Presbyterial Notices.

The PRESBYTERY OF SALTSBURG will meet at Gilgal, on the Fourth Tuesday of June, at 2 o'clock P. M.
W. W. WOODEND, Stated Clerk.

The PRESBYTERY OF STEUBENVILLE will meet, agreeably to adjournment, in the church of Cross Creek, on the Fourth Tuesday, 28th day, of June, at 10 o'clock A. M.
ROBERT HERRON, Stated Clerk.

The PRESBYTERY OF CLARION stands adjourned to meet in New Bethlehem, the Fourth Tuesday of June, at eleven o'clock A. M.
D. M'CAY, Stated Clerk.

The PRESBYTERY OF WINNEBAGO will hold its next stated meeting in the Presbyterian church of Weyauwega, Wis., on Thursday, June 30th at 7 o'clock P. M. The steamer "Wolf" will leave Oshkosh on Thursday morning, and take the members up the river, at half the usual fare.
H. M. ROBERTSON, Stated Clerk.

News Department.

The Prospects.

We are blessed just now, with growing weather—neither too warm, too cool, too wet nor too dry. Whatever is in the ground and capable of growing is coming forward rapidly; and we hear that where the frosted corn and potatoes have started into a new growth they are fast overtaking the point they had gained before the frost. In many cases it was necessary to replant, and the weather, happily, is well suited to promote the quick and healthy germination of the seed. So that, if we have a continuance of the favorable weather throughout the Summer, we may reasonably look for good corn and potato crops, even in cases where late replanting was rendered necessary.

Some fears have been expressed for the uninjured wheat, lest is should be overtaken with the rust or blight. We have so little left in this section that there is scarcely room for fear on that score; but in other sections the wheat is passing through its critical stage in this regard. We are inclined to the belief, however, that the present weather is not warm enough to give cause for much apprehension on that score, and that a continuance of it for a week or two, while it will certainly help the corn and potatoes, will also serve to keep back the wheat crop from maturing too rapidly and thus avoid the danger of blight. A nation of such grumblers and croakers as the Americans, under the late affliction, have proved themselves to be, does not deserve so signal an interposition of a kind Providence; but if Heaven were to serve all grumblers according to their merits, they would have a sorry time of it, indeed. —*Pittsburgh Gazette.*

Markets.

PITTSBURGH, Tuesday, June 21.

The activity and excitement noticed in our last, in flour, has gradually subsided, and a more reasonable feeling seems to be taking its place. The markets of the country at large have not been affected, showing its purely local character. The receipts by railroad, last week, were 11,000 bbls., of which 10,000 were for this market. By river the receipts were 1,670 bbls. The demand during the week was quite active, gradually slacking off toward the close, and prices during the week have declined fully $1.00 ₩ bbl. Prices are going down in New York at the rate of 10c. a bbl. per day, and the quotations for qualities corresponding with Cincinnati superfine, are $6.90@7 20. In New Orleans the same quality is dull at 6 25, while at St. Louis, superfine is down to 5 75. The comparison runs thus: Cincinnati, 7.00; New York, 6.90@7.20; New Orleans, 6.25; St. Louis, 5.75.

The Money Market presents but little change. There seems to be a great deal of caution manifested, and the tendency of banks is to contract.

In New York, the demand loans are 5@6 ₩ cent., and paper of favorite character 6¼@7 ₩ cent., with good names; October and November maturities at 8@9 ₩ cent.

In Philadelphia, first-class short paper is easily negotiated at 7@7½, and long paper at 8@8½ per cent., per annum. The banks taking nearly all the good short paper offered. Call loans range at 5@6 ₩ annum.

The two steamers that left New York for Europe, on Tuesday, took out about a million and a half in specie. Including the shipment from Boston on Wednesday, the whole export of specie during the week amounted to about $1,900,000.

In Boston, the rates for first-class endorsed paper of the usual time to run, are 7@8 per cent., and single names of the same class, 8@9 ₩ cent. Loans on call with fancy stock collaterals are effected at 9@10 ₩ cent.

ASHES—Pearls, 6¼@6¾; Pots, 5@5¼; Soda Ash, 8¼@8½.

BUTTER AND EGGS—Packed, small sales at 12½. Eggs, 13@14.

BEANS—Small white, 1.25@1.50.

BUCKWHEAT—2 25@2 50—mainly at 2 50.

BACON—Shoulders, 7½; Sides, 9½; Hams, 10½@10½; Sugar Cured do., 12@12½.

BROOMS—Common to choice, 2 00@3.00, and fancy 3 50.

CHEESE—8@8½ for common to good, and 9 for choice cutting.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches 3.00 in lots, and 3.50 in the small way.

FEATHERS—Prime Western, 45 on arrival, and in small parcels at 48.

FLOUR—There are scarcely any sales from first hands, and from store the ruling rates are 7.00@7.50 for superfine, 7 62@7 75 for extra, and 7.75@8.00 for family do.

GRIN—Oats, from first hands, 55, and from store 56@58. CORN: some 5,000 bush. shelled sold, to arrive, at 90@95. Rye is not in market, and in the absence of sales we quote at 1.00, which is about what buyers would be willing to give. Wheat: a lot of 1,100 bushels Southern—200 Mediterranean and 300 Amber—sold, to arrive, at 1.60, and we quote Southern within the range of 1.50@1.75.

GROCERIES—7¾@8c. by the hhd., and Molasses 40 to the city trade, and 41@42 to country. Coffee is firm in 12@12½, and Rice at 5@5¼.

LARD—No. 1 City Rendered is held at 12 in bbls. and tcs., and in kegs at 13@13½. Country, 11.

MESS PORK—17.00@18 00.

OIL—Sales of Refined Coal Oil at 1.00, and Lubricating at 70. Lard Oil No. 1, 90@95, and Linseed 75@78.

POTATOES—Very scarce. Sales of mixed at depot at 1.00, and from store 1 10, and Neshannocks at 1.25.

PIG METAL—The only reported sales during the week were 200 tons Anthracite No. 3 at 22 75 and 24.00, cash and time, and which indicates a depressed market.

WOOL—Sales of small lots of common at 32@33, and from that up to 42 for full blood, and 45 for choice lots of full blood. The market in Washington County appears to have been more active, and manufacturers or their agents have taken up large quantities of the extra fine clips of that county, at 50@60, a few very choice clips bringing 65, and in one or two instances there are reported sales at 65@70. In Harrison County, Ohio, which grows clips of nearly equal fineness to Washington County, there have been sales of the choice clips at 45@55.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

WHILE all talk about and anticipate improvement, why not be prepared to appreciate it when actually made? This is suggested with reference to Sewing Machines. There have been many made in the last two years that do quite well, but they are complicated, hard to manage, difficult to keep in order, &c. Now, the new "Finkle" Machine being a real improvement on the old patents, has a well grounded claim to the liberal patronage it is receiving. It is in the hands of J. L. Carnaghan & Co., Allegheny City, as sole agents.

When we consult our real interest in making purchases, we aim at getting a reliable article, and when we buy an article of wearing apparel it is very important to have it well cut and made. These essential matters are not always combined in what we select, for the reason that few manufacturers take sufficient care in preparing their stock. The above requisites may be confidently looked for in all the clothing for both Men and Boys, made at the establishment of J. L. Carnaghan & Co., Federal Street, Allegheny City. Their work is known to be of a superior order both in style and make.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

Iron City College.

Rev. Alexander Clark, Editor of the *School Visitor*, says:

"We have had ample opportunities during the last few weeks, of witnessing the practical workings of the Iron City College. Having been in almost daily intercourse with the Teachers and Students, in the study room, and at the different recitations. We have only to say that thoroughness, and intense interest, characterize every performance. Students are arriving daily, from all parts of the country, and the number now in attendance is larger by far, than any similar Commercial College East or West. Mr. Jenkins the Principal, is a gentleman of the strictest integrity, and the entire Faculty is composed of competent and faithful instructors. Every inducement announced in the widely diffused advertisements of this institution, is promptly carried out, in the course of study and discipline, by which this College has won its present reputation."

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

The Selling Qualities of Boerhave's Holland Bitters.

QUEBEC, Canada, June 20th, 1854.

We have no doubt it will sell well here. Send us one gross. JOHN MUSSON & Co.

MONTREAL, Canada, July 1st, 1854.

Send us two gross Boerhave's Holland Bitters. We want medicine of this kind in our market.

JOHN BIRKS & Co.,
Medical Hall.

SAINT PAUL, Minnesota.

There is quite a ready sale here for your Boerhave's Holland Bitters. WM. H. WOLFE,
per H. B. Pearson.

CAUTION!—Be careful to ask for *Bœrhave's Holland Bitters.*

Sold at $1.00 per bottle; or, six bottles for $5.00, by the sole proprietors, BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO., Pittsburgh; and Druggists generally.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge!

Another Medical Witness.

It is no small evidence of the intrinsic value of this great Vermifuge, when even physicians, who are generally prejudiced against patent medicines, voluntarily come forward and testify to its triumphant success in expelling worms. Read the following:

HARRISONVILLE, Shelbyville Co., Ky., April 2d, 1849.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS:—I am a practicing physician, residing permanently in this place. In the year 1843, when a resident of the State of Missouri, I became acquainted with the superior virtues of Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, prepared by you. At some more leisure moment, I will send you the result of an experiment I made with one vial, in expelling upwards of nine hundred worms. L. CARTER, M. D.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of PITTSBURGH, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS. [46]

Foreign Intelligence.

The advices from Europe come down to April 8th. There has been a great battle between the Austrians and the Allies. The news is indefinite, and statements are conflicting. It is, however, pretty evident that the Austrians have suffered a great defeat, though one report would make them victors. We give a summary of the statements:

On the 1st and 2d of June the French crossed the Ticino at Buffalora and Turbigo. There was considerable fighting at both places.

On the 4th inst., a great battle took place at Magenta, twelve miles from Milan.

Napoleon's dispatches claim a decisive victory, and Paris was illuminated. He says that they took seven thousand Austrians prisoners, and placed twelve thousand more *hors de combat*, besides capturing three cannon and two standards.

The French loss is stated by the Emperor at three thousand men.

The Austrians took one cannon.

The French General Espinasse was killed, and Marshal Canrobert was mortally wounded.

Five French marshalls and generals were wounded.

General McMahon was made a Marshal of France and Duke of Magenta.

General Baraguay D'Hilliers had been superseded in his command by General Forey.

Milan was insurgent, and had declared in favor of the King of Sardinia.

The Austrians had retired from Milan, but the French had not occupied it.

Rumors prevalent at Paris represent the French loss at Megenta from 9,000 to 12,000 men.

The forces engaged are reported at 150.000 to 180,000 Austrians, and 100,000 to 130,000 French.

The Austrian accounts speaks of a "series of battles with varying success on both sides, but still undecided up to the night of the 6th, with great losses on both sides.

The Austrians admit that they had four generals and five staff officers wounded.

It was reported that General Hess commanded the Austrians, and also that the Emperor Napoleon partially commanded the French.

The latest rumors detracted from the alleged French victory.

It was believed that proposals for peace would be made if the French entered Milan.

The following official bulletin was issued:

VIENNA, Monday, June 6—11:30 A. M.

A desperate combat took place on Saturday between the first and third, Count Clams' and Prince Lichenstein's *corps d'armee*, and the enemy, who had passed the Ticino in very considerable force. The result of the contest was undecided. The combat was continued on Sunday.

Our troops threw themselves upon the enemy's ranks with ardor, and showed a valor and perseverance worthy of the most glorious feats of arms of the Imperial army. Milan is perfectly tranquil. The head quarters yesterday were still at Abbiate Grasso.

An Austrian telegram from Verona gives a similar view, but adds that the authorities and weak garrison of Milan, with the exception of the castle garrison, have withdrawn at the command of General Gyulai. The town is quiet.

The following message from Vienna has been published by the Frankfort papers, without any guarantee as to the authenticity of the news:

VIENNA, Monday.—Through the opportune arrival of the *corps de armee* of the Field-Marshal Clam Gallas on the battle field, the Austrians were victorious after a hot fight, and the French were thrown back over the Ticino.

LONDON, Wednesday, June 8.

The *Times* this morning publishes a summary of the official news received at Vienna up to midnight of Monday. It is as follows:

"There was a fierce battle at Turbigo and Buffalora on the 4th. At first only two brigades of the First Corps were engaged, but they were subsequently reinforced, and in the afternoon of the same day the third Austrian Corps took part in the action. There was very hard fighting at Buffalora, sometimes to the advantage of the French and sometimes to that of the Austrians. The battle lasted till late in the night, and on the 5th was continued at Magenta. The Austrian corps were engaged, and in the afternoon the Austrians took up a flank position between Abbiate Grasso and Binasco. The Austrians have taken many prisoners. The loss on both sides was very great The Austrians had four generals and five staff officers wounded. One major was killed."

The *Times* in its editorial remarks on the subject says, it now seems probable that this hard fight is even yet undecided, but that on the whole the French had the best of it.

The absence of late telegrams by way of Paris is not considered indicative of French success.

The London *Advertiser* says it was rumored last night that the Government had received a telegram from the British Minister at Vienna, announcing an Austrian victory.

The opinion was becoming current in London that the victory of Magenta was a victory in which the French were defeated, and their failure to occupy Milan, only twelve miles from Magenta, strengthened this view.

The movement which preceded the battle at Megenta was not clearly stated, but it was previously announced that the Allies were about to cross the Ticino to the number of about 100,000 men, and it is presumed the rapid movement of the allied army prevented the Austrians from completing the retreat which they had commenced, and compelled them to accept battle on the banks of the river.

The London *Post* says that General McMahon was raised on the battle-field to the rank of Marshal.

There is a report that General Canrobert was mortally wounded, and that five French Marshals or Generals were wounded.

Great Britain.

The real business of Parliament commenced on the 7th, when the Queen in person delivered the following speech.

My Lords and Gentlemen:—I avail myself with satisfaction, in the present anxious state of public affairs, of the advice of my Parliament, which I have summoned to meet with the least possible delay.

I have directed that papers shall be laid before you from which you will learn how earnest and unceasing have been my endeavors for the peace of Europe Those efforts have unhappily failed, and war has been declared between France and Sardinia on one side, and Austria on the other. Receiving the assurance of friendship from both the contending parties, I intend to maintain between them a strict and impartial neutrality, and I hope with God's assistance to preserve to my people the blessing of continued peace.

Considering, however, the present state of Europe I have deemed it necessary to the security of my dominions and the honor of my Crown to increase my naval forces to an amount exceeding that which has been sanctioned by Parliament. I rely with confidence on your cordial concurrence in this precautionary measure of defensive policy.

In respect to the Reform question, the Queen simply says that she shall have pleasure in giving her sanction to any well considered measure, and that should matters of more urgency relating to the defence and financial condition of the country necessitate a postponement, she hopes that the question will have attention at the commencement of the next Session.

The speech concludes by expressing a hope that the debilitations of Parliament will tend to secure to the country the continuance of peace abroad and a progressive improvement at home.

In the House of Lords, the address in reply to the Queen's speech was agreed to.

In the Commons, the address to the Crown was moved by Mr. Egerton, and seconded by Sir J. Elphistone. The Marquis of Hartington moved an amendment, to the effect that the present Ministry does not possess the confidence of the House. He reprehended the conduct of the Government on the Reform question. Mr. Hanbury seconded the amendment. Mr Disraeli defended the course of the Government, and stated that the Reform question would be postponed till the next Session, and that the foreign policy of the Government would be peace. He called for an immediate division. The question was about to be put, but the Opposition were not prepared to vote, and, after speeches by Lord Palmerston and others, Mr. Disraeli consented to adjourn the debate till the 11th.

France.

Confidence was somewhat restored in commercial circles, and business was more animated.

The Paris Flour market was firm and rather dearer. Wheat was also firm. It was feared that the prevailing wet weather would damage the crops.

The Paris Bourse was buoyant and higher.

Austria.

On the 4th, a great religious solemnity, with processions and public prayers, took place at Vienna, the object being to implore Heaven to bless the Austrian arms with victory. All the members of the Imperial family, and the Ministers, were present. Mass was read by the Pope's Nuncio.

Russia.

An important circular from Prince Gortschakoff, to the Envoys of Russia at the several Courts of Germany, declares that if Germany goes to the aid of Austria, the political equilibrium, resulting from the treaties by which the German confederation is constituted, will be destroyed.

Germany.

A dispatch from Darmstadt says that at the opening of the Chambers there, the Presidents of both branches of the Legislature declared in favor of war against Louis Napoleon.

India.

The Bombay Mail of May 12 had reached England. The news is of little importance.

The vessels engaged in laying down the Red Sea Telegraph Cable were within three hundred miles of Aden, and the working of the line was most satisfactory.

One Day Later.

The *Kangaroo*, just arrived at New York, brings one day's later intelligence from the seat of war. The accounts of the battle, or battles, are still indefinite. There are reports that the King of Sardinia had been defeated, and Napoleon had been checked. Some credit was given to these reports at London, owing to the barrenness of the Paris news. It is evident, however, that the Austrians had been worsted. They had retired from both Milan and Pavia. The Allies had entered Milan, and were received by the people with great demonstrations of joy.

Gen. Canrobert had died of his wounds.

The real loss of the Austrians is estimated at thirteen to fourteen thousand.

Mr. D'Israeli, in the British House of Commons had intimated that a loan would be needed, and means adopted for largely increasing the income of the Government.

It was thought that the Ministry would be defeated in the Commons, by about twenty votes.

The Red Sea Cable being laid, news from India would be received in seven days.

A strong English Channel fleet was assembling at Spithead.

Latest.

The *Persia* had arrived at New York, with Liverpool dates to the 11th.

The British Ministry were defeated by a majority of thirteen, and a resignation was expected. Parliament had adjourned to the 17th.

The victory of the Allies, in the late battles, was decisive, and the Austrians were retreating, and were concentrating at Verona. Another severe battle was shortly expected, probably at Lodi.

Prussia was preparing to march to the frontiers.

Parma, as well as Lombardy, has requested the King of Sardinia to accept the government.

The Red Sea Cable broke when within sixty miles of the terminus.

It is said that Gen. Canrobert is neither dead, nor mortally wounded.

Special Notices.

CONGRESS AND MT. HOPE congregations, of the Wooster (Ohio) Presbytery, are now destitute of a minister, and are very desirous of obtaining the services of some young man who can come well recommended.
W. C. MOORE, Cor. Committee,
Congress, Wayne Co, Ohio

P. P. P.

PARK'S PRICKLY PLASTERS.

They soothe pain; protect the chest; they extract the congulated impurities and soreness from the system, and impart strength. They are divided into sections, and yield to the motion of the body. Being porous, all impure excretions pass off, and they cannot become offensive, hence can be worn four times longer than any other plasters, and are cheaper at 25 cents than others at 10. Where these Plasters are, pain cannot exits. Weak persons, public speakers, delicate females, or any affected with side, chest or back pains, should try them. You will then know what they are. They are a new feature in the science of medicine. All Druggists have them. Take no other. Each Plaster bears a Medallion Stamp and our Signature.
BARNES & PARK,
13 and 15 Park Row, New York.

Also, LYON'S MAGNETIC INSECT POWDER
fe26-6m

MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain and regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement. fe26-1y

Married.

On the 19th ult., by Rev. J. Stoneroad, Mr. BENJ. F. ELLIOTT to Miss SARAH ANN, eldest daughter of Mr. Samuel M'Lean, all of Fayette County, Pa.

In Mahaska County, Iowa, June 9th, by Rev. W. M. Stryker, Mr. W. H. H. RICE, an elder of the First Presbyterian church of Oskaloosa, to Miss EMILY M. TORRENCE, all of Mahaska.

By Rev. John Moore, May 10th, at the house of the bride's father, Mr. B. F. ROLLER to Miss MAGGIE LANG, all of Williamsburg, Pa.

On Tuesday morning, June 7th, in Petersburg, Huntingdon Co., by Rev. Samuel T. Lowrie, Mr. FRANK HEFRIGHT, of Huntingdon, Pa., to Miss ELLEN HARRISON, of Shavers's Creek. On the evening of the same day, in Alexandria, Huntingdon County, Pa., Dr D. R. Goon, of Altoona, Pa., to Miss ELIZA B. HOUTZ, of Alexandria.

On the 12th ult, by Rev. J. M. Hastings, Mr. JOHN JOHNSTON, of California, to Mrs. MARGARET HUSTON, of Allegheny Co., Pa. On the 7th inst., Mr. ALFRED A. FORNEY, formerly of Carrol County, Md., to Miss MARTIE J. JOHNSTON, of Pine Valley, Allegheny County, Pa. On the 14th inst, Rev. J. W. WALKINSHAW to Miss NANCY J. BROWN, of Allegheny County, Pa.

On June 16th, by Rev. Samuel J. Wilson, Mr. JOHN SAINT to Miss MAGGIE, daughter of Andrew Morton, Esq., both of Sharpsburg, Pa.

On Thursday, June 16th, by Rev. P. H. Drennan, Mr. J. M. WEEDS, of La Prairie, Marshall County, to Miss MAGGIE IRWIN, of Washburn, Woodford County, Ill.

By Rev. H. H. Lewis, June 19th, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. JOHN WILLIAMS to Miss ANN NOYLE, all of Sharpsburg, Pa.

June 16th, by Rev. W. J. Alexander, Mr. EDWARD B. FRANCIS to Miss NANCY BROWN, of Wolf Run, Marshall County, Va.

On Thursday, the 9th inst., by Rev. John McMillan, Mr. ANDREW LONG to Miss MARY, daughter of Mr. Samuel McMaster, of this city.

By Rev. S. Patterson, at the bride's residence, on the 16th inst. Mr. JOHN M. SPEER to Miss NANCY CRAWFORD, both of Harrison County, O.

Obituary.

DIED—In Scrubgrass, Pa., of dropy, on the 27th ult., Mrs. REBECCA, wife of John Anderson, Esq., in the 66th year of her age.

She was for many years before her death a member of the Presbyterian Church. Her piety no one doubts. Having lived the life of the righteous, she calmly viewed the near approach of death, committing herself and those dear to her to the care of her Lord and Saviour.

DIED—May the 26th, at her residence near Wooster, Ohio, Mrs SARAH M., wife of Mr. William Solands, Jr., aged 32 years and 1 month.

She was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church at Apple Creek, over sixteen years. She was lovely in life, in death she is lamented. Amiable in her disposition, and gentle in all her ways, she gave evidence in her life that she was a true child of God. In her last moments she was sustained by the Christian's hope, and cheered with the assurance that for her to die was gain. Thus calmly and peacefully she breathed her life away, and her spirit took its flight from earth we trust, to heaven.

Mourners check those flowing tears,
She is now among the blest;
Gone before to welcome you
Home to everlasting rest.

DIED—At her residence in Washington County, Pa., on the 14th of December, 1858, Mrs. JANE, relict of the late David Pollock, aged 71 years.

Mrs. Pollock was more than an ordinary woman in Christian character and experience; and in suffering, few have more than tasted the cup, which she drank to entire exhaustion. Her parents moved into Western Pennsylvania in the closing years of the last century, and her age and associations brought her into immediate connexion with those ever memorable men, who conducted the Church of God in this vicinity through that wonderful period of the outpouring of the Holy Spirit, in the commencement of the present century. In no recollections of her life did she take so deep an interest, even to her dying hours, and of none was she so fond of speaking. As a relic of those days, and a type of the religious experience of those brought into the fold of Christ under those influences, she possessed an interest above the common lot of Christians. And now that she has passed from us, we remember with a feeling bordering upon veneration, her humble, unwavering reliance upon Christ; her hearty renunciation of all dependance upon her own good works; her clear, strong views of the doctrines of grace; her cheerful submission and resignation in suffering; her fervent prayers for grace to suffer without murmuring; and her brightening prospects of immortality and eternal life, as she drew nearer the hour of her departure to her home on high. S.

DIED—On Sabbath, May 15th, at the residence of her son, Joseph Travis, near Prairie Bird, Shelby County, Ill., Mrs. JANE TRAVIS, aged 83 years.

The deceased was born July 27th, 1806, in Central Pennsylvania, and moved with her father's family to Indiana County, in early youth. She was married in the fall of 1824, to Maj. William Travis, and lived with her husband in Western Pennsylvania till the Summer of '53, when they moved to Shelby County, Illinois. At an early age she gave her heart to the Saviour, and made a public profession of faith in him, uniting with the church of Glade Run, since which she has been an humble and consistent follower of her Lord and Master. In all her relations—as wife, mother, and friend—she was amiable and exemplary. Her sufferings, which were severe and protracted, were borne patiently, and without murmuring. During the first stages of her disease, her mind was calm, and a well grounded hope sustained her, but without that assurance which she so earnestly desired. As the time of her dissolution drew near, the clouds were withdrawn, and with a bright prospect of the rest of heaven, calmly relying on Jesus, sweetly reposing on his promises and trusting in her covenant God, did she go forth to meet the Bridegroom. For some time previous to her death, her mind seemed overcome with a sense of the fullness of the Saviour's love, and the glory of the inheritance prepared for the redeemed, and she would often sing the 325th Hymn, which seemed a favorite with her. She was much concerned about her family, some of whom have not yet confessed Christ as their Saviour; urgently pressing on them the necessity of personal religion, and giving her dying counsels on the great themes of salvation. Eight days before her death, she had her name entered on the roll at the organization of a Presbyterian church at Tacoma; but she is now, we trust, a member of a better Church—of the Church triumphant above. "Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his." W.J.C.

DIED—Near Shelocta, Indiana County, Pa., May 7th, Miss MARGARET JANE, daughter of Mr. Joseph Henderson, Ruling Elder in Currie's Run church, in the 25th year of her age.

The deceased was a graduate of the Blairsville Female Seminary, and member of the Presbyterian church of Currie's Run, having connected herself with that church in her 14th year; and from that period her Christian conduct was unexceptionable. Calmness and equanimity, together with great conscientiousness, were prominently exemplified in her life. The in erests of immortality seldom affect us as they do when we are compelled to let go our hold upon earth. So was it with our departed sister. She had many endearments upon earth—much to bind her here—but she must leave them, to appear in the presence of the Saviour she loved. A full preparation for so august a meeting, and for enjoyment so high andholy, became to her the all-engrossing subject. She frequently repeated the 262d Hymn, as applicable to her case. For a long time she imagined the Holy Spirit had taken his flight. But at length doubts were dissipated, fears banished, and death was conquered. Before her death, although perfectly willing to live, she became very desirous to depart and be with Christ. The moment came. It was a bright Saturday evening; the natural sun had poured his last flood of golden light upon the peaceful home where the saint ripe for immortality lay. She lifted her arms as if embracing her Saviour, exclaiming, "Come, Lord Jesus, come quickly." Then, on Jesus bosom, breathed her life out sweetly. Winged angels had borne her spirit to the bosom of her Father. Soon doubless there was a happy meeting with a mother, brothers, and sisters, who had gone before. Their spirits sang victory, won through the blood of the Lamb. M.M.S.

DIED—Of consumption, in Noble County, near Cumberland, O., on the 2d day of May, in the 47th year of her age, Mrs. Mary C., wife of Col. James Hunter.

Did time and space permit, it would be pleasant to review the life of this excellent and Christian woman. As a wife, mother, friend, and in every relation of life, she was a model for admiration and imitation. She was kind and gentle in her disposition, pleasant and affable in her social relation, and exemplary in her Christian deportment. She was a Christian—so far as we can judge—an "Israelite indeed." She confessed Christ in her twenty-third year, in the Congregational church of Marietta, and united with the Old School Presbyterian church in this place in 1854. Her sickness was brief, but sometimes severe, but she bore it with Christian fortitude She was taken ill the 1st day of January, and confined to her room from the 10th of February to the day of her death. It was pleasant to listen to her conversation during her sickness. Her great theme was Christ and his great atonement. Sometimes, she said, the tempter would assail and tempt her to forsake Christ; sometimes dark clouds would obscure her hope; but never did she entirely lose sight of her blessed Redeemer. Nay, her views of him and Divine things were sometimes rapturous. Her language near her last moments was, "Come, Lord Jesus, and take me." D.

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☞ These Machines sew from two spools, and form a seam of unequalled strength, beauty, and elasticity, which will not rip, even if every fourth stitch be cut. They are unquestionably the best in the market for family use.
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NEBRASKA LANDS.—THE UNDERSIGNED will attend to the locating of Land Warrants in the Omaha and Nebraska City land districts, N. T. The land sales will take place in the months of July and August. After the sales, Land Warrants can be used. The lands of this Territory are of the finest quality. Good selections can be made near the Missouri River, and near settlements. All warrants entrusted to my care will be located on lands selected by careful land examiners.
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PROF. G. LOOMIS, Oriapolis, N. T. je25-1t

BOOKS.—THE BOARD OF COLPORTAGE of the Synods of Pittsburgh and Allegheny have received a valuable addition to the stock on hand at the Depository, on St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh. In the Sabbath School Department there can be found all the issues of the Board of Publication, together with a selection of the books of the Massachusetts Sabbath School Society, which have been approved by the Executive Committee of the Board. Also, the books of Mrs. N. W. Campbell—Why am I a Presbyterian; Why Should I be a Pastor; The Twins, or Conversations on the Ruling Elder. The Life and Labors of Rev. Dr. Baker; The Martyred Missionaries! Hadji in Syria, Sacred Lyrics from the German; together with the Assembly's Digest, by Baird.
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Come and be convinced that we are ahead of every machine in use. Half the time, half the hard labor. Half in wear and tear, and half in soap is saved. Little boys and girls can do the work for their mothers. The undersigned have purchased the exclusive right of Allegheny County to make and sell J. T. MUDGE'S
Superior Washing Machines,
Manufactured and for sale at No. 34 Water St., Pittsburgh.
We desire the public to call and examine this truly labor saving machine. It can also be seen at Lafayette Hall, Sample Room of the Mechanics' Institute.
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We, the undersigned, having thoroughly tested the above machine, take pleasure in recommending the same to the public, assured that they will find it all that is above claimed.
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In again presenting this truly valuable machine to the farming community, we do it with the assurance that it will still hold and retain its place at the head of all other machines.
As a Mower it is well known, and we now present it as a combined machine, the Reaper having been well and fully tested during the harvests of 1857 and 1858. Among the many advantages it possesses over other machines, are—
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4. Its portability; as it can be transported from place to place without taking off the cutter bar, or taking out the knife, being ready in a moment for cutting or transporting.
5. Every farmer knows the advantages of having machines manufactured near home