THE GREAT LOCO FOCO CONSPIRACY.

TO OUR FELLOW-CITIZENS OF THE UNION.

To Joint Executive Committee of the Whig General Committee of the City of New York.

NEW YORK, October 24, 1840.

For some time past, the great Whig party has been threatened, through the Loco Foco papers in various parts of the country, that some matter was on foot for their destruction, which was denominated by the Administration papers 'Mr. Van Buren's Last Card." The public attention in all parts of the country was called to the subject in advance, by dark insinuations and mysterious threats. All this time the Loco Foco party was maturing its plans and keeping its counsels. It was determined among them that their machine should explode so shortly before the election that its intamous contents might be scattered through the Union without leaving time to the Whig party to make its defence, or even to tell its own story.

While both parties stood in a state of suspense and awaiting the expected shock, all at once on yesterday the 23d day of October, the mine was sprung, by the publication in the Loco Foco papers of the city, of a portion of certain proceedings then being had before the Recorder and District Attorney of this city, sitting in secret session, viz: the affidavit of one Stevenson, based upon hearsay, that certain individuals among the most respectable and valuable of our citizens, had, in the year 1839, entered into arrangements for importing voters into the city of New York, for the then pending election, from the city of Philadelphia.—None of the affidavits disproving the accusation were produced except in one or two instances, but means had been taken to give the utmost circulation to the charges, which were scattered through the country in immediate immediately on the same coming from the press. In anticipation of these publications, letters were sent, and private reports set in circulation, that the Governor of the State was actually in custody in the matter; that Aaron Clark (our late Whig Mayor) had also been arrested, and that Moses H. Grinnell, one of our present Representatives in Congress, had absconded. Simultaneously with the publication of the proceedings in our papers, placards had been posted in Boston, and, it is presumed, in other distant places, stating these reports to be true, on the authority of letters from this city, with the intention of deceiving the public by false and malicious misrepresentations.

The whole, fellow-citizens, is a base and notorious conspiracy—a wretched and barefaced attempt to impose upon the community—a gross and outrageous attempt to CHEAT THE PEOPLE.

Our duty is to meet the matter promptly; and we meet it the first moment we have the opportunity, by the publication of the facts. We now explicitly declare, that not only are all the statements with regard to the arrest of Governor Seward and Mr. Clark, and the absconding of Messrs. Grinnell and Weimore, totally and entirely with out foundation, but that they are pursuing their usual avocations among their fellow-citizens, without molestation. You will also perceive that no evidence has been adduced, bringing home to the Whig party of city, or any of its leaders, any participation in the alleged fraud although the examination has been *ex parte*, and conducted in an unprecedented manner.

In conclusion, we beg leave to state, that the portion of the members of this Committee were connected with the Executive Committee during the Election of November, 1838, we do most explicitly and solemnly declare, that, so as to the best knowledge of this Committee extends, no such transactions as are alleged ever occurred; and we pronounce the whole scheme intended to injure the character of individuals, and to destroy the prospects of the Whig party throughout the country, as a base and unfounded electioneering falsehood.

G. W. BRUEN, Chairman
of the Joint Executive Committee.
SAMUEL G. RAYMOND, Chairman Whig General Committee ex-officio.
EDWD MINTURN, Chairman Whig Young Men's General Committee ex-officio.

Aaron Clark,	Noah Cook,
Thomas F. Poore,	Edward Prime,
John Lloyd,	M. O. Roberts,
Samuel Sparks,	Robert C. Wetmore,
Alexander Lawrence,	Alex. W. Bradford,
Adoniram Chandler,	Morgan Morgan, Jr.
Joseph Hoxie,	Benjamin Drake,
Robert Taylor,	John W. Thorne,
Francis V. Mosy,	J. J. Van Nostrand,
Joseph Weed,	Wm. A. Lawrence,
Henry B. Balster,	William W. Thomas,
Garret H. Striker,	John O. Sargent,
Thomas Valentine,	Henry W. Havens,
William M. Maile,	Richard H. Atwell,

Members of the Joint Exec. Committee.

From the Pennsylvania Inquirer—Extra.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 25, 1840—5 P. M.

STARTLING DEVELOPMENTS.

THE LOCO FOCO NATURALIZATION FRAUD EXPOSED.

AN UNPLEASANT DISCUSSION.—The matter in relation to the Naturalization frauds, which has agitated the public for some days, has at length been brought to a close. The frauds have never been denied, but on the contrary, have been admitted time and again. It will be seen by the decision which we give below, that the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions have ordered these false declarations, and the names of the individuals who obtained Certificates on such declarations, to be stricken, from the records. Thus, in this matter, strict justice has been done, although the effect of the fraudulent votes given at the last election remains to be nullified. It will also be seen by our fellow-citizens in Philadelphia and elsewhere, that the frauds which the Whig papers alleged took place prior to the last election, and through which a large body of Loco Foco votes were illegally polled, have been fully substantiated by our Courts of Justice. There is no man to take in this matter. Unlike the pretended frauds of New York, this case is clear and beyond dispute. We give the decision of the Judges, and need only add that this decision applied to every individual of the long list, who obtained false papers on illegal and forged Certificates of Declaration.

QUARTER SESSIONS—PHILADELPHIA Co.

In the matter of the alleged declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States, purporting to be made by Peter Hegins, on the 5th day of July, A. D. 1838, according to law; and to be recorded on the record book kept by the Clerk of this Court, for the registering of declarations of the intention of aliens to become citizens of the United States:

It appearing to the Court, from the inspection of the record, and from testimony examined in open Court, that the alleged declaration of the intention of the said Peter Hegins has been fraudulently and irregularly interpolated on the said record:—and it appearing to the Court, that notice to the said Peter Hegins, among others, of a motion made by William B. Reed, Esq., to cancel the said pretended record, returnable on Saturday, the 24th day of October, has been duly published in three daily newspapers of the city of Philadelphia, on the 22d, 23d and 24th of October, and that the said Hegins has made default in his appearance, in pursuance of said notice:—It is ordered by the Court, that the said pretended declaration of intention, purporting to have been made by the said Peter Hegins, on the 5th day of July, 1838, be annulled and made void and of none effect: Provided, nevertheless, that if the said Peter Hegins, or any other person legally interested in the said alleged declaration of intention, shall at any time hereafter make it appear to this Court, that the said Peter Hegins has never received actual notice of this motion, the Court will entertain a motion to vacate this order, and will vacate it accordingly, on being shown that the said declaration was made bona fide and according to law, at the time and in the manner it purports to have been made: And the Court further order, that, in lieu of actual cancellation of the alleged record, that this order be either endorsed on the same, or appended thereto, making a part of the same.

Certified from the record, this 28th day of October, A. D. 1840.

JAMES ENEU, Jr. Clerk.

From the Augusta (Geo.) Chronicle, October 19.

SEVERE STRICTURE.—We copy from the last Macon Messenger the following just rebuke to Mr. Forsyth, who has been for some time loading the mails with franked packages of Extra Globes and other loco foco documents addressed to the clerks of courts and the Justices of Inferior courts in various counties.

GEORGIA: LEE COUNTY.

Inferior Court, Adjourned Term, 1840.

It appearing in the Court that one JOHN FORSYTH has sent on to this Court, for the purpose of making them paunderers to party baseness, certain packages of vile and slanderous papers, to wit: one package of '*Extra Globes*,' one package of 'Addresses to the Slave holding States, by the Democratic Members of Congress,' and one package of 'Addresses to the people of Georgia,' and that said papers are false and infamous in their nature, and tend to subvert truth, to defraud the people, to deceive the ignorant, and to make the honest voters as corrupt as the administration from which they emanated; and this Court being unwilling to pander to the views of a corrupt administration, or be made a tool of a party, as is the aforesaid JOHN FORSYTH: It is therefore ordered that the Sheriff of this county do take the aforesaid papers, and between the hours of ten and three this day, in a fire to be made for that purpose, on the public square, or some other public and eminent place, that he burn and consume the same, utterly and entirely; and that copies of this Order be sent to Amos Kendall, Ex Post Master General, and the aforesaid John Forsyth, and the same to be published in the Columbus Enquirer and Georgia Messenger.

A true extract from the minutes, October 8, 1840.

ASHLEY PHILIPS, Clk.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION IN KENTUCKY.—An election took place in the Harrodsburg District on Monday 19th inst. to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the late S. H. Anderson. Mr. Thompson was the Whig candidate, and a Mr. Daniel was run by the Locofocos. The Louisville Journal says:—We have a letter from Harrodsburg dated on Tuesday, which says:—"Thompson's majority on the first day, is far as heard from, is 474. The whole District is heard from except Sims, a precinct in this county, which will not change the result. Thompson's majority will be increased to 800 I have no doubt."

DISTRESSING SHIPWRECK AND LOSS OF LIFE.—The Norfolk Beacon says:—The schr. Sailor's Venture, Captain Brown, which left New York on Friday afternoon last, for the week of the brig Alvira, 13 miles south of Cape Henry, was capsized in a heavy squall, from N. W. on the following morning at 3 A. M. South of Cape Henry and about 6 miles from the land. The crew remained on the wreck until 9 A. M. when the mainmast was carried from its step, which forced the deck up and the vessel went to pieces; two of the crew were drowned when the schr capsized. Captain Brown and one the crew succeeded in getting hold of a few planks from the quarter deck, on which they held until nearly sundown, said on approaching the shore, the mainmast was drowned." Capt. Brown, the only survivor, reached Norfolk on Monday, from whom we received the foregoing account.

REXUMPTION.—Bicknell's Reporter, of Philadelphia announces with confidence that all the Banks of Philadelphia, the U. S Bank among the number, will *resume specie payments* on the 15th of January next The Banks in the country will generally, we presume, follow the example.

DEATH OF A UNITED STATES SENATOR.—The Philadelphia United States Gazette —"We understand that the Hon. John S. Spence, United States Senator from (the Eastern Shore) Maryland, died at his residence in Worcester county, on Thursday morning last. Mr. S was a gentleman of enlarged views, of estimable character, and respected in all the relations of life. His loss will be extensively felt."

MAINE ALL RIGHT!—The question in regard to which party polled the greatest number of votes at the recent election in Maine, has been settled by the Loco Foco Governor and Council. On Tuesday last Gov. Fairfield and his Loco Foco Council, opened and counted the ballots given at the recent election for members of Congress and have *officially* declared the following result:

For the Whigs,	45,347
For the Loco Focos.	45,110
Whig majority,	237

This includes all the scattering votes given by Whigs on both sides—but if *all the scattering votes*, even those given to Whigs, were counted for the Loco Focos, the Whigs would still have a majority! This settles the question in regard to Maine.

CONSUMPTION.—Dr. Latour, of Paris, has published the following rules for preventing consumption in those persons who are predisposed to it:

"A consumptive patient should inhabit a dry, airy locality, well exposed to the influence of the solar rays. Residence in any large city predisposes to consumption. A temperate climate should be chosen, where the variations of the temperature are neither sudden nor frequent. Travelling, and particularly sea voyages, is attended with decided advantage in the early stage of consumption. The patient should be warmly clothed, and covered with flannel from head to foot. He should take habitually some moderate exercise, as walking, riding, &c.; exposure to the open air and sun's rays are highly advantageous. He should exercise the mind in a moderate degree, but avoid all strong moral emotions. He must renounce any profession which requires strong muscular exertion, a best position of the body, a residence in a damp moist place, &c. and, finally, the food should be rich and nourishing."

"BRING YOUR SEWING AND SPEND THE DAY."—Our good wives will be calling up on one another to take tea across the Atlantic in a year or two. The N. Y. Times comments in this wise upon the late expeditious navigation:—Who, half a century since, would have ventured to predict that in the year 1840 a passage would be made from Halifax to Liverpool in nine days and a half? Yet so it is, and it was performed by the steam ship Britannia, Capt. Wood off. Her passage out here was made in 12 days—here passage home in nine and a half. She left Boston on the 1st, and Halifax on the 4th ult., taking out 66 passengers. At about noon on Friday, the ship was telegraphed as being off Holyhead—at 8 o'clock in the evening she entered the Victoria, up which she steamed in gal lant style, and thus completed the most extraordinary voyage on record.—*N. O. Pic.*

A CAUTION TO STAGE PROPRIETORS AND DRIVERS.—The Frankfort (Ky.) Commonwealth states that in the fall of 1839, the mail stage line, owned by Messrs. E. P. Johnson & Co. and the opposition line owned by Messrs. McNair & Weaver, came in collect on the same road near Shelbyville, by which the mail line was upset and several passengers had their limbs fractured. Amongst the persons injured was Mr. Isaac Laughlin, the driver of the mail line who had the misfortune to have one foot and ankle crushed to pieces, by which he has been made a cripple for life. He sued McNair & Weaver for damages, laying the injuction, for the injury, alleging the wanton conduct of their driver as the cause. The case was tried some time since in the Shelby Circuit Court, and a verdict was given in favor of Laughlin for $1,900. A new trial was granted upon application of the defendants; the case was removed to the Franklin Circuit Court and there tried last week, when a verdict of $2,000 was given.

There is a place, we believe in New Hampshire, where they never have any old maids. When a girl reaches twenty-nine, and is still on the ladder of expectation, the young fellows club together and draw lots for her. Those who are so lucky as to escape, pay a bonus to the miserable fellow who gets her. There's gallantry for you.

A VETERAN INDEED.—The Liverpool Mail states that the King of the French has just conferred the order of the Legion of Honour upon Captain Plucket, of Dunkirk. It appears, from the report of the services of this officer, who is now 81 years of age, that during the late war, when he commanded a privateer, he destroyed 48 vessels of the enemy, took 54 guns, made 500 prisoners, and received four wounds.

TYPE SETTING AND DISTRIBUTING MACHINE.—An account of this wonderful invention was given in our general summary two weeks since, under the head of 'Wonderful machine' It it be true, that by it a sheet of type can be composed by even a slow and unpractised compositor in an hour and a half, the art of printing will by this be wonderfully facilitated. By the Daguerreotype, an extensive landscape or the features of a man's face can be represented on a metallic plate in less than two minutes, with an exactness never attained by the drawing pencil or the engraver's tool; and by a new invention any number of copies can be taken with equal facility. By voltaic action copperplates can be multiplied, or taken from wood cuts without the blurring of a line, at the cost of a few shillings. And now type can be set, distributed, and re-act by the same machine, in a brief space of time and without the human hand being brought into contact with them. Truly, this may be called the age of invention. Cannot some of these new contrivances be so combined as to take a man's thoughts from his eyes, and transfer them to the printed page without the intermediate process of writing? Or, what would be a still greater relief, cannot the trouble thinking be superseded? We are sure that an invention which should effect this, would be highly agreeable to some readers, who are not fond of long articles.

But looking more seriously on these inventions, and those of which we have elsewhere given account, that facilitate communication over land and water, do we not appear to have reached the time when men begin to "run to and fro and knowledge to be increased. Are Christians sufficiently eager that *religious knowledge* should be equally increased with the unexampled rapidity of scientific improvement.—*Bapt. Advocate.*

From the New Haven Register.

HORRID.—The town of Willingford, was on Tuesday morning thrown into great excitement by the commission of murder and suicide. A young woman by the name of Jane H. Allen, had been keeping house for Mr. Milo Hopkins, of that town, for more than a year past, and was being assisted by Mr. Hopkins in procuring a bill of divorce from her husband, with whom she lived but a short time after marriage. On Monday last, they both came to this city, procured the bill of divorce, and returned to the house of Mr. Hopkins, where it was supposed they would soon be married. The next morning, (Tuesday) Mr. Hopkins rose early, and taking an axe, proceeded to the room in which the young woman and her mother were sleeping and literally cut her to pieces without uttering any violence to the mother. He then retired immediately to his own room and killed himself, by cutting his throat with a razor. No motive can be assigned for this astounding conduct of Mr. H., as it was supposed his attachment for the young lady was very strong. We understand he had exhibited no signs of derangement, and was comfortably situated as regards a fair proportion of the world's goods, and was considered a decent citizen.

The New Haven Herald gives some additional particulars in the following statement.

On returning from court on Monday evening, Hopkins wished her to marry him, but her mother coming on a visit to her and wishing to confer with her, she declined.—The mother and daughter slept together, and Hopkins in another room. In the morning Hopkins called on Mrs Allen to get up, which she did not do, and he called a second time. His call not being attended to he became enfuriated, and having procured an axe he went into the room and struck the woman while in bed with the head of the axe, each blow proved fatal, but with savage ferocity he turned the edge of his axe and literally chopped his victim limb from limb. The desperate man then returned to his own room, and with a knife severed the jugular vein, and in a short time bled to death. The mother escaped unhurt and gave the alarm.

We understand that all the parties engaged in this tragedy are of the lowest order of society and very intemperate. In immediate agent in this awful catastrophe was one, Hopkins having purchased two quarts on Monday, most of which he had consumed.

The Journal of Commerce of the 13th inst. contained a paragraph, copied from the Montreal Herald, respecting the marriage in England, of a gentleman aged 77 years, to a lady who had not yet seen sixteen summers—time expended in the court *ship, four days*. The annexed extract from the Liverpool Chronicle of the 26th September, conveys information of the melancholy consequence resulting from the old man's adventurous disposition.

MARRIAGE AND DEATH.—In our Chronicle of the 4th inst. we announced the marriage, after a courtship of four days, of James Hobbins, Esq. of Chester, aged 77 years, to a lady who had not yet seen sixteen summers—time expended in the court *ship, four days*. The annexed extract from the Liverpool Chronicle of the 26th September, conveys information of the melancholy consequence resulting from the old man's adventurous disposition.

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HORRIBLE CASUALTY FROM SPIRIT GAS.—Mr. Paul Baker, an industrious, mechanic was working on his bench at the tailoring business at his residence. No. 171 Hudson street, New York, on the evening of Thursday last, when, about 11 o'clock, his lamp, containing spirit gas, was upset and the gas immediately caught fire He and his wife, in trying to extinguish the flame were burnt in a horrible manner. Mrs. Baker, after some eight hours of excruciating agony, expired. One of their children was also badly burnt, as were also Mr. Baker's hands, face and legs—but there are hopes he will recover.—*Sun.*

SALEM, AGAIN IN FLAMES.—*Salem, Oct. 23, 10½ P. M.*—At half past eight o'clock a fire broke out in the stable connected with the Salem Hotel, and spread with dreadful fury, consuming the hotel and the out buildings, and the session house of the Presbyterian church. Boallac & Fox sender owned the hotel. The dwelling of Mr. Lambert, Mr. Seymour, Jas. A. Mc Farland, Elizabeth Froudfit—in all 8.—There were in the stables 24 or 25 horses. The property destroyed is immense—the village in ruins—the streets are filled with furniture, and the people are all in confusion. It is believed to be the work of an incendiary. The fire is now nearly extinguished. Nothing further to write this evening.

CHEAP AND QUICK TRAVELLING.—Now a days in crossing the Atlantic, which is the thousand miles broad at one place, and twenty five hundred at another we can eat dinner in New York, on the ocean, and in London or Paris, on three consecutive Sundays, and have a day or two to spare here and there with perfect ease. No less than seven steam ships and forty seven packets, now run between New York and Boston, and England and France. They depart hither and thither every week.—Travelling never was so cheap as now.—In the packet ships a passenger can go in the cabin for one hundred dollars, even to Collins' famous ships, "the prettiest models and fastest sailors in the world." To go in the steam ships, however, he must pay twenty dollars more. Some prefer one—some prefer the other. There is no want of accommodation now. Those who like to scream, have an opportunity to satisfy their propensity in that line—and those who like to blow it, can satisfy this too by going in one of "the prettiest models and fastest sailors in the world."—*N Y. Herald.*

TENDER AVOWAL IN THE WAY OF TRADE.—A young and pretty girl stepped into a store where a spruce young man, who had been enamoured but dared not speak, stood behind the counter selling dry goods In order to remain as long as possible, she cheapened every thing; at last she said, "I believe you think I am cheating you."—"Oh, no," said the young ster, "to me you are always fair." "Well," whispered the the young lady, blushing as she laid an emphasis on the word. "I would not stay so long bargaining if you were not so DEAR."

The Bank of Millington, Maryland, has failed to redeem its notes, and is, we understand, considered as completely insolvent.

The Baltimore American of Tuesday last says—

MILLINGTON BANK.—The Kent News of Saturday states that on Tuesday evening last, J. C. H. ELLIS, the President of this chartered institution, was committed to the jail of that town. He is charged "with having been concerned with WEED, ADAMS, and others in the management of the Commercial Bank of Georgetown, and for conspiring with said Weed, Adams and others, to cheat and defraud the public by issuing and putting divers notes of said Bank, and receiving for value, with the intention, when they, the said J. C. H. Ellis, Weed, Adams, and others, well knew the said notes to be of no value."

Such are the language of the writ, and we now hope to see the matter thoroughly sifted and prosecuted and the guilty offenders punished with the severest rigor.

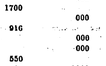
DIED.

On the 28th ult. Miss *Susanna Adaline Dickson*, in the 19th year of her age.

On the 8th ult. in Butler county, Ohio, *Mary Jane Hossler*, infant daughter, of Jacob and Mary Hossler, formerly of this County, aged 6 month and 2 days.

A WOOLLEN FACTORY FOR RENT.

THE subscriber offers for rent the *MIDDLE CREEK FACTORY*, together with about ONE HUNDRED ACRES of land, in a good state of cultivation.—The Factory is well supplied with machinery, and is the only establishment of the kind in any other in this section of country. It is situated on the road leading from Emmitsburg to Gettysburg. The water power is never failing; the Factory large and in complete order, and has a good run of work. There is also a large



TWO STORY STONE *Dwelling House*, and good barn on the farm. The above Factory will be rented either with or without the farm. Persons wishing to view the property will please call on the proprietor, living near the Factory.

SAMUEL S M'NAIR.

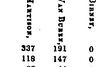
N. B. A lease on the above property will be given for one, five or ten years.

S. S. M'N.

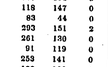
November 3, 1840. tf-32

NEW GROCERY.

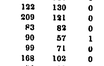
THE subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of Gettysburg and the Public generally, that he has added to his former Flour and Iron business a complete and general assortment of Grocery, such as



Coffee; Sugars, Loaf, Lump and Brown, Cheese, Candles, and Soap.—Also—



Tea, *Imperial*, Allspice, Cloves, Cinnamon, Nutmeg, and almost every article in the line of groceries, needed by families for private business. He has also, a general assortment of



LIQUORS: 4th Proof Cognac Brandy, French do. do. Madeira, Port, Lisbon and Malaga Wines, Holland Gin, N. E. Rum, Whiskey, &c.

—ALSO—

FISH—Shad, Herring and Mackrel. Spermaceti and Fish OIL, and Tar.

A general assortment of *Dye Stuffs*; an assortment of *Cedar Ware*, such as Tubs, Buckets, Half bushel and peck measures, &c.; Clothes, Sweeping, Shoe and Scrubbing Brushes, and Corn brooms. He has also on hand an assortment of Nails, Shovels, Spades and Forks.

Being determined to give his undivided attention to business, the public may rest assured that his assortment shall always be complete in the *Flour, Grocery* and *Iron* business. He would now return thanks to the public for past favors, and invite all to call and see him, as he intends to sell every article in his line, on the most favorable cash terms. Country produce will be taken in exchange for any article of goods.

DAVID ZIEGLER.

November 3, 1840. 3t-32

C. H. VAN PATTEN, M. D.

(SURGEON DENTIST.)

MAY again be found at his old stand, at his former office, (on Carlisle street) in the rear part of McClellan's Hotel,) where he will be pleased to serve any desirous of his professional services. Former patients are particularly solicited to call and give him an opportunity of making such repairs as may be necessary, free of charge, in order to put their teeth in good order. Terms to correspond with the times, and work warranted.

September 29, 1840. 1f-27

ADAMS,

THE "YOUNG GUARD," HAS SPOKEN.

The following is the official return of the election held in Adams county, Pennsylvania, on the 20th day of October, 1840.

	Harrison.	Van Buren.
1. Gettysburg,	337	191
2. Littlestown,	118	146
3. Oxford,	83	44
4. York Springs,	293	151
5. Millerstown,	261	130
6. Berlin,	91	119
7. Menallen,	253	141
8. Hunterstown,	122	130
9. Franklin,	209	181
10. Conowago,	83	82
11. Germany,	99	57
12. Mountjoy,	99	71
13. Mount Pleasant,	168	102
14. Hampton,	94	88
15. Abbottstown,	95	38
16. Freedom,	57	16
	2453	1628
	1628	—
Harrison's majority,	825	

☞In 1836 Harrison's majority in this county was 334. Now it is 825—being a Democratic gain of nearly **500!** Nobly indeed has the 'Young Guard' performed her duty! We lead Old Franklin about 100 votes! Will our friends there be good enough to "fork up" the hard cider which they promised us? We deserve it.

UNFORTUNATE OCCURRENCE.—On Friday evening last a man, named *Jacob Rudenstein*, was killed by another, of unsound mind, named *Isaac Musselman*—both of Hamiltonban township.—The deceased was struck on the back of the neck with the edge of an axe, and lived but a short time after receiving the wound.—*Compiler.*

GOVERNOR PORTER'S PROPHETIC VISION.—This important dignitary in his political ministrations through this State and Ohio during the last summer prophesied that Ohio would give Van Buren a majority of 10,000, and Pennsylvania 15,000! The result only differed the trifling number of 30,000 in the first State from the Governors *prediction* and only about 15,000 in the latter. This is coming amazingly near the truth for one of Van Buren's executives.—*Suppose you try it again, Governor!*

From the Harrisburg Chronicle Extra.

FRIDAY NIGHT 12 o'clock.

HORRIBLE OUTRAGE AT THE POLLS.—*An Editor nearly Murdered by Government Bullies while Exercising the Right of Suffrage.*

We learn from a passenger who came in the cars from Lancaster last evening, that Cameron's infamous blood-hounds, attacked R. W. Middleton, Esq. the independent editor of the Lancaster Examiner, while at the Polls, knocked him down, jumped upon him and cut his face in the most horrible manner, the flesh was cut nearly off both sides of his face, and left his cheek and jaw bones nearly bare!

Three physicians were in attendance, and fears were entertained for his safety.

STOPPING THE MAILS.—Thursday morning the mails from Philadelphia westward, were stopped at the Collector's office, at the corner of Broad and Callowhill streets, under the following circumstances. Mr. Silas Moore, who has the contract from the U. States for carrying the mail on this route, contracted with Mr. Benjamin Williams to carry it on the State works for one hundred and fifty dollars per mile, which has been done until yesterday morning, when it was stopped as before mentioned. The Canal Commissioners for some reason, have directed the State Collector, Mr. A. B. Cummings, to demand the payment for the transportation of the mails, which the contract Mr. Moore not finding convenient, or not being willing to be subjected to, refused and payment was not made until the sum amounted to over seven thousand dollars. On the 22 day of August, Mr. Jacob Duck, general agent for the western lines, commenced making weekly payments of the tolls in specie, for the Mails, which he continued to do until yesterday morning. About the ninth day of August, Mr. Duck received a line from the State Collector that unless the whole arrears of tolls or money should be in the twenty-eighth day of October, the mails on the day would be stopped. Mr. Duck communicated this to Mr. Moore, who had previously informed the Postmaster Gen. of the common currency of the country, which was refused by the collector. Yesterday morning the mails were put into the car as usual, and sent to the collectors office, where the car was stopped and not permitted to proceed until the mails were taken out, which was done by Mr. Duck, and sent back to the Post Office, where they remained until 12 o'clock last night. Mr. Moore having anticipated this, had provided a line of coaches and horses for carrying the mail over the State roads, which will be continued until some further arrangement is made.—*North American.*

THE BLACK LIST.—The following is the catalogue of the members of Congress who voted for the Sub-Treasury and trampled upon the BROAD SEAL OF NEW Jersey, and who have spurned the REQUEST OF THE PEOPLE:

THOMAS DAVEE, of Maine.
JOSHUA A. LOWELL, "
ALBERT SMITH, "
VIRGIL D. PARRIS, "
ISAAC FLETCHER, of Vermont.
JOHN SMITH, "
ALEXANDER DUNCAN, of Ohio.
ISAAC PARRISH, "
HENRY SWEARINGEN, "
JOHN HASTING, "
JOHN CHAS. TAYLOR, "
GEORGE McCULLOCH, of Pennsylvania.
JOHN DAVIS, "
ISAAC LEET, "
WALTER T. COLQUITT, of Georgia.
MARK A. COOPER, "

STEAMBOAT LOST.—On her passage from Brazos to the port of San Luis, in Texas the Steaboat Rodney foundered and sunk in two fathom water. The cargo consisted of two hundred and fourteen bales of cotton and general assortment of Dry Goods, such the boat is ascribed to her unseaworthy condition. The captain is exonerated from all censure or blame whatever for the accident. All the cotton was saved.

THE NORTH EASTERN BOUNDARY.—A Correspondent of the Boston Mercantile Journal, writing from Bangor on Wednesday last, says:

"Two of the young men who accompanied the Boundary Commissioners, have arrived in this city. I think, will send a voice up the river, and across to your city, that you will like to hear. You may set down Mississippi for Harrison without any more to do about the way of Washington; and until we get it, we must put up with such information as may casually fall from those connected with the expedition.

I am informed that there is not a doubt upon the minds of the Commissioners, that the line claimed by the Americans is the true line; and that no person who makes the examination with the intention of ascertaining the truth, can arrive at any other conclusion. This, I have no doubt, is correct and all we want to bring this imitating government to a close; it energetic 'and determined action on the part of the government.

LOOK OUT FOR FIRES AT WASHINGTON.—A friend writing us from *Cincinnati*, closes his letter as follows:

"All doubts of the election of Gen. HARRISON and the triumph of Whig principles have vanished in this State. May we not look for a great *fire or fires* at Washington soon?—The *Treasury* and *Post Office* have been most conveniently burnt once under this Dynasty—is it not reasonable to anticipate similar scenes "about these days?"

If we were compelled to make a bet on the subject, we would wager odds that both will be partially burnt down before the 4th March.—*Cour. & Enq.*

THE RIGHT STOP.—The Connecticut Western Reserve in Ohio, has given Thomas CORWIN within a fraction of TEN THOUSAND majority for Governor.

In the eleven counties comprising it, not *a single Loco Foco was elected to any office on the 13th of Oct.* 1840.

WHIGS OF THE UNION DO YOU HEAR THAT!

AND

REPUBLICAN BANNER.

GETTYSBURG, November 3, 1840.

Below we give the returns as far as they have been received of the election held in this State for President and Vice President. Of the counties to hear from, the majority of them are small—their majorities being mostly against us—taking them at the majorities given on the 13th, as reported by the Van Buren calculations, which are most favorable to themselves, we still defeat them.—Harrison's majority is now 7,541, and 20 counties to hear from, which in 1836 gave Van Buren 2,474 majority. All is yet right.

Counties.	Maj.	V. Buren maj.
Adams,	825	000
Armstrong,		
Allegheny,	3032	
Beaver,	1425	
Bedford,	598	
Berks,		3859
Bradford,		000
Bucks,	337	
Butler,	300	
Cambria,		000
Centre,		811
Chester,	785	
Clearfield,		000
Clarion,		000
Clinton,		000
Columbia,		1478
Crawford,		000
Cumberland,	116	
Dauphin,	947	
Delaware,	71	
Erie,	1500	
Fayette,		267
Franklin,	730	
Greene,		603
Huntingdon,	1550	
Indiana,	000	
Jefferson,		00
Juniata,		60
Lancaster,	4200	
Lebanon,	976	
Lehigh,		57
Luzerne,		000
Lycoming,		926
Mercer,	900	
Monroe,		000
Montgomery,		768
Mifflin,		43
Northumberland,		800
Northampton,		999
Perry,		901
Philadelphia city,	2882	
" County,		3991
Pike,		000
Potter and M'Kean,		000
Susquehanna,		000
Schuylkill,		306
Somerset,	1700	
Tioga,		000
Union,	916	
Venango,		000
Warren,		000
Washington,	550	
Westmoreland,		1900
Wayne,		000
York,		586
	24977	17436
	17436	
Harrison's maj.	7541	

Van Buren.

Harrison.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be exposed to Public Sale on *Friday the 13th day o' November next*, on the premises,

A FARM,

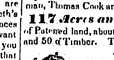
situate in Menallen township, Adams co., adjoining lands of John Carson, Benj Wierman, Thomas Cook and others, containing

117 *Acres and 60 Perches*

of Patented land, about 8 Acres of Meadow, and 50 of Timber. The improvements are

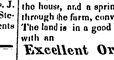
A TWO STORY

BRICK HOUSE,



with a good Kitchen attached to it, a big Barn and Corn crib, a Spring house, with two never failing springs near the house, and a spring of water running through the farm, convenient to every field. The land is in a good state of cultivation, with an

Excellent Orchard



of choice fruit trees: this farm lies within one mile of Mr. Angleman's Mill, on Opposum creek.

Persons desirous of purchasing are requested to visit the property, which will be shown by Mr. Joseph Hartzel residing on the farm, at any time before the sale; from him, or the subscriber, who resides at Marks' Mill, in Franklin township, they can get any information concerning the same. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock M. on said day, when due attendance will be given and terms of sale made known by

FREDERICK STOVER.

November 3, 1840. ts-32

NOTICE TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

SEALED PROPSALS will be received by the Commissioners of Adams county, at the Commissioners' Office, in Gettysburg, until *Wednesday morning the 25th day of November inst.* for the erection of a good and substantial

WOODEN BRIDGE,

across Rock creek, on the road leading from Gettysburg to Tawneytown, near Horner's Mill, of the following dimensions, viz: The length from one abutment to the other, to be 120 feet, to be of 2 spans and of double arch, each 60 feet in length, with a pier in the middle, to be 16 feet wide in the clear; the abutments to be 8 feet thick, 14 feet wide and 10 feet high in the clear from low water mark where the Bridge crosses the stream; the pier to be 8 feet thick at bottom and 6 feet on top, to be 21 feet wide, and to be built with a regular slope up stream, and said slope to be well secured by being covered with good and heavy timber, and bound with iron, in order to protect it from the ice &c.; the wing walls on the east side to be 15 feet long, and on the west side to be 30 feet long exclusive of the abutments; the wing walls to be 24 feet thick at the bottom, and 2 feet on the top; wing walls to be 3 feet higher than the filling up, and to be under a good parapet covering of white pine boards of at least 1 inch in thickness, and well painted with red paint; the abutments, wing walls and pier to be built on rocks, or otherwise on good solid foundations; the Bridge to be 124 feet high from the river to the square; the sides and parts of the ends to be weatherboarded with white pine boards, well planed and painted, the sides a good Venitian red colour; the arches to be planked and painted with white pine planks 2 inches thick, and on the top with 2 inch oak plank, to extend the full breadth of the Bridge; lower planks to be jointed, and the whole to be covered with white pine shingles; the wood work to be built of good and substantial timber; and the stone work of large and good stones, lime, sand and mortar, and to be well pointed; the roofing of the Bridge to extend over both abutments; the space between the wing walls and abutments to be filled up, so as to keep a gradual ascent from the end of the Bridge not to exceed 5 degrees elevation from the road to the Bridge; the Bridge in the inside to be weather boarded 2½ feet high from the floor with boards 1 inch proof.

The above mentioned Bridge will be let to the lowest and BEST bidder, and no bid will be accepted unless accompanied by two good securities, (to double the amount of the contract for the faithful performance of the workmanship and permanency of the Bridge) one of which securities at least, must be a resident of Adams county.

By order of the Commissioners,

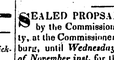
H. J. SCHRINER, *Clerk.*

Commissioner's Office, }
Nov. 2, 1840. } ts-32

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered at Public sale, on *Wednesday the 25th day of November next*, on the premises, a FARM, situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, adjoining lands of John Kuhn, Moses Lockhart, Peter Noel and others, containing **130 *Acres*** of PATENTED LAND, a good proportion Meadow, and 30 Acres of TIMBER The improvements are a

Good Log House,



Double Log Barn, Wagon shed and other necessary out-buildings; two Springs and a never failing well of water near the House. The Far