

Agricultural.

(We invite original legal articles in this department, believing that the publication of agricultural and horticultural peculiarities of this county will mutually benefit our farmers. Try it, farmers of Potter.—Ed. JOURNAL.)

From the Genesee Farmer.

Sheep and Clover on Light Soils.

We are acquainted with an old farmer in Canada, one of the pioneers of the country, who for many years, by pursuing a judicious system of cropping, kept up the fertility of his farm, and rendered it more and more productive and himself more wealthy, while his neighbors, in their hurry to get rich, were ruining their farms by successive grain crops, till many of them became little better than blowing sand, and their owners had to sell off for next to nothing, and move to new locations. His farm, as the time we saw it, in 1851, comprised some 400 acres under cultivation, the soil a sandy loam, with the exception of 100 acres surrounding the farm buildings, that were of a clay loam, and including some 30 acres of meadow used as pasturage for cows and young stock. The balance of the 300 acres of heavier soil was devoted exclusively to raising hay, oats, corn, &c. for the winter keep of the animals on the farm, and the use of the family. The 300 acres of light soil were devoted exclusively to the production of wheat, and which was almost the only crop sold off the farm, the straw of the wheat being consumed by the young stock in winter, and the manure made was applied to the crops on the heavier soil of the farm. The stock raised, however, was of a very superior description, and included some fine Devon cattle and superior young horses, adding largely to the profit of the farm.

For greater convenience in working, the 300 acres were divided into six large fields of from 25 to 75 acres each, 100 acres were always kept in fallow, 100 acres in wheat, and 100 acres in clover, in regular rotation, thus giving a crop of wheat every year from 100 out of three hundred acres of land. The wheat was sown early in September, and the clover seed scattered on the surface, at the rate of 10 lbs. an acre, as soon as the wheat was well harrowed in; and thus the clover had a chance to make a good growth before the winter set in, and get an early start next season. By the time the wheat was cut, the clover had thickly covered the ground, and almost hid the wheat stubble. Sheep and young stock were now turned into the stubble in moderate numbers, so as not to eat down the young clover too much, and were removed early in October to let the clover get a good top as a protection from the frosts of winter. In June of the following year, a number of sheep were turned on the clover to fatten, either purchased, to re-sell to the butcher, or allowed the run of the crop at so much per head per week; and as fast as they are fattened, they are sold, and others took their places. About 80 heavy Leicester ewes were kept as breeding stock for early lambs, and these also were put into the clover. Enough sheep were kept on the clover to keep it from running to blossom. By October, all the fattening sheep had passed into the butcher's hands, the breeding ewes were turned into other portions of the farm, and the clover was now turned under with the plow, ready for next year's summer fallowing.

The third year, the land was thoroughly fallowed, receiving three plowings besides the one of the fall before, and by seeding time was in as fine tilth as a garden. Under this system, the crops of wheat obtained were magnificent, the yield that year (1851) averaging 45 bushels per acre.

The tillage was not deep, the plow not penetrating below six inches; but the droppings of the sheep, the turning under of the clover in the fall, thus preventing the ammonia derived from them from being washed away during winter, combined with a thorough summer fallow to kill all weeds, rendered the soil particularly clean and adapted for wheat. The profits derived from the fattening of the sheep more than paid the two years rent of the land while in clover and fallow, thus leaving the wheat crop to bear only its own expenses of cultivation, &c.

But the farmer's wife was one of those hard-working, money-getting beings too often met with among the old settlers. She ruled the family, and made the boys work hard. She kept the girls at the dairy and spinning wheel, and scouted the idea of sending them to school as a useless waste of time.

Last year we saw the place again, but a change had come over the scene. The farmer had now grown old, and for some years past had relinquished all the land, but a few acres round the old homestead, to his youngest son and some of his sons-in-law. They, thinking the system pursued by their father too troublesome, and wanting in that education that would have elevated their ideas, had sold off or swapped all the fine stock the old man had been at so much pains to raise, and had let the farm in small portions on shares, and year after year it had been cropped and re-cropped with grain, till it was fast becoming as poor as the surrounding farms. The old man took us round to see the wreck of what he once took a pride in as the finest farm in the country, the expensive threshing machine, grain drills, and other implements, now going to decay and lying here and there about the fences; the horses he once valued himself on, now in their old days of ailing, while the stables were filled

with strange horses, the yards with strange cattle, while stranger men had erected their shanties here and there about the farm.

Trims up CATTLE.—A friend sends us a communication, strongly condemning the practice of tying up cattle. We agree with him in the main. Young stock and store cattle should not be constantly confined. Open sheds and a yard to roam in are better than close barns and stables. If tied up during the night, in cold weather, they should be turned into a sheltered yard during the day. Exercise is essential to their healthy growth. With fattening animals the case may be different.—Genesee Farmer.

Sleeping Together.
If a man were to see a quarter of an loaf of yarn put in his cup of Coffee, he could not drink it, because he knows that the whole cup would be impregnated. If a very small amount of some violent poison be introduced into a glass of water, the drinking of it might not produce instant death, but that would not prove that it was not hurtful, only that there was not enough of it to cause a destructive result immediately.

We sicken at the thought of taking the breath of another the moment it leaves the mouth, but that breath mingles with the air about the bed in which two persons lay; and it is rebreathed, but not the less offensive is it in reality on account of the dilution, except that it is not taken in its concentrated form but each breath makes it more concentrated. One sleeper corrupts the atmosphere of the room by his own breathing, but when two persons are breathing at the same time, twelve or fourteen times in each minute, each minute extracting all the nutriment from a gallon of air, the deterioration must be rapid indeed, especially in a small and close room. A bird cannot live without a large supply of pure air. A canary bird hung up in a shrouded bedstead where two persons slept died the morning.

Many infants are found dead in bed, and it is attributed to having been over-laid by the parents; but the idea that any person could lay still for a moment on a baby, or anything else of the same size, is absurd. Death was caused by the want of pure air.

Besides, emanations, aerial and mephitic or less solid, are thrown out from every person—thrown out by the procession of nature, because no longer fit for life purposes, because they are dead and corrupt—but if breathed into another living body, it is just as abhorrent as if we took into our mouths the matter of a sore or any other excretion.

The most destructive typhoid and putrid fevers are known to arise directly from a number of persons living in the same small room.

Those who can afford it should therefore arrange to have each member of the family sleep in a separate bed. If persons must sleep in the same bed, they should be about the same age, and in good health. If the health be much unequal, both will suffer, but the healthier one the most—the invalid suffering for want of entirely pure air.

So many cases are mentioned in standard medical works where healthy, robust infants and larger children have dwindled away, and died in a few months from sleeping with grandparents, or their old persons, that it is useless to alight special instances in proof.

It would be a constitutional and moral good for married persons to sleep in adjoining rooms, as a general habit. It would be a certain means of physical invigoration and of advantages in other directions, which will readily occur to the reflective reader. Kings and Queens and the highest personages of courts have separate apartments. It is the bodily emanations culminating and concentrating under the same cover which are the most destructive of health—more destructive than the simple contamination of an atmosphere breathed in common.—Hull's Journal of Health.

List of Letters
REMAINING in the Post Office at Condemnation, Pa., for the Quarter ending July 23, 1859:
Ames, Elizabeth
Amos, Yates
Baker, Hannah
Baker, John
Beach, John N.
Bell, John N. H.
Bell, Luman
Bardick, Amos
Chase, Delia R.
Churchill, Persis
Cobb, Chauncey
Corey, A.
Cushing, Chloe E.
Deppin, G. B.
Dial, Hiram
Gorham, G. W.
Groesbeck, Wm.
Hunt, Louis
Johnson, C. W.
Johnson, Reuben
Killigan, J. N.
Leonard, W.
Lestner, Sophia
Wilcox, George

Persons inquiring for the above will please say they are advertised.
JUN 11 JUDG. P. M.

TAKE NOTICE!
If you want to get your Watch cleaned or Clock put in good running order, take them to DAYTON'S. You will find him on hand to do your work on short notice, and in a workmanlike manner, at No. 2, PHENIX BLOCK, opposite Parmelee's Drug and Book Store. Jewelry neatly repaired, and work done on short notice, cheap for cash.
JOHN B. DAYTON.
Wellsville, April 17, 1859. 40-6mo.

PLASTER for sale by P. A. STEBBINS.

MIRABILE DICTU!
\$1999,745,39,05!
HARK! HARK!!
What Noise Is That!

O! IT IS THE RUSH AT THAT OLD REGULATOR. In full blast from 6 A. M. to 9 P. M., by the good people from Wellsville, after the good things therein contained. Wellsville is a fast City, and the people are fast men. O! my! how they do work at that Old Store! Farming and Logging can't begin with it; and they don't try to bait any body with it; and they don't call it good. Such might possibly do for Vinegar, if Cleaned.

\$10,000 worth of choice Pork, brought in the Hog from Wyoming and Livingston Counties, packed by Clark & Phillips; 30000 Sugar Cured Hams; 22000 Shoulders; 12000 Pure Lard; 6000 Boots and Shoes; 47000 Horse Feed; 95790 Nails, 4 1/2 to 5; 78000 Hardware; 100000 Tin Ware, Stone and Woodware; 1600 Flour, \$4.75 to \$7; 76 Chests of Tea, from 35 to 55; Paints, Oils, Fluid, Alcohol, Camphene, and 200000 other things; 400 Bushels Stone Lime, cheap; R. H. and Buffalo Over-Shoes, for Men, Women and Children.

WANTED!

at that "Old Regulator" in Wellsville, foot of Plank Road street, on the Railroad, surrounded by Shingle Shanties, Lime Shanties, Pork Packing and Flour Shanties, all the good people, a nail and she-nail, including the pretty Ladies and prim Old Maids, to carry off the useful, substantial and fanciful things therein contained. Thus enjoin Want No. 1. No. 2 call for

2000000 Sawed Shingles,
1500000 Shayed 69,
2000000 Lumber,

Also big Deers and Little Deers, some Bears, some Patridges, some Porcupine, Cash \$19, Butter, Cheese, Hams, Ogs, Fatigry, Corn, &c. Come all you who wish to buy or sell, we will do you good. Doubt it not if any say nay, we are not all deacons, but we are prepared to greet you with a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year! CLARK & PHILLIPS.
Wellsville, Dec. 21, 1858. [11:29]

COUDERSPORT ACADEMY, 1859.
REV. J. HENDRICK, A. M., PRINCIPAL.

SPRING and SUMMER TERM commences Tuesday, April 5.
FALL TERM commences Tuesday, August 23.

Rates of Tuition:
Primary Branches, \$2 50
Common English, 3 75
Higher English, with Algebra, 6 00
Latin and Greek, 6 00
Drawing (extra), 2 50
Music, with use of Piano, (extra), 10 00
French (extra), 3 00
French, without other studies, 5 00
Room Rent, each, 1 00
Competent Teachers have been secured for every branch of Study. [31.]

MILLPORT HEAD-QUARTERS.
THE subscribers take this method of informing their friends that they are in receipt of, and are now opening, a choice and desirable stock of

STAPLE AND FANDY DRY GOODS, to which they invite the attention of all who desire to make purchases. Our stock is large and has been selected with great care, and is particularly adapted to the wants of this section of our country. Our stock of Dry Goods consists of
DRESS GOODS, TRIMMINGS, RIBBONS, EMBROIDERIES, PARASOLS, BLOTHS, GASSINERES, VESTINGS, DO-NESTINGS, SHIRTINGS, LINENS, PRINTS, HOSE, SHAWLS, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention. We have also a complete assortment of
GROCERIES, HARDWARE AND CROCKERY,
all of which will be sold uncommonly cheap for ready pay, and for approved credit on as reasonable terms as any other establishment.
MANN ANCHOLS.
Millport, Aug. 11, 1859.—913 1/2

IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!
IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!
IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!
WHAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?
WHAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?
WHAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?
WHY "THE AMERICAN SMOKER."
WHY "THE AMERICAN SMOKER."
WHY "THE AMERICAN SMOKER."
STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
WHAT'S STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
WHY, AMERICAN SMOKER,
Which has been ordered of
THE AMERICAN TRADE COMPANY,
22 & 24 Frankfort Street,
New York.

IF ANYBODY, including infants and matrons, old or young, plain or pretty, wish to buy or sell anything, we give it our candid opinion, they had better come to that same Old Regulator, kept in full blast by
CLARK & PHILLIPS.
HEAVY CORN-FED HOGS, from Wyoming and Livingston Counties, are being packed, and will be out January, 1859, by
CLARK & PHILLIPS.

Special Notice to the Ladies.
SUMMER FASHIONS.

MRS. GRIDLEY tenders her thanks to the citizens of Potter and adjoining counties, for their generous patronage. She has on hand a splendid assortment of Millinery Goods, which she will sell retail or wholesale at the lowest rates, especially to those in the trade, at a small advance from N. Y. prices. All orders promptly attended to.
T. E. GRIDLEY will deliver Bonnets to any place ordered. Bleaching and Repairing done up in the latest style, with taste. The large quantity of work to be "done over" will be delivered at the earliest moment. Ladies please call or send in your orders. Shop located 3 1/2 miles west of Lewisville.
E. H. N. GRIDLEY.
Ulysses, May 3, 1859.—38.

The American Trade Comp'y.
What they manufacture,
THE AMERICAN SMOKER.

Consisting of a great variety of unique and beautiful patterns of Cigar Tubes; also, several varieties of Pipe Tubes. The peculiarity about these articles is that each one is arranged so as to receive a damp sponge, through which the smoke of the burning cigar has to pass on its way to the mouth. This damp sponge not only cools the smoke, but extracts from it the nicotine oil, the poisonous property of the Tobacco, which renders the breath less offensive. Smokers will find the use of these Tubes a luxury never before attained except by using the Turkish water-jar. Their use will also greatly promote the health of the habitual smoker and preserve the sweetness of the breath.

THE AMERICAN CARPET HOOK.
Is a little contrivance for putting down carpets without tacks. This is a new article, which has never before been upon the market. But it possesses the merit of enabling a person to put down or take up a carpet of the largest size in general use in fifteen minutes, without any injury to the floor or carpet. It is very cheap—cheaper in the long run than tacks—and the great facility with which carpets can be taken up and put down, without the possibility of a mistake, renders it invaluable to the housekeeper.
THE AMERICAN PEN HOLDER & WIPER.
It is a neat invention for holding a wet sponge, into which the pen is thrust, always coming out clean and ready for use. A very convenient article for the Counting-House Desk and Library Table. 11:29

The American Trades Company, was organized November 8, 1857, with a Capital of one hundred thousand dollars. This Company was formed with a view of taking up inventors of small articles of general utility, who are unable to make independent arrangements for introducing their inventions, by an equitable arrangement with them for their rights by purchase out and out, or by a tariff on the articles manufactured and sold. The inventive genius of this country has long been languishing in the hands of the Patent Office, and it is so active, that thousands of things are invented, many of which would be really useful to the community, but which are never introduced, because the Inventors of them have no means to carry them out. The Capital of this Company will be devoted to the development of really useful inventions. The Company have a Committee on Patents, whose duty it is to pass upon all applications, and from their large experience in such matters Inventors have a security that their inventions will not be misjudged; and the high character of the parties composing that Committee is a sufficient guarantee that plans and specifications may be submitted before patents are applied for, without any risk of advantage being taken of this circumstance, and which desired to do so; the Company will take out patents for others, securing for the inventor all of his invention that is patentable. This Company respectfully invite inventors to submit to them their plans; and it will be furthering the objects of the Company if its officers and agents can be of any service to them.
Any one of the following modes is acceptable to this Company:
First: To manufacture any articles for which their machinery is adapted by contract; the Inventors receiving the articles and paying for the same on delivery.
Second: They buy any patent which is approved by their committee.
Third: They will manufacture and sell any article which they choose to adopt, giving to the Inventor such a proportion of the profits as may be agreed upon.
The extensive building, No. 23 and 24 Frankfort-st., New York, being about 60 feet front by over 100 feet deep, and 7 stories high above the sidewalk, is now in the hands of the Company, and is occupied in part by all the machinery, workroom and offices of the Company, where all its business and sales are transacted.

WHO SELLS THE AMERICAN SMOKER?
WHY EVERY DRUGGIST—AND CIGAR DEALER.
If they don't now, they will hereafter. Don't fail to engage one.
THE CALUMET OF PEACE!
THE CALUMET OF PEACE!
THE CALUMET OF PEACE!
WHAT IS THE CALUMET OF PEACE?
WHAT IS IT? WHERE IS IT?
IT IS THE AMERICAN SMOKER.
See advertisement.
QUIET NERVES, QUIET NERVES!
NO EXCUSE FOR NERVOUS HUSBANDS.
HUSBAND GO BUY THE AMERICAN SMOKER.
THIS IS TO BE THE ORDER OF THE DAY.
From every wife who has a smoking husband—and no good husband who wants to have peace in the family will fall to be the order.
See advertisement. See advertisement.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA
OF
SEWING MACHINES.
THE PATENT LEVER SEWING MACHINE, MANUFACTURED BY THE GLOBE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
339 Broadway,
New York,
May be truly regarded as the "ne plus ultra" of sewing machines, and all who are wishing to find a Machine which is capable of doing any kind of sewing for Tailors, or Housewives, with a satisfaction heretofore unknown, will do well to give in ordering one of the PATENT LEVER MACHINES, which are to occupy a similar position towards other sewing Machines that a Patent Lever Watch occupies towards a Lapine or any other second rate watch.
This Machine makes the "Lock Stitch," which looks the same on both sides of the fabric, and cannot be ripped.
PRICE \$50.
In all respects equal to machines heretofore sold at a hundred dollars and upwards.
Specimens of sewing done by the PATENT LEVER MACHINE, will be forwarded to any part of the country, upon receipt of a postage stamp.
N. B. An energetic and reliable agent is wanted in every town and village of the United States and Canada to sell the above named machine. An advantageous arrangement will be made with the right kind of merchant who is willing to have the exclusive agency.
Address Globe Manufacturing Company, 339 Broadway, N. Y. 11:30

Z. J. THOMPSON,
CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKER and REPAIRER, Coudersport, Potter Co., Pa., takes this method of informing the public that he is in general that he is prepared to do all work in his line with promptness in a workmanlike manner, and upon the most accommodating terms. Payment for Repairing invariably required on delivery of the work. All kinds of PRODUCE taken on account of work. 11:35.



Ayer's Sarsaparilla
A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effective extract that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Pure Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alternative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure without the aid of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA and SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, Eruptions and Eczema, Urticaria, Urticaria, Scald Head, Syphilis, and Syphilis, Rheumatism, Mercurial Disease, Danvers, Nervous and Indigestion, Enlarged Spleen, Stomach Str. ANTHONY'S PAIN, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the forces of winter which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many trembling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcers, sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruption, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alternative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. When the system is thus purified, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with the impurities of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because dirt drug dealers have not all the virtues that it is claimed for it, but more because many preparations pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. It is true, bitter and purgative preparations have allowed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the course should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price, 25 cents per Bottle; Six Bottles for \$1.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF
Constiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetters, Itches, and Salt Rheum, Worms, Catarrhs, and all the Disorders of the Bowels, and for Purifying the Blood.
They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; Five Boxes for \$1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with cheap preparations which make more profit on Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.
All our Remedies are
Sold by SMITH & JONES, and D. W. SPENCER, Coudersport; CORY & SON, Ulysses; B. HORTON, Cushingville; MANN & NICHOLS, Millport; C. H. SIMMONS, Oswayo; and by all Merchants and Druggists. [11:32]

Eyes Open! Ears Open!
RIGHT ABOUT FACE!
If all ye that hath ears, let him hear and he that hath eyes, let him come and see the wonders being done in Wellsville, the City of Tanners, and especially at the Old Regulator, where thirty-two men and every boy are wanted to work fifteen hours every day, (Sundays excepted), and he that has a money come. Bring a board, bring a deer, bring a hog, bring a goose, bring a pig, bring a bird, bring a mink, bring a cat, bring a dog—bring what you like, you shall not be turned empty away because you have not the filthy lucre to buy your bread. Thus endeth the first lesson. CLARK & PHILLIPS.

EVERYTHING bought and sold at the Old Regulator, except Gas, Gas, Scandal and Blarney. Soft Soap and Soder, at sixpence pound, must be had at Some Brothers, at Some Brothers, in this town. CLARK & PHILLIPS.

CLARK & PHILLIPS render their thanks to all the good people of this Common wealth for their most liberal patronage, and they do tender their special thanks to the competitors and any concocted falsehoods for all time, envy and jealousy; no doubt was meant for evil, but has proved our good. So go ahead. The more the better. CLARK & PHILLIPS.

FLOUR, PORK and Beans, Horse Feed, Corn Meal, Oats, Shorts enough to supply a small nation, at the Old Regulator. CLARK & PHILLIPS.

CHOICE STONE LIME, in bbl. or bulk, greatly reduced prices, can be had at CLARK & PHILLIPS.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effective extract that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Pure Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alternative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure without the aid of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA and SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, Eruptions and Eczema, Urticaria, Urticaria, Scald Head, Syphilis, and Syphilis, Rheumatism, Mercurial Disease, Danvers, Nervous and Indigestion, Enlarged Spleen, Stomach Str. ANTHONY'S PAIN, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the forces of winter which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many trembling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcers, sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruption, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alternative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. When the system is thus purified, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with the impurities of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because dirt drug dealers have not all the virtues that it is claimed for it, but more because many preparations pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. It is true, bitter and purgative preparations have allowed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the course should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price, 25 cents per Bottle; Six Bottles for \$1.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF
Constiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetters, Itches, and Salt Rheum, Worms, Catarrhs, and all the Disorders of the Bowels, and for Purifying the Blood.
They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; Five Boxes for \$1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with cheap preparations which make more profit on Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.
All our Remedies are
Sold by SMITH & JONES, and D. W. SPENCER, Coudersport; CORY & SON, Ulysses; B. HORTON, Cushingville; MANN & NICHOLS, Millport; C. H. SIMMONS, Oswayo; and by all Merchants and Druggists. [11:32]

Eyes Open! Ears Open!
RIGHT ABOUT FACE!
If all ye that hath ears, let him hear and he that hath eyes, let him come and see the wonders being done in Wellsville, the City of Tanners, and especially at the Old Regulator, where thirty-two men and every boy are wanted to work fifteen hours every day, (Sundays excepted), and he that has a money come. Bring a board, bring a deer, bring a hog, bring a goose, bring a pig, bring a bird, bring a mink, bring a cat, bring a dog—bring what you like, you shall not be turned empty away because you have not the filthy lucre to buy your bread. Thus endeth the first lesson. CLARK & PHILLIPS.

EVERYTHING bought and sold at the Old Regulator, except Gas, Gas, Scandal and Blarney. Soft Soap and Soder, at sixpence pound, must be had at Some Brothers, at Some Brothers, in this town. CLARK & PHILLIPS.

CLARK & PHILLIPS render their thanks to all the good people of this Common wealth for their most liberal patronage, and they do tender their special thanks to the competitors and any concocted falsehoods for all time, envy and jealousy; no doubt was meant for evil, but has proved our good. So go ahead. The more the better. CLARK & PHILLIPS.

FLOUR, PORK and Beans, Horse Feed, Corn Meal, Oats, Shorts enough to supply a small nation, at the Old Regulator. CLARK & PHILLIPS.

CHOICE STONE LIME, in bbl. or bulk, greatly reduced prices, can be had at CLARK & PHILLIPS.