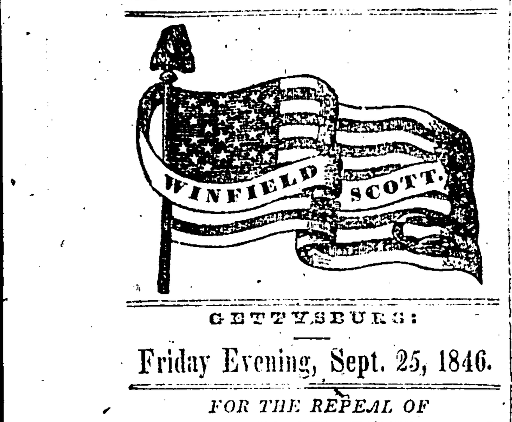
THE STAR & BANNER.



GETTYSBURG:

Friday Evening, Sept. 25, 1846.

FOR THE REPEAL OF
THE BRITISH TARIFF OF '46.

Reform Candidate for Canal Commissioner
JAMES M. POWER.

CONGRESS,
Henry Nes.
ASSEMBLY,
James Cooper.
COMMISSIONER,
Andrew Heintzleman.
AUDITOR,
John C. Ellis.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
John Houck.

LOCOFOCO FREE TRADE TICKET.
Canal Commissioner—*Wm. B. Foster.*
Congress—*Col. John Rankin.*
Assembly—*Isaac E. Wierman.*
Commissioner—*Jonathan Raymond.*
Director—*Abraham Spangler.*
Auditor—*Jos. Bittinger, (of Berwick)*

Apprentice Wanted.

An active, intelligent, industrious lad, desirous of learning the Printing Business, can obtain a situation in this office, by making early application.

Wood! Wood!

☞A few cords of good oak and hickory Wood will be taken at this office in payment of subscription to the Star.

Are you Assessed?

If not, attend to it at once. Let every Whig voter in the county see that his name is on the Assessor's list at least TEN DAYS PREVIOUS to the second Tuesday of October.

Mediation.

By the proceedings in the English Parliament received per the steamer Cambria, we learn that the British Government has offered to mediate between Mexico and the U. States. The statement was made by Lord Palmerston in reply to an inquiry of Lord Bentick, as to the intentions of her Majesty's Government in the matter.

REJECTED.—Advices from Washington state that at a meeting of the Cabinet on Wednesday the proposition of England, offering to mediate, was declined! The proposition of Mexico that we withdraw our land and naval forces previous to entering upon negotiations was also rejected.

World's Convention.

☞The steamer Cambria brings intelligence of the doings of this long talked of body, which assembled in London with the view of forming a "Christian Alliance." Its sessions were attended by a large number of distinguished Divines including about sixty delegates from the U. States.—Among the persons who participated in the discussions of the Convention, we observe the name of our townsman, Rev. Dr. SCHMUCKER. The friends of Dr. S. will be pleased to learn that he returns with improved health, and that he was expected to arrive at New York in the Great Western to-day.

Conferee Meeting.

In to-day's paper will be found the proceedings of the Whig Conferees, who met at Abbotstown on Saturday last. It will be seen that Dr. NES, of York, has been recommended to the support of all who desire a Repeal of the British Tariff, a Repeal of the iniquitous Sub-Treasury, and a return to the good old line of National Policy marked out by the Fathers of the Republic. The action of the Conferees will commend itself to the unanimous approval of our friends, and we pledge the Dr. such a support in this county as shall astound his political opponents. The issue is now fairly made up, and we hope to see it as fairly met:—NES AND PROTECTION TO AMERICAN INDUSTRY—RANKIN AND THE BRITISH TARIFF of 1846! Voters of Adams, can you have any difficulty in choosing between them?

☞It will be seen that Resolutions in favor of Mr. COOPER as the Whig candidate for Governor were unanimously adopted by the Conferees.

Rock Creek Farm.

By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that the "Rock Creek Farm," the Estate of WM. MCCLELLAN, dec., will be offered for sale the last time on Tuesday the 6th of October next, and that it will *positively* be sold on that day. The Farm is a valuable one, and, from its desirable location and excellent improvement, presents unusual attraction to capitalists. Those desirous of making a profitable investment, would do well to attend the sale.

☞Our neighbor of the *Compiler* quotes the N. Y. Courier as originating the remark that the Pennsylvania Germans were "ignorant Dutch asses, without sense enough to judge right from wrong!" On the wrong track entirely. The Courier merely borrowed the imputation from Col. SEVIER, the Locofoco U. S. Senator from Arkansas, made in debate before that body, and afterwards reiterated by the Charleston Mercury, the organ of Southern Free-trade Locofocoism. The saddle may as well be put on the right horse.

☞The notes of the Lewistown Bank are selling at a discount of 10 or 15 per cent. in Philad.

The Abolitionists of Chester county have determined not to nominate a county ticket.

Government Interference.

We invite the serious attention of our readers to the communication of "BERWICK," in another column, in relation to a most dishonorable and censurable agency of one of the minions of power, who, leaving his post at Washington city, canvassed our county for several weeks previous to the meeting of the Locofoco Convention, in order to DEFEAT MR. M'CLEAN, who had rendered himself obnoxious to the British Free-trade Rulers at Washington by his manly and consistent support of the Tariff of 1842, and to secure the nomination of a FREE-TRADE MAN. The facts charged WE KNOW TO BE TRUE. We have the names of the parties, and DARE A DENIAL. We are but little disposed to interfere in the family quarrels of our political opponents; but when the General Government steps aside from its legitimate sphere and throws its pensioned agents into the political field, to control the deliberations of the people in their primary assemblages and crush those who may have too much manliness and honesty to "cringe the knee where thrift may follow fawning," it is high time that the people of all parties arouse themselves to a true sense of the official insolence that characterises their rulers, and shake off the servile despotism that is attempted to be imposed upon them, ere fetters shall have been applied to their thoughts or padlocks to their lips. What say the Democracy of Adams to this interference in their deliberations?

Withdrawn.

It is said that "there is many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip," and so, no doubt, think Mr. DANNER and his friends, by this time. Mr. M'CLEAN once beaten, all was deemed safe, and forthwith the Compiler ran up the Danner flag, calling upon the Democracy of York, at the risk of throwing the district into the hands of the "Federalists," to give in their adhesion. It was no go, however. The Yorkers stood firm, and declared their determination to support RANKIN, come what might. Thus stood matters until last week, when Mr. Danner, seeing nothing but defeat and disaster in the prospect, was compelled to beat a reluctant retreat; and accordingly, in Monday's Compiler, he abandons the field to Col. RANKIN. It is generally understood that the York County Conferrees were willing to nominate Mr. M'CLEAN, but that this proposition was at once declined by the Danner men, who preferred giving their support to a FREE-TRADE candidate in preference to an honest friend of Protection to American Industry.

Maine Election.

Returns of the recent election in Maine have been received from almost all the towns, and give us the gratifying assurance that Locofocoism has been completely routed in its strong-hold. Mr. DANA, the Locofoco candidate for Governor, is beaten by a majority against him of not less than FIVE THOUSAND—the vote standing Bronsin, (Whig) 27,016; Dana (Loco) 30,226; Scattering 8,498. Neither candidate having a majority of the whole vote, there is of course no election by the people. It will be recollected that in 1844 Polk beat Clay in Maine 11,341, and had a majority of 6,606 over all others! Light is beginning to break in upon benighted Maine; another effort will emancipate her from the thraldom of Locofoism.

The political complexion of the Legislature is as yet doubtful in consequence of a number of districts having failed to elect. We have returns of election to the House of 27 Whigs, 19 Locofocos, 1 Abolitionist, and 43 no choice—to the Senate probably 10 Whigs, and 7 or 8 Locofocos. The political character of the Legislature will of course depend much upon the result of the elections on second trial.

HIRAM BELCHER (Whig) is elected to Congress in the 3d district by a large majority; Messrs. HAMMENS and WILLIAMS (Locos) probably succeed by small majorities. In the balance of the districts there is no choice.

Mormon War.

In a succeeding column we give the particulars of two engagements at Nauvoo between the Mormons and their enemies. However much disposed to condemn the absurdities of the Mormon religion, there can be but few right-minded citizens who will not sympathise with them in their difficulties, and admire the manly courage displayed in defending their homes from the lawless aggressions of a lawless mob. A civil war has commenced, and much as we deprecate its continuance even for a single hour, we trust that the citizens of Nauvoo will continue the defence of their firesides so manfully begun, nor lay aside their arms so long as their enemies shall threaten their homes with invasion. There is but one effectual way of dealing successfully with mobs, and were Gov. FORD of Illinois not so utterly incompetent to the discharge of the duties of his station, he would long since have ordered out, if needs be, the entire military force of the State, and suppressed at all hazards the spirit of insubordination ere it had become daring enough to develope itself in overt acts of rebellion against right and law.

☞Our neighbor of the *Compiler*, in his last paper, copies from the York Press an amusing essay in political economy, designed to show that because the price of flour is now lower than it was in 1842, when a partial failure of the crops in Europe created a temporary demand, and a corresponding temporary advance in price—THEREFORE it is all owing to the mischievious influences of the rascally Tariff of 1842! Logical indeed, and well worthy Sir Robert Walker himself. Unfortunately, however, for our neighbor, his paper embodying this profound argument had scarcely made its appearance before intelligence was received of an advance in flour to \$4.75—75 cts over the price quoted by the Compiler (\$4,00)—occasioned by precisely the same influences that operated in 1842. It is by such miserable sophistry and misrepresentation that Locofocoism seeks to hoodwink our Farmers into a support of their visionary and ruinous Free-trade theories.

☞A sage correspondent of the U. States Gazette, writing from Cincinnati, mentions for the information of "the Whigs of the East," that he had "barely heard the name of Gen. SCOTT since he began to ascend the Cove Mountain!" That we should call going it pretty strong.

☞The Valley Furnace in Schuylkill county has stopped. The roof is surmounted with a barrel labelled "Dallas' Night-Cap."

Locofoco Legislation and Taxation—Sale of the Public Works.

Have the people of the State of Pennsylvania a due sense of the magnitude of the issues involved in the political contest which is to be decided on next Tuesday two weeks? American or British interests—Home Industry or Foreign Pauper Labor—the dignity and elevation of Northern Free Industry or its subjection to Southern Slave Labor—a sound currency and a safe disbursement of the National funds, or a vitiated, disorded currency, and an irresponsible, leg-bail, swindling Sub-treasury—National Peace or an unnecessary, extravagant War—a proper remuneration of Labor, or a reduction of Wages—all these and other National questions enter into the trial upon which a verdict is to be rendered by the people of Pennsylvania on the Second Tuesday of October, and upon the character of the verdict thus rendered, will much depend which of these opposing principles are to become identified with the National Policy, and of course with them, what is to be the destiny of our nation. But besides these, there are other questions to be decided, not less pregnant with good or evil, and in the issue of which the people of this State are more immediately interested. A debt of more than FORTY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS is resting upon and pressing down the energies of the State, for the payment of which, in effect, every house and every farm is mortgaged. To prevent this enormous burden from swelling its already hideous proportions, not less than ONE MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS ANNUALLY are wrung from the hard-working, tax-paying citizens of the State; and must continue to be wrung from them unless some means be devised whereby this monstrous debt may be removed from our shoulders. And to effect this, there can be but one policy, a policy whose reasonableness and justness must at once suggest themselves to every thinking voter—a policy to which the Whig party and their candidates stand pledged—we mean a SALE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS. By adopting this policy, \$20,000,000 can be at once realized and applied to extinguishing that amount of the State Debt—the balance will be manageable. "For years," remarks the West Chester Village Record, "the Public Works of Pennsylvania have been the plunder of hordes of political cormorants and other foul birds of prey. They have plundered the revenue, beggared the Treasury, and reduced the credit of the Commonwealth to the lowest point of bankruptcy. Tired of the imposition, the People of all parties in 1844 voted that the public works should be sold at Public auction. The voice of the people was overwhelming. More than 20,000 majority proclaimed that the freemen of Pennsylvania were tired and disgusted at the continued outrages which had been practised upon them."

But the will of the people was set at defiance! No sale was made! And we have these same works now in the hands of the same party, turned against the people, to eat out their substance and pamper the cormorants of party. And to sustain these puppets of power and panderers to official corruption, the life-blood, the bone and sinew of the land—the FARMER, the MECHANIC, and the LABORER—must be crushed and ground down by OPPRESSIVE TAXATION accumulating in amount and frequency with every successive year! And as though the people of the State had not been yet sufficiently oppressed, rather than dispose of the Public Works, the LOCOFOCO LEGISLATURE (says the Lebanon Courier) at its last session, saddled upon us a Tax Law far more unjust, odious and oppressive than any ever enacted heretofore even by Locofocoism of the most radical and destructive stripe, under more plausible and justifiable circumstances. We speak not at random—we have the documents to substantiate our charges.

Below we copy the 1st Section of the Act referred to, which is entitled "An act to provide for the reduction of the public debt," but which would more appropriately read "An Act to provide for the support of Locofoco *leeches and demagogues!*" Here is the extract:

"SECTION 1. *Be it enacted &c.,* That the county commissioners of each and every county in this commonwealth, are hereby authorized and required annually hereafter at the usual period of making county rates and levies, to assess or cause to be assessed, for the use of the Commonwealth, upon all stages, omnibuses, hacks, cabs, AND OTHER VEHICLES, used for transporting passengers for hire, OWNED, USED, OR POSSESSED within this Commonwealth, BY ANY PERSON OR PERSONS, or by any corporate body or bodies, and upon all annuities over two hundred dollars, except those granted by this commonwealth or by the U. States, and upon ALL PROPERTY, REAL OR PERSONAL, (not taxed under existing laws) HELD, OWNED, USED OR INVESTED BY ANY PERSON, company, or corporation, in trust for the use, benefit, or advantage of any other person, company, or corporation excepting always such property as shall be held in trust for other purposes—THREE MILLS UPON EACH AND EVERY DOLLAR OF THE VALUE THEREOF."

Farmers, Mechanics, and Working-Men, you will here perceive that a TAX is now levied upon EVERY SPECIES OF PROPERTY you happen to "own, use or possess"—whether it be your farms, or the product of your farms; whether it be your book accounts, or whether it be "flesh, fowl or fish"—all has been taxed to satisfy the voracious maws of the horde of cormorants who are feeding and fattening upon the patronage of the State Administration.

The public affairs of Pennsylvania have for years been under Locofoco misrule, and what has been the result? In sober seriousness, we would put the question to every individual who receives the visits of the tax-collectors in this county, what are the fruits of Locofoco Legislation? Have not your taxes been almost yearly increased, until they have now become almost intolerable? Let your empty purses answer this question? And now cap the whole, the cattle in your stalls, the poultry in your yards, and the necessaries of life on your tables, are ALL subject to Taxation according to the Locofoco Tax Law, approved on the 22d day of April, 1846?

Is it not high time, Tax-payers of Pennsylvania, that you arouse yourselves from the unmanly apathy in which you have too long indulged, and speak in a voice of thunder to your unworthy and faithless public servants. Let the Ballot-box be your Trumpet through which to ring their doom in October next.

The Board of Canal Commissioners is the Augean Stable that first requires cleansing at the hands of our citizens. None can gainsay that a complete renovation is strongly demanded in that apartment—the system of favoritism, which has too long been practised, must be abolised: and this can only be effected by voting FOR JAMES M. POWER, REFORM, AND THE TARIFF OF 1842, AND AGAINST WM. B. FOSTER, EXTRAVAGANCE, AND FREE TRADE!

☞The last *Compiler* speaks of ECONOMY and REFORM upon the Public Works in connection with the name of WM. B. FOSTER. That would sound somewhat strange along the line of improvements, where familiarity with the CORRUPTION and EXTRAVAGANCE that have characterized the administration of Mr. Foster, has arrayed against his nomination large masses of his political friends.

Who is Right?

"It defects exist—if the interests of our State are not sufficiently protected by its provisions, *democratic* Pennsylvania can ask at the hands of a democratic Congress, when that body shall assemble in December next, that such alteration or modification of it may be made as the wants of a great and powerful commonwealth shall require."

The above we quote from an article in the last *Compiler* intended to convince the faithful that the odious provisions of the British Tariff will be modified by the next Congress, if the dear people will only consent once more to send Locofoco Representatives to Washington. Now listen to what the N. York Globe, the organ of Locofocoism in N. York, says to this proposition, and then remember that the views of the Globe have been endorsed by the Washington Union:

"WE HAVE MADE UP OUR MIND TO STATE PLAINLY TO THOSE WHO WISH TO HOLD OUT INDUCEMENTS TO PORTIONS OF THE PEOPLE OF PENNSYLVANIA, THAT THE NEXT CONGRESS WILL INCREASE THE DUTIES ON COAL AND IRON, THAT NO SUCH THING WILL OCCUR. WE SAY TO PENNSYLVANIA, THAT THE NEXT CHANGE IN THE DUTIES OF IRON WILL BE MADE IN THE DESCENDING INSTEAD OF THE ASCENDING SCALE."

Mark this! people of Pennsylvania. Pass it round, and circulate it among your neighbors.

☞Some time since, Gov. Porter pardoned a criminal named *Wesley Flavell*, who had been convicted of homicide, upon the condition that he would leave the State. Flavell having lately returned, it was attempted to enforce the verdict, but he has been relieved by a decision of the Supreme Court of the State, which declares that a condition attached to a pardon is unconstitutional, and that on violating such conditions the verdict cannot be enforced.

☞The Administration at Washington is becoming quite restive under the fulfilment of Gen. SCOTT's predictions in regard to the war, which every successive intelligence from the Army serves to develope. The official organ is beginning to grumble at Gen. TAYLOR's delays, and *hopes* that old "Rough and Ready," will do something!

☞An immense mass meeting of the Whigs of Philadelphia was held on Wednesday last—JOHN SERGEANT presiding. A series of excellent resolutions were adopted, and the assemblage addressed by Messrs. Randall, Chandler, Morris, and others.

☞JASPER E. BRADY, Esq. of Franklin county, has been nominated as the Whig candidate for Congress in the district composed of Franklin, Perry, and Cumberland. Judge HEPBURN of Carlisle is his opponent.

☞Hon. J. P. KENNEDY is on the Whig Legislative Ticket in the city of Baltimore. A. A. LEVERING is the Whig candidate for Mayor. Col. DAVIES his opponent.

☞*Graham's Magazine* for October, is upon our table embellished with three Engravings, "The Bride," a portrait of "Dr. Reynell Coates," and "Paris Fashions." "The Bride" although 'engraved expressly for Graham,' is a familiar picture; nevertheless it is an elegant engraving. The contents, as usual, are from our best writers.

Mr. MONTGOMERY, of the Lancaster Union, has purchased the "Auburn (N. Y.) Daily Advertiser." Mr. M. is a spirited writer, and a whole-souled Whig, and while in charge of the "Union," made that journal one of the most interesting in the State. The Auburn Locofocos will have to carry themselves "straight" hereafter, or they may expect squalls.

☞We have received the first No. of the Lehigh Reporter, a spirited Whig paper just started at Allentown, by R. GRUTH & Co. It deserves support.

☞A fire occurred in Georgetown, South Carolina, on the 19th inst. which destroyed about thirty buildings.

☞Niblo's celebrated Gardens in New York City, with the buildings connected with it, were entirely destroyed by fire last week.

☞Judge LEWIS, of Lancaster, has decided that an Administrator who keeps a distribution share unemployed for eleven years after decrees of distribution without giving notice to the person entitled to it is liable for interest from the date of the decree.

☞A GREAT FAIR was held at Auburn, New York, last week, attended by from 40,000 to 50,000 persons.

☞STERLING PRICE, member of Congress from Missouri, has resigned his seat.

☞The degree of L. L. D. was conferred on the Hon. JOHN BANKS at the late commencement of Marshall College.

☞\$40,000,000.☜

The State Debt is now upwards FORTY MILLIONS OF DOLLRAS! Re-elect Foster, and you will give the whole control of the Canal Board into Locofoco hands, who will pile MILLIONS more upon the present debt! Let the TAXPAYERS of the county ponder well on this FACT before they vote. Foster squanders the money raised by TAXATION upon political favorites; Gen. Power, the People's candidate, is OPPOSED TO ALL UNNECESSARY TAXATION, and in favor of RETRENCHMENT, and a wise and judicious expenditure of the Public Money. Let the watchword, then, of the hardworking of all classes be: POWER AND ECONOMY, against FOSTER AND TAXATION!

Another Tariff Man Overboard!

The Locofocos of Berks county, like their brethren of Adams, have unfurled the Free Trade banner, and intend battling for the BRITISH TARIFF OF 1846! The Hon. JOHN RITTER, member of Congress from that county, who with Mr. MCCLEAN, and the Pennsylvania delegation, voted to sustain the tariff of 1842, has been thrown overboard, and his place supplied by the nomination of WM. STRONG, a friend of the British Tariff. So we go! A queer "Democracy" this of our day, which proscribes men for advocating principles recognized by the government ever since its organization, endorsed by Washington, Jefferson, Madison, and Jackson, and again and again proclaimed by the Democratic Legislatures of "Democratic Pennsylvania!" But this, we believe, is the age of "*Progressive* Democracy."

The Right Way to Talk.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Locofocos of the Butler Congressional district.

Resolved, That George M. Dallas, by his vote in favor of McKay's Bill, has forfeited all claims to further patronage from the old Commonwealth that gave him "birth," lite and station.

Resolved, That we will not support any man for President, Congress or any other representative office, who is not a Protective Tariff man in deed as well as in word.

What a contrast to the servile, cringing, sycophantic policy of the Free Trade leaders in Adams county!

Mr. Polk and his Party.

The remnant of the fifty-four forties in the West are giving vent to their wrath in such manifestations as this, which the Ohio (La.) Statesman, with some severe strictures of its own, copies from the proceedings of a Locofoco meeting in Ohio.

Resolved, That President Polk, in his truckling to the South, and his crouching to the growlings of the British Lion, has been guilty of an inconsistency too base to be forgiven and a wrong dishonorable to the nation, and has forfeited all claims to our confidence or respect.

Disaffection.

The following communication reached us last week, but too late for insertion in our last No. It is what it purports to be, the communication of a "Hamilton Democrat," and is from the pen of one of the most efficient and intelligent of our political opponents in Hamilton township, who with others of his political friends in various parts of the country, seems to be getting tired of having things managed for him by the Free-trade clique that for some years have been aspiring to dictate to the party. Much less is he disposed to submit to the yoke, when imposed by pensioned agents and Government hirelings sent into the county to interfere with the political preferences of its citizens and secure the defeat of a gentleman whose only crime was that he had dared to follow in the footsteps of Washington, Jefferson, Madison and Jackson, and give his vote and influence in favor of Protection to American Industry. "A Democrat" will have learned ere this, that since his article was penned, Mr. DANNER has been forced to withdraw from the field, and to give in his adhesion to Col. RANKIN, the candidate of the Free-trade leaders in York county. The names have but been changed—the scheme to crush a political rival, hated only because too honest, has been none the less successful, in that the nomination has fallen upon Mr. RANKIN instead of Mr DANNER; the issue is the same—and it remains to be seen how it will be met.

[COMMUNICATED.

Not so fast, Mr. Compiler. "*Our Team*" is not so strong as you suppose.—The Democrats of Hamilton are not so satisfied as you would have it. They are not so ready to suffer the clique composed of a few hungry, half-fed office seekers to *finish business* for them, and cram it down their throats right or wrong. Oh, no! Not so easily duped as you would have it. The friends of JOEL should not not so much mistake themselves as to claim "unanimity in the party," with corruption at the head of the Ticket. If the "worth," "ability" and "popularity" of Mr. DANNER should secure to him thirty votes in the District, he will have done well, extremely well. Mark the prediction! I repeat it: if Joel B. Danner obtains 30 votes in the ballot box of Hamilton township, at the election on the second Tuesday of October next, I say it will go beyond the expectation of two-thirds of the voters of the District. Danner was beaten here at a previous Election by A. B. Kurtz, and should he be a candidate this fall, he shall be politically slain.

A DEMOCRAT.

From Mexico and the Army.

☞Our last advices from the Army represent that Gen. Taylor was advancing his forces by detachments upon the road to Monterey. It was supposed that by the 5th of September the main body of the Army would have left Camargo. The rumors in regard to the position and intention of the Mexican forces in the neighborhood of Monterey, are very contradictory, some affirming that there would be no resistance to Gen. Taylor's advance, while others speak of a determination upon the part of the Mexicans to give battle.

A court of Inquiry was about to be held to inquire into the particulars of the disgraceful Riot among the Georgia troops, in suppressing which Col. Baker and others were so seriously wounded. *Whisky,* as usual, was at the bottom of the difficulty.

The Steamship Arab, the vessel which carried Santa Anna to Vera Cruz, arrived at New Orleans on the 9th inst. The most important news by the Arab, is a statement that Mexico *had declined the overtures of peace made by this country.* Of this, however, there is no certainty. Santa Anna had left Vera Cruz on his way to the city of Mexico. His reception was by no means enthusiastic as was anticipated. It was rumored that the Army stationed at San Luis Potosi had again declared in favor of Paredes! But little is known of Santa Anna's feelings in reference to a continuance of hostilities, except what may be gathered from the significant fact that he was permitted by Com. Connor to pass the blockade. When the Arab, with Santa Anna on board, arrived before Vera Cruz it was boarded by the lieutenant of the St. Mary's, who, after a short interview with Santa Anna, re-appeared on deck and *gave permission to the owners of the Arab to pass the blockade.*

[COMMUNICATED.

To the Voters of Adams County.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—We have arrived at a crisis in the affairs of our Country that demands our most serious attention, a crisis caused by the forcing upon us of measures by the General Government of our Country, in themselves worthy of being branded with the deepest marks of abomination, and, in their application tending to destroy the charitable principle of general safety. Those measures need not here be mentioned in detail—they are now laws of the land, and we of Pennsylvania must bear their oppressions, or enjoy their benevolence. That they are oppressive and will be so with their duration, is a fact beyond dispute. Of these measures none claim our hearty detestation more than the new Tariff Law. A majority of our political magistrates, looking beyond the ultimate destination to which all legislation should tend, the whole good of the whole country, and backed by a chief Executive, whose elevation to the station he fills, was effected by the most exorbitant representation of glaring falsehood—industriously dispensed with the urgings and promptings of their better reason, and sacrificed the worthy laborers of the North at the shrine of the foreign merchandizing capitalist, and the free-trade theorists of the South. The distinctive characteristics of our people are INDUSTRY and FRUGALITY, but the former cannot flourish, nor the latter be used, if venality is to stalk abroad unfrowned at, and deep wounds be inflicted with impunity, by paracidal hands, on that labor and enterprise which are essential to a successful practice of the great principles of political economy. The well known and well established axiom, that protection engenders wealth and prosperity, has been forgotten, or, if not forgotten, disregarded, in order to benefit political mountebanks, and advance the cause of designing demagogues. The Tariff of 1842 was a measure healthful and satisfactory to the country; it was a measure on which wisdom and experience had been brought to operate in its construction; it afforded a revenue sufficient for the economical purposes of government; it gave healthful and profitable employment to a class of citizens forming the majority in this, as in other countries a class by whom the purse-strings of the land are held, (for what would a country be without laborers!). Under its auspices, fostered and nourished by a provident and paternal system of legislation, we were fast reaching the "ultima thule," the extreme end in political ethics. Throughout our beloved Commonwealth could be heard the busy din and hum of prosperous Industry. Our farmers were encouraged to "bury deep the share," in order to reap abundant harvests to supply the growing demand. Our mountains were forced to yield their inexhaustible mineral treasures embowelled in them, while every nerve and pulse of the body politic was in proper tone, and peace and plenty, the harbingers of joy, smiled upon us. But such a state of things did not suit the levelling inclination of the President and his partizan adherents; the law we cherished, the protective influences under which we were flourishing, must be torn from us; *the mighty engine of power and place was used to effect its demolition,* and it fell—and with it, the hopes and prospects of all doomed to "earn their bread by the sweat of their brow." Yes, fellow-citizens, they have beaten down the column which protected our industry; they have torn open the bosom of Poverty; they have wrested from the honest poor the means of affording sustenance to themselves and families; and, with a fiendish malignity that must inflict incalculable harm, they have succeeded in erecting on its ruins the tariff law of 1846, and in bribing a portion of the Pennsylvania Press to advocate that measure of iniquity and fraud—a measure which has already commenced closing the doors of our workshops, and deprived of employment hundreds, nay, thousands of the honest poor of our land. Determined to reduce us of the North to a level with the waning fortunes of the slave-bound South, no pains were spared, no means left untried, to secure the defeat of the one law, and the successful passage of the other; and to prevent its repeal at the coming Congress, THE MINIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT WERE SENT OUT to do the dirty bidding of their masters, and *secure the election of members of Congress* who would bow their head to the vile god of Power, and sustain the anti-Tariff law of '46. Yes, fellow-citizens, it is a matter susceptible of DIRECT PROOF, that a person holding a subordinate office at Washington, did, on the eve of the meeting of the Democratic Convention of Adams, canvass the district, and urge influential Democrats to support for Congress, some person other than Mr. M'CLEAN, who had rendered himself obnoxious to the Administration, by his manly, honest, and fearless ADVOCACY OF THE TARIFF OF '42. Here, then, we have the low, contemptible, pettifogging precedent of the high "powers that be," stooping to paltry, dishonorable, and abominable means to secure the election of an anti-tariff, administration Congressman in this district; and how well they succeeded, the doings of the Convention plainly tell: aye, plainly tell how the honest defender of the interests of his constituents and country, was chiselled out of the nomination, and a free-trade, administration expectant honored therewith. Then, fellow-citizens, look well to this matter. The coming election is one of vital importance. If you desire a repeal of the odious act of 46, cast your suffrages for a man bound in principle, bound by expression, bound by his knowledge of what benefits his Country, and bound by every principle which should actuate an American Representative in the discharge of his duties, to ask for, to seek after, and to tire not until he has seen its erasure from the statute books effected. Such a man we have in Dr. NES; and fellow citizens, we call upon you to support him: we desire you to lay aside the distinctive badges of party fellowship, and make a common cause of his election. Let this be done, and it will be heralded to Washington as the trumpet-tongued indignation of our portion of the Federal constituency, aroused by the DISHONORABLE INTERFERENCE IN THE SELECTION OF OUR CANDIDATE by those, whom very shame should prevent from stooping from the high and necessarily neutral stations they fill, to the grovelling, wire-working duties of agrarian hacks.

BERWICK.

Sept. 23, 1846.

☞The Locofocos of Wayne County have given Gov. SHUNK poor encouragement for 1847.—Resolutions in favor of one term," and of Judge ELDRED for the next Governor were passed at the late Convention.

[COMMUNICATED.

Conferee Meeting.

At a meeting of the Whig Conferees of the 15th Congressional District of Penna. composed of the counties of York and Adams, held at the house of S. Hafer in Abbottstown, on Saturday the 19th of Sept. 1846, H. SPALDING, Esq. of Adams County, was called to the chair, and Mr. JACOB WIRT, of York County, appointed Secretary, after which the following proceedings were had.

The conferees representing the Whigs of the 15th Congressional district of Pennsylvania composed of the counties of York and Adams, having met this day pursuant to appointment for the purpose of conferring together upon the best course to be pursued by the Whigs of the district in reference to the selection of a suitable candidate for Congress to be supported by them at the ensuing election, respectfully submit the following views as the result of their deliberations. We deem it inexpedient at this time to settle upon any one, for the following amongst other reasons to wit:—It is very well known that many persons in the district are opposed to candidates being settled, preferring the custom of having Independent Candidates in the field, and as the Hon. HENRY NES, of York County, the able Representative from this District in the 28th Congress of the U. States, proved himself both in Congress and elsewhere to be the firm friend of PROTECTION TO AMERICAN INDUSTRY and the TARIFF of 1842, as well as to the *Distribution of the Proceeds of the sales of the* PUBLIC LANDS, and all other measures of Public Policy, which in our opinion are calculated to promote the best interests of the country; and he having announced himself a candidate for a seat in the next Congress, and we having undiminished confidence in his principles, recommend him not only to the support of the Whigs of the district but also to all others who with us prefer having the interests and industry of our own citizens fostered by our Government rather than 'those of foreign lands.' And as the locofoco leaders of York and Adams counties by their rejection of the Hon. *Moses McClean* and the selection of Col. JOHN RANKIN in his stead as their candidate for Congress, give the strongest indication that the latter has been selected, in preference to the former, on account of his greater attachment to the principles of the BRITISH TARIFF of 1846 against which are to be found recorded the votes of all the members of Congress from Pennsylvania with one exception—such being the case, what Pennsylvanian can hesitate for a moment in casting his vote on the second Tuesday of October next for Dr. NES, the tried friend of protection, in preference to giving it to *John Rankin,* the FREE TRADE CANDIDATE! We think there cannot be a doubt but that a majority of 1600 tongues in the district will proclaim at the ballot boxes, that their servants this day assembled at Abbottstown have judged correctly, and that it would be folly in the extreme to select any other candidate at this time.

At the same time and place the conferees adopted the following Preamble and Resolutions:

Whereas the question of who is to be the Whig candidate for Governor in 1846 is beginning to be agitated; and whereas it is of the utmost importance that a name should be presented, around which the people would be likely to rally with unanimity and enthusiasm. Therefore

Resolved, That we present to the whigs of the Commonwealth the name of JAMES COOPER, of Adams County, as one which will eminently serve to arouse the people, and rally them in support of their true and best interests.

Resolved, That in presenting the name of Mr. Cooper to the Whigs of the State, we do it with a view of promoting the interests of the party and of the country, the ability and integrity of Mr. Cooper furnishing a guarantee that both will be safe in his hands.

Resolved, That in our opinion it is important, that the measures and principles of policy of the Whigs should be brought home to the attention of the people, by a judicious, popular, and public discussion of them by the candidates of the party; and in view of this, taken in connection with James Cooper's thorough acquaintance with those principles and measures, and especially with the Tariff, and his known ability, and power as a popular speaker; we cordially and earnestly recommend him as the Whig Candidate for Governor, and the champion of our cause, confidently believing that his nomination will be the harbinger of VICTORY.

Resolved, That in view of the enormous State debt which is now hanging over the citizens of Penna. we cannot contemplate the re-election of Wm. B. Foster as a Canal Commissioner, with any other feelings than those of dread, having "weighed him in the balance and found him wanting." We therefore earnestly invite all who are friendly to the best interests of the Commonwealth and in favor of the one term principle, as well as the Tariff of 1842 and other measures referred to in those proceedings, to suffer no trifling obstacle to keep them from the polls, but to rally in favor of JAMES M. POWER of Mercer County, the acknowledged popular and efficient candidate of all the true friends of Pennsylvania interests.

Resolved, That the proceedings be signed by the President and Secretary, and published in all the Whig papers of the district.

From Nauvoo.

Battle between the Mormons and Anti-Mormons!

By the St. Louis Republican of the 14th inst. we learn that a battle took place between the Mormons and the anti-Mormons, on the 11th.

It appears that the antics, (who had encamped the day previous within three miles of the city of Nauvoo,) on the morning of the 11th took up their line of march for the city.

On ascertaining the movements of their foes, the Mormons beat to quarters, mustered between three and five hundred men, and went forth to meet their adversaries.

The antagonistic parties met about one mile east of the Temple, when a battle commenced.

The "Saints" and the "Gentiles" fired upon each other for about two hours, but the distance was so great that their leaden missiles were materially deprived of their death-dealing propensities.

Having somewhat appeased their wrath, the belligerents drew off, each party returning to its original position in the morning. The Antics, numbering upwards of 800, returned to camp, with several of their men wounded. The excitement was very great in the vicinity, and it was generally supposed that the battle would be resumed, either that evening or the next morning.

Letters had passed, previous to the fray, beween Maj. Parker, commanding in Nauvoo, and Col. Singleton, the leader of the Anti-Mormons, in which the latter made certain propositions, which he said if the Mormons would accede to, all difficulties would be adjusted. These were:

1st. The Mormons to surrender up their arms. 2d. All their agents, who may remain to dispose of their property, must leave the State in sixty days. 3d. An attorney to be selected to take supervision of all writs, serve and settle the same between the parties, &c.

These proppositions were agreed to by the Mormons, but when submitted by Col. Singleton to the officers of the Anti-Mormons, they rejected them. Col. S. and Col. Chittenden immediately threw up their commands, both declaring that the Mormons had shown a willingness to make peace, highly creditable to them as a people, and they resolved to take no further part against them. Col. Brockman was then elected to the command of the assailing force, and the fight mentioned above was the result.

LATER.

Another Battle at Nauvoo—The Anti-Mormons again forced to Retreat.

The St. Louis papers recieved by the Western mail bring the particulars of another battle between the contending parties at Nauvoo. The Navooites, since the previous action, had erected an entrenchment, and mounted six cannon upon it. The Antics on approaching to the attack, fired two 6 pound balls into the camp and then proposed a parley, but the Nauvooites refused, saying that the time for talking had passed.

The battle then recommenced with artillery, continuing for nearly an hour, and closing with musketry. The attacking party were then driven off at every point, and they finally retreated. The Nauvoo leader, Anderson, and his son, were killed, with two others. The Antics acknowledge but six wounded—one mortally.

Another battle was hourly expected.—Great suffering existed at Nauvoo on account of the scarcity of provisions. Ammunition was also scarce.

The Mormon force is estimated at from five to six hundred, but our informant states that they have very little ammunition, and are almost entirely destitute of provisions. He thinks that their destitution of provisions and ammunition must yet render them an easy conquest, although many of them, men and women, swear they will die on the soil before they will be driven away. His description of scenes of distress and alarm to be witnessed in the city is truly apalling—women and children franticly running through the streets, with their husbands in the field, and they without home or refuge from the storm.

In many cases the balls fired by the Antics are gathered up by the women and carried to the Mormon camp to be used again. Such of the women and children as can, have crossed the river Montrose. Many of the new citizens have also gone over.

Arrival of the Steamer Cambria.

The Steam Ship Cambria arrived at Boston on Friday morning last. The grain crops of England have been gathered, and will be an average. Potatoes are every where a failure.

Conservative Presidents and Vice Presidents of the French Chambers were elected by large majorities, and the Ministry has a working majority of 120.

The British Iron trade has improved, in view of the opening of the markets of the U. States, under the new American Tariff.

The Cambria brought 113 passengers, among them the Hon. Washington Irving, Minister from Spain; D. Maynard, bearer of Despatches; the celebrated Cruikshanks, the Caricaturist, &c.

MARRIED,

On the 1st inst. by the Rev. John Ulrich, Mr. DANIEL ROUZER, to Miss ELIZABETH MEALS—all of this county.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. J. Sechler, Mr. ISAAC BRINKERHOOF to Miss MARGARET MARITZ, both of Adams county.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. JOHN BLANKLY of Gettysburg, to Miss MARGARET JANE REILY of Baltimore county, Md.

DIED,

On the 17th inst. an infant child of Mr. Samuel J. Little, of this borough.

On the 6th inst. Mrs. MARY ELIZABETH RONGERS of Cumberland township, in the 84th year of her age.

On Sunday last, in Berwick township, Adams county, ELIZABETH, daughter of Solomon and Mary R[illegible], aged 6 years, 11 months and 25 days.

Letters of Administration

ON the Estate of LEVI MILLER, deceased, late of Huntington township, Adams county, having been granted to the subscriber—notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said Estate to pay the same without delay, and to those having claims against the same to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement, to the subscriber, residing in Huntington township.

WM. R. SADLER.

Sept. 25, 1846.—6t

A CHEAP FAMILY PHYSICIAN—Dr. G. Benj. Smith's Improved Indian Vegetable Sugar Coated Pills are now considered preferable to any others, as they are both pleasant and efficacious, and as they posses tonic, aromatic, and aperient properties, they remove all oppressive accumulations, strengthen the stomach, induce a healthy appetite, and impart tranquility to the nervous system. They also cure dyspepsia, coughs, colds, bilious complaints, headache, and foul stomach. Office 179 Greenwich street, (Large Brick Block.)

Always ask for the Improved Indian Vegetable Pills, and see that G. Benj. Smith is written with a pen on the bottom of the box.

☞The genuine Pills are for sale in Gettysburg, by *S. H. Buehler* and *S. S. Forney;* in Hunterstown by *Abraham King;* in Petersburg by *Mrs. Fuller;* in Cashtown by *Mrs. Duncan,* and in Hampton by *J. H. Aulebaugh.*

Sept. 25, 1846—4t.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY.]

FLOUR.—The flour market has improved in consequence of the favorable advices per the late steamer. Sales of Howard street flour at \$4 62, holders generally asking \$4 75.

GRAIN.—Sales of good prime red wheat at 95 cts. to \$1 00. White Wheat for Family Flour is worth \$1 15 to \$1 30. Demand good with moderate supply. White Corn sold at 74 and 75 cts. and yellow at 72 a 73 cents. *Oats* are worth 31 a 32 cts. Rye 66.

BEEF CATTLE.—780 head offered at the scales on Tuesday. 593 of which were sold at prices ranging from \$4 50 to \$5 00, per 100 lbs. according to quality

HOGS.—A moderate supply of live Hogs in market with a fair demand. Sales at \$5 00 a \$5 25.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Assignee of PETER FREET, of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, under a deed of voluntary assignment, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Freet to make payment to the subscriber residing in said township, and to those having claims against the same to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JACOB NOEL.

Sept. 25, 1846.—6t

NOTICE TO BRIDGE-BUILDERS.

THE Commissioners of Adams County will receive Sealed Proposals at their office in Gettysburg until *Tuesday the 20th day of October next,* for building

A BRIDGE

across Rock Creek on the road leading from Gettysburg to Harrisburg.

☞Plans and specifications can be seen at the Commissioners' office.

PETER DIEHL,
JAMES CUNNINGHAM, } Comm'rs.
JOSEPH FINK,

Sept. 25, 1846. td

POSTPONED SALE OF THE "ROCK CREEK FARM"

WILL positively be sold and struck off to the highest bidder, at the Court-house in the borough of Gettysburg, *On Tuesday the 6th of October next,* AT ONE O'CLOCK, P. M. THAT

VALUABLE FARM,

situate in Straban township, Adams county, one mile from Gettysburg, on the road leading to Harrisburg, containing

120 ACRES,

or upwards, of Patented Land, in first-rate order. The Improvements are a ONE AND ONE-HALF STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, and a large STONE BARN, with a well of water with a pump in it, in the yard, an excellent spring of water and Stone Spring House convenient to the Dwelling. The Land is of a good quality and in a high state of cultivation, and is considered one of the most productive in this section of country. The fencing is good and nearly all chesnut rails. There is a large quantity of first-rate Meadow and a sufficiency of timber. Rock Creek runs along the West side of the Farm.

Possession will be given on the first of April next, and a title made to the purchaser, clear of all incumbrance.

☞Terms will be moderate and made known on day of Sale.

WM. KING,
Admr. with the Will annexed, of Wm. M'Clellan, dec'd.

Sept. 25, 1846.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the subscriber, Administrator of the Estate of FREDERICK BERLIN, late of Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, will expose to Public Sale, on

Saturday the 17th of October next,

on the premises, in said Township, a

TRACT OF LAND,

late the Estate said deceased, containing

20 ACRES,

more or lesss, of Patented Land, and adjoining lands of Samuel Miller, Joshua L. Hoover, and others. The Improvements are a good Two-STORY STONE HOUSE, a Stone Kitchen, a Log Barn, with threshing Floor and Sheds, &c.—There is a never-failing Spring near the house. About two Acres of the Tract are in good Timber; the balance is cleared, with a sufficiency of good MEADOW. There is also upon the Farm a young ORCHARD, with a variety of choice Fruit.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN SHEFFER, *Adm'r.*

By the Court—WM. S. HAMILTON, Clerk.

Sept. 25, 1846. ts

A CHANCE FOR FARMERS!!

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

In Hamiltonban Township, Adams County, now offered at

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of Orphans' Court of Adams county, the subscribers, Administrators of the Estate of HENRY MUSSER, late of East Lampeter township, Lancaster county, deceased, will offer at public sale

On Saturday the 24th day of October next

at one o'clock, P. M. on the premises, near Fairfield, in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., the following described Real Estate of said deceased, to wit:

NO. 1. A TRACT OF LIMESTONE LAND,

lying on the road leading from Gettysburg to Hagerstown, about nine miles from the former and 23 miles from the latter place, and adjoining lands of Fred'k Sholly, J. Marshall, Z. Herbert, J. M'Ginly, and others, containing

307 ACRES

and 141 Perches. About 109 Acres are in first-rate TIMBER, about 60 Acres in good Meadow, and the balance under cultivation. The improvements on the Farm are valuable and in good condition, including a Two-STORY

STONE HOUSE,

with a two-story STONE KITCHEN attached; a large Wagon Shed, 39 feet by 24, with a Corn Crib on each side; a large Switzer STONE BARN, in good order, with a back Shed; a stone Spring House, &c. There is a Well of excellent Water convenient to the door. There are on the Farm in addition

Two Tenant Houses,

one of them two-story, with a Log Stable belonging to it; the other, one & a-half-story with a large never failing Spring near it. There are also TWO GOOD APPLE ORCHARDS, one of them young, and now bearing fruit. The Tract is well watered, most of the fields having water running through them. The Fencing is in good order, and the Farm, upon the whole, is one of the most desirable in the county.

ALSO—*At the same time and place,* will be exposed to Sale

No. 2. A TRACT OF LAND,

situate in the same township, about three quarters of a mile N. West of Fairfield, and adjoining lands of Henry Herring, John Marshall, John Musselman, J. D. Paxton & Co., and others, containing

323 ACRES

and 28 Perches. About 106 Acres of this Tract is Mountain Land, covered with thrifty Timber—Chestnut, Oak, and other kinds; the balance is cleared, with a fine proportion of good MEADOW. The Improvements are a large Two Story Stone

DWELLING,

with a LOG BUILDING attached; a large Stone Switzer Barn, 100 feet in length, with Back Sheds, two Threshing Floors, Granaries, &c. Also, a good one and one-half story TENANT HOUSE, with Stable, &c. There is a never-failing Spring convenient to the door; also, a good bearing Apple Orchard. The Farm is under good fencing and in excellent condition. As the Property lies in the celebrated "Limestone Tract," and has Limestone on it, it possesses unusual facilities for procuring good Lime. The Tract is well watered by streams running through it.

☞The above Farms are among the most valuable in the county, and being located in a healthy region, present unusual attractions to those desirous of making profitable investments. Persons wishing to view either of the Farms can do so by calling on CHRISTIAN MUSSER, residing on Tract No. 1, or JACOB KRADY, residing on Tract No. 2.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on the day of Sale, by

HENRY MUSSER, } *Adm'rs.*
JOHN HERSHEY,

By the Court—WM. S. HAMILTON, *Clerk.*

Sept. 25, 1846. 4t

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber, Agent for the Heirs of JOSEPH RIDER, dec'd, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, will expose to Public Sale, on

Wednesday, the 14th day of October,

on the premises, in said township, the

FARM

of said deceased, adjoining lands of Levi Schwartz, Peter Weikert, and others; containing 60 ACRES, more or less.

The improvements are a TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, AND ONE-STORY BACK BUILDING, a Log Barn and Stable, with other out-houses. There is a well of good water convenient to the door, and also an excellent spring. A fair proportion of the Land is in good Timber, and the balance cleared, with about 8 Acres of MEADOW.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN RIDER,
Agent for the Heirs.

Sept. 25, 1846. 3t

American Curry Combs.—

A The Subscriber, Agent for the Manufacturers, is prepared to supply country merchants with any quantity of AMERICAN CURRY-COMBS at less prices, and superior to the imported article. Country merchants are invited to call and examine these Combs at No. 46 South Calvert, corner of Lombard street, Baltimore.

JOHN P. E. STANLEY.

Sept. 25, 1846. 1m

FARMERS, LOOK HERE!

VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE
at Public Sale.

BY order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the subscriber, Administrator, with the will annexed, of THOMAS M'KEE, deceased, will expose to Public Sale on

Saturday, the 17th of October next,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, the

VALUABLE FARM

of said deceased, situate in Liberty township, Adams county, Pa. adjoining lands o Henry Welty, the heirs of Abraham Krise, Henry Pecher, and others, containing

400 ACRES

more or less. The improvements on the Farm are valuable and in good order, including a Two STORY

STONE DWELLING,

with a one and one-half story Log Building attached, a double Log Barn, Stone Sheds, Wagon Shed, and Corn House. There is a good Orchard on the premises—also a Spring of first-rate water convenient to the door. Upwards of 200 Acres of this farm are covered with Oak, Poplar, Chestnut, Locust and other first-rate

TIMBER.

The balance is cleared and in a good state of cultivation, with a sufficiency of good meadow—all well watered. Any person desiring to view the above property can do so by calling upon the undersigned, or Mr. Thomas F. M'Kee, residing on the premises.

TERMS.—One half the purchase money paid in hand on the 1st day of April, 1847, and the residue in two equal annual payments, without interest.

JAMES MOORE, *Adm'r.*

Aug. 21, 1846. ts

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

THE Subscriber, Executor of the Estate of ISAAC VAN ORSDEL, deceased, late of Straban township, Adams county, will expose to Public Sale on

Friday the 16th day of October next,

on the premises in Mountpleasant tp., the

VALUABLE FARM

of said deceased, adjoining lands of Abraham Taney, Smith, Wisler, and others, containing

100 ACRES,

more or less, on which are erected a good one and a half-story Weather-boarded

HOUSE,
AND FRAME BARN,

with other outbuildings. There is a never-failing Spring of Water convenient to the house. There is upon the Farm an excellent Orchard of various kinds of Fruit Trees. About 10 Acres of the land are in good Timber, and the balance under cultivation, with a sufficiency of first rate Meadow-land.

—ALSO—
At the same time and place,
will be exposed to sale a Tract of

Timber-Land,

the property of said deceased, situate in Mountjoy township, adjoining lands of Robert Smith, Reever, and others, containing

23 ACRES,

more or less. Any person desirous of viewing the Property can do so by calling on JOHN BERCAW, residing on the Farm.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by the subscriber.

WM. VAN ORSDEL. *Ex'r.*

Sept. 18, 1846. 4t

Oakridge Female Seminary.

A Peculiar feature of this School is that not more than 12 or 14 Young Ladies are admitted as boarding pupils; they are received as members of the family of the Principal, and from the smallness of their number very unusual facilities are afforded for the cultivation of proper sentiments and habits, as well as for mental improvement. The assistant teachers are from the Pittsfield and Mount Holyoke Seminaries, of Mass. The location of the school is elevated, healthful, and half a mile from Gettysburg. The course of studies is as extensive as at any other school and the terms low. Further information can be obtained upon application by letter or otherwise to the Principal (Prof. Haupt) at Gettysburg. The next session will commence Nov. 2d.

Gettysburg Female Seminary.

This School for day scholars will be reopened on the 2d of November at the Academy Building in the Borough of Gettysburg. Miss LAVINIA LORD, of Mass., has assumed the responsibility of conducting its operations.

FOR RENT,

The dwelling part of the Academy Building. Possession given whenever desired.

Sept. 18. 3t

WASHINGTON GUARDS.

YOU will parade at the house of Moses Smith, jr. Cashtown, on *Saturday the 10th of October next,* at 10 o'clock, A. M. precisely, in summer uniform—prepared with ten rounds of Cartridge—arms and accoutrement in complete order.

By Order of the Captain,
A. J. WALTER, O. S

Sept. 25, 1846. tp

N. B. The Court of Appeals will be held on said day.

☞The Rev. E. V. GERHART, of the German Reformed Church, will deliver a Lecture upon Temperance in the Presbyterian Church, on next SABBATH EVENING, (the 27th inst.) at 7 o'clock. It is expected that the other Churches of the place will be closed upon the occasion.

VALUABLE Real Estate

AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE Subscriber, Administrator with the will annexed, of DAVID M'CREARY, deceased, late of Straban township, Adams County, will offer at Pblic Sale on

Friday the 9th of October next,

on the premises, in said township the

VALUABLE FARM

of said deceased, lying on the road leading from Hunterstown to Hanover, about one mile south-east of the former place, and adjoining lands of James Bell, Jacob Taughinbaugh, Daniel Comfort, and others, containing

370 ACRES,

more or less. The improvements are a TWO-STORY LOG HOUSE, weather-boarded, with a log Kitchen attached; a double Log Barn, &c. There is a never-failing Spring of Water convenient to the house, and running water through the barnyard; also an

Apple Orchard,

of the choicest kind of Fruit. The Tract is well timbered, and has a sufficiency of good Meadow Land. The road leading from Hunterstown to Hanover runs nearly through the centre of the cleared land. As the property can readily be divided, it will be sold in two parts or altogether, as may suit purchasers.

—ALSO—
at the same time and place,
will be sold a LOT OF CLEARED LAND, connected with the above tract, and adjoining lands of David Comfort and others, containing

11 ACRES,

more or less, on which is a never-failing spring of water.

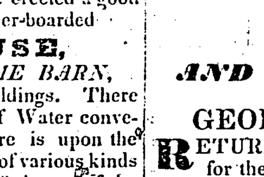
Any person or persons wishing to view the property can do so, by calling on Samuel or Wm. M'Creary, residing on the Farm. Sale to comence at 10 o'clock, A. M. when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN DEARDORFF, *Adm'r.*

☞If the Property is not sold on the above day, it will be RENTED for one year.

Sept. 4, 1846.—ts

AMERICAN INDUSTRY



AND CHEAP WORK!

GEORGE H. SWOPE

RETURNS his thanks to his friends for the liberal patronage hitherto extended him, and respectfully invites all persons desirous of securing first-rate Furniture at reasonable prices, to call at his

Cabinet-making Establishment,

in York street, a few doors east of WATTLES' Hotel, where he will be prepared to make, to order,

DINING, CENTRE, & TOILET
TABLES,
Bedsteads, Sideboards, Sofas
BUREAUS,

Cupboards, Work, Wash and Candle *Stands, &c.,* together with every article in his line of business. He will alsokeep on hand the various articles of Furniture made of the best materials, and in the neatest styles. All orders for Work will be promptly attended to on the most reasonable terms. Give us a call!

☞COFFINS will be furnished at all times upon the shortest notice.

☞Country Produce will be taken in exchange for furniture.

Gettysburg, June 12, 1846.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY
and Machine Shop.

THE subscribers having leased the Foundry in Gettysburg, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general that he has now on hands, and will continue to manufacture, a large assortment of

STOVES,

of all patterns, such as the Hathaway, Parlor, Premium, and nine-plate Cooking Stove, also Chamber Stoves, of all sorts and sizes.

He has also on hand,

Catsings for Machinery,

of all kinds—for Threshing Machines, Grist Mills, Saw Mills, &c. also PLOUGH CASTINGS of all the patterns now in use. He has on hand, already made, a number of the celebrated

SYLER PLOUGHS,

which he will sell low. He has also on hand, and will continue to make, HOLLOW-WARE, Wagon and Carriage-boxes, and all other articles in his line of business, which are too numerous to mention. He has, also,

THRESHING MACHINES,

ready made, and continues to manufacture LITTLE's Patent two-horse Machines, and the Hanover and York patterns.

Any one who may want BRASS CASTINGS, will be attended to.

All the above articles will be sold low, for Cash or Country Produce. Old metal will also be taken in exchange for work.

☞Repairing, and all work in his line, done at the shortest notice.☜

The subscriber is very thankful for past favors, and hopes his friends will remember the Old Establishment, in the Western part of the town, near C. W. Hoffman's Coach shop.

T. WARREN.

Gettysburg, Dec. 19. tf

BLANKS
OF VARIOUS KINDS
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.