

PHOTOGRAPHS

PENNSYLVANIA CONGRESSMEN

Brief Sketches of the career, with the District and politics of the men who will represent Pennsylvania in the XXXIXth Congress.

SENATORS

Edgar Cowan-R.

He was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, September 19, 1815. After spending one year at Franklin College, Ohio, he graduated at that institution in 1830. While yet a mere boy he was thrown upon his own resources for a support, and until 1842 followed various employments—having been a clerk, boat-builder, schoolmaster and a student of medicine. He subsequently studied law, and practised the profession until 1841, when he was chosen a Senator in Congress from Pennsylvania for the term ending in 1847, serving on the Committee on Foreign Relations and Enrolled Bills, and as Chairman of the Committee on Patents and the Patent Office. In 1860 he was Presidential elector.

Charles R. Buckalew-D.

He was born in Columbia county, Pennsylvania, December 28, 1821; adopted the profession of law, and was admitted to practice in 1843; was prosecuting attorney for his native county from 1845 to 1847; was a Senator in the State from 1850 and 1853; in 1854 he was commissioner to exchange the ratifications of a treaty with Paraguay; was a Senatorial Presidential elector in 1863; in 1867 he was Chairman of the State Democratic Committee; during the same year was re-elected to the State Senate, and also appointed a commissioner to revise the penal code of Pennsylvania; in 1868 he resigned the two latter positions, and was appointed by President Buchanan Resident Minister to Ecuador, returning home in 1861. In 1862 he was elected a Senator in Congress from Pennsylvania, by a majority of one vote, for the term ending in 1869, serving on the Committee on Indian Affairs, Post Office, Pension, Slavery, Mines and Mining.

REPRESENTATIVES

I. District—Samuel J. Randall-D.

Was born in Philadelphia, in 1823; educated in that city, was brought up a merchant and has ever been engaged in that pursuit; served four years in the councils of his native city, and in 1862 he was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-eighth Congress, serving on the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

II. District—Charles O'Neill-R.

Born in Philadelphia, March 21, 1821; graduated at Dickinson College in 1840; studied law and came to the bar in 1843; in 1850, 1851 and 1852 he was elected to the State Legislature, and in 1853 to the State Senate; re-elected to the Legislature in 1859 and in 1862; elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-eighth Congress, serving on the Committee on Commerce. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

III. District—Leonard Myers-R.

He was born in Attleborough, Bucks county, Pa., November 13, 1827; received a liberal education, and adopted the profession of law; was solicitor for two municipal districts in Philadelphia; revised and digested the ordinances for the consolidation of the city, and has translated several works from the French. He was elected in 1862 a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-eighth Congress, serving on the Committee on Patents and Expenditures in the Post Office Department. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

IV. District—William D. Kelley-R.

Was born in Philadelphia in the spring of 1814; received a good English education; commenced active life as a reader in a printing office; spent seven years as an apprentice in a jewelry establishment; removed to Boston, and followed his trade there for four years, devoting some attention to literary matters; returned to Philadelphia, studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1841, and held the office for some years of Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in Philadelphia. In addition to his political speeches a number of literary addresses have been published from his pen. He was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-seventh Congress, serving as a member of the Committee on Indian Affairs and Expenditures on Public Buildings. Re-elected to the Thirty-eighth Congress, serving on the Committee on Agriculture and Naval Affairs; and re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

V. District—M. Russell Thayer-R.

He was born in Petersburg, Virginia, January 27, 1813; graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1840; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1812; and was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-eighth Congress, serving as Chairman of the Committee on Private Land Claims. He received from his Alma Mater two degrees of Bachelor and Master of Arts. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

VI. District—B. N. Boyer-D.

Was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, January 23, 1822; graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1841; adopted the profession of law; was Deputy Attorney General for Montgomery county from 1848 to 1850, and was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

VII. District—John M. Broomall-R.

Was born in Upper Calhoun, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 19, 1810; received a common school education; studied law, and has been devoted to that profession; has served in the Legislature of the State; was a Presidential elector in 1860, and in 1862 was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-eighth Congress, and was a member of the Committee on Accounts and Public Buildings. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

VIII. District—Sydenham E. Ancona-D.

He was born in Warwick, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, November 20, 1824, and after moving to Berks county was for several years connected with the Reading Railroad Company. He was elected in 1860 a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-seventh Congress, serving on the Committees on the Militia and Manufactures. In 1862 he was re-elected to the Thirty-eighth Congress, serving as a member of the Committee on Manufactures and on the Militia. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

IX. District—Thaddeus Stevens-R.

Born in Caledonia county, Vermont, April 4, 1793; graduated at Dartmouth College in 1814; during that year removed to Pennsylvania; studied law and taught in an academy at the same time, in 1816 was admitted to the bar in Adams county; in 1823 was elected to the State Legislature, and also in 1834, 1835, 1837 and 1847; in 1836 he was elected a member of the convention to revise the State Constitution; in 1838 was appointed a

Canal Commissioner; in 1842 he removed to Lancaster, and in 1848 was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-first Congress, also elected to the Thirty-second, and in 1853 was re-elected to the Thirty-sixth Congress, and also to the Thirty-seventh, during which he was Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, having previously served on various important committees. In 1862 he was re-elected to the Thirty-eighth Congress, again serving as Chairman on the Committee on Ways and Means, and also as Chairman of the Special Committee on the Pacific Railroad. He was also a delegate to the Baltimore Convention in 1864. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

X. District—Myer Strouse-D.

Was born in Germany, December 16, 1826, came with his father to the United States in 1832, and settled in Pottsville, Pennsylvania; received an academic education and studied law; from 1848 to 1852 he edited a newspaper in Philadelphia called the North American Farmer, after which he devoted himself to the practice of his profession; and in 1862 he was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-eighth Congress, serving on the Committee on Roads and Canals. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XI. District—Philip Johnson-D.

Was born in Warren county, N. J., October 17, 1818. In 1839 he removed with his father to Pennsylvania, settling in Northampton county. He was educated at Lafayette College, where he spent two years, after which he spent two years teaching school in the South. On his return home he studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1848, and soon afterwards elected Clerk of the Court of Sessions, and of the Orer and Terminus. In 1853 and 1854 he was elected to the State Assembly; in 1857 was Chairman of the Democratic State Convention; in 1860 he was the Revenue Commissioner for the Third Judicial district of the State, and was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-seventh Congress, serving on the Committees on Roads and Canals and on Patents. He was re-elected to the Thirty-eighth Congress, and was a member of the Committee on Territories. He was also a delegate to the Chicago Convention of 1864. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XII. District—Charles Harrison-D.

Was born in Wyoming Valley, Pennsylvania, January 23, 1818; graduated at Dickinson College in 1839; adopted and practised the profession of law, and was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-eighth Congress, serving on the Committee on Indian Affairs. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XIII. District—Ulysses Mercer-R.

Was born in Towanda, Bradford county, Pennsylvania, August 12, 1818; graduated at Jefferson College in 1842; studied law while in college, and came to the bar in 1843; was a Presidential elector in 1860; in March, 1861, he was appointed President Judge of the Thirtieth Judicial district of Pennsylvania, and elected to the office in October following for a term of ten years, but which he resigned on being elected in 1864 a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XIV. District—George F. Miller-R.

Was born in Chilli-saque, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, September 5, 1809; received an academic education, laboring to support himself during vacations; studied law and came to the bar in 1833; took an active part in local politics, but frequently declined nominations for county and State offices; was for a number of years Secretary of the Lehigh University in Pennsylvania, and in 1861 was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XV. District—J. Grossman-R.

Born in Hagerstown, Maryland, August 31, 1810; appreciated at an early age to the printing business, which was his school; when seventeen years of age he traveled in the West and became foreman in the office of the Ohio Monitor, and afterwards of the Western Telegraph; in 1829 he returned to Pennsylvania and settled at York where he published the York Gazette, and there held various offices of trust and responsibility. In 1849 he was elected Sergeant-at-Arms of the National House of Representatives for the Thirty-first Congress, and was re-elected to the same office by the four following Congresses; in 1851 he was private Secretary to President Buchanan; in 1863 he became one of the founders of the Philadelphia Age, and in 1864 he was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XVI. District—William N. Kountz-R.

[In the list from which we take these biographies, that of Col. Kountz is given as the Representative from this District. This is a mistake. Kountz is the elected Representative, and will of course be recognized.—Editor Telegraph.]

XVII. District—Abraham A. Barker-R.

Born in Lovell, Oxford county, Maine, March 30, 1819; received a common school education, and engaged in agricultural pursuits; was early a strenuous advocate of temperance and anti-slavery; removed to Pennsylvania in 1854, and devoted himself to the lumber and mercantile business; was a delegate to the Chicago Convention of 1860, and in 1861 he was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XVIII. District—Stephen F. Wilson-R.

He was born in Columbia, Bradford county, Pennsylvania, September 4, 1824; spent his boyhood on a farm, and received his education at Wellboro Academy, where he was an assistant teacher for one term; he also for a while taught in a district school in Wellboro; studied and taught the profession of law; was a borough assessor one year; a school director for six years; was a Senator in the State Legislature in 1861, 1864 and 1865, and in 1864 he was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XIX. District—Glen W. Scofield-R.

He was born in Chataqua county, New York, March 11, 1817; graduated at Hamilton College in 1840, and removed to Warren, Pennsylvania, where he was admitted to the bar in 1842; in 1850 and 1851 he was a member of the State Assembly, and from 1857 to 1859 he was in the State Senate. In 1861 he was appointed President Judge of the Eighth Judicial district of the State, and in 1862 he was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-eighth Congress, serving on the Committees on Elections and Expenditures in the War Department. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XX. District—Charles V. Culver-R.

He was born in Logan, Ohio, September 6, 1830; spent the most of his life actively engaged in business pursuits, and was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XXI. District—John L. Dawson-D.

He was born in Uniontown, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, February 7, 1813; was educated at Washington College; adopted the profession of law; was appointed by President Polk, in 1845, United States Attorney for the

Western district of Pennsylvania; was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-second and Thirty-third Congresses, serving during the last term as Chairman on the Committee on Agriculture, and in 1862 was re-elected to the Thirty-eighth Congress and was a member of the Committee on Foreign Affairs and also of the Committee on Public Lands. He was the author of the Homestead bill which passed in 1854 and a delegate to the Baltimore Conventions of 1844, 1848 and 1860, and of the Cincinnati Convention of 1856, when, on the part of Pennsylvania, he delivered a speech acknowledging the nomination for President of Mr. Buchanan. He was appointed Governor of Kansas by President Pierce in 1855, but declined the appointment. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XXII. District—James E. Mendenhall-R.

Born on the Susquehanna river, Pennsylvania, in 1806; received a limited education, spent the most of his youth on a farm and as an apprentice to a tanner; was one of the originators for building the Susquehanna branch of the Pennsylvania Canal; was the originator of a passenger packet line on said canal. In 1836 he removed to Pittsburgh, and there he took an active part in improving the navigation of the Monongahela, and was made President of the company bearing that name, and established in that city the Union cotton factory. In 1838 he received the militia title of Adjutant General, and subsequently, taking a great interest in the business of telegraphing, became the president of several telegraphic companies. In 1859 he was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-sixth Congress, serving as a member of the Committee on Commerce; was re-elected to the Thirty-seventh Congress, serving as Chairman of the Special Committee on National Armories; re-elected to the Thirty-eighth Congress, serving as Chairman of the Committee on Manufactures and as a member of the Committee on Naval Affairs. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XXIII. District—Thomas Williams-R.

Was born in Greensburg, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, August 28, 1805; graduated at Dickinson College in 1825; settled law and came to the bar in 1828; studied in Pittsburgh, from which place he was sent as Senator to the Legislature in 1833 and the three following years; in 1860 he was elected to the lower house of the Legislature, and in 1862 he was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-ninth Congress, serving on the Committee on the Judiciary. Re-elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

XXIV. District—George V. Lawrence-R.

Was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, in 1818; his father, Joseph Lawrence, having been in Congress before him. He received a liberal education, and devoted himself to agricultural pursuits; was elected to the State Legislature in 1844, 1847, 1850 and 1855, and to the State Senate in 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851 and 1860, officiating as Speaker during the last term; frequently served in the conventions of the State, and in 1861 he was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-ninth Congress.

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