

# The Potter Journal.

COUDERSPORT, PA.,  
Thursday Morning, May 26, 1859.  
T. S. CHASE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

The Sheriff has levied on a large share of our columns this week, to the use of our usual variety; but we cheerfully submit as it "pays."

**EQUAL AND EXACT JUSTICE TO ALL MEN.**—LOOK ON THIS PICTURE.—The United States Court for the District of Michigan, sentenced the Deputy Marshal Tyler to a fine of One Dollar and Thirty Days imprisonment for killing Capt. Jones; now

**LOOK ON THIS PICTURE.**—The United States Court for the North District of Ohio, sentenced Bushnell, for the crime of assisting a man to his liberty, to pay a fine of Six Hundred Dollars, to pay the costs of prosecution, say Fifteen Hundred Dollars, and to imprisonment SIXTY DAYS.—*Ex. Paper.*

This is the class of justice which "Modern Democracy" delights.—Vile, the Kansas Struggle, and the account of a Philadelphia collector's adventures in Mississippi, which we recently published.

We shall avail ourselves of the first good opportunity to retort upon our friend of the Potter County Journal, and we intend to be down that way some day, and may be our first greeting will find him in the act of quaffing a glass of lager, and then the way we'll put it to him will be a caution to the whole tribe of transgressors! It will be a mixture of pepper, salt and words fail to express its severity! Look out.—*Erie Gazette.*

We are glad to hear that you intend visiting this county some of these days, friend GARA; but if you are coming all the way up here (we feel above you, now), to catch us "quaffing a glass of lager," we fear you will quaff many a glass to drown your disappointment, when you get back to Erie. We want the world, and our friend of the Gazette, to bear in mind that we are so lost to the charms of "civilization" here, that we don't allow so gross a violation of natural laws as the untrammelled selling or swilling of lager, or any other kind of poison,—as do some more pretentious and lazier communities in the northwestern corner of the State. Nevertheless, friend Gara, give our place a call, (bring your artist-wife along, too, to sketch some of our fine landscapes), and if you catch us "quaffing a glass of lager," we'll agree to buy you a basket of Longworth's "Sparkling Catawba" the first time we go to Erie, and treat to the lager and Sweitzer, besides,—notwithstanding we are now an avowed and active member of our Division of S. of T. Come down the 4th of July, and hear Wilnot lecture on Republicanism.

**"Kicking Up a Muss."**  
The following is the closing part of the leading editorial of the *Tioga Agitator* of May 19th, in relation to third parties, the *Warren Ledger*, and this paper:

"One word to the *Journal* in regard to the 'opposition' movement which it so strenuously, and we think needlessly, deprecates. When any of the principles of the Republican party are on the point of being sacrificed; when the 'opposition' shall ask us to lay aside the distinctive measures which have become so endeared to the people of the whole North, it will be time for the *Journal* to talk of new parties and third parties. We confess that we cannot now see what good the *Journal* can possibly affect by its shying at imaginary fears. Depend upon it the masses will stand firm, and will watch with earnest eyes and discountenance any movement on the part of political tricksters which threatens the integrity of their principles. Depend upon it too, that those who count themselves among the number opposed to governmental corruption—those who desire to defeat the self-styled democracy in 1860 though they differ with the Republicans on the slavery question now will, if our party stand firm upon the Philadelphia platform, be glad to stand there with us then. But until some concessions are seriously asked of us, we protest against the impracticable kicking up of the *Journal*."

We have given our readers the evidence that we are asked "to lay aside the distinctive measures which have become so endeared to the people of the whole North." This evidence consisted in the proposition of a newspaper with overshadowing influence in the Republican ranks, to support either Edward Bates, John M. Botts, or John Bell for next President. As neither of these men have ever manifested any sympathy with our distinctive measures, the proposition to support them is asking us to lay those measures aside, and as a very humble member of the party we protest against the proposed movement. The *Agitator* will bear with our "kicking up." The *Journal* was established to do that very thing, and it has been remarkably successful at it on various occasions.

When the first number of our paper

was issued, the liquor-traffic had full sweep over the entire county, and drunkard-making was as honorable as wagon-making. This paper at once commenced "kicking up" a muss, and the people of the county sustained it.

At that time pro-slavery Democracy was rampant and filled every office with its votaries. This *Journal* was so vigorous in "kicking up" at Slavery and its allies, that every doughface in the county soon came to hate it with a will, and they unanimously voted it the most impracticable sheet in the State.

Such being the previous character of the paper, no intelligent reader would be satisfied with it if it did not stand up for a square and hand to hand fight with Slavery in 1860.

If either Bell, Botts, or Bates is the candidate in 1860, then the Slavery question is to be ignored. In such a fight we shall take no interest. Hence our "kicking up" in advance—for we are of those who believe that the time for "kicking up" is before the nomination and election, not after it. Does the *Agitator* now recognize the practicability of our "kicking up"?

## The Mission of the Church.

We have always supposed that the days of inquisitorial religion were passed and gone—that the enlightening sun of the nineteenth century could not be made to shadow the illiberal spirit of the eighteenth century, at least among civilized people; but we were sadly mistaken, and our error is demonstrated upon a soil sanctified to freedom of opinion by the blood of the immediate posterity of the age of Salem witchcraft. A Presbyterian church in Cortland, New York has decided that listening to the discussion of adverse doctrines is a church crime, punishable by unqualified expulsion.—We fear that were all who are guilty of this crime excommunicated from the Presbyterian fold, there would be few left to do the inquisition work of 1859. Will the Presbytery sustain the action of the Cortland Church? If so, forever after—at least until the injunction is removed—that sect will wane in moral and sectarian influence and power. The following extract from an editorial in the *Tribune* will furnish food for reflection to our Presbyterian readers hereabouts, who never fail to hear Beecher or Cheever, if possible, when they visit the city. Verily, the cause of slavery extracts much from religious formula and creeds:

"With these prefatory remarks, we may venture to state the fact that Stephen Brewer—Stephen is an excellent name for a martyr—heretofore an elder of the Presbyterian Church of Cortland, in this State, is no longer an elder and is no longer a member of that august body. He has been tarred out of his eldership, and he has been stripped of his membership, and ecclesiastically speaking, is nobody. The reader who never heard of Stephen Brewer before, will naturally suppose that he has enunciated divers dauntless heresies—that he has denied the creed, or at least that he has been guilty of some flagrant and fashionable immorality—that he has either cheated his neighbor or fooled his neighbor's wife. They will naturally figure to themselves Mr. Stephen Brewer as a monster of iniquity—as an infidel, a drunkard, a robber, or a swindler. What will be their astonishment to learn that Mr. Brewer's offense consisted in going to "the other meeting-house" on the Sabbath, to hear discourses by those unannounced preachers, George W. Curtis, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Wm. Lloyd Garrison, and Wendell Phillips—"thus" say the specifications of this Session-Martial—"countenancing teachings that are plainly of a secular and unchristian character." The very head and front of the offending Elder Stephen Brewer hath this extent—no more! The Session was very savage with him. They would not permit, as horse-thieves and burglars are permitted, if they can, to do—; they would not permit him to show a good moral character. They would not allow him to introduce evidence that "he had been a steady and devout attendant upon all the ordinances and institutions of the Church." They would not suffer him to show that his fellow-members had attended the same heretical meetings. They had met to excommunicate him; and they did excommunicate him, so that, as nothing worse can now befall him, he may go to "the other meeting-house" whenever he pleases to do so."

**VINDICTIVENESS OF CRIME.**—A week or two ago the town of Oshkosh, Wisconsin, was nearly or quite destroyed by fire. The following, from a western exchange, explains the cause:  
"It will be remembered that last February we published an account of the burning of two houses of prostitution, in Oshkosh, by the indignant citizens, and the conveying of the inmates, twelve girls and a man, to jail. The houses were burnt to the ground, and the clothing, trunks and jewelry belonging to the inmates were also destroyed. As before stated by us, the girls were liberated after trial. The next move was a Convention of this class of 'artists,' which Convention was attended by prostitutes and their

pimps from the neighboring cities and villages. At this Convention, it is said, a solemn oath was made to burn the city, from end to end, before the summer was over, in revenge for the burning of the two houses aforementioned. The city is now in ashes, evidently fired by an incendiary, but who the incendiary is we cannot yet tell. There is not a store or business house left. One hotel remains out of five. Four printing offices, all the place had, are in ruins, and the total loss cannot fall far short of \$500,000. For some weeks the city, learning the threat, kept a vigilant night watch, but as the Spring advanced, and the wooden buildings became dry as powder, the watch was discontinued on account of the expense. The buildings were close together, and built of wood. This made insurance so high, ranging from 4 1/2 to 8 per cent., that but very few were insured, and the loss is mostly local."

## News Items.

**The Washington Republic** says that it is reported to be a settled thing that Mr. James Gordon Bennett is to have the French Mission previous to the expiration of Mr. Buchanan's term.

**A COUNTRY LADY ON VIRTUE.**—A correspondent of the *Vincennes Sun*, writing from a village in Illinois, says: "I asked an old lady of the church, in confidence, if she really thought a 'dis-virtuous woman would become virtuous by joining the church? She jerked her 'specks,' and said, 'yes,' if the pesky men would let her alone!" and I believe she is right.

Brown says, if you want your boy to behave well, give him good clothes. Dress him like a gentleman, and he will be more likely to carry himself in a gentlemanly manner. Let him dress him like a clown, and you may be pretty sure he will behave like a blockhead. Dress and address have a closer connection than many people imagine. Brown is a philosopher.

**JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.**—According to a law passed by the last Legislature, every Justice of the Peace hereafter elected, who intends to accept the office, is required to give notice of his intention in writing to the Prothonotary of the county in which he resides, within thirty days after the election.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

Why is the new paper at Washington styled the President's organ? Because the form of the President's oath reads:

"I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and support the CONSTITUTION!"—*Olean Advertiser.*

**MARRIAGE OF THE GOV'NOR'S DAUGHTER.**—The eldest daughter of Governor Packer was this morning married to Mr. Clark, one of the editors of the *Lycoming Gazette*. The bride and groom immediately left on their honeymoon excursion. Mr. Clark holds the office of Grain Measurer at Philadelphia, under the Governor.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

**PITTSBURGH, Friday, May 20, 1859.**  
—Jacobi and Evans, convicted of the murder of their wives, were hung at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The execution was strictly private. No military were present, and but very few persons were admitted. The crowd outside was not large. Jacobi declined making any speech at the gallows, but Evans spoke for an hour and a half. Both died hard.

We are informed that the house of Alexander Mattison near Vermilyea's Hotel in Gaines Township was entirely destroyed by fire, early on Saturday morning last. The family were seated at breakfast when the fire was first discovered, and although every effort was made to stay the progress of the devouring element nothing was saved except a part of the furniture. The fire originated from a defective stove pipe. Loss \$2,000. No insurance.—*Tioga Agitator, 19th.*

**Cause of the Great Prosperity of Iron City College.**—Owing to the thorough and comprehensive course of instruction pursued in the Iron City College, under teachers who, by their experience and scholarship, enjoy the favor of many of the most distinguished scholars in the country, its present number of students is fully ten times that of any other Commercial College in Pittsburgh, and is now the most popular and successful Commercial School in the United States.

**FATE OF A SEDUCER IN CALIFORNIA.**—Jas. Fournier was tried and acquitted in San Francisco on the 7th ult., of the charge of murder, in having killed William Deerie. The latter, a man of family, seduced Fournier's daughter, more after was constantly pursuing her at her own home for the renewal of their former intimacy. It appears upon the trial that the daughter had resisted his advances; that Fournier had felt deeply his daughter's disgrace, and that in the fear that the influence of Deerie over his weak-minded daughter might prove stronger than her father's advice, the accused shot and killed the seducer, while attempting to effect a clandestine meeting with his victim at her own parent's residence. The jury justified the act, and returned a verdict of "not guilty."

**CONTRACTS FALLING DUE ON SUNDAY.**—A very important question has been raised and decided in the Superior Court of New York, upon this subject. The particular case was that of a policy of life insurance expiring on Sunday, the premium upon the renewal of which was not tendered till the following Monday. But the discussion involved the whole question as to fulfilling any contract, the day for doing which comes upon Sunday. The general notion is that in all such cases the contract must be performed, or the offer made to do it, on the preceding Saturday. But the court in this case overruled the motion, and declared that when, from accident or mutual error, the day of fulfilling an agreement falls on Sunday, there is enough of principle and authority to justify the party in deferring

his performance to the Monday ensuing, without impairing a right or incurring a forfeiture.

## Column and County.

COUDERSPORT, MAY 26, 1859.

Last Saturday we took a short trip into Alleghany and Ulysses townships, and were much pleased with the thrifty looking farms therein. We visited the farm of T. E. Gridley, and the Millinery Shop of Mrs. G., and cheerfully pronounce them models in their kind. We hope to be able to visit every portion of the county the coming year, in order that we may be better able to comprehend and advocate its interests.

**MAKE FRIENDS OF THE BIRDS.**—Remember that every family of birds you can induce to locate upon your trees, ride your enemies, and increases your wealth. Land is still cheap upon the farm, and trees are cheap. Plant more trees, and with your other crops raise your own music. Encourage the boys to build bird boxes, and put them upon the buildings and fences. This will amuse them quite as much as robbing bird's nests, and will foster within them much better sentiments.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

We are glad to note an improved feeling in our village towards the birds. Several boys that formerly stoned them and destroyed their nests, now treat the birds kindly. We rejoice at this change, and we trust the time is not far off when the birds will feel as safe singing in our trees as all "make friends of the birds."

**The Temperance Meeting** last Monday evening was another success—at least in the amount of enthusiasm in those present. The audience was not very large, but was composed of the more intelligent and moral citizens of our place; showing that, to the truly intelligent people, the subject of Temperance is not so threadbare of argument and interest as its enemies claim it is.

We have not room for a lengthy notice, and can only state that, after a prayer by Rev. Mr. Rice, and a temperance hymn by the choir, the speaker appointed for the occasion, Rev. J. Hendrick, offered the following series of Resolutions, and spoke to them, for more than half an hour, with an enthusiasm and earnestness that we have never before seen him manifest upon any subject. He confirmed his arguments chiefly to the first resolution:

**Resolved,** That the present is ever the time for action; and that while a single intemperate person remains as one of our neighbors, it is our imperative duty to use our influence and to labor for his redemption.

**Resolved,** That Poor Taxes, Costs of Criminal Courts and other heavy burdens are always imposed upon society as a penalty for allowing drunkards to be made in their midst.

**Resolved,** That those persons who drink but a single glass a week, or even a month, throw the influence of their example in favor of the use of intoxicating drinks as a beverage; and, therefore, they encourage the manufacture of drunkards—hence we are bound to labor, in season and out of season, to persuade them to change their influence to the other side of this great question.

He argued that action was the banner around which temperance men must rally if they would be successful—it was the weapon that they should wield against the enemy.

H. J. Olmsted moved the adoption of the resolutions, which was seconded, when J. S. Mann, Esq., after a few remarks, moved that they be postponed until the Monday evening of June Court, in order that they might be published for the consideration of the people of this county, and more generally discussed at a meeting then to be held. Mr. Hamilton seconded the motion, and it was adopted. The meeting then adjourned. We hope our readers will carefully consider the above resolutions, and such of them as are here Court week, attend the meeting, and enter into the discussion of them.

**COUDERSPORT ACADEMY, 1859.**  
REV. J. HENDRICK, A. M., PRINCIPAL.

SPRING AND SUMMER TERM commences  
**Tuesday, April 6.**  
FALL TERM commences  
**Tuesday, August 23.**

**Rates of Tuition:**  
Primary Branches. \$2 50  
Common English. 3 50  
Higher English, with Algebra. 4 75  
Higher Mathematics, Latin and Greek. 6 00  
Drawing (extra). 2 50  
Music, with use of Piano, (extra). 10 00  
French, (extra). 3 00  
French, without other studies, Room Rent, each. 1 00

Competent Teachers have been secured for every branch of Study. [31.]

**LOUR, PORK and Beans, Horse Feed, Corn Meal, Oats, Shorts enough to supply a small nation, at the Old Regulator.**  
CLARK & PHILLIPS.

**HEAVY CORN-FED HOGS,** from Wyoming and Livingston Counties, are being packed, and will be until January, 1859, by  
CLARK & PHILLIPS.

**PRICE CURRENT**  
Corrected every Wednesday, by F. A. STEBBINS, wholesale and retail Dealer in Groceries and Provisions, Main Street, COUDERSPORT, PA.

Apples, green, bush.	\$ 75 to 1 00
do dried, " "	2 50 3 25
Beans, " "	1 25 2 00
Beeswax, lb.	20 25
Butter, " "	6 7
Beef Hides, " "	5 4 7
Buckwheat, bush.	10 18
Butter, lb.	15 18
Cheese, " "	8 12
Corn, bush.	1 00 1 12 1/2
Corn Meal, per cwt.	2 50 3 00
Eggs, doz.	10 12
Flour, superfine, bush.	8 00 8 50
do extra, " "	8 50 9 00
do double extra, " "	9 00 9 50
Hams, lb.	12 14
Hay, ton.	10 00 11 00
Honey, lb.	10 12 1/2
Lard, " "	12 16
Maple Sugar, per lb.	8 10
Oats, bush.	75 80
Onions, " "	1 00 1 12 1/2
Pork, lb.	20 50 23 50
do lb.	10 12 1/2
do in whole hog, lb.	6 7 1/2
Potatoes, bush.	50 62 1/2
Poultry, lb.	5 6
Rye, bush.	1 00 1 12 1/2
Salt, bush.	3 50
do sack, " "	25
Trout, lb.	6 00 6 50
Wheat, bush.	1 50 1 75
White Fish, per lb.	8 00 8 50
Wool, per lb.	30 35

## Special Notices.

**NOTICE.**—Owners of young cattle are requested to keep them out of the streets, or I will impound them, as required by the Borough Ordinance.

II. A. FISHER, Pound Master.

## DISEASE OF THE LIVER.

By this disease we understand an inflammation either in the membrane or substance of the liver, known by dull pains in the right side, the stomach always disordered, the yellow tinge of the skin, dry cough, tongue coated, costiveness, high-colored urine, and if a thick nature; severe weakness and severe pains in the head.

The quantity of corrupted humors in the region of the liver, causes a defective secretion of the bile. The liver when healthy, serves as a filter to the blood, to separate all impurities from it, or to relieve it. When diseased, it cannot purify the blood, which, when sent to the lungs, brain, and other parts in a morbid condition, may cause Jaundice, Consumption, Insanity, &c., and withholding the natural stimulus to the intestines, causes Dyspepsia, Piles, and other complaints, as you perceive the direct way to unravel and tear the whole system to pieces.

A patient, suffering from this complaint, should resort to speedy relief. Yet there are very few medicines worth a cent in curing diseases. When then shall be done? We say, use Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills, as they are composed of plants and roots; they will be found a sure cure for this painful disease, because they purge from the body those corrupt and stagnant humors, and so cleanse and renew the blood, which is the cause not only of the disease of the liver, and the inflammation of the kidney and bladder, but of every description of disease. From 3 to 4 of the above pills, taken every night on going to bed, will, in a few days, entirely relieve the body of everything that is opposed to health.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are sold by all dealers in Medicines.

**IF ANYBODY**, including waiters and maîtres, old or young, plain or pretty, wish to buy or sell anything, we give it as our candid opinion, they had better come to that same Old Regulator, kept in full blast by

**\$800.**—THE SUBSCRIBERS WISH to employ an active reliable man in every county, to travel and take orders by sample for  
**KENNEDY'S MEDICATED SEGARS AND TOBACCO.** Will pay a salary of \$600 to \$800 per year, payable monthly. For sample and full particulars address  
**KRUGER & PRESTON,**  
Tobaccoists,  
39-51, 29 William-st., New York.

**Administrator's Notice.**  
NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the estate of John Ives, late of West Branch Township, Potter County, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and persons having claims against the same, are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. W. R. IVES, Adm'r.  
West Branch, May 11, 1859.—39.

**Auditor's Notice.**  
NOTICE is hereby given that the Auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the proceeds of the sale of real estate in the case of Wm. McDougall vs. William T. Jones, et al., No. 23 February Term, 1857, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the Prothonotary's Office in the Borough of Coudersport on Monday, the 6th day of June next, at one o'clock, P. M. Those interested will attend if they think proper.  
H. J. OLMSTED, Auditor.  
Coudersport, May 11, 1859.—36.

**The American Smoker** is an article of great utility and benefit to Smokers. Persons afflicted with Bronchitis, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Liver complaints or Kidney affections, can procure SPONGES MEDICATED for these various diseases by Old Dr. THOMP. Sold by the AMERICAN TRADES COMPANY, Nos. 22 and 24 Frankfort-st.

**IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!**  
**IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!**  
**IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!**  
WHAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?  
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WHAT'S STUDED WITH DIAMONDS.  
WHY, PRESIDENT BUCHANAN'S AMERICAN SMOKER,  
Which has been ordered of  
**THE AMERICAN TRADE COMPANY,**  
22 & 24 Frankfort Street,  
New York.

**EVERYTHING** bought and sold at the Old Regulator, except Gas, Gas, Scandal and Blarney. Soft Soap and Soder, at sixpence a pound, must be had at Some Brothers, at Some Brothers, in this town.  
CLARK & PHILLIPS.

## New Advertisements.

### TAKE NOTICE!

If you want to get your Watch or Clocks put in good running order, take them to DAYTON'S. You will find him on hand to do your work on short notice, and in a workmanlike manner, at No. 2, PHENIX BLOCK, opposite Parmelee's Drug and Book Store. Jewelry neatly repaired, and work done on short notice, cheap for cash.  
JOHN B. DAYTON,  
Wellsville, April 17, 1859. 40-6mo.

### WARREN'S

## BOOT & SHOE STORE,

Main Street, (nearly opposite Baldwin & Bros. Grocery.) Wellsville, Alleghany Co., N. Y.

THE Proprietor of the above establishment would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Coudersport, and Potter county generally, that he is now prepared to supply them with **BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, LEATHER FINDING, &c.**, of every description, at prices which cannot fail to suit. We have on hand, and are constantly receiving from New York, the finest assortment of goods that can be found in this portion of the county, and will sell the same at prices which will

**DEFY COMPETITION!**  
**SOLE LEATHER,**  
**UPPER LEATHER & KIP SKINS,**  
**FRENCH CALF SKINS, (genuine),**  
**PEGS, NAILS, AWL, and BINDINGS,** of every description, in quantities to suit purchasers, at

**REMARKABLY LOW PRICES, FOR CASH.**  
All goods sold at our establishment are of the Best Quality, and will be **WARRANTED.**  
**Terms Cash Only.** Give us a trial.  
GEORGE T. WARREN,  
Wellsville, May 19, 1859.—40.

## NEW STOCK

### OF SUMMER GOODS,

## P. A. STEBBINS.

### Low Prices

### AND FAVORABLE TERMS,

**Cash and Short-Time Buyers.**  
**LADIES AND GENTLEMEN!**  
I AM NOW RECEIVING my SUMMER Stock, which embraces almost everything usually kept by the Country Merchant—**DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARD-WARE, BOOTS & SHOES, READY MADE CLOTHING, HATS & CAPS, CROCKERY, &c.**

all of which I propose to sell at low figures, for cash or approved credit.  
Call and see our **GOODS and PRICES.** Being thankful for past favors, I hope to be able now to offer more favorable inducements. P. A. STEBBINS.  
Coudersport, May 25, 1859.—40.

## CHEWING TOBACCO,

**Important Improvement**  
In putting up  
**FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO,**  
has been adopted by Messrs. E. GOODWIN & BRO. of New York City.  
**TOBACCO, of the BEST QUALITY,** is selected, neatly wrapped in **TIN FOIL,** and **PATENT PRESSED.**

The great advantages of this over other brands consist in the size of the packages, rendering it more convenient to carry in the pocket, and being **PRESSED SOLID** it keeps **MOIST and FRESH,** and improves in quality as it is used; while in other brands, as soon as the package is opened the quality rapidly **DETERIORATES**—the tobacco growing dry and littering the pocket to the great annoyance of the consumer. The Dressing which which the Fine Cut Tobacco undergoes in the process of manufacture, frees it from all grit or impurities so objectionable in the use of Plug Tobacco. Chewers will do well to give the Patent Pressed a trial, and judge for themselves.

For sale by H. WESTCOTT & Co., who receive it direct from the Manufacturers.  
[39-4.] E. GOODWIN & BRO.,  
207 & 209 Water street, New York.

## COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. Robert G. White, President Judge, and the Hon. Joseph Mann and G. C. Colvin, Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer & Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court, and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Coudersport, on MONDAY, the 20th day of June next, and to continue one week:  
Notice is therefore hereby given to the Creditors, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, with their rolls, records, inquiries, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of Potter, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just. Dated at Coudersport, June 11, 1859, and the 83rd year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. C. TAGGART, Sheriff.  
**PLASTER** for sale by P. A. STEBBINS.