

Miscellany.

A GOLDEN WEDDING.—The great social event of the day, the marriage (or we should say, the alliance, since it is to be conducted on a royal scale of magnificence) between the Cuban millionaire, Señor O. and the American, Miss B., is to be celebrated on or about the middle of next month; first in Grace Church, to reconcile the Protestant prejudices of the bride, and afterwards, with impressive display, at the Roman Catholic cathedral.

The wedding has been postponed on account of the recent severe illness of the bridegroom, as well as to await the arrival of a one-hundred-thousand-dollar present from Cuba, to be sent by the bride's sister to her prospective sister-in-law. So brilliant a party, with his fifty years and his four millions of dollars, has been for more than a year the admiration of many Fifth-avenue matrons on behalf of their budding daughters, and of many Fifth-avenue heiresses on their own behalf, but the ambitious hopes of these dowagers and belles have been sadly crushed by a young lady outside of their pale—portionless, perhaps but rich in her seventeen years, her Eugenie-like features, and her tall, graceful figure, to say nothing of virgin affections.

The auspicious blending of these kindred hearts, dates from last New-Year's day, when under the genial influence of the season's generous Fortune led his prancing steeds, his yellow interpreter, and his golden self, to the house irradiated by her presence, since which time, after a speedy and successful courtship, the ardent lover has applied the curiosity-shops of Broadway for gifts worthy of his golden-tressed Adonis.

Timony has supplied them, to the jolly tune of six hundred thousand dollars, to wit: One set of diamonds and pearls, consisting of necklaces, bracelets, brooch, ear-rings and hand pairs, one set opals and diamonds; one set emeralds and diamonds, four superb rings, dazzling with diamonds; six exquisite diamond hair-pins; a watch and Chateaufort, wonderful with enamel and diamonds; rings of fabulous splendor, and et cetera too brilliant to enumerate or imagine.

A BRITISH OFFICER writing from Tehran, Persia, to the London Times, remarks:—"A Cathartic Pill manufactured by an American Chemist (Dr. J. G. AYER, of Lowell, Mass.) has cured the Shah of a Liver Complaint that threatened his life. This simple fact, as might be expected, renders the Americans immensely popular here, while we English are overlooked. Doubtless our own scholars made the discoveries which he employs, and thus it is in everything; we do the labor, then the mousing Americans put their mark on it and take the reward. Doct. AYER is idolized by the Court and its retainers here, which will doubtless be reflected to him on gold snuff box, or diamond hilted sword, while not the name even of Davy, Christian or Brodie—the great lights by which he shines, is known."

The Potter Journal.

COUDERSPORT, PA., Thursday Morning, Aug 4, 1859. J. S. CHASE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. Republican State Ticket, 1859. FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, THOMAS E. COCHRAN, of York. FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL, WILLIAM H. KEIM, of Berks.

THE NEW VOLUME.

A Chance for Agents, Worthy of Attention.

LIBERAL PREMIUMS FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

We desire to extend the circulation and usefulness of the JOURNAL among the People of this county and elsewhere. In order to do this, we offer the following liberal Premiums for Club Subscribers:

TO ANY PERSON GETTING UP A CLUB OF FIVE Subscribers, at \$1.25 each, sending us \$6.25 in cash, we will send any One Dollar Book, or a volume of any Dollar Newspaper.

FOR A CLUB OF TEN Subscribers, with \$12.50 in cash, we will send the get-up of the Club any Three Dollar Magazine published in the United States; or any Books he may select to amount of \$25.00, or he may retain that amount from the subscription money, sending us \$10.

FOR A CLUB OF TWENTY Subscribers, we will send the person getting up the Club \$5 worth of Books or Magazines of his selection, or he may retain \$5 of the money, sending us \$20.

FOR A CLUB OF FIFTY Subscribers, we will give the get-up of the Club \$12.50 worth of Books of his selection, or he may retain \$12.50, sending us \$50.

We will order the Books from the Gift Book Store of G. G. Evans, Philadelphia, if requested by those entitled to them.

To any LADY getting up a Club of TWENTY Subscribers, and sending us \$25, we will give one of Bartlett's SEWING MACHINES, (will do all ordinary plain Sewing), or she may retain \$6 of the subscription money, sending us \$19.

In all cases where TEN or more persons club together and send us the money without the interference of a club-agent, they can have the paper at \$1 each, per annum.

The Coudersport Library Association holds its regular quarterly Session next Saturday at 4 o'clock P. M. A full attendance is solicited.

The communications of "Homer," "Hebron" and "Coudersport," published in this and the two preceding numbers of the JOURNAL, breathe the right spirit, and we hope they will elicit similar communications from all sections of the county. Speak out your will, people of Potter.

The Potter, Pa., JOURNAL, a sheet of better stuff than any kind of pottery, says that the recent storm in that place was so severe and full of rain, that a fourteen cent party in the open air, was rained full in twenty-five minutes. Was it under a spout, CHASE?—Jamestown Journal.

We do not know which to admire most, friend SACKETT—your delicately framed compliment, or your audacity in questioning our veracity. The water fell directly from the clouds into the pail, and the storm occurred in Hebron township, about five miles from this place.

We have received a handsome Map of Southern Europe, compiled from the original Map used at the celebrated Congress of Vienna, and drawn and printed by J. H. Higginson, 77 Chambers st., New York. On the lower left corner of it we find the following inscription in elegant engraving:—"Presented by the Home Insurance Company, New York. Office Nos. 112 & 114 Broadway. Cash Capital \$4,000,000. Surplus over \$400,000. Charles J. Martin, Pres.; J. Milton Smith, Sec'y." All right, Messrs. Insurance Officers—please send us another copy, as we have a place to put it that may do you good.

Here with we publish the Call of the Executive Committee for the Republican County Convention. The Committee have been fortunate in fixing the time, and we trust that the Vigilance Committees appointed by them will see that the Primary meetings are thoroughly

organized, and the delegates sent fully instructed by resolutions—and thus put an end to the grumbling of those who seek to disorganize the party on the ground that the Conventions are in the hands of wire-workers. The object of the Primary meetings is that the will of the People may be expressed through delegates—therefore it is not only the right but the duty of every Republican to be present at the Primary meetings in order that that will may be properly expressed by the majority. The delegate meetings are the most important feature of the Convention system, and we are sorry to say they are most neglected by those most interested. We trust this fault may be remedied this summer, by full delegate meetings in each township.

Litchfield county, Connecticut, has been the birth-place of thirteen United States Senators, twenty-two members of Congress, twenty-four Supreme Court Judges, ten Presidents and eight Professors of colleges. In 1831, the Vice President and one-eighth of the United States Senators were natives of or educated in Litchfield county. In 1840, one-seventh of the Senators were found to have been educated in that county.—Exchange.

There is some hope for us to become a "great man," yet—our "dad" was born in Litchfield county. We cannot consent to speak to ordinary newspaper editors hereafter. We have not yet concluded when to run for President, but as soon as we can get fairly seated in the U. S. Senate we will come to some final determination in regard to the Executive Chair.

President Buchanan Declines.

We find the following dispatch in the daily papers. It removes a great agony from the public mind—it is hoped, forever:

PITTSBURG, July 30, 1859.—The subjoined letter from President Buchanan was received this morning by the Hon. Wilson McCandless:

My Dear Sir: I have received your kind note of the 19th inst., together with the letter from The Post. While I appreciate, as it deserves, the ability and friendship displayed in that editorial, I yet regret that it has been published. My determination not, under any circumstances, to become a candidate for reelection is final and conclusive. My best judgment and strong inclination unite in favor of this course. To cast doubts upon my predetermined purpose is calculated to impart my influence in carrying out important measures, and affords a pretext for saying that these (measures) have been dictated by a desire to be renominated.

With kindest regards, etc., respectfully your friend, JAMES BUCHANAN.

The President has appointed the Hon. James L. Gillis special agent to the Pawnee Indians. Mr. Gillis was one of the principal instruments made use of by the President to foment the present difficulties in the Democratic party, and this appointment is his reward for that service—and an appropriate reward it is. If the President would also make a Pawnee agent of that virtuous man, the very Hon. Arnold Plumer, compel both his appointees to go and live with the Pawnees, and then send the Harrisburg Patriot and Union after them, to do their printing, it would be a god-send to the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, and be received as evidence of a desire on the part of the President to return again to Democracy and do something towards repairing the immense mischief he has made in its ranks within the past two years.—Lycoming Gazette.

Here is an honest expression of the truth from a source whence it was least expected—the Devil denouncing Sin.—There is some hope that the Gazette may be reclaimed from its lost and degraded position as a public journal.

In regard to Gillis, we would say that he is not fitted for a position which requires the exhibition of so much prudence and decision of character as the new one to which political patronage has called him, in reward for his outrageous violation of the rights and wishes of his constituents. Were he sent to some more peaceable tribe of Indians we could hope that they would reform his character, but the Pawnees being one of the most savage and warlike nations on our western frontier, he will be so much in his natural element, and his opportunities for gratifying his sordid and debased appetite so greatly enhanced, that there is no hope for him. He jacet—non rediet!

DELOS E. SILL, editor of the Cattaraugus Freeman, lately made a fancy report of a trial of breach of promise, in which Miss Shaw of Buffalo obtained a verdict for \$1,000 from Van Campen, the fickle swain. The defendant has sued and recovered \$1,000 damages for the libel, just balancing the sum mulcted for the lacerated feelings of the lady.—Exchange.

We learn, since, that the court before which the entire affair—breach of promise and all—was tried was "The Supreme Court of Ellipticville," a court organized and conducted by the law students of the place.

Query: Would it not be a good plan to establish such courts wherever there are a sufficient number of law students to

compose one, with a view to aid the student in his studies by practical efforts? We like the plan, though we would not care to rest our claims upon the decision of such young judges as would be likely to set over them in such a court.

Voting in County Conventions.

For the Potter Journal.

MR. EDITOR.—I was much pleased to read that part of the communication of "Homer" in the JOURNAL of July 21st., which advocates *in vacuo* voting in County Conventions. I think the best way to prevent Independent Candidates from injuring the Republican party, is to organize and conduct our Conventions in the true spirit of Republicanism. If our Conventions are badly conducted, unequalled, and improperly influenced, then it will be of no use to rail at Independent Tickets—for, under such circumstances, the people will give their support. But secure an equal representative of the Townships, let each delegate vote publicly as his name is called on all questions, and for all candidates; and there is no danger to be apprehended from Independent Tickets. So I would appeal to the Republicans of this county, to deserve success by the wisdom of your actions, and the goodness of your principles,—not doubting the result.

We shall gain no strength, and make no progress, by referring to past difficulties in a spirit of fault-finding. There are great evils to be removed, and great principles to advocate. Let us devote our energies to them, and we shall have little trouble about candidates. But if we make the nomination of candidates too prominent, and get more engaged in the successful working of party machinery than in the triumph of Freedom, we shall find trouble. Let us bear constantly in mind, that the Republican party is valuable only so far as it should be an agent in securing to the people good government, just laws, and needed reforms. If we do this we shall always be united and triumphant. If we fail to do it, Independent Candidates, or some other kind, will always be on hand, and by-and-by will come defeat.

I am very glad the people are thinking, and talking, and writing about these things. There is much need of it. Slavery, Intemperance, and kindred evils, might be, and would be speedily removed, if the people were in earnest. The way to get in earnest is to think and discuss these matters—so I earnestly hope many others will do as "Homer" and "Hebron" have—write their thoughts to the JOURNAL.

The Light is Shining.

For the Potter Journal.

MR. EDITOR: The following resolutions were adopted by the Genesee Valley Presbytery that met at Angelica, on the 21st of June last. For the honor of Presbyterians I would like to have them adopted:

Resolved, That the conduct of the American Tract Society in refusing to publish on the subject of Slavery, has filled us with regret and grief, and that it would afford us great pleasure to learn that the Committee, in their wisdom, had discovered their way clear to issue tracts against that sin, as against sins less flagrant.

Resolved, That we regard the proceedings of the Society at its last annual meeting, as a disgrace to itself, and a scandal to the cause of Christ.

We Presbyterians, as a body, are rather tardy in our movements respecting Slavery. The celebrated Dr. Cox, with his spicy pen, is filling the world with articles against the use of tobacco—all right. Many of my brethren in the church can raise their voices against Sabbath-breaking, drinking, dancing, swearing, licentiousness &c.—all right. But, brother, what say you to the sin of Slavery? Stop! stop! stop! Who disturbs the peace of Zion?" What consistency!!

News Items.

The last Legislature of Texas contained thirteen "men of mark." Not one of them could write his name.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1.—Hon. Richard Rush's death is announced in the morning papers, with eulogies on his life and services. His decease occurred on Saturday at his residence in this city.

CROPS IN NEW YORK.—Mr. T. C. PETERS one of the State Commissioners of Assessors, who has been over nearly all parts of the State, informs us that while the wheat crop is good, grass this side of the meridian of Genesee river, is nothing—and between that line and the Hudson, it is only one-third of a crop.—Jamestown Journal.

The Journal of Health says, when a child is taken with croup, instantly apply cold water—ice water if possible—suddenly and freely to the neck and chest with a sponge. The breathing will almost instantly be relieved. Soon as possible, let the sufferer drink as much as it can; then wipe it dry, cover it warm, and soon a quiet slumber will relieve all anxiety.

TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.—We have accounts in the California journals of a new Temperance movement in that State, which seems to be making gratifying progress. It originated with a few boon companions, who were on a spree together from Christmas to New Year's day, and then made a pledge to abstain altogether for six months. They afterwards made the pledge permanent, and admitted other members. The Society took the name of Dashaways, and is rapidly extending through the State. The pledge is confined to the single point of abstaining from intoxicating drinks. The or-

ganization has six hundred members in San Francisco, and the work proceeds very much, like the old Washingtonian movement. Drunkards are picked up in the streets, carried to the room of the Society, sobered and persuaded to sign the pledge. If they cannot come up to the permanent pledge, they are allowed to take it six months on trial. The San Francisco papers say the movement is producing a marked effect upon public order and morals; and that at least \$500 per day is saved in that city alone, which was formerly wasted in liquor.

If some of the fast young men of our City would imitate the example of the "Dashaways," it would undoubtedly be of equal advantage to their purses, their morals and their health. And such a movement, if inaugurated here—although not of itself as complete as the one in vogue, but yet possibly better calculated to effect reform in some cases—might be productive of great benefit. Effective measures must ere long be adopted to arrest the wholesale drinking all around us. If men can be induced to wholly abandon drinking ardent spirits, the business of the manufacturer and vender will necessarily cease.—Erie Gazette.

WHAT CAN A WOMAN DO?—An English woman about twenty-five years of age residing nine miles west of this city in the town of Aurelius, walked into our market this (Monday) morning, bringing the entire distance 20 lbs. of butter on her head, 28 dozen of eggs on one arm, and a thumping fat baby weighing 36 lbs. on the other. She sold the eggs at Fowler's and kept the babe for future reference. After selling her butter and eggs both of the best quality for the highest market price, she shouldered the 36 pounder and started for home. With such a helpmate, how can man fail to succeed.—Auburn Ad.

PRICE CURRENT.

Corrected every Wednesday by P. A. STEBBINS, wholesale and retail Dealer in Groceries and Provisions, Main Street, COUDERSPORT, PA.

Table with 3 columns: Item, Price per bush, Price per unit. Includes Apples, Beans, Butter, Beef, Berries, Buckwheat, Corn, Eggs, Flour, Hams, Hay, Honey, Lard, Maple Sugar, Oats, Onions, Pork, Potatoes, Peaches, Rye, Salt, Trout, Wheat, White Fish, Wool.

Political Announcements.

Announcements of Candidates, till Co. Conventions, \$1 each; Independent Candidates, till General Election, \$2 each—in all cases, in ADVANCE.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican Electors in the several election districts of Potter County, are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections, on FRIDAY, THE 26th DAY OF AUGUST next, to choose Two Delegates from each district to meet in Convention at COUDERSPORT, on THURSDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1859, to select candidates for the following offices, viz: One person for District Attorney; one for High Sheriff; one for Coroner; one for County Commissioner; one for County Auditor. Also, three Senatorial and two Representative Congresses.

The following Committees of Vigilance have been appointed in their respective Townships, and are requested to act promptly and vigorously; to provide so that due notice of the primary meetings for the election of delegates may be given, in order that every district may be represented in the Convention.

JULIUS BAKER, Chairman of County Ex. Com. Coudersport, July 30, 1859.

VIGILANCE COMMITTEES FOR 1859.

Allegheny: G. W. G. Judd, Alonzo Presho. Abbott: David Conway, N. B. Subr. Bingham: Walter Leonard, M. D. Briggs. Clara: W. B. Graves, J. L. Allen. Coudersport: P. A. Stebbins, Jr., Z. J. Thompson.

Edinboro: John Taggart, Jasper M. Spafford. Genesee: O. H. Barry, Patrick Kane. Harrisburg: Israel Dodge, Isaac Thompson. Hector: Cyrus Sunderlin, W. T. Leach, Jr. Homer: Edwin Thatcher, R. T. Clafflin. Hebron: Elijah Chamberlin, A. R. Stillman. Jackson: David Crowell, Rufus Thompson. Keating: Piny Harris, E. Dingee. Onaway: Jerome Chesebro, L. D. Estes. Pike: Henry Martin, John Garriel. Portage: E. D. Sizer, W. L. Ensign. Pleasant Valley: D. P. Roberts, Lewis Lyman.

Roulet: John Lyman, Jr., Seneca Pomeroy. Stearns: Henry Andress, Leroy Crittenden. Sylvania: James Rees, Robert K. Young. Sumner: Alfred Ayres, J. M. Bassett. Sweden: Sam'l Y. Acker, Sylvanus Jones. Sharon: Rodney L. Nichols, A. L. Ballard. Ulysses: Duick Whipple, Lucian Bird. West Branch: George Crippen, S. M. Conable. Wharton: George Barclay, Seth Briggs.

FOR SHERIFF.

To the Electors of Potter County: Fellow-citizens—Having long been a resident of your county, (being among the first) I offer myself as an independent candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing election. I do not offer myself through the solicitation of any person, but because I desire the office. I have not the means nor the disposition to hire any one to canvass the county for me,

or to do so for myself, desiring rather to rest my claim upon the unbiased feelings of the people. WM. CROSBY. Homer, June 28, 1859.*

Special Notices.

GRAVEL AND STONE.

By this we understand a collection of sand-like substance having been lodged in the passage of the urine. When the system is in a healthy state, this substance is carried off by the natural passage of the body; but when there is a weakness of any organ, especially the kidneys, they become incapable of expelling such sandy concretions, and consequently they are lodged in the kidneys, ureters, or the bladder, causing great inflammation to those organs, and great pains and swelling, and great difficulty in voiding urine. It has been admitted by many physicians, that Morse's Indian Root Pills are made of some particular plants which have a wonderful clearing influence in dissolving the substance which has clogged the passage, and by their cooling properties, they expel all inflammation, and leave the water passage in an active and healthy state. From three to four of these Pills might be morning, from one to two weeks, will decide how this dreadful disease is to be treated, and as they remove the cause of every kind of disease, it is utterly impossible for them to fail in curing the gravel as they unclog the passage, and leave the parts in a healthy and lively condition. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are sold by all dealers in Medicines.

New Advertisements.

OLMSTED & KELLY'S

STORE can always be found the best of Cooking, Box and Parlor STOVES.

Also, TIN and SHEET-IRON WARE, FOTS, KETTLES, SPIDERS, SCOTCH CAULDS, FRYING-PANS, SAPP-PANS, and COLD-RONS. Also,

Agricultural Implements, such as PLOWS, SCRAPERS, CULTIVATORS, CORN-SHELLERS, HORSE-RAKES, DOG-POWERS, &c.

THEIR WORK

is well made and the material good. Good and substantial EAVES-TROUGHs put up in any part of the County—Terms easy. Ready Pay of all kinds, including Cash, seldom refused. Store on Main Street opposite the Old Court House, Coudersport, Aug. 1, 1859—O.

Executors' Sale.

Potter County, ss.: AT an Orphans' Court held at Court House, Coudersport, in and for the County of Potter, on the 21st day of June, A. D. 1859, on Petition of James Barber & Co. Executors of the Estate of O. B. Goodman, deceased, setting forth that whereas heretofore to wit, on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1850, said Executors presented their petition to the Court by which it appeared that the personal property of said O. B. Goodman, was insufficient for the payment of his just debts as by said petition will more fully appear; and whereas by said Petition it appears that said O. B. Goodman, died seized of and in certain real estate, upon which such petition and statement so filed, the Court granted an order for the sale thereof, and the same was not sold forthwith by bidders on the same, and that there remains unsold the following described real estate to wit:

The undivided two-thirds part of a tract of land in Pike Township, Potter County, Beginning at a Black Oak in the west line of Toga County, thence west 836 perches to a White Pine, thence South 611 perches to a post-and-stones, thence east 110 perches to a post-and-stones, thence north 212 perches to a Pine Knot and stones, thence east about 150 perches to a post, thence south 390 perches to a post, thence east 170 perches to a Black Oak, and thence east 84 perches to the west line of lot surveyed by the Trustees of William Bingham to David Kilbourn, thence south one degree—117.9 perches, thence south 89 degrees east—66.5 perches, thence south 72 degrees west 98.8 perches, thence north 70 1/2 degrees 56.5 perches, thence south eighty-nine (89) degrees east—119.4 perches, thence north 14 degrees east—49 perches, thence east 38 perches, thence east 49 degrees east 68 perches, thence east 18.8 perches, thence north 80 degrees east—78 degrees west 25.7 perches, thence north three degrees west 44.8 perches, thence south 80 degrees west 23.4 perches, thence north 80 perches, thence west 67.9 perches, thence north 44 perches, thence east 104 perches, thence north by the Toga County line 47 1/2 perches to the place of beginning; containing about three thousand eight hundred acres more or less, with about one hundred and thirty acres improved, a saw-mill, five dwelling houses, a school house, two barns, a blacksmith shop, and some other small out-buildings thereon.

ALSO—The undivided two-thirds part of a lot in Pike Township, Potter County, Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by lands late of Abraham Brant and O. B. Goodman, and on the east, south and west by lands of the Bingham Estate; containing fifty acres, with about two acres improved, and a log house thereon.

ALSO—The undivided two-thirds part of a tract of land in Pike Township, Potter County, Beginning at a Hemlock the north-east corner of Warrant No. 4653, thence south six hundred and forty perches to a Hemlock the south-east corner of Warrant No. 4654, thence west two hundred sixty-two and a half perches to a Sugar Maple, thence north one hundred and forty perches to a Beech, thence east two hundred and sixty-two and a half perches to the place of beginning; containing 990 acres, being the east part of Warrants Nos. 4653 & 4654:

And praying the Court to grant them an order to sell said lots and parcels of land for the payment of the debts &c., being read in Court, the Court upon due consideration had in the premises, do order and decree the sale of the aforesaid real estate, in accordance with the prayer of the said petition. By the Court.

H. J. OLMSTED, Clerk. August 1, 1859.

And now, to wit, August 1st, 1859, In pursuance and by virtue of the above Order of the Orphans' Court for the County of Potter, and State of Pennsylvania, the undersigned Executors of the estate of O. B. Goodman, deceased, do offer, to be sold to public sale or otherwise, the Lots, or Warrants and parts of Warrants of land and improvements, as set forth in the above Order, and to which reference is made for a description of the same, on

Thursday, Sept. 1st, 1859.

at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, at Pike Mills, in the Township of Pike, County of Potter, and State of Pennsylvania. The conditions of said sale will be made known on the day of sale.

JAMES BARBER, CHESTER ROBINSON, Executors of O. B. Goodman, Dec'd.

F. W. Knox, Atty for Executors.