THE JOURNAL.

Coudersport, Pa.

Tuesday, June 19, 1866.

M. W. McALARNEY, EDITOR.

FOR GOVERNOR:

GEN'L J. W. GEARY,

Of Cumberland county.

American Freedmen's and Union Commission.

FRIENDS OF A RENOVATED UNION: A Meeting has been agreed on for Wednesday Evening of next Court, June 20, for the purpose of uniting the earnest workers of this county in behalf of the people of the states lately in rebellion, who need help to maintain schools and to establish order.

J. M. McKim. of New York, Secretary of the national organization having this work in charge, will be present and address the meeting.

We earnestly invite all to attend. We especially urge those to attend, who believe in humanity, and in the duty of educating the ignorant, strengthening the weak, and clothing the naked.

"It is more blessed to give than receive."

M. W. Mann, E. R. Olmsted, M. R. Jones, L. I. Olmsted, C. A. Metzger, E. W. Hamilton, John S Mann, P. A. Stebbins, Jr., H. J. Olmsted, D.C. Larrabee, Wm. W. Brown, A. F. Jones, J. M. Hamilton, M. W. McAlarney.

The cemetery at Andersonville, Ga., contains 12,912 bodies, rebel and federal.

☞ The new buildings erected in Columbia South Carolina, since the war, are valued at $500,000.

☞ A tornado at Augusta, Ga., blew down a court-house, killed seven children and wounded nine.

☞ An immense cotton factory, containing 180,000 spindles and 1,300 looms, has been built in Carrolton Miss.

☞ Governor Curtin has appointed Charles R. Coburn Superintendent of Common Schools for the State of Pennsylvania.

☞ C. M. Dickinson retires from the editorial control of the *Cameron Press*, but will continue a contributor to its columns.

☞ The brave and eloquent Gen. Logan, of Illinois, will canvass the State in favor of Gen. Geary, during the campaign.

☞ The Sugar and Molasses crop from the West Indies is reported as being fifty per cent larger than that of 1865, and double that of 1864.

☞ The trial of Jeff Davis has been postponed to the first Tuesday in October next, when it is expected the Chief Justice will be present.

☞ Gen. Moorhead has been renominated for Congress by the Union people of the Allegany district. He has already served four terms, and well deserves this renewed testimony of the people's confidence.

☞ The *New York Herald* reports that the Fenians have a strong man-of-war at sea and that we may soon expect to hear of it preying upon English commerce. Britain may yet have a taste of the "Alabama."

☞ If the negroes are lazy and worthless how comes it that they have deposited in the Freedman's Safety and Trust Company Bank, at Louisville, over one hundred thousand dollars during the last six months?

☞ At the Soldier's Convention in Cameron county by a vote taken to test the standing of the soldiers on the gubernatorial question, it was found that there was not a single soldier in favor of Clymer. The National Boys in Blue unanimously support Gen. Geary.

☞ We publish in full the proceedings of the Soldier's Convention, at Pittsburg, knowing that they must be of interest to everybody, as their proceedings are a clear exposition of the feelings which animate the Preservers of the Republic. Read them—they are highly interesting, and contain some very sensible reconstruction ideas.

☞ We see by the Lock Haven papers that our friend, Capt. W. C. Kress, has passed a creditable examination and been admitted to practice law in the several Courts of that county. The Captain has fine abilities, good judgment, is a close student, and will make a successful lawyer.

☞ A bill is being prepared by the House Committee on Invalid Pensions, giving to the soldier, or sailor two dollars a month for each of his children An appropriation of $6,000,000 will be required for this.

☞ W. W. McDOUGALL, Esq., formerly of Minnesota, has been on a brief visit to his relatives in this county during the last week. Mr. McDougall was one of the fathers of Republicanism in this region; and it gives us pleasure to state that his devotion to the cause of universal Freedom is as steady and uncompromising as of old.—*Agitator.*

Newspaper Quarrel.

"The Cairo *Democrat* (Conservative) and the Cario *Times* (Radical) are engaged in quite a difficulty. Pistols and coffee ought to be next in the programme."—*Mobile Times.*

That mode of settling disputes has long since been abandoned at the North, and will become obsolete at the South as the barbarisms of slavery give way before advancing civilization. It is no longer in the power of a blackguard or a villain to place himself on an equality with a gentleman by challenging him to fight a duel. We will have no more Hamiltons murdered by scheming Burrs.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

THE CROPS.—We regret to hear that the weather of May was not at all favorable for the crops in this and adjoining counties. Early in that month the cold and dry temperature retarded vegetable growth seriously, and in the latter part of the month, when the rains began, they were succeeded by frosts and cold days which proved very disastrous to fruit and early vegetables. Apples and peaches will be almost an entire failure in this county. Corn and potatoes have received several blows from frost, but with continued good weather in future, may turn out better than generally expected. The grass crop is the only one, perhaps, whice has been benefitted by the kind of weather prevailing during the past month. Oats promise well, and other grains may now come forward with some show of a good yield.—*Meadville Journal.*

☞ Do not fail to read the advertisement of Anderson & Doolittle, Hardware Merchants at Wellsville. They are fast gaining a reputation for fair dealing, low prices, and fine goods. They also are agents for the Rawson Mowing Machines, Forward and Rear Bar, and have guards and other fixtures for the Wood, Hubbard, Buckeye, and Cayuga Chief Mowers.

☞ The "Ragged sons" of Potter County will find much of interest in the Boston Clothing Store advertisement, Wellsville, "opposition is the life of business," and where there is opposition fair prices must be the consequence. Give them a call they will sell as low as the lowest, and a little lower.

☞ Ex-Sheriff Stebbins has just returned from New York with a new assortment of goods, which he is selling at prices suitable to everybody.

☞ Six full car loads of merchandise amounting to about *ninety tons*, have been received at the depot in this village for Simmons' Regulators, within the last three weeks. This O. L. MATHER, agent at depot, vouches for. Neighboring towns, beat this if you can. Wellsville against all other business towns on the line of the Erie Railway.—*Wellsville Free Press.*

☞ The monthly statement of the public debt shows a decrease of nearly twenty millions since the last monthly exhibit. The coin-interest charge has slightly increased, while the amount of currency-interest has largely diminished. The debt bearing no interest, or legal tender notes, has also decreased in a considerable degree. The amount of coin on hand has fallen off about twenty millions in consequence of the gold sales, while the amount of currency has augmented. On the whole it is a favorable statement, and shows the faith of the people in the solvency of the Government, and its honor towards its creditors.

☞ Democratic prints have been filled, during the past four years, with demands for free speech, and a free press, but what has been their practice? A few references will prove it the most inconsistent cry ever raised by that party. Was it the spirit of free speech that mobbed the Buckeye Blacksmith? If not, what sort of spirit was it? The same spirit bludgeoned Sumner, murdered Lovejoy, cast Dr Bailey's press into the Mississippi, drove Judge Hoar out of South Carolina, and tarred and feathered northern school teachers. The same spirit is at work to-day stifling the Southern press, burning churches, destroying school houses and inaugurating a reign of terror. It is a notorious fact that for thirty years there has not been a single day when it was safe for persons to speak or write what they thought of the institution of Slavery in eleven of these United States, unless they thought as Judge Woodward spoke and Heister Clymer echoed, that the "Institution" was "divinely ordained." The Democratic love of free speech prostituted Southern pulpits to the support of adultery, bigamy, robbery, and murder, without which we have no instances of modern Slavery existing. The very character of Slavery encouraged ignorance, superstition, and all the crimes which most naturally follow. Democratic orators and Democratic editors defended mob-violence when directed in such channels and for such purposes, and they continue to defend it. What was their verdict in the case of the Memphis riots, and what is the course pursued against the NEW NATION, in Richmond? The Constitution declares that Congress must secure a republican form of government to each of the States,—with that follows the right to discuss and investigate public measures and State institutions. Was that permitted in the case of Slavery? Since the rebellion began a few papers have been suppressed and a few orators silenced. And why? Not that they were appealing peaceably to the judgment of the people, not that they were seeking to change by legitimate means the form, or any of the institutions of the government, but that they were seeking to aid armed rebellion! That was the only reason. Hundreds of these papers are yet in existence, still enjoying the benefits of a free government, and still casting forth, daily and weekly, plausible arguments in defence of treason, and bold words in denunciation of the Defenders of the Nation. It has not been three weeks since the Chicago *Times* compared Grant to Probst, the Philadelphia murderer, and thought the comparison in favor of Probst. That the suppression of such a paper, and the punishment of the author of such articles, would be clearly an act of Justice, is patent to every right thinking citizen. And yet they are and have been permitted to exercise the largest freedom of speech.

League Island Navy Yard.

It should afford every Pennsylvanian pride to know that the legislation necessary to locate the great National Navy Yard at League Island has passed the body in which it originated, and that there is great reason to hope it will be adopted in the Senate. We are gratified that Congress is likely to come to this decision, because the location of these immense public works at League Island will result in practical good to the Government. The location, in an economical point of view, will be worth thousands of dollars to the Government, in the operation of the works. Iron and coal, the two great sources of supply for such an establishment, may be literally said to exist at its very doors provided Congress decide finally to locate this navy yard at League Island. But aside from these considerations, and as an indulgence of our local pride, we rejoice at the probability of this location, because it will be a benefit to our great commercial metropolis. Philadelphia has been less benefitted by national governmental patronage than any city in the Union. For every dollar the Government has heretofore disbursed in or near that city, it has derived the value of two dollars in return. While New York city has been gormandizing to the amount of millions—while her steamships have been literally sustained by the national authorities—while the sub-treasury has been a means of floating the bankers of New York through more than one financial crisis, the business men of Philadelphia have been sustaining themselves, and at the same time doing more than their share in maintaining the credit of the country. Hence we repeat, that the location of the Navy Yard affords us infinite pleasure. In one sense, the location of this national work in any other part of the country would not have affected the iron or coal interests of Pennsylvania. However near or distant from them the works may be located, they will be dependent for operation on Pennsylvania coal. But their location in the vicinity of Philadelphia will be a benefit to a community which has already performed large service for the Government. While it will add nothing to the energy or the security of business in Philadelphia, it will enable our friends in that city to enlarge their enterprise and extend their means of still further contributing to national greatness. We sincerely hope, for these reasons, that the location of the Navy Yard at League Island may finally prove successful.—*Telegraph.*

RECONSTRUCTION.

The following is a copy of the joint resolution, in the form in which it has now received the assent of Congress, two-thirds of each house having voted in favor thereof:

Joint Resolution proposing an Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, (two-thirds of both houses concurring,) That the following article be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by three-fourths of said Legislatures, shall be valid as part of the Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE—.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SEC. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislatures thereof, it is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SEC. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President or Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations, and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SEC. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

EFFECT OF SOUTHERN

Representation upon national prosperity. Nothing can be more fallacious than the argument universally resorted to by those who advocate an immediate and unconditional grant of representation to the Southern States—that the peace and prosperity of the country are dependent upon that measure. Every assistance that the General Government should give, and infinitely more than they have a right to expect, is readily conferred upon them The post-office system has been established over their whole territory, despite the expense entailed by their sparse population and the absence of general intelligence among their citizens. In districts ravaged by the war our quartermasters and commissaries deal out subsistence with an unsparing hand, and punish treason by rescuing thousands of the men who warred against their country from absolute starvation. The planters, who, blinded by ignorance, Pride and stubbornness bitterly complained of their sad lot when they owned thousands of acres of rich land and were surrounded by thousands of willing and industrious laborers, have been taught by Union soldiers and the freedmen's bureau how to make their plantations the most productive and profitable in the world. The Senate has appointed a special committee to examine and report on the condition of the Mississippi levee, with reference to the adoption of plans for repairing the damages done by the rebellion. By the laws of war and the usages of nations, the rebels, after wickedly protracting their struggle to the point of absolute exhaustion forfeited everything to the Government they had wantonly assailed. We would have been perfectly justifiable in instituting a system of wholesale confiscation and innumerable treason trials. There is not a leading rebel in the land who is not indebted for his life, liberty and property to the magnanimity of the Government and people of this Union. In any other nation the representatives from a district as deeply-dyed with deadly treason as our rebellious States, would clamor in vain for years for a tithe of the benefits which have already been voluntarily conferred. Unconditional representation, instead of promoting the peace and prosperity of the country, would enable insidious foes to make the halls of Congress resound with clamors for gratuities to the Rebel States, and even for compensation to slave owners, coupled with threats of repudiation of the national debt. It is only by securing effective constitutional guarantees, and by a radical change in the basis of representation, that we can admit Southern Congressmen without seriously endangering the peace and prosperity of the country.—*Press.*

THE CROPS.—Wheat and rye crops promise to be full and perfect; the heads are already out, the straw is strong and firm, and the prospect is that these will produce abundantly.

The grass is short but thick, and has been much improved by the recent rains.

The corn is nicely up and looks very healthy but it is too soon yet to form any idea of the probable yield. All depends upon the season about earing time.

The oats will be a good crop this year—very good.

The apples will be the big fruit crop, and there is every prospect now that it will be big indeed.

The peach, cherries and prunes are damaged by the late frosts, and they will not yield much this season.

The Strawberry raspberry and blackberry crop, it is thought will be very good.—*Pottstown Ledger.*

☞ John C. Breckinridge, according to dispatches from Richmond, Va., has been before a Grand Jury of that county, and a true bill for treason found against him. If this is true, it will entitle John to the active sympathy of every copper-Johnson in the country.

☞ Howell and Johnson will continue the photographing business in the rooms lately occupied by Smith and Mitchell.

☞ Eating unripe cucumbers and fruits often produces sudden turns of colic and cholera morbus. More especially among children, where it is often attended with violent vomiting and great distress, Coe's Dyspepsia Cure will immediately relieve the pains, stop the vomiting, and cure cholera morbus without fail, if taken promptly and according to directions. It is also a sure cure for indigestion and dyspepsia.

TRANSFORMATION!

The superstitions of antiquity are only "food for laughter" at the present day, and yet this is an age of

MIRACLES.

accomplished with the aid of science. For example: grey, sandy or red hair is

Changed in a Moment,

to the richest conceivable black or brown, by a simple application of

Cristadoro's Hair Dye,

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. [June 19.

SEALED PROPOSALS

WILL be received until Thursday the 21st day of June, by the County Commissioners, at their Office, for building an out-house to the Court House, when the job will be let to the lowest and best bidder. For plans and specifications inquire at the Commissioner's Office.

[We advertise in the POTTER JOURNAL.]

ANDERSON & DOOLITTLE,

NO. 5, GILLETT'S BLOCK, NEXT DOOR TO THE BOSTON CLOTHING HOUSE,

Wellsville, N. Y.

HAVE receiving a complete assortment of

SHELF AND HEAVY

HARDWARE,

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

JOINERS' TOOLS,

Blacksmith's Tools and Stock,

PLATED WARE,

Table and Pocket Cutlery,

WHEELER & MADDEN'S

Mill, Circular, Cross-Cut, and Muley Saws.

Rubber and Leather Belting,

Hemp and Rubber Packing.

IRON, NAILS, STEEL, GLASS,

PAINTS and OILS and PUTTY.

Turpentine and Varnishes.

Carriage Trimmings, Saddlery Hardware, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, &c.

STOVES, TIN, SHEET IRON, AND COPPER-WARE.

JOB-WORK

Of all kinds executed in the best manner, on reasonable terms. Our stock comprises **everything**, in our line, has been bought for **CASH**, at LOW FIGURES, and we are not to be **undersold.** Dealers supplied at New York Jobbers Prices.

L. S. ANDERSON, A. L. DOOLITTLE.

Wellsville, N. Y., June 16, 1866—3 mos

BOSTON CLOTHING HOUSE!

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Coudersport and the public in general, that he has opened a

READY MADE CLOTHING STORE,

IN

GILLETT'S BLOCK

WELLSVILLE,

ALLEGANY CO., N.Y.

One door below

ANDERSON & DOOLITTLE'S HARDWARE STORE,

Where will be found at all times, a Complete Assortment, and latest styles of

CLOTHING,

HATS,

CAPS,

FURNISHING GOODS,

TRUNKS &C.

Our motto is:

Cheap for Cash, Quick Sales, Small Profits, But One Price.

New Goods received every week.

Call and examine our Goods and Prices before going elsewhere.

June 19.—3m. **H. K. OPP.**

MARRIED:

WHITE—JONES.—In East Sharon, Pa., in the afternoon of the 3d inst., by N. Parmenter, Esq., Mr. S. J. WHITE and M. E. JONES, all of East Sharon.

Itch! Itch! Itch!
SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

WHEATON'S OINTMENT,

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours!

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. June 1, 1866. sp.notice wky 1yr.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

501 Broadway, New York.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz.

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS

Of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR,

From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS,

Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of Stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents to $50 each Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, Statesmen, Actors, etc., etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent of the amount with their order.

☞ The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. [June 19.

HOWELL & JOHNSTON,

PHOTOGRAPHERS!

SUCCESSORS of Smith & Mitchell, would announce to the public that they are permanently located at the New Rooms over Manning's Jewelry Store, where he will carry on the business of PHOTOGRAPHING, in the highest style of the art. We respectfully solicit a call at our Rooms, where we flatter ourselves we can give perfect satisfaction. We are doing up Pictures in all the newest styles, with or without cases. Call and examine specimens.

HOWELL & JOHNSTON.

Coudersport, June 19, 1866

NOTICE OF APPEALS.

United States Excise Tax! Eighteenth Collection District of Pennsylvania, comprising the counties of Centre, Clinton, Lycoming, Tioga and Potter.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of Section 19th of the Act approved June 30th, 1864 that the list of valuations, assessments or enumerations, made under the Internal Revenue Laws, and taken by the several Assistant Assessors of this District, will remain open at their offices for the space of ten days prior to the date fixed to hear appeals, for the examination of all persons interested.

The Assessor will receive and determine appeals, relative to the erroneous or excessive valuations or enumerations, as follows

In Potter Co.,	at Coudersport,	Saturday,	June 23,	'66.
" Tioga "	" Wellsboro',	Tuesday,	" 26,	"
" Lycoming "	Williamsport,	Thursday,	" 28,	"
" Clinton "	" Lock Haven,	Friday,	" 29,	"
" Centre, "	" Bellefonte,	Saturday,	" 30,	"

An appeal to the Assessor must be made in writing, specifying the matter respecting which a decision is requested and stating the ground of inequality or error complained of. R. H. FORSTER,

Bellefonte, Pa., June 7th, 1866. Assessor.

An Invention of Rare Merit!

Brown's Patent

METAL TOP

LAMP CHIMNEY,

THAT WILL NOT BREAK BY HEAT,

Burns up all gas and smoke, never breaks by putting on a shade; short, and not top-heavy; is easily cleaned by removing top; in fact, the most perfect chimney known—and is fast superseding all others where it has been introduced.

No dealer can afford to be without them.

NEW LAMP CHIMNEY CO.,

73 Warren St., N. Y.

RRASONS WHY THE

AMERICAN WATCH

Made at WALTHAM, MASS.

IS THE BEST.

It is made on the best principles. Its frame is composed of SOLID PLATES, NO jar can interfere with the harmony of its working and no sudden shock can damage its machinery. Every piece is made and finished by machinery (itself famous for its novelty, as well as for its effectiveness) and is therefore properly made. The watch is what all mechanism should be—ACCURATE, SIMPLE, STRONG AND ECONOMICAL. Except some high grades, too costly for general use, foreign watches are chiefly made by women and boys. Such watches are composed of several hundred pieces, screwed and riveted together, and require constant repairs to keep them in any kind of order. All persons who have carried "anchres," "lepines" and "English Patent Levers," are perfectly well aware of the truth of this statement.

At the beginning of our enterprise, more than ten years ago, it was our first object to make a thoroughly good low-priced watch for the million, to take the place of these foreign impositions—the refuse of foreign factories—which were entirely unsaleable at home and perfectly worthless everywhere.

How well we have accomplished this may be understood from the fact, that after so many years of public trial, we now make MORE THAN HALF OF ALL THE WATCHES SOLD IN THE UNITED STATES, and that no others have ever given such universal satisfaction. While this department of our business is continued wish increased facilities for perfect work, we are at present engaged in the manufacture of watches of the very HIGHEST GRADE KNOWN TO CHRONOMETRY, unequalled by anything hitherto made by ourselves, and unsurpassed by anything made in the world. For this purpose we have the amplest facilities. We have erected an addition to our main buildings expressly for this branch of our business, and have filled it with the best workmen in our service. New machines and appliances have been constructed, which perform their work with consumate delicacy and exactness. The choicest and most approved materials only are used and we challenge comparison between this grade of our work and the finest imported chronometers. We do not pretend to sell our watches for *less money* than foreign watches, but we do assert without fear of contradiction that for the *same money* our product is incomparably superior. All our watches, of whatever grade are fully warranted and his warrantee is good at all times against us or our agents in all parts of the world.

CAUTION.—The public are cautioned to buy only of respectable dealers. All persons selling counterfeits will be prosecuted.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,

AGENTS FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY,

April 1 1m1 182 BROADWAY, N. Y.

GOOD NEWS

AND

NEW GOODS

STRANGE

BUT

TRUE!

THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

No attention paid to the cost of GOODS.

Prompt conformity to the Lowest Market Prices is our established RULE.

We are determined to give the public the Benefit of the FALL, this time.

We shall try to prove the Rule "Works both Ways."

You paid high prices when goods went up, we will see to it that you pay low prices now GOODS are down.

Others may go down, but we do not intend to be beaten.

All we ask is to give us a Call. Shop as much as you please. If you know our prices we feel sure of a sale.

We are in for the trade this spring and are determined that

C. S. & E. A. JONES

Shall take the lead in furnishing this section of the country with the best articles for the least money. Ours is the Store where that can be done. COME, SEE, and be CONVINCED.

All kinds of

Cotton Goods!

we are now offering at prices which can not fail to strike the purchaser as

Cheap!

CALICOES WITH THE STARCH OUT OF BOTH CLOTH AND

PRICE!

BROAD-CLOTH,
Plain & Fancy Cassimeres
STANDARD MUSLINS
Bleached and Unbleached
Muslins of all Prices.
Flannels of all Colors.
SILK & LINEN
HANDKERCHIEFS,
SPOOL COTTON.
Ticking, Striped Shirting.
Denims. Crash. Toweling
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
All-Wool Delaines, Amer. Delaines.
Mohair Lustres, &c.

GROCERIES,

Of all kinds. COFFEES, WHITE & BROWN SUGARS, SYRUP & COMMON MOLASSES, GREEN & BLACK TEAS, SPICES of all kinds. A great variety of the best brands of SMOKING & CHEWING TOBACCO. Corn Brooms, Cedar Buckets; No. 1 and 2 Mackerel, Labrador Herring, Hams & Shoulders.

Also,

DRUGS and MEDICINES,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS and SHOES,

HARDWARE, &c.

REMEMBER WE PAY THE HIGHEST PRICE FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

C. S. E. A. JONES.

Coudersport, June 5, 1866