[illegible] pronounced faultless but [illegible] construction of the [illegible] and large expense have been [illegible] The *Adriatic* is one of the Collins [illegible] Americans have felt proud, and is the largest ship now afloat, although the *Great Eastern*, the "*Leviathan*" of the deep, will greatly surpass her. The trial trip was pronounced highly satisfactory, and she was to have sailed on Saturday at noon; but owing to some cause was detained until Monday, at 12 o'clock. Her commander is the well known Captain West, [illegible] master of the *Atlantic*. The crew consists of one hundred and eighty eight men. The whole cost of the vessel has been nearly $1,000,000. Mr. Collins, and the company for which he acts, profess to have the honor and prosperity of this whole country in view; and it must be confessed that they have done much to maintain the credit of American ship building and navigation abroad. They have solicited the countenance and patronage of the American people, and have received their full share; at the same time they have drawn largely from the public treasury, for carrying the mails. It was therefore to be expected that this eminent firm would manifest some regard for the habits and opinions of the American people, and for their institutions recognized and protected by the law of the land. But we do not find this to have been the case with regard to the holy Sabbath. The *Adriatic* started on her trial trip on the Lord's day; and so did the *Atlantic*, and probably some of the other vessels of the line. Such conduct is directly opposed to the sentiments of the great mass of the nation whose favor this Company has always sought to propitiate. Nor should these men think it beneath their notice to inquire if the frown of God may not have been resting upon them for their disregard of his authority. The lessons taught by the loss of the *Pacific*, the sinking of the *Arctic*, the many disasters to the *Atlantic*, and the blunders in the construction of the *Adriatic*, should not be disregarded.

The *New York Historical Society* celebrated its fifty third Anniversary on the evening of the 17th inst., in its new edifice, corner of Second Avenue and Eleventh Street. The opening prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. Bethune; after which an elaborate and entertaining address was delivered by Dr. J. W. Francis, now sixty eight years of age, giving an account of his personal reminiscences for the last fifty years. In the course of the lecture he said that, at the time of the formation of this Society, the city contained only fifty-thousand inhabitants; now it numbered seven hundred and fifty thousand. To illustrate the early scientific tendencies of educated New Yorkers, he stated that St. John's Park contains a greater variety of trees than any other equal space of ground on the face of the globe. Many pleasing memories were related of the early clerical fraternity; of Dr. Coulter; of Pillmore, sent out here by John Wesley; of Asbury; and of Coke, consecrated by John Wesley himself, the first Methodist Bishop in America, in 1784. A considerable portion of the address was devoted to an analysis of the intellectual and moral character of that prince of American pulpit orators, Dr. John M. Mason, a name dear to every American Presbyterian. The Benediction was pronounced by the Rev. Dr. De Witte.

The *New York Sunday School Union* now embraces two hundred Sabbath Schools, although there are many Schools altogether unconnected with the *Union*. Yet it is estimated that there are seventy thousand children, of a suitable age, within the limits of the city, destitute of Sabbath School instruction. The whole number of children on the register of the Union, during the year, was sixty thousand; the largest attendance on any one Sabbath, was twenty-six thousand; the number of Superintendents was two hundred and fifty; and of teachers four thousand two hundred. The whole number of volumes in the different libraries, is eighty-four thousand.

The daily *Prayer Meetings*, at the Reformed Dutch church on Fulton Street, continue to be well attended; and it is hoped a blessed influence is going forth from this meeting.

PHILADELPHIA.

It is supposed that the *Crisis* has been reached and passed in this city. People look more cheerful, walk more sprightly, and talk more encouragingly. Coin begins to accumulate, and the Banks begin to feel more confidence. At the same time, great numbers continue out of employment, with but little provision for the Winter, while some are suffering from absolute want already. Large meetings, ostensibly composed of these people, have been held, at which resolutions have been passed, asking the city to issue script to the amount of eight millions of dollars. These resolutions have been signed by some three thousand persons, and presented to the Councils. Those really in want, and likely to become so, are beginning to discover the true character of some of the leaders and agitators in these public demonstrations. Two persons have made themselves quite prominent as speakers, and money collected at the meetings has been freely expended by them in carriage hire and such conveniences, in going from one point to another. It has been discovered that one is worth at least twenty-thousand dollars, and that the other is an auctioneer, having a handsome income. The mechanics connected with Norris' Locomotive Works, have resolved to relieve the wants of any workman at any time connected with the establishment, and also to extend aid, according to their ability, wherever needed.

It is probable this example will be followed by the workmen connected with other large establishments. This is certainly vastly preferable to marching through the streets, in a menacing attitude, listening to incendiary speeches, and passing inflammatory resolutions.

Great complaint is being made concerning the injurious effects upon young men, apprentices and mechanics, from membership in the *Fire Companies*. Owing to the many alarms given, many of them are subjected to the want of rest, and exposed to idle habits and dissolute companions. Many fearful wrecks of young men of great promise occur every year, in this and other cities, from the excitement and relations arising out of the fire companies, useful and necessary as they may be under proper regulations.

The *Rev. Dr. Stevens*, who has lately returned from the East, is about to make known the results of his travels, in a series of lectures. During his absence, he was a regular correspondent of the *North American*, from which paper some of his letters were widely copied.

The *Monday Morning Prayer Meeting*, at 10 o'clock, for the Presbyterian ministers of Philadelphia, and others willing to attend, has been resumed and will be held regularly at the Rooms of the Board of Publication.

For the Presbyterian Banner and Advocate.

Acknowledgment.

MAQUOKETA, IOWA, Nov. 16, 1857.

MR. EDITOR:—Permit me, through the *Banner and Advocate*, to acknowledge the receipt of twenty five dollars from Francis Spies, Esq., of Brooklyn, New York, by the kindness of Dr. Jacobus, of Allegheny City, Pa., for the benefit of the Presbyterian church of Maquoketa. It came at a most opportune time, and has already been applied in furnishing stoves for the house of worship belonging to this church.

For this benefaction, the donor has the grateful remembrance of the recipients.

J. H. POTTER, Pastor.

Western Correspondence.

DR. MCKINNEY:—I do not feel called upon to reply to the strictures of "West by-North," in his personal attack in your issue of November 14th. Let it be known by that brother, that "North West" is fully aware of his humble position in the Church, and aims simply to gather and faithfully to report items of interest from the field around him, for the readers of the *Banner and Advocate*. If he and some of his brethren in the Synod of Chicago had not thought that want of confidence in the General Assembly had been manifested in this question of Seminary control, he would not have said so. And now after all that "West by North" has been pleased to write, he sees no reason to unsay what was previously affirmed, and is disposed to let the Church judge. One remark, however, may be admissible as explanatory of the action of the Synod of Chicago. The majority in that body felt disposed, of the two alternatives, Synodical or partial control of the Assembly, to adopt the former; believing that it would be easier ultimately to give the Assembly *entire control*, should the Seminary be in the position, in this respect, which it now occupies. The sentiment was frequently expressed in the hearing of the writer, by members of that body, "We do not think this scheme of partial control will satisfy the churches. After all that has taken place, the entire control of the Assembly must be sought and obtained, if not now, yet ultimately. We do not expect to secure it now. We will, however, not make a change, which, to us, seems likely to place a barrier in the way of a speedy settlement of this question, as we wish to see it settled. We will, therefore, let the control remain with the Synods." And although by the first part of his letter, "West by-North" seems to think the Synod of Chicago acted strangely; yet, before he closes his argument in favor of Synodical control, he *proves* that they, and "North West" with them, acted very wisely. According to his showing the Seminary is very safe for the present under the Synods, where it is for the time being to remain, by the vote of the Synod of Chicago; and if we can, in a constitutional manner, ultimately place it under the entire control of the Assembly, and continue to see things, as we now do, we will probably give as freely and as independently the casting vote to that end. I speak not "oracularly," but as your correspondent giving an item of news, when I say that the majority of the Synod of Chicago, feel they have done the very best that under the circumstances could have been done, by preventing the consummation of this partial scheme, with the hope of thereby the more speedily effecting their ultimate purpose.

I have endeavored to keep your readers advised of the progress of the Protestant Episcopal Church in this region, and have referred to certain matters affecting its success in the State of Illinois. The Annual Convention, for this State, met at Peoria on the 21st ult. There were fifty ministers in attendance, and representatives from about twenty parishes. The Bishop's address, containing a summary of labor performed by him for the past year, exhibited considerable increase in the membership and number of churches, and manifested commendable zeal on the part of the Bishop in behalf of his diocese, notwithstanding his residence hitherto in the city of New York. His residence in his diocese may, however, be expected soon, as at this Convention measures were taken to erect a suitable house for him in Chicago, the want of which hitherto has been assigned as the reason for his continuing to reside in New York.

At the close of the Convention the Bishop made the request, which was heartily concurred in, that hereafter *the clergy should sit in their gowns*. Whether this indicates a step toward a more ultra High Churchism, I am not sufficiently versed in such matters to say. The reason assigned for it by the Bishop was, the fact that the Convention had now become large and respectable in every relation. It is claimed by the writers in that Church, that Illinois is entitled to the credit of "inaugurating this most proper and dignified custom."

I have referred in previous letters to the "Lombard University," an Institution at Galesburg, Illinois, under the control of the Universalists of this State. It is now in full operation, with a thoroughly organized corps of teachers, and with about one hundred and eighty students. What a call is there in the organization of such Institutions, for the more vigorous and liberal action of those who love the truth, in the endowment of Institutions which shall act as checks upon those fountains of a godless education! When will the friends of our own Church furnish the means to place our schools and colleges in a thorough working condition?

Two important Conventions have been held recently in Chicago—one of the Friends of Temperance and another of the friends of, and laborers in, the Sabbath School cause. Whether much good results in general from these gatherings, we are inclined to doubt. Something may be learned by the inexperienced in listening to the remarks of old laborers in the cause, in behalf of which the Convention is called; but it often happens that a few, and perhaps those who have the least experience and the most limited knowledge, succeed in occupying the time to the exclusion of those who might impart solid instruction. We have not learned that anything of special interest was elicited by the gatherings in Chicago. If, however, their meeting together served to nerve the hearts of the laborers in these departments of philanthropic effort to new zeal and more determined endeavor, their object will probably be secured. There is at present great need throughout the West of a general revival upon the subject of temperance. But little has been done the past year. The old friends of this cause seem to have given up the whole work to the Sons of Temperance, and kindred secret organizations. This, however, ought not so to be, and we hope the late Convention will serve, if no other purpose, to call out our churches to act in view of their responsibility. Especially we would call upon those members of the Presbyterian Church, to whom the *Banner and Advocate* is a weekly visitor, to ask in view of the cause of temperance in the West, if they do what they can?

A wealthy person, by the name of High, was mortally wounded at the late disastrous fire in Chicago, but lived long enough to make several noble bequests, by will, to the Boards of the Presbyterian Church. He gave

To the Board of Missions,	$5,000
" Board of Education,	6,000
" Board of Foreign Missions,	5,000
In all,	$16,000

Besides this he gave as follows to other benevolent enterprises:

To the Protestant Orphan Asylum, Chicago,	$1,000
To the American Home Missionary Society,	1,000
To the American Board Com. of Foreign Missions,	1,000
To the American Tract Society,	1,000
	$4,000

Making in all $20,000. This is a worthy example.

The Board of Directors for the Theological Seminary for the North-West is now in session at Chicago. As to its doings I may, if I think it necessary, make some remarks in my next. Yours, &c.,

NORTH-WEST.

P S—A Committee of Rock River Presbytery, consisting of Rev. S T Wilson, Rev. Jacob Coon, and Rev. Charles Axtell, installed the Rev Josiah Milligan as pastor of the Presbyterian church of Princeton, Illinois, on Tuesday morning, November 17th. Brother Coon presided, preached and proposed the constitutional questions. Brother Wilson gave the charge to the people, and brother Axtell to the pastor.

The services throughout were of the most interesting character. If the testimony of the brethren who participated can be trusted, brother Milligan enters upon his work under the most flattering auspices. We trust the great Head of the Church will grant his enriching blessing and most kind protection to pastor and people.

For the Presbyterian Banner and Advocate.

Testimony of Respect

DIED—At Canonsburg, on the morning of the 16th inst., Charles D. Riddle, native of Martinsburg, Va., and a member of the Senior Class of Jefferson College.

At a meeting of the Franklin Literary Society, of which the deceased was a member, the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God, in the dispensation of his mysterious providence, to take from us our beloved friend and brother, Charles D. Riddle; therefore he it

Resolved, That while we bitterly lament his sudden and premature decease, we recognize the power of an all-wise Father, who, whilst he afflicteth with one hand, upholdeth with the other.

Resolved, That we are bereft of one of our ablest and most exemplary members, who, in his daily walk, manifested the ennobling influence of that Christianity which he so earnestly espoused.

Resolved, That we tender to the bereaved relatives our most heartfelt sympathy, exhorting them to weep as though they wept not, knowing that their loss is his unspeakable gain.

Resolved, That in token of our deep grief, our Hall be draped in mourning, and that we each wear a badge of the same for a period of thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the friends of the deceased, and be published in the Martinsburg papers, *Banner and Advocate*, and *Washington Union*.

WM. F. COWDEN,
GEORGE PAULL,
J. D. MORTON,
Committee.

[Pittsburgh papers please copy.]

At a meeting of the members of the Senior Class of Jefferson College, held in Senior Hall, Nov 16th, 1857, the following resolutions were adopted relative to the death of their classmate, Charles D. Riddle, who died of scarlet fever, at three o'clock in the morning of that day.

WHEREAS, God in his wisdom has taken from our number our loved friend and classmate, Charles D. Riddle; therefore be it

Resolved. That while we deeply mourn his sudden and unexpected decease, consolation mingles with our tears, as in this we recognize the hand of Him "who doeth all things well."

Resolved, That, as a friend, he was endeared to us by his social and Christian virtues; as a classmate, he won and merited our admiration and esteem, by his high literary attainments and amiable deportment.

Resolved, That while we deeply sympathize with his mourning friends, we point them to Him who is the only stay and support of the afflicted and bereaved, whose voice speaks to the heart and not to the ear.

Resolved, That, while we ever cherish his memory fresh in our hearts, we will wear the usual badge of mourning thirty days.

Resolved. That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the friends of the deceased, and also published in the *Banner and Advocate*, *Washington Review*, and *Presbyterian*.

H R HILL,
J. H NESBITT,
H. A. THOMPSON,
Committee.

News Department.

The Convicts Fife, Jones and Stewart.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, in session in this city, has confirmed the sentence of the Court below, finding the above named persons guilty of the murder of the Wilson family, at M'Keesport. Their next resort may be to the Governor, for Executive clemency.

Three of the Judges sustained the Court below, on all points to which exceptions had been taken. Justices Woodward and Knox dissented from so much of the written opinion as relates to the admission of Charlotte Jones' confession in evidence, and to so much as relates to the law of alibi.

The Weather.

Winter seems to have set in in earnest. There has been a little snow, and much hard freezing. The ground is quite solid, and water pipes, in exposed situations, have bursted. The poor need kindness. Give them work, and its reward; and extend care to the sick and the enfeebled by age.

It is reported that sixteen coal boats were sunk during the storm on Wednesday, the 18th inst., in the Ohio and Mississippi, near Cairo. One hundred men were lost, with three hundred thousand bushels of coal, valued at $36,000. The crews were principally from Pittsburgh and Louisville.

The Railroads.

The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne, and Chicago Road have again revised their time table. The Accommodation Train now leaves at 4:30, instead of 5:00 P. M., as heretofore; and passengers now arrive in Chicago, by the 3:30 A. M. train, five hours and forty minutes sooner than formerly.

We had, last week, a pleasant ride on this well-conducted road. It, in connexion with the other roads leading to our city, has tendered to the members of the Convention for next week, a *return ticket*, free of charge.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—The morning Mail Train leaves at 6:30, instead of 6:50, as heretofore.

A collision occurred Monday morning, about half a mile this side of McKeesport, between two passenger trains on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad. The Locomotives were damaged, and two cars badly smashed, but fortunately no lives were lost, nor was any one seriously injured.

Steamship Collision.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov 17.—The Texas steamship *Opelousas*, from Berwick Bay for Galveston, came in collision with the steamship *Galveston*, at midnight on the 15th inst. The *Opelousas* sunk almost immediately, carrying down twenty-five of her passengers, including Gen. Hamilton, of South Carolina. All her officers and crew were saved.

Nov. 18.—The steamers *Opelousas* and *Galveston* both belonged to the same line, and plied between Berwick Bay and Galveston. The *Opelousas* sunk in about fifteen minutes after the collision. Eighteen of her passengers are known to be lost, including Gen. Hamilton, and the loss of life is probably more than this. There were fifty six passengers on board.

The *Galveston* was somewhat disabled by the collision, but the captain and crew succeeded in saving the officers and crew of the *Opelousas*, and many of her passengers.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

Worth Knowing.

Prof. Wood, whose advertisement will be found in another column, has discovered a remedy for the gray and bald, which is at once practicable and cheap. It requires no dyeing, no wig, nor extraordinary trouble. There can be no doubt whatever of its efficacy. We have seen testimonials almost without number, and from men of great intelligence, high standing, and moral worth.

Those who have been bald for years are now wearing their own hair, and appear ten years younger than they did six months ago. As in most cases gray hairs and bald heads are both premature and unnatural, it is a duty to remedy them by the natural and undoubted means which Prof. Wood has invented, and now kindly offers to the afflicted. Read his advertisement, try his wonderful remedy, and give the Professor a new testimonial.—*Memphis Whig*.

Sold by all Druggists.

Items.

Brigham Young is a native of Vermont, and in the 56th year of his age.

A gold mine which promises well, has recently been discovered near New Kent, C. H., Va. It belongs to a Mr. Hilliard.

EMIGRATION TO THE WEST THIS FALL.—The newpapers in many parts of the West say that emigration is nearly as heavy this Fall as it was last Spring. The Fall is deemed as good a season for farmers, or even agricultural laborers to emigrate as the Spring. The land can be broke, and fences built, and the farm got ready generally for operations in the Spring.

WISCONSIN.—The *Madison State Journal* of November 13, publishes a full list of the Senators and Representatives elect, according to which the Senate will contain 18 Republicans and 12 Democrats, and the House 52 Republicans and 45 Democrats. The *Milwaukie Free Democrat* gives returns of the governor vote from 56 Counties, 29 of which are official, showing a majority of 880 for Randall, Republican, over Cross, Democrat.

A CARGO OF GIRLS.—About forty of the unemployed working girls of the city of New York left for the West on Tuesday afternoon the 17th inst., under the charge of Mr. C. C. Tracy, who was also accompanied by a company of homeless boys, from the Central Office. Dressmakers, sewers of all work, tailoresses, factory girls, pen makers, and parasol workers, composed the motley avocations of the industrious young women who thus availed themselves of the opportunity to better their condition in the land of the West. The young women were neat and modest of appearance, and looked perfectly happy at the fortunate epoch of their lives which had arrived at a time when they had suffered much from the want of employment during the late crisis.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

$10,000 worth of Well-Made Clothing for Men and Boys, at Prices to Suit the Times.

Having now on hands about the above amount of first class Clothing, a choice assortment of fine piece goods for custom work, and a full stock of Gloves, Hosiery, Shawls, Mufflers, &c, I have commenced a general clearing out sale of the whole. The stock will be found to be among the very best of its kind, carefully selected, well-made; and much of it has been bought at prices highly favorable. It will be understood that this is not the oft repeated, "Selling off at less than Cost," or its trick, "Selling off to quit Business," but a seasonable sale of fashionable goods, and at prices much below the regular rates. Terms as usual, strictly *cash*.

J. L. CARNAGHAN.

Allegheny, Nov. 16, 1857.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

Dyspepsia and Debility Cured.

Theodore Frank, Esq., of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad Office, says:

"For years I have been an invalid from Dyspepsia. With a hope of relief, I resorted to many advertised remedies, but failed in deriving the benefit sought for, until I tried your Holland Bitters, the happy effects of which upon the digestive organs, and in restoring a debilitated system, causes me to recommend it confidently to all suffering from Dyspepsia."

CAUTION!—Be careful to ask for *Bœrhave's Holland Bitters*.

Sold at $1.00 per bottle; or, six bottles for $5.00, by the sole proprietors, BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO., Pittsburgh; and Druggists generally.

Markets.

PITTSBURGH, Tuesday, Nov. 25.

ASHES—Pearls 6¾. Pots. 6a6½c. Soda Ash. 3¾@4.
APPLES—Ordinary $1.00; good fall varieties, $1.25@1.50; choice Winter, $1.75@2.00.
BEANS—$1.00a1.25 per bus.
BUTTER AND EGGS—Roll Butter, 12½c. for good to common, 13c for prime, and 14c for choice. Eggs, 13c.
CHEESE—Western Reserve, 9c.; prime cutting, 9½a10c; Goshen, 11c.
DRIED BEEF—14@15c.
DRIED FRUIT—Apples, $1.10@1 12. Peaches, $2.00a2 25 per bus.
FLOUR—Up river superfine, on the wharf, $4 25; extra, $4.62; down river superfine, $4.30a4.35; extra, $4.75a4.80; fam. do., 5.00a5.06; From store, superfine, $4.62a4.70, extra $4.87a4.90; fam. do., 5 12a5.25. Rye 3.62a3.80. Buckwheat, from first hands 2 00@2 05 per 100 lbs.
GRAIN—Oats, 29@30c. Corn, new, 45c. Barley, 50a55c. Rye, 55c. Wheat, 95a105c.
HAY—$12 00a18.00 per ton.
POTATOES—Reds 32, mixed lots 40c, Neshannocks 50c.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

BEEVES—2 3½c gross, equal to 4a7c net.
SHEEP—3a3½c gross, and $1.25a1.75 per head.
HOGS—4½a5c. gross.

PHILADELPHIA, November 21.

FLOUR—$5.25a5.50 for common to good brands; $5.50a6.00 for extra, and 6 50a7.50 per bbl. for fancy brands. Rye, 4.50. Corn Meal, $3 18¾@3.25 per bbl.
GRAIN—Wheat: Southern White, $1.27a1.30a1.33; prime red, 1 15a1 25. Rye, 75c. Corn, 80c. Oats. 35a36c.

BALTIMORE, November 21.

FLOUR—Ohio, $5.75. Howard Street, $600a6 25. Buckwheat 2 00a2 50. Rye, 4 62½. Corn Meal, 3 50a3 87½.
GRAIN—Wheat: 1.10a1.16c. Corn, 74a80c. Oats, 30a32c. Rye 75a80c.
HOGS—7.25a7.50 per 100 lbs.

Foreign Intelligence.

By the *Niagara* and *Atlantic*, foreign dates are received to the 11th inst. The *Niagara* brought $430,000 in specie.

Money matters, in Europe, were becoming still more stringent. To increase the value of money, and make it scarce, and thus prevent the exportation of gold, the rate of interest had been raised, in the Bank of England, from eight to nine per cent., and then to ten per cent. This is an astonishing advance, and was producing great hardships. Several business houses had failed, especially American houses, owing to their not receiving their usual remittances from this country. The house of Denison & Co. failed, with liabilities to the extent of $10,000,000, and the Bank of Scotland, with depoits amounting to $30,000,000. The City Bank of Glasgow had stopped payment. The suspension of specie payments by the Banks in New York, was regarded as a relief in England, because the demand for gold would hence be less urgent.

Breadstuffs, Provisions, and Cotton, were declining. Prices fell considerably within a week.

Two weeks' later news had been received from India, but details were not yet published. The capture of Delhi was confirmed. It was in complete possession of the British, on the 21st of September. General Nicholson had died of wounds received in the assault. The King of Delhi had surrendered, and his life was spared. His two sons were shot.

General Havelock had reached Lucknow just in time to relieve the garrison, which was on the point of being blown up by the enemy. He had also recovered the greater portion of the city, and would soon have full possession.

The United States steam frigate *Niagara* left Plymouth on the 5th inst. for home. Her officers had a farewell banquet given them by the commander and officers of the British flag ship on that station.

The *Times* urges a suspension of the export of specie to India, and thinks India rich enough to be left to her own resources.

The Duke of Cambridge, in a speech, at a public meeting, said he had a letter from Sir Colin Campbell, emphatically denying that there was any difference between him and the Governor General of India. The Duke extolled the conduct of the British army in India, and advocated its maintenance in an efficient state of warlike establishment.

Lord Brougham officiated at the inauguration of Queen's College, Liverpool. In the course of his remarks he strongly denounced the encouragement of the African free emigration by France, stating that it was reviving the slave trade and damaging the cause of civilization and commerce in Africa.

The Kings of Sardinia and Greece have each subscribed ten thousand francs to the India relief fund.

The London *Times* has an article on Central American affairs, and hopes for an amicable adjustment of all pending questions out of Sir W. Gore Ouseley's mission, and an early realization of the projected canal across the Isthmus.

No further attempt has been made to launch the Leviathan. An examination showed that there was not the least twist or defection in the vessel, and that she sits as fairly on her cradles as on the morning of the attempted launch. There is no more liability to settle now than there was before. The 2d of December is the day fixed for the next attempt. The engineers are confident of a successful result.

France.

The financial crisis was not yet past.

The *Times* Paris correspondent says:—"It is pretty certain that the Emperor is much annoyed at the turn things have taken in the Principalities. Neither the Austrian nor the Turkish Ambassador have been invited to Compeigne. Something serious must be going on at this moment at Constantinople, if it be true, as reported, that M. Thouvenal has suspended relations with Reschid Pacha, though not with the government. It is added that M. Thouvenal has been left alone in the matter."

The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* says: It has been reported that eighty millions of francs in English bills, and forty millions in French bills, on the United States, have been returned protested.

Notices.

MR. S. J. J. SCHERESCHEWSKY will deliver a lecture on RUSSIA, in the Chapel of the Western Theological Seminary, on FRIDAY EVENING, 27th inst., at 7 o'clock. Admittance free

Charitable Lecture.

The REV. ANDREW W. BLACK, D.D., will deliver a lecture in the Rev. Dr. Douglas's church, of this city, on THURSDAY EVENING, December 3d, at 7 o'clock. The subject is one which must be highly interesting to the Christian community, viz: "THE EVANGELICAL CONFERENCE AT BERLIN." At the conclusion of the lecture, a collection will be taken up, the proceeds of which will be equally divided between "The Orphan Asylum," and "Passavant's Hospital."

Notice.

Being recently appointed Agent of the Allegheny Bible Society, I would inform the subscribers to the Bible cause, in the city of Allegheny and vicinity—also, Sewickley and neighborhood—that it is my intention to call on them for their subscriptions at an early day. As my time is limited, it is earnestly desired that a second call be rendered unnecessary. WILLIAM McELWEE, Agent.

Presbyterial.

The PRESBYTERY OF BEAVER will meet in New Castle, on the Second Tuesday of December, at 6¼ o'clock P. M.

D. C. REED, Stated Clerk.

Married.

In M'Keesport, at the Eagle Hotel, Nov. 9th, by Rev. R. F. Wilson, Mr. JOHN BOYD M'CONNELL to Miss HENRIETTA WALL, both of Elizabeth Township, Allegheny County, Pa.

On the 18th inst., by Rev. W. R. Bingham, Mr. JOHN W. DAVIS, of Philadelphia, to Miss EMILY A. RITTER, of Great Valley, Chester County, Pa.

On the 18th of November, by Rev. J. Mateer, Mr. A. P. BROSIUS, of Alliance, Ohio, to Miss MARY ANN ELIZA, daughter of Dr. Core, deceased, and grand-daughter of the late Rev. John Core, Churchville, Clarion County, Pa.

August 4th, by Rev. John V. Miller, Mr. MARCUS WILLIAMS to Miss REBIA Morrison, all of Butler County, Pa. Sept. 1st, Mr. ELISHA MARSHALL to Miss NANCY M'LAUGHLIN, all of Armstrong County, Pa. October 20th, Mr. NOAH HENRY, of Washington County, to Miss RACHEL MILLENGER, of Butler County, Pa.

By Rev. A. O. Rockwell, Oct. 1st, Mr JOHN ANDERSON, of Allegheny County, to Miss MARGARET WHITE, of Ginger Hill, Washington County, Pa. Nov. 18th, Mr. JAMES SHEPLER, of Allegheny County, to Mrs. ELIZABETH M'COLLUM, of Finleyville, Washington County Pa. On the same day, Mr. RALSTON WILLIAMS, of Ginger Hill, to Miss SARAH GASTON, of Union Valley, Washington County, Pa.

Obituary.

DIED—Near Washington, Guernsey County, Ohio, Oct. 30th, Mrs. MARY SAWHILL, wife of Jas. Sawhill, in the 50th year of her age.

The deceased was born in Virginia. Her father's name was Todd, who raised a large family near West Alexander, Pa., most of whom became members of the Presbyterian church of that place, where Rev. John McCluskey, D.D., was pastor for twenty-five years.

At the age of sixteen she connected with the Church; and up to her last breath maintained the walk and conversation of an humble child of Jesus. After her marriage, she removed with her husband to Ohio, and both became efficient members of the church of Washington. By great industry, and strict economy, they gained enough of this world's goods to enable them and their large family to live comfortable. Unaffected kindness and liberality were leading traits in Mrs. S. character. All her neighbors testify that a more faithful companion, tender mother, and devoted Christian, they never knew. She visited the sick, relieved, as far as in her power, the suffering, consoled the mourning, and gave freely of her means to the poor. She was a calm, firm, intelligent, and cheerful disciple of Christ. She loved and understood the distinguishing doctrines of our Church. She lived to see three of her sons profess the Saviour. For thirty years she was a zealous friend, and for the most of that time, an efficient teacher in the Sabbath School. The last day she visited the sanctuary, she spent an hour in pointing a class of little children to the Lamb of God. She seemed not to care for either distance or weather in her endeavors to serve her Master. She has now her reward. Her disease was thought to be Cerebral Paralysis. It was of the most painful and distressing character. With the most perfect resignation, she bore her afflictions for nearly five long months. She is gone! She died smiling, conscious that she was going to Jesus. O, who will fill her place! "Help, Lord, for the godly ceaseth . . from among the children of men." W.M.F.

DIED—October 29th, in Clinton, Allegheny Co., Pa., NANCY W., wife of M'Clelland A. Armor, Esq., in the 52d year of her age.

Mrs. Armor was born in Washington County, and at an early age united with the church of Raccoon, and, as we have every reason to believe, hers was a full dedication to the service of her Redeemer. To be an heir of God, and joint heir with Christ, she desired more than all the treasures of earth; and accordingly she gave every evidence of having obtained that which she sought with such earnestness, and humility. Her virtues were of the modest and retiring kind, which were her highest ornaments. She, by these, was much endeared to friend and neighbor; and as the wife and mother, became in the family the centre of confidence and affection. Hence we deeply mourn her loss; yet why mourn, since "she is not dead, but sleepeth?" W.

DIED—In Altoona, October 17th, JANE M. CAMPBELL, in her 15th year.

The death of this little girl is deeply felt by a widowed mother and surviving brothers and sisters. For some time she had been quite delicate, yet cheerful. Her last illness, of about a fortnight, was a time of intense suffering; yet not a murmur escaped her lips. She was a pattern of patience in suffering. The precious truths taught her from infancy, were the source of her comfort, and the ground of her hope, in the prospect of death. She feared not to die. She felt that Christ was her Saviour; and that as he had robbed death of its sting and the grave of its victory, she too, would, through him, triumph over both. And beyond these she looked for a brighter and better world—a home with the angels. She leaves a vacant seat in the Sabbath School, the church, and the family circle, but fills a place that was unoccupied until her coming, in heaven. To the aged mother and bereaved friends we tender the sympathies of a friend, and point them to the consolations of the religion of Jesus. Their loss is her unspeakable gain.

DIED—On the 30th ult., Mrs. SARAH, wife of David Hultz, Esq., in the 32d year of her age.

Mrs. Hultz leaves an affectionate husband, two small children, and many dear friends, to mourn their loss. She was removed, after lingering long, by that fell destroyer, consumption. She was a meek and humble disciple of Christ, and his presence to console, sustain, and cheer, she felt in her last moments. He was all her salvation and desire. To her we hope death was gain. Husband and friends, therefore, are not called to mourn as those who have no hope. "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord."

"Why do we mourn departing friends,
Or shake at death's alarms?
'Tis but the voice that Jesus sends
To call them to his arms"

DIED—In M'Keesport, November 6th, after a short sickness, Mrs. MARTHA VANHOY, aged about 75 years.

Deceased lately moved here from West Newton, and united, on certificate, with the Presbyterian Church. "Be ye also ready." R.F.W.

DIED—In Upper Path Valley, Franklin County, Pa., on the 30th ult., Mrs. NANCY, wife of George M. Alexander, in the 63d year of her age.

DIED—In Upper Path Valley, on the 3d inst., Miss SOPHIA MARIA CLARRIDGE, widely known as "The Mistress," at an advanced age.

DIED—Near Farmington, Illinois, October 24th, of typhoid fever, after an illness of eighteen days, Mrs. AGNES E., wife of Mr. Robert P. Marshall, in the 38th year of her age.

The deceased was a daughter of Mr. James P. Clow, for many years a worthy member of North Sewickley Presbyterian church, Beaver County, Pa. In that church she first publicly took upon her the vows of God, and ever since, her life has evidenced the sincerity of her profession. The meekness and humility of the true Christian were ever manifest in her deportment. She has left a husband and seven children, the eldest not quite twelve years of age, to mourn their irreparable loss.

Dear sister, hast thou left us here,
And gone to heaven above?
O! wouldst thou rather worship there,
And sing redeeming love? M.P.C.

DIED—In M'Keesport, Pa., November 3d, after a lingering illness of some three months, Mrs. NANCY SILL, wife of Mr. Wm. Sill, in the 32d year of her age.

A devoted husband has early in life been deprived of a faithful and affectionate partner; a little son and daughter of the watch and care of a fond, loving, and tender mother; three sisters and two brothers of a beloved member of their family; and many others of a kind and obliging friend. Mrs. S., several years since, united with the First Presbyterian church, M'Keesport, in which connexion she remained till her death. Her death seemed to us to be that of the righteous. Trusting alone in Christ, she was resigned to his will. Bereaved friends, put your trust in the same blessed Saviour, and prepare to meet your God. R.F.W.

DIED—In Elizabeth Township, Allegheny Co., Pa., November 3d, after a brief illness, from a violent attack of inflammation of the lungs, Mrs. MARGARET DOUGLASS, wife of Col. Wm. Douglass, aged 44 years, 8 months, and 7 days.

Mrs. D. was an amiable and dutiful wife, a kind and affectionate mother, an obliging and friendly neighbor; hence a faithful husband, seven obedient children, (the youngest three years old,) and other relatives, friends, neighbors, and acquaintances, mourn her loss, but not without good hope that their loss is her enduring gain. Early in life, she united with the Presbyterian Church, of which she was a member for some three years, when she was married to Col. D., who being a member of the Associate Reformed Church, she changed her connexion to that of the latter, in which connexion she remained for some seventeen years. Recently, she, with her husband and eldest daughter, united with the First Presbyterian church in M'Keesport. "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord." R.F.W.

[*Preacher and Presbyterian* please insert.]

DIED—At his residence, in Crawford County, Ohio, on the evening of October 10th, 1857, Mr. WILLIAM BRADLEY, in the 40th year of his age.

Mr. Bradley's sickness was long and painful. He complained sometimes of not feeling well, during the last Winter, but did not consider himself seriously diseased until about the 1st of June, when he took his bed, and for over four months endured sufferings beyond expression, until death closed the scene. During his whole sickness he expressed a cheerful resignation to the will of God. In September, 1856, God removed from him, by death, a beloved wife. Previous to this, he had thought much of making a public profession of religion, but could not see his way clear. Shortly after her death he connected himself with the Presbyterian church of Eden, (O. S.,) and always walked worthy of his vocation. In May, 1857, he was again married, to her who now mourns, but not without hope, over a severe and painful bereavement. He had been but a few days married when he was taken down with the disease which proved to be the last messenger. The writer, as his pastor, had frequent conversations with him, both before and during his last sickness. He ever expressed a feeling sense of his own vileness, and a firm reliance upon the merits of Christ. This hope sustained him in his painful affliction, and was his stay in death. None could have witnessed the tranquility and calmness of his departure, and not have exclaimed, "Let me die the death of the righteous, and may my last end be like his." The little church of Eden feels the loss of one more of her members. Her numbers are few, and the Lord has taken in this dispensation one who, from his position and influence, could ill be spared. But we will not mourn. "The Lord gave, and the Lord hath taken away, blessed be the name of the Lord." His beloved partner, who so soon exchanged the bridal wreath for weeds of mourning, has the deep sympathies of her friends and neighbors, and we trust the prayers of her brethren and sisters in Zion, and the strong consolation and hope, that he who has been so soon taken from her, has only gone before her to the "rest that remains for the people of God." J.W.K.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALLEGHENY CITY COLLEGE.—THE Principals of the Westminster College and Allegheny Female Seminary, have united their Schools under the above title, and will commence their labors, in conjunction with Miss AULL, on MONDAY, 16th inst., in the College, corner of Sandusky and Lacock Streets. Every facility will be afforded for obtaining a thorough English, Classical and Mathematical Education. Classes in French will also be formed.

Terms from $15.00 to $25.00 per session of five months, half in advance.

Ladies' School in handsome rooms on the third floor. Hours from 9 A. M., till 2 P. M., including recesses.

Boys' School in suitable rooms on the second floor, (separate entrance.) Hours from 9 till 3, with one hour of interval.

Classical Department will commence at 1 P. M., daily.

The building has been entirely repainted