

If all of Mr. Johnson's... "suffused with tears," what would be the depth of salt water in the streets of Washington?

The Democrats of the Bradford District are snubbing Tracy, Clark and Monroe, renegade Republicans, who want to go to Congress. They like the treason, but despise the traitors.

The Pittsburg Gazette asks: If General McClellan, who really did fight to suppress the rebellion, failed by many thousands to carry Pennsylvania, how is it possible for Heister Clymer to carry it, whose services were all on the side of rebellion?

The following are the Democratic victories as thus far achieved in 1866: Memphis—forty-six loyal men murdered. New Orleans—fifty loyal men murdered. Kentucky—an avowed rebel clerk elected.

In the speech made by the President to the committee from the Philadelphia Convention, he uses the personal pronoun "I" only one hundred and forty-three times. Country papers can't publish the speech in full for want of the important letter "I." They don't keep them by the bushel.

The Philadelphia Bulletin commenting upon the fact that the recent base ball match between the pressmen of the New York World and Times resulted in a victory of the World men by a score 62 to 19, remarks that the Times played on both sides, after their usual fashion.

Gen. Logan believes that Andrew Johnson lost the confidence of the party that made him Vice President, by his drunken conduct at his inauguration. True—and had the Senate dealt with him as he deserved, the country would have been spared the humiliation and disgrace of his Presidency.

The Pittsburg Dispatch says: "The Democratic party is a gone case. It has lost name, principles and identity. We commend this fact to those who still prate of being life-long Democrats, and of being members of the Democratic party. The thing is a nonentity. It has departed this life, and was buried in Philadelphia recently with the honors of war. Requiescat in pace."

Gen. Butler got off a good thing the other day. A Johnsonite was making congratulatory observations to him on the touching scene at the late Philadelphia Convention, when the South Carolina and Massachusetts delegates came in arm in arm, and remarked that "extremes meet." "Yes," said Butler, "so they do when a dog chases his tail, but both extremes belong to the same dog!"

"There is no Abraham Lincoln President now," said Mr. Vallandigham in his Kentucky speech. Vallandigham is about right. What followed must have heightened the effect of his exaltation. "Give it to him!" (meaning Lincoln) shouted one of the Rebel crowd. We had an idea that they and Vallandigham did "give it to him," and that he died of it. That is why Abraham Lincoln is not President and Andrew Johnson is.

The unanimous renomination of the faithful members of Congress from the Second, Third and Fourth districts, Messrs. O'NEILL, MYERS and KELLEY, is an emphatic proof of the cordial support yielded by their constituents to the great measures of the last session, and of the intense hostility to "My Policy" which pervades the masses of the Union party, as well as a deserved tribute to the zeal and ability displayed by the nominees in sustaining the material interests of Philadelphia.

The Point of the Matter. The leading proposition on which this conspiracy against the country is to be conducted, is the monstrous absurdity that the rebel States have an inherent, continuous, unconditioned, constitutional right to form a part of the Federal Government, when they have once acknowledged the fact of the defeat of their inhabitants, in an armed attempt to overthrow and subject it, a proposition which implies that victory paralyzes the power of the victors, that ruin begins when success is assured, that the only effect of beating a Southern rebel in the field is to exalt him into a maker of laws for his antagonist. Atlantic Monthly for September.

The Law Disfranchising Deserters. The guilty always tremble when brought to answer the law they have violated. This is the case and the condition now of the deserters and their upholders who left the army and navy when their services as enlisted men were required to put down rebellion. The law of Pennsylvania, as well as the law of the United States, is against the exercise of the elective franchise by all sailors and soldiers who deserted from the army and the navy. It is this law of the State which is to be put in force, which must be put in force by every election officer in the State, or such OFFICERS CAN AND WILL BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR A VIOLATION OF THEIR SWORN DUTY! The Supreme Court has not decided that this law of Pennsylvania is unconstitutional. Pennsylvania has a right, as a State, to regulate the qualifications of her electors. She does this when she closes her ballot-box to the black man—she does it in the case of the deserter, who violated his oath, who abandoned his country, and who forfeited his franchise. This law of the State of Pennsylvania, disfranchising deserters, must be published in connection with every sheriff's election proclamation. The sheriff who refuses to publish this law in the manner provided, neglects his sworn duty, as well as the election officer who refuses to enforce the law.

THE JOURNAL. Coudersport, Pa.

Tuesday, Sept. 4, 1866. M. W. McALARNEY, Editor.

FOR GOVERNOR: GEN'L J. W. GEARY, Of Cumberland county.

FOR CONGRESS, STEPHEN F. WILSON, of Tioga, (Subject to the decision of the Conference.)

FOR ASSEMBLY, JOHN S. MANN, of Potter. W. T. HUMPHREY, of Tioga.

FOR PROTHONOTARY, HENRY J. OLMSTED, of Coudersport.

FOR TREASURER, JASON W. STEVENS, of Harrison.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER, DAN BAKER, of Coudersport.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGES, WOOLSEY BURTIS, of Ulysses. JOHN P. TAGGART, of Eulalia.

FOR COMMISSIONER, SAMUEL MONROE, of Bingham.

FOR AUDITORS, A. SIDNEY LYMAN, of Oswayo, 3 years. S. H. MARTIN, of Pike, 2 years.

The Great Union Mass Meeting will be held in Coudersport, on Wednesday, the 19th day of September.

The Clinton Republican says: "We are glad to see that John S. Mann, the intelligent and fearless representative in the legislature from Potter county, has been renominated without dissent."

Dean Richmond, Chief of the New York Central Railroad Regency, died at New York, on the 27th. He was a violent democrat, an unscrupulous and intriguing politician.

The Butler American says that since the New Orleans butchery there is not one Johnson man among the Republicans of that county. We do not know of a single one in Potter county.

The Republicans of Tioga have nominated: for Congress, Hon. S. F. Wilson; Assembly, Dr. W. T. Humphrey; Prothonotary, John F. Donaldson; Register & Recorder, Darius L. Deane; Commissioner, P. V. Van Ness.

Do not fail to read the Letter, published on our first page of this week, from a loyal Georgian to Montgomery Blair, on A. H. Stephens. Stephens is a fair, if not the fairest example of Southern rebel honesty.

The Radicals of Phelps county, Mo., have adopted a resolution endorsing "Andrew Johnson as he was, and Congress, as it is." They further declare they have no love to waste on the Rebels who drove them from their homes and murdered their families.

"Hon." M. B. Champlain is expected to address the party without a name, in this place, during the campaign. Where did he get his prefix "honorable"? Was it when he was beaten for Attorney General by a majority of 29,113 or was it for promising whiskey for 17 cents a gallon to all who would vote for little Mac for President?

The Tioga Agitator says: "Dr. W. T. Humphrey, renominated for Assembly, is so well known to the people, and especially to the soldiers, as to need no eulogy at our hands. His record as legislator last winter warrants us in saying that he was ever at his post, and ever obedient to the clearly expressed will of his constituents. He will be triumphantly elected."

The Republicans of Clinton nominated: for Congress, S. F. Wilson; Assembly, Col. C. A. Lyman; Sheriff, Thomas J. Rockey; Congressional Conferees, Messrs. W. L. Hamilton, O. A. Harvey, and James Chatham; Jesse Merrill was chosen Chairman of the County Committee, and Capt. W. C. Kress, delegate to the Union State Convention.

The Harrisburg Telegraph says that, in conversation with an old Whig a day or two since, the talk turned to the politics of the day, when Heister Clymer's recency to the teaching of his young manhood suggested itself. In referring to this fact, our old friend observed that on one occasion he quietly reminded Clymer of his apostasy, inquiring how he, a Whig, could embrace a party organization so hostile to the great men and measures of that once glorious organization. "Ah!" responded Heister, "if you lived in Berks county, and were ambitious, you could comprehend why I became a democrat." He then added, with a leer, "Large Local Majorities are Wonderful Persuasive to Men Fond of Prominence." This is the story in a nutshell of Heister Clymer's political position.

John R. Campbell, of Williamsport, has been appointed Collector of this Eighteenth district, vice George Bubb, removed. Another fall of Andy Johnson's axe. Campbell was the old Post Master, and is the main support of the Union Republican, nondescript. Jacob Sallade is Post Master in place of Mr. Taylor, whose appointment was confirmed only a month since.

TEXAS RECONSTRUCTED.—A private letter from Texas contains the following significant statement:

"We have nothing new here. Politics run high. Our Provisional Government ended on the 9th of this month, and the first act of the Legislature was to give thanks to Almighty God that the Provisional Government was ended; the next was to appropriate \$20,000 to the Rebel soldiers who lost limbs in defense of treason. Farewell to the hopes of the true loyal men of Texas!"

The Democracy of Luzerne have renominated Charles Dennison, for Congress. The Republicans we hope will nominate Winthrop W. Ketchum against him. Mr. K. has carried the county when no other Republican could, simply by the force of his own energy, vigilance and ability. We know of no man in Pennsylvania who deserves more from his friends than he does, and if elected, as we think he could be, he will make an honorable and leading representative.

The Clinton Republican says the Copperhead Congressional Conference met at that place last week and "after an acrimonious contest for a couple hours, nominated Theodore Wright, of Lock Haven. We believe the contest was between Mr. Wright, perpendicular democrat, and a guerilla candidate." This Mr. W. referred to is the "moneyed man" who ran against Mr. Wilson in 1864, and whose friends declared had "enough loose change to buy up the republican party." He failed then; he will fail now. Of his copperheadism his party need not fear, it is the original "flat-head" sort.

In noticing the personnel of the Philadelphia Loyalists Convention, the Daily Evening Telegraph says: "Gen. SIMON CAMERON is a man who has so engrained his name and reputation into the political and legislative relations of our country, that a detailed account of his career would be superfluous. He is a living example of the axiom, that 'There is no excellence without great labor.' He raised himself, by his own unaided efforts, from a journeyman printer to a position in the governmental economy of our great country second to none in influence and trust. For ten years he was a Senator of the United States, and he has been Secretary of War, Minister to Russia, and a prominent candidate for the Presidency."

Democratic Conference.

(For the benefit of our democratic patrons in this county, we copy the following from the Clinton Democrat.)

Pursuant to previous appointment, the Congressional Conferees of Centre, Tioga, Clinton, Potter and Lycoming counties, met at the Fallon House, in Lock Haven, on Tuesday, August 28th, 1866. The following named gentlemen were present:

Centre—P. Gray Meek, Col. Reuben Keller.

Clinton—Dr. J. M. Mickon, A. J. Quigley Lycoming—Hon. Wm. F. Packer, Hon. John A. Gamble.

Tioga—Stephen Pierce, J. S. Cole. Potter—W. F. Burt, Miles White.

Stephen Pierce was chosen President, and P. Gray Meek, Secretary.

Hon. James Gamble, of Lycoming, F. W. Knox, of Potter, and Theodore Wright, of Clinton, were named as candidates for their several counties.

The Conferees present from Centre, Clinton, and Tioga, uniting upon Theodore Wright, of Clinton, he was declared to be the nominee of the conference.

The Philadelphia Convention.

The Tribune of Saturday says: The Convention which will be organized on Monday in Philadelphia was called by eminent, fire-tried Southern Unionists, and originally contemplated a gathering of delegates from the South only. It was called to meet in Philadelphia because (as The National Intelligencer truly averred) such a Convention would not be permitted to deliberate in any Southern City. In many localities which will be represented, delegates have been chosen secretly, because publicly advertised meetings to choose them would have been broken up by violence, as the Constitutional Convention of Louisiana was on the 30th of July. The "Border States" of other days have sent large and able delegations; and it is probable that each of the fifteen ex-Slave States will have representatives present.

It having been suggested that delegations from the old Free States, commissioned to convey to the hunted, stricken loyalists of the South assurances of Northern sympathy and fellowship, would be welcomed, such delegations have been ap-

pointed from nearly all the steadfastly loyal States. Probably not less than twenty ex-Governors are among them, with at least one hundred Members of Congress. Some of these will be precluded from attending by the urgency of home duties; but there will, nevertheless, be gathered at Philadelphia a stronger and abler Convention than ever yet met on American soil.

We presume the Southern delegates will first organize by themselves, and that those from the North will do likewise; but a common feeling, a common purpose, insures that they will be practically one Convention, whether formally so or not. And this will be the first distinctively, avowedly anti-slavery delegated assemblage wherein all the Southern States will have been represented. We anticipate from its deliberations results signally beneficent to the country and its unconditional defenders.

"Speaking of the vote of Stephen F. Wilson on the increase of salary to Congressmen the Bulletin perpetrates the following silly whooper:

"This they know to be false, for he voted against that disgraceful act in every shape in which it was presented."

"He did, eh? Then he voted against the Bounty to soldiers; for these two bills, [bounty and congressional pay] were incorporated in the civil appropriation bill, and he could not vote against one without voting against the other; and as you claim that he voted for the bounty bill, then he voted for the 'disgraceful act' increasing the salaries of members to five thousand dollars. Twist it as you will, Mr. Bulletin, the whole affair is 'disgraceful,' and you have got your 'able and efficient' member in a tight box!"—Union Republican.

This renegade has lied about this matter long enough. Why can't you tell your readers that Mr. Wilson voted for the Soldier's Bounty Bill when it was first presented to the House as a single measure; afterwards when it was sent from the Senate, attached to a general bill, including the iniquitous clause increasing the salaries of Senators and Congressmen, he very properly voted against the whole bill, knowing well that the Bounty Bill was just and right and would become a law even though defeated at that time. Mr. Wilson's votes, without an exception, meet with the hearty approval of a large majority of his constituents, and they will ratify them by two-thirds majority on the second Tuesday of October!

The attempt of copperheads to feed upon public plunder he disapproved and opposed; but the claims of the defenders of the Republic he has always acknowledged.

Now, liar, publish the truth. We know that when a thing sells itself as cheap as this, thing has that very little honor or truth remains after the sale, but perhaps fear of the result when the truth is fully known, will constrain it to be honest in this case.

Of the Democratic candidate for Congress, in this district, the Republican of Lock Haven, Mr. Wright's home, says:

"T. P. Wright, nominated by this Convention for Congress, is the same individual who was rejected by the people of this district in 1864. He was, during the war, an ardent and uncompromising opponent of the administration of Mr. Lincoln, in hearty sympathy with such men as Vallandigham, Woodward, Hughes, Seymours and the Woods, and ready, we believe to go as far as the most virulent in hostility to the measures which were used to subdue the rebellious South. Since the conclusion of hostilities, he has acted consistently with the same men in their endeavors to complicate the national embarrassments resulting from the war, and to prevent any settlement which does not embrace a general amnesty to all Rebels, from Jeff. Davis to Dick Turner, and the consignment of the loyal blacks, who poured out their blood in rivers for the maintenance of the government, to a bondage, more hopeless, ignominious and cruel than that from which the rebellion liberated them. He is, in short, squarely and unequivocally opposed to everything proposed by those loyal men in Congress, whose wisdom and patriotism carried us safely through the perils of the war, and upon the merits of this opposition alone bases his claim to election. Is he the man the people—the loyal people of the 18th district want to represent them in the national councils?"

The following we take from a copperhead exchange:

"Since the adjournment of the disunion Congress, the heads of radical office-holders are dropping like corn stalks in topping times. The President is determined to have none of his enemies in office, and he is right. It is the most insane folly for a man to feed and father a pack of fellows, who devote their entire time to vilifying and traducing him."

Andy Johnson's "bread and butter" Who gave him the purse of the country to encompass the defeat of the just fruits of war? Does the property of the United States become the property of an individual when he becomes President? Are taxes levied for his sole use and abuse? Is removing Union office-holders the only way to make "reason odious"? What right has he to remove from office those who fought in defence of their country! Is it

ordinary human gratitude to kick the man whose support exalted him? We know of one instance of removal, in this county, from a little post-office paying perhaps a hundred and fifty dollars a year, of an old gentleman, (Dr. H. H. Munson, Oswayo,) whose two boys volunteered and were lost in the defence of the Union. They were all he had. A daughter, in poor health, but with sufficient strength to attend to the duties of the office, a bright, intelligent lady, has had the care it for some time, and it has assisted in providing for her a living. Her father has been removed and her employment has ceased. And this is the way Andy Johnson's minions repay the friends of those who died for the right! A raving copperhead, of the meanest stripe, has been appointed. A deserter, we are informed; one who, when drafted, ran away. He is not even a voter; the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania declare him to have forfeited that right by his desertion. Who would be President to day if all had pursued the course he did; Jeff. Davis or the "merry Andrew"? Would there have been such a thing as the United States? Compare the course pursued by the appointee and that pursued by Dr. Munson's sons. Keep on with such removals, the more made the closer will the bands of the Union party be bound together. Andy Johnson has proven recreant to his most solemn pledges, has played the demagogue and fool. Drunk on the day of his inauguration, he has not been in his right mind since. Egotistical to a ridiculous degree he imagines himself possessed of some divine affluatus with which he is to succeed out of the wreck of locofocoism the cream of everything good; organize a new party, whose foundation shall be love of post-offices, and whose structure shall be love of "country," and our southern brethren. He is to be the good Samaritan and lick the sores of all the southern dogs and northern puppies that present themselves.

We publish in another column the official report of the Democratic Congressional Conference prepared for popular consumption. We now desire to give a report of the true state of affairs, which we have received from undoubted authority. The Clinton Democrat truly says that three counties united upon Mr. Wright, but it does not tell the whole truth, which is that two of the counties did not go into the conference, which after much wrangling, finally made the nomination. The Delegates from two counties claimed that certain headstrong politicians got the delegates of three counties drunk that they might the better control them; and as the delegates who were drunk would not listen to reason, would not be governed by what A. Johnson's friends conceived to be the true policy, would not cast aside one who had stood by their party and take up with a renegade republican, the delegates from the sober counties determined that they would not assist in making a nomination which was sure to result in utter defeat. When the action of the majority was manifestly beyond the control of these new disciples of the "merry Andrew," the ex-governor from Lycoming county, got up, and with "tears in his eyes," begged of his stubborn friends that they "stop," "hesitate," "reason," and consider that he had been a delegate to the Philadelphia Convention, that he had met many friends there whom he had not seen since before the war, that they desired success, that victory was everything to them at this crisis, and in districts in which it was impossible to elect brethren of their faith they must select men of the republican party who would be willing, for some "emoluments," to adopt "my policy" and vote for Heister Clymer. If they were not satisfied with this he, as a last resort, would pray that they do not nominate any one, that the field be left open to an independent Johnson man. But even this, the delegates who had imbibed too freely, would not listen to. They must have Wright. "Bully for Wright!" "He was defeated by only 800, and we'll 'lect 'im spite o' h—!" Many more expressions of like character were shouted in the face of the ex-Governor, drowning his pleading and his logic. And, without exaggeration, these straight-out delegates acted very rudely and shamefully. The indignant Johnson delegates then left the Conference, and the remaining three counties nominated Wright, having a jolly time over it! The democrats in this end of the district are feeling very badly. They confess that although Mr. Wright may be a gentleman and all that, still his politics, his open opposition to the war and undisguised sympathy with rebels, make him too heavy to be carried successfully through a campaign like the present. They have not the faintest hope of electing him, and very little effort will be made in his favor in this county. We have heard several of the leading democrats of this village say "they expected a different result."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Ayer's Pills. Are you sick, feeble and complaining? Are you feeling uncomfortable? These symptoms are the precursors of serious illness. Some of the most timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and drive out the humor—purify the blood, and the fluids move on unobstructedly. In health, they purify the system from the obstructed one which makes a cold settle somewhere in the body, and not relieved, will react upon itself and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, and derangement. While in this condition, Ayer's Pills and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health. What is true in this condition, is true in the most dangerous disease. Ayer's Pills are the best purgative ever known, and they are not only safe, but they are also pleasant to take. They are sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine everywhere. Also by C. S. & E. A. Jones, Coudersport, Pa.

Ayer's Ague Cure. For the speedy and certain cure of Intermittent Fever, or Fever Remittent, Periodical Fever, Chills, Headache, and Bilious Fevers; (that is, for the whole class of diseases originating in bilious derangement, caused by the malarial or miasmatic effluvia.) This remedy has rarely failed to cure the severest cases of Chills and Fever, and it has this great advantage over other Ague Medicines, that it induces no complaint without injury to the patient. It is a tonic and a stimulant, and it restores the system to its normal condition, and drives out the miasmatic effluvia. It is sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine everywhere. Also by C. S. & E. A. Jones, Coudersport, Pa.

ERRORS OF YOUTH. A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free of charge, to every man, woman and child, a copy of his own experience, and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, will send their names to JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 13 Chambers St., New York—(117)

STRANGE, BUT TRUE. Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge) by addressing the undersigned. Those who wish to be benefited, will be obliged to send their names and addresses, and will be obliged to send their names and addresses. JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 13 Chambers St., New York—(117)

Lyon's Periodical Drops! The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities. These drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, or Cathartics. They are sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine everywhere. Also by C. S. & E. A. Jones, Coudersport, Pa.

TO CONSUMPTIVES. The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years from Consumption, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for Consumption, in the form of Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription, is to enable his fellow-sufferers to spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a life-saver. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please send their names and addresses to REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamburgh, Kings Co., New York—(117)

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN. Price Six Cents. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhoea or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emission, General Debility, and all the Disorders of the Nervous System, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Inactivity resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By H. B. PIERCE, M. D., author of "The Female Book, &c." The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse are not incurable, and that he has discovered a certain and effectual remedy without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bleedings, rings, instruments, or cauterizing. This is a most valuable and interesting work, and one which every man who has suffered from the above-named complaint, or who is in any danger of doing so, should possess. It is sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine everywhere. Price 25 cents per copy. Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Address the publishers, CHAS. J. CLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York; Post Office box 4, 484.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF A YOUNG MAN. Published for the benefit of the Sick and Suffering. Men and others, who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of Manhood, &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after undergoing considerable medical quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies, free of charge, may be had of the author, NATHANIEL B. WALKER, M. D., 112 E. 11th St., Brooklyn, Kings Co., N. Y.

PINGREY'S ELECTROLEUM! It will remove all kinds of Grease, Tar, &c., from the finest CLOTH, without stain, and cleans KID GLOVES without marring them. Sent, post-paid, for 50 cents per bottle. 100 bottles for \$50. B. H. PINGREY, mylms Harrisburg, Penna.

BINGHAM ESTATE. Until further notice, the Office of the Estate in Coudersport will be open only during Court weeks; at which time Mr. Bingham will be there. He will also be in Coudersport during the weeks of Court in Berks County. Persons who have business with the Estate are requested to meet him at those times. Letters on business addressed to the Office at Wellboro', will be promptly answered. May 1, 1866. WILLIAM B. CLYMER.

\$90 A Month! AGENTS for J. O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. Dec. 26, 1865. Jewly.

BOUNTY COLLECTED! I WILL attend to the Collection of Bounty, under the late act of Congress equalizing Bounties, for all who may apply to me personally or by mail. Address, JOHN C. JOHNSON, Attorney at Law, Emporium, Pa. August 6, 1866—47

Administrator's Notice. WHEREAS Letters of Administration on the Estate of JOSEPH A. DINGEE, late of this township deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons claiming against the estate to present their claims against the estate, for settlement, on or before the 24th day of September, 1866. CHARLES DINGEE, Administrator.