[COMMUNICATED.]

In pursuance of notice, a Convention of Delegates from the Borough and Townships of Adams County, opposed to the present School System, assembled at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg, on Monday the 23d Instant. The following Delegates appeared:

Borough—John Myers, Jacob Weaver, Daniel Zeller.
Straban—Garrett Rinkenhoff, Daniel Comfort.
Mount Pleasant—Jacob Hankey, Joseph Heindl.
Tyrone—Balzer Snyder, Levi Weikert.
Reading—Henry Sherman, Abraham Myers.
Cumberland—John Bowers, William Weikert.
Hamiltonban—Andrew Deardorff, John Wolf.
Latimore—Jacob Hacht, Jacob Sticket, David Grove.
Menallen—C. J. Hartzel, Henry Koser, Levi Grove, John Rose.
Mount Joy—Jacob Tetterhoff.

The Convention was organized by appointing Capt. John Myers Chairman, and *C. J. Hartzell* and *John Neely*, Secretaries.

A committee was appointed to draft resolutions for the consideration of the Convention, to wit: David Grest, Garrett Rinkenhoff, Balzer Snyder, Levi Greist, C. J. Hartzell, Wm. Weikert, and Jacob Weaver—who reported the following, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Convention, the system of Common Schools established in Pennsylvania is founded in injustice to the great body of the tax-paying people of the State—the effects of taxation to keep up the system operating chiefly against the Farmer and landholder, already oppressed beyond measure, while the citizen whose estate consists in moneys, obligations, stocks, &c. paying to the difficulty of levying taxes upon that species of property) is permitted to escape with a tax altogether disproportionate to his means.

Resolved, That every parent who has correct views upon the subject, ought to esteem it not only as a duty to his own children, imposed upon him by the very nature of the relation itself (a duty which cannot be evaded or shifted upon others) to afford to our an education adapted to their natural talents or abilities, with a view to their future usefulness in life.

Resolved, That the present School System, instead of being a benefit to the really poor, leaves them in a worse condition than before, when books and stationery were furnished at the public expense.

Resolved, That the experience of a dozen years has failed to convince us of the expediency of the system of Common Schools; while during the same time the system has been kept up at a vast expense to the portion of the community who prefer to clear able to bear the burdens. In most of the districts there has been, in the management of the Schools, a system of extravagance, a gross extravagance in the management of the School funds, and in the selection of Teachers as regards almost every thing else but their qualifications.

Resolved, That in the present situation in which our State is placed, burdened with a debt which must be left to posterity to pay or repudiate, it becomes us to make every effort to economize our resources, and relieve the people of their burdens.

Resolved, That this Convention, so far from being the enemies of Education, are its friends—we estimate the value of an education suited to the disposition or natural capacity of all.

Resolved, That under the present system, the proper relation between the teacher and the parent of the child is entirely out of sight, as teachers are by selected, and frequently are, not only against the wishes, but frequently in defiance of the circumstances of the citizens of the district. A selection of teachers under such circumstances, is calculated to create improper feelings between the teachers and parents.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Convention, the qualifications of Teachers has been much lower since than before the adoption of Free Schools.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to frame a petition to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, praying for a repeal of the School law, so far as relates to the County of Adams.

David Greist, Daniel Comfort, and Jacob Weaver, were appointed the committee, who reported the following, which was adopted:

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met:

The undersigned, Citizens of the County of Adams, respectfully represent—That the School Law of this Commonwealth, as it now is, has a very unequal and unjust bearing upon the citizens thereof, without corresponding benefit to them, and calculated to create hardness and ill-will amongst them; and instead of facilitating, in our opinion, it retards Education, and in a measure deprives the people of their Liberty. For these and many other reasons, we, your petitioners, therefore respectfully ask you to Repeal said law for the County of Adams, and to exempt them from their portion of State Tax levied for school purposes—and that the Law for providing the Poor be in manner and form as it was before the School Law was passed.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be published in all the papers in the County.

JOHN MYERS, *Chairman.*
C. J. HARTZEL, } *Sec's.*
JOHN NEELY, }

JOHN RANDOLPH'S SLAVES.—The Randolph slaves, some four hundred in number, who were prevented by the rash from leading upon their own lands in Ohio, have been better accomodated by the people of adjoining county, where they have been distributed among families, who are kindness to read, and training them to habits of industry and frugality.

Half the follies and vanities of the world would cease to exist, if we could but secure a sufficient quantity of innocent amusement.

Time is the monitor within.

THE STAR & BANNER.

GETTYSBURG:

Friday Evening, Dec. 4, 1846.

AN APPRENTICE TO THE PRINTING BUSINESS.

☞ Will be taken at this Office, if early application be made. The applicant must be possessed of correct habits, and from 14 to 17 years of age.

JACOB ACHENBACH, Esq. has been appointed by the County Commissioners, "Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes" for Adams county, in compliance with the law of last session. It is the duty of the appraiser to make out a list of all the dealers in Merchandize in the county, classified according to the amount of their respective sales, and to give public notice of the same, with the days of appeals, prior to the 1st of July in each year.

☞ BERNHAM MARTIN, Esq. has been reappointed by the Governor, Notary Public for the borough of Gettysburg.

☞ At the Nov. term of our Court, BENJAMIN HERR, Esq. of Lancaster county, was, on motion of the Hon. J. COOPER, admitted to practice in the several Courts of Adams county.

County Convention.

Our friends will bear in mind that to-morrow one week (the 12th inst.) is the day designated by the County Committee for the selection of delegates to the Whig County Convention to appoint Representatives to the State Convention. It is true that there is no difference of opinion in our county as to who ought to be selected as the Whig candidate for Governor, yet it is proper that the County Convention should be fully represented, and our organization kept perfect. Let the matter be attended to.

☞ A writer in the last York Republican seems disposed to combat the assertions of the Advocate and the Hanover Spectator in regard to Mr. Cooper's availability. We have heretofore alluded to the evidence upon which the claims of both Mr. Cooper and Gen. IRVIN to personal and political popularity are based, and feel no disposition to interfere in the controversies of our neighbors. But the following inquiry in the Republican may excuse a passing notice:—

"I respectfully ask the editors, whether, in their opinion, there is a single personal or political friend of Mr. Cooper, *in this district*, or in the State, who will not vote for IRVIN, if nominated?"

The result of the late election in Adams county, as well as of every election at which Mr. Cooper has been before the people, ought to have satisfied the writer of the above of what he professes to be in search of. Mr. Cooper, time and again, has proven that in Adams county he can command a support which the most gifted and popular of his political friends have ever failed to receive; and we venture the prediction, which we feel assured will not be gainsaid by any one in the least observant of the true state of feeling among his immediate neighbors, that if Mr. Cooper be the candidate of the Whig party for Governor, his majority in his own county will not be one vote less than **1200**, while no other man in the State will be able to command, under the most favorable circumstances, more than from 7 to 800—the party vote.

Watches and Jewelry.

The attention of those of our citizens visiting the city of Philadelphia, is directed to the Card of Mr. O. Conrad to be found in a subsequent column. His establishment is represented by such as have visited it, as being one of the most elegant Watch and Jewelry Stores in Philadelphia. The variety is unusually large and the articles cheap, and, what is better, the goods are all warranted to be what they are sold for.

Domby & Son.

MESSRS. LEA & BLANCHARD, of Philadelphia, have favored us with the second monthly part of Dicken's new Novel, "Dealings with the firm of Domby & Son, wholesale, retail, and for exportation," illustrated by H. K. Browne. Those wishing to possess themselves of a handsome edition of this popular work of a popular writer, will find it in the issue of the American publisher. Price—only 8 cents per number.

"COURTSHIP OF THE WIDOW WICK."—Wilson & Co.'s great Pictorial Double Brother Jonathan for Christmas (which we have just received) contains this admirable story, with portraits of the Widow and her lover. There is also a new and highly finished picture of, Santa Claus on Christmas eve, which occupies the entire first page of the Jonathan; likewise a most excellent likeness of Old Rough and Ready. The remaining outer pages are filled with rich and well-executed engravings appropriate for the holidays. The price is 12 1-2 cents only.

God's Poor.

The Portland Tribune admonishes its readers thus:—"Have you any old shoes, hats, caps, coats, pants, vests? Distribute them to the poor children in your neighborhood. God's poor are all about you, soliciting charity through their ragged clothing and protruding limbs." Be not backward in doing good. Open your ears to the cries of hunger and distress. Distribute what you have—any thing will be acceptable but advice. Do you know it?—Angels hover over the path that leads to honest poverty—and they who pass it often receive a blessing from the skies."

☞ Several papers have suggested the propriety of holding a State Tariff Convention at Harrisburg commencing during January or February.

☞ At the late terms of the Lancaster county Court it was decided that a tenant may not legally remove the Straw of what is called the "wheat-growing," without a special contract to that effect.

WHIG STATE CONVENTION.

A STATE CONVENTION, to be composed of Delegates from the City of Philadelphia and the several counties, equal to their representation in the general Assembly of this Commonwealth, will be held at Harrisburg, on TUESDAY the 9th day of MARCH NEXT, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of selecting candidates for Governor and Canal Commissioner to be supported by the Whigs and the friends of the Protective Policy at the next ensuing election, and to transact such other business as may be deemed important to the success of the Whig cause.

J. P. SANDERSON,
SAMUEL D. KARNS,
JOSEPH RONIGMAKER,
MORTON McMICHAEL,
GEORGE EBLITY,
H. JONES BROOKE,
THEO. D. COCHRAN,
JAMES FOX,
JAMES MARTIN,
WILLIAM BUTLER,
J. J. SLOCUM,
JOHN R. EDIE,
EDGAR COWAN,
JOHN B. JOHNSON,
WM. J. HOWARD,
Whig State Committee.

"The last Gettysburg Star copies an article from the Philadelphia Daily Sun, a paper opposed to the Whig party, to show there was intrigue used in selecting the delegates to the March Convention, in Philadelphia. We would respectfully ask our worthy cotemporary of the Star, if he considers the authority of those *interested* in producing dissatisfaction in the Whig party, worthy of consideration by *Whigs?* We have no doubt the Pennsylvanian, Keystone and Times will endorse the statement of the Sun!"

The above paragraph, which we copy from the last Huntingdon Journal, has reference to an article that was transferred to our columns a few weeks since, from the Philadelphia Sun, detailing the secret movements of a few politicians in Philadelphia who desire now, as heretofore, to influence the choice and direct the will of the Whig party of the State, and upon which, as our readers may remember, we took occasion to remark with some severity. The article of the Sun, however, was not copied as developing any schemes of craft or intrigue previously unknown to us. We did not rely, as our respected cotemporary of the Journal seems to think, upon the "interested" statements of a hostile press for evidence of what was deemed so obnoxious and worthy of reprehension. The movements of the corrupt and selfish clique to whom reference was ha'—and whom we have characterized as "few," because we would not hold the most of honest-minded, stout-hearted men of Philadelphia, who time and again have given glorious evidence of adhesion to Whig principles, responsible for the doings of a narrow clique of political wire-workers, of who e agency and influences they but little dream even while moulding their preferences in entire subjection to those influences—had long been made familiar to us through the representations of friends daily conversant with the movements alluded to, and whose claims of loyalty to Whig principles and zeal for Whig ascendancy, stand second to none. Indeed, long before the statements of the Sun had made their appearance, communications from sources, whose means of information and high authority could leave no room for doubt, had warned us fully of what was tran-piring in the political *purlieus* of Philadelphia, even to the minutiae of the intrigue, the occasions upon which conferences were held, and the schemes themselves by which it was determined to carry out the views of those engaged in it. More than this, we knew of letters addressed to individuals in the interior of the State, abounding with most wreckless misrepresentation, deliberate falsification, and ungenerous reflection, in reference to one of the prominent candidates for nomination, penned by members of this clique, who, not satisfied with plotting a suppression of the voice of the masses in their own district, sought to bend to their purposes those who could be seduced only by artful misrepresentations. All this, *and much more*, we happened to know, independent of all reference to the statement in the Sun, whose article was worthy only because it embodied a statement of fact, the obviated the necessity for a similar statement by ourselves.

Knowing all these things—entirely aware of the corrupt and dishonorable agencies run put into operation for the purposes of breaking down the too popular rival of a knot of purel selfish politicians, who *hated* only because the *feared* the action; we put it to our worthy contemporary of the Journal—whose honorable bearing, by-the-by, in reference to this whole Gubernatorial question, we have more than once taken occasion to commend—whether we erred in deprecating and characterizing as we did a policy so well calculated to endanger the success of the Whig party, and which, there was every assurance could not have commended itself to the approbation of the more considerate friends of Gen. Irvin. There has been much, very much, transpiring behind the curtain in this Gubernatorial Race, which, if dragged to view, would not only excuse the excessive evidence of feeling that has characterized the representations of Mr. Cooper's friends, but place in honorable relief their singular *forbearance* under wrongs so gross. Would that such could be said of all interested in this matter.

For ourselves, we have believed, and at times more than ever impressed with the conviction, that Mr. Cooper is the first choice of a large majority of the Whig voters of the State, and hope, for the interests of the Whig party, he may be its leader in the next campaign. Strongly, however, as that confidence has been, hitherto, freely expressing our preferences we have uniformly kept in view the possible contingency in which we might be summoned to do battle under the other chieftain, and shall continue so to shape our course—not hesitating to denounce wrong or intrigue where denunciation may be called for, but yet to indulging in invidious reflections on our candidates so hereafter to hamper our action, precludes a hearty and zealous support of any Old Whig that may be fairly and honorably nominated by the State Convention.

☞ The health of Hon. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS continues to improve.

Departure of Gen. Scott.

The New York Courier of Monday says:—Major General SCOTT, accompanied by his aids de camp, Lieut. Scott and Lieut. Williams, and by Major Smith, of the corps of engineers, proceeded this morning by the packet ship Union to New Orleans, en route for Mexico, there to assume the command of the Army and its ultimate operations.

Of course nothing is known of the orders under which Gen. Scott repairs to Mexico, although they are generally believed to be of the simplest kind.—Tampico, it is thought, will be the line of operations, from which Gen. Scott will move towards San Luis Potosi, and after effecting a junction with the forces under Gen. Taylor and Wool, give battle to Santa Anna. Vera Cruz would next be assailed, after which, should the Mexicans still be disinclined to treat, an expedition will be undertaken against the city of Mexico. One thing is certain. Scott will bring Santa Anna to terms, or leave his bones upon Mexican soil. The Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce throws out the following ideas:

General SCOTT said, a while ago, that he never would be called upon for active service in the Mexican War until the Government found itself in a strait. The Government is in a strait, and General Scott has been called upon for aid. It is the opinion of military men, and among officers of Gen. Taylor himself, that the whole of the Monterey demonstration, from beginning to end, was wrong; that no benefit, corresponing with its cost in life and treasure, has been obtained; that the original design of pushing General Taylor forward to San Luis, by this route, was utterly absurd; that General Taylor never had either the force or the supplies necessary for such an enterprise; that it has been abandoned at the suggestion of General Taylor, and that an entirely new plan of the war has been or must be adopted.

Gen. Taylor, before he marched from Matamoras, said that he did not know what was the object of the movement he was ordered to make, and that, if at the depot, was to go to San Luis or the city of Mexico, Tampico was the point from which the movement should be made.

Gen. Worth has, no doubt, expressed the same opinion in his correspondence with the Government. After a long pause, therefore, the Government has adopted what the Union properly calls a "more vigorous and respected contemporary of the Journal seems to think, upon the "interested" statements of a hostile press for evidence of what was deemed so obnoxious and worthy of reprehension. The movements of the corrupt and selfish clique to whom reference was ha'—and whom we have characterized as "few," because we would not hold the most of honest-minded, stout-hearted men of Philadelphia, who time and again have given glorious evidence of adhesion to Whig principles, responsible for the doings of a narrow clique of political wire-workers, of who e agency and influences they but little dream even while moulding their preferences in entire subjection to those influences—had long been made familiar to us through the representations of friends daily conversant with the movements alluded to, and whose claims of loyalty to Whig principles and zeal for Whig ascendancy, stand second to none. Indeed, long before the statements of the Sun had made their appearance, communications from sources, whose means of information and high authority could leave no room for doubt, had warned us fully of what was tran-piring in the political *purlieus* of Philadelphia, even to the minutiae of the intrigue, the occasions upon which conferences were held, and the schemes themselves by which it was determined to carry out the views of those engaged in it. More than this, we knew of letters addressed to individuals in the interior of the State, abounding with most wreckless misrepresentation, deliberate falsification, and ungenerous reflection, in reference to one of the prominent candidates for nomination, penned by members of this clique, who, not satisfied with plotting a suppression of the voice of the masses in their own district, sought to bend to their purposes those who could be seduced only by artful misrepresentations. All this, *and much more*, we happened to know, independent of all reference to the statement in the Sun, whose article was worthy only because it embodied a statement of fact, the obviated the necessity for a similar statement by ourselves.

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☞ The health of Hon. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS continues to improve.

Delaware County.

On the 27th ult. the Whigs of Delaware county appointed JOHN M. BROOMALL, the Representative, and Dr. J. T. HENDERSON, Sensatorial delegate with instructions to support Mr. Cooper. They also recommend H. JONES BROOKE, Esq. of Delaware county, as a suitable candidate for Canal Commissioner. We find the following among the resolutions adopted:

Resolved, That we recognize in James Cooper, of Adams county, a man of splendid talents, an accomplished Statesman, an able orator, a whig in whom there is no guile, and an honest man; and that we believe his nomination for the Gubernatorial Chair would be hailed with acclamation by the people of Pennsylvania, as a sure harbinger of success in the next contest for a State Ticket.

Resolved, That the name of James Cooper is a tower of strength to the Whig party; he has at all times and on all occasions ably sustained the interests of Pennsylvania; his able support of the leading measures of our party, among which may be enumerated the American Tariff of 1842, and the Land distribution, both in Congress and the State Legislature, was such as not only to merit our approbation, but to entitle him to the warm support for Governor of every Whig and Tariff man in this commonwealth.

Resolved, That while this expressing our decided preference for Mr. Cooper for the Gubernatorial Chair, the Whigs of Delaware county are ready to support the candidates fairly nominated by the Whig party; we will therefore yield our support to the nominee of the Convention, and give him our undivided support.

☞ An able article in the last Norristown (Montgomery county) Herald, on the Gubernatorial question, concludes with the following well deserved tribute to Mr. Cooper:

"It is the boast of the Whigs that they have among them a native gentleman who would do honor to the gubernatorial chair, but (and perhaps it is fortunate) public sentiment seems to have centered upon two gentlemen possessing so much more than enough the elements of great personal popularity. Of these, JAMES COOPER, of Adams county, stands most prominent. Whatever he is known, he is regarded as an ardent, talented and whole-souled Whig. Cool, determined and courteous, he has won for himself the respect of his political opponents, and of all other candidates would be most likely to secure the support of those dissatisfied with the course pursued by the State and national administrations. His talents and eloquence as a public speaker, in canvassing the State, would exercise a powerful influence in the dissemination of Whig principles, and while it would bring the candidate for public favor in imbrodate contest with Democracy, it would contribute in a great degree to disunitral them from the dictation of demagogues, and have them to the exercise of their judgments in the choice they shall make. Upon the question of the Tariff, Mr. Cooper stands upon the good old Pennsylvania ground, and in the discussions in congress during the pendency of the Tariff of 1842, he took an active part, and by his eloquent and reasoning exercised a controlling influence in its passage. In our State Legislature, he was one of the most eloquent champions in the defence of Free Northern Labor against the encroachments of Southern Slave-Dealers, and in the late canvass in our State, no voice was heard oftener or raised with more effect than his, for the repeal of the British Tariff of 1846. Upon all other great questions of the day, Mr. Cooper is thoroughly Whig, and in view of the peculiar position of affairs, I regard him as pre-eminently the candidate for the occasion. With such a man to stump the State, we could roll up a majority for the Tariff cause that would strike terror into the hearts of all Free Traders."

☞ Crawford County sends two Delegates to the State Convention instructed to support GEN. IRVIN as their first choice.

☞ The Brownsville (Fayette county,) Free Press announces its decided preference for MR. COOPER for Governor, since the declination of Gen. Markle, and urges his nomination.

☞ It is thought that the Magnetic Telegraph will be in successful operation to the Ohio River by the 1st of January, whence the line will be extended to St Louis. The wires have already been "stretched" beyond Chambersburg. When completed, the citizens of St. Louis will be able to exchange salutations with those of Boston, with as much ease and rapidity as is enjoyed in the ordinary intercourse between one and man. Should an enemy enter Boston harbor, the intelligence will be diffused through the whole interior of our country as far as the Mississippi, before one half the citizens of Boston are aware of it!

☞ The Louisville Journal says:—What a figure Locofocoism cuts at the present time! The poor old thing has been stricken with palsy, and now goes tottering about, with its head drooping, shuddering at the prospect of the early death which it forces. Two years ago, there were alacrity in its step and fire in its eye, and now its eye is blurred and dim and it has scarcely any use of its legs. Let all those who are addicted to vicious habits look on Locofocoism and take warning before a like calamity overtakes them in their sins."

☞ ROBERT M'FARLAND, of Charlestown, Va. a young lawer of great promise, committed suicide at Frederick, Md., on Friday, by hanging himself. He left several letters, one addressed to his mother, from which it appears he had for some time contemplated committing the deed.

☞ The Whigs of Philadelphia tendered a complimentary entertainment to the Hon. ANDREW STEWART, while passing through that city a few days since. The entertainment was to have been given last night.

☞ The Hon. GEORGE M DUFFIE has resigned his seat as U. S. Senator from the State of South Carolina, on account of ill health. It is thought Mr. Hayne will be his successor.

The Webster Dinner.

This magnificent festival took place according to appointment, in the Saloon of the Philadelphia Chinese Museum, on Wednesday afternoon and evening. About 400 persons sat down to elegant refreshments, among whom were a number of distinguished guests from N. York, N. Hampshire, Maryland, &c.; about 1500 ladies occupying the galleries. When Mr. WEBSTER entered the room, the whole assembly rose and greeted his entrance with rounds of enthusiastic applause. After the cloth had been removed the President read a series of toasts, among which was one highly complimentary to "the eloquent defender of the Constitution," who immediately arose and proceeded to address his auditors in a masterly review of the political history of the country, and especially of the measures of the present administration. He speech is spoken of as one of the most masterly of the many extraordinary efforts of this illustrious land author. The policy of Mr. Polk and his friends on the Oregon and Mexican questions, the Subtreasury, British Tariff, Harbor Improvements, underwent a searching review and was denounced as unsound and inefficient, and antagonistic in many of its features to that of the Jackson Administration.

The Whigs and the War.

The Locofoco Press (says the North American) strives to impress the world with the belief that a considerable portion of the people of this country are anxious to cripple the energies of the Government in its present struggle with Mexico. Their journals have the statement to be false—a calumny and almost a treason, inspired by the desire of for the gratification of party spleen, or party interests, they persist in it. That the millions of the country do not approve the policy of the Administration on the Mexican question is most true; but, it is true, that the opposition have tendered men, money, all the resources and aids which the country can furnish, to prosecute the war with energy. The Whigs have, from the first moment of the war, complained of the inefficiency of the military policy of the Administration, and condemned the tameness and feeblenes of spirit which rendered a struggle that, by a bolder and more energetic course, would have been crushed and closed at once.

Congress.

Congress will assemble on Monday next, and continue in session until the 4th of March next.—The message of the President will no doubt be transmitted to the two houses on Tuesday. It is generally thought that it will be a very long and elaborate production, justifying the course of the Administration in regard to the Mexican war, and concluding in an emphatic manner in favor of a speedy adjustment of the taxation of tea and coffee. Should the message reach us in time, we will give our readers the substance at least of the President's views in our next.

☞ The new British Tariff bill went into operation on Tuesday last. For the last few weeks there has been a rush of importations, and the docks are literally choked with goods, which will pay a duty tribute in a great degree to disunitral them from the dictation of demagogues, and have them to the exercise of their judgments in the choice they shall make. Upon the question of the Tariff, Mr. Cooper stands upon the good old Pennsylvania ground, and in the discussions in congress during the pendency of the Tariff of 1842, he took an active part, and by his eloquent and reasoning exercised a controlling influence in its passage. In our State Legislature, he was one of the most eloquent champions in the defence of Free Northern Labor against the encroachments of Southern Slave-Dealers, and in the late canvass in our State, no voice was heard oftener or raised with more effect than his, for the repeal of the British Tariff of 1846. Upon all other great questions of the day, Mr. Cooper is thoroughly Whig, and in view of the peculiar position of affairs, I regard him as pre-eminently the candidate for the occasion. With such a man to stump the State, we could roll up a majority for the Tariff cause that would strike terror into the hearts of all Free Traders."

☞ It is announced that the Pennsylvania Regiment of volunteers for the War is full, and will be under marching orders in a short time. We have seen no authentic list of the companies composing it.

☞ The Whig young men of Auburn, N. York, have presented HENRY CLAY with a beautiful and elegantly finished chair.

LATEST FROM MEXICO.

The schooner *Mitis* arrived at New Orleans on the 26th inst. from Vera Cruz, bringing papers to the 20th ult. inclusive, and days later than the advices by the way of Havana.

The Mexicans, according to the *Indicador* of the 2d inst., are averse from any negotiations for peace that are not based upon satisfaction to the Republic for injuries done by the United States.

A letter of 28th October, from San Luis Potosi says there were 18,000 troops there, and that in fifteen days more there would probably be 30,000.

SANTA ANNA had ordered a number of officers to leave their commands in the army and repair to the village of Pozos for trial, on the charge cowardice at Monterrey. He has continued receiving pay, as commander-in-chief.

The election of deputies to the Constitutional Congress took place on the 15th inst. in the several States.

The French Consul at Monterey, Mr. Gousquet, had been put under arrest for having protested against the occupation of California, and the English consul had proceeded to the Marquesas to communicate the news.

LATER FROM MEXICO—CAPTURE OF TAMPIO O.

Tampico was captured on the 14th inst. by Com. Conner, without resistance.—When the Commodore entered the harbor, a flag was sent from the shore, and the place surrendered unconditionally. The U. S. Gazette says:—"Tampico has always been regarded by writers as of great importance, next to Vera Cruz; and in some measure, its possession would open the route to the Capital. It remains to be seen what will result from the plans of Santa Anna. For our own part, we really see no chance for the forces which Santa Anna can collect, and it would be wisdom in him to recommend that peace be asked for.

STEAMBOAT EXPLOSION! ABOUT FORTY LIVES LOST!

The Steamboat Atlantic, with about 80 persons on board, was wrecked between Allyn's Point and New York on Thursday morning last. The first disaster occurred after the boat had got underway by the explosion of the steam-chest, which was followed by a tremendous gale, and although every effort was made by the Captain, crew and passengers, four boats were put to pieces, and about 40 persons were drowned—among them the Captain! By the last accounts, 30 bodies had been recovered. Among the passengers lost, was the Rev. Dr. Armstrong, for many years the Corresponding Secretary of the American Board of Foreign Missions of New York. There were six females, four children on board—all of whom, except one child, were lost.

The Hon. Daniel Webster had a narrow escape. It was his intention to come to N. York in the ill-fated vessel, but was induced to remain a day, in consequence of the unfavorable appearance of the weather.

STEAMBOAT COLLISION AND LOSS OF TWENTY LIVES.—The New Orleans Picayune informs us of a terrible steamboat accident which occurred on the 21st about 7 miles below Natchez, by which some twenty or thirty lives were lost, and a large number of persons were scalded.

The Steamboat Sultana, bound down the river, came in collision with the steamboat Maria, bound up, striking her just forward of the wheel-house, and by the violence of the shock broke the connection pipe of the Maria, by which between twenty-five and thirty deck hands and deck passengers were scalded, many of them so severely that there was no prospect of their recovery.

The Maria sunk to within about two feet of the water, and over within five minutes after the collision, drowning twenty-twenty-five or thirty persons who were on the lower deck. The cabin passengers were all saved.

HOW CAME IT SO!—The "Union," in replying to some remarks of an English editor, makes the following emphatic assertion:

☞ "Our Government made no sort of bargain with Santa Anna, and never coupled upon his treachery."☞

We consider the above assertion exceedingly important. If our Government did not count upon the treachery of SANTA ANNA, and made no sort of bargain, *how came* SANTA ANNA *to have means of passing throughthe blockading squadron with the knowledge of the U. S. officers?* How comes he at the head of the Mexican troops, infusing new life into them against those of this country? Let the Union answered.—*U. S. Gazette.*

HEALTH O BLESSED HEALTH!

"Then art above all gold and treasures; 'tis thou who enlargest the soul—and openest all its powers to receive instruction, and to relish virture. He that has thee, has little more to wish for; and he that is so wretched as to have thee not, wants every thing beside. Let all who have tried Brandreth's Pills will give us healthy testimony these blessed Pills, which a century's use has fully established to be the best medicine ever invented for man. For the prevailing colds and coughs, they are worth all everything that medicine is capable of imparting.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS—Be very careful not go to the Agent when you want Brandreth's Pills; then you are sure of the genuine article. When you purchase otherwise, you may be sure whether he knows the Pills he offers you are genuine Brandreth Pills. Every man knows whether the article he offers you is true or false. Beware of cheats!

☞ The *genuine* Brandreth's Pills can be had of the following Agents:—

J. M. Stevenson & Co.—Gettysburg.
Jno. B. McCreary—Petersburg.
Abraham King—Hunterstown.
A. McFarland—Abbottstown.
David M. C. White,—Hampton
McSherry & Fink,—Littlestown.
Mary Dunlap—Cashtown.
John Hoke,—Fairfield.
Dec. 4, 1846.—tf

SAND'S SARSAPARILLA.—Light is the most important, the most sensible and striking phenomenon of the universe. It affords the means of exalted and exquisite pleasures, and is the source without cause man derives the largest portion of valuable knowledge. When decomposed it is found to consist of seven primary colors, thus proving the Sun, the most universe whence it comes, to be the grand painter of creation. As light is to the physical world, so is health to the physical frame—remove the one, and all is blank; take away the other, and man withers ere he blooms. As the genial rays of the Sun infuse warmth and renewed vigor into the vegetable creation, so SAND'S SARSAPARILLA infuses strength into the languid frame. Daily experience, shows results the most pleasing and unlooked for, thus gladdening the hearts of thousands who had given up in despair. Cures are recorded calculated to satisfy the most incredulous; and as "facts are stubborn things," they have only to be mentioned. Chronic derangements, cutaneous diseases, impurities of the blood, &c. are safely and perfectly cured by its use.

☞ For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior efficacy, see Pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis. Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. Sands, 76 Fulton street New York. Sold also by appointment of the Proprietor, by S. H. BUEHLER, Gettysburg, Pa. Price $1 per bottle. Six bottles for $5.

Nov. 20, 1846.—3t

BALTIMORE MARKET.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY.]

Cattle.—1900 head of Beef Cattle offered at the scales on Monday, of which 1131 were sold at prices ranging from $4 00 to $5 25 per 100 lbs.

Hogs.—Full supply and demand active. Sales ranking at $4 50 to $4 90 per 100 lbs.

Flour.—Market without animation. Sales of Howard street flour made at $4 87, which price is generally co-tended for. Receipt price $4 87. Country $4 75.

MARRIED,

On 29th ult. by Rev. B. Keller, Mr. JOHN SHEAFFER, to Miss ELIZABETH SHILT, both of Union township.

On 3d inst. by same, Mr. JOHN OBNER, to Miss MARGARET SOPHIA, daughter of Mr. Benjamin Crouse, all of Franklin township.

On 26th ult by Rev. Samuel Gutelius, Mr. JACOB WILLETT to Miss ANN YOUNG, all of Adams county.

On same day, by Rev. J. Seebler, Mr. JAMES WEAVER, to Miss MARY ANN WOLF, both of Adams county.

At Ephrata, Lancaster county, on the 24th ult. by Rev. Mr. HEINZ, LEVI FAHNESTOCK, Esq. of Baltimore, (formerly of Gettysburg,) to Miss SARAH, daughter of Mr. BENJ. FAHNESTOCK, of the former place.

On the 2d ult. by Rev. Mr. Gracey, Mr. JAMES W. BARR, to Miss ELIZABETH MARSHALL, daughter of Mr. JAMES SMITH, deceased, of Mount Joy township.

On the 26th ult. by Rev. Mr. Hoover, the Rev. J. M. Bashore, formerly of Adams county, to Miss ELIZA, only daughter of Peter Oyer, deceased, of Lancaster.

On the same day, by Rev. Mr. Hoffmeier, Mr. JOHN LAUGHMAN, to Miss MARGARET THOMASHOFF, all of Cumberland county.

On same day, by Rev. Mr. Gerhart, Mr. WM. HAAS, to Miss ANNA PUTTERBAUGH, both of Franklin township.

On same day, by Rev. J. Ulrich, Mr. ANDREW BRANT, to Miss REBECCA PLANK—both of this county.

On 19th ult. by same, Mr. SAMUEL CASHMAN, to Miss MARY ANN E. MCKINNEY—both of this county.

On 27th ult. by same, Mr. JOHN RICHOLTZ, to Miss SYVANNA VISHMAN—both of this county.

DIED.

On the evening of the 25th inst. at Lancaster JOHN LINGMAN, Esq. in the 71st year of his age.

On the 23d ult. Mr. DANIEL KEISNETTER, of Hamilton township, in the 74th year of his age.

On 23d ult in Adams county, DAVID SNYDER Jr. son of Peter Snyder, aged 10 years, 3 months and 25 days.

Yesterday evening, MRS. JANE HAMILTON, widow of Hamilton Hamilton, deceased, of Franklin township, at an advanced age.

☞ *IS A GOOD SENSIONE!* ☞ THE U. S. SENATE ☞ will convene in the Court-house (Jury Room) on *Monday Evening next*, at 6 o'clock. A Resolution for a Repeal of the Laws regulating the Rates of Interest on Money will be introduced for discussion. ☞ "Citizens and others desirous of becoming members and participating in the exercises are respectfully invited to attend.

THE OFFICERS.

Dec. 4, 1846.—1t

NOTICE

THE undersigned hereby gives notice to all concerned that he will not hold himself responsible for any debts contracted by the members of his family, without an order from himself. Store-keepers and others engaged in business are requested to take notice that I will hereafter pay no such orders will not be paid by me.

DAVID TRIMMER,
Tyrone township, Dec. 4. 1t

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

THE subscriber will keep constantly on hand a supply of the

Best & Freshest Oysters

that the market can afford—which he will serve to his customers in the best style, either roasted, scalded, or *fried*.

☞ He has an apartment fitted up for the accommodation of LADIES, who may wish to partake of Oysters—to whom every attention will be paid.

☞ FAMILIES can be accommodated with Oysters by the gallon, quart or pint, on the shortest notice and most favorable terms.

Dec. 4, 1846.—tf JACOB KUHN.

VALUABLE FARM
At Public Sale.

THE Subscribers will expose to Public Sale on the 26th *day of December next*, on the premises, a Plantation containing about

218 ACRES,

on which are erected a two-story weatherboarded Dwelling

HOUSE,

Stone Bank Barn, Spring-house, Smoke-house, and other necessary out buildings. There is on the Farm, Apple and Peach

ORCHARDS,

bearing Fruit of the choicest kind, an unfailing Spring of water convenient to the House, a sufficiency of MEADOW, and about 65 ACRES of

WOODLAND,

well timbered. The house and other improvements are all good, and the land of fine quality.

This Farm was formerly the property of GEORGE IRVIN, deceased, who, in his life-time, sold it to his sons, JOHN and GEORGE, as whose Estate it is now offered for sale. It is situated in Germany township, Adams county, about 5 miles from Gettysburg, and is, in all respects, one of the most desirable Farms in the county.

Terms.—One third of the purchase money to be paid in hand, on the confirmation of the sale; the residue in three equal annual payments, without interest. On the payment of the hand money and securing the residue, an indisputable title will be made to the purchaser.

☞ Sale to take place at 1 o'clock, P. M.

☞ Persons desiring to purchase, will be shown the property by Geo. W. D. Irvin, who resides on the premises.

GEO. W. D. IRVIN,
JAMES COOER.

☞ JAMES COOPER is the Administrator of John Irvin, dec'd., and is selling the interest of the said John (an undivided half) in the said premises, by virt