

THE PEOPLE'S UNION TICKET

For Auditor General, THOS. E. COCHRAN, York. For Surveyor General, WILLIAM S. ROSS, Luzerne.

The Army to be increased 600,000.

Immediate Draft of 300,000.

The Deficiency after the 15th inst. to be made up by Drafting.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.

The following order, calling for Militia from the several States, has just been issued:

War Department, Washington, Aug. 4. Ordered, first: That a draft of 300,000 militia be immediately called into the service of the United States, to serve for nine months, unless sooner discharged.

Second: That if any State shall not by the 15th of August furnish its quota of the additional 300,000 volunteers authorized by law, the deficiency of volunteers in that State will also be made up by a special draft from the militia.

Third: Regulations will be prepared by the War Department and presented to the President, with the object of securing the promotion of the officers of the army and volunteers for meritorious and distinguished services, and of preventing the nomination and appointment in the military service of incompetent or unworthy officers.

THE POTTER CO. COMPANY.

But little over one year has elapsed since the country was thrown into violent convulsions by the general uprising of the dictatorial Slave oligarchy of the South. Our Government had exhausted every honorable conciliatory measure known to a free people but without the desired effect.

Supreme Court.

Congress passed a bill recasting the several districts of the Supreme Court. It stands thus: First district comprising most of New England, Justice Nathan Clifford.

Second district, New York and Vermont, Justice Samuel Nelson. Third district, Pennsylvania and New Jersey, Justice Robert C. Grier.

Fourth district, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina, Chief Justice Roger B. Taney. Fifth district, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi, Justice James M. Wayne.

Sixth district, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Kentucky and Tennessee, Justice John Catron.

Seventh district, Ohio and Indiana, Justice Noah H. Swayne, nominated by President Lincoln.

Eight district, Michigan, Wisconsin and Illinois, Justice to be selected. Ninth district, Missouri, Iowa, Kansas, and Minnesota, Justice Daniel P. Miller, nominated by President Lincoln.

How THE NOMINATIONS ARE RECEIVED.—The Huntington Globe, the leading Democratic paper published west of Harrisburg, notices the proceedings of their late Convention in no very complimentary mood, and closes with the following notice of the candidates placed in nomination by that body, viz:

"The nominee for Auditor General, Mr. Slenker, of Union County, we have no doubt is a man fully competent to discharge the duties of the office; but if he can endorse every resolution in the platform upon which the convention has placed him, we cannot support him.

The nominee for Surveyor General, BARR, of the Pittsburg Post, will not be in the way of the success of any ordinary man who may be voted for in opposition to him. He is one of the VERY SMALLEST OF THE SMALLEST KIND OF HUCKSTER-POLITICIANS.

The Commissioners of Berks have appropriated the sum of thirty thousand dollars of the County funds to pay the bounty on volunteers under the new requisition. All honor to such democracy as that.

The Commissioners of Lancaster have appropriated fifty thousand dollars. That is a proper form of republicanism. The city Councils of Philadelphia have appropriated for the same purpose \$750,000.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have \$50,000, and the Reading Railroad Company \$25,000. Corporations are coming to have souls.

At Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Chambersburg, Easton, and various other places throughout the Commonwealth, public meetings have been held, large sums contributed, and committees organized, to promote enlistments.

Commodore Foote cordially awards to General Fremont the honor of originating the important arm of war on the great rivers of the Mississippi Valley, and warmly acknowledges the promptness with which General Fremont furnished every facility for protecting this enterprise while in command of the Department of the West.

The editor of the Nashville Union advertises for a lot of uncut Confederate bonds for newspaper envelopes; also, one hundred pounds Confederate notes for cigar-lighters. Old clothes are offered in exchange.

Senator Chandler, in a recent speech, gives McClellan 140,000 or 150,000 men. It is admitted that he now has more reinforcements than he lost in the late contest. His losses are now put at about 11,000.

The Missouri State Convention has prescribed the qualifications of voters, disfranchising traitors. They also recommended the President's Emancipation policy.

The Treasury notes of small denominations, ones, twos, and threes, were expected to be ready on or before the first of August.

There are indications of an important movement by Gen. Pope's army. His lines have recently advanced beyond Warrenton, and Gen. Hatch's cavalry is scouting the country up to the enemy's lines, capturing spies and guerrillas.

Com Porter's mortar fleet is arriving at Fortress Monroe; seven are there, and five more are due. It is supposed that they are to operate in James River. The Commodore, himself is on a visit to the North, to recruit his health.

Endorsed at Home.

In time of common danger to a common country, old party feelings should die off. There is but one party allowed in Rebellion—there should be but one in the loyal States until Secession is finished.

Gen. Wm. Sterling Ross, and Wm. Penn Miner, Esq. of Wilkes-Barre—sons of the first settlers of Wyoming—had battled each other, politically, from their boyhood up. They now meet on the broad ground of Union for the sake of the Union!

Our readers see how willingly Republicans can yield up mere party organization for the good of the Union. Gen. Ross was elected to the Legislature, last year, all Republicans voting for him—and, with the aid of loyal Democrats, he will be elected Surveyor General by a majority as will astonish the Secessionists.

A short time before his death, Judge DOUGLAS said to his confidential friend, Mr. Sheahan—

"He considered the Rebellion had sealed the fate of Slavery. No act of legislation, no act of Mr. Lincoln, no matter how violative of the Constitution, could have wrought the injury to slavery that had been done by the rebellion. If the Government would only say and do nothing whatever about slaves, but prosecute the war for the establishment of the Union, the losses of slave property, by the inevitable consequences of war, would have two effects. First, it would satisfy the people of the South that their own folly, and not the action of the Republican party, was producing the loss.

Second, that the tenure of slave property would become so uncertain, it would cease to be valuable—and, once brought to that condition, its fate was sealed forever."

The Raw-Head and Bloody-Bones of the Rebel Army, Stonewall Jackson, is now, according to the correspondent of the Associated Press, on the south side of the James River, above Petersburg, with 70,000 men. Yesterday he was in the Shenandoah region with 50,000; tomorrow he will be on the Potomac or the Delaware, or perhaps the Hudson, with a million or two. There have been more sensation lies about Jackson than about all the other Rebel Generals together.

GOOD EXAMPLE.—While on his travels in the West, Hon. Edward Everett was preparing to attend public worship on the Sabbath, when some distinguished visitors were announced. In a few moments, he frankly informed them that he was a church-going man, and they could either accompany him, or excuse him for bidding them good day.

One of our surgeons just released from Salisbury, N. C., says that for several days after the late battles, Rebel troops were transported North through Salisbury, at the rate of 1,000 a day. They were from South Carolina and Eastern Georgia. There were 11,000 more at Charlottesville, N. C., waiting transportation to Richmond; 50,000 conscripts had been raised in Tennessee, an equal number in Georgia, and a great many more in other Southern States, since the Richmond battles. The Rebels had 173,000 men in the seven days' battles. All indications show that they are massing an overwhelming force in Virginia for the purpose of driving out the Union army.

The lovely neutrality of Great Britain had another illustration a few days ago in New Brunswick. The printing office of The St. Croix Herald was destroyed by a mob. Reason: It has been in favor of the North, while the vast majority of the subjects of Queen Victoria are anything that is opposed to the United States.

Eighty vessels of war of all kinds have been added to the United States navy within the past year. Of these, 32 were wooden gunboats, 15 side-wheel steamers, 4 steam frigates, and 32 iron-clad boats, rams, and vessels. All save the iron-clads and frigates are finished and afloat.

The Hon. Reverdy Johnson has published another appeal to the Border States to embrace the scheme of Compensated Emancipation before the inexorable progress of events shall sound the words "It is too late."

A small battle occurred near Fulton, Mo., a few days since, in which a force of 900 Rebels was defeated by the Union troops, from 75 to 100 of them being killed and wounded.

Another straw. Richard Hyatt got on a Brooklyn car a few days ago. He offered a \$1 bill to pay his fare. The conductor would not change it, and put him out, using violence. Hyatt sued the conductor. The Court decided in his favor, and fined the man \$10. The man Hyatt was a negro. Held by the Court: Conductors have no right to kick men in the ribs, even though they are black.

It is supposed that the new Rebel ram, or iron-clad Merrimack No. 2, is now finished at Richmond. When ironed and her machinery put in, her guards will probably not be over one foot above the water. Being smaller, she will be far more manageable than the old Merrimack.

NEW GOODS

JUST arrived and for sale at fair prices, and for READY-PAY EXCLUSIVELY, a general assortment of New Goods, such as FARM TOOLS;

NAILS and GLASS, and other HARDWARE, HATS and CAPS, CLOTHING, and BOOTS and SHOES.

A FULL SUIT FOR \$3.00 Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Notions, SCHOOL BOOKS.

BLUE FISH, MACKEREL, COD, and HALIBUT, Etc., Etc., &c., and so fourth. CASH taken at 00000000 CREDIT taken at 90 Cts. COUNTY ORDERS at 88 Cts. ULYSSES' CHOICE ORDERS at 88 Cts. ULYSSES' TOWN ORDERS at 88 Cts. PRODUCE at What it is worth. Good ASHES at 8 to 12 Cts.

L. BIRD, Brookland, (formerly Cushingville.) May 17, 1862.

STOP! STOP! MONEY, MONEY SAVED! AT THE Union Clothing Emporium!

Corner of Main and Plank Road Sta. YOU WILL SAVE From 25 to 30 Cents! on every DOLLAR By purchasing your CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS At the new Union CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

D. STRAUS & CO. Wellsville, N. Y., 1862. UNPARALLELED ATTRACTION New Store! New Goods!

The undersigned beg leave to inform the public that they have opened business at WELLSVILLE, N. Y., Corner Main and Plank Road Streets, opposite the Union Block, where they will display an entire new stock of Readymade Clothing, and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

which will far surpass in quality, style and price anything ever exhibited in this town. We are aware that to build up a large trade, it is not only necessary to have desirable goods, but to SELL THEM CHEAP, and we will make it an object for buyers to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. All goods shown cheerfully, represented fairly, and submitted to the purchaser's unbiased opinion.

This is a branch of an extensive manufacturing house in Elmira, N. Y., and therefore you will find all Clothing well made and got up in the latest style. An early call will most assuredly secure a splendid bargain at the UNION CLOTHING EMPORIUM. D. STRAUS & CO. Wellsville, June 1862.

P. A. STEBBINS & CO. Have just received a NEW LOT OF BRADFORD PLOWS AND POINTS. Which they are SELLING VERY LOW FOR READY PAY. March 12, 1862.

FOR SALE On exchange for Horses, Wagons, Stock (Good Notes or Judgments). A valuable Farm situated in Harrison township, Potter Co., Pa., lying on the old State road, leading from Spring Mills to Harrison Valley and Westfield Pa. Containing about 110 Acres, about 80 Acres improved and in a good state of cultivation, on which is erected a large Farm House, good Barns, Corn House and other necessary out-buildings, a good Apple Orchard containing some twenty different kinds of Grafted Fruit, Shade Trees, &c. The above Farm lies about 1 mile from Harrison Valley, 7 miles from Westfield and 6 miles from Spring Mills, and is a good Stock and Grain Farm, and will be sold so that any one that can make a payment of \$3 or 4 hundred dollars down, can make it a farm pay for itself with his labor. Price, \$2,500. For particulars inquire of Peter Simmons now occupying said farm, or C. H. Simmons, Oswayo Village, Pa. C. H. SIMMONS. Jan. 15, 1862.

BROWN SUGAR for 10 cents per pound and County orders taken at 85 cents on the dollar at the Post Office Store. Jan. 8.

\$10,000,

WORTH OF

NEW GOODS,

AT

Simmons'

Below the prices here given.

I TAKE pleasure in informing my friends and customers that I am just receiving a fine, fresh assortment of Goods and that all those who are in want of any had better give me an early call. I keep DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, BOOTS and SHOES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, And everything usually kept in a Country Store.

I have just returned from New York with one of the best and largest stocks of Goods that was ever brought into this country. I propose to sell these GOODS FIFTY per cent lower than can be bought in this vicinity. Wells-ville or Olean not excepted. My Goods have been bought for CASH from a large number of houses that had failed in the city, at from 50 to 75 cts. on the dollar of the original cost. Therefore I am prepared to give all great bargains that choose to give me a call.

LOOK AT SOME OF THE PRICES: Very nice Sheetings from 8 to 11 cts., sold by most merchants at the present time for 14 to 18. Good cotton bats for 8 cts roll Good Prints for 6 to 11, worth 9 to 14. Fine Delaines from 11 to 20 cts., worth 15 to 25 and 30. Good Tweeds from 25 to 38 cts., worth 44 and 63. Good Black Silk from 50 cts. to \$1.00, worth 75 cts. to \$1.50.

Good Suits of Black Clothes: Coat, Vest, Pants, Calf Boots, Hdkths., Cravat, &c., for \$10, worth \$18.

In Groceries, I have a good sweet pleasant Tea for 50 cts per lb., and upwards. Good Sugar for 8 cts., white coffee sugar 11. Saleratus for 6 cts. Coffee 18. Soap 8 cts bar. Molasses for 45 cts. per gal. Best Kerosene oil, 44 cts. gallon. Flour at "Wellsville prices" In the line of Boots and Shoes we have a Ladies Enamelled Morocco Boot for 50 cts sold by most dealers for \$1 to \$1.25 Heavy Kip Ladies Walking Boot 75 cts. Fine Congress Gaiters and others from 50 cts. to \$1.00, worth 6 to 12 shillings. Fine Calf Boots for 2 50; Fine Stogey boots for 16 shilling. Fine Broche Shawls for 20 shillings and upwards. Ladies Stella Shawls from 8 to 22 shillings. Woolen shawls for 12 shilling and upward. Red Flannel from 2 shillings per yard. Fine Gingham for ten cents. Cambrics for 9 cts. Men's Heavy Working Ribbed Jacket Coats for 8 shillings.

And now I intend to keep my stock full to supply those who may choose to buy at

WHOLESALE or RETAIL, And all Families of Volunteers will receive Goods at the first cost in New York, regardless of transportation, and I still hold my offer good to pay any one that calls upon me and not finding Goods at the prices given to pay them for their time and expenses in coming.

C. H. SIMMONS, OSWAYO REGULATOR June 25, 1862.

NEW GOODS

AND

SOMETHING ELSE

NEW!!

THE subscribers at their OLD STAND ON MAIN STREET, IN

COUDERSPORT,

Offer to their old customers and the public generally for Cash, United States Treasury Notes (which by the way are taken at Par) Wheat, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Butter, Cheese, Hides, Pelts, Deer Skins, and all other kinds of Skins, such as Calf Skins, &c., also, Beans, Beas, Venison, and some other things that can't be thought of.

A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES, DEADYMADE CLOTHING, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, Hats & Caps, Iron, Nails, Hardware, DRUGS & MEDICINES, Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuff, Together with some of the best.

KEROSENE OIL, Far superior to the Oil Creek or Tidonts Oil. LAMP & LAMP FIXINGS, POCKET CUTLERY, Also a few more of those Superior CANDOR PLOWS, SLEIGH SHOES, GLASS, SASH, PUTTY, INK, PAPER, ENVELOPES, And other kinds of STATIONARY. WINDOW CURTAINS

And other articles which time alone forbids us to mention, all of which will be sold as low as the WAR PRICES will allow—for strictly

READY-PAY!! And for those articles we take, the highest market price will be paid. We are also General Agents for DR. D. JAYNE'S Family Medicines, DR. AYER'S Medicines, BRANDRETH'S Pills, KENNEDY'S Medical Discovery, And all the standard Medicines of the day

CALL AND SEE! C. S. & E. A. JONES.

N. B. The pay for the Goods must be on hand when the Goods are delivered, as we are determined to live to the motto of "Pay as You Go."

Just one thing more. The Judgments, notes and book accounts which we have on hand, must be settled and closed up immediately or we fear they will be increased faster than the usual rate of interest.

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