THE POTTER COUNTY JOURNAL

Coudersport, Wednesday Evening, Dec. 24, 1862.

Local and General.

☞ See New Advertisements.

☞ A. J. Rose, of Harrison, assumes the office of County Auditor, this week, vice, Slade, whose term has expired.

☞ We learn that it is the intention of Rev. A. A. Marple to leave this place, where he has so long and faithfully labored. He has received a call from the Episcopal church at Scranton.—*Tioga Banner.*

☞ Lost—on the Road between Coudersport and Brookland on New-Year's day, a Black Sheep-skin Driving Glove, for the right hand. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at this office.

☞ More New Goods have just been received at the celebrated Oswayo Regulator. Its active and energetic proprietor, careful and accommodating clerks make it one of the best places in the county for the people to trade.

☞ See the card of Mr. Tallman. We advise all our friends who may have occasion to stop in Oswayo to favor him with a call, confident that they will find the accommodations of an excellent character.

☞ The Diptheria is still raging quite fatally in many portions of the county. During this changing weather every one should take particular care to keep their feet dry and warm, and avoid as much as possible being in the damp. A little common sense may be of more service than a physician.

☞ The Sheriff has returned from the east, after securely "mustering in" his Company of "drafted men;" of course, they professed to be repentant and almost glad that their course of crime was thus opportunely broken off or else they might have ended their days upon the gallows

☞ The Democratic State Central Committee met in Reading on the 11th instant. A resolution was adopted fixing Wednesday the 17th day of June, 1863, as the time, and Harrisburg as the place, for holding the next Democratic State Convention, to nominate a candidate for Governor, and a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court.

☞ Woolsey Burtis retired from the office of County Treasurer last week. During his term he has proved himself an accommodating, reliable, and prompt officer, and has made many friends among those who were called upon to transact business with him. For his successor, Lewis W. Lyman, we prophecy a successful performance of the responsible duties of that position.

☞ A great battle is in progress at Murfreesboro'. The result is yet in doubt, though it looks favorable to the Unionists. Gen. Rosencrans is in command. We will give the particulars next week. An engagement is also in progress at Vicksburg. The army of the West is in moving order, and judging from the past will give the rebels a few more hard blows. Col. Carter with his Tennessee cavalry has cut off all chance of reinforcements from Richmond.

☞ Another Year has gone; a year of agony and blood. The mad spirit that incited a few politicians to rebellion, has spread until its frenzy fills the hearts of ten millions of people. The war, expected to be so short, is still drawing its "slow length along," and from Maine to Texas it occupies the time and thought of every citizen. It has been a year filled to overflowing with bitter sorrow. Hearthstones, once bright, are now gloomy with the pall of the absent fallen; the father has shed his blood for his country, the son has sickened and died, and the friend has gone from us forever and no loving hand smoothed his dying pillow. The time fraught with so much misery has not been altogether unproductive of good; through fire we are purified. Men may disappear, but if they have left an enduring work behind them their memory will be blessed in future generations; if Freedom gains the supremacy by this effusion of blood it will not have been in vain. Since the first dawn of Liberty in this country the despot's crime has blackened its fair fame; the effect, at first scarcely discernable. It was expected soon to remove, but as years were added to years it assumed greater proportions until today it covers the whole nation with darkness and blood. Great and good men prophecied for it a short life; its name was carefully excluded from the Constitution; its upholders were but a few; its political importance was inconsiderable; and its speedy death considered a foregone conclusion. Slavery fairly fastened upon us soon grew into a giant political power. Increasing with its years it at last stood in the Senate Halls of the United States to demand special privileges and when mind overpowered matter, it struck the coward's blow and held the coward's weapon. With its knife at the throat of the Union its demands have been the most incessant and its threats the most disloyal. A stout resistance to these encroachments years ago might have avoided much misery, but doughfaceism and party policy in the North instead of resisting favored the designs of these murderers. It waited but to find a President whose weak principles would enable them to grasp the power of the Government and perfect plans for its overthrow. Such a man they found in James Buchanan. Fremont's election would have deferred the war, but could not have prevented it. The spirit that taught the South to hate the North never released its power from the time of the unsuccessful attempt of 1832 to the more successful effort of 1861. Freedom and Slavery were from their very natures antagonistic, and if they existed on the same continent it must be through fear or partizan policy. And now, the time prophecied by John Randolph, of Virginia, is upon us and we must meet it like men. The coward-heart deserves not country, home, or friend. As time passes along, and as victory seems to-day upon our banners and to-morrow upon the Rebels' let our hearts be made strong by victory and more determined by defeat. If we watch closely the effects of the war we may discover advancements that well nigh pay for the blood shed. The President's Proclamation is only one of the benefits accruing from this unholy war; it is good worked out through evil. The price has been a precious one, but the end glorious. The old stain will be wiped out, and if ever again we are a united nation it will be purely a Free Nation. Foreign despots who envied us in the Old Union will fear us in the New. Suffering will come, perhaps we have not had the half yet. Let it come, the Power that sends it will strengthen us to live through it. Let us be hopeful for the future. Cast off all forebodings. Pray for a joyful heart. We will not be scourged above what we can bear. Surely the only Republican nation on the earth cannot die.

☞ E. A. Jones, of this place, has been appointed Collector of the United States Tax in Potter county. A better appointment could not have been made.

☞ Lieut. Wm. B. Jenkins formerly of this place, was among the killed in the battle of Fredericksburg. His brother, Oscar, is reported wounded and a prisoner.

☞ Considerable uncertainty hangs over the fate of Corp. Barnet F. Stebbins, reported missing. From letters received from the Army there is some cause to hope that he was taken a prisoner to Richmond. Henry Mattison, it is thought, may be in the Hospital at Georgetown. The report comes that Capt Jones was told that a member of his company, reported missing, was in the Hospital. If this is true, it is most likely Mattison.

☞ On our first page will be found a communication from one of the drafted men. Upon first reading it we were tempted to lay it aside, but finally concluded to publish it for the news it contained, and leave the common sense of the people dispose of the "grumblings." War is a cruel and unnatural state; its sufferings and privations are intense; this truth, even we at home have been made to feel, and men going into the army, either voluntarily or involuntarily should make up their minds to bear with all its inconveniencies knowing that the end for which they labor is incalculably precious. We are surprised that a man in whose judgement we had as much confidence as that of our correspondent, should permit himself to be led into this lamentable habit of fault-finding. Warriors do not sleep upon "downy beds" or partake of "feasts fit for a King" until their work is accomplished, and we would advise our friend, when a fault-finding spirit seeks to overpower him, to think of the Chickahominy Swamps and its sleeping thousands, and if this dose is not sufficient to cure him, Valley Forge may have a lesson "born of to-day."

[For the Journal.]

The President's Proclamation of Emancipation of January 1, 1863.

BY L. P. MAYNARD.

The deed is done! The Nation has a policy at length—not a new policy—but the old policy of Liberty from which we had strangely wandered and departed. It is the policy of the Declaration of American Independence of 1776. It is the policy of the grand old ordinance of 1787 speaking once again its bold, true words of liberty. It is the policy (rightfully interpreted) of the General Constitution of the United States of 1789, designed by its framers to be ultimately an absolutely free Constitution!—to work for freedom and in the interest of freedom. Yes, the world moves!—moved forward, by the pressure of this gigantic Rebellion; and for its suppression the necessary arming of more than one million of men, and in the order of march, now shaking the Western Continent by their martial tread! This has given an irresistable logic to events, that are moving forward in due order, under the direction of Providence, to work out the grand principles of the universal liberty of mankind. The great issue made up from the record of the Past and now being tried here in America, is Liberty or Slavery? If Slavery prevails, then the dark pall of a night of Tyranny will rest over the world for centuries to come. If so fair an experiment of a free Government by the People, is to prove a failure; then never more may we look for its success. But if Liberty prevails, then forever broken is the Tyrant's chain! And Liberty will prevail! for the great eye of Truth blesses it, and the "Everlasting Arms" are underneath to sustain it.

The President has done a noble deed. God bless that noble deed of righteousness and wisdom! Slavery dies! and the Republic lives! Let the soldier of Liberty in the field now feel the conscious power that—

"Thrice is he armed that hath his quarrel just,
And he but naked though locked up in steel
Whose conscience with injustice is corrupted."

And so feeling strike home upon the foe, until victory shall perch upon the banners of the free. And the "old Flag of the Stars" with every star in its place, and gloriously illuminated by the bright sun of Peace, "shall long wave over the land of the free and the home of the brave."

☞ LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at Coudersport, Penn'a, January 1st, 1863:

Chas. Barnum, Laroy Burdick, Mary Chandler, J. W. Davis, Mary S. Gustin, Clarissa Jones, Abram Jones, Mariana Jones, Mary Lovell, Martha Patterson, J. B. Stewart, William Thursby, F. N. White, William Wrazy.

JNO S. MANN, P. M.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. Robert G. White President Judge, and the Hons. C. S. Jones and G. G. Colvin, Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer & Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of Potter, have issued their precept, bearing date the eighteenth day of Dec., in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court, and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Coudersport, on MONDAY, the 16th day of Feb. next, and to continue one week:

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of Potter, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Coudersport, Jan. 5, 1863, and the 84th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

D. C. LARRABEE, Sheriff.

☞ Ayer's American Almanac for 1863 is now ready for delivery gratis, at C. S. & E. A. Jones, who are happy to supply all that call for them. Every family should have a and keep this book. It is worth keeping. Comprising much general information of great value: it gives the best instruction for the cure of prevalent complaints that we can get anywhere. Its anecdotes alone are worth a bushel of wheat, and its medical advice is sometimes worth to the sick the Wheat's weight in gold Many of the medical almanacs are trash, but this is solid metal. Its calculations are made purposely for this latitude and are therefore correct. Call and get an Ayer's almanac, and when got, keep it.

Essentials to Prosperity.—Good newspapers, good stores, and good housewives are among the essentials to prosperity in any locality. The good newspaper has always something to say in favor of DeLand & Co.'s Chemical Saleratus, the good merchant always has it for sale, and the good housewife will use no other in making bread and biscuits. A locality where all these are found, must be prosperous, and the people healthy, as most people who use bread made with the Chemical Saleratus.

To the Public.—Messrs. Bryant & Stratton have recently opened a Commercial College in Toronto, C. W., thus extending their already gigantic enterprise of commercial education, and making it truly international as well as national, in its character. One feature relative to the course of study in these schools, is worthy of notice: The purchase of a Scholarship in one, gives to the holder an unlimited course of instruction, as to time, and in either of the schools constituting the National Chain of Colleges. In this way, should a Student's business or inclination call him away before the completion of a course of study where he may have entered, he can hardly fail of finding equal facilities in some other school connected with this great enterprise.

We are satisfied that these Colleges are doing much good in educating the young men of the country in the ways of business life, and we are confident of doing the public a favor by commending them to the confidence of all desirous of being more proficient in business affairs.

The Genesee Farmer.—The January number of the *Farmer* is promptly on our table. It is a capital number. All our agricultural and horticultural friends should take the *Farmer*, if they do not already do so. It costs only sixty cents a year, and for this small sum you get *three hundred and eighty-four* pages of matter, well illustrated, and abounding with information of the greatest value to all engaged in rural pursuits. Send the sixty cents by mail to the publisher, Joseph Harris, Rochester, N. Y., and you will receive the paper by return mail. Or, if you wish to examine it, you can get a copy *free* by writing to Mr. Harris for one. Subscriptions are received at this Office.

☞ We call the attention of our readers to the following inducements, offered by the proprietors of the Home Journal, to those who subscribe at this time. They say:

"In consequence of the enormous rise in the price of white paper, and all the materials used in the production of the Home Journal, we are reluctantly compelled to raise the terms of subscription. Hereafter it will be issued at two dollars and fifty cents a year, in advance; and single copies will be sold at six cents each. Those, however, who, on receipt of this notice, promptly comply with our present terms of publication, (two dollars a year, in advance,) and remit that amount at once, will receive the Home Journal for the next twelve months without further charge. This privilege however will not be afforded to subscribers after the first of February next."

MORRIS & WILLIS,
No. 107 Fulton Street, New York.

DIED:

In Lymansville, 27th ult., of diptheria, Willie, youngest son of Frank and Maria Wagoner, aged 5 years and 8 months.

Another sweet bud of promise, taken from its fond mother's embrace to blossom in a land where blighting disease does not enter. Our little class is no longer broken. We love to think of them now, an angelic class, taught by Him who took little children in his arms and blessed them. Com.

PRICE CURRENT.

Corrected every Wednesday by P. A. STEBBINS & CO., Retail Dealers in Groceries and Provisions, opposite D. F. Glassmire's Hotel, Coudersport, Pa.

Apples, green, ℔ bush.,	$37½	to 75
do dried, "	1 00	2 00
Beans, "	1 00	1 50
Beeswax, ℔ lb.,	25	30
Beef, "	3	4
Berries, dried, ℔ quart	6	12½
Buckwheat, ℔ bush.,	37½	44
Buckwheas Flour,	2 00	2 25
Butter, ℔ lb.,	15	18
Cheese, "	7	10
Corn, ℔ bush.,	75	88
Corn Meal, per cwt.,	1 50	1 75
Eggs, ℔ doz,		12
Flour, extra, ℔ bbl.,	7 00	7 50
do superfine "	6 00	6 50
Hams, ℔ lb.,	9	12½
Hay, ℔ ton,	6 00	7 00
Honey, per lb.,	10	12½
Lard, "	10	12½
Maple Sugar, per lb.,	10	12
Oats, ℔ bush.,	44	50
Onions, "	50	75
Pork, ℔ bbl.,	15 00	17 00
do ℔ lb.,	8	9
do in whole hog, ℔ lb.,	5	6
Potatoes, per bush.,	25	37½
Peaches, dried, ℔ lb.,		25
Poultry, ℔ lb.,	5	7
Rye, per bush.,	63	75
Salt, ℔ bbl.,		4 50
do ℔ sack,		20
Trout, per ½ bbl.,	4 50	5 00
Wheat, ℔ bush.,	1 00	1 25
White Fish, ℔ ½ bbl.,	4 50	5 00

Grain,

and

Wood.

Wanted, on account, at this Office.

The Confessions and Experience of an Invalid. Published for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c., supplying at the same time the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, *single copies* may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings county, New York.—Mar19spoly

Catch! Catch!! Catch!!!

I am ordered to deliver one or two Bears, a pair of Raccoons, Panthers, Black Squirrels, Flying Squirrels, and any kind of wild animals—LIVING—and Tame if possible.

Any one who wishes to sell please let me know the conditions, and direct to

H. THEIS, Germania, Pa.

P. S. They are wanted immediately.

To the Public.

WM. H. TALLMAN would inform the traveling public that he has rented the **Eagle Hotel** opposite C. H. Simmons' Block at Oswayo Village, Penn'a, which has been newly refitted and furnished, where he intends to keep a First Class Hotel. Parties of pleasure and those wishing a quiet home over Sabbath, will find this house equal to any in this vicinity The tables will always be well supplied, and the barns well furnished with hay and oats, and no pains spared for the comfort of guests.

WM. H. TALLMAN.

Oswayo, Pa., Dec. 25, 1862.

The Magic Time Observer,

THE PERFECTION OF MECHANISM,

BEING a Hunting and Open Face, or Lady's or Gentleman's Watch Combined.

One of the prettiest, most convenient, and decidedly the best and cheapest timepiece for general and reliable use, ever offered. It has within it and connected with its machinery, its own winding attachment, rendering a key entirely unnecessary. The cases of this Watch are composed of two metals, the outer one being fine 16 carat gold. It has the improved ruby action lever movement, and is warranted an accurate timepiece. Price, superbly engraved, per case of a half dozen, $204.00 Sample Watches, in neat morocco boxes, for those proposing to buy at wholesale, $35, sent by express, with bill payable on delivery. Soldiers must remit payment in advance, as we cannot collect from those in the Army

Address HUBBARD BROS. & Co.,
Sole Importers,
Cor. Nassau & John Sts., New York.

The New York Tribune 1863.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE, first issued in 1841, now in its twenty-second year, has obtained a larger and more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the War for the Union, its circulation on the 6th of December, 1862, is as follows:

DAILY	50,125
SEMI-WEEKLY	17,250
WEEKLY	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Prominently a journal of News and Literature, The Tribune has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word Republican. It is Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—Republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness"—Republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant hostility to every scheme and effort of the slave power, from the Annexation of Texas to the great Rebellion, to grasp the Empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its aggrandizement—Republican in its antagonism to the aristocrats and despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the Model Republic—Republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious Rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its plotters, and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, wherein Liberty and Union shall indeed "be one and inseparable" henceforth and forever.

The Tribune devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to Education, Temperance, Agriculture, Inventions, and whatever else may minister to the spiritual and material progress and well-being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the War for the Union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle which we trust is soon to result in the signal and conclusive triumph of the National arms and in the restoration of Peace and Thrift to our distracted and bleeding country. We believe that no otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the co-operation of all friends of the National cause, which we regard and uphold as that of Universal Humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

TERMS:

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers, compels us to increase the price of the Tribune. Our new terms are:

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single Copy	3 cents.
Mail subscribers, 1 year (311 issues)	$8

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One Copy, one year (104 issues)	$3
Two copies, one year	5
Five copies, one year	12
Ten copies, one year	22 50

An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty and over.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy, one year (52 issues)	$2
Three copies, one year	5
Five copies, one year	8
Ten copies, one year	15

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten.

Twenty copies, to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. To clubs of thirty the Semi-Weekly Tribune will be sent. To clubs of fifty the Daily Tribune will be sent gratis.

Address, THE TRIBUNE,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit Bank Bills. The name of the Post-Office and State should in all cases be plainly written.

Subscribers who send money by Express, must prepay the express charges, else it will be deducted from the remittance.

The Tribune Almanac for 1863

Will be ready about Christmas.

Price 13 Cents; 11 copies for $1; 100 copies, $9, postage paid. By Express, $8 per 100. Cash orders solicited. We can supply back numbers of the Tribune Almanac for years 1849, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, and 1861. Price, 13 cents each, post paid.

Address, THE TRIBUNE,
New York.

☞ Now is the time to subscribe for your County Paper—THE JOURNAL.

ILLUSTRATED

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

The Best Mechanical paper in the World.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR.

VOLUME VIII.—NEW SERIES.

A new volume of this popular Journal commences on the first of January. It is published weekly, and every number contains sixteen pages of useful information, and from five to ten original engravings of new inventions and discoveries, all of which are prepared expressly for its columns.

To the Mechanic and Manufacturer.—No person engaged in any of the mechanical or manufacturing pursuits should think of "doing without" the Scientific American. It costs but six cents per week; every number contains from six to ten engravings of new machines and inventions, which cannot be found in any other publication.

To the Inventor.—The Scientific American is indispensable to every inventor, as it not only contains illustrated descriptions of nearly all the best inventions as they come out, but each number contains an Official List of the Claims of all the Patents issued from the United States Patent Office during the week previous; thus giving a correct history of the progress of invention in this country.—We are also receiving, the best Scientific journals of Great Britain, France and Germany; thus placing in our possession all that is transpiring in mechanical science and art in these old countries. We shall continue to transfer to our columns copious extracts from these journals of whatever we may deem of interest to our readers.

A pamphlet of instructions as to the best mode of obtaining Letters Patent on new inventions, is furnished free on application.

Messrs. Munn & Co. have acted as Patent Solicitors for more than seventeen years, in connection with the publication of the Scientific American, and they refer to 70,000 patentees for whom they have done business.

No charge is made for examining sketches and models of new inventions and for advising inventors as to their patentability.

Chemists, Architects, Millwrights and Farmers.—The Scientific American will be found a most useful journal to them. All the new discoveries in the science of chemistry are given in its columns, and the interests of the architect and carpenter are not overlooked; all the new inventions and discoveries appertaining to these pursuits being published from week to week. Useful and practical information pertaining to the interests of millwrights and mill-owners will be found in the Scientific American, which information they can not possibly obtain from any other source.—Subjects in which farmers are interested will be found discussed in the Scientific American; and most of the improvements in agricultural implements being illustrated in its columns

TERMS.—To mail subscribers: Three Dollars a year, or One Dollar for four months.—The volumes commence on the first of January and July. Specimen copies will be sent gratis to any part of the country.

Western and Canadian money or Post-Office stamps taken at par for subscriptions. Canadian subscribers will please to remit twenty-five cents extra on each year's subscription to prepay postage.

MUNN & CO., Publishers,
37 Park Row, N. Y.

THE PRIDE OF NEW YORK.

Grand Mirror of American Genius

"Correct with spirit eloquent with ease,
Intent to reason, or polite to please."

The New York Mercury.

FOR THE NEW YEAR.

It is with no fear of War's effect upon their literary fortunes, that the publishers of The New York Mercury acknowledge the unwavering loyalty of the two hundred thousand subscribers, and announce to them and to all, that The New York Mercury for this year (1863) will be richer in every luxury of Polite Literature than ever before. It is no upstart speculation, no temporary "sensation," but a first-class literary weekly, which has been familiar to the United States for a quarter of a century; and while the wishy-washy prints of yesterday are cutting down their talent even while they raise their subscription price, The New York Mercury maintains all its great Staff of Romancers, Poets, Humorists, Essayists, Story-Tellers, and Editors, and promises to make it still greater for 1863.

It is the one paper for every home. Its forty columns of reading matter per week constitute an unparalleled conservatory of the entertaining, and its Novels, Miscellaneous Tales, Beauties of Verse, Gossip, Feuilletons, Broadsides of Humor, and Polished Editorials, combine to epitomize all the charms of wit and sentiment! The husband reads it to his wife, the mother to her children, the lover to his weetheart, the soldier to his comrades and the village schoolmaster to the circle around the stove. It is familiar to the sight of every man, woman, and child in our country, and has regular subscribers in several countries of Europe. The New York Mercury is also identified with the grandest patriotism of the age, for several members of its brilliant Staff hold high rank in our noble army, and have made themselves as famous with the Sword as with the Pen. The great illustrating artist of The New York Mercury, the inimitable Darley, gives the paper the highest attributes of Fine Art; and yet this largest literary weekly of the day promises to surpass itself in all these respects during the New Year!

The first New York Mercury Novelette for the New Year, to be commenced in the issue of January 3, 1863, is called VICTORIA; or The Heiresss of Castle Cliffe. By Cousin May Carleton, Author of "Ginsey Gower," "Sybil Campbell," "Ermine," "La Masque," &c., &c.

The productions of this distinguished authoress need no eulogy. Public opinion long since pronounced them superior to any other novelettes published on this side of the Atlantic; and the true test of their merit is found in the fact that they are eagerly reproduced, after their publication in the Mercury, by the English press. We may add that the new tale, "Victoria," is fully equal in interest and depth of plot to either of those which have secured so large a share of public approval, and we can earnestly recommend it to all story-readers.

The New York Mercury is sold by all newsmen and periodical dealers in America. To subscribers it is regularly mailed every Saturday morning, for 2 a year; three copies for $5; six copies for 9; eight copies for $12, with an extra copy, *free*, to the getter up of the club. Six months' subscriptions received. *Always write plainly the name of your Post Office, County and State.* We take the notes of all solvent banks at par. Payment must invariably be made in advance. ☞ Specimen Copies sent free to all applicants. Address all letters and remittances, post paid, to

CAULDWELL & WHITNEY, *Proprietors of The New York Mercury*, 113 Fulton st., N. Y. City.

New Goods!

New Goods!!

New Goods!!!

50 to 75 per cent. saved, on every Dollar, by buying your goods at

Simmons'

WHOLESALE & RETAIL REGULATOR,

at

Oswayo Village, Potter Co., Pa.

We are happy to inform all those in want of Choice and Domestic Goods, that we now have a stock of some

$10,000,

Worth of all kinds of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
BOOTS and SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, CLOTHING,
CROCKERY & HARDWARE

and everything usually kept in a country store. We are prepared to sell at nearly the old prices, notwithstanding the great rise of goods in New York. Our facilities are now such that we are prepared to furnish all those in want of goods at less prices than can or will be sold by any dealer in this section. Below we give you some of our prices, and also the prices the same goods are sold for by most of our neighbors.

Good Sheetings, 12 to 14 cts. sold by most dealers for	16 to 22 cts
Very nice bleached Goods 10 to 14	15 to 20
A large lot of Sheep's Gray and Cassimers, from 31 cts. up	
Good Apron Checks and Check Shirting, 12½ to 15 cts.	16 to 20
Good Ginghams, 12½ to 15	16 to 25
Beautiful DeLaines and Poi de Chevres, 12 to 20	20 to 31
Nice all Wool Merinos, 63 worth	$1,25 to 1,75
A large assortment of Black Silk,	88 to $1.13 1,25 to 1,75
Fine Black Silk Shawls, $6.00	8,00 to 9,00

And a large stock of Black Silks from 75 cts to $1 00 worth from $1 50 to $1 75.

Good Sprngnes, Merrimacs Dunnells and many other grades of very nice Prints, new styles, warranted fast colors, Harrass Checks and others, for 11 to 12½ cts, nothing over, worth 15 to 20 cts,

IN SHOES WE CAN SAVE YOU A VERY LARGE PER CENT.

Good enameled boots, 75 cts, worth	$1.13 to 1.50
Good balmoral bootees, $1,00	1.50 to 1.75
Women's good Calf boots, 75 to 1.00	1.00 to 1.63
Men's do $2.75	4.00 to 4.75
Warranted Kip Boots, home-made, $2.75	3.50 to 4.00

CLOTHING.

We call your attention in this line, as it is from 50 to 100 per cent. below most other dealers—the Jews, so much noted for selling cheap, not excepted.

We will sell you all Wool Fine Black Doeskin Pants for $3.50, worth $5.00.

Good Suits of Black Clothes: Coat, Vest, Pants, Hat, Socks, Pocket Handkerchief, &c., for $10, worth $18.

GROCERIES.

In the line of Groceries we offer a choice variety of Teas at 50, 75 and $1.00—and our Dollar Tea can't be beat.

Good Sugar for 10 cts. Coffee Sugar 11 cts.
Saleratus 7 to 5 cts. Bar Soap 3 cts.
Coffee 16 cts.

We would also inform you that we have got established in our

NEW SALES-ROOM,

the largest in this section—and filled from cellar to garret. Also the large building adjoining are used by us for storage rooms

THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR

BUTTER,

and other Produce, that can readily be converted into Cash.

One word more. As the transportation on our Goods from Wellsville here, costs only 12½ cents per hundred, and our other expenses are small, we do not need large profits.

C. H. SIMMONS,

OSWAYO REGULATOR

Oswayo Village, Jan. 1st, 1863.