, enough was shown in distribute among them, in such ratio as this case to justify the jury in their verdict. They could not convict under the law, as given them by the Court: for, with all that was shown, they must have been convinced that there was doubt of his sanity. It matters not how "reasonable doubt" may be explained under the rulings of courts; the word "doubt" still remains, in substance, the same; and the natural impulses of most men lead them to acquit in all such cases. They could not look over and forget that here was a man suffering under the most painful emotions which can befal any human creature.— The bare thought, and certainly the exposure to public view of such difficulties, no matter how or by what cause they arose, was enough to make probable, in their judgment, a state of frenzy in the mind of one driven or given Gold Down, Goods Down, and Specie over to despair. However much their sympathy might go out to the muchabused wife, it could not change the fact of his wretchedness. They were not to inquire how it came, but only whether it existed, and culminated even in momentary insanity. Neither could they leap from their own standpoint to

> This is something the way the verdict was conceived and matured, no doubt. But it matters not of all this. The so- GLOTHS & CASSIMERES phistry of law may shield the criminal; but the common sense of honest people pronounces McFarland guilty of the it by reason of his most unfortunate family difficulty. Such law as these cases tend to establish as a rule for the government of all such cases, is dangerous te the peace of society. There are always two sides to these cases; and no man should be suffered to take the law into his own hands-condemning to death, and executing the sentence on the moment. Mr. Richardson saw s woman, whom he admired, maltreated by a brutal husband; her very situation drew largely upon his sympathies; and he was impelled to offer that appreciation, love and protection which she so much deserved. He may have beenprobably was—hasty and inconsiderate. That does not change the quality of the action. It was a manly resolution, wor-

conclusion of their own, without due

consideration of the evidence of experts.

The doctors disagreed; but disagree-

ment to them was doubt, and they must

for its unseasonableness. Our Public Domain.

thy of the highest commendation, but

The public domain of the U. States. ince the purchase of Alaska, embraces ,446,716,072 acres, or more than 2,837, 8,262 acres to purchasers and homestead settlers, for military services, agricultural colleges, railroad and inter-nal improvements, schools, Indians, public buildings, &c. There remained insold on the 30th of June, 1869, 1,405,-366,678 acres, or more than 2,195,000 square miles. Since that time large grants have been made to the different Pacific railroad companies, and others, to the extent of about 100,000,000 acres. The lands granted to the railways have aided and will aid those grand thoro'. fares to furnish the means of reaching and settling upon the present unoccupied lands of the vast West and Northwest, which, not long hence, will teem with a busy and prosperous population, the products of whose labor will be immense. The Northern Pacific line will open to the world one of the finest and most productive, as well as most extensive tracts of land, to be found on the face of the globe, extending even far beyond the northern boundary of the United States.—The Day.

AN ACT Enlarginy the limits of the Borough of Wellsboro' in the County

SECT. 1. Be it enacted &c, That the boun daries of the borough of Wellsboro' in the county of Tioga be and they are hereby altered and extended in such manner that the boundary fines shall be as follows viz, beginning at a post and stones in the western boundary line of William Downer at the distance of fifty-two perches south from the north-east of said Downer thence north two and three-fourths degrees east eight north two and three-fourths degrees east eight hundred and four perches to a post and stone heaps thence south eighty-seven and one-fourth degrees east to the corner of Rinchel farm along the line of said farm and continuing in same course to the line of Charleston township in all seven hundred and twenty-three perches to a post or stone heap in said township line thence y said township line south six hundred and forty-seven perches to a post and stones at a point south eighty-seven degrees east from the north east corner of A. L. Bodine, thence south eighty-seven degrees east across lands of George Thompsen along line of said A. L. Bodine across lands of Esther Kress deceased to the State road distance of five hundred and four perches thence southerly by the several courses of said road to a point south eighty-seven and one-fourth degrees east from the starting point first above named thence south eighty-seven and one-fourth degrees east two hundred and fifty-six perches to the place of beginning.

SEC. 2. That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to affect in any manner the collection of the general taxes levied for the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy but the same shall be collected as though this act had not been passed within the original boundaries of the said borongh and in that part

we have laned in procuring speakers or repetitively. The tax is to on several occasions, for want of time.

We hope a meeting will be called at once, and nothing left undone to make the fair a better success than ever before. The Lycoming county fair is to be held on the 14th, 15th and 16th of Sentember.

The County Treasurers are to disside for the propose of cultivation or fair and the fair

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Mr. A. T. James, of Blossburg, announces himself a condidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. Mr. Allen Daggett of Lawrenceville, announces

LIFE ASSURANCE.

Convention.

making an insurance two things are necessary to be considered:

First, The security of the Company. Second, Cheapness of the insurance. The ratio what known in this vicinity clearly demonstrate bich of the five is most secure:

· Ratio of Assets to Liabilities. Travelers,'.....\$182,00.

THE TRAVELERS' Insurance Company has \$53 one to each dollar of its liability to policy holders than any of the above companies.
THE TRAVELERS' Insurance Co. charge from 25 to 35 per cent LESS for insuring than any of the above companies Compare the annual

Annual premium \$33,21 42,80 Travelers' \$16,84 Ætna, 22,73 Home, 23,30 Equitable, 22,70 Washington, ...22,70

all the different ages and plans of Insurance.— THE TRAVELERS is a stock Company. The ther companies are mutual. All the policies of THE TRAVELERS' are non orfeitable, and they contain in explicit terms the contract in full between the insured and the

About the same difference running through

The Mutual companies charge in their policie a large promium, but make a verbel promise out-side of the policy to return in the future some of the over charged premiums which they cal dividends. Upon this point: 4
"Hon. John E. Sanford, (asknowledged author

The income-producing and interest bearing, and savings bank plan, and a dozen more of the same PROMISING sort are well enough for those who can afford to go into life insurance as a speculation, and throw away half their chances."

SMITH & MERRICK. Agents for Travelers' Ins. Co. of Hartford, also May 18, 1870-tf. I. M. BODINE.

The McFarland Trial Ended

and so is the High Price of Goods at Wilson & Valkenburg's.

Payment Resumed!

NEW GOODS of almost every quality, style and price, and an endless variety. Drop in and take a look through

Ladies' Dress Goods.

beautiful styles, large assortment and cheap.

of every description, and clothing made to order in the very best style, and warranted. Also,

CUTTING DONE

in any style desired. READY MADE CLOTHING

always on hand to fit a customer at once. WILSON & VAN VALKENBURG.

Wellsboro, May. 18, 1869. A. HUMPHREY & CO.,

PPOSITE the the Hazlett House, TIGGA, Pa., keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Family

Groceries and Provisions, FLOUR FEED, AND MEAL, PORK, BUTTER, LARD, CHEESE, &c.

Fires down to the bottom figures. May 18, 1870.-3m. A. HUMPHREY & CO.

YOUNG BERTRAND. THIS well known STOCK HORSE will stand the ensuing season as follows: At the stable of the subscriber in Mainsburg and at D. D. Holiday's, Wellsboro, the three first days of Court, and the three first days of each

reck thereafter. Terms, \$10 to ensure. Pas-

ture furnished for mares from a distance. All ceidents at the risk of owners. All mares disosed of with foal, the present owner will be held or the insurance money. May 18, 1870-3m. E. A. FISH.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL MARSFIELD, PA. THE EXAMIFATION of the Graduating Class will commonce Monday, June 13, at o'clock A. M., and continue two days. The card of examiners will consist of Principals Cooper, Carver, and Verrill, the State Sup'tr Wickersham, and the County Sup'ts of the 5th Normal School District. The public are lavited. All Graduates who have taught two full annual Terms in the State, are entitled to the second degree—the papers properly signed should be sent in on or before June 14th.

SPRING MILLINBRY

May 18, 1870-4t. C. H. VERRILL.

AND FANCY GOODS. MRS. SOFIELD has returned from the City with an assortment of New Goods to which she invites the attention of the ladies of Wells-

STRAW GOODS, LACES, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, KID GLOVES, HAND-KERCHIEF'S, COLLARS, FANS, EMBROIDERIES, and a variety of WHITE GOODS.

Thankful for the generous patronage of the past, she hopes to merit a continuance of same. Bonnets & Hats repaired to order. I am also agent for the Willeox & Gibbs' Sewing Machine. Mrs. A. J. SOFIELD.

Wollsboro April 20, 1870. tf

Applications for Charters. TOTICE is hereby given that the following have been filed in my office, and will be presentdato the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county, Monday, May 30, 1870:

Application of Hiram Freeborn, John Goodspeed, E. Horton, et. al., under the name of the First Angelical Congregational Church of Knox-

ville.

Application of Frederick Keyler, David Erdly, Bhnjamin Brion, et. al., under the name of
the Evangelical Lutheran Church of Liberty.

Application of M. P. Marsh, O. A. Smith, C.
M. Robbins, et. al., under the name of the Gaines Free Will Baptist Church.
JOHN F. DONALDSON, Wellsboro, May 11, 1870.

IOWA LAND AGENCY THE subscriber would inform the public that he has the agency of a quantity of

JUWA LANDS.

MILLINERY.

RS. E. E. Kimball will be found hereafter in her new quarters, over Young and Co.'s bookstore. She has just received lots of

SPRING MILLINERY

o which she invites the attention of the ladies of Wellsboro and vicinity.

MRS. E. E. KIMBALL.

April 13, 1870. ly PPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE.-Notice

is hereby given that the following named persons have made applications for Tavern Licenses and eating house Licenses, and that the same will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions the 30th day of May, inst., at two o'clock P. M., when all interested may attend if they hink proper. Horels.

Daniel W. Hebbard, Rutland. Libbeas Phillipg, Fall Brook. * Charles B. Goodrich, Nelson. * Sandy Stinson, Elkland. *
J. O. Pine, Covington. * Peter Reep, Lawrence. 3 Thomas Graves, Covington. *
James Kelly, Blossburg. *
William L. Thomas, Ward. * Elijah Plumer, Blossburg. 9 James Morgan, " E. M. Smith, Tioga. * Geo. W. Hazlett, M. Ballard, Wellsboro. * C. C. Phillips, Knoxville. * lilton G. Bowman, Westfield. J. W. Odell, Deerfield. EATING HOUSES.

Stephen Bowen, Blossburg. *

Robert Esgar,

William Sage, J. S. Mitchell, Plants.

EXPECT to have for sale, at the proper time for planting, a choice lot of vegetable plants, nsisting of cabbages, cauliflowers, tomatoes, oppers, &c. Also some of the finest annuals: climbers, r ses, verbenns, lantanas, &c.
I can also furnish all kinds of bedding and ouse plants, from one of the best Green House in the United States. All the above at reasona prices. Residence on State street.

M. B. PRINCE.

Sheriff's Sales.

Wellsboro, May 4, 1870. tf

BY VIRTUE OF sundry writs of Fieri Fa BY VIRTUE OF sundry writs of Fieri Facias, Levari Facias, and Venditioni Expones, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, to the highest and best bidder, at the Court House in Wellsboro, on Monday, the 30th day of May, 1870, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described property, viz:

A lot of land in Chatham township; bounded north by highway, east by George Wheeler, south by highway, and west by highway; containing 33% acres, more or less: all improved. taining 33½ acres, more or less; all improved with a log house, barn and apple orchard there

on. To be sold as the property of John W. Lew-is, suit of Joseph F. Whitney for use of Thomas ALSO-A lot of land in Middlebury town ship; bounded on the north by Horace Losey and George Hall, east by Wilson Dickinson, south by Jacob Briggs, and west by Anson Cass; con-taining 168 acres, more or less; about 100 acres improved, with two frame houses, one log house, frame barn, log stable, and other outbuildings,

and an apple orchard and other fruit trees thereon. To be sold as the property of Hathaway Losey, suit of E. S. Farr.

ALSO—A lot of land in Osceola township; eginning at the southeast corner of Robert Tubbs; thence in a northwesterly direction about 0 rods, to a stake; thence north 256½ perches to a post, being the southwest corner of Benson Tubbs, deceased; thence east 31 rods to a post; thence north 160 perches to a post in the New York State line; thence east along the State line 651 perches; thonce south 144 perches, along lands of J. Parkburst, to a post; thonce west 342 perches to a post: thence south 16 rods to a post; thence west 12 rods to a post; thence south along land of J. Parkhurst, about 250 perches, to the Cowanesque river; thence along the several courses of the same, in a westerly direction, about 48 perches, to the place of beginning containing about 142 acres, be the same more or less; about 120 acres improved, with two fram dwelling houses, one frame barn and other out mildings, two apple orchards and other fruit rees, thereon. To be sold as the property of E.

proved, with frame house, frame barn, black-smith shop, other outbuildings, and a few fruit trees, thereon. To be sold as the property of Elijah Dimmick, suit of Converse & Osgood. ALSO—A lot of land in Charleston township; ounded on the north by Alfred Scheiffelin, east by Elmer Ingerrick, south by John Neal, and west by Charles Goodwin; containing about 40 acres, 25 acres improved; with one frame house. log barn and apple orchard thereon. To be sold

s the property of Francis Kelley, suit of Thos. Harding. .
ALSO—A lot of land in Charleston township counded on the north by Asa Moore, east by semetery lot, and south and west by highway containing half an acre, more or less; with a frame wagon house and a few fruit trees thereon.

ALSO,—another lot, situated as aforesaid; boun-ALSO—another for, structed as aforesaid; nounled on the north by highway, east by Elias Tipple, south by — Card, and west by Denton Jerow; containing 6.4 acres, all improved; with a frame house, frame barn and an apple orchard thereon. To be sold as the property of M. O. Sutton, suit of Nelson Whitney for the use of Alonzo Whitney, and suit of Ross & Williams. ALSO-A lot of land in Chatham; beginning t the southwest corner of lands late the estate of B. F. Spencer, deceased; thence north along highway, 25 rods, to a post; thence south, 25 rods, to the south line of said B. F. Spencer's estate; thence west along said line, 96 rods, to the tate; thence west along said line, yo rods, to the place of beginning; containing 15 acres, all improved; with a frame house, frame barn and apple orchard thereon. To be sold as the property of B. F. Spencer and F. Spencer, suit of Henry Sherwood for use of John Benson.

ALSO—A piece or parcel of land in Elkland

borough; bounded on the south by John a Ham-mond, on the west by George Dorrance, north by the New York State line, and east by the old plank road; containing about 15 acres, all im-proved; with frame dwelling house, milk house, reveal, with italia diversing access, min and see, rame barn and apple orchard thereon. To be sold as the property of Cornelins Bengle, suit of J. & J. Parkhurst for use of John Parkhurst. bounded on the north by Billings estate, east by John Knox, south by highway and Ira Wagner, and west by Hiram Gilbert; containing sixty ten years especially. barn, a few fruit trees, and a tretting park, there-on. To be sold as the property of Caleb Short and M. D. Cass, suit of J. B. Wakely for use of J. & J. Parkhurst. ALSO-A lot of land in Middlebury township

bounded on the north by highway, east by Wellington Newcomb, south by W. E. Jackson, and west by Merrill Staples; containing about one acre, more or less. all improved. To be sold as the property of Samuel E. Hall, suit of Elias

Keeney.
ALSO—A lot of land in Sullivan township ounded north and west by Abram Westbrook east by Cyrus Davenport, and south by high-way; containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less; with a frame house, frame shop and fruit trees thereon. To be sold as the property of S. N. Davenport, suit of George A. Wood for use of W. S. Pitt.

ALSO-A lot of land in Sullivan township : bounded on the north by Aaron Cleaveland and James Cleaveland, east by Nathan Whiting and James Cleaveland, east by Mattan waiting and Gilbert Welsh, south by H. H. Dent and S. S. Watkins, and on the west by S. Watkins; containing 59 acres, more or less, thirty acres improved; with frame house, log barn, cooper shop and some fruit trees thereon; being the same piece of land contracted by H. H. Dent to Orwell N. Moffit, by contract bearing date the first day of February, 1860. To be sold as the property of Orwell N. Moffit, suit of H. H. Dent.

ALSO—A lot of laud in Liberty township; bounded north by A Sheffer, east by highway, south by Ira Hart, and west by John Sheffer; containing two eares, all improved to the content of the conten

containing two acres, all improved; one fram outbuildings, and a few fruit trees thereon. To be sold as the property of Jacob Schartel, suit of Frederick Boger ALSO-A lot of land in Nelson township; be

ginning at the northeast corner of Elwood Stevens's lot, contracted by James Ward to Seeloy

Lugg; thence south, along the road leading to Farmington, to the south corner of tavern house on said lot; thence a westerly direction, along the road leading to Elkland, to a corner thence north, within three and a half feet of the southeast corner of the shoe shop owned by See ley & Lugg, along the fence twenty-two feet east of the north end of the store house now occupied by Lugg & Whited, to a fence post or corner; thence a westerly direction, along the line of said lot and storehouse lot, to Joseph Paul's lot; thence north, along the line of said lot and Joseph Paul's, to Elwood Stevens's lot, formerly owned by James Ward; thence east, along the line of said lot and E. Stevens's lot, to the place of beginning; containing one-fourth acre, more or less; with a frame tavern house, frame barn, a few fruit trees, and other outbuildings thereon. To be sold as the property of W. W. Richardson, suit of G. W. Phelps.

ALSO—A lot of land in Rutland township; bounded on the north by Johns Brothers, east by Johns Brothers, south by — Kenyan, and west by Johns Brothers, containing 64 acres, more or less, about 30 acres improved; with a owned

more or less, about 30 acres improved; with a frame house, frame barn, and a few fruit trees thereon. To be sold as the property of Jacob H. Allen, suit of John Benson.

JEROME B. POTTER, Sheriff. Wellsboro, May 11, 1870.

New Goods!

C. B. KELLY'S.

WE HAVE just received, lots of new Goods which we propose to sell to our customers at living prices. Drop in and look

THROUGH THE STOCK.

and we will try and convince you, that we no

GOOD GOODS,

but that we are selling them clear down to th bottom of the market. 'We have a complete as-

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, TEA, COEEEE, SPICES, Ете, Етс.

No charge for showing Goods. Call and

SPECIAL NOTICE .- On and after Monday May 9, I will sell Goods down at the very lowes

Cash Prices and for ready pay.

|Spring Millinery, 1870| MRS. SMITH, on Main Street, has ju-opened a very large assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS,

HATS, BONNETS, STRAW GOODS LACES, FLOWERS, RIBBONS. COLLARS, H'DKERCH'FS.

all of which will be sold much below former pri ces. All work done promptly, and to please. MRS. CAROLINE SMITH. Wellsboro, May 11, 1870-tf.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIFTY OF THE UNITED STATES

Chartered under the Laws of New York. Cash Assets......\$12,000,000 Annual Business.....\$52,000,000 DIVIDENDS applied to reduce 2d and a subsequent premiums, or to increase the amount of the policy. Dividends are from 10 to 20 per cent ithe 2d year, and increase each year therefore. The Equitable did business to the amount of \$12,000,000 more last year (1869) than any other company—all cash. Purely mutual and non-forfeitable. No other company can show a botter record, larger dividends, or safer secu curities. All the profits less the actual expense of the company are divided among the policy ing of having a life insured, if he will examine the figures of the Equitable, will become convinced that it is to his advantage to insure in this com

pany in preference to any other.

W. A. STONE, Agent
Office with Wilson & Niles.] for Tioga Co. April 13, 1870-6m

SPECIE PAYMENT!

WE do not pay specie in making change, but we do sell goods from

25 to 50 per Cent Less

han any other store in this vicinity, which is better. We hav just received a

Large Stock,

FOR THE SPRING TRADE!

Dry Goods

of all kinds are cheaper than they have been in

DRESS SILKS, FRENCH POPLINS, &c.

a full line in stock, and at such low prices that

IN PAISLEY SHAWLS.

svery lady can afford a new dress.

we have a complete assortment and CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE. Our stock of

Domestic Goods, Fancy Dress Goods, Woolen Cloths, Yankee Notions, &c., &c.,

s as usual very large and varied, and we cause ANTEE PRICES to be as low as can be found any-where within 100 miles. Our

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

s full of fresh Goods AT SPECIE PRICES, very one can now afford to have everything they eat made good.

WE CORDIALLY INVITE THE PEOPLE OF TIOGA County to call and examine our Stock and prices-being satisfied that it will pay them to come and buy their goods at

The Regulator.

We always give customers from a distance the 'INSIDE TRACK.'

NEWELL & OWEN.

Planing & Matching. FLOORING, CEILING, WAINSCOT-

Corning, April 6, 1870.

ING, TONGUED & GROOVED, with rapidity and exactness, with our new Manich cocasion you can attend if you think problems. Try it and see. B. T. VANHORN. chines. Try it and see. B. T. VANHORN. Wellsboro, Jan. 1, 1870.

Unesapeake and Ohio Railroad Co The advantage and attractions of this Loan

or investment purposes, are many and impor 1. It is based upon one of the Great THROUGH

LINES between the SEABOARD and the

3. The Local Traffic, from the unrivalled Ag. ricultural regions and Iron and Coal deposit

adjacent, must be large and profitable.

4. The enterprise receives Important Concest

and West Virginia. %

7. They are of denominations of

\$1000, \$500 & \$100

payable May 1st and November 1st.

Holders of United States Five-Twnties are nabled to procure these Bonds, bearing the same rate of interest and having a longer perial

Bonds and Stocks dealt in at the Stock Er change, received in exchange for this Loan, a the full market value, and the Bonds returned free of express charges.

FISK & HATCH,

in Currency.

OSADALIS

THE GREAT AMERICAN HEALTH RESTO ER, purifies the blood and cures Scrofe Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases

Dr. R. W. Carr of Baltimore, at ya: I take pleasure in recommending your licests as a very powerful alterative. I have seen is as a very powerful alterative. I have excused in two cases with happy results—one is case of secondary syphilis, in which the pate pronounced himself cured after having taken bottles of your medicine. The other is a case scrouln of long standing, which is rapidly a proving under its use, and the indications a that the patient will soon recover. I have called the carmined the formula by which your Rosadalists made, and find it an excile compound of alterative ingredients.

Or Snarks of Nicholasville, Ky, sava had

Bonjamin Bechtol, of Lima, Ohio, writes, I his suffered for twenty years with an inveter eruption over my whole body; a short time use I purchased a bottle of Rosadalis and it effects a perfect of re-

the National Art Association, sold by subscription be superior in design and execution that their sales in great during all seasons and times. Men must determine at the sales in the sales of the sales when, from the business talent and energy manited an equitable salary can be agreed upon, should also preferred to remuneration by commission. Sho Teachers, Farmers, Agents, Mechanics and other to ness and professional men can engage with great pill by letter, state age, previous and present business or professional pursuits, explicity stating whether superintendency, or merely a situation as Salemat desired—what territory is proferred—the earliest of the engagement could commence, and if for less of the content of the professional pursuits as the company of the could commence, and if for less of the content of th

Cleanse the Blood.

Authony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter of Elleum, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Cancer or Caucrest Tumors, Sore Eyes, Female Diseases, such as Retentify. Irregularity, Suppression, Whites, Sterility, also Siphilis or Veneral Diseases, Liver Complaints, and Heat Diseases. Try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and see for reself the surprising activity with which it cleanest the blood and cures these disorders.

During late years the public have been misled it large bottles pretending to give a quart of Extractify Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have lear frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curitive ingrelies whatever. Hence, bitter disappointments has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla what flood the market, until the name itself has been synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call it is compound, "Sarsaparilla," and intend to suppress the aremedy as shall rescue the name from the late of obloquy which rests upon it. We think we have ground for helieving it has virtues which are irresistive to the ve know how to produce, and we have reason it believe, it is by far the most effectual purmer of the blood yet discovered.

Aver's Cherry Pectoral is so universally knowned.

sions and privileges from the States of Virginia 5. It is under the management of efficient aci well-known Capitalists, whose name are guarar. tees for its early completion and successful or eration. 6. The bonds can be had either in

Coupon or Registered

form: they have thirty years to run. both pris cipal and interest being payable in gold.

bearing interest at the rate six per cent. in coin

From our intimate acquaintance with the fairs and condition of the Company, we know these securities to be peculiarly desirable, and suitable for safe emplopment of surplus Capital, and funding of Government Bonds, by Investors Trustees of Estates, and others who prefer ab. solute security with reasonable income

to run, and to realize a large increase of capital a addition.

Price 90 and accrued Interest

nished on application. 5 Nassau Street, New York

May 4, 1870-8w.

iver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Mail Faculty and many thousands of our best of ens.

Read the testimony of Physicians and pair
who have used Rosadulis; send for our Rosad

compound of alterative ingredients.

Or. Sparks of Nicholasville, Ky., says it be used leastless of Nicholasville, Ky., says it be used leastless of Records and Secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results. As a cleicer of the blood know no better remedy.

Samuel Q, McFadden, Murftersboro, Tenn., say.

I have used soven bottles of Rosadalis, and accentively cured of thenmatism; send me fourkattles, as I wish it for my brother, who has such leas acreaves.

A portect cure. Rosodalis is sold by P. R. Williams & Co. at W. C. Kross, Wellsboro; Philo Tuller, Tica M. L. Bacon, Blossburg, and Druggists generally March 9, 1870.—1y.

USINESS PERMANENT AND PROFITABLE-of Sales in this County, also one in each of the adju-ing Counties, for Steel Plate Engravings, issued !} the National Art. Association and the underwinden

er term than one year, its exact or probable dust c., &c. R. H. CURRAN & CO. Publishers, Main & Water Sts., Rochester, N. March 30 187 0-3m with corrupt or tainted Blood parts sick all over. It may burst sin Pimples, or Sores, or in some tive disease, or it mity merely by you listless, depressed and good in nothing. But you cannot have god health while your blood is impured health while your blood is impured by the property of life late vierces, getting the property of life late vierces, earlier. Hence, it rapidly under the property of life late vierces, earlier. tmpurities; 'if expels disease and stimulates incorp-ofl life into vigorous action. Hence it rapidly cut a variety of complaints which are caused by impure of the blood, such as Scrofula, or King's Evil, Tumor Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, S Authony's Fire, Rose or Eryslpelas, Tetter or sa Rheum, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Cancer or Caneron

blood yet discovered.

Ayet's Chorry Pectoral is so universally known be surpass every other medicine for the cure of Couples surpass every other medicine for the cure of Couples in the cure of Couples in the cure of Couples in the cure of the relief of Couples in the cure of the disease, that tive Patients in advanced singes of the disease, its useless here to recount the evidence of its virus.—
The world knows them.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Masnud sold by all Druggists and dealers in medical everywhere.

May, 18, 1870—2m tive Patients in advanced stages of the

IN DIVORCE.—To Calvin Bonham, Take notice, that Susannah Bonham, by her next triend, Thoobold Zittel, has applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Troga county for a diverce from the bonds of matrimony, and that said Count has appointed Monday May 30, 1870, at the Court House, in Wellsboro, as the time and place of hearing the said or propries.

per, April 20, 1870.

2. The SECURITY IS ALREADY CHAR. TERED, the greater part of the line being in successful running operation.