LOCAL NOTICES.

Spalding's Glue will mend your ways.

Salt, both common and packing, cheap for cash, at Bennett's, Covington.—Nov. 5-2w.

For Sale.—A good yoke of working oxen, seven years old. Time will be given for payment for approved security. Enquire of Robert Trull, Charleston, Pa.—Nov 5th-3t.

Doctor Daniel Bacon has returned from Antrim to this village. Those desiring his professional service will find him at his old office one door east of Miss Todd's Music Store on Main street.

Domestic and bleached cotton, including Canton Flannels, Tickings, Denims, &c., are much cheaper than heretofore. You will find a good stock of these at the very lowest prices at Bennett's, Covington.—Nov. 5-2w.

J. C. & A. M. Bennett, Covington, Pa., are offering a full stock of general merchandice this fall at very low prices for ready pay. We respectfully invite the attention of close cash buyers to inspect the Goods and ascertain the prices. The highest market price in CASH paid for Butter.—Nov. 5-2w.

Auction.—On the premises of the late Thos. E. Jones, deceased, in South Charleston, Pa., on Friday, Nov. 15th, 1872, 10 cows, 1 span of horses, mow of hay, and a bin of oats Also a lot of farming utensils, will be sold on nine months time; (hay and oats 8 months time,) with approved security.
Oct. 29, 1872-3w*

The Gem of the Toilet the world says is Sozodont. It renders the teeth pearly white, gives to the breath a fragrant odor, extinguishing the ill-humors which usually flow from a bad and neglected set of teeth. Sozodont is so convenient, and produces a sensation at once so delightful that it makes it a pleasure to use it.

J. C. & A. M. Bennett, Covington, Pa., offer for the fall and winter trade a complete stock of men's and boys' boots, of Chamberlain's and Willson & Davison's make. Every pair *warranted*. Rubber boots, heavy overshoes, &c., at the lowest prices. A full stock of women's and children's fine and coarse work. All as cheap as any dealer in the State. Nov. 5, 2w.

The new horse plague or epidemic now spreading among horses is said to be much like Diphtheria in the Human Race. Stimulating applications to the throat are beneficial in both disorders, so that horsemen are now disposed to use Salutifer quite freely for this purpose. This seems to be rational treatment, from the marked success of Salutifer when used for Diphtheria.

The Agitator.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1872.

Home Affairs.

Briefs.

—Vote!

—Vote early!

—Don't vote but once!

—How is your horse?

—Burglars and incendiaries are busy at Corning.

—The horse epidemic has appeared at Elmira.

—This is Election Day. Let every man do his duty!

—The horse disease has made its appearance in this village.

—Look out for spurious fifty cent currency. A new batch is said to be out.

—Rev. Dr. Metcalf, senior professor in Hobart College, Geneva, died last week.

—There have been three or four cases of poisoning in Lock Haven from eating cheese.

—A new time table went into effect on the Erie road last Monday The changes are slight ones.

—We are indebted to Hon. John Scott and Hon. Simon Cameron for valuable public documents.

—Mr I. D. Green, of Williamsport, has been granted a patent on a "Machine for Coining Matches."

—Mr. Reuel Gile, Sr., an old resident of Richmond township, died at Canoe Camp last week Sunday.

—There was an adjourned term of Court held in this village last Friday mainly for naturalization purposes.

—The proprietors of the Irvin House, Lock Haven, are making preparations to manufacture their own gas.

—They say "he's got the epizootic," now, when a man is attacked by a desire to brace up lamp-posts with his body.

—The State Executive Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, propose meeting in Williamsport this month.

—See to it that when the polls close this evening every Republican voter in your district shall have voted for Grant and Wilson.

—Greeley papers say that "Buckalew has been counted out." Yes, those 49,049 Democrats who remained away from the polls did it.

—Williamsport Bourbons say, "They don't care any way." They know they will be whipped, but they have played a good joke on Horace.

—The Hornellsville *Times* states that there are twenty miles of side track in the Hornellsville station yard, and yet there is not room enough.

—The Condersport *Journal* of last week says that Lucas Cushing, a respected resident of that place, was stricken with paralysis a few days since.

—Ellen McGraw, aged twenty-two, wandered from home in West Almond, Allegany county, N. Y., while deranged, and was found hanging from a tree.

—There is a man in Jersey Shore so fond of money that it is said, after paying a man a bill, he walks home with him so as to be near the money as long as possible

—A steam boiler exploded at Ladd's mill, in West Union, a portion cutting off beech beams ten inches square and rising fifty feet above the roof. No one was hurt.

—A lad named Evilhare, about fifteen years of age has been missing from his home at Williamsport since last Tuesday. He is believed to have been drowned

—There has been a greater falling off in the apple crop this season than before in many years It is accounted for by the fact there are so many more apples to fall off.

—It is said, perhaps with a good deal of truth too, that as soon as the fall styles make their appearance, the gospel will reach a larger number of people than usual on the Sabbath day

—A correspondent informs us that on the evening of the 19th ult. Mr. Nathan Niles, a youth of about sixteen years, son of the late Wallace Niles, of Middlebury, was killed by a colt, and killed instantly.

—The Northumberland Presbytery have received that Rev. Mr. Kerr, of Williamsport, shall not preach again until the charges made against him are adjudicated, and his ministerial and moral character fully vindicated.

—H H. Fitch, the Lock Haven baggage master, who was so badly injured in some mysterious manner recently, died last week Monday. The local papers don't quite know whether the man was assassinated or committed suicide.

—Mr. William Roberts is to remove this week to his new home at Horseheads, N. Y., where he will engage in farming. In him our village loses a valuable citizen and Horseheads gains one. While we regret his departure, we wish him health, success and happiness wherever he goes.

—The Williamsport *Gazette* is responsible for this: A pleasant looking gentleman stalked out on the platform at the depot Saturday, and, inhaling the fresh air, enthusiastically observed to the brakeman, "Isn't this invigorating?" "No, sir, it is Williamsport," said the conscientious employee. The pleasant looking gentleman retired.

—John O'Conner, late of Corning, was married recently at Scranton to Lottie, daughter of Dr. Stevens, one of the leading citizens of Scranton. The marriage produced a great sensation in that city, as the girl married O'Conner without the knowledge os consent of her parents, having left her home dressed as a bride, on the pretence of going to a masquerade party.

—The Corning *Journal* tells this horse story: Dr. A T Mills was stooping down to examine a fore foot of one of his horses, standing in the stall, when the animal seized him in the side with his teeth, and shaking him, actually lifted him into the low manger.—Dr. M. was surprised by the sudden attack, and freed himself as soon as possible. Dr. Mills's clothing saved him from a lacerated wound, but there is a hand-breadth of purple skin and of tender muscles.

—We have received a half-dozen pieces of new music and songs published by Peters, of New York, comprising "The Belle of Saratoga March" by Baumbach, a Song and Chorus by James E Stewart, a Waltz and a Polka by Kinkel, and a fine song "O! Give me a home in the South" by Will S. Hays. Not being much of a musical critic ourselves, we propose to send these works to an expert in that line in whose good judgment we have the utmost confidence. We are under obligations for them to Miss H. W. Todd, of this village, who has a fine selection of the best new productions on sale at her music store on Main street.

The Last Rally.—Last Saturday evening the last meeting of the campaign was held by the Republicans, at the Court House in this village. A fair audience was present, though the house was not filled as it has been several times during the heat of the campaign. The fact is, that our opponents got so dreadfully whipped last month, and are still so badly demoralized that they don't seem to have any more fight left in them, and Republicans are therefore not as active as they would be if they felt they had foeman worthy of their steel. And so many of them did not turn out to the meeting Saturday night, though we trust they will all be on hand at the polls to-day. But those who did attend at the Court House were richly repaid for their trouble, for they heard a couple of excellent speeches—among the best made during the campaign.

Hon J. B. Niles spoke first and reviewed in a rapid manner the State and national record of the Republican party, showing what it had done for the finances of Pennsylvania and of the country at large, and calling attention to the happy results of its policy as shown in the sound currency of the country and the universal prosperity of the people. He then explained why he could not vote for Mr. Greeley, calling attention to his secession record, to his Portland speech, and to his more recent utterances while "swinging around the circle."

After he had concluded, Hon. H. W. Williams delivered one of the most logical and convincing arguments in favor of the continued supremacy of the Republican party to which we ever listened. It was almost judicial in manner and spirit. The argument was so closely knit that it is hardly possible to find any point more worthy of quotation than another. That part of it where he disposed of the claim that the rebels should be re-instated in office as a means and evidence of "reconcilitation" was admirable, and was highly enjoyed by the audience. As a whole, the meeting was a fitting close of a campaign in which the sound common sense and sober reason of the people have exposed and defeated the most stupendous confidence game of the century.

The Man who looked like Hayt.—One day last week a few gentlemen of this village were in Elmira, and while there one of them met with an adventure which revealed a sad state of destitution in at least one locality in the county of Chemung.—That the story may be fully appreciated the reader should understand that the gentleman alluded to bears quite a close resemblance to Hon. Stephen T. Hayt, of Corning, the Democratic candidate for Congress in that district.

As the party were coming out of Haight's Saloon just after dinner, a stranger stepped up to the man who looked like Hayt but wasn't Hayt, and requested to speak with him privately a moment. Falling behind the rest of his party, our townsman inquired what was wanted. The stranger said he had been looking for his hearer a great while; that things were in a bad way over in his section, and that something had got to be done at once. Taking in the situation at a glance, our friend, who is decidedly "up to snuff" in matters political, inquired where his new-found friend claimed a local habitation. He was told at Dean's Corners in the town of Veteran.

"Well," said the man who wasn't Hayt, "how do political affairs look over at the Corners?"

"They look rather scaly," replied the gentleman from Veteran. "The fact is, it looks as though the d—d Republicans would lay us out, unless we have help right along."

"What sort of help do you want?" said the man who might have been Hayt. "Well, now," said the Reformer from the Corners, "you know there's the boys, they've got to be treated, and things have got to be made pleasant all around. The fact is, we need a few stamps over there."

"How much do you need?" queried the man who stood for Hayt.

"Well," quoth the statesman from Dean's Corners. "I guess about five dollars will do."

"Well," said Hayt's representative, "you see these gentlemen ahead, I have got to attend to them now. You just go back to Haight's Saloon, and wait there until I get at liberty, so that I can come around and fix matters with you."

"All right," said the Veteran Reformer, and off he trudged to wait for Hayt. Whether he is still waiting we don't know; but we suspect there have been some few remarks made recently over at the Corners not highly complimentary to a candidate for Congress who was so mean as to "go back on the boys" in this style, and play such a scurvy trick on a free and independent Reformer to boot.

Westfield Items.—*Friend Agitator*—Notwithstanding our much talked of railroad communication with the outside world by way of Hornellsville, it exists only in imagination; but we hope for a more tangible roadway with rolling stock that shall not be all imaginary. Yet without any road I must say that our little Boro of Westfield certainly grows; improvement is the sign of the times on every corner and in the streets. I must, however, except some of the side-walks, which are in a deplorable condition. The only excuse I can think of for not stopping the holes, where shins and necks are in danger, is that "a hole will wear longer than a patch," and often wider.

Love Plank has built a house on Church street that speaks well for its builders and the place Aldrich and Dodge are just completing a large and well arranged store on the ground where Gardner and Hunter's grocery was burned, so that the burn district is now all rebuilt but the drug store.—J. P. and E. E. Simmons are displaying and dispensing a fine lot of dry goods where R. Krusen did business. B. B. Strang has opened a dry goods store on the corner of Main and Mill streets, where Bliss and Plank manufactured and sold boots and shoes.

The Averly Brothers are greatly enlarging their tannery, and are doing a good business, their work being their best recommend.—Ambrose Close has put a new front in his hardware store. R R. Parshall has returned from the West, after a short stay, and is building a house on Keystone avenue, a new street that has just been opened. We now have six dry goods stores, two hardware establishments and two groceries in operation; and—and—a high school!—Yes; I come near forgetting to give our principal, C. C. Ward, the credit of organizing a school that has agreeably astonished the natives and met the entire expectations of the pupils. There are one hundred and eleven pupils under his charge, and he has the happy faculty of converting part of their mischievous activity to the acquirement of knowledge that shall help them solve the problems of life in coming years. The second term of this school, with an able corps of assistants under the charge of Mr. Ward, will open about the first of December. And by the way, I would give a friendly warning to all young men aspiring for scholastic honor, not to attend our school this winter expecting to leave "heart whole and fancy free," for it will be impossible with the number of handsome young ladies that grace our midst. To young ladies I can offer but few inducements to spend the winter with us, outside of a good high school, a splendid chance to improve their musical talents, and congenial lady companions, for our young men are few and bashful. ALLUST.

Tioga County Teachers' Institute.—Secretary's Report.—Institute opened Oct. 14th, 2 o'clock p. m., in the Baptist Hall, Wellsboro, at the call of Prof. E. Horton, County Sup't. Exercises commenced with singing. Prayer by Rev. N. L. Reynolds. H. L. Baldwin, and Hattie D. Close were elected Secretaries. Seventy-four names were enrolled. Miss Flora T. Parsons of Rochester, N. Y., spoke on the origin of the Pestalozzian method of teaching. She gave an interesting description of its rise and progress, with illustrations of some of the means employed. Adjourned.

Evening session opened with singing. Roll called; response by sentiment. Rev. N. L. Reynolds read an essay on the "Origin of Language." He said that some supposed words to have been given to man directly from God. Another theory was that man being gifted with a natural instinct, coined words as he needed them. He argued in favor of the latter theory, and proved his point by referring to the first attempts of children at language, by reference to ancient records, and various other arguments of a like character. "The language not the tailor makes the man." He concluded by saying that we were wiser than our forefathers only by what they had bequeathed to us. Prof. Horton expressed himself well pleased with the attendance.

Quartette—"Nobody's Child." Adjourned.

Tuesday, 9 a. m. Singing; reading of Scriptures and prayer by Rev. N. L. Reynolds. 1st Grade, Wellsboro Graded School, sang a piece entitled "Tardy Scholar," Anna C. Gillett, teacher.

Miss Parsons gave them an object lesson on naming and describing the different parts of objects. Prof. F. A. Allen lectured on "Arithmetic." He said that teachers generally had too many classes in this study. Two classes in any one arithmetic are sufficient. Principles belonging to Higher Arithmetic should be taught in the following order: 1st, notation and numeration; 2d, difference between figure and number; 3d, odd and even, prime and composite; 4th, factoring and cancellation; 5th, tables in common use; 6th, reduction; 7th, analysis; 8th, fractions.—Recess—Miss Parsons instructed the Institute in the giving of object lessons. The name of some object is given, and the pupil is required to select different parts which are named by the teacher and written in order, after which the pupil is required to name each part. Prof. Allen spoke on the subject of Grammar. He said that children should not study Grammar until they had had sufficient mental discipline. They should be taught simple analysis first. He strongly advocated the writing of spelling lessons instead of the common method in use. Adjourned.

Afternoon. Institute opened with singing of Calisthenic Songs, selected from Miss Parsons's book. Prof. Allen on Geography. He said that the geography of home should be taught first. "Examination, inspection, interrogation, direction, information, comparison and classification is the natural order of receiving knowledge." "Points of compass should be taught, then distance by actual measurement, afterwards general view." Miss Parsons gave an object lesson in relation to numbers. Children if taught numbers without applying them to objects are liable to make mistakes. Children in counting are apt to confound the objects counted, with the numbers used. Rev. Mr. Calkins said that some teachers fail because they try to teach children things beyond their comprehension.

Prof. Allen remarked that children should never be taught what they would naturally learn themselves. Adjourned.

Evening Session. Song entitled "To the Storm Winds," by Prof. Winters. Miss Parsons read an essay on the "Science of Questioning." "A well trained questioner is a great opener of the mind. A teacher's success depends upon his skill in questioning. The teachers object should be, not to tell and to explain, but to lead his pupils on by questions to see the truth themselves. A judicious use of simultaneous questions is good. Questions are not meant to show off the teacher, but to draw out the scholar. Questions should aim at strengthening the judgment and faculties of the pupil." Quartette. Miscellaneous remarks by Prof. Allen, B. C. Wheeler and other members of the Institute. Hon. J. I. Mitchell made a short and spirited speech. Adjourned.

Wednesday morning Session opened as usual. 2d Grade of Wellsboro School, Ida M. Stoddard, teacher, went through with interesting exercises. Miss Parsons gave them a lesson on designating objects and their various qualities. Prof. Allen on Arithmetic. He explained the principles on which fractions are based very clearly. Recess.—Re-assembled. Miss Parsons on giving object lessons: "1st, develop the idea, then give the term which expresses that idea; 2d, proceed from the particular qualities of an object to the general qualities; 3d, just what the child *can* receive, not what the teacher can impart." Exercise in spelling. Adjourned.

Afternoon. Institute opened with singing. Prof. Winters said that portions of Geometry should be taught to younger pupils, to enable them to understand those portions of Arithmetic relating to it. He illustrated this method of teaching by demonstrating a problem. Prof. Allen extended his remarks on Grammar. Miss Parsons gave an object lesson on the constructing of sentences—showed the manner of condensing several sentences into one. Recess.

General exercises B. C Wheeler, Sarah I. Lewis, E. M. Cass, and others spoke.—Prof. Allen on School Economy. He divided his discourse into three parts: 1st, Objects of Study; 2d, Registers of Study; 3d, What means should be employed to promote Study. The object of study is to discipline the mind. He said that comfortable seats and a well warmed and ventilated house were necessary. Adjourned.

Evening. Solo by Mr. Dartt. Rev. N. L. Reynolds lectured. Subject—How to Think. He said that "the growth of the mind depended upon the body, circumstances, and the will. Over-eating, violent exercise or stimulants weaken the mind. The world does much to accelerate or retard thought. Our thoughts will go no farther than our aspirations. The majority of people dislike intense thought. Dime Novels are easier reading than Theology." Quartette—"Flower of Liberty," opposed by Dr. Webb. Maj. Merrick made a few remarks, followed by D. Cameron, Esq. Duett by Misses Eastman and Johnson. Adjourned.

Thursday. Institute opened at 9 a. m. with usual exercises. 3d Grade, Wellsboro Graded School, (Hattie D. Close, teacher,) sang a piece entitled "Ring the Bells." Object lesson was given them by Miss Parsons on primary and secondary colors.

Prof. Allen on Arithmetic. He explained a method of squaring numbers ending in five. Miss Parsons on object lessons. She advocated the decorating of the school room with flowers. "For younger classes use objects for parts, with their names, number, position and uses. Older pupils should be taught 1st, the qualities of various objects with simple or familiar names to express them; 2d, one prominent quality; 3d, two or more contrasted qualities; 4th, two or more connected qualities." Prof. Allen spoke on Grammar.

Afternoon session opened with singing a few pieces from Calisthenic Song Book.—Prof. Allen on Geography. He thought that children should be taught the Flora and Fauna of their own country. He advocated the collecting and arranging of herbs and seeds. He showed some fine specimens of leaves and seeds collected and arranged by pupils of the Orphan School under his charge. Miss Parsons gave a lesson in "Inventive Drawing." Recess.

General Exercises: Mr. Rockwell expressed himself well pleased with the proceedings of the Institute. Miss Wylie had tried Prof Allen's method of collecting specimens and had succeeded in awaking a spirit of inquiry among her pupils. Miss Brewster explained her manner of conducting a recitation in spelling. Prof. Allen advocated the plan of defining all words used in spelling. W. W. Baldwin spoke in behalf of the Teachers' Association. "Every teacher should belong to this for interchange of thought, and to obtain new ideas as respects education." Prof. Allen on School Economy: He thought that teachers generally expended too much of their energies upon keeping their pupils quiet. Children should be allowed to move about a little and to stretch themselves occasionally, provided that they did not carry it to the extent of interfering with their proper duties. Singing—Adjourned.

Evening. After the usual opening exercises, Miss Parsons read an essay entitled "Nature's own Method." Quartette—"Shun the Broad Road." Prof. Sales, of Knoxville, lectured on "Natural objects in the school-room." He said that children must be interested. "Take some natural object and explain to them its various qualities, &c." He selected a piece of chalk as the subject of his discourse and proceeded to evolve therefrom a variety of scientific and entertaining matter. Song by Mr. Baker: Solo by Dr Webb. Adjourned.

Friday. Morning Session—singing, reading and prayer. 4th Grade of Wellsboro Graded School, (Miss Kitty Dartt, teacher,) sang a piece entitled "Work." Miss Parsons gave them an object lesson on colors; taught them how to distinguish standard colors, and the distinction between shades and tints.

Prof. Allen on Reading: Teachers are careless about classifying in reading. Scholars are often placed in reading classes too high for their capacity. Miss Parsons gave instructions in Inventive Drawing. Prof. Allen gave a programme of school exercises, and explained the same. Adjourned.

Afternoon. Singing. Prof. Allen spoke on School Economy. He advocated seating boys and girls together—had tried that plan in the Mansfield Orphan School, and it had proved a success. "The topical method of carrying on a recitation is to be preferred to all others. Seek for something to commend in a recitation rather than something to condemn." W. W. Baldwin, A. K. McClure, J. L. Sexton, Flora A. Brewster, and Sarah I. Lewis were appointed Com. on Resolutions. Recess.

Re-assembled. B. C. Wheeler, W. W. Baldwin, Miss Frank Wright, Anna L. Dart, and Myra Horton were elected Com. on Permanent Certificates for the ensuing year. Prof. Winters said that no class of persons were engaged in a nobler work than teachers. Other members of the Institute made short speeches. Miss Parsons said that object lessons taught a child to be independent in thinking, speaking and acting. "Teachers should classify their knowledge in order to impart it rightly. Oral lessons benefit the teacher as much as the pupil." Prof Allen remarked that object lessons taught children to notice what was worthy of attention.

Evening Session. Singing—Prof. Allen lectured on the subject of common schools. He said that less improvement had been made in the common school system than almost anything else which the mind of man had touched. Teachers were not so much to blame for this as parents. "The great error of the modern style of teaching is a want of practicality. He explained what is termed the "New Departure" in education, and earnestly advocated its adoption into the common schools. Song—Rev. N. L. Reynolds, Maj. Merrick, Wm. Stone, Dr. Webb and others spoke. Com. on Resolutions reported as follows:

Resolved, That these annual conventions are a source of great benefit to the teachers of Tioga county; that the tendency of these annual meetings, where so much valuable information is presented, cannot fail to produce a happy result. That the thanks of the Institute are cheerfully accorded to Miss Flora T. Parsons for her practical and pleasing lessons. That we cordially thank F. A. Allen for his able instructions. That we extend our grateful thanks to Prof. Winters for the music furnished, and for his untiring efforts towards making this convocation a success. That we thank Prof. F. W. Sales for his scientific and instructive lectures. That our Secretaries H. L. Baldwin and Hattie D. Close have done well. That we warmly thank Superintendent E. Horton for procuring such able instructors. That the Baptist Association receive our thanks for the use of their Church. That Rev. N L. Reynolds receive our sincere thanks for his able lectures and valuable services rendered in this Institute. That the interest manifested by the citizens of Wellsboro in the exercises of this Institute shows them to be interested in the cause of education. We would enjoin upon every teacher the duty of attending the annual meeting of the Teachers' Association held at Tioga on the 22d day of November next.

Whole number of members enrolled 131. The attendance during the week was large, and unusual interest was manifested.

Henry L. Baldwin, Sec'y.
Hattie D. Close Ass't Sec'y.

MARRIAGES.

WING—PACKARD.—At the residence of the bride's father, in Covington, by Rev. J. F. Calkins, on Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1872, Mr. Chas. B. Wing, of Yankton, Dakota, and Miss Nellie Packard.

The printer was generously remembered.

WELLSBORO MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY
E. R. KIMBALL, *Retail Grocer.*

Wellsboro, November 4, 1872

DEALERS PAY FOR	SELL AT
Flour, per bbl.	— @ $11 00
Buckwheat flour, per cwt.	— 3 50
Wheat, white, per bushel	— —
Wheat, red, "	— —
Wheat, spring, "	— —
Buckwheat,	65 —
Corn, shelled,	60 70
Oats,	35 —
Barley,	80 —
Rye,	80 —
Clover seed,	— 5 50
Timothy seed,	— 4 50
Beans,	1 50 —
Corn meal, per cwt.	— 2 20
Feed, per cwt.	— 2 00
Potatoes, per bush.	50 60
Apples, green, per bush.	60 1 00
Onions, per bush	1 50 1 75
Turnips, per bush.	20 —
Pork, per lb.	7½ 10
Hams, per lb.	16 17
Shoulders, per lb.	10 12½
Butter, per lb.	25 28
Cheese, per lb.	11 16
Lard, per lb.	12½ 15
Tallow, per lb.	8 10
Honey, per lb.	20 10
Beeswax, per lb.	30 —
Vinegar, per gal.	— 40
Eggs, per dozen	18 18
Dried apples, per lb.	12½ 15
Dried peaches, per lb.	— 15
Dried cherries, per lb.	— 40
Dried blackberries, per lb.	12½ 15
Dried raspberries, black, per lb.	20 30
Dried raspberries, red, per lb.	20 25
Cranberries per qt.	10 —
Hay, per ton	— 9 00
Wood, 16 inches, per cord	— 3 00
Wood, 3 feet, per cord	— 6 00
Coal, hard, per ton	— 6 00@7 00
Coal, soft	— 5 00
Ground plaster, per ton	— 3 50
Sugar, "A" coffee, per lb.	— 13½
Sugar, yellow, per lb.	— 12½
Sugar, brown, per lb.	— 11@12
Teas, green, per lb.	— 80c@1 50
Teas, black, per lb.	— 80c@1 50
Kerosene, per gal.	— 40
Wool, per lb.	65 —

New York City Market.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY
HARDING, HAYDEN & CO.
Produce Commission Merchants, 325 Washington St.
New York, Oct. 12, 1872.

Butter per lb.	35	to37½ cts
Cheese "	11½	to 14 "
Lard "	8	to 8½ "
Tallow "	8¾	to 9 "
Dried Apples	5	to 6 "
Hops per lb.	30	to 35 "
Eggs per doz.	30	to 31

For Sale or Rent.

HOUSE AND LOT corner of Pearl street and Avenue. Also for sale, seven village lots near the Academy. Apply to ELLIOTT & BOARD, Wellsboro, Pa.

Oct 30, 1872-tf.

LOOK OUT

FOR THE

[redacted]

Just arrived with an immense

STOCK OF

NEW GOODS

FOR

L. F. TRUMAN,

Consisting of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES.

Ready-Made Clothing,

HATS & CAPS,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

ETC., ETC.

The best and the cheapest lot of

TEAS

ever brought into Wellsboro.

LADIES' FURS,

and Gents' Fur Collars.

As I intend to move into one of the elegant New Stores in Wilcox & Kress's new Brick Block, I propose to sell my entire stock at reduced rates for the next sixty days, as I do not wish to move so many goods.

People having Butter and Grain to dispose of will find it to their interest to give me a call before dealing elsewhere.

Oct. 29, 1872-tf. L. F. TRUMAN.

We have Shed the Shanty!

T. L. BALDWIN & CO

FALL AND

TIOGA, PA.

And now have but time to say to our friends and customers that we have good

BARGAINS

FOR THEM

Our Elegant New Store

DESIRABLE GOODS

at the lowest prices to be found.

Call and you will know how it is yourselves.

T. L. BALDWIN & CO.

Oct 30, 1872.

THOMAS HARDEN

HEADQUARTERS

FOR FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THOMAS HARDEN

begs leave to call attention to his New and Extensive Stock of Merchandise, bought since the recent

GREAT DECLINE IN PRICES,

which enables him to offer greater bargains than ever heretofore offered in this market. An immense stock of

Ottoman, Thibet, Broche and Paisley Shawls,

Flannels of all descriptions, Woolen Scarfs, Nubias, Blankets etc.

The Dress Goods Department

is complete with latest styles and fabrics, embracing Cashmere D'Ecosse, Empress Poplins, Sirgo, French Satins, Plaids, Alapacas, Silks, etc.; also, a full line of Trimmings, Fringes, Laces, and Ribbons of every variety.

THE HOUSEKEEPERS' DEPARTMENT

will be found very attractive, as it includes many new and desirable styles of Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths in all widths, Table Linens, Napkins, etc.

THE GENT'S DEPARTMENT

contains an immense stock of Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing.

HATS AND CAPS,

Boots and Shoes at greatly reduced prices.

TRUNKS, VALISES, ROBES &C.,

all sizes and prices.

The best selected and cheapest stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

IN WELLSBORO.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine. No trouble to show goods.

Oct. 29, 1872-1y. THOMAS HARDEN.

THOMAS HARDEN

1000 Men,

Women and Children

wanted at the

PEOPLE'S STORE

in CORNING, to carry away part of their

Immense Stock of Goods

That they may have room to show the balance. Until further notice large bundles will be exchanged for a small amount of cash. Our stock is VERY LARGE in all DEPARTMENTS especially in

CLOTHS, CARPETS,

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

And is almost daily replenishing with the various novelties as they happen in the New York Markets Grateful for the patronage bestowed upon us by the good citizens of Tioga county we bespeak a continuance of the same, assuring them that they shall be fairly dealt with and satisfaction guaranteed.

Corning, Sept. 24, 1872. SMITH & WAITE.

The Largest Establishment in Northern Pa.!

JOHN R. PIERCE

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGIST!

Having facilities for buying and handling large quantities of Goods enables them to offer them at the lowest jobbing prices. In our retail department Goods are sold at a small advance over wholesale prices. A large stock of

STONE, RHODE ISLAND AND WATER LIME,

GLASS, ALL SIZES, SINGLE AND DOUBLE THICK, PAINTS ALL KINDS AND COLORS, VARNISHES AND VARNISH BRUSHES, A FULL STOCK.

Transfer Ornaments, Striping Pencils

and Brushes for Carriage and

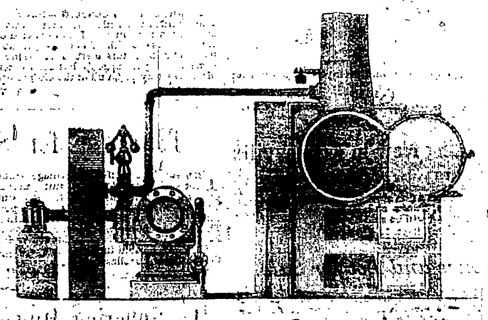
Cutter Ornamenting.

A full line of all classes of Good appertaining to our business kept in stock.

Jan. 1, 1872. JOHN R. PIERCE.

Corning Foundry & Machine Shop.

ESTABLISHED 1840.



B. W. Payne & Sons,

Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Engines and Boilers. Gearing, Shafting and Machinery required for Saw Mills, Grist Mills and Tanneries, Ovens and Grates, for burning Tan. Screws for moving unleached and leached bark, Castings, Bolts, Railroad Frogs, Chairs, and Repairing done at short notice. We have facilities for shipping by Canal or Railroads to all points, and can furnish Machinery cheaper than Eastern or Western builders of the best quality.

Jan. 1, 1872-1y. CORNING, STEUBEN COUNTY, N. Y.

A FAMILY ARTICLE.

Agents make $12 50 per day. $75 per week.

AN ENTIRELY NEW

SEWING MACHINE

FOR DOMESTIC USE,

ONLY FIVE DOLLARS.

With the New Patent Button Hole Worker.

Patented June 27th, 1871.

A most wonderful and elegantly constructed Sewing Machine for *Family Work*. Complete in all its Parts, Uses the Straight *Eye Pointed Needle*, Self Threading, direct upright Positive Motion, New Tension, Self Feed and Cloth Guider. Operates by Wheel and on a Table. *Light Running*, Smooth and noiseless like all good high priced machines. Has *Patent Check* to prevent the wheel being turned the wrong way. Uses the thread direct from the spool. Makes the Elastic Lock Stitch, (finest and strongest stitch known) firm, durable, close and rapid. Will do all kinds of work, *fine* and *coarse*, from Cambric to heavy Cloth or Leather, and uses all descriptions of thread. This Machine is heavily constructed to give it strength; all the parts of each Machine being *made alike by machinery*, and beautifully finished and ornamented. It is *very easy to learn*. *Rapid, Smooth* and *Silent* in operation. Reliable at all times, and a Practical, Scientific, Mechanical Invention, at *Greatly Reduced Price*.

A Good, Cheap, Family Sewing Machine at last.—The first and only success in producing a valuable, substantial and reliable low priced Sewing Machine. Its extreme low price reaches all conditions. Its simplicity and strength adapts it to all capacities, while its many merits make it a universal favorite wherever used, and creates a rapid demand.

IT IS ALL IT IS RECOMMENDED.

"I can cheerfully and confidently recommend its use to those who are wanting a really good Sewing Machine, at a low price." Mrs. J. P. Wilson, Rutherford Park, Bergen Co., N. J.

Price of each Machine. "Class A." "One," (warranted for five years by special certificate,) with *all the features*, and *everything complete* belonging to it, including Self-Threading Needle, packed in a strong wooden box, and delivered to *any part* of the country, by express, free of further charges, on receipt of price, Only Five Dollars. Safe delivery guaranteed. With each Machine we will send, on receipt of $1 *extra*, the new patent

BUTTON HOLE WORKER,

One of the most important and useful inventions of the age. So simple and certain, that a child can work the finest button hole with regularity and ease. Strong and beautiful.

Special Terms, and *Extra* Inducements to Male and Female *Agents*, Store Keepers, &c., who will establish agencies through the country and keep our New Machines on *Exhibition* and *Sale*. County Rights given to smart agents free. Agent's *complete outfits* furnished without any extra charge. Samples of *sewing*, descriptive circulars containing *Terms*, Testimonials, Engravings, &c., &c., sent free. We also supply

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Latest Patents and Improvements for the Farm and Garden. Mowers, Reapers, Cultivators, Feed Cutters, Harrows, Farm Mills, *Planters*, *Harvesters*, *Threshers* and all articles needed for Farm work. Rare Seeds in large variety. Norway Oats. The wonderful *multiplying* Egyptian Corn $1 per hundred, &c., &c. All money sent in Post Office Money Orders, Registered Letters, Drafts or by Express, will be at our risk, and is perfectly secure. Safe delivery of all our goods guaranteed.

"An old and responsible firm that sell the best goods at the lowest price, and can be relied upon by our readers."—*Farmer's Journal, New York.*

Address orders,

JEROME B. HUDSON & CO.,
Corner Greenwich and Courtland sts., New York.
Oct. 15, 1872-6m.

Executor's Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Tioga County, we will expose to public sale, on the premises, on Saturday, the 16th day of November, A. D. 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to the highest and best bidder, the following described property being the estate of the late Conrad Bernaur, deceased, situated in the township of Gaines in said county, beginning at the north-east corner of lands of John L. Phenix, thence east 89¾ rods to a post, thence south 186 rods to a post; thence west 60 rods to a post; thence north, 80¼ degrees west, 20 rods; thence north, 37 degrees west, 10 rods; thence north, 47 deg. west, 15 rods; thence north, 88 degrees west, 54¾ rods; thence north, 15½ degrees west, 41 rods; thence north, 21¼ degrees west, 51 rods; thence north 39¾ rods; thence west 22.4 rods; thence east along lands of said Phenix 43 rods; thence north 69.3 rods to the place of beginning, containing 96.9 acres, more or less, excepting a small enclosed lot, about 20x60 feet, used as a burying ground. There is on said farm about sixty acres improved, good frame house, frame barn, and good orchard.

Terms of Sale.—One third down, one third on confirmation of sale, and the balance in six months thereafter.

WM. W. TAITE,
O. A. SMITH,
Executors.

Oct. 22, 1872-3w.

Administrators' Notice.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Albert P. Cone, late of Wellsboro, Tioga county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Tioga county, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against said estate will present the same for settlement, at the office formerly occupied by said Albert P. Cone in the Boro of Wellsboro, Pa.

Dated at Wellsboro, Pa., the 1st October, 1872.

LOUIRA CONE, Admin'x.
J. HARRISON, Admin'r.

Oct. 8,-6w.

DON'T

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Unless you want to know that

WICKHAM & FARR

Have a very

LARGE STOCK,

A NICE ASSORTMENT, and are selling goods at astonishingly

LOW PRICES.

Wgro, Oct 15, 1872.