

NEWS!!

GRANT & SHERIDAN
HEARD FROM AGAIN!!!

ANOTHER UNION VICTORY

GOLD DOWN
HEAVY DECLINE IN GOODS

P. A. STEBBINS & Co.,

STOCK OF

Spring Goods!!

purchase since the heavy decline and

during the recent panic in New York.

Consisting of

DRESS GOODS,
DELAINES,
POPLINS,
ALPACA'S,
MOZANBIGUES

PLAID POPLINS,
BLACK SILKS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
CLOAKS,
CLOAKINGS,
CASSIMERES,
CLOTHS.

Full stock of Men's

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING

Also

BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
&c., &c., &c.

Drugs and Fancy Articles

Choice Stock of

GROCERIES,

Teas, Sugars, Choice Syrup, Good Rio Coffee,
West India and Dandelion "Coffee," Rice, Corn
Starch, Farina, Cocoa, &c.,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

P. A. STEBBINS & Co.,

Corner Main and Second Streets,
Coudersport, Apr. 10, 1865

A FEW REASONS WHY THE AMERICAN WATCH IS THE BEST.

It is made on the best principle, while the foreign watch is generally made on no principle at all. The foreign watch is mostly made by women and boys, by hand. While their labor is cheap, their work is dear at any price. Such watches are made without plan, and sold without guarantee. They are irregular in construction, and quite as irregular in movement. They are designed only to sell, and the buyer is the party most thoroughly sold. Those who have kept "ancres," and "lepinnes" and "Swiss lovers" in professed repair for a few years will appreciate the truth of our statement.

THE PLAN OF THE AMERICAN WATCH.
Instead of being made of several hundred little pieces, screwed together, the body of the American Watch is formed of SOLID PLATES. No jar interferes with the harmony of its working, and no sudden shock can throw its machinery out of gear. In riding, or any business pursuit, it is all held together as firmly as a single piece of metal. It is just what all machinery should be—

1st. ACCURATE, 2d. SIMPLE, 3d. STRONG, 4th. ECONOMICAL.

We not only secure CHEAPNESS by our system, but QUALITY. We do not pretend that our Watch can be bought for less money than the foreign make-believe, but that for its real value it is sold for one-half the price.

OUR SOLDIERS' WATCH (named Wm. Ellery) is what its name indicates—Solid, Substantial, and always Reliable—warranted to stand any amount of Marching, Riding or Fighting.

OUR NEXT HIGHER QUALITY OF WATCH (named P. S. Bartlett) is similar in size and general appearance, but has more jewels, and a more elaborate finish.

OUR LADIES' WATCH, recently brought out, is put up in a great variety of patterns, many of them of rare beauty and workmanship, is quite small, but warranted to keep time.

OUR YOUNG GENTLEMEN'S WATCH is neat, not large, and just the thing for the pocket of Young America.

THE PROOF OF THE MERITS OF OUR WATCH may be found in the fact that we now employ over seven hundred workmen in our factories, and that we are still unable to supply the constantly increasing demand.

OUR THREE-QUARTER PLATE WATCH is described, its fine chromometer balance delicately adjusted to correct the variation caused by changes of temperature. These watches are the fruits of the latest experiments in chronometry, and are made by our best workmen, in a separate department of our factory. For the finest time-keeping qualities they challenge comparison with the best works of the most famous English and Swiss makers.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
Agents for the American Watch Company,
182 Broadway, N. Y.

BUTLERS' FIASCO
At Fort Fisher, was scarcely a greater failure than is daily made by most of the advertised hair dyes; nor was

TERRY AND POTTER'S VICTORY
More complete, perfect and glorious, than the conquest achieved by

Christadoro's Hair Dye
Over gray, red and sandy heads of hair. The obnoxious hue is wiped out in five minutes, and a magnificent brown or black, glossy and natural, takes its place. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair-Dressers.

DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT.
IT CURES CHOLERA, WHEN FIRST taken, in a few hours; Dysentery in half an hour; Toothache in five minutes. It is perfectly unobnoxious to take internally, and is recommended by the most eminent physicians in the United States. Price 40 and 80 cents.

TOWANDA, Pa., August 6, 1859.
Dr. S. I. Tobias, New York: Dear Sir—I have used your Venetian Liniment with great success, both as an internal as well as an external medicine. In cases of Billious Colic and Cholera Morbus I regard it as a sovereign remedy. Your Venetian Liniment stands unrivaled as a horse liniment amongst farriers and boatmen on this canal.

WM. LEWIS, Sup't North Branch Canal.
Sold by all Druggists. Office, No. 36 Cortlandt Street, New York.

A SINGLE BOX OF BRANDRETH'S PILLS contains more vegetable extractive matter than twenty boxes of any pills in the world besides; fifty-five hundred physicians use them in their practice to the exclusion of other purgatives. The first letter of their value is yet scarcely appreciated. When they are better known sudden death and continued sickness will be of the past. Let those who know them speak right out in their favor. It is a duty which will save life.

Our race are subject to a redundancy of vitiated bile at this season, and it is dangerous as it is prevalent; but Brandreth's Pills afford an invaluable and efficient protection. By their occasional use, we prevent the collection of those impurities, which, when in sufficient quantities, cause so much danger to the body's health. They soon cure liver complaint, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, pain in the head, heart-burn, pain in the breast-bone, sudden faintness and costiveness.

Sold by all respectable dealers in medicines.

Whiskers! Whiskers!
Do you want Whiskers or Moustaches? Our Grecian compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in Six Weeks. Price, \$1.00. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address: WARNER & CO., 175n
Box 138, Brooklyn, N. Y.

French Burr Mill Stones.
Manufactory Liberty St. near the Cotton Factory HARRISBURG, PA.

THE undersigned announces to the trade that he continues to manufacture and import direct from the most celebrated quarries in France, the best qualities of

French Burr Mill Stones, which he offers at reasonable rates and guarantees satisfaction to the purchaser. Also, every number in use of the celebrated

OLD AUKER GRAND BOLTING COTTON. Orders by mail promptly attended to, and goods forwarded by railroad, canal, or express if desired. WM. H. KEPNER, 3223. No. 10. West State St., Harrisburg.

HUNT'S BLOOM OF ROSES—for the Ladies—
P. A. STEBBINS

THE POTTER COUNTY JOURNAL.

Coudersport, Wednesday Evening, Apr. 28, 1865

Local and General.

See New Advertisements.

Gold is now selling at \$1.49.

Portraits of our martyred President for sale at the Postoffice. Price 25 cents.

Hon. JAMES T. HALE, late M. C. from this District, died at his residence in Bellefonte, on the 6th instant.

Johnston has not yet surrendered his army. Gen. Grant has gone to Raleigh to push the campaign against him.

The condition of Secretary Seward and family has improved slightly since our last issue.

A dispatch from New Orleans says that the Rebel Gen. Kirby Smith is disbanding his army and sending them to their homes.

Jeff Davis is said to have started for Mexico, and from thence to Europe where he has accumulated large treasures in the prospect of defeat and consequent exile.

All of Mosby's gang have surrendered except himself, he has fled, and some of his late soldiers are in search of him, prompted by the offer by Gen. Hancock of \$2,000 reward for his capture.

The President, by proclamation, has revived the blockade, from Richmond to the Rio Grande, to all vessels from foreign ports and to all vessels from domestic ports carrying contrabands of war.

Messrs. Glassmire & White have put on the Coudersport & Emporium route, two of the finest Stages we have seen in a long time. The cost of the two was \$230,000. They deserve the thanks of the community for their enterprise and liberality.

President Lincoln's remains were taken by way of Baltimore, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, New York, Albany, Buffalo, Cleveland, Columbus, Indianapolis, and Chicago to his home in Springfield, for interment. Special trains were employed.

Major-Gen. Canby reports that there were over 150 pieces of artillery found in the works around Mobile, with large quantities of ammunition and war supplies. The prisoners taken number about 1,000, and the cotton secured is about 2,000 bales.

In answer to an address by a delegation of the Sons of Veterans who waited on him on Saturday, the President said: "He would say to the wealthy traitor, you must pay the penalty of your treason; and, on the other side, to the misguided thousands who have been deluded and deceived, many of whom have paid the penalty with their lives and limbs, conciliation, forbearance, and clemency."

MAY FESTIVAL.—The young people of Spring Mills, N. Y., propose holding a "May Festival" in the Academy, at that place, on Wednesday evening of next week, May 3d. The program will be Music, Tableau, &c., and from what we know of the ability of the young ladies and gentlemen of that place, we can confidently promise a rich treat to those who are fortunate enough to be present. Admission Free, 25 cents.

VALUABLE AND CONVENIENT.—Brown's Bronchial Troches are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, and other troubles of the throat and lungs. They are of great value for the purposes for which they are designed, and it should be known that while they are usually and pleasantly efficacious, they contain no hurtful ingredients, but may at all times be used with perfect safety. —Boston Recorder.

The Message submitted by Gov. Brownlow to the General Assembly of Tennessee, which met on April 3, strikingly illustrates the progress of anti-Slavery sentiment in the State. Four years ago, Brownlow, though strongly devoted to the Union, was yet decidedly opposed to abolition and emancipation. Now he recommends to the Legislature to ratify the constitutional amendment "so as to strike down the monster institution which has embroiled the Government for half a century, and culminated in the most wicked, uncalculated and bloody war ever known in the history of the civilized world."

Some years since, in a gubernatorial contest, Andrew Johnson was told by his colleague, that he would never be elected Governor of Tennessee. Johnson, in his rejoinder, used language of this import: "I shall not only be elected Governor of Tennessee, but when your name shall be a hissing and by-word among the people, I expect to be filling the Presidential chair." To-day his competitor is a refugee from his native State—a traitor of the first water—in the person of Gustavus A. Henry, a Rebel Confederate Senator, and Johnson is "filling the Presidential chair."

THE PRESIDENT'S DEVOTION.—The following words, spoken by Abraham Lincoln at the raising of a flag at Independence Hall, were never so memorable as now:

"I have often inquired of myself what great principle or idea it was that kept this confederacy so long together. It was something in the Declaration of Independence giving liberty, not only to the people of this country, but hope to the world for all future time. It was that which gave promise that in due time the weight should be lifted from the shoulders of all men, and that all should have an equal chance."

Now, my friends, can this country be saved upon that basis? If it can, I will consider myself one of the happiest of men in the world if I can help to save it. But if this country cannot be saved without giving up that principle—I was about to say, I would rather be assassinated upon the spot than to surrender it."

THE LADY'S FAIR.—The May number of this favorite periodical opens with a truly beautiful engraving called "The Cup of Cold Water," an illustration of a poem by Thomas Hood, which conveys the profound moral lesson that often in the doing of very little and simple things is to be found "The accepted sacrifice." The Fashion Plate of this number is as usual, double, and remarkably well engraved. The wood engraving leads off with a pretty picture of a child "Among the May Flowers," followed by the usual variety of cuts devoted to the illustration of the fashions, needle-work, &c. Among the literary matter we may specify "Under the Apple-

tree," by Miss Virginia F. Townsend; "One of the martyrs," by Emma B. Ripley; "The Ruth and I," by Margie B. Starr; "Before God and Man," by The Ghost of Mac Grant's Abbey; "By Mrs. Hooper; "Pine-wood," "Four Birthdays," "Story of a Slave," Novelties for May, Editor's Department, &c. The music for this number is an amazing song called "Pa has struck Me."

Price \$2.50 a year; 2 copies \$4.00. To those desirous of making up clubs, specimen numbers will be sent for 15 cts. Wheeler & Wilson's celebrated Sewing Machines are furnished as Premiums. Address Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

Now is the time to send on subscriptions for 1865.

We notice by late foreign news that Gen. McClellan has been saying that he "saw no prospect of a speedy termination of the war." He left the United States to travel in foreign lands while his country was engaged in a death struggle with treason, a treason he was not able to put down when a soldier and he was not able to put down when a President in disgust. Richmond, the rebel capital, he tried to take and could not, has been taken by Grant. What prospect of a "speedy termination" he may see in this when the news reaches him we suppose we shall hear by the next arrival. Like others, he was so blinded by copperheadism, that his wishes were father to his thoughts, and like the defunct ex-President, his greatness in history depended on his country's disgrace and destruction.

Buchanan predicted he was the last President of the United States. But alas for the glory of traitors and their allies, Grant, Sherman, Sheridan and their armies are pointing the way for hundreds of Presidents of a more glorious country, because a free one.

There are a thousand-and-one rumors of the arrest of accomplices in the chief participation, J. Wilkes Booth, has not been taken. There is no doubt about this guilt, as letters found among his papers, and the evidence of his friends, prove conclusively that it was an old conspiracy breaking out in a new form. It was not intended, at first, to kill the President, only to abduct him and carry him off alive to Richmond, but that project fell through because the accomplice backed out until Richmond could be heard from." Booth, it is thought has been taken to Tammany, in this State; yet, it is difficult to procure any reliable news of the attempts to arrest him because of the secrecy enforced upon the officers both civil and military.—Payne, who assaulted Secretary Seward and sons, has been arrested, and identified to be the man. Atzerott, and Sam, Metlaw, both connected with the conspiracy, have been arrested, while a number of the suspected have been held for further developments.

Never since the formation of the Government has there been an act creating such intense feeling as the assassination of the President. Never since the death of the "Father of his Country," has one fallen who was so deeply and universally beloved, whose official life presented such an unbroken career of honest patriotism, or whose death was so sincerely mourned, as ABRAHAM LINCOLN, the "Preserver of the Republic. Incomprehending these palpable facts, and imponderable as it may seem, yet there are those in our midst and in many sections of the country who express pleasure at the outrage and who say they have "heard nothing since the war began that pleased them so much." We are glad to know that this pleasure is not expressed by men of intelligence who understand and appreciate the condition of the country, but only by those whose ignorance and stupidity are only equaled by their love of and sympathy with treason, and who if they had been sent into the rebellious States three years ago would have had justice meted out to them and have found their proper place, but they have been allowed to remain here and it is the old story, repeating itself, of the Merciful Man warning the Adder in his breast, only to be stung to death. Even Lee, Ewell, and other leaders of the Rebellion, who have lost their honor and risked their lives in the unholty cause, express sorrow and abhorrence at the monstrous outrage, which is not only infamy to the actors, but a stain upon the bright escutcheon of our country and a shame on the civilization of the nineteenth century. No punishment is too severe for these dogs. In New York and other of our cities and towns they are dealt with in a just and summary manner—many of them being sent to Penitentiary to contemplate their disgrace. If their hands are not guilty of blood their hearts surely are, and all that restrained them from taking part in the horrid tragedy was their jilly-livered gizzards. Let the dogs be remembered, and let it be charged against them as something for which they will have to give an account.

Last fall, during the Presidential campaign, when we heard Democrats eulogizing Henry Clay and Daniel Webster, we told them they would live to see the day when they would praise the goodness, sense, and patriotism of President Lincoln. We did not think, at the time, that the day was so near at hand. Hear the New York World, one of the most bitter and unscrupulous McClellan papers. It says:

"Had Mr. Lincoln started with his emancipation policy in the Spring of 1861, his administration would have been wrecked by the moral aid which would have been given the South by the Northern conservatives, including a large part of the Republican party. Had he refused to adopt the emancipation policy much beyond the Autumn of 1862, the Republican party would have refused public support to the war, and the South would have gained independence by their aid."

"If we look for the elements of character which have contributed to the extraordinary and constantly growing popularity of Mr. Lincoln, they are not far to seek. The kindly, companionable, jovial turn of his disposition, as well as his goodness of heart. He never disclosed the slightest symptom that he was dazzled or elated by his great position, or that it was incumbent upon him to be anybody but plain Abraham Lincoln. * * * Mr. Lincoln's freedom from any such upstart affectations was one of the good points of his character; it betokened his genuineness and sincerity."

"He has given a signal proof of a strong and manly nature in the fact that although he surrounded himself with the most considerable and experienced statesmen of his party, none of them were able to take advantage of his inexperience and gain any conspicuous ascendancy over him. All his chief decisions have been his own; formed, indeed, after much anxious and brooding consultation, but in the final result, the fruit of his own independent volition. He has

changed or retained particular members of his cabinet; and indorsed or rejected particular dogmas of his party, with the same ultimate reliance on the decisions of his own judgment. It is this feature of his character which was gradually disclosed to the public view, together with the cautious and paternal cast of his disposition that gave him his strong and increasing hold on the confidence of the masses."

The loss of such a man, in such a crisis, of a man who possessed so large and growing a share of the public confidence, and whose administration had recently borrowed new lustre from the crowning achievements of our armies; of a ruler whom victory was inspiring with the wise and paternal magnanimity which sought to make the conciliation as cordial as the strife had been deadly; the loss of such a President, at such a juncture, is an afflicting dispensation, which has disappointed and stricken a nation in sorrow more deep, sincere and universal, than ever before supplicated the compassion of pitying Heaven."

DIED.
In Wellsboro, April 8, 1865, GEORGE H. infant son of Hugh and L. A. Young.

Administrator's Notice.
LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the Estate of DENNIS MAGINNIS, late of Genesee township, dec'd, notice is hereby given to those indebted to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, properly authorized to do so, to ANN MAGINNIS.

Genesee, April 25, 1865.

DIVORCE NOTICE.
CYNTHIA J. BOVIER, No. 27, Dec. Term 1864, in the common Pleas of Potter County, Lihel by her next friend JOSEPH MANN vs. WILLIAM T. BOVIER, in Divorce. To WILLIAM T. BOVIER, Respondent above named. Please take notice that a subpoena and alias subpoenas having been issued and returned nihil; you are hereby required to appear on the first day of next Court, the 19th day of June next, to answer to the complaint made in this case.

D. C. LARRABEE, Sheriff. Coudersport, April 18, 1865.

Administrator's Notice.
WHEREAS Letters of Administration to the Estate of JOHN BRIZZEE late of Oswayo tp, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement to

WILLIAM DEXTER, of Oswayo Village, Adm'r. April 17, 1865.

WAGON SHOP!
THE subscriber having located in Lewisville is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, on short notice and in the best manner.

Making and Repairing of all kinds. I am enabled by the aid of machinery to do work in the wagon-line better and cheaper than any other establishment in the county. I am also prepared to make COFFINS. EDSON HYDE. Ullyses, Penn'a, Dec. 1, 1864

SIMMONS' COLUMN.

FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS: I return you my sincere thanks for your liberal patronage for the past few years, and would say to you that I have located myself at Wellsville, N. Y., and may hereafter be found at the

EMPIRE STORE

AND

NEW YORK STORE

(Having bought out the Store formerly occupied by Geo. Asher), I shall continue to

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

in both of the above Stores, and hope to see all of my old friends and customers, as well as in my old friends, and will try to sell them low enough to pay them for coming.

We are now selling the best PRINTS from 12 to 18 cents.

Extra GINGHAMS from 15 to 25 cents.

Good SHEETINGS from 12 to 25 cents.

TICKS, DENIMS, STRIPES, and all of the Goods in proportion.

CLOTHING.

Good suits for \$10 to \$15 and Extra fine suits in proportion. And as I have an overstock of Clothing I will sell at Wholesale sale 15 per cent less than the same can be bought in New York.

BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKS, &C.,
at reduced prices.

GROCERIES AND **CROCKERY** very low.

RICH DRESS SILKS,
EMPERESS CLOTHS,
and all other styles of Ladies' Dress Goods, very low.

Hoping to receive an early call, I remain your friend,
C. H. SIMMONS.
Wellsville, N. Y., March 25, 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General Subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent, interest, per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.
These Notes are issued under date of June 15th, 1865, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 SIX per cent GOLD-BEARING BONDS

These bonds are now worth a premium which increases the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, and its exemption from State and municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent, more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One cent per day on a \$50 note
Two cents " " " \$100 "
Ten " " " \$500 "
20 " " " \$1000 "
\$1 " " " \$5000 "

*Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions, and the notes forwarded at once. The interest to 15th June next will be paid in advance. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET how offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the

GREAT POPULAR LOAN OF THE PEOPLE.
Less than \$300,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.

Subscriptions will be received by the First National Bank of Harrisburg, First National Bank of Lockhaven, First National Bank of Philadelphia, First National Bank of Williamsport.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital, \$1,000,000 Paid in,
FISCAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
And Special Agent for Jay Cooke,
Subscription Agent.

WILL DELIVER 7-30 NOTES, FREE OF CHARGE, by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.

J. U. ORVIS, President.
J. T. HILL, Cashier.

A BARGAIN!

THE MOST DESIRABLE HOTEL IN NORTH-ERN PENNSYLVANIA, TO BE

SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE.
The Subscriber offers at PRIVATE SALE the House which he has occupied for the last ten years and known as the

COUDERSPORT HOTEL.

It is situated at the County Seat of Potter County, Pennsylvania, is capable of accommodating Seventy-Five guests, has running water in several of the rooms on the basement floor, and a BARN ONE HUNDRED feet long. The lot has a front of 130 feet on Main Street and 180 feet on Second Street. All the necessary out-buildings, Ice-houses, Sheds, &c., are in good condition.

The attention of persons desiring to purchase a Hotel is called to this property. It has for a long time been considered one of the best paying Hotels in the northern section, it is the centre of a great amount of travel, and has the advantage of a reputation of being "well-kept." A Company with a large Capital Stock will commence boring for Oil in the early Spring with good indications of success. Oil has been taken from the surface of a stream only one square from the Hotel and those best competent to judge seem to have no doubt of there being Oil, not only in the County, but within the limits of the Borough. Of course every one can see what an advantage this will be to all the Hotels in this County, but more decidedly to this one, as it is by far the best in this section. The undersigned being engaged in another business which requires his whole time finds himself unable to attend to it, and this is the only reason for his selling.

For further particulars address
D. F. GLASSMIRE,
Coudersport, Potter Co., Pa., or
Titsville, Crawford Co., Pa.
February 22, 1865.

Marble Yard.

THE subscriber desires to inform the citizens of Potter that he can supply them with all kinds of Marble work, as cheap and as good as it can be had any place in the country. MONUMENTS and TOMB-STONES of all kinds furnished on short notice.

C. BREUNER,
Coudersport, Feb 13 '65