LOCAL NOTICES.

Job work executed at the AGITATOR office receives the highest commendation from the best judges.

Dr. UpDeGraff, of Elmira, has been appointed surgeon of the Northern Central Railway Company.

All persons indebted to N. M. GLASSMIRE are requested to make immediate payment.
Wellsboro, Oct. 28, 1874.-2t.

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Paul's church will meet at the Bunnel House Parlors next Thursday at 2 o'clock.

We will pay cash for fresh tub and pail butter. J. C. & A. M. BENNETT.
Covington, Pa., Nov. 4, 1873-3t.

The annual renting of the pews of Wellsboro M. E. Church, will take place Saturday, November 8th, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

DONATION.—A donation for the benefit of Rev. O. P. Alderman, will be held at the house of Mr. Thos. Robinson, on Friday evening, Nov. 7th. All are invited.

Teachers applying for Permanent Certificates, will please address W. W. Baldwin, Tioga, Pa. Committee, W. W. BALDWIN, T. H. EDWARDS, B. W. BAKER, FRANKIE R. WYLIE, SARAH I. LEWIS.

Dr. UpDeGraff's Elmira Surgical Institute is fast approaching completion. Under his tasty eye, it will assume an appearance that will make it a credit to the Fifth Ward and our city.—*Elmira Advertiser.*

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—On account of great loss at the late fire all persons indebted to E. H. HASTINGS are requested to call and settle *immediately.* Office at S. B. Warriner's *Jewelry Store.* E. H. HASTINGS.
Wellsboro, Nov. 4, 1873-tf.

Mr. W. H. Dickson proposes to sell 20 tons of hay, a quantity of live stock, farming utensils and household furniture at auction at his residence in Charleston, near the Hardy School House, on Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1873. It will be a good time to buy anything in that line cheaply.

The AGITATOR Office has just received a large invoice of printer's stock of the finest quality, and is now prepared to turn out first-class job work on the shortest notice and at reasonable rates. Persons desiring jobbing of any kind are invited to call and examine our specimens. Orders by mail will be promptly and carefully filled.

The Catholics of this place have rented a hall over Converse & Osgood's store, and have fitted it up as a temporary place of worship. On next Sunday a German priest—Father Kier, of Dushore, accompanied by Father Wynne, of Blossburg, will visit this place and celebrate mass in the new hall. The German portion of the congregation are earnestly requested to be present.

Leavitt's troupe of Swiss Bell Ringers will give a classical and comical concert at the Academy of Music in this village this evening. This will be the third appearance of this troupe in Wellsboro, we believe, and our people well know that Leavitt's entertainments are first-class and highly enjoyable. The performances of Fitzpatrick alone are worth twice the price of admission.

A new novel by Christian Reid, author of "Valerie Aylmer" and "Morton House," was commenced in *Appletons' Journal* of the date of October 25th. The title is "A DAUGHTER OF BOHEMIA." It depicts life in a Southern city, and exhibits all that dramatic power and constructive talent which have marked the previous novels of this author, and given her a high place among American novelists.

FARM FOR SALE, in Delmar township, within a mile of Wellsboro; 115 acres, 70 acres cleared, the rest in good timber. Orchard of grafted fruit, a good 1½ story frame dwelling 25x32 feet, well finished inside and outside and a good cellar; barn 30x40 feet. The barn is well watered by springs; soil excellent. Terms $50 an acre, $2,000 down—the balance to suit purchaser. Inquire of HARTFORD BUTLER on the premises, or of
HUGH YOUNG,
Oct. 14-4t. Real Estate Agent.

As before stated, the elegant glass ware (to supply the President's State Dinner Service) made at the Corning Glass Works, and cut and engraved in the Cutting Department by Mr. Hoare, will be on exhibition at the Glass Works, during each day and evening, next Wednesday, Thursday, Friday. There will be a charge of two shillings for admission, which will be given to the ladies of the Episcopal church of Corning, to apply on the parish debt. Many will doubtless take the occasion to see this beautiful ware, before it is sent to Washington, and thus gratify their curiosity, and at the same time contribute to the worthy object for which it is placed on exhibition.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE for November is on our table, ahead of all others. The principal steel engraving, "Crossing the Brook," is very beautiful. So, also, is the mammoth colored steel fashion plate. A prominent feature of this Magazine is its copyright novelettes, two of which appear in this number, "Theo," by Miss Hodgson, and "The Lost Inheritance," by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, both very far superior to the continued stories to be found in magazines generally. *But, as a cotemporary says, the stories, the fashions, the patterns, in short, everything in "Peterson," is the best of its kind.* The price of this Magazine, too, is another thing in its favor. It is but TWO DOLLARS A YEAR; three copies for $4 50, with a superb Mezzotint (16 inches by 24,) "NOT LOST, BUT GONE BEFORE," to the person getting up the club; or six copies for $9 00, and a copy of the Magazine for 1874 as a premium to the person getting up the club; or eight copies for $12 and both an extra copy of the Magazine for 1874 and the premium engraving to the person getting up the club. *For large clubs the prices are even lower.* Address CHARLES J. PETERSON, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Agitator.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1873.

Home Affairs.

New Advertisements this week.

Dissolution—Markham & Hood.
School Notice—Chatham School District.
Notice to Tax Collectors—H. Rowland. Treas.
Application for Divorce—E. A. Fish, Sheriff.
Auditor's Notice—W. A. Stone, Auditor.
Applications for Charter—R. C. Cox, Proth'y.

BRIEFS.

—November came in with a slight sprinkling of snow on the ground.

—They are having it hot and heavy at the polls over in "York State" to-day.

—There is to be a total eclipse of the moon to-day, but nobody will see it in this region.

—The new Baptist church at Roseville is nearly completed. It is said to be a fine building.

Don't forget that ex-Governor Curtin is to lectuae in this village on the evening of the 25th instant.

—Matthew Smith, of the Block House, was killed by the fall of a tree-top while at work on a lumber job a few days ago.

—Mr. John Fischler wishes us to say to those unfortunate people who have odd boots or shoes of his that if they will bring them to his shop they can obtain the mates.

—The Westfield *Index* has been enlarged to about the size of the Mansfield *Advertiser.* We judge from the last number that it wants us to notice the fact, and we therefore do so.

—The Corning *Journal* of last week, in noticing the result of our election, says: "Tioga is a glorious Republican county, and it is largely owing to the intelligence and morality of the people, who know what is right and strive to do it."

—On the 18th of this month the qualified electors of the township of Morris and those of parts of Delmar and Charleston are to vote, at the house of William Black, in Morris township, on the question of the erection of the proposed new township of Duncan. The polls open at 7 o'clock a. m. and close at 7 p. m.

—We are informed that the miners at Fall Brook are working on one-third time. How long this state of affairs will continue is uncertain. At Morris Run the men are still making full time, and expect to do so indefinitely. But both Companies are considerably behind in the payment of wages, owing to the difficulty of procuring currency in New York.

—A young son of Chester W. Fenton, of Richmond township was drowned last Friday by falling into Dike's mill-pond, near his father's residence. The boy was only four or five years old. It was supposed that he had been in the water about an hour before the accident became known, and when the body was recovered all hopes of resuscitation were past.

—We understand there was something of a run on the banking house at Blossburg last week. It was believed, however, that the concern would successfully weather the squall without damage. The firm is a strong one, and its soundness is undoubted. The business men of Blossburg are under strong obligations to do what they can to strengthen the hands of the house, and their own self-interest should prompt them to that course, as it undoubtedly will.

—The steam saw-mill situated about five miles south of this village on the railroad, belonging to Mr. W. Williams, was burned last Sunday morning about two o'clock.—We understand the mill was shut down about four o'clock Saturday afternoon and that there was no fire about it after that time, so far as known. The mill was a good one, and was built within the past two years. It was well supplied with apparatus for extinguishing fire. The loss is estimated at $8,000, on which there was an insurance of $5,500 by an agent in this village. We understand there was also some other insurance, but the amount is not known. In addition to the mill, about 500 cords of wood belonging to Charles Herrington was burned.

—A funny but not uncommon incident took place at Blossburg during the financial flurry of last week. It seems that one man had $2,000 on deposit there, and at the beginning of the panic he rushed to the bank and drew out his money. But what to do with it he didn't know. Having lost confidence in all the world, he couldn't trust that sum in the custody of anybody or any corporation. And so our hero turned himself into a sort of miniature "Safe Deposit Company," and stood guard over his treasure incessantly, as it were. His thoughts by day were mainly upon accidents and sneak-thieves, and at night his eye-lids could not close upon the visions of burglars and murderers that thronged around his uneasy pillow. The man of greenbacks stood all this for two days and nights, when the wife of his bosom informed him emphatically that "something had got to be done," for he would die if he was going on in that way much longer. We have excellent authority for believing a man will give all he hath—even $2,000—for his life; and so it is not to be wondered at that our distressed capitalist finally followed his wise wife's advice, took his money back to the bank, and went to bed and slept the sleep of peace. This was a laughable affair, and resulted in little harm to anybody; but there is a serious side to all such stories upon which it may be well to reflect a little. It is evident that every man who draws money from the channels of business for the purpose of hoarding it is not only taking a personal risk which is a much greater one and much more harrassing than the risk of trade even in these days of panics, but is doing all he can to make "hard times" still harder. Such an act is not only intensely selfish, but it is stupid and short-sighted as well.

A SCHOOL GEOGRAPHY.—To very many pupils in our public schools Geography is, we are convinced, the branch of knowledge which is followed with the least amount of interest and profit. The vast majority of men who have reached middle age have a few vague and misty notions about the relative situation and proportions of states, seas, river's and mountains. Most of them remember that they once learned that

"The earth is round, and like a ball
Hangs swinging in the sky;"

but beyond that very metrical and very deceptive piece of *mis*information their recollection of the tiresome geographical researches of the days of tops and marbles does not much extend. The greater part of accurate, useful knowledge of the earth's surface possessed by most men is in fact acquired after they leave the common school—picked up unconsciously from the news of the day, or consciously as the exigencies of practical life have prompted. Our late civil war has, no doubt, done more to spread an exact knowledge of the physical conformation and natural resources of the country among the present generation of Americans than all the schools of the land. Most people study thoroughly only those subjects in which they are deeply interested; and there are multitudes of men who owe little to the schools, so far as geography is concerned, who have very clear and correct ideas as to the topography, climate and soil of most parts of the Union.

To very many minds the study of this branch of knoweledge, as commonly taught, is the most tiresome and fruitless of labors simply because it consists of the memorizing of a mass of dry details and statistics, having, so far as the young student can see, not the slightest connection with each other. The scholar who delights to thread the artificial labyrinth of English grammar, or revels in the pure logic of the higher mathematics may well be excused if he finds little intellectual nourishment in the fact that Boston contains 250,000 inhabitants more or less, or the further fact that North Carolina is "noted for pitch, tar and turpentine." And yet children are expected to commit to memory such facts as these under the supposition that they are studying physical geography. It would be almost as sensible to teach them the price of potatoes under the same false pretense, It is true, in a certain sense, that all knowledge is valuable; but there are facts which it hardly pays to cram into a child's head, especially when the very next census will render them fictions. Better leave them where they belong, and where they can always be found when needed,—in the pages of the gazetteer.

But we didn't set out to write an article upon the study of geography, but to express our opinion of an elementary work upon that science, which has recently been laid upon our table. "Colton's Common School Geography" is certainly an improvement upon many of its predecessors, although it is open to some of the objections indicated above. The book is of an elementary character, and much of the minute information which is studied with reluctance and forgotten with alacrity has been omitted for its pages. This is a good feature of the work. The States of the Uuion are treated in groups and not singly, as in many previous manuals. But the strong point of the work is the series of admirable maps drawn expressly for it. The name of the compiler is almost a sufficient guarantee for the excellence of this feature of the book, and the series of railroad and reference maps of the United States at the close of the volume will be found of value to many who have not a good atlas at hand. For the benefit of the young scholar a valuable chapter on map drawing is appended to the work.

For sale by E. B. Young, of this village.

LETTER FROM CORNING.—*To the Editor of the Agitator:* Weary with travel and half sick, I stopped at this bustling little town for refreshments and medicine. It was my first visit and I followed my guide to the Dickinson House, where I was soon made to feel that I was not a stranger. Everything around was bright, warm and cheerful.—There is plenty of ready help around this hotel, and yet a close observer can easily discern the fingers of the Fuller Brothers in every thing. There are no restructions upon the guests, and yet you are ever reminded that while there it is your interest to be a gentleman. This house is certainly a great blessing to travelers.

I was introduced while at the hotel to Prof. Balcom, the accomplished Principal of the new and beautiful Academy, which I will take occasion to visit at some future time. This school is certainly a great honor to Corning,—and the Trustees may well feel proud of it.

Remaining over Sunday I attended service at the fine Episcopal church, of which the Rev. Mr. Wilson is Rector. I liked his sermon very much. He is not what is called a "word painter" but rather of robust thought.

I traveled as far as Corning with Rev. B. F. Taylor, of Lawrenceville, Pa. I heard him lecture at Crystal Springs last summer. He has fine talents for the platform, and our Lecture Committees would do well to look after him, instead of sending to Kamtchatka for some magnate to look at. I shall ever carry with me the remembrance of his burning words in relation to the awful responsibility of our men of influence.

While at the Dickinson House, the name of your paper came up for remark. "Slavery is dead" said one, "what do you want to agitate now?" "Oh, my dear sir," I replied, "America is not yet half free." There are shackles yet to break which will require all the brains and persistent fighting of a thousand "Agitators." Society and the church needs a perfect overturning. Money rules instead of virtue and intelligence, and the wild boar of the forest is rooting up God's heritage. God bless all reformers! Go on then and agitate unto your life's end! Ever stand up for God and humanity against oppression of every form! THEOPHILUS.

A SAWING MATCH.—*To the Editor of the Agitator:* As you have never heard of such a place as Glen Savage Mill, I thought a few lines from here would be acceptable to your valuable paper. Our mill is situated about four miles from Fair Hope, a small station on P. & E. R. R. We had a little excitement here on Friday, Oct. 10th, 1873.

On that day a sawing match came off, for a wager of $150, between our sawyer, I. F. Holmes, formerly a resident of your vicinity, and some lumbermen from South Hamdon. The bet was he could not saw 25,000 feet of one inch pine boards from sixteen foot logs in ten hours run. The mill was started at 7 o'clock a. m., with Mr. Holmes at the lever, and he had every body in his right place and was confident of success. We had quite a number of spectators on hand to witness the match. On a signal from the lumber counter, he made his first cut, running till 11:30, and sawing in four hours and twenty-four minutes 19,200 feet. The last two hours we ran he averaged 4,700 feet per hour, and I am sure no circular saw mill in this State has done so well. At half past eleven an accident occurred that would make the stoutest heart quake. In running in a log the dog slipped, letting the log turn on the saw, knocking out thirty-five teeth and scattering them in all directions. Only imagine a circular saw running 800 revolutions a minute, and the teeth tearing out. But I am happy to say no body was hurt, but a good many frightened. It was an Emerson saw. Mr. Holmes wanted to put on an extra saw and cut the balance, but the parties agreed to let it drop. They were satisfied he could saw 45,000 feet in ten hours' run if nothing occurred. They left the mill in the best of spirits, and finished the evening with music and dancing. They had quite a nice time, and took their defeat very easy. Mr. I. F. Holmes is a sawyer of wide reputation; but this is the best he has done. He is at home in a saw mill, and never out of place with his hand on the lever and his quick eye taking in every thing at a glance. I snppose some of his old friends will be glad to hear of his success. LUMBERMAN.

A CURE FOR DIPHTHERIA.—We publish the following letter by request. Those who have followed its directions for the treatment of diphtheria pronounce them excellent. It is from the St. Louis *Democrat:*

Please publish the following treatment of diphtheria. It has been used by myself, and others to whom I have given it, in over one thousand cases, without a failure. It will *always cure*, if the treatment is commenced before the diphtheria membrane extends into the air tube, which is known by the great difficulty of breathing and restlessness. In such cases no remedy yet discovered will always effect a cure; but if the patient is watched, and this treatment used in time, there is no danger.

I sent this treatment to a friend of mine in Wisconsin, and he used it on himself and family and neighbors with such wonderful success, that he requested me to send it to you for publication, as this horrible disease is prevailing extensively in parts of Missouri:

DIPHTHERIA WASH.

Golden seal,	pulverized,	1	drachm.
Borax,	"	1	"
Black pepper,	"	1	"
Alum,	"	1	"
Nitrate potash,	"	1	"
Salt,	"	2	"

Put all into a common sized teacup or vessel which holds about four ounces, and pour half full of boiling water, stir well, and then fill full of good vinegar. Fit for use when it settles. Make a swab, by getting a little stick about the size of a pipe stem, notch one end and wrap a strip of cotton cloth around it, letting the cloth project about half an inch beyond the end of the stick, so as not to jag the mouth and throat, and fasten with a thread.

Swab the mouth and throat well every half hour if the case is bad, every hour if not bad. When the patient gets better, every two hours; then when better, every four hours; and when still better, two or three times a day, till well; which will be from two to seven days. Touch every affected spot, the uvula, tonsils and fauces, the whole of the back part of the mouth, and top of the throat; and let the patient swallow a little of the wash each time you swab. Swabbing causes no pain, though the patient will gag, and sometimes vomit; but swab well and a feeling of relief will follow every swabbing.

Let every patient have a separate swab and wash, as the disease is undoubtedly infectious. Keep the wash pure, by pouring what you can use, each time, into another vessel, and also wipe off any matter or slime that may be on the swab, every time you take it from the month.

Put the following liniment on the throat, outside, once every three or four hours, and keep a flannel cloth round the neck till well:

Take spirits turpentine, one ounce.
" sweet oil, (or linseed oil,) one ounce.
" aqua ammonia, one ounce. Mix.

Shake before using each time.

Keep the bowels regular with castor oil.

Keep the patient in the house, but ventilate well. The diphtheria wash and liniment will be found sufficient for *all cases*, if taken in time; and should you mistake any other "sore throat" for diphtheria, you will effect a cure almost invariably, as I use this for all common sore throats. I have never lost a case; and many have told me that no money would induce them, in these "diphtheria times," to be without the wash and liniment; and when a soreness in the throat is felt it is used, and a cure is always effected. Your friend, DR. W. A. SCOTT,

Palmyra, Warren county, Iowa.

AN ATTEMPTED MURDER AT AVOCA.—Last Thursday morning about three o'clock some person at the time unknown, entered the house of Mr. Lyman Arnold, at Avoca, Steuben county, and shot Mrs. Arnold who was lying asleep in bed. Three shots were fired at her, two of them taking effect. One ball entered her mouth and passed out through her neck. Another struck her in the breast, and the doctors are unable to find it by probing. The third shot was found in the bedding.

Mr. Arnold had been away from home for some time; but his son, eighteen years old, and a hired man slept in a front room next Mrs. Arnold's. On the alarm being given by the wounded woman, the two men went to her rescue and attempted to secure her assailant, but were not successful, and the assassin escaped. But not for long, for many circumstances pointed directly to Arnold as the perpetrator of the dreadful deed, and the officers overtook him the next day at Niagara Falls and brought him back to Bath.

There seems to have been no trouble between Mr. and Mrs. Arnold, so far as the neighbors knew. She is his second wife and has three children by him, all boys. Arnold does not show a very good record, his recent movements are somewhat suspicious and are what led to his arrest. He is charged with having uttered two forged notes recently.

Some time since, a young woman came to his house to live, but the relations between them became apparently of such a nature that Mrs. Arnold sent her away. All the indications are that the connection between them has continued, and that he was making preparations to rid himself of his wife and run away with the young woman. He recently bought a trunk full of goods at Bath, and ordered it shipped to Detroit, Mich. He had two revolvers in his house, previous to the shooting, both of which have disappeared, and he had recently bought another of a hardware merchant in Avoca. Wednesday night Arnold bought a ticket for New York, but for what purpose has not been shown as he subsequently went west.

Wednesday afternoon, the young woman, who is mixed up in the affair left Wallace's at three o'clock She wanted a ticket to Detroit by way of Rochester.—There were none in the office except by the way of Buffalo. She had with her thirty-five or forty dollars, and her friends are unable to account for her having so much, as she had no means that they knew of to get it. She has not been heard of since, excepting that she was soon to get off the cars at Avon, to change for Buffalo.

The Elmira *Advertiser* of Saturday says Coroner Smith has been taking the anti-mortem examination of Mrs. Arnold. She is conscious and in possession of her senses, but is unable to throw any light upon the matter thus far. She lies in a critical condition and the examination is to be continued as her condition will permit.

LATER.

Arnold was taken by the sheriff Saturday afternoon to see his wife. The interview was very affecting. As soon as he went into the room where his poor wife lay she put her arms around his neck and exclaimed, "What have I done that I am to be killed for?" He seemed much moved, but said nothing. He acknowledged that it was his intention to go to California with the girl Emeline Towner, and said but little else. The sheriff took him back to Bath jail the same night. Deputy Sheriff Higgins started for Detroit Saturday afternoon after the girl. It is supposed that he will find her at the Cass House, Detroit, awaiting Arnold's arrival, as that is the supposed meeting place appointed by the couple.

Upon being asked whether he knew who did the shooting, he answered "No." All he said when told that his wife was shot, was "Who do they suspect?" And when told that he was the man suspected he was dumb.

Mrs. Arnold is improving slowly. The doctors say she will recover unless something new sets in. One of the balls they cannot get at. They think it is under the shoulder, but not dangerous.

WADE'S FINANCIAL OPERATIONS.—Nelson E. Wade, who has been sentenced to be hanged next Thursday, has made a revelation recently with reference to the money which he obtained from the McBride mansion after the perpetration of the fiendish double assassination which has heretofore been recorded in these columns. In a recent conversation, says the Williamsport *Bulletin*, Wade remarked that everything was all right now, as individuals in the city were in possession of all the gold he had secreted, and that those persons had visited him in prison.—Upon being questioned as to who those persons were, he replied that that was his own business, and he intended that it should remain a secret. He has always said that no rich man should ever get hold of it, and he had fulfilled his promise. It will be remembered that during the session of court at which Wade was tried, he confessed that he had secreted a large amount of gold near the aqueduct in Lycoming creek; that he had several bags, one containing twenty shilling pieces, another five dollar pieces, a third ten dollar coins, and a fourth twenty dollar pieces. All of these he poured into a large bag, walked into the water and sunk the money, placing upon it three large stones. Upon search being made the stones were found in the very place described by Wade, but no bag of gold. It is now alleged or suspicioned that a boatman has become the possessor of it; that Wade after secreting the money, repaired to a canal boat lying not far from the aqueduct, and leaped upon the deck, the water dripping from his clothes: that he did not develop anything at that time; that after his capture he twice sent word, for a certain man to come and visit him. The man complied with the request, as he had been intimately acquainted with the prisoner, and from this and other facts it is conjectured that the individual referred to was told by Wade where he could obtain the money. This part of the prisoner's programme carried out, he was free to confess where he had secured the gold, knowing full well that it had been removed, and that he had made good his word that no rich man should possess it. And now he boasts that it is in good hands, and even goes so far as to say that some of this gold has been exchanged for greenbacks, and that he has been supplied with paper money obtained by the exchange. To what extent his story is correct is for the reader to determine, but it is generally believed that he secreted money near the aqueduct, and it is certain that if he did so some one was directed to the spot, or it would have remained there. It is well known that searches were made of Wade's person, and the cell in which he was confined at that time examined in every nook and corner for money, but none could be found. The officers, after retiring, were surprised to see the prisoner present bills, and ask that certain articles be purchased for him. He now states that he had in his cell a bar of soap; with a spoon he dug a hole to the center, deposited therein the money, replaced the soap, and with his hand made a smooth surface so that it would not be observed. He takes great pleasure in relating how he fooled the officers, who thought they were smart. Various estimates have been made as to the amount of money the McBrides possessed, some placing it as high as $56,000 basing their belief upon the fact that the old man, a short time before he was murdered, endeavored to persuade a gentleman living in this locality to take the farm, work it and live upon it; that he had about $41,000 secreted in the house, and that he could stand in the door and look out upon the spot where he had $15,000 more. He was old, and would like to have a man upon the farm in whom he could place confidence, and who could assist him in case he should ever be attacked. This gentleman urged McBride to deposit his money in one of the Williamsport banks, but the old man did not favor the idea, and replied that either himself or his wife always kept guard, and with the guns he kept loaded he could give any plunderer a warm reception. But the sequel shows that the murdered man was too confident of his own power to protect his hoarded treasure. A board was found in the house upon which appeared a column of figures added up, and presenting a total of over $41,000. This it is urged coincides with the statement made by McBride, and demonstrates that there was secreted on the premises $56,000, the largest portion of which Wade succeeded in bringing away on that eventful afternoon and night of July 22.

A FUNNY FESTIVAL.—The Elmira *Advertiser* gives the following account of a recent festival held at the ancient village of Painted Post:

Painted Post is a queer old town. It has a queer old name. It has queer people in it, and they had a queer festival there in the lecture room of the Baptist church. The way of it was thus:

The ladies of the Baptist society having exhausted all other means of promoting social good feeling and extorting hard earned coppers from the pockets of Painted Posters, resorted to a novel expedient which they advertised in the columns of the *Times* in manner like unto this: That they would have a Festival on Friday evening of last week at which the only refreshments would be that glorious old, soul-stirring, stomach-bracing, health-giving, down-east luxure of pumpkin pie. Furthermore, that a diploma would be awarded for the best pie which should be presented on that occasion, and that all the ladies in the village and vicinity were invited to compete. Such an exciting and interesting event raised quite a commotion in the staid old town. The demand for pumpkins was so great that a corner in the market was created.

Every kitchen was alive with preparations for the great event. Each busy housewife rolled up her sleeves and consulted her mother-in-law about the best way to make the "old-fashioned pumpkin pies" which her husband had talked so much about.

The evening came, the room was filled with a hungry, curious crowd; seventy-two pies more or less were handed in for competition; a venerable gentleman who commenced eating pumkin pies more than three-score years ago in Connecticut was selected for Judge and four hungry looking citizens who had fasted twenty-four hours in anticipation of a square meal and whose internal capacity was undoubted, were chosen as Associate Judges. These five brave men were seated at the table on which was loaded the golden colored pies and manfully stuck to their task till it was finished. At the close of their gastronomic labors an interchange of opinions resulted in their awarding the first premium to Pie No. 19, made by Mrs. S. B. Howell, and the second to Pie No. 51, made by Mrs. James Wilder. Now we know who is the champion pie maker of Painted Post. She can well be happy hereafter. Earth has no greater honors to give than this. She can be satisfied now without the right to vote. Let others boast of honors and prizes in her presence hereafter and she can flaunt her pumpkin colored diploma in their faces and exultingly exclaim, Look at this! Woe be to her husband, if in any unguarded moment hereafter he speaks slightingly of her cookery. She can point to her certificate hanging on the dining room wall, signed by five good and true judges, and the poor man must hold his peace. The luxury of finding fault with his food is denied him in the future. Let him never hereafter, on peril of his peace, refer to the pies which his mother used to make.

By unanimous consent the premium for making the *worst* pie was awarded to Mrs. H. A. McGrath. The worthy cashier, who sat at the head of the table, remarked, as he pushed back his plate after devouring a segment of her pie, that he never did like *hot* pies, and the editor of the *Times*, with tears streaming down his cheeks, said that perhaps that pie was "some punkins," but it was more Cayenne. A distinguished medical man from abroad was detailed to wait on the committee, after their labors, but we understand that no harm resulted to them, either from the pies or the doctor. The station agent, however, who was one of the committee, says that he dreamed all night that his stomach was a freight-house and that ten dozen car loads of pumpkins had been unloaded into it. How the worthy chairman of the committee, between each dozen pies, conscientiously traveled several times around the room to shake himself and his stomach into proper order for the reception of more; how the printer distributed "pi" into his "form" faster than he ever did it before; how anxious spectators, who wanted a taste of the premium pie, were treated to a taste of the pie which took the wrong premium; how the supervisor took his mouthful and immediately called for cold water; how an eloquent and appropriate presentation speech was made, and how gracefully the recipient of the diploma replied; how one member of the committee got a curtain lecture that night which will make his ears tingle for a month for his stupidity in not recognizing the merits of the pie which his wife made; how the unsuccessful ladies of the society were angry and made faces at Mrs. Howell and the committee!—all these and many more similar incidents can be more safely trusted to the imagination of the *Advertiser's* readers than to the pen of its reporter.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

—The Scranton daily *Democrat* has suspended.

—Towanda has placed a piano in her public school building.

—The Towanda *Reporter* says that place is infested with incendiaries.

—George Yocum, Esq., aged thirty-six, of Bellefonte, Pa., while hunting, accidentally shot himself, and died the next day.

—T. L. Langley of the firm of Goff & Langley, Corning, died at his residence in Canisteo, Tuesday afternoon at half-past one o'clock, aged 52 years.

—Near Bodines', on the railroad between Elmira and Williamsport, two cousins, farmers, named McLoughlin, quarreled about some wood, when John shot and killed James.

—The Coudersport *Journal* says: "Bears are very plenty in the woods around the county this fall. Several have been seen near here, and in some instances they have indulged their taste for mutton."

—The majorities in Susquehanna county for the different Republican candidates are smaller than usual, owing to the very light vote. For Judge of the Supreme Court, Isaac G. Gordon had 767 majority; for State Treasurer, Robert W. Mackey 741; for Representative, H. M. Jones 639 and A. B. Walker 615.

—The maddest man in Towanda was the one who sleeps in Huguenin's jewelry store. Another fellow set about a dozen alarm clocks so that they "went off" only a few minutes apart the other night. Just stop and think of an alarm almost every five minutes in the night, and tell us who wouldn't get mad all over!

—Some days since Mr. Abraham Minier, a well known citizen of Elmira was severely injured by being crushed between two freight cars. He was in the vicinity of the depot and undertook to cross a train that was standing upon the track. It started up and threw him between the cars, the bumpers catching his right leg below the knee and jamming it in a terrible manner.

—A few days since, in Titusville, a lad named John Martin picked up a gun belonging to his father and pointed it at his sister, who was dressing in the room where they were. She said he was a smart boy to try and scare her, and turned away from him. As she did so, he pulled the trigger, having no idea the piece was loaded. The gun was discharged, and a large load of shot entered the girl's head, killing her almost instantly.

—Rev. Mr. Bush, retiring chaplain of the Binghamton asylum for inebriates, has written a letter to one of the New York papers in which he asserts that practically the institution is a failure. Cases of reform, he says, are few. Only three of the eighty-two patients under the first administration have continued in a course of total abstinence, and all these eighty-two belonged to the higher class of society, and are intelligent, well-educated men.

—The Troy *Gazette* of last week says that Mr. Reuben Woodruff, residing in the western part of Springfield township, cut his throat with a butcher knife on Thursday night the 23d ultimo. He has been addicted to drink for a number of years, and it is supposed that under the influence of delirum he committed the deed. He got up about 12 o'clock and went into the pantry it was supposed to get a drink, and while there seized the knife and cut his throat.

—The Troy *Gazette* says that on Sunday evening, Oct. 19th, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Russel, of East Troy, were returning to their home; it was dark and rainy; the mother, in her great anxiety to protect her little one, bundled it up and held it close in her arms. The babe was two months of age. It was felt to be active when only about one half mile from home. On getting into the house and removing the wrappings, it was noticed to be very pale. A moment's observation showed it was dead,—dead from suffocation and strangling.

—The *Tri-States Union* says that on a recent night the family of Mr. B. Thomas, Port Jervis, were startled by a terrific explosion in their residence. Mr. Thomas was not in, and his family had all retired earlier than usual, and no one was in the room when the explosion occurred. By some means, a flask of powder had got into the coal and then into the stove, a base burner, which caused the explosion. The stove was torn all to pieces Every chair chair in the room had a piece of the broken stove on it, the nails in the walls for hanging pictures were all loosened, the piano was covered with dust and ashes from the stove, and it was a sorry looking room.

MARRIAGES.

ANDERSON—ANDERSON.—At Morris Run, Pa., October 27, 1873, by Wm. L. Richards, Esq., at the bride's residence, August Anderson and Christina Anderson.

HULSLANDER—CORBIN.—At Stony Fork, Oct. 28, by Rev. P. Reynolds, Mr. J. S. Hulslander, of Covington, and Mrs. Sarah H. Corbin, of Stony Fork.

TEED—BLACKWELL.—At the Evangelical Parsonage in Liberty, by Rev. J. M. King, Mr. Henry Teed, of Pine township, Lycoming county, and Miss Addie Blackwell, of Morris township, Tioga county, Pa.

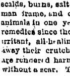
CHRISTIE—GIBSON.—At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Harvey Gibson, Oct. 22, by Rev. J. H. Blades, Mr. J. M. Christie, of Knoxville, Pa., and Miss Josie E. Gibson, of Addison, N. Y.

MURDOCK—WATKINS.—At the residence of the bride's parents, Oct. 29, by Rev. W. H. Rumsey, Mr. Robert Murdock, M. D., of Ulster, and Miss Ophelia Watkins, of Sheshequin.

DETTRY—EASTABROOK.—At the residence of the bride's parents, Oct. 23, by Rev. W. H. Rumsey, Mr. Joseph Dettry and Miss Achsah Eastabrook, both of Ulster, Pa.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Centaur Liniments.



There is no pain which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, earache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all-healing pain relievers. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless and the wounded are healed without a scar. The recipe is published around each bottle. They sell as no articles ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment, white wrapper. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock owners—these liniments are worth your attention.—No family should be without them. "White wrapper for family use;" Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles, $1,00. J. B. ROSE & Co., 53 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest. oct. 28 1873–1y.

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia.

Jaundice, Nervous Debility, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, Piles, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering of the Heart, Choking Sensation when lying down, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Sudden Flushes of Heat, and Great Depression of Spirits, are speedily and permanently cured by "Hoofland's German Bitters." The old standard remedy of thirty years experience, whose virtues are testified to by hundreds of our most respectable citizens who have used it and been cured. Ask for "Hoofland's German Bitters," and take no other. It is not alcoholic. They are sold by all Druggists. Proprietors, Johnston, Holloway & Co., 602 Arch street Philadelphia.–3–June 24, 1873, 7m–Rot.

THE HOUSEHOLD PANACEA,
and
FAMILY LINIMENT

is the best remedy in the world for the following complaints, viz.: Cramps in the Limbs and Stomach, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels, or Side, Rheumatism in all its forms, Billious Colic, Neuralgia, Cholera, Dysentery, Colds, Fresh Wounds, Burns, Sore Throat, Spinal Complaints, Sprains and Bruises, Chills and Fever. For Internal and External use.

Its operation is not only to relieve the patient, but entirely removes the cause of the complaint. It penetrates and pervades the whole system, restoring healthy action to all its parts, and quickening the blood.

THE HOUSEHOLD PANACEA IS PURELY Vegetable and All Healing.

Prepared by CURTIS & BROWN,
No. 215 Fulton Street, New York.
For sale by all druggists. July 29, 1873–1y.

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP IS THE PRESCRIPTION OF one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it to be the Best and Surest Remedy in the World in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from Teething or from any other cause Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.—None Genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers. July 29, 1873–1y.

Children often look Pale and Sick

from no other cause than having worms in the stomach.

BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS

will destroy Worms without injury to the child, being perfectly WHITE, and free from all coloring or other injurious ingredients usually used in worm preparations. CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors,
No. 215 Fulton Street, New York.
Sold by Druggists and Chemists, and dealers in Medicines at TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOX. July 29, '73–1y.

The question has often been asked by those interested "Can I have my gray hair restored to its natural color, without coloring the skin? and can my thin locks be thickened up?" We answer, "it can;" and would advise you to read a treatise on the hair, which is published by R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H., who send it free, upon application. They are the proprietors of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. We learn from it, the hair, in a perfect state of health, is constantly falling out, and new hairs grow from the same tubes; but in case of any disease of the scalp, or by the use of alcoholic preparations, the hair-tube becomes contracted at its mouth, and prevents the new follicle from reaching the surface. Their preparation will create a perfectly healthy condition of the scalp, and, by its tonic properties, will preserve and strengthen the roots of the hair.—*Statesman, Des Moines, Iowa.*

TWO HOUSES FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale two good dwelling houses on the north side of East Avenue, in Wellsboro. They are first-class, well built and convenient in every respect. They are within a few minutes walk of the business part of the village, and will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Inquire of ISAAC SEARS.
Wellsboro, Oct. 28–4t.*

WELLSBORO MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY

E. R. KIMBALL, *Retail Grocer.*

WELLSBORO, NOVEMBER 3, 1873.

DEALERS	PAY FOR	SELL AT
White wheat flour, per bbl.	—	$10 50
Amber " "	—	9 25
Spring " "	—	8 25
Buckwheat flour, per cwt.	3 25	4 00
Wheat, white, per bushel.	1 80	—
Wheat, red, "	—	—
Wheat, spring, "	—	—
Buckwheat, "	60	—
Corn, shelled, "	70	90
Oats, "	40	50
Barley, "	50	—
Rye, "	80	—
Clover seed, "	—	7 50
Timothy seed, "	—	5 50
Beans, "	2 00	—
Corn meal, per cwt.	—	2 00
Feed, per cwt.	—	1 75
Potatoes, per bush.	50	60
Apples, green, per bush.	50	60
Onions, per bush.	1 50	1 75
Turnips, per bush.	25	30
Pork, per lb.	7	12
Hams, per lb.	12	18
Shoulders, per lb.	10	12½
Butter, per lb.	30	35
Cheese, per lb.	12	16
Lard, per lb.	12½	15
Tallow, per lb.	8	10
Honey, per lb.	20	20
Beeswax, per lb.	25	—
Vinegar, per gal.	—	40
Eggs, per dozen.	25	25
Dried apples, per lb.	6	8
Dried peaches, per lb.	—	12½
Dried cherries, per lb.	—	40
Dried blackberries, per lb.	15	20
Dried raspberries, black, per lb.	25	30
Dried raspberries, red, per lb.	20	25
Cranberries per qt.	—	20
Hay, per ton.	15	—
Wood, 18 inches, per cord.	—	2 00
Wood, 3 feet, per cord.	—	3 00
Coal, hard, per ton.	—	6 75@7 25
Coal, soft.	3 50	3 50
Ground plaster, per ton.	—	8 50
Sugar, "A" coffee, per lb.	—	12½
Sugar, yellow, per lb.	—	11
Sugar, brown, per lb.	—	11@12
Teas, green, per lb.	—	50c@1 50
Teas, black, per lb.	—	80c@1 25
Kerosene, per gal.	—	30
Wool, per lb.	40	—
Peas, Canada field,	—	2 00
" Black-eyed Marowfat.	—	3 00

NEW YORK CITY MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY

HARDING, HAYDEN & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 325 WASHINGTON STREET, NEW YORK.

Nov. 1, 1873.

BUTTER.			
Dairy Pails, choice.	35	@	37
" " ordinary.	30	@	33
Penn's, Choice.	28	@	31
" ordinary.	26	@	28
State Firkins, selected.	33	@	35
State Tubs.	34	@	36
CHEESE.			
State Factory, fancy.	14	@	14½
" " medium.	11½	@	13
Farm Dairy, prime.	13	@	13½
" " fair to good.	10	@	11
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Dried Apples, quartered per lb.	7½	@	8
" " sliced.	9	@	9½
Potatoes, per bbl.	1 50	@	2 25
Apples, fine.	2 50	@	3 50
Maple Sugar.		@	
Ashton Salt			3 50
Lard.	7½	@	8
Tallow.	7½	@	8
Eggs, fresh.	25	@	27

NOTICE.—Whereas, my wife Phebe A., has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation. All persons are warned not to harbor her, or give her credit, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date, Oct. 18, 1872.

Charleston, Oct. 21, 1873-3t* T. J. BUTLER.

APPLICATION FOR DIVORCE.—To Royal S Woodruff: You are hereby notified that Martha Woodruff has applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, and that the said court has appointed Monday the 24th day of November next, for a hearing in the premises, when and where you can attend, if you think proper. E. A. FISH,

Wellsboro, Pa., Nov., 4, 1873-4t. Sheriff.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the Executors and Administrators named below have filed their accounts in the Register's office for Tioga county, Pa., and that said accounts will be presented to the Orphans' Court for said county, at a session of said Court to be held at Wellsboro, in said county, on Monday, the 24th day of November, 1873, at 2 o'clock, p. m., for allowance and confirmation.

Final account of John Howland and Hannah Seely, executors of the last will and testament of E. S. Seely, late of Deerfield, Tioga county, Pa., deceased.

Final account of O. A. Smith and W. W. Tate, executors of the last will and testament of Conrad Bernauer, late of Gaines, Tioga county, Pa., deceased.

Final account of M. K. Retan and Edgar Kinner, administrators, cum testamento annexo, of the estate of J. B. Retan, late of Jackson, Tioga county, Pa., deceased.

Account of Angeline Shepherd and N. W. Garrison, administrators of the estate of E. D. Shepherd, late of Jackson, Tioga county, Pa., deceased.

Final account of Lovina Gee, administratrix of the estate of Joseph Gee, late of Middlebury, Tioga county, Pa., deceased.

Final account of Orren West, administrator of the estate of Wm. Archer, late of Middlebury, Tioga county, Pa., deceased.

Second partial account of Levi B. Sheive, administrator of the estate of Waterman McIntyre, late of Jackson, Tioga county, Pa., deceased.

Wellsboro, Pa., Oct. 28, 1873.-4t. D. L. DEANE, Register.

SPECIAL COURT.—The following causes have been certified to Special Term of Court on the 4th Monday of December, 1873:

John W. Gurnsey vs Collins W. Soper, et al., No. 139, Nov. Term, 1868.

John Vicher and John Randall vs Wm. E. Dodge, Daniel James and James Stokes. No. 424, May Term, 1870.

A. Westbrook vs W. & L. R. R. Co., No. 14, Jan. 1870.
James Stevens vs " " 17, " "
H. W. Calkins vs " " 18, " "
Dean Dutton vs " " 19, " "
G. W. Hazlett vs " " 20, " "
R. J. Inscho vs " " 24, " "
Tom Spalding vs " " 297, " "
Edward Bayer vs " " 295, " "
Albert Aldrich vs " " 296, " "
Eliza DePui, et al. vs " " 18, " "
Sally Dutton vs " " 19, " "
John McGraw vs Farrington Barcalow, No. 300, Nov. Term 1872.

Oct. 28, 1873.-3t. R. C. COX, Prothonotary.

STOVES!

D. H. BELCHER & CO.

Have just received a very large assortment of Cook and Parlor Stoves, for wood and coal, which they offer for sale at reasonable prices. Every stove fully warranted. We have the celebrated

MODERN VULCAN COOK STOVE,

for wood and coal, which we offer for sale as the best cook stove in this market. Also the

LIGHT-HOUSE,

Base Burner, for hard coal, and the "SPITFIRE," for soft coal, both of which are warranted to give good satisfaction.

We are agents for the Horseheads Plows, which only need a trial to insure a sale.

We keep a general assortment of

Hardware, Nails,

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

Tin-Ware, Sheet-Iron Ware,

Copper, &c. All for sale at "live and let live prices." All kinds of JOB WORK promptly done and satisfaction guaranteed.

A share of the public patronage solicited.

D. H. BELCHER,
C. E. BREWSTER, D. H. BELCHER & CO.
Wellsboro, Oct. 28.-3mo.

New York City Made

CLOTHING AT THE

"*HEADQUARTERS*"

WITHOUT DOUBT WE

Sell the best made, trimmed, and the best fitting garments for Men Boys and Children in Northern Pennsylvania. Very many people complain that they never had a good fitting suit. We say to all such, that we guarantee a perfect fit every time, and our prices are always lower than goods of the same quality can be purchased elsewhere.

Wellsboro, Oct. 21, 1873-tf. THOMAS HARDEN.

Guttenberg, Rosenbaum & Co.,

ARE DAILY RECEIVING

NEW GOODS FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Our Stock of DRY GOODS

is unusually large and attractive. It consists of

DRESS GOODS, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

In all the new shades,

BLACK ALPACAS, a Specialty.

Black Cashmeres, Black Silks.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!

A full assortment of

Striped Ottoman,
Single and Double Paisleys,
Thibet and Heavy Double Shawls.

BALMORAL, FELT AND HOOP SKIRTS,

Waterproofs, and Cashmeres, Flannels,
Domestic and Housekeeping Goods,
Prints, Muslins, Tickings,
Denims, Shirtings, Napkins,
Linen Table Cloths, Towels.
Lace Curtains, White Goods,
Ladies' Belts, Rushes and Ties,
A fine stock of Fancy Goods,
Kid Gloves, Laces, Embroideries, &c.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

New and stylish Fall Suits, for Men, Youths, and Boys. Spring, Fall, and Winter Overcoats.

Remember that we manufacture our own goods and can therefore save buyers considerable. We call especial attention to our

Custom Tailoring Department.

We keep a large stock of Fine imported Cassimeres, Coatings, and Beavers.

We do Custom work on short notice.

We guarantee all work done by us as regards fit and style.

New Hats, Caps, and a large stock of Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Don't fail to call on us before u purchase, as we can offer

BETTER BARGAINS

than you can possibly get elsewhere.

GUTTENBERG, ROSENBAUM & CO

Wholesale Store,
105 DUANE ST., NEW YORK.

M. BERNKOPF, Managing Partner.

☞ Branch stores—158 Water street, 2 Union Block, Elmira, Susquehanna Depot, and Montrose, Pa.

Wellsboro, Oct. 7, 1873-tf.

Deerfield Woolen Mills!

DEERFIELD, PA.

INGHAM BROTHERS, Proprietors of the above Mills, will manufacture as usual to order, to suit customers.

OUR CASSIMERES

are warranted. Particular attention given to

Roll Carding & Cloth Dressing

We manufacture to order, and do all kinds of Roll Carding and Cloth Dressing, and defy competition.

We have as good an assortment of

Full Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.,

and give more for Wool in exchange than any other establishment. Try them and satisfy yourselves.

We wholesale and retail at the Cowanesque mills, 2 miles below Knoxville.

Jan. 1, 1872. INGHAM BROTHERS.

J. H. Griswold's Water Wheel

THE undersigned, are agents for the above Water Wheel, and can cheerfully recommend it as superior to all others in use. Persons wishing to purchase should see this wheel in operation before buying other wheels. INGHAM BROS.

Deerfield, May 15, 1872.

Read the following:

WESTFIELD, APRIL 24, 1872.

We the undersigned, purchased one of J. H. Griswold's 30 inch Water Wheels using 68 inches of water to run three run of stone under a 20 foot head, and are well pleased with the wheel. We have ground sixty bushels per hour with the three run, and can average that amount per hour all day.

E. D. PHILLIPS.
CHARLTON PHILLIPS.

Important to Farmers

AND OTHERS.

W. P. BIGONEY, Ag't,

Has just returned from New York with a large and fresh stock of goods, which will be sold at prices that cannot fail to win customers. The stock consists *of*

Feed, FLOUR, Salt,

PORK,

Fish, Soaps, Starch, Spices,

SALERATUS, &c.

HE ALSO HAS THE AGENCY FOR THE

United States Tea Company,

OF NEW YORK.

AND WILL MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES,

&c. Come and buy ONCE and you will again.

Remember the place,

Second door below the Wellsboro Hotel.

Wellsboro, Pa., Oct. 14, 1873. W. P. BIGONEY.

Canvassing Books Sent Free For

Prof. Fowler's Great Work

On Manhood, Womanhood and their Mutual Inter-relations; Love, Its Laws, Power, etc.

Agents are selling from 15 to 25 copies a day, and we send a canvassing book free to any book agent. Address, stating experience, etc., NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

M. R. N. Y.—Moore's Rural New-Yorker, the Great Illustrated AGRICULTURAL and FAMILY WEEKLY, is the **Standard Authority** upon Practical Subjects and a High-Toned Literary Journal. Only $2,50 a year—less to clubs. Great Premiums or Cash Commissions to Agents. *Thirteen Numbers* (Oct. to Jan.) On Trial, for **Only Fifty Cents!** Premium List, &c., sent free to all Trial Subscribers. Address **D. D. T. MOORE, New York City.**

NEW BOOK Now ready for agents, **Home Life in the Bible.** By DANIEL MARCH, D. D., author of "Night Scenes in the Bible" and "Our Father's House," of which nearly 100,000 copies of each were sold. Send for Circular. ZIEGLER & M'CURDY, 518 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

POLARIS MYSTERIES solved; disasters and escapes vividly portrayed. See **FROZEN ZONE** and its **EXPLORERS.** A splendid *octavo* of 800 pages, most profusely illustrated with elegant *steel* and wood engravings. *A fascinating history of Artic adventure.* The most saleable book out. AGENTS WANTED. Send for terms and sample pages to Mutual Publishing Co., Hartford, Conn.

Why "Housekeeper's Manual" Sells.

A successful agent says: "Unlike all other books it has a claim on woman's attention. A HOUSE-TO-HOUSE CANVASS PAYS!" $70,00 in *one week* was made by a agent.

AGENTS WANTED.

For terms and territory apply to J. B. FORD & CO., New York, Boston, Chicago, or San Francisco.

"DOMESTIC"
PAPER
FASHIONS.

Agents Wanted.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CO., N. Y.

THE CrownWringer,

The cheapest and best in the market. Warranted truly self-adjusting. **Special Inducements to Washing Machine Agents and the Country Trade.** Liberal terms. Agents wanted. Send for Circular. **AMERICAN MACHINE CO.,** Manufacturers and Patentees, office, 430 Walnut St., **Philadelphia, Pa.**

FIRESIDE HINGE CONE BURNER FOR SUN CHIMNEYS, made by **PLUME & ATWOOD,** produces the largest light. Can be used on any coal oil lamp. For sale by all lamp dealers.

GOOD CIDER ALL THE YEAR ROUND. The Neutral Sulphite of Lime, as prepared by BILLINGS, CLAPP & CO., Boston, formerly J. R. NICHOLS & Co., keeps CIDER SWEET ALL THE YEAR ROUND. New York office, 9 College Place.

STAMMERING.—DR. WHITE'S U. S. STAMMERING INSTITUTE, 417 Fourth avenue, N. Y. Best references. No pay until cured. Send for circular.

500 AGENTS wanted for our popular **MAPS** and religious and historical **CHARTS.** Splendid assortment! Large sales! Large profits! Address HAASIS & LUBRECHT, Empire Map and Chart Establishment, 107 Liberty St., New York.

WOMEN MEN, Girls and Boys wanted to sell our French and American Jewelry, Books, Games, &c., in their own localities. No capital needed. Catalogue, Terms, &c., sent FREE. P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON, & CO., Portland, Maine. Oct. 21-4t.

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER.—Notice is hereby given that the following applications for charters of incorporation have been filed in my office, and will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county, Monday, November 24, 1873:

Application of Rev. Dr. Breck, John Hinman, David Cooper, and others, for the "Trinity Church, Antrim, Tioga county, Pa."

Application of R. M. Smith, John F. Schanbacker, John Maynard, and others, for the "Second M. E. Church in Gaines, Tioga county, Pa."

Application of Charles W. Brown, L. R. Decker, W. G. Lutz, and others, for the "Odd Fellows Building Association of Mansfield, Tioga county, Pa."

Application of Andrew Vandusen, Edgar M. Stevens, James E. Peters, and others, for the "Union Cemetery Company." R. C. COX,

Wellsboro, Nov. 4, 1873-3t. Prothonotary.

Mathers & Bodine

Have bought out the business of Mathers, Holiday & Co. and propose henceforth to do business for CASH or its equivalent, which is farmers' produce of all kinds, such as Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Lard, Pork, Grain, Rags, Beeswax, &c. We shall keep a full line of Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready-made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Yankee Notions, &c. We will pay a fair price for produce, and sell our goods at reasonable rates in exchange.

We have also connected with our business a **LUMBER YARD.** We can furnish builders and others with Flooring, Siding, all kinds of Hemlock and Pine Lumber, Timber, &c., ready for use.

COME AND SEE US.

N. B. We will deliver goods for our customers in any part of town.

MATHERS & BODINE.

Wellsboro, Oct. 21, 1873-tf.