HARRISBURG, Feb. 17, 1851. In the Senate, to-day, the bill to establish a system of Free Banking, based on the Loans of the Commonwealth, was taken up in Committee of the Whole, on motion of Mr. Walker, of Erie, and debated for some time. Notice was given of several important amendments, which will be offered when the bill comes up on second read- already larger than that of any other in the couning, so that the sense of the Senate can be ty, and is rapidly increasing. Terms moderate. ed when the bill comes up on second readtaken on them by a vote of yeas and nays, which cannot be called in Committee of the Whole. Among these unendments is one allowing Banks to be established on a deposit of certificates of loans of the United States, as well as on State Loans. This is the purpose of selecting Candidates for the offices of Governor, and Canal Commissioner, and also for Judges of the Supreme Court. a new feature in the general proposition, and will probably be strongly opposed.— Another amendment that will be offered, is one to subject the Free Banks to the provisions of the 47th section of the General Banking law adopted at the last session. This section requires the Banks of the Commonwealth, located east of the Allegheny Henry Johnson,
Mountains, to keep their notes at par in Charles B. Bordman, Philadelphia, and those west of the Alleghanies, to provide for the redemption of their notes in specie in Pittsburg. This feature, it is believed, will bear very oppressively William Evans, on the Free Banks, particulary on those of small capital, and it will be strenuously resisted. Several Senators, however, will vote against the bill unless this amendment is incorporated in it. A still further point of dispute will be the per centage of notes which the Auditor General may furnish on a deposit of certificates of loans. Several sums were named to-day, varying from fifty up to ninety per centum, but the amount fixed in the bill was allowed to remain until the section comes up on second reading.

The whole subject is one that elicits much earnest affention and deep interest. The proportion is regarded by all as a serious San Francisco, from Valparaiso, we learn innovation, the tendency of which will be that the city of Conception has been totally to accomplish much good, or to produce great evil. The object of those who are advocating the passage of the bill is certainly to secure the former, however, much they may be mistaken in their views.

In the House, this afternoon, there was quite a scene of excitement, growing out of the debate on the bill to re-annex the county of Montour to the county of Columbia. This county, it will be remembered, was established last year, mainly by the efforts of Mr. Speaker Best, of the Senate. Mr. Best held the casting vote in the Senate, and in the hope of inducing him to vote for the hideous apportionment bill got up by the locos, they passed his bill through the House, which, as is well known, was strongly democratic. Mr. Best subsequently disappointed the hopes of his loco friends, by refusing to vote for their iniquitous bill.-Thus, mortified by a failure of their scheme, and indignant at being foiled, they have suddenly grown wonderfully conscientious, and allege that the bill was passed by a fraud! Fraud, indeed! If there were any fraud in the case, who were the parties to it? Mr. Best is, and ever has been, a strong loco. For nearly a quarter of a century he has edited a locofoco newspaper, likely they can do it. Nothing else of inin a locofoco county. This bill was passed terest.

The Whigs being in a minority, had no power either to defeat or to carry the bill, and yet the Democrats, though the hill was passed by their own votes, allege fraud! This pretence is really laughable. There was no fraud in the case. The bill was discussed for days and days, and was passed rent demands. This is, indeed, a gratifying openly, and above board, and the names of state of affairs. The time was when the those who voted for it may be found on the payment of the interest on the State Debt journal.

The debate on the bill to re-annex Montour county was quite spirited. The Democrats were rallied by Mr. Speaker Cessna and Mr. Rhey. The Democracy were the interest regularly, but also a portion of called upon to stand up to their work. The the principal. We congratulate the people bargain of last year, if bargain there was, had been broken; the fraud of last year, if fraud there was, had failed to accomplish its purpose: Locofocoism must be vindicated, and Mr. Best punished for his treachery. Almost by a strictly party vote, the bill was carried through its several stages, for a third reading.

Locofocoism! The vote of this afternoon, in the House of Representatives, will make the strongly Democratic county of Montour, a Whig county! The feeling on this subject, among her citizens, is far above party considerations. Although heretofore Democratic, they now see that no reliance can be placed on the Democracy of the Legislature, and hereafter they will be found voting against those who have treated them course a great excitement ensued. so unfairly, and thus trampled on their nearest and dearest rights.

Both houses have now fairly got under way with the important bills of the session. Consolidation will probably be next on the carpet in the House, and when the Free ing the escape of Shadrack Sims, on Satur-Banking proposition shall have been dispo- day. They were taken before U. S. Comsed of in the Senate, the bill re-arranging missioner B. F. Hallett, in the U. S. Courtthe judicial districts of the State, will be taken up for discussion.

FASHION IN NEW YORK.—An evening further hearing. party, by a fashionable lady in New York, a few evenings ago, is estimated to have cost \$15,000. There were present 1200 York paper says of this display of wealthy for Mr. Wright. folly: "Some of the apartments were more gorgeously decorated than were those prepared by the French, in the grand Trianon at Versailles, for the reception of Queen Victoria, and there were others ornamented with-such true pictorial effect as would have done honor to the genious and taste of Marie Antoinette."

A NEW variety of French watches, that up, are in the market.

WELLSBORO' ADVERTISER.

PERSEVERE.

Thursday, February 27, 1851.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The circulation of the WELLSBOROUGH ADVERTISER" is LARGER than that of any other paper in the county. It circulates extensively throughout Tioga and Potter counties. Farmers offering Farms for sale, and Merchants, Mechanics, and Business men gene rally, will consult their own interests by ADVER-TISING in this paper, the circulation of which is

To the Whigs of Pennsylvania. A State Convention will be held in the City of Lancaster, on TUESDAY, June 24th, 1851, for

Joseph R. Flanigen, F. Knox Morton, Wm. H. Sliugluff, Samuel Bell, Nathaniel Ellmaker, Wm. J. Robinson, Worden E. Preston, George Kress, D. A. Finney, C. O. Loomis, John Bausman,

HENRY M. FULLER, Chairman. Samuel McMenamy, Chas. Thompson Jones, Samuel B. Thomas, John S. Brown, T. Taylor Worth, Alexander E. Brown. William Baker. William M. Watts, James Clark, Sherman D. Phelps, Edwin C. Wilson, John Allison. Daniel McCurdy, George Meason, Alexander M. McClure, Francis Jordan.
R. Rundle Smith, Secretary.

New Post Office -A post office has been established in the new township of Middletown, in this county, to be called "Sabinsville," and C. P. Douglass appointed Postmaster.

New Jersey .- Com. Robert F. Stockton was elected U.S. Senator, on the 21st instant, for six years.

EARTHQUAKE AT CONCEPTION .- By the arrival of the British barque Mandarin at that the city of Conception has been totally destroyed by an earthquake. The shocks were felt in Valparaiso, and several houses were destroyed.

GEORGE THOMPSON. - This notorious English Abolitionist still continues to create excitement in Massachusetts. Is there no process by which the United States Government can send this impertinent intermeddler out of our country? He is a common nuisance, and should be removed.

Congress is doing nothing and hardly much of that. In the Senate, after mutilating the Cheap Postage bill so that no man out of that august legislative tribunal would think of passing it, they turned in at a "set to" about conferring the rank of Lieutenant General upon General Scott. The bill passed after the usual quantity of gas was expended on it. In the House they have been trying to keep Father Ritchie from fleecing the treasury out of a few thousand in the way of extra pay; but it's hardly

annual interest upon the State Debt, amount- and right it may appear to them, the naing to \$940,274,27, was promptly paid in tionality, the conservatism, the utility of par funds- on the 1st inst., and money the party under whose banners they are enough left in the treasury to meet all cur- enrolled? Will not such Whigs remember was a difficult matter; but now, through the wise and judicious management of the Whig State administration we not only pay upon a result so glorious!

Excitement at Boston.

On Saturday a week, an alleged fugitive slave was arrested in Boston, and carried before the U.S. District Court, where the and was finally ordered to be transcribed case was partially heard and then postponed. The prisons not being open for fugitive Short-sighted Democracy! Vindictive slaves, the man was left in the Court-room in custody of the Deputy Marshal and his assistants for safe keeping. His counsel were allowed admittance for consultation with him, and as the last one was retiring, a mob of negroes, who had collected at the door, rushed in, rescued the man, and carried him off, in defiance of the officers, Of

Elizur Wright, one of the Editors of The Commonwealth, and Chas. Davis, Esq., a member of the Suffolk bar, were arrested in Boston on Monday, on the charge of aidroom, where a primary examination was had, when the case was postponed for a

The parties were held in the sum of \$3000 each. Hon. J. Thomas Stevenson, guests, and the splendor was almost of (a Whig Representative of the Legislature.) "Monte Christo" magnificence. A New was bail for Mr. Davis, and S. E. Sewall

PRESIDENT FILLMORE has issued a proclamation relative to the late Boston Fugitive Slave riot. He calls upon the officers of the United States to assist in arresting the rioters.

THE FREE SOILERS in Massachusetts have not been able to elect their Senator. run fisteen days after being once wound They are further off now than when they commenced,

The Whig Party.

Some members of this party, says the Hartford Courant, one of the best Whig papers of the country, appear to have forgotten the principles on which it was originally formed, and are desirous to bend it from its original purposes to render it subservient to minor and less important ends. The WHIG PARTY in the United States was formed as a conservative party, and aimed nt the following objects:

It desired the preservation of our old institutions, of the Constitution as it had been construed, of the Union with all its blessings. It was opposed to any innovations that would corrupt the purity and integrity of these institutions—that would place new and forced constructions on the principles of the Constitution, or endanger the perpetuity and stability of the Union.

It desired the restriction of the various departments of the government within the sphere of each; and, in consequence of the peculiar circumstances then existing, was opposed to the arbitrary and capricious exercise of the veto power, and deprecated the influence, almost the control, which the Executive exercised over the Legislative departments,

It desired the development of our own resources; the encouragement of our own manufactures, so that we might be independent of foreign nations; the protection of every species of American industry. whether engaged in labor, or commerce, or agriculture. It advocated a policy that would foster American ingenuity, support American operatives, and lead to American independence.

It desired to see the nation engaged in such improvements as would facilitate domestic trade and provide markets and means of reaching them to all our own multiplied products. It wished to see the public funds employed for the benefit of our rivers and harbors, and for the facilities of internal intercourse.

It desired the establishment of such a policy as would assist each class in society in the situation in which Providence had placed it. It never desired to excite the poor against the rich—the tenant against his landlord—the landless against the wealthy. Our public domains it wished to see employed for national purposes, not for the benefit of speculators or for the gratification of the cupidity of the States or for the food of any new political theories of Agrarianism.

These were the great and national aims of the Whig party in its formation.

Are there not some of our friends, even in this State, who have forgotten these useful, patriotic, universally operating objects? Are not some narrowing down the principles of the party to some single aims and views? Have not some forgotten, in A Good Time Coming!—The semi- the pursuit of one idea, however laudable that the true aim of every friend of his country is " to seek the greatest good of the greatest number ?"

Morals in Harrisburg.

The Harrisburg "Whig State Journal," takes the following notice of the morals of Harrisburg. It certainly does not speak well for the Capitol of the State, nor for the faithful carrying into effect of the late gambling law passed by the Legislature. We are of the same opinion, as our cotemporary of the Journal, that the proper officers should put a stop to-such robberies.

"It is a fact, not generally known, that Gambling is practiced to a fearful extent in Harrisburg, at the present time. Our town is infested with a number of professional pickpockets, who watch every opportunity to lure the unwary into their dens," and fleece them of their money. There are several establishments of this description, where crowds congregate nightly to "fight the tiger," and lose their money and reputations. We are astonished that the "keepers" of these "dens" are permitted to pursue their career of infamy and crime unmolested. Why are they not arrested and punished as other violaters of the law are punished? We have no sympathy for the sneaking, thieving gambler, whose mission is to rob and ruin; and we hope our officers will make a "descent" upon the "den" alluded to, and exterminate the nest of thieves who are growing rich upon the dimes and dollars, filched from the pockets of their miserable victims. "Let justice be done."

THE GRAVE of Wm. Wirt, in the congressional burying ground, at Washington, is unmarked by any tombstone whatever. A movement is being made among the legal profession of Baltimore, to erect a suitable monument over the illustrious dead.

WHIG MEETING IN UNION COUNTY .-The Whigs of Union county held a spirited meeting, in the Court House at New Berlin, on Monday a week, and nominated Gen. Scott for President, and Wm. F. Johnston for Governor. Resolutions were adopted sustaining the National and State Administrations, and complimenting President Fillmore, Henry Clay, and others, for the part they took in support of the Compromise measures passed at the last session of Congress.

Our Budget. The Western Hog Trade has fallen off this

year 649,000 head. Alcohol—a clothes-brush celebrated for de stroying the coat of the stomach.

week, in consequence of heavy rains and ice. If you wish to get rich, get married. When was ever honey made with one bee in the hive? The Miners' Journal says, \$100,000 is ex-

The steamship Cambria, from Cork, arrived at New York on the 20th instant, with the cargo of the Atlantic.

The Legislature of Illinois adjourned on the 17th, after passing the free bank bill over the Governor's veto. Gen. James, the new Rhode Island Senator,

is the contractor for the erection of the cotton factory now going up in Reading. The Council of the Cherokee Nation have

imposed a heavy tax on all free negroes and mulattoes residing in the nation. The Ohio Constitutional Convention have

abrogated the law authorizing the granting of license to sell intoxicating liquors. The saw mill of Messrs. Gilliand & Van dyke, near Bellefonte, Pa., was burned on the 14th

inst., together with a large amount of lumber. IJ A bed of silver and copper ore has been discovered about three miles southeast of the village of Brandon, Vt., which yields 31.23 per cent.

Herr Ryninger, the celebrated wire performer, in attempting to walk from the tower of the capitol at Baton Rouge, Louisiana, on the 4th instant, fell and was killed.

The steamboat "Autocrat" was stove on the Mississippi, near New Orleans, on the 10th inst. by coming in collision with another steamer, and thirty passengers were drowned.

London has 300,000 houses, which cover an area of 14 miles long, and 7 miles wide. Between the 1st of January, 1839, and January, 1850. 64,058 new houses were built, forming 1652 new streets.

"Alabama," in the Indian tongue, signifies rest." An Indian chief, fleeing southward, struck his tent-pole in the ground, and exclaimed, "Alabama! Alabama!" "Here we rest! Here we

IT A famine is threatened on the Cape de Verde Islands, the hurricane in September last having desolated St. Nicholas, and the great mortality of the fever having caused the crops to be left to D' Jenny Lind has met with great success in

New Orleans, where the net proceeds of her two first concerts amounted to over \$40,000, and in some measure consoled Barnum for his ill success in Havana.

Adversity exasperates fools, dejects cowards draws out the faculty of the wise and industrious, puts the modest to the necessity of trying their skill, awes the opulent, and makes the idle industrious.

The Grand Jury of Lycoming county, recommend the purchase of a stone, to be placed in the "National Washington Monument," and inscribed with the name of their county and the State. This is a most excellent idea.

The negro leader of the gang who made the recent robbery of gold on the Isthmus, has been condemned to be shot. The two other robbers arrested, Chilians, are to be confined in the Chain gang for life.

The Indiana Constitutional Convention has given him the veto power, which shall be overruled by a majority of all the members elected to both Houses.

The average depth of the Atlantic ocean is set down at 13,400 feet, and that of the Pacific at 18,000. On the western side of St. Helena soundings have been made, it is said, to the depth of 27.500 feet-five miles and a quarter-without touching bottom.

III Judge Vance, who resigned his scat in the Ohio Constitutional Convention at the desire of those who pretended to be his Democratic constituents, and who were discontented with his vote against the provision for the repeal of all charters, has been re-elected by a majority of 1500.

Reader, did you ever hear of the honest Hibernian who had clambered to the brink of a well and then let go of his hold to spit on his hands? He was just about as wise as the man who stops his advertisements. A man might as well take down his signs as discontinue his ad-

Col. Pragay, Adjutant General to Kossuth in the late Hungarian struggles, is about to emigrate, along with some of his countrymen, to Texas, and has sent a card to the military and corporate authorities and the editorial fraternity of the city of New York, for the civilities which he says has received at their hands.

Mr. Alfred Grim, of Winchester, Va., lost his life in a horrid manner at the residence of a friend in Hampshire county. He was shooting at a mark when the cap exploded. A few minutes after he took up the gun and was in the act of blowing in the muzzle when it went off, and the whole load entered his mouth and came out at the back of his head, causing instant death.

The Constitutional Convention of Indiana has, by a decisive vote, excluded negroes and mulattees from hereafter settling in that State; also, that all contracts with such persons shall be void; that one employing them or encouraging them to remain in the State, shall be liable to fine of from \$10 to \$500; and that such fines shall be applied towards the gradual colonization of the negroes now in the State. This article is to be submitted to a separate vote of the people.

The Minesota Pionecr says: We saw in St. Paul, a few days since, Jack Fraser, a Sioux warrior, of whom Capt. Marryatt makes mention in his travels in the Northwest. Jack is a wirey looking man, aged about forty-two years, the son of a Highland Scotchman, by an Indian mother, and one of the most intrepid of the Sioux braves. At the war-dance Jack wears thirty-two eagle plumes, each plume representing a scalp taken. He is a nephew of Wakouta, chief of the Red Wing band of Sioux.

A bill has just passed the Kentucky Legislature, which prohibits the transportation of negroes across the Ohio river by owners or keepers of ferries, except in company of their owners, or by their written authority, in the form of a power of attorney duly acknowledged, certified, and recorded, and imposes for every such offence a for-feiture of the ferry right, a fine of \$200, and makes the owners or keepers of the ferry liable, in addi-

Notes of the Week.

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT .- A fearful accident occurred on the Columbia Railroad, on Thursday a week, about nine miles from West Chester, which has terminated the life of Phillip Garrett, a highly The Susquehanna was at a great height last respectable farmer of that county. The accident of the steamship Atlantic, about whose fate Tree Hotel, a short distance from which the Lancaster turnpike crosses the railroad. Mr. Garrett had heard the steam whistle of an approaching pended annually in the borough of Pottsville for | train, but judging it to be from one he saw passing down he ventured to cross the track with a two horse carriage he was driving, when the slow line, going up, which had been hid from his view by a curve in the road, came in collision with the vehicle, crushing it and killing both horses. Mr. Garrett was not injured by the collision, but being thrown from the vehicle, his skull was fractured. A young girl, the daughter of Mr. John Wistler, as nothing, compared to the fact of her reand a lad of 12 or 14 years of age, were also in the vehicle, and thrown out by the collision. The girl had her shoulder dislocated, but the boy escaped unhurt. Mr. Garrett was removed to the hotel and received every attention, but died on the folk lowing day from concussion of the brain. The dent: engineer of the train, William Bigley, is exonerated from all blame, having blown the whistle three times before reaching the point where the accident occurred. The horses were mangled in the most horrible manner, one having been dragged along the track for about thirty yards. The locom mained on the track, but one of the cars was thrown off and considerably broken.

Mysterious Death .- We have just learned, says the Tamaqua Legion, the particulars of the melancholy and rather mysterious death of Mr. John Driesbach, who resided at North Creek, in West this place, and three and a half miles south of Summit Hill. Mr. D. had a contract with the appears, left home on last Saturday morning with a load, and remaining longer than usual, his family became somewhat alarmed, and went in pursuit of along. They found Mr. D. suspended to the break chain by one of his legs; having been dragged the distance of two miles over the snow and frozen after the necessary precautions had been ground, and literally torn to pieces. His intestines were torn out, and the body broken and horribly manuled. His cap and whip were found on the op of what is called Mauch Chunk Hill, about half-way between his house and Summit Hill, lying together on the side of the road, as if they ad been laid there carefully.

How the accident occurred is not knownmany suppose he fell from the wagon and becoming entangled with the chain, could not extricate himself, and was thus dragged to death-whilst there are others who believe that he was murdered by some person or persons, who supposed he had drawn a considerable amount of money at Summit Hill, and resorted to this plan to conceal the matter-

SINGULAR OCCURRENCE.—A young man by the Cleveland, Ohio, on the 18th ultimo, but in conscquence of the illness of his intended the wedding The Atlantic was descried off the harbor at was postponed two weeks, and he died in a few days afterward He had an infection of the heart, 22d ult., and, as she appeared to be partial-On the evening of his death he had been reading out to offer their assistance; but the offer and under the circumstances wrought deeply upon | the man-of-war roads, a short distance south his feelings. When he had finished reading, the of her Majesty's screw steamer La Hogue, fixed the term of Governor to four years, and last paragraph ending with the sudden death of where she remained until orders were renot die thus suddenly." The young lady looked pool and Glasgow. at him and saw his hand falling which had the paper, and his countenance changed to a deathly hue. She took hold of him from her chair, when passed in testimony of the unwearied care ne gently leaned toward her and died in her arms. of Capt. West, and the other officers in

CAUTION TO LADIES LIGHTING FLUID LAMPS .-The Richmond Dispatch relates the following occurrence: Miss M. J. Wade, a young lady residing on Shokoe Hill, Richmond, narrowly escaped the act of lighting a fluid lamp. The wick happened to be out of one of the tubes, and the fire communicated with the body of the fluid through the empty one. Instantly the lamp exploded into a hundred pieces, throwing the burning fluid all over the young lady, burning her hands very badly, and setting her dress on fire. Fortunately her apparel was woolen manufacture, or the result might have been the loss of her life. Cocurrences of this The President has sustained his position; kind we consider it our duty to chronicle as a which is saying more than can be said of

herself beside any member of the family, when mained the same. they commence playing the piano. A few days since when the family were engaged in another about to abdicate and retire to a monastery part of the house, they heard sounds proceeding for life. from the piano, and repaired at once to the parlor, where, much to their surprise, Tabby was discovered scated on the piane stool with her fore paws upon the keys, making them fly in double quick time, evidently much delighted with her first effort, and also greatly to the edification of yielded everything to Austria, and the two the family. No sooner did the mistress of the powers, it is now positively asserted, have house appear, than puss very politely resigned her seat; but has since resumed her attempts, scemingly with a determination to acquire a knowledge of so desirable an accomplishment.

SINGULAR CASE .- The sheriff of Butler county, Mr. Carns, brought to this city, says the Pittsburg Gazette, two Germans, who were tried in the Butler Court for larceny, and sentenced to four years and six months' imprisonment in the Penitentiary. There is something singular about these men. Their propensities for thicking were so great, that they could not resist the temptation, and have carried it on till they have arrived at the advanced age of sixty years. What is more remarkable, they are twin brothers, and plundered together. They are both well enough off in the world to live comfortably without stealing; but their pilfering desire was so strong they had no use, and the last article they were known to steal, vention, sitting at Albany, has resolved to was a door from a new house.

CONSPIRACY TO ROB AND MURDER DETECTED. In Harrisburg on Saturday a week, a white man named Shaeffer, and two colored men named Ged. about three hundred and fifty miles, and the dis Miller and Finley, were arrested, charged with reduced rate per mile will be less than two conspiring to murder and rob an old man and his cents. two daughters, named Rush. The prisoners were NEVER condemn a person hastily or uncommitted to jail.

Good News-The Atlantic Safe!! The steamship Africa arrived at New York on Saturday night a week, with two weeks later intelligence from Europe. The Africa brings the joyous news of the safety occurred in the immediate vicinity of the Green so much anxiety has been felf. It appears that when nine days out, she broke her shaft, and was compelled to put back. She was at Cork when the Africa left. All her passengers came over in the last named steamer. The Atlantic experienced terrible weather, and the scenes at times must have been truly perilous. Her machinery is much damaged, and it will probably take two months to repair her. But all this is appearance after so long a period of anxiety. and the entire safety of all her passengers. The following, from the London News, will

> This magnificent steamship, which left cember, was compelled, in consequence of the breaking of the main shaft, and the prevalence of south-westerly winds, to put round for the port from which she started, and ultimately put into Queenstown.

> give the particulars of the Atlantic's acci-

The Atlantic, it appears, took her departure from Liverpool with the ordinary mails, a considerable cargo, and twenty-eight passengers. After passing Cape Clear, the Steamer encountered a continuance of severe weather, with the wind blowing hard Penn township, about seven miles southwest of from the west, which it is unnecessary to say, was directly against the course in which her port of destination lies. Though the Summit Mines Company, to supply them with wind, at intervals, rose to the violence of a lumber, he being engaged in that business; and it hurricane, the Atlantic steadily pursued her way until Monday, the 6th of January, when the wind came on moderately from the northwest; and, in a few hours after, the him, when his friends met the team near his resi- main shaft of the engine suddenly snapped. dence, on their homeward road, walking leisurely and the engines were consequently disabled.

At this time the vessel was about midway between Cape Clear and New York; and, taken to secure the machinery from any further injury, it was determined to steer for Halifax; but it was found that, from the quarter from which the wind was blowing, it would be impossible to make that port, and the ship's course was altered for Bermuda. The vessel then proceeded towards the above island, which course she pursued until the 12th, when the wind again came round to the southwest, and it was found useless to persevere.

The efficient commander of the Atlantic, Capt. West, then determined to steer for a European port, and, with engines so disabled as to be totally useless, with a vessel only slightly adapted for sailing purposes, he succeeded in navigating the Atlantic, name of Vicery was to have been married at from a distance of over fifteen hundred miles, in safety into the port of Queenstown. an early hour on Wednesday morning, the which, when excited, troubled him very much. ly disabled, two of the river steamers went to his intended the story of "Walter Errick." It was declined, and the vessel entered the was a very exciting tale of "love and murder," harbor a few hours after. She then lay in Errick." he remarked that "he hoped he should ceived from the parties interested, in Liver-

A meeting of the passengers was held on board the steamer, at which resolutions were bringing the ship safely into port.

The injury which the Atlantic has sustained in addition to the breaking of the shaft, is confined to the loss of her bowsprit and jibboom, together with much damage a very serious accident, a few days ago, while in to the paddle-wheels and boxes, those at the starboard side especially being almost completely destroyed. We regret to state, also, that one of the firemen had his leg fractured by a portion of the broken machinery.

The following additional foreign news has been brought by the steamship Africa:

The Ministerial crisis in France is over. his enemies. The ultra-legitimists make no A Musical Cat.—There is a family residing at secret of their dissatisfaction with the con-South Boston, says the Journal, which is exceed- duct of M. Thiers and Berryer. The peoingly fond of music, and almost invariably seats | ple have been tranquil; the funds have re-

The report is revived that the Pope is Cardinal Antonelli proposes, it is said, to

create three cardinals in the United States. The Dresden Conferences seem likely to end in the complete discomfiture of the liberal party in Germany. Prussia has come to an agreement to re-establish a Pro-

command. The chief nations in Europe are making preparations to despatch their respective productions to the world's fair, in London, during the ensuing summer.

visional Central Power, with an army at its

disposal, of which Prussia is to have the

Advices from Hamburg announce that, on the 29th ult., a corps of 2000 Austrian troops had entered the city. The new government of Holstein was to enter upon its functions on the 1st proximo. The King of Denmark has directed an immediate exchange of all prisoners of war made during the last campaign in Holstein.

REDUCED RAILROAD FARE,—The New York papers state that the Railroad Conreduce the fare for through passengers between Albany and Buffalo, to \$6.60, to take effect on the 1st of April. The distance is

heard.