given to them the Gospel of peace, that Christian ity may cast its benign light upon their fading ranks. Our Church, with others, has been doing something toward a payment of the debt our country owes to the Indian; but still there remains much to be done by the Christian philanthropist before that debt is fully cancelled. These thoughts have been suggested by the recent passage, through this region, of delegates from a Western tribe of Indians en route for

Washington, for the purpose of disposing of their lands to the government, and removing near to the setting sun. They are described as chiefs of the Poncas tribe, now independent, but formerly connected with the Omahas. Their lands lie directly North of the territory occupied by the last named tribe, in which our Church has some well known mission stations. The Poncas are said to number at present about one thousand souls, having suffered greatly by the small-pox on their way to Washington, are, Shu-da-kom-mon-ne, translated "Hard Walker;" Wa-gah sahpi, or "Iron Whip;" Gish-tah-wah gu or "Smoke Man;" Esh-nung-i-kug gah or "He is my only Friend;" Shu-kob-bi or "Threatening Clouds;" and Tah-tung-ga-no-shi or "Standing Buffalo." The gentlemen boasting these "high sounding" titles are, for the most part, old men, and all noble specimens of the Indian uncontaminated by the vices of civilized life. The "Iron Whip" is the oldest, is represented as a fine orator, with a deep ce, and is expected to make Mr. Bu chanan a fine speech, if spared to meet him. "He is my only Friend" is said, although quite a gay young man, fond of dress and show, to be the bravest warrior of the tribe. We are sad when we reflect that in a very few years, within the lifetime of many now living probably, the Indian will be known only to history. Let us do be done, while their sands are rapidly running

away.

It is expected that at this session of Congress a new territory will be organized, lying West of Minnesota, to be called Dakota. It is expected that the Missouri and the White Earth rivers will form its Southern and Western boundaries. There are at present in the limits contemplated for this new territory some four thousand white inhabitants, although, as yet, the only land in the territory ceded to the United States, is a strip some twenty-six miles in width by one hundred and fifty in length, situated East of the Big Sioux, and West of the Minnesota. This of course is the only land open for settlement until a treaty is made with the Indians; still, if Congress organizes a territory here, settlers will soon flock in by thousands and the land will be speedily possessed. Let the Gospel go with them. Young men of our Theological Seminaries have an eye upon men of our Theological Seminaries have an eye upon these opening and expanding fields of labor. Let the Gospel be the moulding agent in forming mind and founding institutions in our new territories. then the march of empire will be a blessing and not a curse.

Many of our Western States, as you are aware, have inaugurated excellent common school sys-tems, and by liberal appropriations of money and lands they are nobly sustained. Wisconsin and Illinois are said to have made as good provision for educational purposes as any States in the But when the Secretary did respond to -and I believe also in Wisconsin-was set apart for school purposes; and in the first-named State

There is also, in Illinois, a State Normal University, about to go into operation at Bloo ton, with resources amounting to about \$300,000. Of this, \$140,000 are to be expended in buildings, grounds, and furniture, and the balance to ain on interest as a permanent fund, the income of which is to meet the current expenses of the Institution. A normal department is already in successful operation. A "model farm" is to be conducted in connexion with the school, and all branches of practical science are to be taught in the most thorough manner. So long as we thus continue to look after our educational interests, failing not to remember our religious obligations, our free institutions may be regarded as safe. We hear of considerable religious interest in various parts of the West, in connexion with churches of different denominations; increased attendance, solemn audiences, and we trust, recep-

Brother Erskine has reached his new field of labor, Sterling, Iii., where he has entered upon his work with a good prospect of success. Sterling is a fine, thriving town, upon Rock River, e sixty-five miles from Rock Island, and about one hundred and ten due-West from Chicago With one of the finest water privileges in the West, it is destined to be a place of much importance. We trust Brother E. will be enabled, by the grace of God, to lay her foundations deep broad. The church is not large, but they have a good house of worship, are out of debt, and we trust will enter into the work with Bro. E., resolved in every way to hold up his hands We expect to be able soon to report the organization of a church at Galva, Ill., a thriving town upon the Chicago and Burlington Railroad. Bro. Marshall, a student of Danville-earness active, and ardent-has been laboring here for some months past, with marked success, and it is hoped that a church will soon be organized under The weather is yet mild; and that very

respectable personage, "the oldest inhabitant," an appendage to every community, predicts for the West "an open Winter," which means a mixture of rain and snow, with no slight sprinkling of glad sunshine and pleasant days. Yours, &c.. NORTH-WEST.

For the Presbyterian Banner and Advocate Supplies Appointed by the Presbytery of New Lisbon.

Columbiana .- Rev. J. B. Miller, Thursday Evening, December 16 Rev. A. S. McMaster, D.D., Thursday Evening, December 80. Rev. Robert Hays, Thursday Evening, January 13. Rev. Robert Dickson, Thursday Evening, January 27. Rev. John Martin, Thursday Evening, February 10. Rev. W. G. March, Thursday Evening, February 24. Rev. A. B. Maxwell, Thursday Evening, March 10. Rev. David Robinson, Thursday Evening, March 24.

Hanover.—Rev. E. R. McGregor, Second Sabbath in January. Rev. Robt. Hays, Second Sabbath in February. Rev. J. B. Miller, Second

Sabbath in March. Niles.—Rev. A. S. McMaster, D. D., Third Sabbath in January. Rev. N. B. Lyons, Third Sabbath in February. Rev. W. G. March, Third

Rews Beyartment.

The Crawford County Bank Has been organized. Thomas Van Horne, Esq., is President, and A. G. Finney, Cashier. Six men of that county and six in Buffalo, compose the Board of Directors.

The Railroad Connexion In our city, is likely to become a troublesome affair. The Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Company, claim, by act of the Legislature, the right to connect with the Pennsylvania Road. This will require them to cross Penn Street. Onr Mayor refuses permission, and has informed Mr. Cass, the President of the Company, that he will done, by a compromise, if practicable; otherwise by an authority of law. The public, for both travel and transportation, need the crossing. It will, doubtless, be made; and it would be wise in the city fathers to give their consent, securing in street to pedestrians, carriages, &c.

A Committee of Councils has just been appointed, to arrange with the Company, if practicable, for depressing the road and elevating the street, so because they were very influential in obtaining that the one shall pass over the other. We hope for Mr. Buchanan the vote of the Virginia delethe effort will be successful.

Washington

Congressmen must have their holidays. They idences in reference to the aborigines of our are quite as tenacious of their prescriptive claims country, the poor Indians! They are melting to this indulgence, as are our school boys; and with far less reason. The school boys, for months before Christmas, have been bound down to hard study, and rest has become a need, as well as a pleasure; but Congressmen have then been in Session only for a few weeks, and have scarcely got through with their gratulations. But they, like They are evidently a doomed race, and must melt the boys, are handsomely sustained, whether they work or play. In the one case, papa's pocket is drawn upon; in the other, Uncle Sam

> The day on which Congress adjourned was enivened by speeches from Senator Stuart, of Michigan, and Senator Broderick, of California, both Democrats, and both opposed to the Executive Kansas Policy. These are the only Senators of that party who have yet come out distinctly with Judge Douglas.

> On the 23d, the President, in answer to the Senate's call, sent in a mass of papers relative to Kansas. Among these were Secretary Case' instructions to Gen. Denver, the New Secretary of the Territory, and his reply to Gov. Walker's letter which accompanied his resignation.

To Gen. Denver. Mr. Cass savs: "I need hardly inform you that your duty is not intended to be confined to special occasions. It extends of course to the protection of all citizens in the exercise of their just rights, and applies to one legal election as well as another. The Territorial Legislature doubtless convened on the 7th inst., and while it remains in session, its members are entitled to be secure and free in their deliberations. Its rightful action must also be respected. Should it authorize an election by the people for any purpose, this election should be held without interruption, no less than those authorized by the convention. While the peace

of the territory is preserved, and the free

election is secured, there need be no fear of dis-

astrous consequences. This does not look like a design to carry any high-handed measure; and if the people have great wisdom and prudence to guide their ardor, all will be right, and speedily so. If they follow unwise counsels, there may be delays and difficulties; but still, their institutions, sooner or later, for them, in a religious point of view, all that can will be their own. In this land, no State can be subjected to a constitution, or laws, other than the people themselves choose; and to attempt by either fraud or force to impose upon them, is sheer folly. The success, in any such case, must be very brief, though it may do great harm for

Mr. Cass, in reply to Gov. Walker, says: "Whilst duty, therefore, forbids me to enter into a controversial discussion with you upon the various topics embraced by your argument, it is proper I should make a remark upon a single point. You state that the President has changed his policy in regard to Kansas. And why this allegation? Simply because the convention of Kansas have, in the exercise of the rights belonging to them, decided that they would not sub-mit the whole constitution to the people, although they had submitted the all-important and danger-

ous question of slavery.' The Secretary is perfectly right in declining a discussion. If every officer who resigns, either from choice or compulsion, might demand a record of his reasons argued ad libitum; and if there must be a response justifying the government, the public archives would be made to groan,

But when the Secretary did respond to one Union. One-sixteenth of all the land in Illinois word of the Governor, it is to be regretted that he did not meet the whole thought. The Convenwe have a free school system in successful operation, sustained by the proceeds from these lands, supplemented by a tax of two mills upon the the people. They, in effect, subthe question of the future introduction of slaves, there to be retained. Both forms of the constitution secure the right of property in slaves, and the holding of the slaves then in the territory,

and of their offspring. That matter, however, seems to have been laid aside, as no longer important. Dispatches from St. Louis state that, at the election on the 21st, the pro-slavery constitution was carried by a large majority. The dispatches are defective and indefinite. They speak of some places not voting, other places casting but a small vote, and others an immensely large vote. A few days more will bring the correct state of affairs.

The State Legislature has adjourned. Its principal transactions were, 1. A law submitting the Lecompton Constitu-

tion to a vote of the whole people, on the 4th of January, in three forms-first, the constitution with slavery; second, the constitution without slavery; third, against the constitution. 2. A law providing severe penalties for false or fraudulent election returns.

3. A militia law, which is thus briefly stated: "This law repeals all the militia laws enacted by the last Legislature. The new organization takes place under the supervision of a board of officers, consisting of one major general, eight brigadier generals, one adjutant general, one inspector general, one quartermaster general, one commissary general, and one surgeon general. These officers are elected by the Legislature. The Governor of the territory is a member of the board, and is commander in chief of the militia. "This military board has power to organize, equip, drill, and put into a serviceable shape, the militia of the territory. A majority of the board are empowered to call out the militia in any emergency, and to act independent of the commander-in-chief."

The first and second of the above were sanctioned by acting Governor Stanton: the third was vetoed by him, but was enacted by a two-thirds vote of the Legislature.

Affairs are hence still extremely complicated. The election of the 4th, (or the 5th, as some reports have it,) will likely give the full strength of the Free State men. General Denver has entered upon his office as Secretary and Governor, and will doubtless protect the election, as instructed. The troubles at Fort Scott, where there has been a party conflict, resulting in several deaths, the frauds charged upon the election of the 21st, the counter election of the 4th, the military organization under Gen. Lane, the application for the admission of Kansas as a State, and the

Enabling Act proposed by Senator Douglas, will

keep Congress and the country excited for weeks to come. In the House there was, before the adjournment, quite an animated discussion on the subject of UTAH. It arese on a resolution which stated that war was urged by the territory against the United States, and authorized the Committee on Territories to inquire into the propriety of ejecting Mr. Bornhisel, the sitting delegate, from the House.

The resolution was adopted by a considerable majority. The latest news from the expedition against UTAH is more favorable than were the previous dispatches. The troops had concentrated at Fort from being burned, and thus to keep the pasture from being destroyed by the marauding Mormons.

Bridger. They had a sufficiency of provisions, and there was about snow enough to prevent the grass Col. Johnston, who commands the expedition, thinks that the communication from Brigham Young to Col. Alexander, and from Elder Taylor to Capt. Marcy, and the orders of D. Wells, comarrest any persons who may attempt to lay the mander of the Mormons, and the acts of the Legrails. Mr. Cass replies that the work must be islative Assembly of the last session, show a matured and settled design on their part to hold and occupy the territory independent and irrespective of the United States.

Mr. Mason, the United States Minister in France, has sent his letter of resignation to the the compromise, the proper and safe use of the President. This is said to be of compulsion, rather than of choice, Mr. Buchanan having signified that such a course would be, to him, agreeable. Some of Mr. Mason's friends complain. gation, at the Cincinnati Convention. But really,

THE PRESBYTERIAN BANNER AND ADVOCATE.

time and place, in procuring Mr. Buchanan's the only article that has been completely successful in cheating age of his gray locks, removing dandruff, itching, scrofula, &c. It restores the gray-headed to more than the original beauty; and many sweet foretastes of her coming blessed friends, with offices, is utterly impossible. Men, -a compensation of which they could not be which will become known as soon as used. deprived.

Paulding, of the frigate Wabash, and sent home. This stroke, so prompt and efficient, will go far to remove from the Executive the charge of complicity with Walker in his wicked enterprise.

California.

NEW YORK, December 28 .- The steamship orthern Light has arrived, with California dates the 5th inst. She brings \$2,000,000 in gold. Among her passengers is General Walker, who, with one hundred and fifty of his men, were captured by Commodore Paulding, of the United States frigate Wabash. The General is on parole. The men were placed on board the United States loop-of-war Saratoga, to be conveyed to Norfolk. Walker delivered himself to Marshal Rynders, who has made arrangements to accompany the prisoner to Washington City to morrow, in order to ascertain the intentions of the President.

The lake and river steamers on the San Juar ave been handed over to Garrison & Morgan. These steamers had been captured by General Walker, but were retaken by an expedition from Fort Castillo had also been captured by General Walker, and a party of fifty Americans, under Col. Anderson, still held possession of it, as well as the river San Juan. Anderson has a supply of

provisions for three months, with six pieces of rtillery and an abundance of ammunition.

The expedition that captured General Walker and his men consisted of three hundred and fifty n, landed from the frigate Wabash. At Greytown Commodore Paulding arrived on the 6th, and soon received news that the filibusters under Anderson had surprised the garrison a

In company with the Wabash came the English

lastillo, and taken all the lake steamers

ine-of-battle-ship *Brunswick*, and English steamer Leopard. Next day the U. S. steamer Fulton, m Boca Del Toro, came into pert, but as the rain came down in torrents, with a heavy sea outside, nothing was done. Commodore Paulding had sent word to Walker that he considered him a pirate, and would take him and all his men pris-oners. Walker sent Capt. Ferguson on board the Wabash to tell the Commodore that he should resist to the last. This was on the 8th, and Capt. Ferguson was detained on board the Wabash until the marines and sailors were sent ashore. These united with the men from the Fulton and Saratoga made a force of seven hundred and fifty men, four hundred and fifty on the point and three hundred in the boats. The force on shore surrounded the filibusters' camp, and the boats advanced to the head-quarters of the pirate chief. An officer thereupon jumped on shore and called upon Walker to haul down his flag and surrender to the United States. After all his boasting, the man of destiny made no resistance, but surren dered himself and his whole force.

The whole affair did not occupy ten minutes. The flag was hauled down, and Walker carried a isoner on board the Fulton. Just as the steam-Morgan came down the river she was immediately surrounded by armed boats and taken noson of for the United States. She was under ommand of Debriscot, an old filibuster, with Mr. McDonald, an agent of Garrison and Morgan,

There were also on the steamer forty or fifty Costa Ricans, taken prisoners by Anderson at Castillo, and on board the steamer La Virgin. As soon as the filibusters were made prisoner e English steamer Leopard left for Jamaica. Heavy rains had commenced falling in Califorile, reviving trade, and imparting new vigor to Lucknow; as for the speedy destruction of the mining operations.

Six hundred Chinese have left San Fr.

ssels bound to China ports. Martinez has been elected President of Nica ragua, and he is making active preparations for energetic war on Costa Rica. He has sent a

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

DUNCAN'S BUSINESS AND ORNAMENTAL PENMAN SHIP.—This work is now completed, and is undoubtedly the most costly and elegant production of the kind we have seen, one that most deserved-ly places its talented author at the head of his profession. The designs and execution of the whole work, particularly the ornamental part, are certainly the most brilliant performances of the Chirographic art yet published. This fact will account for some of Mr. Duncan's writing pupils having already successfully competed, at some of the late Fairs, with those tall "first premium

Professors of Penmanship. We recommend the admirers of fine penmanship to call at Duff's Col-

lege and see Mr. Duncan perform with the pen.

ning Post. Markets.

ASHEE—Pearls, 634. Pots, 6864. Seda Ash, 334@4c.
APPLES—Common varieties, \$1.25; prime, \$1.50@1.75;
thoice Winter, \$2.00.
BUTHER AND EGGS—Prime Roll Butter, 16a17; inferior
Butter, 13a 14c. Eggs, 16a17c.
BEANS—Small White, \$1.00a1.10 per bus.

ibars—Small White, \$1.00a1.10 per bus. ||Ingger_9@01/s. |Barnerrages—\$8.00@9.00 per btd. |Barnerrages—\$8.00@9.00 per btd. |Barnerrages=\$2.50a2.75 per bus Frances—50@1.00 per 100 lbs. for Bran, Shorts, Shipstuffs FERD—50@1.00 per 100 lbs. for Bran, Shorts, Shipstuffs, and Middlings.

Flour—First hands, \$3.50a4.00; from store, \$4.00a4.25 for superine, \$4.25a4.50 for extra, and \$4.50a4.75 for family do. Buckwheat \$2.00 per 100 lbs.

GRAIN—Oats, 26@23c. Corn, 35@40c. Barley, 55@60c. Rounx—New, \$6.50 per bbl.

HAR—10.00@15.00.

LARD—No. 1. City, 10@10.4c.

POTATORS—Reds, \$2a35c. Pinkeyes, 40a45c. Neshannocks, 50c.

REDE-Clover, 4.25 per bus. of 62 Bs. Timothy, \$1.75@ 2.00. Flax, \$1.00.

200. Flax, \$100.

New York. December 26.

Ashus—Pots and Pearls, \$5.00.

Flours—\$4.25a4.35 for common to good State; 4.50a4.70 for extra State; 4.25a4.35 for superfine Indiana and Michigan; 4.50a5.35 for extra Onic; 5.50a6.75 for good to choice do; 5.50a7.25 for St. Louis brands, and 5.40a7.50 for extra Genesse. Rye Fiour, 3 00a4 00. Corn Meal, 3.20a3.25 for Jersey, and 3.50 for old Brandywine. Buckwheat Flour, 2.124 per 100 lbs. Granx—Wheat: White Oanada, 1.10; Michigan, 1.20; Southern red, 1.15; Rye, 70a72c. Oats: State 41a48; Western 43a46c., and Southern 28a52a. Corn, 55a574c. for damp, 53a61c. for Southern white and yellow, 58a60 for new yellow Jersey.

Balkimore, December 26.

yellow Jersey.

Baltimore, December 26.

Broug—Ohio extra, 5.25a5.50; Howard Street do., \$5.50a
575 per bbl. Baltimore ground family Flour, 7.75, and do.
extra at 6.75 per bbl. Corn Meal, 3.87½ for. City, and 3.50
per bbl. for Brandywine mills. Rye Flour, 3.75 per bbl.
Grain—Wheat, 1.00a1.05c. for good red; 1.03a1.08c. for
white. Corn: new white, 40a46c; 48a50c. for do. yellow,
and 39a41c. for mived do. Oats, 30a38c. for good to prime
Maryland, and 34a36 for do. Penna. Rye: Penna. 76c.;
Maryland, 65a68c.
Szens—Cloverseed, 5.6514. Timothy, 2.25a2.50. Flaxseed,
1.10a1.12 per bus.

PHILADRIPHIA, December 26.

SEEDS.—Clover 5.00a5 12½ per bus.

FLOUR—Superfice, 5.00; extra, 6.25. Home trade, 5.00a 5.50 for common to choire brands; extra, 5.75a6.50. Rya, 400. Corn Meal, 8.00 ... CUPIL MESS, 5.UU
RAIN—Wheat: I.10e for good Penna. and Southern reds,
1.12a.120c, for fair to good white. Rye, 70c. Corn, 53e
Oats, 33a35c.

FADVERTISEMENT T Headache and Debility.

Mr. Silas J. Liscomb, of Birmingham, says: "I have found in Borhave's Holland Bitters a also used it with the greatest benefit.". Mr. A. S. Nicholson, of Pittsburgh, also remarks that he has experienced much relief from

its use for Headache. Take a half tea-spoonful three times a day, as hour before meals. Eat moderately, and then of wholesome food, and you will find this is really a remedy for Sick and Nervous Headache, Weakness of any kind, Costiveness, and Piles. Being erfectly simple in composition, it may be taken without fear by the invalid. Possessing a fine aromatic flavor, it is very grateful to the debilitated stomach. CAUTION !- Be careful to ask for Borhave'

Holland Bitters. Sold at \$1.00 per bottle; or, six bottles for \$5.00, by the sole proprietors, BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO., Pittsburgh; and Druggists

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

there were very many persons very active at that | discovery—we advert to his Hair Restorative; | through which she passed to her final rest. Her | his illness, did he suffer an opportunity to pass of | n all such cases, should work on principle, then | ing the effect on coarse, harsh hair to render it consciousness of rectitade would be their reward is loose or falling, and many other qualities

The pride of mankind is singularly developed The Filibustering Movement of General in the keeping and arrangement of the hair; Walker, against Nicaragua, has received an awful of the human body that we can train in any way to the human body that we can train in any way everse. The General and one hundred and fifty we choose; how important then, having this of his men have been captured by Commodore portion left to our care, that we should use all the means science has placed in our hands to render it beautiful and permanent. If you would have beautiful hair, glossy hair, hair with its natural color elegantly preserved to extreme old age, don't fail to purchase Wood's Hair Restorative.—Daily Iowa State Gazette. Sold by all Druggists.

Foreign Intelligence.

England to the 12th of December.

there were still very many failures taking place. proached the final struggle. Her mental facul-Credit had been used there as far beyond the ties remained clear and unclouded through all bounds of prudence as was the case here; and a her severe sufferings, and in the immediate style of living beyond the man's nett income, had presence of death, shone out with that radiant been extensively indulged. Hence the many fail- splendor, which, like the setting sun, throws a ures. Parliament was to adjourn, on the day the flood of glory rather than that of sadness around Persia sailed, to the 4th of February.

land. Royal daughters are in demand. The launching of the great ship, Leviathan, was progressing, but it was very slowly.

The advices from China indicate the progress of preparations for the assault upon Canton. The Emperor had demanded the evacuation, by the Russians, of the territory at the North, seized by them. This, with the refusal to admit the Russian Ambassador to the Capital, was likely to induce the Russians to join with the English in attacking Canton. The probability is that English, French, Russians, and Americans will unite in demanding a liberal treaty from the Emperor; though only the first named may wage actual hos-France.

From France, the news was favorable as to reviving confidence in mercantile affairs.

The latest mails from India, represent things the rate of two thousand a week, and were being pushed toward the seat of conflict. The following, from the London Times, presents the condition of affairs at Lucknow:

Happily, the anxiety caused by the late intelligence from India has not been of long duration.
Another series of telegrams reached us yesterday,
with news from Bombay up to the 17th of November. The position of things, as described in
the late dispatches, was as follows: Generals Outram and Havelock were at Lucknow, with some fourteen hundred effective men, besides the women and children of the Residency, Some five hundred men, with a number of sick and wounded. and all the baggage, were at Alumbagh, three miles short of the town. Lucknow itself was surrounded by the enemy, and unable to communicate even with Alumbagh, while, as far as the latter place, the road was quite open from Cawnpore, and more than one convoy of provisions had lately entered. The great anxiety was, of course, for the safety of the unfortunate garrison at joy that from Gwalior and Delhi, and other quarters, the whole crew were congregating in one spot, where they might be crushed at a blow.

We may take it for granted that Sir Colin force of 400 men against Col. Anderson, for the purpose of re-capturing Fort Castillo.

Campbell has made his way to the city, and was strong enough to fight through it with less comparative loss than Havelock and Outram. By the middle of November the force that had reach ed Lucknow must have amounted to ten thousand men. Supposing the Residency and Alumbagh garrisons to have numbered one thousand five hundred more, between eleven thousand and twelve thousand men might have been brought into the field. Those who remember the tales of Assaye and Meanee, or even go no further back than the events of the present year, will readily believe that such a force will easily have vanquished any number of treacherous Sepoys who may have dared to oppose it. That Lucknow was relieved at the time we mention, and that those who have been exposed to nearly six months of hourly peril are now in safety, is what we may without pre-From the rest of India the accounts are equally satisfactory. The country was settling down.

Hotices.

Presbyterial. The PRESBYTERY OF ALLEGHENY CITY will meet in e First Presbyterian church of Allegheny, on the Seconday of January, at 10 o'clock A. M.

JAMES ALLISON, Stated Clerk,

The PRESBYTERY OF ST. CLAIRSVILLE will meet at Rockbill, on the First Tuesday of January, 1858, at 11 o' clock A. M. JOHN MOFFAT, Stated Clerk. The PRESBYTERY OF SALTSBURG will meet at Curries Bun church, on the First Tuesday of January, at o clock P. M. W. W. WOODEND, Stated Clerk.

Married.

On December 23d, by Rev. T. S. C. Smith, Mr. Samuer P. RICHARDSON to Miss Sallie Ann Willer, all of Harford County, Md. November 26th, by Rev. Robert F. Sample, Mr. W. O

At Harrisville, December 24th, by Rev. J. F. Boyd, Mr. ROBERT SANKEY to Miss BLIZADETH B. MORKLAND, all of But ler County, Pa.

In Charlotte, North Carolina, on Wednesday, the 17th
L. Day Alexander Sinclair, Dr. Francis Scare to Mis

December 10th, by Rev. George W. Thompson, Mr. John Hoseler to Miss Barbara Leade, all of Tuscarora Valley, Juniata County, Fa. Dec. 24th, Mr. Benjamin Moore to Miss Isabella Wilson, all of Tuscarora Valley,

Obituary.

Died-On Sabbath morning, 18th Dec., at the remedy for Headache and Debility. My wife has Presbyterian Parsonage, Chester Valley, Hugh WILLIAM, infant son of Rev. W. R. and Nannie D. Bingham. "Of such is the kingdom of heaven."

DIED-At New Orleans, on the 12th day of Sepember, 1857, in the 26th year of his age, THOMAS CERRE COPES:

He was the son of Mr Thomas P. Copes, of ample to the young.

DIED-December 1st, at the residence of her brother, Wm. Sterling, Jr., Mrs. JANE JACKSON, aged 43 years and 6 months. All sums, large or small, are received daily, and paid back during the most desperate cases of sections of the country. Neither professed his willingness to fested amid the protracted languor and suffering of the correct language of the country of the correct language of the country. Neither professed his willingness to fested amid the protracted language and suffering of the correct language of the country. Neither professed his willingness to fested amid the protracted language and suffering of the correct language of the country. Neither professed his willingness to fested amid the protracted language and suffering of the correct language of the country. Neither professed his willingness to fested amid the protracted language and suffering of the correct language of the country. Neither professed his willingness to fested amid the protracted language and suffering of the correct search and the professed his willingness to fested amid the protracted language and suffering of the correct language of the country. Neither professed his willingness to fested amid the professed his willingness to fested amid the protracted language and suffering of the correct language of the country. Neither professed his willingness to fested amid the professed his will have a f

ness, were vouchsafed to her here below, before the messenger was sent to bid her come up higher. "For her to live was Christ; for her to die was gain."

DIED-On the 10th Nov., at the residence of her husband, in Latrobe, Pa., Mrs. Anna Rosanna B. Coulter, wife of Dr. W. B. Coulter, (formerly Miss Reich.) aged 82 years. The subject of this communication deserves

more than a passing notice; inasmuch as in the demise of Mrs. Coulter society loses one of its chief adornments, and an affectionate husband a devoted wife. Her disease was consumption of the lungs, and at intervals during her long illness gave hopes of her ultimate recovery—the disease changing its attacks in many different ways, like the varying hues of the rainbow. During all her severe afflictions, Mrs. Coulter manifested the most perfect submission to the will of her Divine Master. Her calm resignation The Persia, at New York, brings news from throughout a long, lingering illness; her goodness of heart, ever one of her prominent charac-Financial affairs continued to improve; but teristics, was even more marked, as she apthe dying couch. Mrs. Coulter was a lady of The Prince of Orange, of Holland, has put in a high personal attractions, which was even excall for the hand of the Princess Alice, of Eng- ceeded by the transparent beauty of her character. COMMUNICATED.

Drep-September 22d, 'at his residence, nea Clintonville, Venango County, Pa., after a short illness, Mr. Thomas M'Kez, Sr., in the 87th yea f his age.

The subject of this obituary was born in Frank in County. He emigrated from thence to Westmoreland County, and from that to the place where he died. He was elected Ruling Elder in the church of Scrubgrass, at an early period of its history. He continued in it in this office from the year 1812 unto the year 1840, at which time he was chosen elder of the church of Clintonville, in which he remained in this office until death. He was a man amiable in his disposition, and loved by all who knew him. Godliness of heart shone in his life, so as to convince those around that he was in possession of religion He loved the house of God, and was always found there when able. He knew well the lanstill as hopeful. English troops were arriving at guage of God: "Blessed is the man that heareth me, watching daily at my gates, waiting at the posts of my doors." He was judge of the court of the county in which he lived, for some years. His end was peace. He acknowledged to his pastor, when near his death, that Christ was his only hope, and manifested a desire to depart and "be with Christ, which is far better." He leaves his companion, children, and friends, to mourn his loss; but they do not mourn as those who have no hope. "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth; yea, saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labors, and their works do follow them." "How blest the righteous when he dies."

Died-December 7th, at her residence, in Ve

nango County, Mrs. SUSANNA COLVERT, in the 95th year of her age. Another mother in Israel gone to her rest! The deceased was a native of Ireland. She emi enemy, no one in the Presidency felt the slightest grated from it to Maryland, and from thence to says of the righteous, she held on in her way and was a member of the church of Scrubgrass for many years. But after a church was organized after her marriage she connected herself with at Clintonville she united with it, and continued a member in it until death. She professed reli- which her husband was a member. She had gion about seventy-five years. She adorned her been troubled even before her marriage with profession by a godly walk. She was loved by symptoms of pulmonary ailment, which sympall who knew her. She said she did not know that she had an enemy in the world. She loved the droppings of the sanctuary, and was found there when able. Sometimes she was harrassed with doubts, and at other times her faith was strong. She appeared to live the life of the righteous, and consequently this would ensure the death of such to her. She lived to a good old age, and was gathered home to glory, we trust as a shock of corn fully ripe. "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth; yea saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their la bors, and their works do follow them."

> Dien-On the 7th of November, at the res dence of her father, in Indiana County, Pa. ELIZABETH, daughter of James S. Martin, aged 14 years, 7 months, 7 days.

This little girl was a patient sufferer under protracted and severe illness. She was quiet and reserved in her menner, and intelligent and prudent above her years. From an early period in her life, she was interested in religious services. and was yet cheerful with her young companions joining heartily in their harmless sports. She was known to be attentive to secret prayer, and delighted in reading the Bible. This was with her a favorite occupation. During her illness she manifested great patience under suffering and, being of an affectionate disposition, was grateful to her parents, the rest of the family, and friends, for their kind attentions. To the inquiries of her friends, she expressed her faith in Christ as the reason of her hope of heaven A little before her death she exhorted her parents brothers, and sisters, to prepare for death, say ing, "Father, you must die; and mother, you must die; and sisters and brothers, you must die too;" and presented an earnest and appropriate prayer in their behalf, to God. Her life and death are a proof and illustration of the advan tages of early piety, and furnish an encourage ment to parents to train their children in the fear of God, and in the ways of religion. Though a delicate child; she was the favorite of the family and now, though her friends mourn her removal they mourn "not as those who have no hope." Happy parents! happy children! when this i

"They die in Jesus, and are blest, How calm their slumbers are! From sufferings and from sin released, And freed from every snare." They are taken from "the evil to come

Weep not, she is not dead, but sleepeth."

Dren-September 25th, at the residence of his ather, in Ohio County, Va., Mr. WILLIAM MILLI-GAN, aged 40 years, 2 months, and 1 day. The deceased was the subject of a long and protracted iliness. Some eight or nine months be-

fore his decesse, he was affected with a disease

which appeared externally on his body, in the form of tumors, and which continued to increase St. Charles, Mo., and grandson of the Rev. while he lived. On the twenty-first of May he Joseph Copes, who was for many years pastor of had a stroke of palsy, which deprived him of the the united churches of Lewes, Cold Spring, and use of his right side, but which was partially re-Indian River, Sussex County, Delaware. Bereft stored, though not sufficient to enable him ever to of his parents while a youth, he became a mem- walk alone. He had long been a consistent, deber in the family of his uncle, Dr. J. S. Copes, of voted, and useful member of the Presbyterian New Orleans. Four years ago he united in the Church. In his death the church and community communion of the Church, and he ever onward have lost a useful member, and his family a wise maintained his profession. He was consistent in head and counselor. In his life he evinced much his conduct, and ardent in his devotions; an ex- of the spirit of his beloved Master; but especially in his last sickness did he manifest his Christian character; that though his sufferings were very protracted, and for the most part very intense, he bore them with the utmost patience

speaking to the numerous friends and acquaintances who visited him, of the blessed Saviour he loved; having a word of counsel or admonition for all. A few hours before his death, he called his weeping family to his bed-side, bade them each one farewell, gave them a husband's and father's blessing, entreating each one to love the Saviour, and strive to meet him in that Canaan of rest where death never enters, and parting is no more. After which he conversed but little; The Banner is published weekly, in the cities of Pitts and soon it became evident to all that he was in the Presbyterian Church. struggling with his last enemy—death. In Mr.

M.'s death there are one or two noticeable facts connected with it. He was buried precisely on the nineteenth anniversary of his marriage; and he is the third one of Hugh Milligan's children that is dead, all of whom have died in their faces.

IN ADVANCE,

IN ADVANCE,

IN ADVANCE,

IN CLUBS of twenty, and npwards, 1.25 " "

ADVENTEEM IN S! IN Advance.

For eight lines, or less, one insertion 50 cents; each subsequent insertion, 25 cents. Each additional line, beyond eight, 3 cents.

For eight lines, three months, \$5.00. Each additional line becomes struggling with his last enemy-death. In Mr. that is dead, all of whom have died in their that is dead, all of whom have died in their father's house, and have left children. Truly God's ways are not as our ways, nor his thoughts as our thoughts! Let us all, therefore, receive the admonition, "Be ye also ready, for ye know neither the day nor the hour wherein the Son of Man cometh."

For eight lines, three months, \$3.00. Each additional line \$1.00 and of two lines, \$5 a year, and \$1 for each additional line, and they seem that they are commendatory of lower lines or less, one Dollar. Each additional line \$1.00 and they seem to the seem that they are seem to lines or less, one Dollar. Each additional line \$1.00 and they seem to the seem that they are seem to the seem that they are seem to the s Man cometh."

and connected by certificate with Rev. Mr. Sample's church, in Lancaster County, Pa., in which ple's church, in Lancaster County, Pa., in which connexion she remained nine years, when she moved to Montours Valley, and connected with the church there in the same year. Some time after the death of her husband, she moved with two daughters to Pittsburgh, where she resided for a time. A few years ago, (in 1852,) her for a time. A few years ago. (in 1852.) her daughters came to M'Keesport to reside, and she came with them, and lived with one of them, Johns in BRECK INBIDGE'S THEOLOGY.—

BR. BRECK INBIDGE'S THEOLOGY.—

Now received, of the above, a full supply; also, of Sampson on Hebraws: Steer's Word's of Jesus; Kiel on Joshua; Kiel and Berthean on Kings and Othonicles, (just she closed her eyes in death. Long had she been she closed her eyes in death. Long had she been a member of the Presbyterian church. She was, at her death, in connexion with the Second church, Pittsburgh; not being able to attend church after she came to this place, she did not unite here. As in life, so in death, religion comforted her, Christ was all her theme; resignedly did she are it his will to take here a himself. did she await his will to take her to himself.

Her faith at death gave place to vision, her hope to a blessed fruition. Calmly and peace-fully she fell asleep in Jesus. "Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be "GI Market, near Fourth Street."

**THE BOOK OF JOB.—ILLUSTRATED with FIFTY SUPERS MORRAYINGS, from Drawings by Gilbert, and with Explanations, Notes, and Poetical Parallels, by James Hamilton. D.D. Cloth, elegantly gilt and embosed, \$4.50. Full calf, \$5.00. The same by mail.

**For sale by Gilbert, and with Explanations, Notes, and Poetical Parallels, by James Hamilton. D.D. Cloth, elegantly gilt and embosed, \$4.50. Full calf, \$5.00. The same by mail.

**For sale by Gilbert, and with Explanations, Notes, and Poetical Parallels, by James Hamilton. D.D. Cloth, elegantly gilt and embosed, \$4.50. Full calf, \$5.00. The same by mail.

**For sale by Gilbert, and with Explanations, Notes, and Poetical Parallels, by James Hamilton. D.D. Cloth, elegantly gilt and embosed, \$4.50. Full calf, \$5.00. The same by mail.

**For sale by Gilbert, and with Explanations, Notes, and Poetical Parallels, by James Hamilton. D.D. Cloth, elegantly gilt and embosed, \$4.50. Full calf, \$5.00. The same by mail.

**For sale by Gilbert, and with Explanations, Notes, and Poetical Parallels, by James Hamilton. D.D. Cloth, elegantly gilt and embosed, \$4.50. Full calf, \$5.00. The same by mail.

**For sale by Gilbert, and with Explanations, Notes, and Poetical Parallels, by James Hamilton. D.D. Cloth, elegantly gilt and embosed. death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his." R.F.W. Dien-On Wednesday, October 14th, about 1

o'clock P. M., Mrs. ELIZABETH LIVINGSTON, wife of Wm. Livingston, of Florence, Washington Deceased was the eldest daughter of Mr. David

born, February 22, 1825. Having from early life the advantages of religious instruction and example, she applied for admission to the Lord's table in the Spring of 1837, and was admitted to feared that she took this step under the influence of excited feelings, and that when the excitement had subsided she would forget her Christian profession and its obligations; but as Solomon waxed stronger. She was married to Mr. Livingston the 16th of April, 1846, and sometime the Associate congregation of Frankfort, of toms gradually became more aggravated. For one year before her death she was so emaciated that her friends wondered how she had the courage to leave her own chamber. But nevertheless she continued to frequent the house of God. Her last appearance in public was in the sanctuary on the Wednesday before her death, that day being observed by the congregation as a fast in preparation for the Lord's Supper. On her death bed she was calm and self-possessed, and her conversation was edifying and consoling. When it became evident on the Sabbath that her life would not be extended much farther, she complained of being under a cloud and in the dark. She listened with earnest attention to the instructions of her pastor, and acknowledged on Tuesday morning that her mind was easy in the way of casting all her cares on God the Saviour About three hours before her departure she

About three hours before her departure she stated that her end was near at hand; that she had no desire to live longer, but was rather longing to be gone; that her sufferings were considerable; and she asked her minister and other friends present to pray that her sufferings might be alleviated. Prayer was offered according to her request, and in a little time she seemed to sleep, and continued to sleep till the end. Mrs. Livingston was remarkable for cheerfulness and uncomplaining patience, affability and liberality,

**Colasses, And Vamily Instruction—
Prof. Jacobus's Notes on John, new edition.

**Mark and Luke, new edition.

**Mark and Luke, instruction—
Question Books on the same, interweaving the Shorter Catechism.

**On Matthew, (with Catechism annexed,) \$1.50 per doz.

**On John, with Catechism also annexed, 1.50 "
They will be forwarded to any address, if orders be sent JOHN O'LLBERTSON,

Pres. Board of Colportage, St. Clair St., Pittsburgh. uncomplaining patience, affability and liberality, and kindness toward all with whom she met. Besides her husband and parents, and three little daughters, she has left many friends to deplore her removal. They are consoled, however, by the confident hope that their loss is her unspeakable gain. "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord; for they rest from their labors,

ADVERTISEMENTS.

and their works do follow them."

THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING. ORY OF THE CREAT KING,

or, Jerusalem as it was, as it is, and as it is to be.

DR. J. T. BARCLAY, late Missionary to Jorusalem,
ighly embellished with Colored and Steel Bugravings,
sgrams and Mays. One volume, 8vo. Cloth, \$3.50; or
irkey Morocco, gilt edges \$5.00. By mail, prepaid, same DR. LIVINGSTONE'S AFRICA.

DR. LIVINGSTONE'S AFRICA.

Missionary Travels and Researches in South Africa; including a sketch of sixteen years residence in the interior of Africa, and a Journey from the Cape of Good Hope to Loando, on the West Coast; thence across the Continent, down the river Zambest to the Eastern Ocean. By David Livingstone, L.L.D., &c., &c. Beauffally illustrated with numerous engravings; maps, &c. 1 vol., 8vo. Cloth, \$3.00. Half Calf, \$4.00. By mail, prepaid, the same price.

DR. BARTH'S TRAVELS IN AFRICA.

Travels and Discoveries in North and Central Africa. Travels and Olscoveries in North and Central Africa. Being a Journal of an Expedition undertaken under the auspices of H. B. M.'s dovernment, in the years 1849-1858. By Henry Barth. Profusely and elegantly illustrated. Complete in 3 vols. 8vo. Muslin, \$7.00. Half Calf, \$10.50. Complete in 3 vols. Svo. Musin, 51.00. Hair Gair, 510.00. By mail, prepaid, same price. Two volumes now ready.

SINAL AND PALESTINE,
In connexion with their history. By Arthur Penrhyn Stanley, MA. With colored maps and plates. I vol., 8vo. Cloth, \$2 50. By mail, prepaid, same price.

CHALDEA AND SUSIANA.

Travels and Besearches in Chaldea and Susiana, with an account of Excavations at Warks, the Erech of Nimrod and Shush, Shushan, the Palace of Esther. By W. K. Loftus. \$2.00. Same price by mail. JOHN'S DAVISON, For sale by ja23t 61 Warket Street, Pittsburgh.

Plain Commentary on the Psalms Our Christian Classics. By Dr. Hamilton, London. Kesch's Parables and Similitudes of our Lord.

"Scripture Metaphors.
Alford's Greek Testament. 3 vols.
Davidson's Introduction to the New Testament. 3 vols.
Analytical Hebrew and Chaldee Lexicon.
Clara Howard; or, Heart-Yearnings for the Unscen and biding.

Wm. Archer Butler's Lectures on the History of Ancient Philosophy. 2 vols. 12mo.
Vol. V. Olhausen's Commentaries. Amer. Ed. 8vo.
Hammond on the Psalms: 2 vols., 8vo.
Dr. Breckinridge's Knowledge of God, objectively consided. 1 vol., 8vo.
Brown on Research Brown on Remans.

Etier's Words of the Lord Jesus. 6 vols.

Sampson on Hebrews. Hodge on Corinthians, Ror ad Ephesiaus. Kiel on Joshua. ceton Theological Essays. Two Series. For sale by JOHN : EMP'S WORM PASTILLES. MANY diseases of children that pussle medical men are caused by worms, and might be prevented or cared by the curing the most desperate cases of Services that land diseases in all sections of the country. Neither preparation contains mercury.

PRESBYTERIAN BANNER Advocate.

urch. TERMS

Man cometh."

H.M.

DIED—In M'Keesport, Pa., on the morning of the 25th of November, Mrs. Aww Morrow, in the 94th year of her age.

The deceased was married in 1791, and became a member of the Presbyterian Church in 1792. She came from Ireland to this country in 1796, and connected by certificate with Rev. Mr. Sam-

say remittance. If Pastors, in making up clubs, find some persons not

Mrs. M. M'Bride, till her marriage, some ten months since, to Rev. James M. Smith, of Beaver County, when she went to live with her other daughter, Mrs. J. H. Berry, at whose residence she closed her eyes in death. Long had she been Joehns Kitlo's Encyclopedia of Biblical Literature; Brown on Romans; &c., &c., &c. JOHN S. DAVISON, del9-3t 61 Market Street.

dely at on market, wear routed estect.

THE GREAT WORK OF THE AGE.

DR. LIVINGSTONE'S JOURNALS.—Just ready, with two Maps by Arrowsmith, a Portrait on Steel, and numerous Illustrations. One volume, 8vo. Price \$3 00. MISSIONARY TRAVELS AND RESEARCHES IN SOUTH AFRICA; including a Sketch of Sixteen Years' Residence in the Interior of Africa, and a Journey from the Cape of Good Hope to Loando on the West Coast; thence across the Continent, down the River Zambesi, to the Eastern Ocean. By DAVID LIVINGSTONE, LL.D., D.C.L. For sale by del9

**R. C. GOOHRANE, Allegheny, Pa.

and Mrs. Mary Duncan, still living in that neighborhood. She was instructed by her parents and in the Sabbath School from the time she was born. February 22, 1825. Having from early the Potencial Books of the Bible, being Part IV. of the Bible Delivery of the Surgicial Books of the Bible, being Part IV. of the Bible Delivery of the Surgicial Books of the Bible, being Part IV. Joseph and his Brethren. 80 pages. Square 18mo.
Aneodotee for the Family. New illustrated edition. 503
pages. Muslin, 50 cents; 65 cents gift.
Picture Alphabets, with Colored Cuts. 5 cents.
The Morning Glory. 128 pages. 20 cents, or 25 cents full communion by the Session of the Presbyterian congregation of Florence, being at that time
The Wanderer. 128 pages. 20 cents, or 25 cents gilt.
The Wanderer. 128 pages. 20 cents, or 25 cents gilt.
The Wanderer. 128 pages. 20 cents, or 25 cents gilt.
Charlotte Elizabeth's Short Stories for Children. 37 Charlotte Elizabeth's Short Stories for Children. 327 pages. 25 cents, or 35 cents gilt.

The Light of Life, and Liftie Joseph. Each 128 pages. 15 cents, or 20 cents gilt.

Hannah More's Stories for the Young. A Set of Eight Volumes. 1,440 pages. Illustrated. \$1.50, gilt \$2.25.

Gallaudet's Scripture Biography. A Set of Eleven Volumes. 2,929 pages. Illustrated. \$2.85.

Life of George Whiteheld, with steel Portraits and other illustrations. 514 pages. 55 cents, or 75 cents gilt.

Storents gilt.

Storents gilt.

cents gilt.
Lady Huntingdon and her Friends, with steel engravings. y's Morning Exercises. Large type. \$1.00, or 1.25 gitt rder's Village Sermons. Large type. 75 cents, or \$1.00 New Testament and Psalms, with Notes. 70 cents, or 95

New Testament and Psalms, with Notes. 70 cents, or 95 cents gilt.

Spring Time of Life. 30 cents, or 40 cents gilt.

Annals of the Poor. 30 cents, or 40 cents gilt.

Annals of the Poor. 30 cents, or 40 cents gilt.

No Pains No Gains. 15 cents.

Farmer and Family. 15 cents.

The Pilgrim Boy. 15 cents.

That Sweet Story of Old. 20 cents, gilt.

The Little Lamb. 3 cents.

First Footsteps in the Way of Knowledge. 25 cents.

Easy Lessons. 30 cents, gilt.

The Morning Star. 30 cents, gilt.

The Morning Star. 30 cents, gilt.

Songs for the Little Ones at Home. 35 cants, with 62 Engravings.

The Youth's Library, for Snadsy Schools. 70 volumes. Contains 9,630, pages, with 255 Engravings, \$10.00.

The Family Christian Almanac for 1858, enlarged and illustrated. Price 6 cents, or 50 cents per dozen.

A fine assortment of Bibles, of all styles and prices, kept constantly on hand.

Oatalogues can always be had on application at the Tract House, No. 929 Chestnut Street, Phila. jc20-tf

House, No. 229 Chestnut Street, Phila. je 20-tf

XFOR DFEMALE SEMINARY,

CHESTER COUNTY, PA.

The Winter Session, of twe months, will commence the first Wednesday in November.

Expenses, for Boarding, Fuel, Light and Tuition in the English branches, \$50 per Session. Ancient and Modern Languages, each \$5. Lessons on the Fisno, and use of Instrument, \$15. Painting and Drawing, each \$5. Or the payment of \$80, will include the whole.

A daily stage connects with the cars at Newark, Del., and also at Parkesburg, Pa. Address

J. M. DICKEY, or

Oxford, Sept. 20, 1855

SAMUEL DICKEY, Oxford, ra esp23-tf

55 Market Street, Pittsburgh. WM. S. RENTOUL, St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh.

the public to the PHE ATTENTION OF the public to the PHILADELPHIA HOUSEKEEPING DEV GOODS STORE, where may be found a large assortment of all kinds of Dry Goods, required in furnishing a house, thus saving the trouble usually experienced in hunting such articles in various places. In consequence of our giving our attention to this kind of stock, to the exclusion of dress and favor cooks, we can example our prices and styles. and fancy goods, we can guarantee our prices and styles to be the most favorable in the market. IN LIMEN GOODS we are able to give perfect satisfaction, being the olders assaulation limin Storm in the orit, and having been for more than twenty years regular importers from some of the best manufacturers in Ireland. We offer also a large stock of PLANNELS AND MUSLINS.

FLANNELS AND MUSLINS,
of the best qualities to be obtained, and at the very lowest
prices. Also, Blankets, Culits, Sheetings, Tickings, Damask Table Cloths, and Napkins, Towellings, Diapers,
Huckabacs, Table and Planc Covers, Damasks and Moreans, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Dimities, Furniture
Chintses, Window Shadings, &c., &c.
JOHN V. COWELL & SON.

S. W. corner CHESTNUT and SEVENTH. Sts.
ap80-tf

PRISBYTERIAN MAGAZINE.—THE EIGHTH Volume of the PRESBYTERIAN MAGAZINE commences in January. The Contents for the January number are: MISCRILANBOUS ARTHURS.—

"Three Letters to a Conservative," on Slavery. Letter I. Dr. Armstrong's Letter to Dr. Van Rensselser on the Suripture Doctrine of Slavery.

Three Conservative Replies Letter I. Dr. Van Rensselser's Reply to Dr. Armstrong, on the Proper Statement of the Scripture Doctrine of Slavery.

Cawapore. The Night before the Massacre.

HOUSERGED TROUGHTS.—A Christian Farmhouse. A Baby ing.
Biographical and Historical,—The Ancestry of Wash review and Oriticism.—Containing Notices of various

Books.

THE RELIGIOUS WORLD.—Items of Intelligence.

THE GLEARER.—New Year's Prophecies, &c.

The PRESBYTERIAN MAGAZINE is a Monthly Periodical, each number containing forty-eight pages. Two likenesses, engraved in Sartain's best atyle, will accompany the Magazine this year, viz.: those of Dr. T. V. Moore, of Richmond, Virginia, and of Dr. W. A. Scott, of California.

Price of the PRESBYTERIAN MAGAZINE, One Dollar a year, or six copies for Five Dollars. Payable always in advance. Address JOSEPH M. WILSON, Publisher, 111 South Tenth St., below Chestnut, Phila

TAST TABENTUM, NOVEMBER 30, 1857.

THE CAPITAL STOCK OF THE PRINIA.

SALT MANUFACTURING CO., subscribed and paid in, is One Hundred and Ninety-one Thomsand and Firty Dollars. Lean payable in 1866, now issued, Fixty-six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars. Debts, Forty-five Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety Six 28-100 Dollars.

Published according to the Act of Assembly.

Affirmed to.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Treas'r. de26 2t* GEORGE THOMPSON, Treast.

AVING FUND NATIONAL SAFE.

TY TRUST COMPANY—Wainut Street, South-West corner of Third, Philadelphia.

Incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania.

Money is received in any sum, large or small, and interest paid from the day of deposit to the day of withdrawal.

The office is open every day, from 30 clock in the morning till? O'clock in the evening, and on Monday and Thursday evenings till 90 clock.

Interest Five Per Cent.

All sums, large or small, are received deily, and paid back daily.