

Agricultural.

THE FARMER'S BEST FRIENDS.
They're not the birds;
They're the farmer's best friends—
For the little they do,
They make ample amends.

Some fruit they will eat;
But grudge them it not;
For the good they do
Should not be forgot.

They keep down the insects,
Whose prying increase
Would injure our harvests
Till harvests would cease.

With their songs they soothe
Our wearisome hours;
And their presence enlivens
The saddest bowers.

Then forget their slight faults;
They make ample amends:
And do not forget
They're the farmer's best friends.

[Apropos of this subject, we call attention to the fact that the last Legislature passed a law for the protection of birds, making it unlawful for any person within this Commonwealth to shoot, kill or any way trap or destroy any blue-bird, swallow, martin, or other insectivorous bird, at any season of the year, under the penalty of two dollars. Farmers are interested in its rigid enforcement.—Ed.]

IMPORTANT TO NORTHERN FARMERS.
A statement is made by the Springfield Journal, which if true, possesses an importance to farmers of the North generally that is almost incalculable. It says that Mr. Goodman, an old farmer of that county, has corn planted six weeks since, which is now in tassel. It was of the common variety, sown in chloride of lime eight hours. The corn planted at the same time, not subjected to this process is hardly a foot high. A pound of chloride of lime is sufficient to plant forty acres of corn.—Ed.]

[This should be experimented in this county as a means of counteracting frost blights. If correct, it is of vast importance to the farmers of this county in view of the late and early frosts. Try a few hills, at least.—Ed. Joplin.]

THE IMPORTANCE OF WELL CURING HAY.—The difference between late cut, or badly cured early hay, and poor stowed and glutinous straw is, I have found by experiment in feeding my little. Yet the great bulk of hay fed in cities and villages, as well by shiftless farmers, partakes of those defects, because good farmers feed but rarely sell good hay, and poor ones rarely cure it well or cut it in the right time. I apprehend that one great cause of the unhealthiness of the distillery-fed cows is due as much to the poor as to the short ration of hay they receive. Some suppose that hay to a slop-fed cow is only necessary to keep up her end and sustain the stomach, as the slop contains all the phosphate and nitrogenous nutriment required. This is a great mistake for the slop having given up its starch and sugar to alcohol, the hay should be especially rich in this, as an equivalent for the lack of it in the slop.

Hay should always be cut with all its juices intact and before its seed is ripe. To do this effectually, sweating in cook is better than too much exposure to the sun; and if the weather is showery, cloth caps for the cocks will sometimes pay for themselves the first season in the quality of the hay alone.

But I am aware that many will reply to my logic as a Buffalo farmer did last August, when I told him that his timothy seed had outgrown its usefulness; and lost all its juices with a part of its seed to boot. "I know it," said he, "but it requires no curing, and it will sell just as well in Buffalo."—Gen. Farmer.

How to Hoe Corn.
When I was a boy and first went to the field to hoe corn, I was quite puzzled to know what my father meant, when he directed us to be sure and "hoe where the corn wants." But after following him for a few days, and noting the pains he took to have all the ground between the hills well stirred as well as the weeds cut up, and particularly when I saw how careful he was not to disturb the ground deeply very near the young plants, I understood his meaning. In a long acquaintance with corn I have observed enough to make me think he was right. The weeds must be cut up root and branch to have good corn, that's certain, and the ground must be kept loose enough to let the heat get in, and the moisture pass up from below; and to allow the spreading roots to make their way easily through the soil in search for good plucking. But I've seen a good many slip away with the hoe close around the stock, when every cut there if two inches below the surface, must have broken a number of the growing roots. It certainly cannot be of much use to feed corn well, if you then go to work and cut off its mouths, for the roots are mouths to the plant. So I always cultivate lightly where the roots are extended; which is about the length that the stalk has reached above the ground, and when the corn is up breast high, I wouldn't let a man go through the field with a plow, if he'd pay wages for doing it and find himself. I do not believe in hilling corn; making the field look like a crop of young flag staves planted on small pinnales. The corn has grown up into the air where it was intended to stay, and it isn't natural to partially bury it. People do it to prop it up, so that the wind will not level it. But if it be left alone, it will do its own propping; by sending forth extra roots just above the surface, which go out and anchor it all around. I have seen a field that was killed laid flat by a storm, while the next one to it, that grew naturally,

stood up after the blow as straight as a militia captain on training day. When corn is killed it will try to send out a second growth of supporting roots but neither the first nor the second growth will then become strong enough to be of much use. I therefore try to leave my ground nearly level and thus save the roots the trouble of diving down again to get below the gullies which are sometimes left after the first plowing.—Amer. Agriculturist.

Miscellany.

A CHILD WITH A COLOSSAL HEAD.
—We saw on Friday the head of a child of Edgar and Mariada Ball, of the town of Montz, in this county, which is a perfect monstrosity. The child is two and a half years of age, and apparently in good health. Its body and limbs are of the ordinary size of children at that age, and well formed; but the head is a wonder—being enormously enlarged, measuring 31 inches directly around it, and 32 inches over it from the front of the chin, and 28 1/2 inches, measuring from the occiput around the forehead. The head is still growing, and its parents informed us that it had increased 5 inches in circumference in one year. The "general health," as we have stated, is good; the child is bright and intelligent, but by no means philosophic, which the head would seem to indicate. It is free from those stupid, drowsy attacks experienced by those suffering from disease of the brain. The child is the most perfect *lusus nature* that we have ever seen.—Auburn Advertiser.

DON'T YOU DO IT.—The man who found out all the philosophy contained in these few precepts was a Solomon—

When you are offered a great bargain, the value of which you know nothing about, but which you are to get at half price "being you"—don't you do it.

When a young lady catches you alone, lays violent hands upon you, expressing "a kiss" in every glance—don't you do it.

When a horse kicks you, and you feel a strong disposition to kick the horse in return—don't you do it.

Should you happen to catch yourself whistling in a printing office, and the printers take you to whistle louder—don't you do it.

If on any occasion your wife should exclaim to you, "Now, tumble over the side and break your neck, do"—don't you do it.

When you have any business to transact with a modern financier, and he asks you to go and dine with him—don't you do it.

UNPARALLELED MEANNESS.—The Buffalo Courier says: An individual in this city held an execution against another, which was placed in the hands of the Sheriff for the purpose of collecting the claim, but that officer finding no property, it was returned unsatisfied. A short time since, the creditor discovered a small monument at one of the marble yards in the city which had been ordered by the debtor to be placed over the grave of a little child he had recently buried. Forthwith this worthy exemplar of Shylock waited upon the Sheriff and instructed him to levy upon the stone. That officer very properly remonstrated against an act so barbarous and unchristian, but without avail. He was threatened with prosecution unless he performed this unpleasant duty, and the stone was accordingly seized and in due time sold. There was no one mean enough to bid upon it but the creditor, and it was knocked down to him. A little monument of a little child with the names of the parents and their offspring upon it—the figure of a dog, the emblem of fidelity, in an attitude of repose, surmounting it—was bought by this thing in human form. As we looked upon the stone and listened to this little history connected with it, we could not help thinking that he who had done so base a thing against his fellow, deserved no repose in this world or the next.

THE FIRST TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—It has been a question of interest among writers on temperance as to when, where, and by whom the first Temperance Society was organized. It was at length pretty generally agreed that it was it Moreau, in the state of New York, in 1808, by Dr. Billy J. Clark and the Rev. Mr. Armstrong. It is accordingly so stated in Appleton's New Cyclopaedia, in an article on Total Abstinence, written by Mr. Greeley. It seems, however, that a society was established three years earlier (1805) at Allentown, New Jersey. Rev. E. Page, of Tronton, has lately forwarded the "Constitution Book" of that society, (it was called the "Sober Society,") with the original fifty-eight signatures, to Prof. Amasa McCoy, of Albany, Corresponding Secretary of the World's Temperance Committee, who has long been collecting materials for a history of the Temperance Reform.—Newark Daily Advertiser, June 2.

EFFECT OF TOBACCO ON THE MOUTH.
—Both smoking and chewing produce marked alterations in the most expressive features of the face. The lips are closed by a circular muscle, which completely surrounds them, and form their pulpy fulness. Now, every muscle of the body is developed in precise ratio with its use, as most young men know—they endeavor to develop and increase their muscle in the gymnasium. In spitting and holding the cigar in the mouth, this muscle is in constant use; hence the coarse appearance and irregular development of the lips when compared to the rest of the features, in chewers and smokers. The eye loses its natural fire, and becomes dull and lurid; it is unresponsive and unappreciative; it answers not before the world; its owner gazes vacantly, and often repels conversation by his stupidity.

MIRABILE DICIT!

\$1999,747,29,05!

HARK! HARK!

What Noise is That?

O! IT IS THE RUSH AT THAT OLD REGULATOR, in full blast from O. A. to 9 p. m., by the good people from Dan to Buresliebe, after the good things therein contained. Wellsville is a fast City, and the people are fast nags. O my! how they do work at that old Store! Farming and Logging can't begin with it; and they don't try to bait any body with 6c. Sugar, and call it good. Such might possibly do for Vinegar, if Cleaned.

\$10,000 worth of choice Pork, brought in the Hog from Wyoming and Livingston counties, packed by Clark & Phillips; 30000 Sugar Cured Hams; 22000 Shoulders; 72000 Pure Lard; 6000 Boots and Shoes; 47000 Horse Feed; 65700 Nails, 4 1/2 to 5; 78000 Hardware, Crow-Bars, Iron, Tin Ware, Stone and Wooden Ware, Tools for Mechanics, Farmers and everybody; 1600 Flour, \$4.75 to \$7; 76 Chests of Tea, from 3 to 5c.; Paints, Oil, Fluid, Alcohol, Cavphene, and 200000, other things; 400 Bushels Stone Lime, cheap; Rubbers and Buffalo Over-Shoes, for Men, Women and Children.

WANTED!

at that "Old Regulator" in Wellsville, foot of Plank Road street, on the Railroad, surrounded by Shingle Shanties, Lime Shanties, Pork Packing and Flour Shanties, all the good people, a nail and shoe-man, including the pretty Lassa and prettiest Old Maids, and are not all so deficient. Show we are prepared to greet you with a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year! **CLARK & PHILLIPS.** Wellsville, Dec. 21, 1858. [11:22 P. S. If that Printer made \$1500 by mind-ing his own business, and \$500 more by letting his neighbor's alone, what might some other do? Let unhappy meddlers answer.

2000000 Sawed Shingles,
1500000 Shaved do.
2000000 Lumber,

Also big Deers and Little Deers, some Bears, some Patridges, some Porcupine, Cash \$10, Butter, Cheese, Hams, Ogs, Poultry, Corn, &c. Come all ye who wish to buy or sell; we will do you good. Don't let any say nay, it is not our fault that the world is not all so deficient. Show we are prepared to greet you with a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year! **CLARK & PHILLIPS.** Wellsville, Dec. 21, 1858. [11:22 P. S. If that Printer made \$1500 by mind-ing his own business, and \$500 more by letting his neighbor's alone, what might some other do? Let unhappy meddlers answer.

COUDERSPORT ACADEMY, 1859.
Rev. J. HENDRICK, A. M., PRINCIPAL.

SPRING and SUMMER TERM commences
Tuesday, April 5.
FALL TERM commences
Tuesday, August 23.

Rates of Tuition:
Primary Branches, \$2 50
Common English, 3 50
Higher English, with Algebra, 4 75
Higher Mathematics, 6 00
Latin and Greek, 6 00
Drawing (extra), 2 50
Music, with use of Piano, (extra), 10 00
French, (extra), 2 00
French, without other studies, 1 00
Room Board each, 10 00
Competent Teachers have been secured for every branch of Study. [31.]

MILLPORT HEAD-QUARTERS.
The subscribers take this method of informing their friends that they are in receipt of, and are now opening, a choice and desirable stock of

STAPLE AND FANDY DRY GOODS,
to which they invite the attention of all who desire to make purchases. Our stock is large has been selected with great care, and is particularly adapted to the wants of this section of our country. Our stock of Dry Goods consists of

DRESS GOODS, TRIMMINGS, RIBBONS,
EMBROIDERIES, PARASOLS,
BLOUSES, CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS, DO-
MESTIES,
SHIRTINGS,
LINENS, PRINTS,
HOSIERY, SHAWLS,
and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention. We have also a complete assortment of

GROCERIES, HARDWARE AND CROCKERY;
all of which will be sold uncommonly cheap for ready pay, and for approved credit on as reasonable terms as any other establishment.

MANY ANCHORS.
Millport, Aug. 11, 1858.—9:13 1/2.

IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH
IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH
IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!
WHAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?
WHAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?
WHAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?
WHY "THE AMERICAN SMOKER."
WHY "THE AMERICAN SMOKER."
WHY "THE AMERICAN SMOKER."
STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
WHAT'S STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
WHAT'S STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
WHY, PRESIDENT BUCHANAN'S
AMERICAN SMOKER,
which has been ordered of
THE AMERICAN TRADE
COMPANY,
22 & 24 Frankfort Street,
New York.

WM. T. JACKSON,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps,
Queensware, Hardware,
Groceries & Notions,
GERMANIA, POTTER CO., PA.

HAS purchased the stock of Goods of Andrew Jackson, and having made some well-selected additions thereto, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage, at the old stand, where he is confident that he will be able to please the most fastidious buyers, both as to quality and price. Please call and examine my stock. **WM. T. JACKSON.** Germania, April 19, 1859.—36-6m.

IF ANYBODY, including maids and matrons, old or young, plain or pretty, wish to buy or sell anything, we give it as our candid opinion, they had better come to that same Old Regulator, kept in full blast by **CLARK & PHILLIPS.**

HEAVY CORN-FED HOGS, from Wyoming and Livingston Counties, are being packed, and will be until January, 1859, by **CLARK & PHILLIPS.**

BOOTS, SHOES, Rubbers, Buffalo Over-Shoes, for men, women and children, by the case, dozen or pair at **CLARK & PHILLIPS.**

The American Trades Comp'y.

THE AMERICAN SMOKER.
Consisting of a great variety of unique and beautiful patterns of Cigar Tubes; also, several varieties of Pipe Tubes. The peculiarity about these articles is that each one is arranged so as to receive a damp sponge, through which the smoke of the burning cigar has to pass on its way to the mouth. This damp sponge not only cools the smoke, but extracts from it the nicotine oil, the poisonous property of the Tobacco, which renders the breathless offensive. Smokers will find the use of these Tubes a luxury never before attained except by using the Turkish water-jar. Their use will also greatly promote the health of the habitual smoker and preserve the sweetness of the breath.

THE AMERICAN CARPET HOOK.
Is a little contrivance for putting down carpets without tacks. This is a new article, which has never before been upon the market. But it possesses the merit of enabling a person to put down or take up a carpet of the largest size in general use in fifteen minutes, without any injury to the floor or carpet. It is very cheap—cheaper in the long run than tacks—and the great facility with which even a servant can take up and put down carpets, without the possibility of a mistake, renders it invaluable to the housekeeper.

THE AMERICAN PEN HOLDER & WIPER.
Is a neat invention for holding a wet sponge, into which the pen is thrust, always coming out clean and ready for use. A very convenient article for the Counting-House Desk and Library Table.

The American Trades Company, was organized November 8, 1857, with a Capital of one hundred thousand dollars. This Company was formed with a view of taking up inventors of small articles of general utility, who are unable to make independent arrangements for introducing their inventions, by an equitable arrangement with them for their rights by purchase out and, or by a tariff on the articles manufactured and sold. The inventive genius of this country has long called for an institution of this kind. The American mind is so active, that thousands of things are invented, many of which would be really useful to the community, but which are never introduced because the inventors of them have no means to carry them out. The Capital of this Company will be devoted to the development of really useful inventions. The Company have a Committee on Patents, whose duty it is to pass upon all applications, and from their large experience in such matters inventors have a security that their inventions will not be misjudged; and the high character of the parties composing that Committee is a sufficient guaranty that plans and applications may be submitted before patents are applied for without any risk of advantage being taken of this circumstance, and when desired to do so, the Company will take out patents for others, securing for the inventor all of his invention that is patentable. This Company respectfully invite inventors to submit to them their plans; and it will be furthering the objects of the Company if its officers and agents can be of any service to them.

Any one of the following modes is acceptable to this Company:—
First: To manufacture any articles for which their machinery is adapted by contract, the inventors receiving the articles and paying for the same on delivery.
Second: They buy any patent which is approved of by their committee.
Third: They will manufacture and sell any article which they choose to adopt, giving to the inventor such a proportion of the profits as may be agreed upon.

The extensive building, No. 22 and 24 Frankfort Street, New York, being about 60 feet front by over 100 feet deep, and 7 stories high above the sidewalk, is owned by the President of the Company, and is occupied in part by all the machinery, warehouse and offices of the Company, where all its business and sales are transacted.

WHO SELLS THE AMERICAN SMOKER?
WHY EVERY DRUGGIST—AND CIGAR DEALER—
If they don't you, will hereafter. Don't fail to engage one.

THE CALUMET OF PEACE!
THE CALUMET OF PEACE!
WHAT IS THE CALUMET OF PEACE?
WHAT IS IT? WHERE IS IT?
IT IS THE AMERICAN SMOKER.
See advertisement.

QUIET NERVES, QUIET NERVES!
NO EXCUSE FOR NERVOUS HUSBANDS.
HUSBAND GO BUY THE AMERICAN SMOKER.

THIS IS TO BE THE ORDER OF THE DAY,
From every wife who has a smoking husband—and no good husband who wants to have peace in the family will fail to obey the order. [11:23] See advertisement. See advertisement.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA
OF
SEWING MACHINES.
THE PATENT LEVER SEWING MACHINE,
MANUFACTURED BY THE GLOBE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
339 Broadway,
New York.

May be truly regarded as the "ne plus ultra" of sewing machines, and all who are wishing to find a machine which is capable of doing any kind of sewing for Tailors and Dress-makers, with a satisfaction heretofore unknown, should lose no time in ordering one of the PATENT LEVER MACHINES, which are so occupied a similar position towards other sewing Machines that a Patent Lever Watch (and everybody knows its value) occupies towards a Lapine or any other second rate watch.

This Machine makes the "Lock Stitch," which looks the same on both sides of the fabric, and cannot be ripped.

In all respects equal to machines heretofore sold at a hundred dollars and upwards.

Specimens of sewing done by the PATENT LEVER MACHINE, will be forwarded to any part of the country, upon receipt of a postage stamp.

N. B. An energetic and reliable agent is wanted in every town and village of the United States and Canada to sell the above named machine. An advantageous arrangement will be made with the right kind of merchant who is willing to have the exclusive agency.

Address: **Globe Manufacturing Company,** 339 Broadway, N. Y.

Z. J. THOMPSON,
GARRAGE & WAGON MAKER, and **REPAIRER,** Condorsport, Potter Co., Pa., takes this method of informing the public in general that he is prepared to do all work in his line with promptness, in a workman-like manner, and upon the most accommodating terms. Payment for Repairing invariably required on delivery of the work. All kinds of PRODUCE taken on account of work. [11:35.]



DR. MORSE'S INDIAN ROOT PILLS.
Above we present you with a richness of DR. MORSE'S INDIAN ROOT PILLS. This philanthropist has spent the greater part of his life in traveling, having visited Europe, Asia, and Africa, as well as North America—has spent three years among the Indians of our Western country—it was in this way that the Indian Root Pills were first discovered. Dr. Morse was the first man to establish the fact that all diseases arise from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD—that our strength, health and life depended upon this vital fluid.

When the various passages become clogged, and do not act in perfect harmony with the different functions of the body, the blood loses its action, becomes thick, corrupted and diseased; thus causing all pains, sickness and distress of every name; our strength is exhausted, our health we are deprived of, and if nature is not assisted in throwing off the stagnant humors, the blood will become choked, and cease to act, and thus our light of life will forever be blown out. How important then that we should keep the various passages of the body free and open. And how pleasant to us that we have it in our power to put a medicine in your reach, namely, Morse's Indian Root Pills, manufactured from plants and roots which grow around the mountainous cliffs in Nature's garden, for the health and recovery of diseased man. One of the roots from which these Pills are made is a diuretic, which opens the pores of the skin, and assists Nature in throwing out the finer parts of the corruption within. The second is a plant which is an expectorant, that opens and unclogs the passage to the lungs, and thus, in a soothing manner, performs its duty by throwing off phlegm, and other humors from the lungs by copious spitting. The third is a Diuretic, which gives ease and double strength to the kidneys; thus encouraged, they draw large amounts of impurity from the blood, which is then thrown out honorably by the urinary or watery passages, and which could not have been discharged in any other way. The fourth is a Cathartic, and accompanies the other properties of the Pills while engaged in purifying the blood; the coarser particles of impurity which cannot pass by the other outlets, are thus taken up and conveyed off in great quantities by the bowels.

From the above, it is shown that Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills not only enter the stomach, but become united with the blood, for they find way to every part, and completely root out and cleanse the system from all impurities, the life of the body; which is the blood, becomes perfectly healthy; consequently all sickness and pain is driven from the system, for they cannot remain when the body becomes so pure and clear.

The reason why people are so distressed when sick, and why so many die, is because they do not get a medicine which will pass to the afflicted parts, and which will open the natural passages for the disease to be cast out; hence, a large quantity of food and other matter is lodged, and the stomach and intestines are literally overflowing with the corrupted mass; thus undergoing disagreeable fermentation, constantly mixing with the blood, which throws corrupted matter through every vein and artery, until life is taken from the body by disease. Dr. Morse's PILLS have added to themselves victory upon victory, by restoring millions of the sick to blooming health and happiness. Yes, thousands who have been racked or tormented with sickness, pain and anguish, and whose feeble frames have been scorched by the burning elements of raging fever, and who have been brought, as it were, within a step of the silent grave, now stand ready to testify that they would have been numbered with the dead, had it not been for this great and wonderful medicine, Morse's Indian Root Pills. After one or two doses had been taken, they were astonished, and absolutely surprised, in witnessing their charming effects. Not only do they give immediate ease and strength, and take away all sickness, pain and anguish, but they act on the system at the foundation of the disease, which is the blood. Therefore, it will be shown, especially by those who use these Pills, that they will so cleanse and purify, that disease—that deadly enemy—will take its flight, and the flush of youth and beauty will again return, and the prospect of a long and happy life will cheer and brighten your days.

CAUTION:
Merchants and Traders will be on their guard and not be imposed upon by a Counterfeit of Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills, signed A. B. Moore. All genuine Pills will hereafter have the name and signature of B. LAKE JUDSON, (successor to A. J. White & Co.), on each box.

All orders and letters relating to said Pills must be addressed to WM. MUDGE & CO., (proprietors of Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment), Erieville, Meigs Co., N. Y., General Agents for Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

B. LAKE JUDSON, (successor to A. J. White & Co.), 50 Leonard Street, New York, Sole Proprietor. Sold by SMITH & JONES, Condorsport; also by all Medicine Dealers in the county. 10:46-1y.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution, established by special endorsement for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.

THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual Diseases, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.) and in cases of extreme poverty, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE.

The Directors of the Association, in their last Annual Report express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of their Surgeons in the cure of Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-Abuse, Disease of the Kidneys and Bladder, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail, (in a sealed envelope,) FREE OF CHARGE, on receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage.

Address, for Report or treatment: Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [11:24-1y.]

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body; and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vice, and above all, by the venereal infection. What ever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation; indeed, if severe, it be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcers matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which renders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases. Consequently, vast numbers perish by diseases which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from this aggravated source, by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; such persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system, we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical science of this time can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedies that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the reverse of the system: from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as Eruptions and SKIN DISEASES, ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, ROSE, or ERYSIPELAS, PUPULES, PUSTULES, BURNING, BLAINS and HORN, TETRAN, TITRAN and SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, TETRAN, RHEUMATISM, SYMPHYLIS and MALARIAL DISEASES, DROPSY, DYSENTERIA, DEBRILITY, and, indeed, ALL COMPLAINTS ARISING FROM VITATED OR IMPURE BLOOD. The popular belief in "impurity of the blood" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, which from which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC, are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitality. As a consequence of these properties, the health and vigor of the system, the physical dexterity, and mental health of the individual are restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also the most formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: Coughs, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Junction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cure, that every section of our country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted that can never be forgotten, and procured cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY **DR. J. C. AYER & CO.** LOWELL, MASS.

Sold by SMITH & JONES, and D. W. SPENCER, Condorsport; CORY & SON, Utica; A. B. HORTON, Cushingville; MANN & NICHOLS, Millport; C. H. SIMMONS, Oswego; and by all Merchants and Druggists. [11:25]

Right About Face!

HO! all ye that hath ears, let him hear, and he that hath eyes, let him come and see the wonders being done in Wellsville, the City of Tanneries, and especially at the Old Regulator, where thirty-two men and seven boys are wanted to work fifteen hours every day, (Sundays excepted), and he that hath no money come. Bring a board, bring a shingle, bring a hog, bring a goose, bring a deer, bring a hide, bring a mink, bring a pel, bring your butter, bring what you like, you have not met the filthy lure to buy your bread. Thus endeth the first lesson. **CLARK & PHILLIPS.**

EVERYTHING bought and sold at the Old Regulator, except Gas, Gas, Scandal and Blarney. Soft Soap and Soder, at sixpence a pound, must be had at Some Brothers, at Some Brothers, in this town. **CLARK & PHILLIPS.**

CLARK & PHILLIPS render their thanks to all the good people of this Commonwealth for their most liberal patronage, and they do tender their special thanks to their competitors and any others, for their gentle backing for all time, and connected falsehood for all time, and jealousy; for no doubt it was meant for evil, but has proved our good. So go ahead. The more the better. **CLARK & PHILLIPS.**