

Synopsis of Latest News.

A slight skirmish occurred on Saturday afternoon, between the forces of Gen. Shields, and the Rebels, on the Strasburg road, four miles from Winchester, in which we lost one man. The dispatches are very confused and conflicting, but from the latest intelligence, it appears that the conflict was renewed at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and continued till dark. The enemy were under Gens. Jackson, Smith, and Longstreet, 15,000 strong, while our forces numbered only 8,000. Our loss is killed and wounded is not ascertained—one report says 150; the Rebels losing 100 killed, and at least twice as many wounded. We have taken a large number of prisoners, several guns and caissons, and many small arms; the ground being strewn with the weapons which the Rebels threw away in their flight. The rout of the enemy appears to have been complete, and our cavalry was still in pursuit. Gen. Shields was slightly wounded in the arm from a fragment of shell.

A report is prevalent in naval and military circles in Washington that New Orleans is now under the Union flag, our mortar fleet having attacked the Rebel fort at the Rigolettes within two days after the Ship Island steamer sailed. As the fleet left Key West on the 6th inst., we should have heard of so important an event before this, through Rebel sources at least, even if we had no direct intelligence; had it taken place.

From the Tennessee we have news that a flood prevails in the river and its tributaries. Gen. Grant had arrived at Savannah, Tenn., and taken command of the expedition. Our troops have seized the Memphis and Charleston Railroad near Savannah. Information in regard to the enemy is still quite meager. His main force is supposed to be at Corinth, Miss., where he will probably be able to concentrate 50,000 troops. Our force for the most remain on board the transports.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 23.

Immediately after the occupation of Newbern, an expedition to Beaufort, was started by Gen. Burnside.

The place was however evacuated before our troops approached.

Fort Macon was blown up by the Rebels, and the steamer Nashville burned.

On the day Burnside occupied Newbern, 16,000 Rebel troops were on the road between Goldsboro and Newbern.

Dr. John Evans of Chicago has been nominated and confirmed as Governor of Colorado Territory, vice Gov. Gilpin.

Stephen S. Harding of Indiana was on Friday nominated as Governor of Utah, vice Gov. Dawson, rejected.

Small squads of Rebel horsemen are scouring the country within five miles of Manassas, impressing all the able-bodied men left within their swoop, robbing the farms for the hundredth time and destroying what they cannot carry away.

THE INDIAN TERRITORY.—The proposition of Gen. Lane, to make this territory a part of Kansas, is received with general favor. It will open an immense section to free labor. The loyal Indians are known to favor it.

ARIZONA.—The bill organizing the Territory of Arizona, reported to the House, prohibits slavery or involuntary servitude in the Territory.

Sickles's name was before the Senate for action upon his appointment as Brig.-Gen. He was unanimously rejected.

The well-known publisher of Dr. Kane's works has offered Parson Brownlow \$10,000 for the copyright of his proposed book, giving an account of his sufferings.

The new article of war which passed the United States House of Representatives some time ago, prohibiting officers and soldiers of the army from returning fugitive slaves, has been adopted by the Senate, by the decisive vote of 29 to 9.

Judge Chumasco of the Monroe (N. Y.) judicial district, has decided that the horse racing for money at agricultural fairs, usually called "trials of speed," is illegal.

Jeff Davis has suspended Gens. Floyd and Pillow from their commands, until they can render a satisfactory account of their action at Fort Donelson.

The Norfolk Day Book says that Capt. Buchanan, of the Merrimac, who was wounded, has since died; one shell from the Cumberland is said to have killed 17 of the Merrimac's men.

The negro boys about Annapolis have caught the "Army Hymn," and old John Brown's "Glory Hallelujah," from the New England soldiers. As for the latter, an Annapolis resident says, "the niggers are clear carried away with it."

Judge Jeffrey Phelps, of Simsbury, Ct. has held the office of postmaster in that town continuously, from 1817 up to a recent date. The Judge says that he held it through all parties but when the no-party times came round, his head had to come off.

THE JOURNAL.

Coudersport, Pa. Wednesday, Mar. 26, 1862. M. W. McALARNY, Editor.

A WORD TO REPUBLICANS.

The Democratic papers throughout the State are endeavoring, by all manner of falsehoods, misrepresentations, charges of fraud, secession sneers at the Administration and Congress, regrets at the prospect of high taxes and insinuations of negro-buying, to hatch out a "popular" opinion against Republicanism. One of the principal points against which they fire their Breckinridge quills is the New York Tribune. Its Editor, as one of the main supporters of the Chicago Platform, they do not like; and, while feeling the strength of the pen which has founded free sentiment and given an impulse to justice and equality, they see the necessity of breaking by fair or foul means the influence of its masterly logic and convincing truths, ere they can effect the re-throning of that dough-face democracy which has sold itself, body and soul, to the slavery-propagandists. This they are now attempting by exciting against its Editor an ill-feeling based upon the assertion that he has worked against the interests of a General, who has not done all that even they wish he had. Cast aside this question of what this General has or has not done, it is irrelevant to the point at issue, which is not whether what has been said about officers in the army is true or not, but whether the giant stride of '60, in the path of free thought and liberal opinion, shall, by this venomous fast-finding, be made of no avail. Democrats can not see any other reason for the overthrow of their power than the dissensions among their party leaders, and they hope by exciting the opposition of the masses to one or two of the leaders of the Republican party they may be enabled to break the power of its influence and prepare for an easy victory over us. It would be well for Republicans to listen with a great amount of charity to those plausible stories of the men who but a few short months ago were arrayed on the side of the "peace" and "compromise" parties of the North.

Republicans be on your guard! The cry of these "wolves in sheep's clothing" is not without a characteristic purpose. Remain united. Let your voices be as the voice of one man. Remember when finding causeless fault with GREENEY you are helping to break the influence of one who has done more for the party than any other one man in the country. "United we stand; divided we fall."

Island No. 10 has not yet been taken, though Com. Foote seems quite confident of final success. We have sunk some of their gun-boats, and dismounted many of the guns of their fortifications.

THE PRESIDENT'S EMANCIPATION POLICY ENDORSED.—In the U. S. House of Representatives Mr. Roscoe Conkling, (Rep.) of New York introduced the following resolution, being the same as proposed in the President's message:

Resolved, That the United States ought to co-operate with any State which may adopt a gradual abolition of slavery, giving to such State pecuniary aid, to be used by such State in its discretion, to compensate for the inconveniences, public and private, produced by such change of system.

The resolution was debated at some length, and passed the House on Thursday by a vote of 88 yeas to 31 nays. All the Breckinridge Democrats voted in the negative. Six Southern men voted yeas, and nine nays on the resolution.

The Homestead Bill passed the lower House of Congress by about one hundred majority. The bill provides that on and after the 1st of next January, any person twenty one years of age, who is a citizen, or who has declared his intention to be such, and who shall enter upon the land and cultivate it for five years, shall be entitled to 160 acres, upon the payment of the Land-office fees and \$10 to cover the expenses of survey. The same privilege is accorded to all men who have been in the military or naval service of the Government during the present war.

THE CASE OF GEN. STONE.—General Stone's friends are urging Gen. McClellan to bring that officer forthwith to a Court-Martial. As the Joint War Committee has not terminated its investigation into the crime or the blunder at Ball's Bluff, this Court will not be ordered at present. It will be convened soon enough, judging from the damaging testimony the returned Ball's Bluff captives are now giving.

BURNSIDE A MAJ.-GENERAL.—The whole loyal North will approve the promotion of Gen. Burnside. Well done, President—well done, Senate.

Gen. Fremont's staff is almost completed. It will be composed of 17 officers.

NEWS ITEMS.

On Monday, the 10th, the Burnside fleet left Roanoke. On Thursday, 13th, the troops landed at the point on the Neuse River, some miles below Newbern. On Friday the battle occurred. Along the bank of the river were planted hostile batteries. These our troops took in succession, with sharp fighting at each where resistance was made. About two miles below the city the Rebels had taken up a strong position, and there made a desperate stand at that point took place the main battle of the day. Our troops fought with splendid and unflinching bravery till the order was given to make the charge. Then, at the point of the bayonet, they drove the enemy from their place, and sent them flying in an inglorious retreat, which had all the characteristics of a panic. The officers and men disencumbered themselves of their private property, and left all things as they fell from their hands. Having control of the railroad in their rear, the Rebels used it to its fullest capacity, and made off to Goldsboro; as they took with them many of their dead and wounded, we can form only a rude conjecture as to the extent of their loss. It is thought that, in spite of the fact of their fighting under shelter, they must have suffered as much as we. The loss on our side, though not ascertained with entire accuracy, is probably not far from 60 to 70 killed, and 300 wounded. Among the killed were Lieut. Col. Merritt of the 23d Massachusetts Regiment, Adjutant Stearns of the 21st Massachusetts Regiment, the Rev. O. N. Benton, Chaplain of the 51st New York Regiment, and Major Le Gendre of the same. The number of the Union troops engaged in this battle is not distinctly given, but it is probable that we had not far from 11,000 men; the enemy is supposed to have had 15,000.

THE N. Y. TRIBUNE REPORTER SAYS.—"The 51st Pennsylvania, for a long time held in reserve, was ordered up to participate in the decisive charge of the whole brigade upon the line of redans, and passing through the 51st New York, as was lying on the ground after having exhausted all its ammunition, came under the heaviest fire, and without flinching or wavering moved to its place, and rushed, with the other regiments, upon the defenses of the enemy. The movement of Col. Hartranft's regiment was executed in the most deliberate manner, and proved a complete success." This is the old 4th Pennsylvania Regiment so unjustly accused of cowardice in the Bull Run fight.

HARRISBURG, March 21, 1862. The Governor has issued a general order complimenting the 51st Pennsylvania for gallantry at Roanoke and Newbern, at the latter engagement storming the enemy's batteries at the point of the bayonet, and ordering the names of these battles to be inscribed on their colors. The regiment is commanded by Col. Hartranft, and mainly composed of those who left Bull Run before the battle. They were the first to plant the flag at Newbern, and seem determined to recover their lost fame.

CHICAGO, March 31, 1862. A special dispatch to The Journal, from Cairo, 21st, says:

Direct and positive information has arrived from Gen. Grant (Smith). He is at Savannah, 60 miles from Florence. The troops are in fine health and spirits. Beauregard is in command at Corinth, with 15,000 men from Pensacola. Gens. Cheatham and Bragg have divisions nearby. About 6,000 men in the vicinity of Savannah, have enlisted in the Union army recently.

On the night of the 13th, a division of the 5th Ohio Cavalry put a part of Cheatham's forces to flight and burned the railroad bridge. The forces in that vicinity are divided into five divisions under command of Gens. Sherman, Hurlburt, McClelland, Wallace and Linnam.

WASHINGTON, March 21, '62. Gen. Bleeker has at last been superseded. His Division Quartermaster, Dr. S. Schotte, who paid to the General a monthly fee of \$500, has been cashiered by Court-Martial for numerous frauds.

The Navy Department has ordered six new gunboats on the same plan as the Monitor. The dimensions and some of the features of the craft will be different from that, however.

Brigadier-Gen. Burnside was confirmed by the Senate, as Maj.-Gen. of Volunteers.

A general bankrupt law will probably be reported to the House.

ERIE, Pa., March 21, 1862. Prescott Metcalf was elected Mayor of this place to-day by 300 majority.

We have the news of a brilliant little fight in the Cumberland Mountains, about 40 miles from Picketon, or Pikeville. Five thousand of the Rebels were flogged by Gen. Garfield, with a comparatively small force, in twenty minutes. The enemy fled with precipitation; Gen. Garfield passed the night in the hostile camp, and then destroyed the tents and carried off the stores. The Rebels lost 7 killed; we lost none.

Official report from the fleet off Fernandez, giving an account of the occupation of St. Mary's, Ga., and of some skirmishing in that vicinity.

St. Louis, March 20, 1862. The official list of the Union loss at the battle of Pea Ridge, is as follows; Killed, 212; wounded, 926; missing, 174.

ANOTHER PROOF.—The appointment of Hon. Andrew Johnson (Douglas Democrat) to the Military Government of Tennessee, by President Lincoln, is only another proof that our Chief Magistrate is actuated solely by love of his country in discharging his duty. The Breckinridge papers still endeavor to keep up a great cry about party, as it is all they have left, since they dare not cheer so lustily for Southern traitors as they did before the fall of Sumter; but honest men can readily discover that there is no partisan feeling in the Administration, and that every true patriot can rally to its support.

DEFENCE OF A. CUMMINGS.—The N. Y. Tribune in speaking of the defence of Mr. Alex. Cummings against the grave imputations of the House Investigating Committee says:—"The essential point of this defence is a clear and straightforward assertion that the Committee utterly misapprehended his note to them, and made it read 'I have retained,' instead of 'There [was] retained \$140,000' of the Public Money intrusted to the New York Committee. This defence has now been some two weeks before the public, and it seems strange that the Committee have taken no notice of it. Their silence is a virtual acquittal of Mr. Cummings on the main point made against him in their Report."

Notwithstanding the Superabundance of Petroleum oil and the low price it commands; there are those, and they are by no means few, who still continue to spend their time and means for it. The price is now so low that it will scarcely pay the cost of transportation. Like all other speculations which have sprung up like a bubble, its bubble has burst, and many a ruin has it wrought. The discovery of this earth embedded oil is no doubt a blessing to the world, but like the winning of a great battle it has been accomplished only by immense sacrifices and individual ruin.—Warren Ledger.

HON. EDGAR A. COWAN.—This distinguished gentleman is very highly spoken of by the peace men of the North. This may satisfy him, but it is very mortifying to his constituents. "The unkindest cut of all" he received from that Southern sympathizing sheet the Clearfield Republican. It speaks very highly of him, and, among other nice things, it says:—"We know not of a single vote cast by him in either of these sessions, as the expression of the State of Pennsylvania that would not have been so recorded had Mr. Bigler been re-elected."

This may be a very fine compliment to Mr. Cowan, but we confess "we can't see it."

The Democrats say that abolitionism is costing the people three millions a day. For a year past all our information went to show that Jeff. Davis was freeing niggers faster than John Brown ever did, but this is the first time we ever heard he was an abolitionist, our idea having always been that he had been a regular built patent, loco-foco, office holding, thieving democrat, of the real tory stripe, who thought no more of perjury than he did of a bigger.

The remains of the late Col. Cameron, who fell at the head of his regiment, while leading a desperate charge, at the battle of Bull Run, were recovered about a week ago and on Tuesday last were buried in the Lewisburg Cemetery with imposing ceremonies.

Commissioner Yaney was captured a few days since on board a schooner which was trying to run the blockade. He was dressed in sailors' clothes, and was recognized by one of the newspaper correspondents.

Letters from Minister Adams declare that friendliness for the United States is growing in England. The Spectator and other leading journals are about to send correspondents hither who shall counteract Bull Run Russell's lying prognostications.

A bill has passed the Legislature changing the name of the Milton Savings Bank to Milton Bank, and granting it the privilege of issuing notes under the provision of the Free Banking law.

The Convention of Republican Editors of Pennsylvania is to meet on the 7th of May next at Harrisburg.

Virginia papers formerly delighted to quote the following catchism:—"Who settled Virginia? John Smith. Who unsettled Virginia? John Brown. Who settled John Brown? Gov. Wise." They may now add to these queries, another:—"Who settled Gov. Wise?" Gen. Burnside.

The "Democrats" of Rhode Island have re-nominated Governor Sprague, and all present State officers, who were men of both former political parties. General Sprague, in accepting, takes pains to express his independence of all party platforms and names in the present struggle for the life of the nation.

By a tabular statement appended to the Auditor-General's Report for 1861, we learn that the total valuation of real and personal property in the several counties in this State, subject to taxation amounted to \$565,045,867, upon which a State tax of \$1,479,377 '81 has been assessed. The total population of the State is 2,921,046; and the number of taxable inhabitants is 612,492.

\$251 EMPLOYMENT. \$701 AGENTS WANTED.

We will pay from \$25 to \$75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address: E. J. SAWYER, MACOMBS CORNER, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio, or any of our Agents.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID. Published for the benefit and as a warning and caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c., supplying at the same time the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings county, New York.—Mar 25/62

NOTICE. This is to certify that a Road Judgment obtained against me July 12, 1860, in favor of J. A. B. Grenman, I will not pay for the reason that there is no value received. I forbid any person buying said judgment. N. K. LUCE. March 26. pd

Do You Want Employment. I offer a pleasant business for the Spring and Summer, with large profits. Send for my new circular, containing full information. Geo. Edw'd. SEARS, 181 William St., New York.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A. SANDBERG & BROS. Tanners and Curriers. HAVE also established a Boot and Shoe Manufactory, opposite D. F. Glassmire's Hotel, in the room formerly occupied by J. B. Smith. They offer their Boots and Shoes at a LOWER RATE THAN THE SAME QUALITY HAVE EVER BEEN SOLD IN POTTER COUNTY. And they will have nothing but the best workmen and the best stock that the country will produce, and money and labor can procure. THEY FEEL CONFIDENT THAT THEIR WORK WILL GIVE SATISFACTION. Hides, Calf Skins, Sheep Pelts taken at the Highest Market Price. GIVE US A TRIAL! Coudersport, Pa., March 19

Executor's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly qualified as Executors of the estate of John Dwight, dec'd, late of Hebron township, Potter county, Pa., said executors residing in the township of Hebron, county afore-said. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to make known the same to said executors without delay. MARIAM DWIGHT, Executrix, NORMAN DWIGHT, Executor. Coudersport, Pa., Feb. 8, '62

SOMETHING NEW! Highly Important to the Ladies! DOWNER'S PATENT HEMMER AND SHIELD FOR HAND-SEWING. Is "just the thing" for all who use the needle. This remarkably simple and novel invention saves one-half the labor of hand-sewing, as it completely protects the finger from the point of the needle, and makes a neat and uniform hem while the operator is sewing.

NO LADY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT. It is cheap, simple, beautiful, and useful. The Hemmer and Shield will be sent free of charge on receipt of the price, 25 cents. Enclose stamp for descriptive circular and terms.

ALSO, DOWNER'S METROPOLITAN SKEIN-WEINDER AND Sewing-Bird Combined. Is an article of real merit. It is used for the purpose of winding skeins of Thread, Silk, Cotton, Yarn, Floss, Worsted, &c. It is readily adjusted to the work-table, and will be found indispensable to all using the above articles, being a useful and invaluable appendage to the Sewing-Bird. Price 50 Cts. to \$1 according to Style and Finish. \$150 per Month can be Realized by enterprising Agents (wanted in every town and County throughout the United States and Canada,) selling the above articles, as sales are rapid, profits large, and has no competition. A liberal discount to the trade. Address A. H. Downer, 412 Broadway, New York, Patentee and Sole Proprietor. N.B.—General and exclusive Agencies will be granted on the most liberal terms.—m192m

Notice. WHEREAS letters testamentary to the estate of John Glossy, late of Sylvania township, dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent, will make known the same without delay to ROBERT YOUNG, Executor. Sylvania, Potter Co., Pa., Mar. 18

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION OF THE Mistakes of Educated Men.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D., 12mo., muslin, price 50 cents; paper covers, 25 cents. Copies of this book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Please address J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher, 148 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. THE BEST OF FLOUR kept constantly on hand at the Post Office Store. Jan. 8.

HORACE WATERS PIANOS. MELODEONS, ALEXANDRE ORGANS, AND T. GILBERT & CO.'S celebrated "EOLIAN" PIANOS are the finest instruments for Parlors and Churches now in use. A large assortment can be seen at the new Warerooms, 181 BROADWAY, between Grand and Broome Streets, which will be sold at extremely low prices. PIANOS and MELODEONS from sundry makers, new and second hand, to let, and rent allowed if purchased, as per agreement. Monthly payments received for the same. Also, second-hand Pianos and Melodeons at great bargains, prices from \$25 to \$100. Sheet Music, Music Books, and all kinds of Music Merchandise at War prices. HORACE WATERS, Agent.

The Rochester Straw-Cutter. OLMSTED & KELLY, Coudersport, have the exclusive agency for this celebrated machine, in this county. It is convenient, durable, and CHEAP. Dec. 1, 1860. 12

PRICE CURRENT.

Table listing various goods and their prices, including Apples, Beans, Butter, Corn, Flour, Hams, Hay, Honey, Lard, Maple Sugar, Oats, Potatoes, Peaches, Poultry, Rye, Salt, Trout, Wheat, and Whitefish.

Notice to Delinquent Collectors. DELINQUENT COLLECTORS of State and County taxes for the year 1861 are hereby notified that if their duplicates are not settled by the first of May next that cost will be made them. By order of the Board of Commissioners. [March 8th.]

P. A. STEBBINS & CO. Have just received a NEW LOT OF BRADFORD PLOWS AND POINTS. Which they are SELLING VERY LOW FOR READY PAY. March 12, 1862.

NOTICE. WHEREAS my wife Mary Jane has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, I therefore forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date. HENRY MOORE. Wharton, Feb. 24, 1862. pd

CANASE & AGA MILLS SUPERFINE FLOUR for \$1.35 per Sack, or \$5.25 per Barrel. Also, Groceries of every description as cheap as can be afforded. POST OFFICE STORE. Feb. 19, 1862

THE Atlantic Monthly for February is received and for sale at the Post Office. ALSO, Harper, Peterson and the new American Patriotic Monthly—The Continental. SUBSCRIPTIONS forwarded for any of the standard publications, and books procured from Boston, Philadelphia, or New York, on short notice. Give us a call at the POST OFFICE.

BROWN SUGAR for 10 cents per pound and County orders taken at 85 cents on the dollar at the Post Office Store. Jan. 8.

Administrator's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of JOHN S. BENNET, late of Bingham township, Potter county, dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber by the Register of Potter county, to whom all debt due to said estate and claims against the same, must be presented for settlement or payment. WM. F. COOL, Hebron, Jan. 8, 1862. Adm'r.

Dissolution. OF Copartnership. The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Colwell & Lyman is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The outstanding concerns of the firm will be adjusted by B. S. Colwell & Co., who will use the signature of the firm in liquidation. B. S. COLWELL, HARRIS LYMAN, WESTON BROS. Roulette, Feb. 6, 1862

Co-Partnership. THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership, under the firm of B. S. Colwell & Co., and will continue the business heretofore conducted by Colwell & Lyman. B. S. COLWELL, WESTON BROS. Roulette, Feb. 6, 1862

SOMETHING FOR THE TIMES!!! A NECESSITY IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD! JOHN'S CROSLY'S American Cement Glue. The strongest Glue in the World. For Cementing Wood, Leather, Glass, Ivory, China, Marble, Porcelain, Alabaster, Bone, Coral, etc. The only article of the kind ever produced which will withstand Water.

EXTRACTS: "Every housekeeper should have a supply of John's & Crosley's American Cement Glue."—New York Times. "It is so convenient to have in the house."—New York Express. "It is always ready; this commends it to everybody."—N. Y. Independent. "We have tried it, and find it as useful in our house as water."—Wilkes Spirit of the Times. Price 25 Cents per Bottle. Very liberal reductions to Wholesale Dealers. TERMS CASH. For sale by all Druggists and Storekeepers generally throughout the country. JOHN'S & CROSLY'S, (Sole Manufacturers,) 78 William Street, New York. [Corner of Liberty Street.]