

Winter Goods!

AT OLMSTED'S.

Your attention is invited to the large and attractive stock just received, and for sale as low as the same qualities can be bought anywhere in the country.

We have on hand a large and varied assortment of Domestic Cottons, comprising BROWN SHEETINGS, and SHIRTINGS, BLEACHED MUSLINS, DENIMS, STRIPES, CHECKS, TICKINGS, and COTTON FLANNELS, on which we cannot be undersold.

We purchase our goods for Cash and offer them at a very small advance From Cost.

FLANNELS. If you want to purchase RED, GRAY, BLUE, or PLAID FRENCH SHIRTING FLANNEL, call At Olmsted's.

DRESS GOODS: DELAINES, PRINTS, BROCHES, and WOOLEN SHAWLS, HOODS, SONTAGS, NUBIAS, BALMORAL SKIRTS, CLOTHS, and CASSIMERES, a full supply At Olmsted's.

CLOTHING. DON'T fail to call before purchasing and see the assortment At Olmsted's.

BOOTS & SHOES For Men, Women & Children, in great variety and cheap At Olmsted's.

For Molasses, Syrup, Sugar, Tea and Coffee, in fact everything in the Grocery line, call AT OLMSTED'S.

A full assortment of almost everything that is kept in a country store on hand. We intend to keep Goods that will give satisfaction and sell good articles at the lowest living profit. AT OLMSTED'S.

Wanted. Grain of all kinds, Butter, Wool, Sheep Pelts, Fur, Deer Skins—Also, County, Township and School Orders, for all of which the highest prices will be paid At Olmsted's.

THE BUCKEYE STRAW-CUTTER PATENTED, JULY, 1864, BY PORTER & SMITH THOUSANDS of these Machines are being made and sold, and give more Universal Satisfaction than any other.

Straw or Stalk-Cutter in market. It has no castings about and can be made or repaired in any country town. The knife is stationary—Box vibrates—feeds itself—cuts on top of the knife—cuts everything square—envelopes are referred to the Time-Table of the Machine.

Price, \$12. Samples of Machines can be seen at shop of the undersigned. Manufactured and for sale by N. H. GOODSELL, Coudersport, Pa., Oct. 2, 1865.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, PA. DISEASES of the Nervous, Seminal, Urinary and sexual systems—new and reliable treatment—in reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association No 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 13th 1864.

COUDERSPORT AND SHIPPEN STAGE ROUTE. MESSRS. GLASSMIRE & WHITE'S daily line of stages will leave Coudersport, until further notice, at 8 o'clock in the morning, and will leave Shippen on the arrival of the morning train, at 10:30, arriving in Coudersport about 2 o'clock.

Travelers are referred to the Time-Table of the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad, which will be found advantageously in this paper, for further particulars about the advantages of this route. New York passengers save 30 MILES TRAVEL AND 5 HOURS TIME by taking this route in preference to that of the Erie Railroad. NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN SHIPPEN AND NEW YORK. Fine, new, comfortable wagons and good teams are kept on the route. Packages and Express business attended to with care. D. F. GLASSMIRE, MILES WHITE, Proprietors. Coudersport, Pa., Oct. 8, 1865.

Notice. GERMANTOWN, Potter Co., Pa., Aug. 1, 1865. NOTICE is hereby given that Charles B. Ghor, now or late of this county, holding the following described property, has not yet paid any consideration whatever for the same, and all persons are hereby warned not to purchase any of said property of the said Ghor before the decision of the Court is given in this case and C. B. Ghor has paid to me the consideration money therefor.

The following is the property: 1st. A certain tract of land near the Germania Mill, in warrant 5075, Abbott township, Potter county, Pa., containing 100 acres—Also 25 acres in warrant 5078 and adjoining the above.

2nd. A certain tract of land, with Mill and improvements thereon, near Kettle Creek, in warrant 5819, in Stewart township, Potter county, Pa., containing about 204 acres. C. B. Ghor holds also in trust warrant No. 2501, in Gaines township, Toga county, Pa., on the road leading from Germania to Gaines, containing 850 acres. WM. RADD.

Lates from Sherman! ROSIN & TAR, from North Carolina, for sale by STEBBINS.

P. A. Stebbins & Co. ARE AGENTS for the sale of WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES for Potter County.

\$90 A Month—AGENTS for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. T. ABBEY, City Building, Bedford, Maine, Dec. 20, 1865.

THE NEW STORES HAVE just arrived at OLMSTED'S.

STATEMENT OF the Receipts and Expenditures of Potter County for the year ending on the 31st day of Dec. A. D. 1865. Table with columns for Receipts and Expenditures, listing various taxes and administrative costs.

We do certify that the foregoing Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of Potter County for the year 1865 is correct as appears from the records and vouchers in this Office, Jan. 9, 1866. Commissioners: R. L. NICHOLS, E. O. AUSTIN, C. F. KILMORRIS.

STATEMENT OF the Funds of Potter County on the 1st day of January A. D. 1866. Table with columns for Dr. and Cr., listing outstanding orders and interest.

By amt of Co. taxes due from unseated lands for the years 1864 & 1865 \$3804 32. County taxes due from unseated lands returned as unseated 100 37.

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TREASURER'S SCHOOL REPORT. A. F. Jones, Treasurer of Potter County, in Account with the several School Districts for the year 1865.

Table with columns for Abbott, Dr., Cr. Listing school tax collections for various districts like Clara, Eulalia, Homer, Owayo, and Summit.

We the undersigned Auditors of Potter County do certify that we have examined the accounts and vouchers of A. F. Jones, Treasurer of said County, for the year 1865, and that the above is a correct Statement of the Funds in his hands belonging to the School and School Building Funds in the Districts above named, out of which he is entitled to a commission of four per cent. for collecting, and the balance due said Districts, in the several districts of the County not named above, there has been no tax collected by said Treasurer.

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NEW OIL DEVELOPMENTS.—We learn that a new oil excitement is springing up in McKean County, Pennsylvania, arising from a large well struck by the Kenzua Petroleum Company on their 120,000 acre tract.

The proposed amendment to the Constitution which has passed the lower house of Congress and will, no doubt, at no distant day pass the Senate, bids fair to be popular. The measure will find many friends at the South.

OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE. WASHINGTON, Feb. 1, 1866.

The proposed amendment to the Constitution which has passed the lower house of Congress and will, no doubt, at no distant day pass the Senate, bids fair to be popular. The measure will find many friends at the South.

The words of the Amendment, are almost literally taken from some remarks of Hon. Jas. G. Blaine of Maine, in the House on the 8th of January.

This Amendment I say will find many friends at the South. I base that opinion upon letters I have seen and remarks I have heard from eminent Southern men.

There are in New York to-day several hundred returned soldiers, who are pauper, homeless, and hungry. They have no shelter at night, save the cold vicinities obtained by begging.

Under these circumstances, the Trustees are compelled to appeal to the Christian and patriotic public for aid and support. These men without invitation congregated around the doors of the institution, and they have not been sent hungry away.

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THE JOURNAL. Coudersport, Pa.

Tuesday, Feb. 13, 1866. M. W. McALARNY, Editor.

Who was Guilty of this Murder? On Tuesday afternoon last, a colored girl named Ray, and a white girl named Homan, left their homes in this borough, to visit Mrs. M'Dade, an aunt of the former, living near Centerville, about five miles below town.

On Wednesday morning they were found in the bed of the Little Schuylkill, on the ice, close to shore, the colored girl lying dead, with her hands through the ice, in the water, and the white girl nearly exhausted.

An inquest was held upon the body of the girl Ray, and the girl Homan testified that they had started to visit Mrs. M'Dade, taking with them a quart bottle of whisky; that they had drunk the whisky until they became intoxicated, and the colored girl slipped and fell over the bank; that she (Homan) had gone down the bank to her assistance, and was unable to get back.

The bottle, still containing a small quantity of the liquor, was found near the spot. A verdict was rendered in accordance with the facts. —Tusculum Journal.

One such incident as the above should have more power with intelligent and reasoning people than forty temperance lectures. Here is a plain statement involving that worst of all crimes, murder. That is the simple fact. It can be looked upon only in that light.

If a man had met these girls, murdered one of them and thrown the other over the bank, leaving her in a condition similar to that in which she was found, he would have been tried, convicted and hung. The man who sold them the whiskey escapes punishment because of the law, and a jury render a verdict "in accordance with the facts"; that is, that they got whiskey, got drunk, and one froze to death.

And what becomes of him who furnished the whiskey, which was the direct cause of death? He is permitted to run at large, and no doubt still calls himself a man. Such is an evidence of the law, the justice, and christian(?) civilization of to-day.

OUR ARMIES—Past and Present. There are in New York to-day several hundred returned soldiers, who are pauper, homeless, and hungry.

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A LITTLE CATECHISM FOR LITTLE FREE TRADERS. What is Free Trade? An English machine for breaking down the manufactories of other countries, in order to monopolize them.

What are the wages of Free Trade? Six-pence a day. Who are benefitted by Free trade? Those who import the raw material, and export the manufactured article to supply the countries from which the former is obtained.

Who are the advocates of Free Trade? The English aristocracy, played-out politicians of the American Democracy, and the Southern cotton lords.

What would be the effect of Free Trade? To shut up all American workshops, turn our artisans and mechanics out of employment, and several hundred millions of dollars in gold, annually, to Europe, and deprive our Government of money now received for duties or imports, with which to pay the interest on the public debt.

It is time that the people of such States as Pennsylvania begin a proper movement on the subject of protecting the labor by which their resources are developed and the wealth which supports the Government created.

The free trade movement originates with the Democracy of New York City. The leaders of that party are backed by English manufacturers and capitalists, in this as were the leaders of the rebellion backed by the same men.

Let these facts be remembered, and the free trade league, like the combination of treason, will be defeated. Official Returns of State Election. On Wednesday both houses of the State Legislature met together, and the returns of the last October election for Auditor General and Surveyor General were counted.

Table with columns for Auditor General and Surveyor General, listing candidates and their vote counts.

On the 1st of Dec. 1864, there were 186 Discharged or left during the year 23 Died 29 Received during the year 186 Remaining, Dec. 1, 1865 186 Of this number there are 158 From Pennsylvania 20 From New Jersey 4 From Delaware 6 All other places 6 Total 186

Thirty-three of these, including twenty in the "Home," support themselves, wholly or in part, as assistant teachers, or in the manufacturing department—Thirty are paying pupils in full or in part, and five are day pupils.

No death has occurred in the Institution since the last report. THEOLOGICAL VIEW OF NEGRO TESTIMONY.—A very bold and telling speech in behalf of the rights of negroes to testify in the court was recently made in the Tennessee Legislature by a Mr. Richards, who said, in the course of his argument:

"Why, Mr. Speaker, to touch very cautiously upon the domains of theology, in which I am but little versed, is it not a fact that the Methodists, Presbyterians, Baptists and other religious denominations of the South have professed for years to have christianized multitudes of the negroes and made them fit for Heaven? And will these good people have us believe that a man may be a good Methodist or Baptist and yet not be fit to be believed on oath? That he may be fit to take the sacrament and unworthy to stand in the witness box? That he may sing before the Almighty as a saint in glory, but cannot go before the justice of the Peace to swear to an account of five dollars for work which he has done in the workshop or cotton field? If that be religion Mr. Speaker, and these the principles on which it is based, I think the less of it the better for public morality."

TAXATION ON DOGS.—An interesting discussion took place at the annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society on the 19th ult., upon the taxation of dogs. It was stated by one gentleman that there are five hundred thousand dogs in Ohio, and by another that there are seven hundred thousand in Pennsylvania, and about one million in New York.

The society ask Congress to impose a tax of two dollars on each dog, which would give to the public treasury a revenue from the three States mentioned above of over four millions of dollars. This might be called a protective tariff for the benefit of the wool interest.

The statement of the public debt on the 1st inst., has been issued by Secretary McCulloch. The total debt is \$2,874,391,500 70. The amount in the Treasury is \$107,633,348 07.

Dead—Frederick Bremer, the well-known Swedish author.

Do you not think it is your duty to have your life insured in behalf of your family? If you do, call at the JOURNAL Office Agency.