A FRANK REPLY.

The following letter from John S. Mann, Esq., of Coudersport, Potter county, Pennsylvania, is pointed and opportune. Randall, chief of the Bread-and-Butter Brigade at Washington, addressed Mr. Mann, supposing him to be still postmaster at Coudersport, a position which he occupied up to January last, when he took his seat as a representative in the Legislature from his county. Not knowing that he had resigned, Randall sent him, as to all other officials, a printed circular, and Mr. Mann's Reply is as follows;

COUDERSPORT, POTTER CO., PA.,
July 6, 1866.

Hon. A. W. Randall:

Dear Sir: Your favor of June 25, enclosing a call for a National Union Convention, is received, with a request that if the call meets my approbation, I will signify it by a brief letter for publication.

I presume I have as good a right to signify my dissent as approval of this call, and I therefore take the liberty of saying that I have no sympathy with it nor with the men whose names are signed ti it.

In the spring of 1862 I spent some weeks in Washington; and every day was a listener to the great debate in the Senate on the right and duty of confiscating the property of traitors. The speeches of Messrs. Cowan, Doolittle, and Browning on that occasion were all of them calculated, if not intended, to throw obstacles in the way of the triumph of our arms, and when I returned home I told my friends those Senators would all land in the camp of the Copperheads before the contest was settled. The endorsement of this call by the Copperhead members of Congress shows that it is the bridge over which these betrayers of their constituents are to march to the disloyal party of the nation.

If you think you can build up a party of any strength by parading the name of these recreants to the principles that exalted them into power, you deceive yourself.

The people are in earnest; they have made such sacrifices as no pen can portray to overthrow treason, and no sophistry can cheat them out of the just fruits of their victory, so dearly purchased—the first of which is, that loyal men, if they are only "five thousand" in a State, shall control its destinies and fill its offices.

Your movement seeks to give the control of the government of the nation into the hands of those who sought to destroy it, and of their sympathizers; and so it will fail, just as the great Chicago movement failed. Read the effort to build up a Tyler party, and take warning.

Truly yours, for a National Union of loyal men. JOHN S. MANN.

We have here an insight into the despicable machinery of the Post office Department. Every one of the thousands of postmasters throughout the country has received one of these circulars, and is expected to respond, on pain of dismissal. Was ever Austrian despotism more shameless than this? And the man who undertakes it professes to be a Republican.—*Washington Dispatch to Philadelphia Press.*

The Zanesville (Ohio) *Courier* says it once heard General W. T. Sherman explain how it happened he never voted but once for President:

"I'll tell you why," said the General, "I never voted but once, and then I disfranchised myself."

Such looks of wonder and incredulity as this produced may be imagined, but the General paying no attention thereto, proceeded.

"I never voted for a President but once in my life, and that was for Buchanan, and I am since satisfied that any person who was d—d fool enough to do that, has not sense enough to exercise the elective franchise I disfranchised myself, and consequently shall not vote."

Col. Forney has published a long editorial letter to the President, giving him leave to print all and any of his private letters written to him since the assassination of Mr. Lincoln. He speaks in very sharp and sarcastic terms of the President's cousse in giving out such letters for publication, and says it is consistent with his betrayal of the party which placed him in the Presidential chair. The letter closes with a word to the President in refference to his personal affairs, and hints that it may be necessary to tell a full story of the disgraceful scenes of Inauguration day.

A novel way of making change recently occurred at Hong Kong, in China. An American having complained to a native judge of a tailor who had cheated him, the official sentenced the culprit to fifty blows of the bastinado—a sentence which was at once executed, and the American charged fifty cents costs. The judge, not being able to change the dollar given him by the American, the latter humorously told him to take it out in the same manner. Accordingly the tailor was again tied down, and received fifty more blows, thus making up in his own person the required change.

INCREASE OF PENSIONS.—By an act of June 6th, 1866, $25 per month is granted to all soldiers who have lost both eyes, both hands or permanently disabled in the same; and $20 to all who have lost both feet, or a hand and a foot, or have the same permanently disabled; $15 to those who have lost a hand or a foot, or otherwite permanently disabled. Also, pensions extended to dependent fathers and brothers.

THE JOURNAL.

Coudersport, Pa.

Tuesday, July 24, 1866.

M. W. McALARNEY, EDITOR.

FOR GOVERNOR:

GEN'L J. W. GEARY,

Of Cumberland county.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of Potter County are requested to meet at the usual places for holding their Township Elections throughout the county, on Tuesday, the 14th day of *August*, between the hours of 4 and 6 P. M., to elect Delegates to represent them in County Convention, to be held in Coudersport on Thursday the 16th day of August, at 2 o'clock P. M., to nominate a County Ticket to be supported by the Union men of Potter county at the next election, and to choose Congressional and Representative Conferees and transact such other business as may come before the Convention.

The Vigilance Committees of the several Townships are hereby requested to post up notices of the time and place of holding the meetings, and to be present to organize and act as Board of Election of said meetings. The number of Delegates to be selected in each Town is as follows:

Abbott 2, Allegany 3, Bingham 3, Clara 2, Coudersport 3, Eulalia 2, Genesee, 2, Harrison 5, Hebron 3, Hector 3, Homer 2, Jackson 2, Keating 2, Oswayo 3, Pike 2, Pleasant Valley 2, Roulet 2, Sharon 4, Sweden 2, Summit 2, Sylvania 2, Stewartson 2, Ulysses 5, West Branch 2, Wharton 2.

By order of County Committee.

P. A. STEBBINS, Jr., Ch'm.

Coudersport, June 27, 1866.

Committee of Vigilance.

Abbott—D. Conway, J. Schwartzenbach, J. Sandbach.
Allegany—G. W. G. Judd, Albert Presho, Blackman.
Bingham—J. E. Harvey, Frank Colvin, N. Spencer.
Clara—Leroy Allen, Sala Stevens, John Brooks.
Coudersport—W. W. Brown, M. M. Larrabee, N. J. Mills, Jr.
Eulalia—Jasper Spafford, John Yeomans, W. B. Lent.
Genesee—J. C. Cavanaugh, O. H. Perry, C. C. Allis.
Harrison—I. Dodge, G. W. Stevens, M. R. Swetland.
Hebron—S. S. Greenman, Nelson Vanhwigen, Geo. W. Stillman.
Hector—C. P. Kilborn, Cyrus Sanderlin, Stephen Dickens.
Homer—J. H. Quimby, Dennis Hall, Jacob Peet.
Jackson—Reuben Persing, E. Hovoucamp, William Smith.
Keating—Henry Harris, E. G. Crane, Geo. Lewis.
Oswayo—H. H. Munson, W. Dexter, W. L. Shattuck.
Pike—J. M. Kilborn, J. Q. Merrick, Matthew Young.
Pleasant Valley—Ernst Wright, Daniel Eastwood, J. J. Roberts.
Roulet—B. F. Burt, Orrin Webb, C. Knowlton.
Sharon—Ransom Sloat, W. L. Starkweather, Nelson Parmenter.
Summit—Albert Rennels, M. V. Larrabee, James Reed.
Sylvania—E. O. Austin, R. K. Young, Miller Rees.
Stewartson—H. Andreson, J. Francis, S. Devens.
Sweden—Ann Tombs, Edwin Lyman, John Brown.
Ulysses—E. D. Lewis, M. L. Guidley, H. T. Reynolds.
Wharton—H. A. Brainard, Perry Duvall, I. W. Rounds.
West Branch—A. B. Horton, S. M. Cobable, A. Trask.

C. Westermann, at Roulette, wants thirty teams. See card.

☞ The population of Lock Haven is 5,092—a gain of almost 1,100 since 1860.

☞ We are under renewed obligations to Hon. G. W. Scofield for a copy of the "Conduct of the War" for 1865.

☞ Gen. John M. Thayer and F. M. Tipton have been elected United State Senators by the Legislature of Nebraska. Both are Republicans.

☞ The change in the temperature and heavy rains at the close of last week made a little fire quite comfortable.

——Schuyler Colfax has been renominated by acclamation. This is his eighth term. Pretty good luck, printer, say we!

☞ The large flouring mill of Brown & Co. in Williamsport, was entirely destroyed by fire on Friday the 13th of July. Loss estimated at $30,000; partially covered by insurance.

☞ Thad. Stevens is announced as being among the last list of candidates for the United States Senate. If they are all elected Pennsylvania will be well represented.

☞ Postmaster Dennison and Attorney General Speed have resigned their places in the Cabinet. Hon. Freeman Clark, Comptroller of the Currency, has also resigned.

☞ The Clymerites held a Copper-Johnson meeting at Reading the other day. After all the effort made the papers report that it was very much of a fizzle.

☞ The Mite Society, in behalf of the Freedmen, will meet at the residence of Mr. John S. Mann, on Friday evening of this week. The public is invited.

☞ We publish in another column the letter of Gen. Geary on the question of "Equalizing Bounties." His suggestions are practical and should commend themselves to the attention of Congress.

☞ We have received from Horace Waters, 481 Broadway, New York, the following pieces of new music, all from the pen of Miss E. A. Parkhurst: Sunlight Polka, Gen. Scott's funeral March, and a song entitled Looking Forward.

——The Library Association have just received "The True history of a Little Ragamuffin," "Livermore's Historical Research on the Subject of Slavery," and "The North American Review" for July, 1866.

——Capt. John C. Johnson has put out his "Shingle" in Cameron county. Post-office address, Emporium. Those of our citizens who have business to transact in the "hub," will find him prompt and faithful.

——We are under obligations to Dr. Joseph Parrish, sojourning in our village, for files of Southern papers, and for a copy of the address of the Citizens' Association of Philadelphia. This last we will notice in a future issue.

☞ Henry Souther of Elk county, has withdrawn his name as a contestant for the Congressional nomination of that district declaring that the selection of a candidate belongs to the Republicans of Erie county.

——Don't fail to try the new Lamp Chimney at Stebbins'! It is the best invention of the day. So economical, because it won't break—and is convenient, as it can be cleaned without using all the old rags in the establishment.

☞ Gov. Dennison, who resigned his position in the Cabinet as Post Master General, because Johnson was proving false to all his pledges and principles, will take the stump in Ohio for the Union State ticket. He has been named as the successor of Ben. Wade in the United States Senate.

☞ Senator James H. Lane of Kansas, who attempted to commit suicide some weeks ago, died from wounds inflicted upon himself at that time, in St Louis on the 11th inst. The cause is said to be grief for the loss of friends in the advocacy of the fallacy of Johnsonism.

☞ A man named Wier, of Emporium, says that three men attempted to rob him the night of the 18th, on the road leading from Coudersport to Lymansville, but that he frightened them off by throwing a stone and hitting one of their number. We suppose that it's all right.

——We have received a copy of the Anecdotes of the War, advertised in another column, and are free to say that it is the most interesting and sensible work of the kind we have seen. A large volume which must prove prove profitable to canvassing agents.

☞ They have a rich way of supporting Sabbath Schools in our neighbor village—Emporium. Billiard matches are played, entrance fee charged and proceeds donated to the schools. Truly this is a new process for gaining absolution.

☞ Gen. Simon Cameron has presented a bell for the new Court House about being erected in Sunbury. Some years ago he made a like present to Union county. This is his manner of expressing friendship for his old neighbors.

☞ An official saluté in honor of the fourth of July was fired by British vessels in English ports, and the American flag was hoisted to the masthead. This is the first time England has officially recognized the Birth-Day of the United States. The war affected some things!

☞ The New York *Evening Post*, which said some things favorable to the Philadelphia Convention, in its initiatory movements, now drops it like a hot potatoe. It says: "The *Daily News* calls the Philadelphia Convention 'a great uprising of the people,' which, by the way is just what the *World* at the time called the riot which in July, 1863, disgraced this city."

——After the President had vetoed the last Freedmans' Bureau bill, which has been very much modified from the first, it was sent back to the House where it originated, passed by the two-thirds vote sent to the Senate, passed there by a two-thirds vote, and in half an hour was a law, the objections of the President to the contrary notwithstanding.

——During the month of June the saw-mills at Williamsport cut 25,000,000 feet of lumber. They now manufacture $30,000 worth per day. Pretty large *yield* for one town. We saw a statement some time since which claimed for the town that it manufactured more lumber than any other one place in the United States.

——A mistake occurred in the printing of Gov. Curtin's letter to Maj. Kilbourn. Col. *Snipe* should read Col. *Kuipe*. As some doubts have been expressed as to the authenticity of the letter, we deem it due to Maj. K. to say that we have seen the original, are acquainted with Governor Curtin's hand-writing, and believe this to be authentic.

☞ Gen. Joshua T. Owens has called a meeting of the "Central Executive Committee of the Soldiers and Sailors of Pennsylvania," for Monday, Aug. 12, at the corner of eighth and Walnut streets, Philadelphia. Captain Seth Lewis is appointed on the Committee from Potter County. This is the first meeting of the Committee and is designed to complete measures for assisting in the election of Gen. Geary.

☞ Within one week after the completion of the Northern Central Railroad, coal fell in Canandaigua $4 60 per ton. At this rate the annual gain to this city by the Buffalo and Washington Railroad could not be less than a million, and, with the increased consumption which would inevitably result, would not probably be less than a million and a half of dollars.—*Buffalo Express.*

——Last evening Dr. Parrish, who has been visiting the Schools in the South, during the present year, gave a very interesting lecture to the Freedmens' Association of this place; describing their progress, manner of support, mode of instruction, and influence upon Southern society, but more particularly the aptness with which those, poor, benighted, down trodden people learn things new and strange.

☞ Special dispatches, with attractive headings, announced in the Democratic journals with pride and rejoicing that deserters cannot be disfranchised, and the same Journals appeal to the "boys in blue" to vote the Democratic ticket Can soldiers espouse the cause of deserters and vote for the active friends of deserters?

☞ There is a bit of sarcasm in the following from the Sandusky *Register*, which must be felt by all who read it:

"There is a startling rumor afloat that President Johnson has offered Jeff. Davis his liberty if he will consent to preside over the Philadelphia Convention, and give it the *eclat* of his name. Rumor further says that Davis indignantly refuses, and prefers any other method of humiliation—even ironing."

☞ The most bitter opponents of an error are those who know the most about it. Before, during and since the rebellion Southern Unionists have not for one moment been deceived by the subterfuges of the rebels at home or their allies in the North. At a recent meeting in Shelby county Missouri, it was resolved "that any policy that is warmly supported by every rebel, Copperhead, and guerilla in the land, is not the policy for Union men." That resolution ought to be reaffirmed by every Union convention in the United States.

☞ About 4 o'clock on the morning of June the 27th. Geo. Manley's blacksmith shop on Broad Street, Emporium was discovered to be on fire. The building and contents were entirely destroyed. Mr. Manley's loss is about $2,000, no insurance. Smith Bros., Wagon makers, occupying a portion of the building, lost everything, including their clothing, accounts, &c. Their loss is about $800; no insurance. They are worthy, industrious young men, and it is hoped those having accounts with them, will call at once and settle.—*Press.*

——In the Rosseau-Grinnell case the House decided that Gen. Rosseau should be publicly reprimanded, but failed to do anything with Grinnell. Our opinion is that both should have been expelled. Rosseau played the part of bully, and Grinell that of blackguard. Such characters do no good in any place. They were well matched, one had the biggest body the other the longest tongue. Punishment should have fallen upon both.

☞ In 1860 Oregon elected Baker, Republican, and Nesmith, Union Democrat, to the Senate; But Nesmith gradually relapsed into the embrace of the old Democracy, and now votes just as Jeff. Davis would vote if he were a Senator. The recent election in Oregon involved the issue of Nesmith's re-election, and the Republicans have carried both branches of the legislature, thus giving him notice to retire. A true Union man will take his place on the 4th of March next. Well done for Oregon. Pennsylvania will render the same condemnation of the apostate Cowan in October next, and elect a loyal man to succeed him.

☞ They have a new paper at Williamsport, calling itself the *Union Republican*. It is a spicy sheet. "Bets" money—a thing printers don't generally have too much of. Gets discomposed and calls somebody a "liar, scoundrel and villifier." Says its for Geary, but loves Johnson. "Ye cannot serve God and Mammon." "Stick to the truth and shame the devil." (We don't mean to say that Johnson bears any relation to Mammon or the devil)? Don't get into a bad humor about Congressman for this district—his *post-office privileges* have have been restricted. Don't get "dead-ducks" on the brain—stronger minds than yours have been sadly deranged by the feathered tribe. Keep cool. The people are not fools. It is too late in the day to play hypocrite successfully.

"THE OLD DOG GRANT."

The following article from the Springfield, Ill. *Journal*, needs no supplement. It is respectfully referred to the gentlemen who are engaged in the pleasant pastime of asking the Pennsylvania soldiers to vote for Hiester Clymer against John W. Geary, for Governor of Pennsylvania. Even more amusing and astonishing than the new-born approval of Andrew Johnson by his recent slanderers and persecutors, in this effort to rally the support of the soldiers for Clymer their chief assailant in the State. If the Copperheads represented by Clymer had one hatred stronger, it is that which they bear to Lieutenant General Grant; and the La Crosse *Democrat* that is so calumnious of him, deserves the more credit than they, because it speaks precisely as it feals. How curious it is to contrast the Copperhead dislike of Grant with the Copperhead admiratino of Lee! While they execrate the one as a butcher, they canonize the other as a saint, forgetting that, long before Grant finally defeated Lee, the latter was fully conscious of his fate, yet kept his famishing and fainting troops in the field, as if for the purpose of offer- them up as victims to the bayonets of the Union heroes. But read the article:

The La Crosse *Democrat*, one of the leading papers of the Democratic party in Wisconsin, makes a furious onslaught upon Gen. Grant, of whom it speaks as follows:

Ah, but old dog of Galena, your teeth are gone, and as the age of miracles has passed away you are not likely to grow a new set right away. What an aspiration for a man by whose orders the torch swept the fair land and beautiful Shenadoah! Nero fiddling dancing, and reveling over the wreck of burning, did not ask another Rome to satiate his passions; but Gen. Grant, who planned deeds, and caused by his agents, horrors at which the civilized world stood aghast, is dissatisfied because the war did not last a year longer, that he might have used the persuasive agencies of the torch, rope, pillage and murder upon portions of the South still unvisited.

This infamous attack upon the character of General Grant, also comprises all who served under him, and is one of the foulest slanders ever uttered against American soldiers. Notwithstanding this is the language of leading Democratic journals, and undoubtedly represents the spirit of the party as manifested during and since the war, there are persons in it who expect to hoodwink soldiers with professed friendship, and cajole them into an organization controlled by such journals as those from which the foregoing infamous extract was taken.—*Philadelphia Press.*

☞ The composition of the so-called "National Union Convention" to be held in Philadelphia, in August, presents sorry blunderers. From men claiming to be Union down to demagogues and rebels of the Woods-Breckinridge stripe, the delegates elected and those suggested present a conglomeration of all that is corrupt, time-serving, and traitorous. Unwashed and unrepentant rebels hope by its doors to enter Congress, repeal all test-oaths, repudiate the national bonds, and punish—not the men who sought to destroy the government, but those who bravely rescued it from their treasonable attempt. For these men to raise a banner on whose face is inscribed "Union," is supremely ludicrous. The people have been deceived too often by the false notes of this party to join very enthusiastically in the chorus of this last song. The real metre is too palpable. Intelligence is past being frightened by the terms "Radical," "Negro-Lovers," and "Rump Congress." Four years of war has tested the character, weighed the truth, and demonstrated the justice of much that frightened political babes in days gone by. The defeat of Lee at Gettysburg decided more than the question of his advance in the State. It opened the minds, strengthened the hearts, and quickened the understanding of a large mass who previously believed the Democratic party infallible. It gave new force to the truth that a Benedict Arnold might be reanimated, and a Judas take new pieces of silver. The Constitution which in the hands of Buchanan was too weak to protect itself, in the hands of the martyr Lincoln became a tower of strength, under whose strong walls treason, state rights, and secession, sunk in utter defeat. The spirit may be subdued, may be changed, may develope new phases and claim fresh privileges, but if power is not given unto it its pernicious designs and evil machinations will work only discomfiture and disappointment to its adherents. The men whose courage, patience, perseverance, love of principle, and steadfast loyalty, preserved, sustained and defended the Republic in its hour of peril, are well able, now that the full storm has passed and feeble mutterings only heard, to settle the score of blood and establish guarantees for the future. To take it out of their hands and give it to those who did the wrong, would be making the murderer the judge at his own trial. Mercy is a good thing—Justice is a better. God tempered justice with mercy, and Adam and Eve went out from Paradise. Are we wiser than God? Is human love and human generosity more noble? Punishment has followed crime from the time our first parents learned the difference between good and evil. Cain was branded, Judas hung himself, Arnold was an exile and died in a garret, but Davis eats milk and honey. This last is not sufficient and the Philadelphia Convention is expected to remedy it. Southern rebels must be admitted to Congress, Jeff Davis must be released, and Vallandigham and men of his ilk given control of the government they lately declared had ceased to exist. Such is the programme. The delegates, as will be seen by what follows, are mostly from the party which declared the war a failure. Pennsylvania's state convention consisted of two dozen office-holders and one dezen expectants, not selected by public meetings but self-appointed. Notice who control the conventions to send delegates.—"Conservative," means Johnson office-holders. "Democrat" means rebel and copperhead opponents of the war.

In Rhode Island the Democratic State Central Committee has taken action. In Connecticut conservative Union men call a mass State convention. A conservative State Convention has been held in Pennsylvania. The democrats of Vermont will have delegates in attendance. In Maryland ronservative delegates will be appointed. The old Breckinridge State Committee of Virginia has taken steps to the same end.—Conventions have been called in South Carolina, Georgia, and Alabama. The Democratic State Central Committee of Louisiana have appointed a full delegation, placing the rebel army under contribution for the pursose. Among them are Gen. Dick Taylor, Alexander Bouton W. C. C. Claybourne, H.M. Spofford and Judge Abell, there being but one man, Gen. T. J. Herron, on the list who was not a rebel. A delegation of "conservative" Union men headed by Christian Roselius, will contest their seats. The conservative members of Congress from Tennessee will also be in attendance, as well as those from Mississippi. The "Claybank" State convention of Missouri chose delegates some days since. The democrats of Illinois will send a full number. Indiana will be provided for by the democrats; Ohio will have a composite delegation; so also will Wisconsin. Iowa will be represented by General Augustus C. Dodge and associates of that stamp; also by "a strong delegation of conservative Republicans."

Judge Hughes, a prominent citizen of Indiana, an old Democrat but a true Union man, a believer in Johnson but not in copperheadism believing that the Philadelphia Convention will be an assemblage of copperheads and rebels, writes the following letter to Governor Morton:

"WASHINGTON, July 16, 1866.

"Governor Morton: The Proposed Philadelphia Convention tends to the absorption by the democratic party of the conservative Union men of the North. I am not at present ready for such a fusion, if it is to be. *Let the Democratic party first retire its conspicuous anti-war leaders*, and let sufficient time elapse for the grass to grow on the graves of the heroic dead. For the present I advise all Union men to remain steadfast in their own organization, hoping that its dissensions may yet be healed, and to keep aloof from proceedings which can only result in the election of the regular democratic ticket in Indiana. I heartily approve of the President's policy, and regard him personally with esteem and friendship, and I would cheerfully participate in any meeting to express appreciation of his measures; but I am not ready to furnish material to the radicals by returning to power men who incited resistance to laws made to fill up the ranks of the army. I speak only for myself, and no other is responsible for this communication.

"JAMES HUGHES"

——*The Lady's Friend for August.*—"Harvest Time,"—the harvest time of life, as well as of the season—is the appropriate steel engraving of the August number of this beautiful periodical. The double and finely colored steel fashion plate is a gem, as usual. Then we have the usual number of wood-cuts illustrating the "Street Arabs," and the latest fashion in dresses bonnets, hats, &c. The music is the song of "Childhood and Home." Among the literary contributions, we note "One Summer's Romance," by Clara Augusta; "The Banshee," by Mrs. Hosmer; "The Disputed Patrimony," by Auber Forestier; "The Distressed Bachelor," (concluded) by Mrs. Oliphant; Novelties, Receipts, Fashions, &c. For sale at the Post-Office Bookstore.

——Demorest's Monthly for August is a concentration of cooling and refreshing draughts from the fountains of literature and art. While others lose interest this is radient in summer glory. The musical composition, "Touch not the Wine Cup," is a monitor worthy of perusal, and will repay the effort of its sentiment. The superb steel engraving of Washington Irving will be hailed with delight by the admirers of the American Author. There is an extra number of good stories, and a continuation of Alice Cary's "Confession of a Coquette," with Poems, Illustrations, and Fashions, too extended to catalogue here. In a brief summing up, it is worth the price of a year's subscription. Those who wish to subscribe can address,

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
473 Broadway, New York.

MAKE YOUR INCOME RETURNS UNDERSTANDINGLY.—We suspect that quite a number of persons pay more income tax than is required of them under the law, and the farmers in particular, owing to the want of keeping a systematic account or to ignorance of what deductions are legitimately allowed them. F. H. Stauffer, Assistant Assessor at Mount Joy, Pa., will issue a little work on the 1st of October next, entitled "THE INCOME PAYER'S GUIDE AND POCKET-REGISTER," which will contain the income law as revised and amended, with the decisions concerning the same, &c. Also pages of writing paper with columned registers, to be filled up from day to day, showing a correct and itemized account of receipts and expenditures—of amounts subject to income or exempt therefrom, simply arranged and easily comprehended.

Deductions claimed and allowed from hints in this little book, if but amounting to $100 more than would otherwise be secured, at 5 per cent. would be $5 tax saved, while the price of the book is but 25 cents. Enclose that sum to the publisher and secure a copy by mail. Commence with the 1st of January next to itemize your ncome accounts.

ONE OF THE GREATEST

Causes of ill health is costiveness, or indigestion. It has for its offspring, dyspepsia, with all its attendant miseries, such as sick headache, sour stomach, no appetite, no energy, in fact, complete prostration. Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is a sovereign remedy; why do not you who are suffering, make the experiment of the trial of a single bottle; it costs but a trifle to taste it, and will surely bring you relief.

The World's Opinion of Hostetters Stomach Bitters.

Touching these Bitters this grand fact is clear,
Their fame fills all the Western Hemisphere,
Known in all lands, washed by its oceans twain.
Health, hope and vigor follow in their train.

AVOID COUNTERFEITS.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS share the common fate
Of all things good—Impostors imitate.
Of these beware—discreetly use your eyes—
From honest houses purchase your supplies.

CAUTION.

THE GOVERNMENT INDORSEMENT.

In order to guard against dangerous impositions, the public are requested to take especial note of the beautiful engraved proprietary stamp, through which the Government of the United States officially authenticates every bottle of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.—This shield thrown by the Government over the proprietors and the public for their joint protection, is placed conspicuously across the cork and over the neck of each bottle and cannot fail to strike the eye of the most casual observer. Nothing that purports to be Hostetter's Bitters can be genuine unless the stamp is there.

It is also proper to state that the Bitters are sold exclusively in glass, and never under any circumstances by the gallon or barrel. Impostors and imitators are abroad, and the only safeguard the public has against them is to see that the bitters they buy bear the engraved label and note of hand of Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, and the stamp above mentioned.

☞ Mrs. V. C. DYKE is Agent for the sale of Shaw & Clark's Sewing Machines. These are the best small Sewing Machines ever offered for sale. Three varieties, varying in price from $20 to $36. She invites all wishing to purchase to call and see a specimen. Inquire at the JOURNAL Office.

WANTED 30 TEAMS

TO draw Lumber and Shingles, on a good Twenty-Mile Road, from Roulet to Lattice Bridge. For four weeks. The highest wages will be paid.

C. Westermann.

Roulet, July 24, 1866. tf

Executor's Notice.

WHEREAS the undersigned having been appointed executors of the last will and testament of Edward A. Doud, late of Harrison township, dec'd, notice is hereby given to those knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement. Mrs. E. M. DOUD, } Ex'rs.
June 25, 1866. A. A. SWETLAND, }

Itch! Itch! Itch! SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

WHEATON'S OINTMENT,

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours!

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. June 1, 1866. 3pnotice wky 1yr.

Administrators' Notice.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration on the Estate of EDWARD BLANK, late of Abbott township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having just claims against the same should present them, duly authenticated for settlement, to

MARGARETTE BLANK, } Admr's.
DAVID CONWAY, }
July 24, 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration on the Estate of CHARLES DINGEE, late of Keating township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having just claims against the same should present them, duly authenticated, for settlement, to

JOSEPH A. DINGEE, Adm'r.
July 24, 1866.

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL WORK,

THE PICTORIAL BOOK OF

ANECDOTES AND INCIDENTS

OF THE REBELLION:

HEROIC, Patriotic, Romantic, Humorous, and Tragical.

Splendidly Illustrated with over 200 fine Portraits and beautiful Engravings.

This work for genial humor, tender pathos, startling interest, and attractive beauty, stands peerless and alone among all its competitors. The Valiant and Brave Hearted, the Picturesque and Dramatic, the Witty and Marvelous, the Tender and Pathetic. The Roll of Fame and Story, Camp, Picket, Spy, Scout, Bivouac, and Siege; Startling Surprises, Wonderful Escapes, Famous Words and Deeds of Woman, and the whole Panorama of the Waris here thrillingly and startlingly portrayed in a masterly manner, at once historical and romantic, rendering it the most ample, brilliant and readable book that the war has called forth.

This work sells itself. The people are tired of dry details and partizan works, and want something humorous, romantic, and startling. We have agents clearing over $2000 per month. Send for circulars, and see our terms and proof of the above assertion.

Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.
July 27—2t] No. 597 Minor Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

1866 1866

Philadelphia & Erie Railroad.

THIS great line traverses the Northern and Northwest counties of Pennsylvania to the city of Erie on lake Erie. It has been leased and is operated by the PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Time of passenger trains at EMPORIUM.

LEAVE EASTWARD.

Erie Mail Train ..... 5:02 P. M.
Erie Express Train ..... 11:45 P. M.

LEAVE WESTWARD.

Erie Mail Train ..... 12:00 A. M.
Erie Express Train ..... 1:35 A. M.

Passenger cars run through on the Erie Mail and Express Trains without change both ways between Philadelphia and Erie.

NEW YORK CONNECTON.

Leave New York at 9.00 A. M., arrive at Erie 9.50 A. M.
Leave Erie at 4.45 P. M., arrive at New York 4.10, P. M.

ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS on all Night trains

For information respecting Passenger business, apply at Corner of 20th and Market streets, Philadelphia

And for Freight business of the Company's Agents S. S. Kingston, Jr., Cor. 12th and Market streets, Philadelphia.

J. W. Reynolds, Erie.
Wm. Brown, Agent, N. C. R. R., Baltimore.
H. H. HOUSTON, General Freight Agt. Philada.
H. W. GWINNER, General Ticket Agt. Philada
A. L. TYLER, General Sup't, Erie.

AT

H. J. OLMSTED'S

STORE can always be found the best o Cooking, Box and Parlor

STOVES

Also, TIN and SHEET-IRON WARE, POTS, KETTLES, SPIDERS, SCOTCH BOWLS, FRYING-PANS, SAP-PANS, and CAULDRONS. Also,

Agricultural Implements.

such as PLOWS, SCRAPERS, CULTIVATORS, CORN-SHELLERS, HORSE-RAKES, DOG-POWERS, &c.

HIS WORK

is well made and the material good. Good and substantial EAVES-TROUGHS put up in any part of the County—Terms easy. Ready Pay of all kinds, including Cash, seldom refused.

Store on Main Street opposite the Old Court House, Coudersport. Aug. 1, 1863.—50

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

DISEASES of the Nervous, Seminal, Urinary and sexual systems—new and reliable treatment—in reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association No 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 13 jy 1864.