

Selected Miscellany.

Direct Tracks of the Northwest with Expose.—DETROIT, May 12.—The schooner Star of the North cleared today from this port for Liverpool...

The London Times thus caricatures our Congress: "In Congress, on the other side of the great sea, our transatlantic consanguinity these matters expeditiously..."

The Best Way to Pair Off.—A Washington correspondent says:—

"In the House yesterday, when the final passage of the bill for the admission of Minnesota into the Union, the clerk announced the name of 'Silas M. Burroughs.' There was no response. Again the clerk called 'Silas M. Burroughs,' but there was still no answer..."

THE NEGRO-PROBIA ILLUSTRATED.—A member of the California Legislature, who believes in the Dred Scott decision and thinks Buchanan both a statesman and a patriot...

To prevent niggers kummin to Kallyfornia. The people of the State of Kallyfornia, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows: Section 1. No nigger not now an inhabitant of this State...

Enacting Clauses.—A nigger is hereby declared an obscenity newsman, not to be permitted, and every Sheriff in this State may be a nigger driver if he chooses.

On the rendition of the verdict, Judge Nutt delivered the following verdict: "It is more of human nature, or rather of Kentucky nature, than of judicial property in it."

FROM WASHINGTON. Correspondence of the Evening Post. Washington, Monday, April 30.

The Republicans of this city held a meeting on Saturday evening and formed themselves into an association, with a view to action at the approaching municipal election, and for the distribution of political documents during the coming year. They adopted the following declaration of principles:

The Potter Journal. COLBERSPORT, PA., Thursday Evening, May 27, 1858. T. S. CHASE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

The Pittsburg Dispatch has done an entire new suit. It is a very deserving paper, and sustained well we judge.

Opposition State Convention.—The State Committee have called a Convention to nominate a State Ticket, in opposition to the Leocompton Democracy, to meet at Harrisburg on the 8th of July.

Senator Cameron will accept our thanks for a copy of the National Financial Report, and many other documentary favors.

The Southern Commercial Convention, lately in session at Montgomery, Ala., to give Southern fire-catchers an opportunity to vent some of the "vim" which want of time and fear of Northern "mal-silla of society" prevented them doing in Congress, adjourned to meet at Vicksburg, Miss., on the second Monday of May next.

Reaping the Whirlwind.—The Border Ruffians of Kansas and Missouri, having sown the seed, are now reaping the harvest which such a sowing inevitably produces. We are sorry that Free State men should, under any provocations, commit violence, except in self-defense.

What They Struggle For.

Why not give him [Gen. Jackson] the very best majority you can, by electing him to Congress as a reward, &c.—Philadelphia Press. We will tell you Mr. Press, because Hon. ALLISON WHITE, who has made a most faithful, influential, and independent representation, will probably be a candidate for re-election, and Gen. JACKMAN is too firm a friend of Mr. White to be in his way for Congress.

As to "Leocompton," the Democrats of this region have, generally, refused to become embroiled in it—care nothing about it—and deem the ascendancy of their party as of infinitely more importance than a thousand such township quarrels as exist in it about Kansas.

Having felt compelled to dissent, in pretty strong terms, to some of Senator Cameron's remarks, it gives us unusual pleasure to give our readers the following model speech made by our Senator on the 12th of this month, in explanation of the position of Senator Bigler.

The spy above named, was tried and ordered to be shot. Seven men took him to the woods, and when they returned, reported that the sentence had been executed. The U. S. soldiers commanded by Captain Anderson, finding that some of their number were implicated in these outrages, held a meeting, tried the implicated men, and told them they must leave the company or be shot; and applied to the Captain for leave to carry out their threats.

What followed we will give in the words of the letter from Fort Scott, above referred to, which shows the true cause of Dr. Hamilton's flight from Kansas: "Capt. Anderson replied that their course was not in keeping with military usage, yet he would approve of their proceedings. The company then agreed to clean out the Ruffian head quarters, and arrest Brocket and others who had murdered this man who had acted as a spy and messenger for Capt. Montgomery. To make a long story short, the result was, that Dr. Hamilton and others, in order to save their own necks, were compelled to state that this spy was not killed, but was a hired accomplice, instructed to play a part, in order to get up a furor against Crawford and others, so as to kill them during the excitement. This story was so incredible that the people would not believe it till the man was produced. The whole villainy then flashed out. Gen. Clark is implicated in it—so is Mr. Greenwood, the pro-Slavery agent here. Soldiers and citizens were greatly outraged by these persons, and threatened summary vengeance. To save themselves, all the most noisy villains have left for Missouri. Five ruffian soldiers, about twenty pro-Slavery residents of Fort Scott, and perhaps fifty others in the County, having left or been convicted of this conspiracy, it is presumed that peaceable settlers will be no longer molested. This ends, it is hoped, the last chapter in Kansas villainy."

The Duty of Republicans.

Philadelphia did a grand thing on Tuesday week. Her freemen defeated Vaux, the Administration candidate for Mayor, by a majority of 43,997! The English Juggler went through Congress just four days previously—Toga Elevator. Yes, it is "a grand thing." You feel it to be so; we feel it to be so; every friend of Freedom and Honesty in the country ever feels it to be so.

Long before there was a Republican party we were radically anti-slavery, as you know, good brother—yea, when most of the Republican leaders were pro-slavery. We shall not abate our anti-slavery zeal, now that we have help and encouragement we little dreamed of; nor shall we compromise principles. In matters of substance we reject compromises. No compromise on slavery, from the formation of the Constitution has found an advocate or apologist in us.

Mr. Cameron.—I desire only to say a word in vindication of my colleagues, and I think in justice to him and myself I should be permitted to say that word, for you know I do not often occupy much of the time of the Senate. It is that I am satisfied he is acting in accordance with his well known principles. He is, I believe, a free trade man, if I can judge him from his acts.

It may be the policy of my colleague, and it may, perhaps, be a wise one, so that break down all these interests, so that after a while we shall stand upon a common level, when we shall be compelled again to return to that protective American policy which our fathers instituted, and which took care of the country. If it were to destroy the duty on salt now proposed by the Senator from Rhode Island, I believe after a little while the salt interests would help the iron interests; and if we take off the sugar duty from gentlemen down in Louisiana, I think after a while they will come to our ground; and if we should repeal the law returning fugitive slaves, all the gentlemen in the 'nigger' interest would soon help us to take care of our iron. So, if you run around these interests, and strike them down, when we are all so low down together, when we cannot take care of our selves, we shall begin to feel as members of the same great country ought to feel, each one willing to serve the other.

It is more of human nature, or rather of Kentucky nature, than of judicial property in it: "Sir: You have been indicted by a grand jury of your country upon a most heinous charge. You have put yourself upon your country and your God for your deliverance. You have had a fair and impartial trial before them, and they have both pronounced you not guilty, and so say I. It may not be proper for me to express my sentiments, yet nevertheless, will do it. Young man! had I been wronged as you have been, I would have spent every dollar I had on earth, and all that I could have begged or borrowed, and then started upon the track of the villain that I would have imbrued my hands in his blood. Go hence without delay. You are acquitted."

"I thought this statement was due to my colleague. I thought it was due to him, coming from my own State, that I should make this explanation."

For the Potter Journal. Mr. Editor—As the Fourth of July approaches, we necessarily think of another anniversary of our National Independence. Eighty-two years have rolled away since the Tree of Liberty was planted on our American shore, and through the goodness of Him who gave to our forefathers the victory, we are still permitted to sit quietly beneath its branches.

Notwithstanding James Monroe had one of the most imposing funeral pageants ever witnessed in New York, his body was deposited in a neglected grave, and to this day the fifth President of the United States has no tomb of his own, but is resting in a vault upon which there is an unpaid assessment of many years' standing.

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We welcome to our table the Pagan Independent, a thorough anti-slavery paper and Temperance advocate, printed upon the North-western frontier of Wisconsin, by C. W. Wheaton, and edited by E. W. Gurley.

THE TOMB OF PRESIDENT MONROE.—Notwithstanding James Monroe had one of the most imposing funeral pageants ever witnessed in New York, his body was deposited in a neglected grave, and to this day the fifth President of the United States has no tomb of his own, but is resting in a vault upon which there is an unpaid assessment of many years' standing.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Potter Co. that I will furnish to order, Pianos and Melodeons from the best manufacturers in the Union, and upon reasonable terms.

TO CONTRACTORS.—NOTICE is hereby given that PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the Town Council of the Borough of Coudersport, until the 20th inst., for the making and completing of all such SIDE WALKS as were ordered by the Ordinance of May 25, 1857, now remaining unbuild or incomplete—at which time and place said Jobs will be let to the lowest and best bidder.

ARRIVED AT LAST! BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS, of the best material and new est fashion can always be found on hand at JOHN G. HAUSSELT'S shop, on Main street, Coudersport, Pa., in the shop lately occupied by A. H. BURTEWORT.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.—D. S. WILLIAMS, LATE WILLIAMS & CUNNINGHAM, Having removed to the spacious lots in the CARY BUILDING, 105 and 107 CHAMBERS STREET, and 89 & 91 READE STREET, NEW YORK, is now offering for cash or on approved credit, a large and well-assorted stock of HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS.

BOROUGH ACCOUNTS.—FROM the examination, by a Committee appointed by the Town Council, of the Financials of the Borough of Coudersport, there is found to be the following amount of Orders in circulation, Judgments on record, and Assets, on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1858: LIABILITIES. For year 1852, \$17 00; 1853, 7 00; 1854, 49 50; 1855, 43 19; 1856, 80 63; 1857, 326 54; \$554 06.

Amount of Judgments and interest on same and on Order of \$12, to date, 462 61. \$1017 67. ASSETS. Amount of Commissars Certificates for 1856, \$11 22; for 1857, 8 74; Due by Collector for 1857, 7 40. \$27 36. Less commission to Borough and County Treasurers, 1 53. \$25 83. Amount of Lien on C. W. Ellis Property for making Side-Walks, 25 80. Lien on C. W. Johnson property, to be paid, as per agreement, by receipt on Judgment of Schoonsmaker & Jackson, 49 50. Leaving an indebtedness to be provided for, 913 54. \$1017 67. The above is a true abstract of the Original Report on file in the office of the Town Council. SAM'L H. STORRS, Sec'y.