advance this cause in the world. He is very conversant too with the history of all that is doing in the whole civilized world for the evangelization of man. He was the Chairman of the English Committee, and a very suitable one he was.

Another valuable member of the Conference was J. Ian Henderson, of Park, one of the original projectors of the Alliance, and still its warm and efficient friend. The English were the working men of the Berlin Conference. The Germans and French made the speeches; but those speaking English, as they were called, did the work.

America had some strong men there. There was no man in the Conference equal to Dr Baird in a thorough and practical knowledge of the state of Protestantism on the Continent of Europe, and he knew better than any other man there, how to meet the difficulties religious liberty has to contend with, under the despotisms of Europe. Dr. Patton, of New York, and Dr Forsyth, of Newburg, and others of the same stamp, gave American character in this Conference. Dr Nast, of Cincinnati, made one of the speeches in German; he is a man of strong mind and very extensive learning, and produced a favorable impression, on behalf of our country, on the German mind One of the leading men in the Conference was Gov. Wright, the American Ambassador at the Court of Berlin. He is a man of strong mind, an honest and sincere Christian, and a worthy representative of our country abroad.

The inquiry is an interesting one, How many distinct denominations were represented in this Christian Alliance, and thus illustrated the *unity of the Protestant Church?* Episcopalians, Baptists, Methodists, Lutherans, Presbyterians, Reformed Presbyterians, Associate Reformed, Congregationalists, Established Church of Scotland, Free Church, United Presbyterians, Independents, and perhaps more—all these come before the world and the Papal Church, as ONE *on the great principles avouched* by the Alliance. If we, Protestants, are divided on some things, we are certainly united on all that is vital in religion I have never seen elsewhere such oneness of spirit in prayer as characterized the men of this great Convention God has been glorified, let us rejoice; to his name be all the honor. A.W.B.

EASTERN SUMMARY.

BOSTON AND NEW ENGLAND.

Business Men have been actively engaged in endeavoring to meet their liabilities and to restore confidence, but with little success. The panic continues, and almost every day witnesses the failure or suspension of some large firm, or the stoppage of some manufacturing establishment. Two attempts have been made by distinguished men to account satisfactorily for the present revulsion. The Hon Nathan Appleton, one of the oldest and wisest merchants, and for forty years a director in one of the Boston Banks, attributes the whole difficulty to the management of the Banks of New York, which he considers the commercial centre of the whole country. He says that according to the published returns it is evident that for the three months ending October 1st, the loans have been curtailed over $30,000,000; and the effects have been felt suddenly from Bangor to New Orleans. Another opinion has been advanced by the Hon. N. P. Banks, in a speech delivered in Faneuil Hall, in which he traces our present disasters to the *neglect of the industrial interests of the country by the general government.* According to him, the present tariff does not discriminate, as it should, in favor of the manufacturer; but lays a tax on the raw material used in manufacturing, so that this interest in addition to competing with foreign labor and ingenuity, is saddled with a burden of about $8,000,000 every year. Different causes will be assigned according to the position occupied and the general views entertained by various persons.

Owing to the vast numbers thrown out of employment, *Pauperism* is greatly on the increase But, according to the report of the "Society for the Prevention of Pauperism," other agencies have been industriously at work. The spread of intemperance, and Sabbath lectures on Spiritualism, Mormonism, and Mesmerism, are mentioned, especially among the causes of demoralization.

As a natural consequence, *Crime* is greatly in the ascendant, and the safety formerly felt with regard to person and property no longer exists. A reward of $1,000 has been offered for the apprehension and conviction of the murderer of one of the police officers.

Gould & Lincoln, the well known publishers, have just issued a new work on Mental Philosophy, by Joseph Haven, Professor of Moral and Intellectual Philosophy in Amherst College. This work is said to be remarkably free from the dry and forbidding style usually associated with dissertations on this subject; and to be thorough in its discussions, and to be concise and conspicuous in its statements.

The first number of the *Atlantic Monthly* has just been issued by Phillips, Sampson & Co. The table of contents is varied and interesting. And the publishers promise a Magazine in which true scholarship and culture will be combined with the lively and sparkling, both in matter and style. They assure us that subjects pertaining to Literature, Art and Politics, will be treated with independence and ability, with broad and philosophic views, avoiding all rancor of spirit. If, however, the present number is a *specimen*, we cannot commend it to those who would well employ their time, or rightly train their families.

The *Biblical Institute* of the Methodist Episcopal Church, at Concord, N. H, has a larger number of students in attendance than at any previous time

NEW YORK.

Since the entire *Suspension* of specie payments by the Banks, the panic has in a measure subsided, and the effect is beginning to be felt in the advance of stock, and in an increase of business transactions. Much indignation is expressed against the policy pursued by the Banks By their liberal discounts and eagerness to expand in the Spring, business men were induced to engage in all kinds of extravagant operations, and by their sudden contraction, cruelty and injustice were practiced toward those who had involved themselves by the temptation previously thrown in their way. Failures and assignments are still common, and large manufactories stop every week.

An immense business had been done, for many years, in the *Clothing Department.* A few weeks ago thirty-nine thousand four hundred and fifty-five persons, males and females, were employed in the different clothing establishments in the city; of these twenty-five thousand six hundred and sixty-two have been already dismissed.

The pressure has affected *All Classes* and conditions; and it is to be greatly feared that the large religious societies will suffer heavily in the diminished receipts. There has been a falling off in the contributions to the American Home Missionary Society of $5,888.29, for the month of September, compared with the same month last year, while the contributions of the previous five months showed an increase of from $8,000 to $9,000 in favor of the present year.

The receipts of the *American Tract Society* show a falling off of $11,060.80, in the last six months, compared with the same time last year. And to add to the trouble, a font of American type is now casting under the care of the Rev. Dr. Riggs, from Constantinople, and the Pilgrim's Progress, Baxter's Saints' Rest, and other works in the Armenian language are to be electrotyped here by the Society, and the plates sent to Turkey for the use of the mission, which asks $10,000 for its operations during the year.

The *Theological Seminaries* and Literary Institutions, will not escape the effects of the present calamities. But the benevolent and pious must not be disheartened. Obligations to benevolence and religion should not be forgotten. While we cut off all unnecessary expenses, and practice a proper economy in our modes of living, let us not fail to support the Boards of our Church, and all the proper objects of benevolence, with the same liberal hand as before.

The different *Medical Schools* have opened, with a respectable attendance on the Lectures.

At the late meeting of the New York *Historical Society*, a Eulogy on the memory of the late Lieut. Strain, who fell a victim to the yellow fever in Central America, was delivered by the Foreign Corresponding Secretary, Dr. Robertson. Lieut. Strain is well known for his efforts in sounding the Ocean for the Submarine Telegraph between Europe and America. A small wooden box, made from the ship *Endeavor*, in which Captain Cook circumnavigated the globe, was exhibited. A basket of pears was presented to the Society, taken from the old premises of Governor Endicott. It is worthy of note that this pear tree was planted in 1630, and is still in a flourishing condition, after having given fruit to seven generations. An artistic work on Ethiopia was also presented by Frederic De Peyster and Benjamin H. Fields, Esqrs., with an autograph letter relating to it, from the renowned Humboldt, now in his eightieth year.

Loud complaints have been made, for some time, by different religious papers, with regard to the favor shown Episcopacy, in the *Appointment of Chaplains* at West Point, and Annapolis, and in the Navy. At the last Baptist Missionary Convention, it was stated by President Anderson, *that a Baptist Chaplain in the Navy, off the coast of Brazil,* because of his refusal to employ the Episcopal Liturgy in his ministrations, was subjected to indignities and gross insults, from the Commodore down to the petty officers; and that the complaint of the Chaplain to the Secretary of the Navy, was dismissed as frivolous, and unworthy of attention. It is not improbable, that should this matter be investigated, it will lead to some stringent inquiry as to the right of the Episcopal Church to be considered by officers in the Navy, in some sort, a State Church.

It is a matter of rejoicing, that notwithstanding the prevailing excitement, the *Claims of the Gospel*, and the means of grace, still occupy a prominent place in the consideration of Christian men, though deeply immersed in business. A prayer-meeting, which is well attended, is held every day, from 12 to 1 o'clock, in the old Dutch church, in Nassau Street. A third Concert of Prayer for India, was held in Dr. Krebs' church, on the evening of Sabbath week. The house was crowded, and the exercises were very interesting. The Rev. J. C. Lowrie said that, in India, there were, previous to the present outbreak, 419 missionaries; 119 assistant missionaries; 1,136 native missionaries; 19,650 communicants; and about 30,000 scholars in the Mission schools.

At the late meeting of the General Synod of the Reformed Dutch Church, the *Rev. Dr. Bethune* was elected to the Professorship of Ecclesiastical History, made vacant by the death of Dr. Ludlow, in the Theological Seminary, at New Brunswick, N. J. This appointment was declined by by the Dr., giving, as reasons, his want of the proper qualifications, and his engagements to his present charge.

PHILADELPHIA.

Business is dull, and confidence is difficult to be restored. Vast numbers are out of employment, and all the benevolent Societies have in prospect a Winter of activity. The newspapers are urging the poor to remove to the country at once, where the means of subsistence can be more easily obtained, and some employment, at least, can be found. In the meantime, there seems to be a settled determination to supply the wants of the worthy destitute, as far as possible. Park Benjamin, Esq., has been engaged to deliver a course of four lectures, for the benefit of the "*Union Temporary Home,*" for the children of women whom necessity compels to leave their houses daily to secure the necessaries of life, in some honest employment.

THE WESTMINSTER CHURCH, Old School, was formally organized at Detroit, on the 6th of October, with favorable prospects.

North-Western Convention of Sabbath School Teachers.

The Superintendents, Teachers, and other friends of Sabbath Schools in this city, have recently held several meetings, relative to the calling of a Convention of Sabbath School Teachers and others interested in the moral and religious education of children and youth, for the purpose of discussing various questions pertaining to the cause, hoping thereby to devise means for its extension and greater efficiency.

At a meeting of the friends of this project, held September 29, the undersigned were appointed a Committee representing sixty two schools in this city, to issue a circular inviting Sunday School Teachers and all others sympathizing with this work in the West and North-West, to meet in Convention in this city, on Wednesday the 11th day of November next, at 4 o'clock P. M., which day has been fixed upon in order to accomodate those who may wish to attend the North American Temperance Convention, whose session will commence on Tuesday, the 10th, and in consultation with the Committee of Arrangements for the Temperance Convention, it was the unanimous opinion that the simultaneous occurrence of the two would be equally advantageous to both, the friends and supporters of the one being generally such of the other; and besides, arrangements have been made with nearly all the railroads leading into this city to pass members to and from the Temperance Convention at half fare.

It will be necessary for those who wish to avail themselves of this favor to enroll their names as members of the Temperance Convention, in order to entitle them to return tickets by the routes by which they come.

The warmest hospitalities of our Christian families will be extended to members of the Convention; but in order that the Committee of reception may secure adequate accommodations, it is particularly requested that all who design to attend should notify some member of the Committee, by letter, before the fifth proximo.

Delegates upon arriving in the city are requested to call at the Methodist Book Depository, Washington Street, between State and Dearborn Streets, at S. C. Griggs & Co. 111 Lake Street, or at the room of the A. S. S. Union, in Garrett's Block, Randolph Street, corner of State Street, where members of the Reception Committee will be in waiting.

It is earnestly desired and hoped that every city and town in the West and North West may be represented in this Convention.

Many distinguished friends and advocates of the Sabbath School cause, both at the East and West, have signified their purpose to attend; and the success of similar conventions recently held in different parts of the country, inspires us with confidence that ours also may be productive of great good.

You are cordially invited to attend and participate in the discussions, and also furnish us with such statistics respecting your own and other schools in your vicinity, as you may be able to obtain, and it is the earnest wish of the Committee, that one or more delegates from every school in the Great West may be in attendance.

Committee:—Rev. E. F. Dickinson, Rev. H. N. Bishop, Rev. Robert Patterson, Rev. Jas. Baume, S. D. Ward, A. G. Hammond, E. C. Wilder.

Chicago, Oct. 3, 1857.

Western Correspondence.

Dr. McKinney:—Reports from Presbyteries and Synods, are beginning to flow in upon us from this great North Western field, and the action of these bodies upon the great questions of importance before the Church, is looked for with interest. Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Illinois, having Presbyteries and Synods are now taking part in the great enterprises of Zion, and are exerting their influences in the settlement of questions, which occupy the attention of God's people in all parts of the earth.

The recent news from India has awakened a thrill of horror throughout all our borders; and our churches and Presbyteries have been taking action in reference to it. Special prayer to the God of the whole earth has been frequent among the members of our Church, and the "priests and ministers of the Lord, have been weeping between the porch and the altar," and have said, "Spare thy people, O, Lord, and give not their heritage to reproach, that the heathen should rule over them. Wherefore, should they say, where is their God?"

Terrible as this affliction has been, we hope it will result in great good to us upon whom, in a sense, "the ends of the earth have come." Our people, churches, Presbyteries and Synods indicate by their action that they have felt the shock, and will, I trust, feel a new interest in those dear brethren, who peril their lives in distant lands to bear the glad tidings of salvation to the heathen.

We feel that our Western people needed just such a call as this, dreadful as it has been, to awaken in them that deep interest which all should feel in foreign missions. Our own field has been a mission field, and we have been too much absorbed with the home work. Let all among us see, in these events, God's call to earnest prayer for the heathen, and more liberal contributions to the mission cause.

The Synod of Northern Iowa has just closed a meeting at Dubuque. Action was taken upon the subjects of interest connected with the Theological Seminary, for the North West. The amendments to the Constitution of the Seminary, proposed by the Board of Directors, contemplating the union of the Synods of Missouri and Upper Missouri, as also, Southern Iowa, with the Synods already co-operating, was adopted; and the whole report of the Directors was heartily approved. Dr. MacMasters has many warm friends in this Synod, who approve his views upon the subject of Slavery, regarding those views as conservative, and substantially those of our Church. Revs. J. D. Mason and James McKean, and elders Montgomery and Kinkaid were elected on the Board of Directors for the ensuing year. These brethren are thoroughly resolved to abide by their brethren in the attempt to carry forward this enterprise, and mean not to be disheartened though difficulties should lie in their pathway. They have engraved upon their banner "*perseverantia vincit omnia.*"

At the recent meeting of the Synod of Iowa, Rev. J. Phelps, D. D., resigned his position as President of Alexander College, Dubuque. This item of intelligence will be received with regret and surprise, by those who have known the devotion of brother Phelps to the great cause of Western education. I have not learned the reason for this step, but presume it is due to brother P.'s desire to devote himself more entirely to the work of the ministry. His church in Dubuque, we hope, will still continue to enjoy his valuable services, and increase rapidly under the undivided labors of their pastor. Long may he continue to aid in carrying forward the Lord's work in his old field of labor.

Rev. Vileroy D. Reed, of Troy, New York, has been elected to succeed brother Phelps in the Presidency of the College. Brother Reed is a graduate of Union College, so long under charge of that prince of educators, Dr. E. Nott; he is a ripe scholar, and successful minister of the Gospel. We have not heard that he has yet accepted the appointment, but trust he may do so. We will be truly pleased to welcome one to a field of labor upon the banks of the Father of Waters, who has done such good service, for so many years, upon the shores of the Hudson. Brother Reed is yet a young man, in his prime, and if the Lord should spare his life, has yet many years of usefulness before him. We hope he will see, in the rising greatness of this mighty empire of the West, a theatre of usefulness so inviting, that he will not hesitate to enter it.

The Presbytery of Rock River is now in session (Oct 14th.) at Fulton, on the East bank of the Mississippi, due West from Chicago. This place seems to be growing. Brother W. C. Mason has here, (as known to the readers of the *Banner and Advocate,*) a church enterprise of much promise. The society to which he labors is yet young, but a church edifice of a very fine character has been begun, and a neat basement room of some forty feet square, completed. In this room, the Presbytery is now meeting. Rev. Samuel Cleland, an old laborer in this State, is acting as Moderator, and Rev. Jacob Coon, well known to Pennsylvania and Ohio Presbyterians, is writing by his side, keeping the Minutes.

This Presbytery has been doing something, for years past, toward supplying the Germans, in Northern Illinois, with the Gospel. They have, at present, quite a flourishing German church in Galena, under charge of Rev. A. Kolb, an earnest, warm-hearted German. Presbytery is also about to license another German or Hollander brother, to go out and carry the Gospel to this highly interesting class of our citizens. The examination of this brother was one of the most interesting items of business coming before the Presbytery.

The Synods of Iowa, North and South, have had their meetings, and have both had up for discussion the matters connected with the Theological Seminary for the North-West. The Synod of Southern Iowa voted, by a decided majority, to place the Seminary entirely under the control of the General Assembly. To this vote, there was but one dissenting voice. The Synod of Northern Iowa refused to affirm that Dr. MacMaster's views, as expressed in his paper before the Board of Directors, upon the subject of Slavery, were in accordance with the views of the General Assembly. This Synod, however, in a thin house, and, as we are informed, when several of the members were absent, elected a set of Directors to the Board, whose views differ somewhat from those of the persons elected last year. We think, however, that the sentiment of the Synod has not changed, from all we can learn; but if a full expression of views could be secured, the Synod would still be decidedly favorable to placing the Seminary under control of the Assembly. The Synod of Chicago is now in session (Oct. 17th,) at Dixon, Illinois, and will no doubt act upon this important question. I cannot delay my letter longer, but will hope to give you early intimation of their doings. This Synod has nearly one hundred delegates in attendance. Dr. Rice is present, but not having yet united with the Presbytery of Chicago, he is not a member of Synod.

Yours, North-West.

[Another letter just received.—Ed.]

News Department.

The Saltsburg Academy opens on Tuesday next.

Kansas.

There seems to have been much anxiety about election returns. One district, Oxford, said to contain only some sixty voters, returned over sixteen hundred majority for the Democratic ticket. Counting these would elect members, giving a Democratic majority in both Houses of the Legislature; rejecting them, would give the Republicans the majority. In either case it is said that the Republicans have elected Parrott, their Congressman. But as now appears, the Oxford vote, so evidently fraudulent, is to be rejected. A dispatch from St. Louis says:

A protest signed by several prominent citizens of Kansas was filed, on the 15th, against fraudulent returns from Oxford precinct, in Johnston County, in reply to which, after personal investigation, Walker and Stanton publish a proclamation in the *Herald of Freedom* of the 30th, expressing a determination to reject the entire vote of Oxford, and give the certificates to the free State candidates. The proclamation produced intense excitement, and threats of vengeance were made against the Governor and Secretary. On the 19th a protest was made against assembling the Constitutional Convention by a mass convention of the people at Lecompton.

Utah.

St. Louis, Oct 26 —The *Republican* publishes a discourse delivered by Herber C. Kimball at Salt Lake City, on August 30, in which strong grounds are taken against the government. A determination is expressed to resist the U. S. troops to the last extremity. The women and children were called upon to arm themselves, and the people generally exhorted to lay up grain—otherwise, to prepare for conflict. During his discourse Kimball said: "We are the kingdom of God and the State of Desseret, and will have Brigham Young for Governor just so long as he lives."

Brigham Young also made a speech. He was equally as bold in his declarations of hostility against the United States.

Bank Statement.

New York, October 26.—The statement of the banks of this city for the week past, shows an increase of specie of $2,568,000; a decrease of loans $1,652,000; decrease in circulation $1,202,000; increase of deposits $5,635,000

Markets.

Pittsburgh, Tuesday, Oct. 28.

Ashes—Pearls. 7¼@7½c. Pots. 6½c. Soda Ash. 5c.
Apples—Common 75c.@$1.00, and good $1.25@1.50 per bbl.
Butter and Eggs—Prime Roll Butter, 16@17c., packed 12@13. Eggs, 11@12c per doz.
Bacon—Shoulders. 14c.
Cheese—Prime, 10c.
Dried Beef—Canvassed, 14@15c.
Feathers—Prime Western, 50; from store 55c.
Feed—Mill Feed, 60@90c. per 100 lbs.
Flour—Superfine $4 00, extra $4 50; f om store, superfine $4 25. extra $4 75, and family $5 00 per bbl. Buckwheat, $2.50 per 100 lbs; from store $2 75.
Grain—Oats, 26@27c. Corn, 81c. Rye, 50@55c, Barley, 60@70c. Wheat, 85@95 for red.
Hay—$12 00@16.00 per ton.
Potatoes—Reds 40c. Mixed Pinkeyes and Neshannocks, 45c., and prime Neshannocks 50c.
Seeds—Timothy, $2@2 25. Flax, $1.20@$1 25.

Allegheny Cattle Market.

Beeves—2¼@4½c., gross, equal to 4½@9c., net.
Sheep—From $2 to $3 per head, and 3c. gross.
Hogs—5½@6½c., gross.

Philadelphia, October 26.

Flour—Superfine $5 25@$5.37½; extra family $5.50@6.00. Rye $4.25. Corn Meal $3 60 per bbl.
Grain—Wheat: Western Red. 1.25@1.28: White, 1.40; Rye, 73@75; Corn 73@74; Oats 33@34; Barley, 85@90.
Seeds—Clover, $4.75 per 64 lbs.
Beeswax—28c.
Feathers—50c.

Cincinnati, October 26.

Flour—Superfine, $4@4.10; extra, $4.15@4.25.

Baltimore, October 26.

Flour—$5 25.
Grain—Red Wheat, 1.10@1.20; White, 1.20@1.28; Corn, 65@68c. per bushel.

[Advertisement.]

Lancaster Mercantile College.

It is only a few months since this College was established and incorporated by the Legislature, and during its brief period of operations, it has had to encounter the most violent abuse and opposition from those fearing fair competition; but notwithstanding all this, it has held its way successfully, and, at the present time, is in a highly flourishing condition—promising to become in a short time the foremost Mercantile College in Eastern Pennsylvania. Indeed, the graduates of this College have already begun to supplant those of other Institutions; and at the late meeting of the "Lancaster County Agricultural and Mechanical Society," the Lancaster Mercantile College, was awarded Diploma (highest premium) for best Penmanship and double Entry Book keeping. These things, taken in connexion with the rapid increase in the number of its students, show unmistakable evidence of its growing popularity, and fully recommends this Institution to the favorable consideration of the public; particulars of which may be obtained by addressing the Principal, as per advertisement in another column.

[Advertisement.]

A Great Medicine for Females.

Hundreds of stimulants have been invented and sold purporting to be specific in the various diseases and derangements to which the delicate form of woman render her subject. The result of all these stimulants has been to impart *momentary activity* to the *nervous system*, and false vigor to the *muscles;* but this relief has been succeeded by a depression and prostration greater than before; and the repeated attempts of invalids to build themselves up by these *false remedies*, have finally ended in destroying what little vital organization was left. But in using "*Boerhave's Holland Bitters,*" you will find no such disastrous results. It is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Boerhave. Under its influence, *every* nerve and muscle receives new strength and vigor, appetite and sleep return, and finally, perfect health.

Caution!—Be careful to ask for *Boerhave's Holland Bitters.*

Sold at $1.00 per bottle; or, six bottles for $5.00, by the sole proprietors, BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO., Pittsburgh; and Druggists generally.

[Advertisement.]

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

This Restorative for making the hair grow, stopping its falling out, and restoring gray hair to its original color, is becoming celebrated. All the quack nostrums are giving way before it. Three-fourths of the mixtures for restoring and beautifying the hair, do it more injury than good. They burn it up—destroy the life at its roots—make the hair fall off, and produce premature baldness. But Prof. Wood's Restorative may be relied upon as containing nothing which can in any manner be injurious to the hair, while its success in accomplishing what it pretends to do, has been verified in hundreds of cases. We advise gray heads, and heads getting bald—all who wish to save their wool or obtain a new stock, to get a bottle of Wood's Restorative.—*New York Democrat.*

Sold by all Druggists.

Foreign Intelligence.

The news by the *Europa* and the *Baltic* is to the 14th inst. It is interesting as regards financial affairs. The monetary crisis in the United States had produced great stringency in Europe. The Bank of England raised its discounts to 7 per cent., and there was a probability of a farther rise. Consols, usually ninety-two to ninety-three, fell to eighty-eight to eighty-nine. There were a number of heavy failures, and more anticipated.

In France and other places on the continent, the effects were similar.

There was produced a severe stringency in Paris, and a contraction by the Bank of France. Two speculators in stocks on the Paris Bourse had absconded, being defaultors to the amount respectively of three millions and two millions of francs. The Bank of Holland had raised its rate of discount to five and a half per cent. In Vienna the financial pressure continued very severe, numerous failures had occurred, and one broker committed suicide, while another absconded, being a defaulter to a large amount. The Bank of Prussia has raised its rate of discount to six and a half per cent. The death of the King of Prussia was so imminent at the last accounts, that all the members of the royal family were assembled around him at Potsdam. The financial troubles seem to have caused a great political change, for it appears that the difficulty of obtaining loans for government uses has rendered a reduction of expenditures by the European monarchs indispensable: and to this end it was proposed, at the late meeting of crowned heads, to make a general reduction in the standing armies. This is said to have been the main object of that meeting.

The town of Galatz, in Turkey, has been nearly destroyed by fire. Paper money in Turkey has depreciated twenty per cent. The insurrections in Persia have been suppressed.

Two slavers have been captured on the West Coast of Africa, one of them being the American brigantine *Sarah Jane.*

The *Baltic* brought £72,000 sterling and one hundred and sixty passengers.

The steamer *Red Jacket*, from Australia, arrived at Southampton, with 72,000 ounces of gold.

India.

It is said that Nena Sahib, the Sepoy General, being resolved not to be taken alive by the British troops, has a body guard who are strictly ordered to kill him rather than see him captured. There are said to be thirty thousand mutineers between Cawnpore and Lucknow.

The news from India is slightly cheering. Calcutta dates are to the 10th of September, and Bombay to the 17th. An assault had not been made on Delhi, at the latest accounts received. The siege train was expected to have reached there on the 3d of September, when offensive operations would commence.

General Havelock remained at Cawnpore, but would be reinforced in a few days by Gen. Outram, who had reached Allahabad with a strong force. The garrison at Lucknow was gallantly holding out, and would be relieved by the middle of September.

The India dispatches state that Gen. Nicholson had defeated the rebels at Majofghar, with the loss of their guns.

Gen. Havelock had also defeated the rebels near Bithour on the 16th of August.

The garrison at Lucknow had made a gallant and victorious sortie, capturing the guns of the mutineers, and also a supply of provisions.

The Dinapore mutineers had been again defeated by Maj. Eyre.

The rebels were threatening Allahabad and Benares. Large bodies of troops were marching from Calcutta to Allahabad. Troops were also arriving at Calcutta from England, their transport having been effected with great rapidity.

A dispatch to the London *Post* says that the British forces had attacked Lucknow Castle, spiked the guns, and inflicted a heavy loss upon the enemy.

Notices.

Western Theological Seminary.

The regular SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING of the Board of Trustees of the Western Theological Seminary, will be held on TUESDAY, 10th OF NOVEMBER, 1857, in the Lecture Room of the First Presbyterian church, at 10 o'clock A. M.

F. G. BAILEY,
Pres't of Board of Trustees.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 26th, 1857.

Board of Colportage.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Board of Colportage of the Synods of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, met on WEDNESDAY, 21st INSTANT. No quorum being present therefore,

Resolved, That we adjourn to meet in the Presbyterian Book Rooms on WEDNESDAY, THE 4th OF NOVEMBER, at 2 o'clock P. M LUKE LOOMIS,
F. G. Bailey, Sec'y. Chairman, pro tem.

Presbyterial.

The PRESBYTERY OF ALLEGHENY will meet in the Lecture Room of the First Presbyterian church, Allegheny, on the 5th of November, at 3 o'clock P. M.

JAMES ALLISON, Stated Clerk.

Married.

On October 9th, at the "Kiester House," Central Pa. R. R., by Rev. O. H. Miller, Mr Joseph C. Donnel to Miss Kezia Rothermel, both of Westmoreland County, Pa.

At the residence of Mr. Hamlet Totten, in Rural Valley, October 13th, by Rev. Wm. F Morgan. Mr. Thomas D. McCoughy to Miss Mary S. Marshall, both of Armstrong County, Pa.

On October 13th, at the residence of Mr. Henry Hammond, by Rev. L. Grier, Mr. Abel J. Crawford to Miss Mary Hammond, all of Jefferson County, Ohio.

On October 22d, by Rev. Wm. Edgar. Mr. David Patterson to Miss Hannah Park, all of Murrysville, Pa., and vicinity.

Obituary.

Died—October 6th, in West Hemlock, Montour County, Idelette, infant daughter of J. K., and Rebecca Shultz.

Died—In Path Valley, Franklin County, Pa., on the 18th inst., Major James M. Phillips, aged 60 years, 4 months, and 7 days.

Died—On Tuesday, the 29th of September, at East Liberty, Kizzie Negley, only daughter of O. M. Irvine, aged 5 months and 10 days.

She lost her mother when only two weeks old, and was left to the care of grand-parents, who watched over her with tender solicitude. She suffered greatly, until God, in his merciful kindness, took her home to heaven, where we hope she is happy with her dear mother, and is resting, peacefully and calmly, on the bosom of our blessed Saviour; who, when on earth, said so kindly, "Suffer little children to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of heaven.

"Ere sin could blight, or sorrow fade,
Death came with friendly care;
The opening bud to heaven conveyed,
And bade it blossom there."

A.B.S.

Died—September 2d, at the residence of her father, the late Henry W. Core, in Nicholson Township, Fayette County, Pa., of consumption, Miss Susan Core, aged 16 years, lacking three days.

In the death of this amiable child, we recognize the hand of a kind Father; for we have reason to believe that he took not our young friend away from earth until he had prepared her for an eternal, happy home in heaven. For nine months she was an anxious inquirer after the way of salvation, but not until about two months before her death did she enjoy the blessed hope of the Christian. The Bible was her daily companion. She took great pleasure in reading religious books, such as Baxter's Saints' Rest; and she was grieved when she saw some of her intimate companions living thoughtless of eternity. Her kind and cheerful disposition made her admired by all within her acquaintance. We will miss her very much in the Sabbath School and Bible Class. In examinations in the Shorter Catechism, her correct and prompt answers often cheered her pastor's heart. She left an affectionate mother, sister, and two brothers to mourn her departure. "But they sorrow not as those who have no hope." The last words she uttered were: "Come, Lord Jesus, come quickly."

H. O. R.

Died—At her residence, North Common, Allegheny City, on the 2d ult., Mrs. Satiah Murry, in the 80th year of her age.

The deceased was a native of Tuscarora Valley, Pa. She was twice married. By her first husband, Samuel Rippy, Esq., she had seven children, the youngest of which was but a month old when he died. After nine years, she was married to the late J. Murry, Esq., of Murrysville, who lived sixteen years, and whose widow she had been for more than twenty years. Her children, her only grand-child, and her brothers and sisters are all dead; in view of which, she has often been heard to say, "I am as a tree alone, and stripped of every leaf and branch." She has long been a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church. The later years of her Christian life are known to the writer, and he can speak with pleasure of many pleasant seasons spent in conversation on the great themes of religion. She spent much time in secret prayer, and in reading the Bible. That she loved the sanctuary and the prayer-meeting, she manifested by her constant presence there. That she loved the cause of Christ, she showed by her gifts and labors while she lived; and by remembering the Boards of our beloved Zion in her last will. Though, owing, in part at least, to a nervous temperament, she was troubled by temptations and doubts, and at times with fears of death, yet, to speak to her of Christ and heaven, was a key to open her heart to receive new courage, and to show the grace of Christ already given. Though a member of the First church, Allegheny, she was buried at Beulah, (Rev. Mr. Hastings',) where her mother, first husband, and several of her children rest. "At midnight," (for she died at midnight,) "there was a cry, behold the Bridegroom cometh, go ye out to meet him."

Reader, though you may live to be the last of your family, and though "the midnight cry" may not come in the morning, or at noon, as it often does, yet, it will certainly come. Be ye, therefore, ready! "For blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

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