

Published every Wednesday Morning, at \$2.00 a year, in advance. COBB & VAN GELDER.

WELLSBORO HOTEL. (Corner Main Street and the Avenue.)

WELLSBORO, PA. B. B. HOLIDAY, Proprietor. THIS is one of the most popular Houses in the county.

NICHOLS & MITCHELL, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. Formerly occupied by James Lowrey, Esq. & A. Nichols.

WILLIAM H. SMITH, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Insurance, Bond and Pension Agency, Main Street, Wellsboro, Pa., Jan. 1, 1866.

WILSON & NILES, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. First door from Bigoney's, on the Avenue.

F. W. CLARK, ATTORNEY AT LAW—Mansfield, Tioga Co., Pa. May 9, 1866-ly.

GEORGE WAGNER, TAILOR. Shop first door north of L. A. Seam's Shoe Shop.

JOHN B. SHAKESPEARE, CAPER AND TAILOR. Shop over Bowen's Store, second floor.

JOHN I. MITCHELL, GENT for the collection of bounty, bank pay A. and pensions on bonds from Germany.

ISAAC WALTON HOUSE, Gaines, Tioga County, Pa. This is a new hotel located within easy access of the city.

J. HERVEY EWING, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, No. 11 Law Building, P. O. Bldg., Baltimore.

FRANK SPENCER, pleasure to inform the citizens of Tioga County that they have the best opportunity ever.

A. B. EASTMAN, SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL. Would inform the citizens of Wellsboro and vicinity.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH. Would inform the citizens of Wellsboro and vicinity.

ATTENTION SOLDIERS. W. B. SMITH, Knoxville, Tioga County, Pa.

UNITED STATES HOTEL. Main Street, Wellsboro, Pa. D. G. RITTER, Proprietor.

New Shaving and Hair-Dressing Saloon. The subscribers take pleasure in announcing to the people of Wellsboro and vicinity.

PUTTY & WINDOW GLASS AT ROY'S DRUG STORE. FRUIT JARS—3 SIZES, BEST and latest patent for canning and preserving.

VIOLIN STRINGS AT WEBB'S DRUG STORE. Violin strings, 3 sizes, best and latest patent for canning and preserving.

WELLSBORO MARBLE WORKS. H. STOWELL, JR., having purchased the interest of P. C. Hoig, the business will now be conducted under the name of H. Stowell, Jr. & Co.

MONUMENTS, OBELISKS AND HEADSTONES. STONES. of the latest and most approved styles. We will also furnish to order.

MANTELS, TABLE TOPS, SOFA FOUNTAINS. and all kinds of work pertaining to the business.

C. F. SWAN, AGENT for the Locomotive County Insurance Company, at Tioga, Pa. June 6, 1866-3m.

Tioga County Agitator

VOL. XIII. WELLSBORO, PA., JULY 25, 1866. NO. 30.

WELLSBORO HOTEL. (Corner Main Street and the Avenue.) WELLSBORO, PA. B. B. HOLIDAY, Proprietor.

THIS is one of the most popular Houses in the county. This Hotel is the principal Stage-house in Wellsboro. Stages leave daily as follows:

For Tioga, at 9 a. m.; For Troy, at 8 a. m.; For Jersey Shore, Tuesday and Friday 11 a. m.; From Coudersport, Monday and Thursday 11 a. m.

STAGES ARRIVE—From Tioga, at 12 1/2 o'clock p. m.; From Troy, at 6 o'clock p. m.; From Jersey Shore, Tuesday and Friday 11 a. m.; From Coudersport, Monday and Thursday 11 a. m.

C. F. SWAN, AGENT for the Locomotive County Insurance Company, at Tioga, Pa. June 6, 1866-3m.

NEW DRUG STORE. DRUGS AND MEDICINES. Op'd. W. W. WEBB & BRO. Have opened a Drug and Chemical Store, on Main Street, 1st door below Hastings, where they intend to keep a full assortment of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES. A good article of Medicinal Liquors and Wines. Prescriptions carefully prepared. Medical advice given free of charge.

FARR'S HOTEL, TIOGA, TIOGA COUNTY, PA. Good stabling, attached, and an attentive hostler always in attendance.

NEW FIRM NEW GOODS AT TIOGA BORDEN BROS. Would respectfully announce to all whom it may concern that they have substantially opened a large and well selected assortment of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS AND WALL PAPER, DYE STUFFS, FAMILY DYES, LAMPS, GLASS WARE, PLATED WARE,

such as CASTORS, SPOONS, TEA & TABLE FORKS, CAKE DISHES, &c.

WRITING PAPER, ENVELOPES, SCHOOL BOOKS, PATENT MEDICINES, Tea, Coffee, Spice, Pepper, Ginger, Salsaparilla, Starch.

TOILET AND WASHING SOAPS, and an endless variety of YANKEE NOTIONS.

Tioga, Pa., Oct. 4, 1865-ly. MRS. A. J. SCHMIDT has just returned from New York with a full assortment of ladies' fancy goods and millinery in every style.

GROVER & BAKERS. Elastic and Lock-Stitch Sewing Machines. GENERAL AGENTS, 22 Lake Street, Elmira, N. Y.

New Drug Store. RICH & GILBERT have opened a Drug and Chemical Store on Main Street, one door below Dr. Mattison's Hotel.

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TRUSSES—Seeley's Hard Rubber Truss. cures rupture, hernia, the cord from the prostate gland, the break fiber, chafe, or become inflamed.

A. B. SHELLEY, Sole Proprietor, 154 1/2 Chemist st., Phila., Pa. ap 11 66

AGENTS WANTED—For new and beautiful work, the pictorial book of Associates and incidents of the Rebellion: heroic, patriotic, political, romantic, humorous and tragic; splendidly illustrated with over 300 fine portraits and beautiful engravings.

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO. 113-116 No. 507 Minor st., Phila., Pa.

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VIOLIN STRINGS AT WEBB'S DRUG STORE. Violin strings, 3 sizes, best and latest patent for canning and preserving.

Select Poetry. WHEN YOU'RE DOWN. What legions of 'friends' always bless us, When golden success lights our way!

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his appearance. I spoke to him with candor. "I should tell you, sir, that I had no thoughts of buying the house till the owner prevailed on me to do so. You see you are the house, any other man would suit me equally as well, so I accede to your terms."

"You shall have a draft on Paris for the amount in a fortnight," replied Mr. Felix, who bowed and withdrew, apparently enchanted with my way of doing business.

A draft upon Paris! Theorismour appeared so unusual to me, that I got it to send it to Paris and get it cashed. I wrote accordingly to Messrs. Flanges and Bergeret, the only firm I knew there.

"I was in the habit of receiving through them the interest of a small sum that had been left me by an uncle. I informed them that, having funds at my disposal, I wished for information as to the best mode of investing them. The significance of the word interest varied according to the name and position in life of the speaker.

The rumor of my legacy had reached Paris, so that when I spoke of funds, it was evident I meant a considerable sum. This was proved by the following letter:

"SIR: We are in receipt of your esteemed favor of the 17th current, which reached us just after the conclusion of the last loan negotiated by the Cortes, in which our firm has an interest. Desirous that our friends should have an opportunity of participating in an investment which we consider profitable, we have taken the liberty of placing twenty thousand piasters to your credit. It should that amount appear too considerable, the rise of these securities admits of your selling out at premium.

"We remain, sir, yours to command, and please to be assured that we shall be pleased to have the honor of your orders." To this was added a postscript written by the head of the firm:

"We have heard with pleasure the recent good fortune that has fallen to the lot of our old friend and correspondent, and beg to offer him our services, as occasion may require." "Twenty thousand piasters! I let the letter fall in sheer amazement. What would have been my astonishment, if, more conversant with the terms of commerce, and more attentive to the enclosed account current, I had seen that the possession of your inheritance was only the yearly interest? I lost no time in writing to my correspondents, to inform them that the sum was much too large. 'I have received no money,' I said, 'from Martinique, and it would be impossible for me to meet my engagements.'"

An answer came by return post: "We learn with regret, that you have misgivings with regard to the Spanish loan. According to your orders, we have sold out half the stock assigned to you, which brings you already a net profit of eighty thousand francs. With regard to your property at Martinique, we are too well acquainted with delays which bequest at such a distance must necessarily involve, to think for a moment that you can be immediately put in possession of your inheritance; but your simple signature will suffice to procure you all the money you may require in the mean time. We take the liberty of reminding you of the advantage of making timely investments, lest, when the legal time comes, you find yourself obliged to give up a large and interesting interest for so large a capital. Hoping you may have a better opinion of German securities than you do of Spanish, we hand you a prospectus for establishing a bank at Grimbergen. You will find the prospectus, and the deposit required, and as calls are only made at fixed intervals, it will be easy for you to sell your shares, should you change your mind, without your having occasion to make any payment. We have placed fifty shares to your credit, and have the honor to enclose you a check for 'Eighty thousand francs!' The amount was a perfect mystery to me; no doubt the clerk had made some mistake in the figures. My position was becoming embarrassing. Congratulations poured in from all quarters, especially when I was asked to give up my bank from head to foot. The Journal de Gombourges thought it right to publish a biographical sketch of my cousin, and the editor wrote me asking further particulars. Ladies, connected with all sorts of societies, begged that my name might be added to their list of subscribers, and the money I had to pay for postage was something alarming. To escape from this avalanche of inquiries, I hastily departed for Paris. Directly after I got there, I called upon my bankers, and was received as heirs to a large property generally are. "I am sorry that you have such a poor opinion of the Spanish stock," said Monsieur Bergeret; "there has been a great rise; however, we only sold out half your parcel."

"Would you have the goodness to let me know what the present value of the remainder might be?" I replied. "Certainly, sir; ten thousand piasters; at seventy, (the piaster being at five francs, thirty-five centimes,) the sum already paid being—if you sell out to-day you will, with the proceeds of the sale, have from two hundred and ten thousand to two hundred and twenty-four thousand francs."

"Very well. You said something about a German bank, I think?" "Yes, the Government, made some difficulty about granting a charter; but it is all settled now, and the promised shares are considerably higher."

"Can I sell out?" "Certainly, you have fifty, at four hundred and fifty florins profit; that will bring you in about sixty thousand francs."

"Without any calls to pay?" "None whatever."

"That seems strange; but you are no doubt well informed. I should like to see a secure investment for those sums. Would you have the goodness to tell me what would be the best?" "You cannot have anything better than our own five per cent. I know of nothing more secure. At the present price to rent stock, you get six per cent. for your money; I can easily understand that you should be worried by such trifling details as these; you will soon have more considerable sums to look after."

"Then if I invest the combined produce of the German and Spanish stocks in the five per cent, what should I get a year?" "Let me see. Three hundred thousand francs—funds at eighty—eighteen hundred—five, twenty thousand francs a year."

"Ah! twenty thousand francs a year! and when can the investment be made?" "To-morrow morning; that is, if you allow our firm to conduct the transaction."

"Certainly; in whom could my confidence be better placed?" "The banker made a polite bow. "And now?" I continued. "I should feel obliged if you would have the goodness to advance me a few louis, as I am rather short of cash."

"My dear sir, all the cash I possess is at your service. How much do you want—two hundred—four hundred?" "Thank you; fifty will be quite sufficient."

"May I hope," added the banker, as I rose to take leave, "that our firm may be favored with the continuance of your patronage?" "Certainly," I replied. "There are few moments of my life on which I look back with more satisfaction, than on those occupied in the interview with Mr. Bergeret. I doubt if I should have believed in the twenty thousand francs a year, if it had not been for the fifty Napoleons."

In the mean time my two friends, who were not a little alarmed at my sudden journey to Paris, which was attributed by others to legal business.—George and Albert then began to fear that I really believed in the authenticity of the invention they had concocted. "Three days after my return they came to see me, with long faces. "My dear Louis," said George, "you know your cousin is not dead."

"I cannot be sure of that," I replied, "for I have not means convinced of his existence." "Well; you know that this inheritance is only a hoax?"

"To tell you the truth, I think we are the only people that are of that opinion. We have been very wrong to originate such an invention; for which we are sincerely sorry."

"On the contrary, I am very much obliged to you. We have been very wrong to originate such an invention; for which we are sincerely sorry."

JOBGING DEPARTMENT.

The Proprietors have stocked the establishment with a large assortment of modern styles. JOB AND CARD TYPE. AND FAST PRESSES. and are prepared to execute neatly, and promptly POSTERS, HANDBILLS, CIRCULARS, CARDS, BILL-HEADS, LETTER HEADS, STATEMENTS, TOWNSHIP ORDERS, &c.

ANNUAL SCHOOL REPORT.

Hon. CHARLES R. COBURN, Superintendent of Common Schools. Sir:—In compliance with the act of Assembly, I have the honor to present to you the following Report for Tioga County for the school year ending on the 31st of August, 1866.

Houses and Furniture. One acre of ground favorably located, surrounded by a substantial, neatly painted fence, with outbuildings, trees, and a well, is situated on a tract of 24 by 30 feet on the outside, walls 12 feet high and nicely papered, with suitable furniture and apparatus finished in the best style of workmanship, and arranged according to the plan of an excellent school. It is situated in one of the most desirable localities for a school of one grade in the rural districts of this county. Such a building and appliances would involve an expense of not less than \$100 to \$200 above those ordinarily contemplated, and in view of the fact that the average cost of such a description have ever been erected in this county, I have approximated to it in some particulars. The building at Mansfield, which is the one nearest to it in point of inside finish; while most of them are entirely wanting in these reasonable and essential requirements. There is no longer any excuse for the want of a better and more spacious ground, commodious houses, and attractive furniture for our common schools. The war is over, and our local war taxes are fast being paid. We are now prepared to enter upon a new era of progress in our educational history. We are greatly indebted to both teachers and pupils who will be delighted instead of reluctant to attend.

Magnetic globes were supplied to the schools of Richwood district during the year. I can cheerfully attest their utility in the hands of good teachers. Schools. It is useless to deny that our schools have materially retrograded during the last five years. The average number of scholars in 1861 was nearly 600 greater than in 1856; and the standard of scholarship is so high. The war has demanded and received many of our best male teachers, whose places were supplied by inexperienced and untrained scholars; and it is no disparagement to the better class of female teachers to say that the poorer class are not qualified to meet this deficiency. The larger boys and girls have been kept from school to perform the home duties of the farm, and many of them who had assumed respectively the more responsible duties of the camp and the schoolroom. Directors, parents and children have had their minds too much occupied with the necessities of the hour to think of the duties of the school. But these causes are now happily at an end.—How shall we recall our teachers to the school room? How shall we persuade our boys and girls that it is no disgrace for them to be found in the common schools after they have entered their teens? How shall we induce a better state of affairs? How shall we recall our teachers to the school room? How shall we persuade our boys and girls that it is no disgrace for them to be found in the common schools after they have entered their teens? How shall we induce a better state of affairs? How shall we recall our teachers to the school room? How shall we persuade our boys and girls that it is no disgrace for them to be found in the common schools after they have entered their teens?

Teachers. While our schools have suffered temporarily by the withdrawal of so large a number of male teachers, still there has been a marked improvement in the qualifications of female teachers. The number of female teachers has been mainly the result of two causes: first, the laudable efforts of this class of teachers to qualify themselves to meet the increased demand for their services; and secondly, the fact that, although the number of applicants is not large, we have rejected one hundred applicants; and I have not hesitated to declare my intention to reduce the teaching force to the lowest number—reserving enough of the latter class of teachers as to make the number of the former class of teachers to qualify themselves to meet the increased demand for their services; and secondly, the fact that, although the number of applicants is not large, we have rejected one hundred applicants; and I have not hesitated to declare my intention to reduce the teaching force to the lowest number—reserving enough of the latter class of teachers as to make the number of the former class of teachers to qualify themselves to meet the increased demand for their services; and secondly, the fact that, although the number of applicants is not large, we have rejected one hundred applicants; 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