Agricultural.

[We invite original local articles in this department, believing that the publication of observations and experiments in regard to the Agricultural and Horticultural peculiarities of this county will mutually benefit our farmers. Try it, farmers of Potter.—Ed. Journal.]

What the Birds Do.

[Farmers, read over the list given below of what a few families of birds are doing every day for the public good, and then say honestly whether you don't know several fellows in your neighborhood going about with their guns who are not serving the community as well as the little feathered families, celebrated by Mr. C. M. Clay, of Kentucky, in the following article, which he communicated to the *Country Gentleman*, that would pay, from which we take it. To obtain five billions of caterpillars and insect was destroyed in one year on a single farm of thirty acres is a pretty good year's work.

That period many well-known *men*, so from doing any public or private good, really spreading mischief by their ness—are they not?—quite equal in nt to the benefits conferred by the given instincts of the beautiful and l birds.—Ed. Journal.]

At daybreak I estimate that four hun- ed songsters break forth into one grand so bilation of mingled song on narrow ridges of fruit and pleasure—with a gentle Among these I crown to the dead furrow thrush, on side, so that the surface water bell may readily pass off. Harrow lengthwise, sparrow form open drains through the lowest the hous, to carry off the water. On more many ms or gravelly soils, the ridges may sapsu wider and flatter; but it is always adpingable to clean out the furrow with a plow after sowing, so that the water can pass off more readily. How seldom do we see a wheat field on which the water does not lie on some portions, presenting a sheet of ice during the winter and early spring, and bare spots or light, and late crops in summer, but which might easily be removed by a few surface drains. If you can not afford to underdrain, do not neglect at least surface drainiage. True it is very inadequate; but it is better than nothing.

In regard to the time of sowing, there is much difference of opinion. If we sow too early, there is increased danger from the attacks of the Hessian fly, which deposits its eggs on the young plants in the fall; and if we sow late, the probability is that the midge (which deposits its eggs in the grain when in flower) will destroy it. Five years ago in this section, many farmers sowed their wheat the last week in August, and it was much injured by the Hessian fly. From the 1st to the 10th of September is now considered the safest time. As we go south, the wheat is sown later. A recent writer in the *Valley Farmer* recommends sowing a strip of one or two acres of wheat about the middle of August, so as to be well advanced when the bulk of the crop is to be sown, and then turning this strip under with the plow after the rest is sown, and re-sowing it immediately.

We have always been in favor of rather thick seeding. A few years since, Hewitt Davis and other English writers contended that by dibbling in the seed a foot apart, one peck to the acre was amply sufficient. That good crops were obtained in this way, there can be no doubt; but still it was found that those who practiced such thin seeding frequent- had several acres where the crop was destroyed or much injured. The loss on these portions more than counter-balanced the gain from the saving of seed on the whole breadth of land sown. Thin seeding was a new thing, and the successes were paraded in the public papers, while little was said of the failures. Hardy, of Exeter, and Mechi, of Tiptree, still advocate thin seeding; but the majority of English farmers prefer to sow plenty of ed, in order to guard against the numer- casualties to which wheat is liable.

We do not need to sow as thickly in stood that upon dern England, owing, perhaps, to the care bestowed on it, so much earl friends, Mr. Sickles' arks hold good nis clams to repres than would be d cressional District. Added everything all his seat must be refer to insure plants ies, which will have als mstances, whether the credentials of the ese. Is it not true, members. On occasion on the ground is apt in the endorsment of the election we should tificate has been issued to oushels per acre members elect, but Sickles, fourths bushel back forthwith; his case wil ed until he chooses whether rule, "on the contest. In the latter case, wet or dry," is fain soldiers from Gov the common field other irregularities and not be forgotten that a The fact that frequently raised from seed ven as the of August. The seeds notice will depend upon the length of contest will in Autumn. Turnips will grow siderable of frozen into the ground. For Sickles to resign ch quick-growing varieties as contracting parts Long White French, the Ash- democrat in iver's Swedish Stubble grow the plan is not though they are larger when in the third cou yet they acquire a good *Ills. Phat.* rge enough for table t half of August, or

Woman's Grit.—*Fifty Men Driven by Ten Women.*—Mr. Mead, who owns a sawmill and mill at the forks of Black River, is now absent from home and had left in charge his wife and an adopted daughter, Ellen. The drivers of the logging firm of Whitcomb, Morse & Morgan, about fifty in number, came down and found some logs in Mead's dam with marks of their company upon them; apparently thin skinned and white; and we should think well worthy of attention from those disposed to grow wheat in a distrieving where wheat-growing has been intermiers will for meny years, under the impressards man- the wheat-producing quality ances wander was exhausted. But ir Some sisters, one described will pre it spoken, enter into per acre, it is certainly h their brothers. This necticut farmers to thout an almost total desat raising crops ence for good. The strong-

"Wh learns to despise the weaker "I send who fails in every struggle with her raised this antagonist. Nothing does she gain, over forty b I how much does she lose! Above nured or an worst of all, she loses her influpoleon wh for good over her brother, who, step- It ping forth into the world, needs, above all things, the protecting power of her unselfish love, going with him, and remaining consciously with him as a protecting angel.—*Home Magazine.*

☞ A few evenings since, says the Charleston *Mercury*, "Between the hours of eight and nine o'clock, a gentleman, residing at Mount Pleasant, while crossing in the ferry-boat to this city, saw what he considers an electric rainbow. Overhanging the village was a grooms, acting cloud, from which the lightning them as soon as. At every brilliant flash, he convinced this i above the cloud a distinct rainroads are dirty nalling the brilliant colors of the legs already s rainbow, but of about the intensity but to deluge the rainbow. He observed the phe- a horse enters r some time, noticing several rep- is to my m of this singularly beautiful object. jump in rainbow was simultaneous with the flash, hour at only existed for a moment."

Executors' Sale.

Potter County, ss.:

{L. S.} AT an Orphans' Court held at Coudersport, in and for the County of Potter, on the 21st day of June, A. D., 1859, on Petition of James Harber & Chester Robinson, Executors of the Estate of O. B. Goodman, deceased, setting forth that whereas heretofore to wit, on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1850, said Executors presented their petition to the Court by which it appeared that the personal property of said O. B. Goodman, was insufficient for the payment of his just debts as by said petition will more fully appear; and whereas by said Petition it appears that said O. B. Goodman, died, seized of and in certain real estate, upon which such petition and statement so filed, the Court granted an order for the sale thereof, and the same was not sold for want of bidders on the same, and that there remains unsold the following described real estate to wit:

The undivided two-thirds part of a tract of land in Pike Township, Potter County, Beginning at a Black Oak in the west line of Tioga County, thence west 836 perches to a White Pine, thence South 611 perches to a post and stones, thence east 110 perches to a post and stones, thence north 212 perches to a Pine Knot and stones, thence east about 150 rods to a post, thence south 390 perches to a post, thence east 170 perches to a Hemlock, still east 84 perches to the west line of lot surveyed by the Trustees of William Bingham to David Kilbourn, thence south one degree—117.9 perches, thence south 89 degrees east 66.5 perches, thence south ¾ degress west 66.6 perches, thence north 70¾ degrees 56.5 perches, thence south eighty-nine (89) degrees east 119.4 perches, thence north 1½ degrees east 49 perches, thence east 38 perches, thence north 7 degrees east 68 perches, thence east 18.8 perches, thence north 80 degrees east 22 perches, thence north 11 perches, thence north 78 degrees west 26.7 perches, thence north three degrees west 14.3 perches, thence south 81 degrees west 23.1 perches, thence north 80 perches, thence west 67.9 perches, thence north 44 perches, thence east 104 perches, thence north by the Tioga County line 475 perches to the place of beginning; containing about three thousand eight hundred acres more or less, with about one hundred and thirty acres improved, a saw-mill, five dwelling houses, a school house, two barns, a store, a blacksmith shop, and some other small outbuildings thereon.

ALSO—The undivided two-thirds part of a lot in Pike Township, Potter County, Penna., bounded on the north by lands late of Abraham Bruner and O. B. Goodman, and on the east, south and west by lands of the Bingham Estate; containing fifty acres, with about two acres improved, and a log house thereon.

ALSO—The undivided two-thirds part of a tract of land in Pike Township, Potter County, Beginning at a Hemlock the north-east corner of Warrant No. 4653, thence south six hundred and forty perches to a Hemlock the south-east corner of Warrant No. 4654, thence west two hundred sixty-two and a half perches to a Sugar Maple, thence north six hundred and forty perches to a Beech, and thence east two hundred and sixty-two and a half perches to the place of beginning; containing 990 acres, being the east part of Warrants Nos. 4653 & 4654:

And praying the Court to grant them an order to sell said lots and parcels of land for the payment of the debts &c., being read in Court, the Court upon due consideration had in the premises, do order and decree the sale of the aforesaid real estate, in accordance with the prayer of the said petition. By the Court.

H. J. OLMSTED, *Clerk.*

August 1, 1859.

And now, to wit, August 1st, 1859; In pursuance and by virtue of the above Order of the Orphans' Court for the County of Potter, and State of Pennsylvania, the undersigned Executors of the estate of O. B. Goodman, deceased, will expose to public sale or outcry, the Lots, or Warrants and parts of Warrants of land and appurtenances, as set forth in the above Order, and to which reference is made for a description of the same, on

Thursday, Sept. 1st, 1859,

at 1 o'clock, P. M. of said day, at Pike Mills, in the Township of Pike, County of Potter and State of Pennsylvania. The conditions of said sale will be made known on the day of sale.

JAMES BARBER,
CHESTER ROBINSON,
Ex'rs Estate of O. B. Goodman, Dec'd.
F. W. Knox, *Att'y for Executors.*

COUDERSPORT ACADEMY, 1859.

Rev. J. HENDRICK, A. M., Principal.

SPRING and SUMMER TERM commences **Tuesday, April 5.**

FALL TERM commences **Tuesday, August 23.**

Rates of Tuition:

weights ... nches,	$2 50
Wheat, (nu nsh,	3 50
el) 60; Buck with Algebra,	4 75
1859) 30; Bar atics,	6 00
Corn on the cob,	8 00
20; Clover Seed, Piano, (extra)	10 00
56; Blue Grass,	3 00
Dried Peaches, 28; er studies,	5 00
tatoes, 60; Castor Be chers have been secur-	1 00
Onions, 47. study.	[31.]

BOOK S[illegible]

Main above Third St.,
COUDERSPORT, PA.
M. W. MANN, Proprietor.

BOOKS, MAPS, GLOBES,
BLANKS—
DOCKETS—
LEDGERS—
DAY-BOOKS—
RECEIPT-BOOKS;
MEMORANDUMS,
PASS-BOOKS,
DIARIES,
PORTFOLIOS,
HERBARIUMS,
LETTER-BOOKS &
INVOICE-BOOKS.

Greek, Latin, French and German Text-Books.

All School Books used in the County kept on hand, or immediately procured when desired.

Magazines or any Periodicals supplied when desired.

A good assortment of Paper, Envelopes, Pens and Inks. Also, of Wall-Papers, Drawing Materials, Water Colors, &c.

BIBLES, TESTAMENTS,
PRAYER & HYMN BOOKS, of various kinds.
MUSIC-BOOKS AND SHEET-MUSIC.
Slates, Rulers, Back-Gammon Boards Chess Men, &c., &c. [11-34]

To Housekeepers.

SOMETHING NEW.—B. T. BABBITT'S BEST
MEDICINAL SALERATUS.

Is manufactured from common salt, and is prepared entirely different from other Saleratus. All the deleterious matter extracted in such a manner as to produce Bread, Biscuit, and all kinds of Cake, without containing a particle of Saleratus when the Bread or Cake is baked; thereby producing wholesome results.—Every particle of Saleratus is turned to gas and passes through the Bread or Bicuit while Baking; consequently nothing remains but common Salt, Water and Flour. You will readily perceive by the taste of this Saleratus that it is entirely different from other Saleratus.

It is packed in one pound papers, each wrapper branded, "B. T. Babbitt's Best Medicinal Saleratus; also, picture, twisted loaf of bread, with a glass of effervescing water on the top. When you purchase one paper you should preserve the wrapper, and be particular to get the next exactly like the first—brand as above.

Full directions for making Bread with this Saleratus and Sour Milk or Cream Tartar, will accompany each package; also, directions for making all kinds of Pastry; also, for making Soda Water and Seidlitz Powders.

MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP,
WITH
B. T. BABBITT'S PURE CONCENTRATED POTASH,

Warranted double the strength of ordinary Potash; put up in cans—1 lb., 2 lbs., 3 lbs., 6 lbs. and 12 lbs.—*with full directions for making* Hard and Soft Soap. Consumers will find this the cheapest Potash in market.

Manufactered and for sale by
B. T. BABBITT,
Nos. 68 and 70 Washington-street, New York, and No. 38 India-street, Boston. [11:44-1y*.]

WHO SELLS THE AMERICAN SMOKER?
WHY EVERY DRUGGIST--AND CIGAR DEALER--

If they dont now, they will hereafter. Dont fail to engage one.

THE CALUMET OF PEACE!
THE CALUMET OF PEACE!
THE CALUMET OF PEACE!
WHAT IS THE CALUMET OF PEACE?
WHAT IS IT? WHERE IS IT?
IT IS THE AMERICAN SMOKER.

☞ See advertisement.

QUIET NERVES, QUIET NERVES!
NO EXCUSE FOR NERVOUS HUSBANDS.
HUSBAND GO BUY THE AMERICAN SMOKER.
THIS IS TO BE THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

From every wife who has a smoking husband—and no good husband who wants to have peace in the family will fail to obey the order]11:29]

☞ See advertisement. See advertisement.

Special Notice to the Ladies.

SUMMER FASHIONS.

MRS. GRIDLEY tenders her thanks to the citizens of Potter and adjoining counties, for their generous patronage. She would say to the public, that she has on hand a splendid assortment of Millinery Goods, which she will sell retail or wholesale at the lowest rates, especially to those in the trade, at a small advance from N. Y. prices. All orders promptly attended to.

T. E. GRIDLEY will deliver Bonnets to any place ordered. Bleaching and Repairing done up in the latest style, with taste. The large quantity of work to be "done over," will be delivered at the earliest moment. Ladies please call or send in your orders. Shop located 3½ miles west of Lewisville.

E. H. N. GRIDLEY.
Ulysses, May 3, 1859.—38.

HO, YE HUNGRY!!

WM. H. KILGORE would inform the citizens of Coudersport and vicinity that he has established a

MEAT MARKET

in the Basement of J. R. Smith's Store, where he will supply the public with Fresh Beef and Mutton every Tuesday and Friday morning, and Fresh Venison whenever practicable. By low prices, promptness and regularity he hopes to deserve and receive a liberal patronage.

Coudersport, June 27, 1859.—45–1mo.

FARRIERY.

DR. W. HAWKINS, Veterinary Surgeon, would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Coudersport and its vicinity, that he has located himself at the House of D. F. Glassmire, where he will be pleased to treat all cases incident to that noble animal, the Horse. Horses' tails put up in the latest and on the most approved principles. Castration skillfully performed.

Refers to S. M. Mills, D. F. Glassmire and N. J. Mills. [46-tf.]

PLASTER for sale by
P. A. STEBBINS.

The American Trades Comp'y.

What they manufacture.

THE AMERICAN SMOKER.

Consisting of a great variety of unique and beautiful patterns of Cigar Tubes; also, several varieties of Pipe Tubes. The peculiarity about these articles is that each one is arranged so as to receive a damp sponge, through which the smoke of the burning cigar has to pass on its way to the mouth. This damp sponge not only cools the smoke, but extracts from it the nicotine oil, the poisonous property of the Tobacco, which renders the breath less offensive. Smokers will find the use of these Tubes a luxury never before attained except by using the Turkish water-jar. Their use will also greatly promote the health of the habitual smoker and preserve the sweetness of the breath.

THE AMERICAN CARPET HOOK.

Is a little contrivance for putting down carpets without tacks. This is a new article, which has never before been upon the market. But it possesses the merit of enabling a person to put down or take up a carpet of the largest size in general use in fifteen minutes, without any injury to the floor or carpet. It is very cheap—cheaper in the long run than tacks—and the great faculty with which even a servant can take up and put down carpets, without the possibility of a mistake, renders it invaluable to the housekeeper.

THE AMERICAN PEN HOLDER & WIPER.

It is a neat invention for holding a wet sponge, into which the pen is thrust, always coming out clean and ready for use. A very convenient article for the Counting-House Desk and Library Table. 11:29

The Ameriacn Trades Company, was organized November 8, 1857, with a Capital of one hundred thousand dollars. This Company was formed with a view of taking up inventors of small articles of general utility, who are unable to make independent arrangements for introducing their inventions, by an equitable arrangement with them for their rights by purchase out and out, or by a tariff on the articles manufactured and sold. The inventive genius of this country has long called for an institution of this kind. The American mind is so active, that thousands of things are invented, many of which would be really useful to the community, but which are never introduced, because the inventors of them have no means to carry them out.

The capital of this Company will be devoted to the development of really useful inventions.

The Company have a Committee on Patents, whose duty it is to pass upon all applications, and from their large experience in such matters Inventors have a security that their inventions will not be misjudged; and the high character of the parties composing that Committee is a sufficient guaranty that plans and specifications may be submitted before patents are applied for, without any risk of advantage being taken of this circumstance, and when desired to do so, the Company will take out patents for others, securing for the inventor all of his invention that is patentable.

This Company respectfully invite inventors to submit to them their plans; and it will be furthering the objects of the Company if its officers and agents can be of any service to them.

Any one of the following modes is acceptable to this Company:

First: To manufacture any articles for which their machinery is adapted by contract, the inventors receiving the articles and paying for the same on delivery.

Second: They buy any patent which is approved by their committee.

Third: They will manufacture and sell any article which they choose to adopt, giving to the inventor such a proportion of the profits as may be agreed upon.

The extensive building, No. 22 and 24 Frankfort-st., New York, being about 60 feet front by over 100 feet deep, and 7 stories high above the sidewalk, is owned by the President of the Company, and is occupied in part by all the machinery, wareroom and offices of the Company, where all its business and sales are transacted.

IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!
IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!
IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!
WHAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?
WHAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?
WHAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?
WHY "THE AMERICAN SMOKER."
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STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
WHAT'S STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
WHAT'S STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
WHY, PRESIDENT BUCHANAN'S AMERICAN SMOKER,
Which has been ordered of
THE AMERICAN TRADE COMPANY,
22 & 24 Frankfort Street,
New York.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA OF SWING MACHINES.

THE PATENT LEVER SEWING MACHINE, MANUFACTURED BY THE GLOBE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
339 Broadway,
New York,

May be truly regarded as the "*ne plus ultra*" of sewing machines, and all who are wishing to find a Machine which is capable of doing any kind of sewing for Tailors and Housewives, with a satisfaction heretofore unknown, should lose no time in ordering one of the *PATENT LEVER MACHINES*, which are to occupy a similar position towards other sewing Machines that a Patent Lever Watch (and everybody knows its value) occupies towards a Lapine or any other second rate watch.

This Machine makes the "Lock Stitch," which looks the same on both sides of the fabric, and cannot be ripped.

PRICE $50.

In all respects equal to machines heretofore sold at a hundred dollars and upwards.

Specimens of sewing done by the PATENT LEVER MACHINE, will be forwarded to any part of the country, upon receipt of a postage stamp.

N. B. An energetic and reliable agent is wanted in every town and village of the United States and Canadas to sell the above named machine. An advantageous arrangement will be made with the right kind of merchant who is willing to have the exclusive agency.

Address *Globe Manufacturing Company,*
11:30 339 Broadway, N. Y.

TAKE NOTICE!

If you want to get your Watches or Clocks put in good running order, take them to *DAYTON'S.* You will find him on hand to do your work on short notice, and in a workmanlike manner, at *No. 2, PHŒNIX BLOCK,* opposite Parmelee's Drug and Book Store. Jewelry neatly repaired, and work done on short notice, cheap for cash.

JOHN B. DAYTON.
Wellsville, April 17, 1859. 40–6mo.

Above we present you with a likeness of DR. MORSE—the inventor of MORSE'S INDIAN ROOT PILLS. This philanthropist has spent the greater part of his life in traveling, having visited Europe, Asia, and Africa, as well as North America—has spent three years among the Indians of our Western country—it was in this way that the Indian Root Pills were first discovered. Dr. Morse was the first man to establish the fact that all diseases arise from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD—that our strength, health and life depended upon this vital fluid.

When the various passages become clogged, and do not act in perfect harmony with the different functions of the body, the blood loses its action, becomes thick, corrupted and diseased; thus causing all pains, sickness and distress of every name; our strength is exhausted, our health we are deprived of, and if nature is not assisted in throwing off the stagnant humors, the blood will become choked and cease to act, and thus our light of life will forever be blown out. How important then that we should keep the various passages of the body free and open. And how pleasant to us that we have it in our power to put a medicine in your reach, namely, Morse's Indian Root Pills, manufactured from plants and roots which grow around the mountainous cliffs in Nature's garden, for the health and recovery of diseased man. One of the roots from which these Pills are made is a Sudorific, which opens the pores of the skin, and assists Nature in throwing out the finer parts of the corruption within. The second is a plant which is an Expectorant, that opens and unclogs the passage to the lungs, and thus, in a soothing manner, performs its duty by throwing off phlegm, and other humors from the lungs by copious spitting. The third is a Diuretic, which gives ease and double strength to the kidneys; thus encouraged, they draw large amounts of impurity from the blood, which is then thrown out bountifully by the urinary or water passage, and which could not have been discharged in any other way. The fourth is a Cathartic, and accompanies the other properties of the Pills while engaged in purifying the blood; the coarser particles of impurity which cannot pass by the other outlets, are thus taken up and conveyed off in great quantities by the bowels.

From the above, it is shown that Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills not only enter the stomach, but become united with the blood, for they find way to every part, and completely rout out and cleanse the system from all impurity, and the life of the body, which is the blood, becomes perfectly healthy; consequently all sickness and pain is driven from the system, for they cannot remain when the body becomes so pure and clear.

The reason why people are so distressed when sick, and why so many die, is because they do not get a medicine which will pass to the afflicted parts, and which will open the natural passages for the disease to be cast out; hence, a large quantity of food and other matter is lodged, and the stomach and intestines are literally overflowing with the corrupted mass; thus undergoing disagreeable fermentation, constantly mixing with the blood, which throws corrupted matter through every vein and artery, until life is taken from the body by disease. Dr. Morse's PILLS have added to themselves victory upon victory, by restoring millions of the sick to blooming health and happiness. Yes, thousands who have been racked or tormented with sickness, pain and anguish, and whose feeble frames have been scorched by the burning elements of raging fever, and who have been brought, as it were, within a step of the silent grave, now stand ready to testify that they would have been numbered with the dead, had it not been for this great and wonderful medicine, Morse's Indian Root Pills. After one or two doses had been taken, they were astonished, and absolutely surprised, in witnessing their charming effects. Not only do they give immediate ease and strength, and take away all sickness, pain and anguish, but they at once go to work at *the foundation of the disease*, which is the blood. Therefore, it will be shown, especially by those who use these Pills, that they will so cleanse and purify, that disease—that deadly enemy—will take its flight, and the flush of youth and beauty will again return, and the prospect of a long and happy life will cherish and brighten your days.

CAUTION:

Merchants and Traders will be on their guard and not be imposed upon by a Counterfeit of Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills, signed *A. B. Moore.* All genuine Pills will hereafter have the name and signature of B. LAKE JUDSON, (successor to A. J. White & Co.,) on each box.

All orders and letters relating to said Pills must be addressed to WM. MUDGE & CO., (proprietors of Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment,) Earlville, Madison Co., N. Y., General Agents for Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

B. LAKE JUDSON, (successor to A. J. White & Co.,) 50 Leonard Street, New York, Sole Proprietor. Sold by SMITH & JONES, Coudersport; also by all Medicine Dealers in the county. 10:46–1y.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution, established by special endowment for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic diseases.

THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life caused by Sexual diseases, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE.

The Directors of the Association, in their late Annual Report express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of their Surgeons in the cure of Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhœ, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-Abuse, Disease of the Kidneys and Bladder, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail, (in a sealed envelope,) FREE OF CHARGE, on receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage.

Address, for Report or treatment, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [11:24–1y.

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it *seems* to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently, vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S
Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as Eruptive and Skin Diseases, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Blains and Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Rheumatism, Syphilitic and Mercurial Diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Debility, and, indeed, all Complaints arising from Vitiated or Impure Blood. The popular belief in "*impurity of the blood*" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

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PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
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