The cleryman suggested that it was an unseasonable hour fora wedding, and proposed that they postpone the nuptial ceremony till the next day. In reply to this the young man said that they were not infending to be married until the

ceremony till the next day. In reply to this the young man said that they were not infending to be married until the next day, but had concluded the evening previous to take a trip to his home in Jeffrey, N. H., and were going down to Winchendon on the night train. The story was so plausible that the clergy-man married them. They left and went to the hotel in the village, where they spent the remainder of the night. In the morning they went to the depot to take the train for Ludlow, neglecting to pay their bill at the hotel, or for their team hired at the liver stable.

The landlord followed them and demanded his bill of the bridegroom, which he paid. The livery stable keeper also went and presented his bill of three dollars for the use of the team. This bill was also paid and the man returned to his stable and discovered that the whip he had furnished the young couple was missing. He went back immediately to the depot, and demanded pay for the lost whip, which the happy bridegroom handed over. On returning to the stable he found the runners of the sleigh were broken, and fearing the train might leave before he could reach the depot, hastened third time to the happy but unlucky man, who paid five dollars for the damage done to the runners of the sleigh. The cars soon sarrived and took the young couple to Ludlow, and the livery stable keeper arrived and took the young couple to Ludlow, and the livery stable keeper returned to his stable. On examining his sleigh more critically he found that the beams of the sleigh were also broken. the beams of the sleigh were also broken. Hitching up a team, he soon started for Ludlow and found the young bridegroom, and for the fourth time presented a bill which was this time cancelled with a five dollar greenback. Nothing more occurred to mar the pleasure of their honeymoon till the up mail train arrived at Ludlow, when off stepped a young man in search of the runaway couple

couple
This man had a bill to present to the young bridegroom who had proved his rival in this love affair, the facts of which and on the evening alluded to, procured a team and went to see the lady, and af-ter a few minutes' conversation, they agreed to proceed to the minister's residence, as above, and become "twain of one flesh."

The truant girl, however, did not fail to array herself in the marriage garments furnished her by lover No. 1, who; when learning of the proceedings, was greatly incensed thereat, and, upon meeting his rival at Ludlow, claimed that the haughty girl had promised to marry him, and that he had bought the nice clothes that she had on her at that time—her wedding suit. The bridegroom remonstrated with the rejected lover, whose indignation would be quieted with nothing short of full payment for the nice clothes that he had furnished the treacherous girl.

But here the bridegroom was in a bad situation: such inroads had been made upon his financial resources that his last bill (the unkindest cutof all) oversized them, and he was unable to pay

it, how much over he might have desired them, and he was unable to pay it, how much over he might have desired to. But his relentless opponent was uncompromising in his demands, and nothing short of all the bridegroom's money and watch would satisfy his wounded heart and depleted pocket-book.

At last the bridegroom yielded to these stern demands, and gave up his watch and last dollar, and doubtless feels rich in the possession of one who has foresken another and agreed to cling unto him alone through life.

PARDONS.

the attorney who prosecuted, proof of which notice shall be furnished this

required. Also, a copy of commitment, petition from prisoner setting forth reasons, and statement from Warden and Inspectors of Prison.

Fifth. No personal application will be permitted.

Seventh. As these rules are intended

This afternoon about five o'clock, th tee broke up in the Chemung River at this point and began to move. It be-came demanded at the highway bridge portions; one lodged on the bank near-ly opposite the Corning Warehouse; another lodged on the bank at the upper

The Agitator.

WELLSBORG, PENN'A.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 20, 1867. CIRCULATION 1,700.

Hon. S. F. Wilson please accept thanks for a copy of the proposed tariff bill.

We are obliged to Auditor General Hartranft for copies of his annual Report, and of Reports of Banks and Saings Institutions for 1866.

To State Treasurer Kemble for a copy of his annual Report of Finances. To Dr. John Curwen, Superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane.

Our readers will have, ere this, examined the annual Statement of the Conimissioners, and Auditors of the County for 1866. We regard it as a gratifyingexhibit of the state of the finances, and an earnest of the ability of the County to extinguish the war debt in shorter time than was thought sufficient for

that purpose. It appears that during the past year \$112,097,90 of the debt has been extinguished, leaving a balance of \$217,400,which there had been paid up to Jan. \$124,684,10.

as we see it; and we predict that the County will be none the worse for paying this large indebtedness.

TARIFF ... FREE TRADE.

Mr. Jones broke the handle out of his

helve for the axe. Tell 'em to charge

Mr. Smith had plenty of nice bickory timber on his farm, and plenty of spare time to make his own axe-helves. Now, which was the more economical of the two? Other things being equal, the note of which of these men would you prefer to carry in your pocket? You say, "Mr. Jones."

You would prefer Jones's note, also. Well, Jones depends on home manufactures and development of home resources: Smith represents that school of Free Trade which imports what can be produced at home as cheaply as it can be imported; but with this difference-you get the importation on tick. and you must pay cash for the home product.

We have heard all the arguments for Free Trade; born and reared in the midst of Free Trade influences, in a manufacturing region whose interests had been fostered until they could fairly compete with foreign capital, therefore requiring no further protection; so our educational bias is toward free trade. But we nevertheless find our convictions decidedly tending toward a protecive system, one which shall foster the

and a letter from the judge, setting forth is views upon the subject of the application.

Fourth. Recemmendations for pardon for unexpired terms of sentence, must have a copy of the whole records as before required. Also, a copy of commitment, petition from prisoner setting forth reasons, and statement from Warden and Inspectors of Prison.

Fifth. No personal application will be permitted.

The case of the miser, who ward Chambersburg would break a deal of the work of developed and of glass in Col. M'Clure's neighborhood. Begin the gradient of the pople of that Territory of the whole records as before developed, are likewise dead capital.

On the other hand, when an inducement to the development of internal resources is offered, capital at once addresses itself to the work of development of the Commonwealth, and passed it by a vote of 109 to 55.

The Senate of this Commonwealth, and passed it by a vote of 109 to 55.

Feb. 14. The bill to establish a Navy

dresses itself to the work of develop-

lies. Admit it, and what then? Is not be eventh. As these are intended to subserve the administration of justice, they will be strictly enforced, and rerelaxed only when good reasons shall be furnished for so doing.

JOHN W. GEARY.

But the fact is, that where the opers full of monopolies? In patronizing But the fact is, that where the operation of the laws of trade is unimpeded by class legislation, there can be no mo-

nopoly of manufacture or trade. The leading to Knoxville and soon carried capital. A firm insolvent to begin with off the bridge, which broke into three will go to the well in competing with

as home producers command for the Jersey folk to occupy these vacant half as home producers command. In this seats. The Jersey folk drew back in same article of superior grade. In this seats. The Jersey folk drew back in red-hot indignation: "D—d if meet than excellence. Hence, home manufacturers are shut out of market.

BORTON OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

Our facilities for the production of the States might as well be without unrival- vacant seat. ed resources as with them. Under the system of Free Trade we are like a 1000 horse-power engine without wood and water.

Will the President be impeached? This question is propounded to us many times a day; and we desire to re-

ply that— We know no better about that than our catechizers. However, we have no expectation of Andrew Johnson's impeachment. That he has done, and omitted to do, many things upon which his impeachment might be had, is unquestionable. But the American people are long-suffering, and seldom punish where punishment can be avoided.

We are not particularly desirous of the impeachment of the President. It does not now seem likely that he will 60 to be lifted. The original war debt have an opportunity to further imperil of the County was \$469,572,75, upon public liberty during his term: Congress has generously relieved him from 16,1666, \$173,000,17. It appears that Mr. a contingent exercise of doubtful pow-Miller, the present efficient Treasurer, ers by resolving itself into a perpetual paid, in principal and interest, last year body. But we are not of those who shrink from the consequences of the So, we safely say that two years will enforcement of law, whether they afsuffice to close up the war debt of the feet persons of low or high degree. The County, taking the payments of 1866 as American habit of forgiveness and amthe standard. Probably a portion of the debt is funded in bonds maturing has had the effect to quadruple the inat a later period, which will prolong the ducements to crime within the last half period of indebtedness somewhat. The prospect is by no means discouraging torney, and the restraining statute has fallen into a condition of hopeless paralysis.

More than a year ago, the son of an eminent banker in New York perpetrated a series of forgeries involving a loss of more than half a million of money. were that the two young gentlemen, then confronting each other, had both been courting the same girl; but lover No. 1 (who had just arrived on the train in search of the fugitives), got the girl to promise to marry him, and after they had appointed the wedding day, invited lover No. 2 to attend the festivities. The invited lover stole a march on his rival, and on the evening alluded to, procured decrease in the lower of the fugitives of the function of the same day. Mr. Smith broke the him of the same day is the rifling of a grocer's till would cause in our isolated village. This fact axe; "By good luck," said he to him- He was apprehended, pleaded guilty, be, "go down to the village, and get a should teach us something. It should teach us that, by some vicious practice, crime is not graduated according to its magnitude, or intrinsic turpitude, but rather with regard to the social status of the perpetrator.

Taking this view of the case, the necessity for arraigning Andrew Johnson for maladministration in his office, appears very great. But is he not aleady arraigned before the highest tribunal in the land—Public Opinion—tried and convicted, and sentenced to lasting shame by ballot? We regard him as already impeached and punished. The question now is,-what is to be gained by a formal arraignment of the culprit before the representatives of the people—who have already inflicted upon him

before the representatives of the people
—who have already inflicted upon him
the severest nenalty by law provided?
We submit the question to the seople,
and pass from consideration of the subject for the present.

Our neighbor Goodrich, of the Bradford Reporter, is engaged in taxidermic
labors; the subject in hand being Col.
McClure, of Chambersburg. We suspect that the specimen, after having
been properly prepared, will hardly
prove a valuable acquisition to the muprove a valuable acquisition to the mu-

the champions of Free Trade advocate the cause, to the district attorney, or to the strongly who prosecuted. proof of a system which involves as great folly, watched his flaying with greater satisbecause it dooms our mines of iron and conl to undevelopment, and forces us to buy what we ought to produce.

Compound interest notes by temporary ion certificates bearing interestatiffication was offered buy what we ought to produce. including docket entries, minutes of court, copy of indictiment, pleas, and all other papers on file in the court relating to the case.

2. A full statement of the reasons upon which the application is based, setting forth half the facts; the notes of evidence take of this liters from responsible to the commendation from the take of the recommendation from the take of the responsible to the commendation from the take of the relating to the commendation from the take of the relating to the case.

2. A full statement of the reasons upon which the application is based, setting forth and the take of the

on the 6th instant, did something for permitted.

Sixth. All of the above papers, when ment, and every acre of timber, coal, the cause of impartial justice and the submitted, must be accompanied by a printed copy of same, in pamphiet form, twelve copies of which, at least, must be sent to this Department. If the parties are too poor, the paper book need not rection creates manufacturing monopotions among passengers on account of tions among passengers on account of race or color. The offence is punisha-Europe, whose markets we patronize, ble by a fine of not more than \$500, nor

nopoly of manufacture or trade. The whole matter is one of concentration of capital. A firm infolvent to begin with will go to the wall in competing with a solvent firm. If the arguments of free traders mean anything, they mean that no capital shall be rendered able to successfully compete with capital; in other words, if all mechanics cannot become employers, then no mechanic shall become an employer.

That is not a common sense argument and ought to have been demolished long ago. Accumulated capital is an evil, or ple by passengers. However, we soon a membrane with capital is an evil, or ple by passengers. Bounder of 1880, we were on a trip from Washington to New York and the ground was slippery. Mr. R., was unable to control it, and was thus drawn several rods, until he struck a hitching-post in front of the Harness Shop. The post was broken by the concussion, and Mr. R., fell insensible. He was taken up and carried into the office of Graves & Nills. His head was baies, were three or four colored women. While passing through Maryland and Delaware we observed no avoidance of and ought to have been demolished long ago. Accumulated capital is an evil, or ple by passengers. However, we soon During the summer of 1860, we were another lodged on the bank at the upper end of the narrows; or upon the pier of the late Tow-path bridge; the third portion went over the dam, and was so broken up that it passed easily under the highway bridge near the Corning Mills. It raked it some, but did no special damage. There was a large crowd of people attracted to the river as the sections of the bridge floated down, and consequently great excitement and fear that it might involve the destruction of the bridge below the Canal dam. The Knoxville bridge was built in the spring of 1847. It was first built about the year 1833, and was carried of 1n the spring of 1840. The bridge stood until the fall of 1846. The loss of this bridge is a serious calamity, as a new face will some the serious calamity, as a new face will be quite an expense in these tax times. We presume there will soon be a ponders of the wrong, without protection, the foreign manufacturer is able to zell an inferior article for nearly as good a price.

The conductor urged the dirty pair of Southerners, with their fam number of Southerners, with their fam is missed to the way to Newport and Lynn Beach. Accompanying these South-spring charge of sundry become an employer.

That is not a common sense argument and oconsequently great excitement and fear that it might involve the destruction of the bridge below the Canal dam.

The Knoxville bridge was built in the spring of 1840. The bridge stood until the fall of 1846. The loss of this bridge is a serious calamity, as a new face will soon be a ponder to the protection, the former paying double the hire for labor that the latter does—is unreasonable. But to crown the wrong, without protection, the foreign manufacturer is able to zell an inferior article for nearly as good a price.

The conductor urged the dirty pair of the subjective of the beats as pocket pieces.—

The conductor urged the dirty pair of the spring of the dirty pair of the bridge state and the office of Graves & Nills. His head was of the sull. He was cast unit to the office of

my old woman 'll set by a dirty negur!"

shouted the indignant Jerseyman. In a moment, a tall, bewhiskered ong establishment and unlimited cap- seat and quietly dropped down beside in the State, was adopted. ital, can come into market with equal the colored nurses, the gentleman poadvantage in other respects, the United litely pointing the protestants to the of liquors on election day, was read in

This, thought we, is better than a play; it is a sermon.

CONGRESS.

Feb. 8. The Senate discussed "the proposition to transfer the printing of the debates in Congress from the Globs to the Government printing Office. The bill to admit Nebraska, vetocd by the President was taken up and pass- affairs. ed by a vote of 31 to 9-or more than a

two-thirds vote. The House resumed debate on the Reconstruction bill of the Committee but arrived at no conclusion. Feb. 9. In the Senate a resolution of

inquiry as to whether the President had a constitutional right to appoint provisional governors, was laid over under the rules. The vote rejecting the Bankrupt bill was reconsidered by a vote of 22 to 14.

In the House the debate on Reconstruction was continued. The Nebraska bill was passed over the President's veto by a vote of 120 to 44, and the Speaker announced that it had become a law. During the debate on Reconstruction Mr. Banks stated that there ought to be some plan of reconstruction in which every branch of the Government could cooperate. He said that there ought to be some compromise effected between Congress and the President by which the laws passed should be such as to ensure their enforcement by the Execu-

Feb. 11. The Senate had under disreb. 11. The Senate and under discussion the resolution touching the Constitutional right of the President to appoint provisional Governors in the rebel States. It was tabled without much opposition from the mover.

much opposition from the mover.

In the House, Mr. Noell, of Missouri offered a resolution for the jextension of the right of Suffrage to women. It was laid over. The Committeeappointed to investigate the New Orleads Massacre reported, together with a bill for the reorganization of civil government in Louisiana. The previous question was demanded on the reception of the bill and the demand seconded. A motion to reconsider the vote seconding the previous question was lost. The Democrats fillbustered awhile but without effect, and the mover of the previous effect, and the mover of the previous question on the bill announced his intention to move an adjournment before the main question should be put in order to permit members to read the bill, which provides:

which provides:

1. That by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, the President shall appoint a Governor for Louisiana, who shall hold his office one year, unless sooner removed by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, or until superceded by a successor duly elected in accordance with the provisions of the bill. Such Governor shall not have been in any way involved in the rebellion against the Government, either by vote, speech or writing, or by an oath of allegiance to the 'Confederacy.'

2. A provisional Conneil shall in like manner be appointed, to consist of nine persons, who shall be possessed of the same qualifications as the Governor. Said Council to continue in office, unless sooner removed, in the same manner as the Governor may be removed, until a legislature shall be elected under the act.

3. The Governor to pominete and

tion of race or color.

judicious rules to be observed in all applications for pardons:
First. No pardon will be granted until notice of the country.
Should a farmer, possessed of a good farm, purchase his oats, hay and corn, permitting his fields to grow up weeds, for two consecutive weeks, in a newspaper printed in the country in which the conviction was had.
Second No pardon will be granted unterstant the conviction was had.
Second No pardon will be granted unterstant the conviction was had.
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Second No pardon will be granted unterstant the conviction was had.
Second No pardon will be granted unterstant interests, and at the same specimen is too common.
However, our friend O'Meara is a skillful flayer; and though the process of skinning eels is not one we step out for the way to witness, we own that we have been an attentive and much edicant the granted unterstant interests, and at the same specimen is too common.

However, our friend O'Meara is a skillful flayer; and though the process of skinning eels is not one we step out for the way to witness, we own that we have been an attentive and much edicant the submission of all laws made by the laws for the main-tenston of the way to witness, we own that we have been an attentive and much edicant of the conviction of a convention to frame a permanent Constitution of a convention to frame a permanent Constitution for the State, the conviction of a convention to frame a permanent Constitution for the State, the skillful flayer; and though the process is skillful flayer; and though the process at the registration of voters, the common.

However, our friend O'Meara is a skillful flayer; and though the process.

Should a farmer, possessed of a good of skinni The remainder of the bill is directory

Feb. 14. The bill to establish a Navy Yard at League Island, near Philadel-phia, passed the Senate by a vote of 24 o 18. An act authorizing the issue of to 16. An act authorizing the issue of temporary loan certificates for the purpose of funding the floating debt, passed the Senate.

The House was engaged on the Tax bill.

ble by a fine of not more than \$500, nor less than \$100.

This, of course, will shock the dirtler portion of the pro-slavery party; and will replenish their cartridge-boxes for a season. It is awful to contemplate.

During the summer of 1860, we were

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Feb. 4. A resolution instructing our Representatives in Congress to vote for the pending tariff bill as it passed the Senate was adopted by the Senate by a vote of 19 to 9. The Democrats chiefly staples of manufacture are nuequaled in Southerner, and a fine-looking lady, voting no. A resolution looking toward the world. But while manufacturers of occupying a seat together, vacated their the prohibition of corporal punishment

In the House a bill to prevent the sale place by Mr. Webb, of Bradford County. That is a good bill. Let us have it a Law.

Mr. Humphrey read in place a bill re lating to unseated lands in Tioga county. The bill to declare Cedar Run, Elk township, Tioga County, a public highway, was read a first time. Mr. Mann offered a substitute to a bill to enable the State banks to close up their Feb. 6. An act making it a penal of fense for railroad corporations in this

engers on account of race or color, and punishing such corporations, their agents and employees for such offences, passed the Senate by a vote of 18 to 13. Feb. 13.—An act repealing the third section of an act incorporating the Tioga Navigation Company, came up in the Senate and passed finally.

State to make any distinction with pass-

An act relating to unscated lands in Tioga County was read a first time in the House. A Message was received from the Gov

ernor informing the House that he had signed a joint resolution requesting Congress to pass such laws as will enable soldiers who have lost their discharges to receive the \$100 bounty under the act of Congress of July 28, 1866.

NEW ARRANGEMENT!

Wilson & Van Valkenburg.

Have established themselves at

NO. 9. UNION BLOCK

lately occupied by F. D. Bunnell.

DRY GOODS

GROCERIES.

MERCHANT TAILORING

AND FURNISHING GOODS.

ON MONDAY MARCH 4, 1867,

They expect to open out a new and choice stock

SPRING GOODS.

The Senior partner has had a large experience in Merchant Tailoring, and it is the intention of the new firm to put this branch of their busines beyond successful competition

Wellsboro, Feb. 20, 1867-4f. NEW GOODS AND NEW PRICES

T. A. WICKHAM'S.

TIOGA, PA.

HAVING just returned from New York with New and carefully selected STOCK OF GOODS.

All those in want of Goods will find it to their EXAMINE OUR STOCK nd learn Prices before buying elsewhere.

Kept constantly on hand, a choice lot of dried fruit, groceries, flour PORK, &C., &C. All the above Goods are hought at the lowest Cash Prices and will be sold ONLY FOR CASH OR READY PAY. Don't forget the place, at the old stand o VAN NAME & WICKHAM. Tiogs, Pa., Feb. 20, 1857-tf. C. G. WILLIAMS,

A TTORNEY AT LAW, and Agent of the Lycoming Co. Matual Insurance Co. Office with J. B. Riles, on the Avenue.
Wellsboro, Feb. 12, 1867-2m. DR. FITCH'S ABDOMINAL SUPPORT-ERS, for sale at Roy's Drug Store. ORE THEOAT AND QUINSY ARE CURed with ease and certainty by one or two appileations of SALUTIFER on the outside. Sold
at

TIOGA COUNTY, 88? STATEMENT (L. S.) We, the Commissioners of said county
do harsby certify that the foregoing is a correc
statement of the matter therein set forth. It
testimony whereof, we have hereunto set on
hands and seal this 31st day of January, A. D.
1867. E. S. SEELY.
E. HART.
P. V. VANNESS, Of the Receipts and Expenditures the Treasury of Tioga County for t Year 1868. RECEIPTS. From Collectors seated tax 186 " 1865....
" relief tax 1865....
" soated tax 1860....
" tax relief 1864-5....
" tax relief 1866.... THOS. ALLEN, Clerk. Attest: C F Miller, Treasurer of Tioga County, in account with said county from Jan. 12th, 1846, to Jan 22d, 1867, DB. ... 1733 76

and the state of t

..... 3591 8 To am't received A M Spencer, as per receipt Jan. 12th, 1886, To am't Co. tax unsested lau'd 1864+5, bounty "Blate "relief" " seated tax lands sold 1866.....seated tax lands returned 1868....seated tax lands redeemed....seated tax lands redeemed....seated tax lands redeemed.... 1518 seated tax lands sold o am't tax on seated land sold 1865, " &c. 249 90 received on judgments.

bounty tax assessed, 1866
county tax assessed, 1866
State tax on yatches,
cultisading bounty tax 1865
do outstanding county tax do
do outstanding relief tax do
do county and do
do county and lead 1866
do leaned by Commissioners do
do outstanding relief tax ed
do outstanding relief taxes do
do outstanding relief taxes do
do outstanding militia taxes do
do outstanding militia taxes do
do outstanding relief taxes do
do outstanding state taxes 1861
do outstanding state taxes 1862
do outstanding state taxes 1863
do outstanding state taxes 1863
do outstanding state taxes 1864
do outstanding state taxes 1865
do outstand Thos Aller 30 00 3 3**0** spikes and bricks sold.... \$38006 15 EXPENDITURES. Commissioners' Wages.

Amount paid M Rockwell \$865 20 Commissioners' Counsel. controllers' (controllers' (co 235 00

Commissioners' Clerk. mount paid Thes Allen .. County Auditors. 82 62 Traverse Jurors. Amount paid Stephen Bowen et al. Grand Jurors.

mount paid L D Seely et al.. .673 55 Crier. imount paid T P Wingate. Constables and Tip Staves.

Amount paid W H Smith et al..... Justices. Amount paid A S Brewster et al. Assessors. Printing.

ount paid Cobb & Van Gelder et al. Elections. mount paid L H Smith et al... Commonwealth Costs.

Amount paid Rob't English et al......3481 96 District Attorney.

Viewing Bridges & Bridge Views. mount paid E Hart et al....... Bridge Repairs. Amount paid C H Bartlett et al..... New Bridges. Paid Jas King 2d, new bridges, Morris... 166 00

Paid D G McCoy et al Tinga.

Paid Jehn Howland Nelson & Geeols...

Paid A G Sturrook et al """

Paid John Howland ""

Paid John Howland ""

Paid John Howland ""

Paid John Howland ""

Paid John Howland """

Paid John Howland """

Paid John Howland """

Paid John Howland """

Paid John Howland """ Paid Jas King, 2d, Morris.
Paid Silas Allis, Bloss.
Paid John Howland, Deerfield.
Paid Silas Allis, Bloss. They propose to carry on a live business in 78 15 163 00

3830 42 Damage to Improvements. Amount paid W C Ripley

Amount paid W C Ripley

Amount paid W Love et al.

Amount paid W Love et al.

Amount paid W Hall. Amount paid Geo Kohler et al.... Amount paid John Gibson........ Amount paid M S Fields...... . 85 00

Amount paid H Allen et al.... Stationery mount naid Andrus, McChain & Co., Clerk of Quarter Sessions. mount paid John P Donaldson Inquests on Rodies. Amount paid D S Peters et al...... Distributing Assessments, &c.
Amount paid E Hart et al......

....98 66 Repairing Jail & Sheriff's Residence. Amount paid L Tabor at al. ...1081 88 Court House and Grounds. Amount paid S H Landis et al......155 27 Prisoners. ..1886 04

Amount paid L Tabor et al Eastern Penitentiary. at paid C F Miller. Penn'a Lunatic Hospital. count paid C F Miller. Sheriff's Fees. Am't paid Sheriff Tabor, summon's jurors.140

Money Refunded.
Amount paid 8 Withey et al...... Postage. Amount paid C F Miller. Incidental Expenses. imount paid B T Vanhorn, chairs &c.....

paid W M Davis, coal.....

paid L O Beach, costs.....

paid G Bergner, Harrisb'g Tel'ph.

witness fees, G Seely vs Toga Co.

163 76 Merchandise. Amount paid G H Hastings et al... County Treasurer.

SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL 2680 10 Redemption Money. IS now improving and enlarging his business, and after having recently visited many leading Dental rooms in several Eastern cities, is now prepared to execute all work pertaining to his profession, with all the improvements of the day, so as to render it an object for all destring Dental operations to give him a call. Don't forget the place, over J. R. Bowen's Store. Wellsboro, Feb. 20, 1867-tf. Revenue Stamps. Damage to Persons. Amount paid George Seely at al.... Copying Records.

Poor House. Amount paid A S Turner et al State Tax. REMINGTONS FIRE ARMS. .1826 91 Bounty Loan Certificates. mount paid installment and interest on Certificates of August 2d, 1862...... ...5139 65 TOTAL EXPENDITURES .. 35871 10 Myron Rockwell, Commissioner, in Tions county, DR. 200,000 FURNISHED THE U. S. GOVERNMENT. By 476 miles travel....... By 73 days services....... .219 00 By 462 miles of travel. By 90 days services..... 27 72 297 72 E Hart, Commissioner, in account with Tioga county. DR.

CR.

To county orders

By 44 miles of travel... By 52 days services....

By 88 miles travel . . . By 22 days services .

PRINCIPAL AGENTS.

h Tiogs
h Moore & Nichols. New York; Wm Read & Son,
Boston; Jos C Grubb & Co, Philadelphia; Poultasy & Trimble, Baltimore; Henry Folsom & Co,
New Orlsans; Johnson, Spencer & Co, Chicago
L M Ramsey & Co, St. Louis; Albert E Crane,
San Francisco.

Feb 20, 1867.–2m. 248 44
with Titon will meet at Whitneyvills. on Saturday,
the 23d inst., at one o'clock P. M., to let the
building of a School House in that place.
5 28
inside, (including arrangement of seats, &c.) like
the Burns' House. By order of President,
C. W. BARLOW, Sec'y.

Charleston, Feb. 13, 1867-2w.

For the rapid cure of Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarsences, Croup, Bronchetis, Incipient Consumption, yand for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stayes of the disease.

22821 35

4193 01

30 00 3 36

5139 65

ount received Thos Allen sale of spikes and brick

Co. certificate Mch. 1, '64, rea'd 794800 uninterest do do- 78 993 inst'm't int'st certific's Oct. 1, '64 9486 00 bonds red'd & canc'd Sept, 1, '64 21930 00 interest paid on above bond 1931 27 bonds red'd & canc'd Aug. 1, '65 3017 00 installment paid on same 2111 25 installment and interest on cer

do installment and interest on cer
tificate August 2d, 1862
do outstanding county tax 1862
do do militia do do
do do tomby do 1864
do do county do 1864
do do county do 1864
do do relief do do
do do 1862
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do do do Jan. 4, '67

do do Jan. 4, '67 inst'm't & int'at cert'es Oct. 1, '64

Ws, the undersigned Auditors of Tioga County, having audited, adjusted and settled the above general account of Chas. F. Miller, Treasurer of Tioga County with said county, and the Commonwealth of Ponnsylvania, do cartify that we find as above stated a balance in the hands of Treasurer of One Hundred and Forty-Eight Dollars and savanty-four Gauss. as witness our heads

Amount of payments by the several
Treas'rs up to Jan. 16th, 1866, \$182632 39
Deduct interest included in above, 9632 22

Balance due on principal Jan. 16, 66, 296572 58
To amount of Loan Bonds issued by
Com'rs to meet deficienc's as above, 32925 92

Am't of Bounty Cartific's of March 1,

1864, redeemed and cancelled,

Bonds do do Sept. 1, '64, 21930 0f
Bends do do Aug. 1, '65, 3017 0f
Installments paid on above,
do do hounty do Oct. 1, '64, 509 0f
Int'st paid on b'ty certific's and bonds, 11586 26

Whole am't paid by C F Miller, Treas, \$123684 10 Deduct interest paid as above. 11588 20

Total amount paid on principal, \$112097 99
Leaving balance due by County on bounty liabilities,
We, the undersigned Auditors of Tioga County, do certify that from the entries on the Auditor's Book, we find the above Habilities of the county existing in Bounty liabilities, and that such liabilities have been reduced as above stated by payment of Bonds in full, and installments paid on the same by the Trenavers of Tioga County up to January 31st, 1867.
Witness our hands the 31st day of Jan. A. D. 1867.
D. L. AKEN,
J. G. ARGETSINGER,
Auditors.

A. B. BASTMAN,

PRINTER

SOLD BY THE TRADE GENERALLY

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO DEALERS

9632 22

173000 17

disense.

O wide is the field of its usefulness and so unbegin are its cures, that in almost every
section of country are persons publicly howen,
who have been restored by it from alarming and
even desperate diseases of the lungs. When
once tried, its superiority over every other expectorant is too apparent to escape observation,
and where its virtues are known, the public nolonger hesitate what antidote to employ for the
distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs incident to our climate. While
many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been disearded, this has
gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits
on the afficied they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to
be forgotten.

We can assure the public, that its quality is
carefully kept up to the best it over has been, and

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

carefully kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all

that it may be reled on to do for their relief all that it has ever done.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and other eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unpfralleled use fulness of our remedies, but space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named fearnish gratls our American Almanac in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the compliaints our remedies cure.

Those who require an alterative medicine to to purify the blood will find Ayer's Comp. Ext. Sarsmparilla the one to use. Try it one, and you will concede its value.

Preparet by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all Druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Tiogacounty, I will expoce to sale at public venduo, at the Court House, Wellsboro, Thursday, March 7, 1867, the following described real estate, late the property of Margaret M. Guernsey, dec'd, viz:

A lot of land situate in Wellsboro, bounded easterly by Water street, southerly by C. W. Sears westerly by land formerly owned by Jalius Sherwood, and northerly by W. W. Webb—containing 2 acre more or less with a frame dwelling house thereon.

township, beginning at a post the south-west corner of E.J. Brown; thence along the highway 29147 88 17775 15 971 51 11855 29 795 38 808 56 2661 27 2395 10 327 44 470 51 356 09 265 69 284 35 129 08 179 56 65 31 coult 85 deg. west six perches to a post; thence north; deg. west by lands of Mary Matson 27 and Are-tentils perches to a post; thence cast five and nine-tentils perches to a post the north-west corner of E. J. Brown; thence by lands of said Brown south; deg. cast twenty-seven rods to the place of beginning—containing one acre more or less. CHAS. EBERENTZ, Err. of Margaret M. Guernsey, dec'd. Feb. 13. 1867-4w.

[U. S. Revenue Stamp 50 Cts]

TIOGA COUNTY, as.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to the Sheriff of Tioga County, Greeting: We sommand you that you attach O. W. Gibson late of your county, by all and singular his goods and chattels, lands and tenements in these hands or possession, seers the same flaw. 9400 00

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Witness the Hon. R. G. White, President Judge of said Court, at Wellaboro, the 24th day of Jac. 1869 1887. JOHN F. DONALDSON, Proth'y. 287 29 230 19 the original writin my hands. LEROY TABOR, Shenif. 122 31 Orphans' Court Sale. BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Tioga County, I will expose to sale by public vendue, on the premises, Monday, the 11th day of March, 1867, the following real estate for the bement of the minor children of John Schneider, dee'd, to wit:

do do do 103 00 do do 103 00 do do 5 est. 1, '64 21 00 do do Sept. 1, '64 21 00 do do Sept. 1, '64 21 00 jerr. State Trees'rs rec't Feb. 13, '66 50 00 o commiss'n on \$123,959 10 at 1 pret. 1239 39 do do 2,147 64 at 3 do 3 43 do 43 do 42 do do 2,147 64 at 3 do 3 43 do 43 do 42 do do 926 69 at 1 do 5 27 do balance due by accountant 148 74 do balance due by accountant 148 74 We, the undersigned Ancitors of Tloga County. A series audited, adjusted and settled the above the series and the residue one year thereafter with interest. GEO. LOUDENSCHLAGER, Feb. 13, 1867-4w. Guardian.

Feb. 13, 1867-18w. Guardian.

TO PURSUANCE of an order of the Orphan.

Court made January 31, 1867, the undersigned will expose to public sale on the premises on the 28th day of February, 1867, at 10 o'clock a.m., the following desertised premises: Begining forty feet north-east of the north corner of Maine and Crafton streets, thence north-east along Main street twenty feet to corner of the O. L. Gibson lot, thence north-west along said Gibson's line sixty feet, thence north-east sixty feet to the place of beginning: situate in the Borough of Weilsboro. To be sold as the property of the minor children of M. Boret, deceased. S. A. GREEN, Jan. 31, 1867.—3w. Guardian. Treasurer of One Hundred and Forty-Eight Dollars and seventy-four entry, as witness our hands this 31st day of January, A. D. 1867.

D. L. AIKEN,
J. G. ABGETSINGER,
Auditors.
ISRABL STONE,
Statement of Liabilities of Tioga County for Bounty Certificates, Loans, January 31st, 1867, as follows, namely:
To amount of of Bounty Certificates of August 1862, March 1st, 1864, and October 1st, 1864, and amount of Bonds for Money Loaned by County Commissioners to meet deficiency to pay insfallments on above Bounty Certificates, as per Statement published January 18th, 1866, \$469572.75

Jan. 31, 1867.—3w. Guardie. NOTICE.—David Harris, Azarlah Phillipand Luniel E. Thomas, bave this day applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Tiega County for a Charter of incorporation, their associates and successors for religious purposes, under the name of "The First Welsh particular Baptist Church at Morris Run," which will be decreed and granted at the next term of said court, unless objected. J. F. DONALDSON, January 29, 1867.-4t Proth'y.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Thomas Horton, late of Delmar, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate, and those having claims against the same will call for settlement upon ISRAEL STONE, Delmar, Feb. 13, 1367-6w.* Executor.

NOTICE.—The Delmar School Directors will meet at the Butler School House, Story Fork, on Saturday, Feb. 23d, at one eclock P. M. to contract for the building of a Graded School House at Stony Fork.

Builders and Contractors are respectfully invited to stand.

By order of the Board. ted to attend. By order of the Board. Delmar, Feb. 13, 1867-2w. NEW FIRM.—The undersigned have formed a partnership under the title of T. L. Baldwin & Co. For the liberal patronage extended to the old firm during its continuance, the undersigned acknowledge their gratitude and hope that mahlic confidence and patronage may be extended

BALDWIN, T. L BALDW Tioga, Feb. 13, '67-3t F. H. ADAMS P. S.—A large quantity of Ground Plaster on and for \$7.50 per Ton.

DISSOLUTION.—The late firm of T. L. Baldwin & Co. has this day (Feb. 2, 1867,) dissolved by mutual consent.

T. L. BALDWIN.

BENNETT Tioga, Fab. 13, '67-St. F. H. ADAMS. HARKNESS & RILEY,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS, OVER HUGH YOUNG'S BOOK STORE.

BOOTS AND SHOES of all kinds made to order and in the best manner.
REPAIRING of all kinds done promptly and good. Give us a call. JOHN HARKNESS, WM. RILEY. Wellsboro, Jan. 2, 1867-1y.

E. R. KIMBALL, GROCERY AND RESTAURANT, One door above the Meat Market,

WELLSBORO, PENN'A, DESPECTFULLY announces to the trading public that he has a destrable stock of Greceries, comprising, Teas, Coffeet, Spices, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, and all that constitutes a first-class stock. Oysters in every style at all seasonable how Wellsboro, Jan. 2, 1867-tf.

CHEAP FARMS FOR SALE. ONE on the Tioga River at Somers' Lane, 2 miles above Lawrenceville, 100 acres, all bottom land, for \$50 per acre.

One in Farmington on Thorn bottom creek, near the Lime Kiln, 65 acres, 50 improved, for \$20 per acre. Also, a Parker Shingle Machine, for short the Lime Kingles acres, 100 may Enquire of sero. Also, a Parker Shingle Machine, for snor re long shingles, nearly new Enquire of Lawrencoville, Feb. 6, 1867. J W. TUBBS.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Dexter Parkharat, Sullivan, dee'd, all persons indebted to said estate, and those having claims against the same will call and settle,

MIRIAM PARKHURST, FXT

Feb. 6, 1767—6t*

A MERICAN WATCHES in Hunting Silver
Casses from \$27.30 up at FOLEY'S.

20 TONS OF HAY FOR SALE!—Price at the barn, 39 per ton. C. L. WILLCOX.