Earthquake at Martinique

A friend at St. Croix has sent us the St. Vincents Chronicle of the 12th February, from which we extract the following particular account of the late Earthquake at Martinique.—*N. Y. Gazette*

"On the following morning and forenoon, we repeated our visits, and yet more in detail went over the spots so remarkably striking the previous night; but first impressions retained their force. All the public buildings are either totally destroyed, or so rent or thrown down as to be useless. Of 1700 houses which composed the city, only 18 are saved; and singular to say, these are wooden edifices. Whole lines of streets in the meaner suburbs were entombed with the inmates by the falling in of the loftier stone dwellings in their vicinity. But of all the remarkable spectacles in this accumulation of horrors, none can vie with that presented by the arched fragments of the convent—the tattered shreds of the old, and the site of what was the new hospital. This splendid building, but recently completed, and which cost (as an intelligent merchant informed us) $100,000, is entirely razed to the earth. Not a stone remains upon another, and the soil of the open space or yard in front, is white from the dust into which it crumbled with its imprisoned victims. 46 in number, of whom 34 were military.

"An idea may be formed of the impetuosity of the earthquake in the quarter, where I mention that between ten and twelve feet in front of the base hte iron railings which ran along it. Adjoining these masses of shattered planks and strewn fragments, is the cemetery, or burying ground. Hither all the killed, after being gathered together from different points, and deposited in dead carts on the Place d'Armes, and that of des Quartres Noirs, were huddled into two enormous ditches, dug for the occasion which were instantly filled up with quick lime. Some without arms or legs, others wanting an eye or a nose, women whose breasts had been torn off, were plunged in without distinction of age, rank, or colour, and (says a French writer) as these hasty sepulchres could not contain the mass of bodies which clogged them up, the assistants were compelled to squeeze, crowd, and ram them, as one packs herrings into a barrel! Well might he doubt the evidence of his senses!

"We found it difficult to ascertain the exact mortality. It would appear that about nine hundred sufferers were dug out of the ruins, and in five hundred of these life was extinct. The others were carried to the artillery barracks, fitted up as a temporary hospital, and nothing can be better than the arrangements there perfected. Amputation was resorted to in numerous instances, but none survived the operation. Gangrene or tetes to conceal the extent of the calamity, in order to reinspire confidence in the colonists; but it admits a loss of 260 dead, and about an equal number wounded. Having been courteously received by his Excellency, the Governor, Admiral de Moges, and conversed with his aid-de-camp, various respectable individuals, I shall detail such further incidents as may probably gratify the curiosity of our fellow citizens.

DREADFUL STATE OF THE TIMES IN MISSISSIPPI.

The rumors we have had of the extreme pressure and distressing pecuniary embarrassments among the planters of this rich State, are we regret to any, fully confirmed. A number of the Banks have suspended specie payments, and we observe in the *Benton* Banner of March 10th, no less than 15 or 16 columns of the paper exclusively occupied with Sheriff's sales! Such is the alarm created, that meetings have been held there and at Yazoo City, late Manchester, to devise means to avoid the sacrifice of property under those executions. A State more stable and opulent in pecuniary resources, derivable from her great staple (cotton), does not exist in the Union; yet, from some defective arrangement in the banking system, or from the malign experiments of Van Buren, Benton, Kendall & Co. upon the currency of the country, the market value of the circulation has apparently received a blow from which it cannot recover. It is to be hoped that the relief which the hard currency encounters with Mexico, and the augmental importation of specie from thence, together with the renewed confidence and activity in business among the mercantile classes in the North, from the peaceful aspect of our relations with Great Britain, will restore trade to its accustomed proportionous channels, and prevent the recurrence of the calamitous events in the South and West, which at present threaten a convulsion more formidable than that of 1837.

[N. Y. Star.

Atrocities.

The Emperor of Russia appears determined to fill up the measure of his iniquity, with respect to bleeding and potentate Poland. The wrongs and outrages inflicted upon the people of that unhappy nation, are without parallel in modern history. Austria too, we regret to say, appears determined to follow the ruthless example. Recent accounts received by way of Paris, from Lemburg, in Austrian Gallicia, state that the persecutions in Poland, as well as in the exterior of Russia, were continued; sixty-five families of Odessa, Kiow, Volgnia, and Podolie, had been arrested and transported, partly to the North and partly to Siberia. These families are to be confronted with Konawski, the Pole, who has denounced them. Their property has been sequestered, valued at twenty-eight millions. It is said also to have been intimated to them, that even should they not be condemned as accomplices of Konawski, their property would be sold, the proceeds applied to the purchase of land in the Government of Siberia, where they will be required to take up their residence in case of acquittal.

A letter from Vilna states that Simeon Konawski, who at the commencement of his captivity, had evinced a manly firmness, had at length made certain confessions, in order to escape the tortures with which he was menaced, and of which they made him

The Troy (Ohio) Times, in running up the Harrison flag uses the following language:

"In relation to the next Presidency, whatever may be our individual predictions, our stand is now taken, we raise the Harrison standard, to be lowered only at the decision of the National Convention. It is not that we regard Mr. Clay less, but our country more. Time alone can unfold the mysteries of the future, but from indications, the *signs of the times* are in favor of the Hero of TIPPECANOE and the THAMES."

THE POLLS.—The election is going on so prosperously as we could wish it. There can be no mistake about the majority in our hands. We can beat the enemy worse than he has ever yet been beaten, and we will do it. Every sort of trick and every description of knavery are in operation on the part of the locos *locos*; but they are vain efforts, if the Whigs *do not wish to be beaten.—N. Y. Gaz.*

A FRUGAL PRESENT, NO GIFT.—The British government paid a Corp. Dunn $5,000 for the freight to Quebec of twenty four 24 pounders, designed for battery on the lakes during the last war. A contract was then made at $600 the gun for their transfer on the lakes on the ice; the contractor subdivided for $500, clearing by his job of no work $2,400. The whole expense of transporting these guns was $26,000, or $118,104. Within three days after their arrival they were in the possession of the Yankees, who took them without paying the freight charges, or even the original cost, and who were so rude as not to thank the British minister for the trouble and expense he had been at in furnishing twenty four excellent guns for their use.

MISSISSIPPI.—The Vicksburg Whig of the 13th ult. gives quite a gloomy picture of the monetary affairs of Mississippi. It represents the darkest days of 1837 as presenting but a faint picture of what is now exhibited in every town and county of the State. Goods have been sold at *less than half* the original cost—and lands and negroes have gone offunder the Sheriff's hammer, for *one-fifth* of their value.

The steamer Othello, going over the falls of the Ohio at Louisville, was perfectly cut in two, and is a total loss. Insured to $33,000.

A FAIR HIT.—The New York Gazette of Saturday relates the following anecdote in illustration of English notions of the United States:

"A cockney sportsman, who had read with delight Mr. Hoffman's new work on the wild sports of America took passage in a London packet, and arrived here during the last present week, in search of wild game. He brought letters to a highly respectable merchant, with whom we are well acquainted, and desired, after delivering them, to be directed to the best hunting grounds without delay, as he could only remain here a few days. The merchant—a native Yankee—is eastern. He said that he came to New-York principally to shoot bears. Our merchantile friend, satisfying himself that his new acquaintance was perfectly serious, informed him that the spot had been greatly *cut up* here, and recommended him to proceed to Philadelphia. He departs for that city this day; and we call upon our friends there to extend to the distinguished stranger their usual hospitality.

COL. JOHNSON.—A Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Patriot says:

"The Richmond Enquirer and other Locofoco papers there have indicated this plainly enough and have done all they *dare* do to choak off Colonel Johnson;—all they dare do—I repeat. They know well enough what the Colonel has threatened—and so do I. It is time the public should know it Well then:—The Colonel—the Party's chosen, picked man for the Vice Presidency—and the Elected of the party nominee for the United States Senate—openly declared, at the last session, that if the would be Managers undertook to play any pranks with him, if they attempted to thrust him off—of course, if they started my candidate against him, he would go home to Kentucky, take the stump—and come out in opposition to Martin Van Buren! I challenge authoritative denial of this: It is true.

The Milford Bard is a voluntary tenant of the Baltimore prison. His object is to eradicate two inveterate habits to which he has long been addicted.

A MURDERER EXECUTED.—On the 29th ult. William Dunlap, jr. was executed in the prison yard at Williamsport, Pa., for the murder of his wife. The firmness he displayed was extraordinary, no trepidation was visible during the preliminary preparations—adjusting the rope with his own hands. After praying, he addressed the spectators, and acknowledged the justice of his sentence.

AN EXCITING RUMOR.—A gentleman arrived from Boston last evening, says the Enquirer of this morning, with informations that at the time he left, much excitement prevailed in that community, in consequence of a report that a British frigate had fired into an American schooner and killed four men! The cause of the outrage is not stated. Should the story be confirmed, immediate measures will no doubt be taken for the proper explanation of so sanguinary a proceeding.

ANECDOTE OF CHIVALRY.—It is related in Mr. Wharton's History of English poetry, that during the reign of Edward III, a troop of Knights being drawn up, prepared to proceed on some very gallant and perilous enterprise, the Countess of Salisbury, one of the most accomplished and beautiful ladies of that day, came forth, and in order to inspire them with invincible fortitude, kissed them every one, in the open street in the presence of thousands of admiring spectators! The age of chivalry has passed away!

GETTYSBURG STAR

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Tuesday, April 16, 1839.

DEMOCRATIC ANTI MASONIC ON NINATION FOR PRESIDENT.

Gen. Wm. Henry Harrison.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Daniel Webster.

Democratic State Convention.

The friends of HARRISON and WEBSTER in the several counties of Pennsylvania, are requested to appoint Delegates, equal in number to their members in the State Senate and House of Representatives, to meet at the Court House in Harrisburg at 12 o'clock A. M., on

WEDNESDAY, THE 22d OF MAY, 1839.

for the purpose of nominating a Ticket of Electors to be voted for by the people of Pennsylvania, at the Presidential Election in 1840, and pledged, if elected, to support the candidates for President and Vice President of the United States settled by the Democratic Anti-masonic National Convention, which was held in Philadelphia in November 1838

THOMAS H. BURROWES, }
THOMAS ELDER, }
THEOPHILUS FENN, }
AMOS ELLMAKER, }
FRANCIS JAMES, }
WILLIAM W. IRWIN, }
WILLIAM JAYNES, }
HARMAR DENNY, }
SAMUEL H. FISHER, }
WILLIAM SMITH, }
SEB. MIDDLESWARTH, }
WILLIAM M'CLURE, }
GEORGE MOWRY, }
LEVI MERKEL, }
MAXWELL KINKEAD. }

Harrisburg, March 8, 1839.

COUNTY MEETING.

THE Democratic Anti Masons of Adams County are requested to hold a COUNTY MEETING in the Court House in Gettysburg, on *MONDAY EVENING, the 22d inst.* at half past six o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of appointing Delegates to a State Convention to be held, (in pursuance of the call of the State Committee,) at Harrisburg on the 22d of May next, then and there to nominate an Electoral ticket, to be voted for by the people of Pennsylvania at the Presidential Election in 1840, pledged if elected, to support the candidates for President and Vice Presidents of the United States, settled by the Democratic Anti Masonic National Convention which was held in Philadelphia in November 1838.

By order of the County Committee

ROBERT SMITH, Chair'n

More Whig Victories.

☞ From the Philadelphia Inquirer of the 8th inst.—We learn that the election in the city of Portland in Maine, on that day week resulted most triumphantly for the Whigs. The enemy made powerful exertions to carry the election, but met with a signal defeat, the Whigs carrying six of the seven wards, six of the seven Aldermen, and seventeen of the twenty one members of the Common Council. Portland is again a Whig City. From the same paper we learn that in Auburn the Whigs have succeeded in electing the whole of their town officers, by an average majority of 140, the large st vote given for five years. From the Albany Evening Journal, we learn that the County of Livingston in that state, is Whig throughout. The last vestage of Loco Focoism has been extinguished. The broad bright Whig banner floats over every town in the county.

From various other parts of the country the news are equally cheering.

Distressing Occurrence.

☞ We regret to learn that T. B. M'ELWEE, Esq. Chairman of the Committee now holding a Coroner's Inquest, upon the dead body of the Gettysburg Rail Road, was severely bitten in the thumb by a dog; it has became swollen and inflamed to an alarming degree, so that he is confined to bed a great part of the day. What renders the case peculiarly distressing is the apprehension that the dog was mad, as the patient manifests the most painful aversion to water.

Impartiality—Economy—the Gettysburg Rail Road.

☞ Early in the past session of the Legislature a bill was passed abandoning the work on the Gettysburg Extension of the Columbia Rail Road, and ordering the Contractors, and Officers to be paid off and discharged. That important work, in contemplation of that law, is ended and totally abandoned. The work done on it had been measured and estimated by Engineers in the employ ment of the State, whose acts are entitled to full Faith and credit, and could not legally be reversed by any act of the Commonwealth without the consent of the Contractors. It would seem that but little credit and trifling expense were required to wind up the whole business. But this did not suit the views of the demagogues who are now riding the State to ruin. T. B. M'ELWEE who had already made a most evident report against the road, selected a Committee, a majority of whom were equally impartial with himself to cause and view the work *after it was stopped*, to inquire why ther it had been rightly stopped! This same *fair* committee hung with them a principal Engineer who is directed to organize a full corps to survey and make a profile of the whole road; although that has been all done by the State Engineers in the regular discharge of their duty; and the result is all upon record in the proper offices. The Committee with a proper sense of self respect and dignity, instead of appointing one of their own body to keep their minutes, appointed their Hon. Judge M'Clean secretary, and the Hon. Christian Stout deputy Sergeant at Arms! And here they are holding their court and drawing their daily pay and mileage during the vacation; opening their sessions at 3 o'clock P. M. if the chairman shall so soon have risen from his bed!

In the mean time the economical board of Canal Commissioners have sent on a full corpse of Engineers to measure the road, and do the same duties with the committee corpse. They are now on the ground with a force of near twenty persons at an expense of about *one hundred dollars* per day. The whole expense of the Committee, Clerks, Sergeant at Arms and two corpse's of Engineers, cannot be less than *two hundred and fifty dollars* per day! and for what purpose! to tread and trample upon an abandoned road; hunt scandal; rob the Contractors, and give employment to a set of drunken loafers as chain carriers, et cetera, and to fraudulent insolvents in working on the jobs taken from honest men!

☞ It becomes our melancholy duty to announce the death of Major Gen. EBENZER W. RIPLEY. He died on his plantation in Louisiana on the 3d of April last. The hero of Niagra, the Statesman, the Patriot, is no more. He died in the 57th year of his age. The Clinton Louisianian makes the following beautiful and appropriate remarks upon the subject. "He is gone — and while a bereaved widow mourns over the departure of a kind and affectionate husband; while a daughter grieves at the loss of a tender and beloved father; and while kindred and society lament the decease of one, who was upon to the warmest sympathies of our nature; patriotism will shed the tear of sorrow over the urn of her Champion, and the memory of the gallant and beloved Ripley, will endure as long as the brightest pages of American history, and the recollections of patriots and sages and of the brave."

☞ From the result of the Congressional Election so far as heard from we are happy to state that, there is a majority of six Whig members for the next Congress. The Force majority in last Congress was twenty eight, which makes the Whig gain thus far thirty four. There is eighty four members yet to be chosen in nine states. From these states in the last Congress, the Whigs had fifty four members, and the rest thirty.

☞ KOHLER, the supposed murderer of ZELLERBACH, has been arrested in Baltimore, by a Mr. Wiseman of that City. It appears that Mr. Wiersman's attention was drawn to a house in which he was informed Kohler was; next morning he took a Police officer with him, (after procuring a warrant from an Alderman) and instructed the officer to arrest any man he should tap on the shoulder. They entered the house and Mr. Wiersman tapped Kohler on the shoulder, upon which he was immediately taken into custody by the officer together with Wildeman his supposed accomplice; they were taken to the Police Office, where they were committed. We understand that since that time Kohler has made a full confession of the crime for which he was arrested. The Sheriff of Lancaster county has proceeded to Baltimore for the purpose of conveying the prisoners to the jail of Lancaster City, to await their trial in that place.

Adjourned sheriff's Sale.

☞ The Sheriff of Adams county, advertises an adjourned Sale of Real Estate, which will be sold on Saturday the 20th day of April next, at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg, a lot of ground, containing 1 acre more or less, fronting on the Baltimore turnpike, adjoining lands of T. C. Miller and J. F. McFarlane, on which is a Two Story Brick Dwelling House and other buildings, and an excellent Spring of Water. Also, one other lot of ground in said borough containing ¾ an acre, adjoining lands of Peter Culp, and others on which is an excellent Roan-oak Scized and taken as the property of the Gettysburg Water Company.

☞ We received last week the second No. of the "Old Guard" a New Paper published in Lancaster City, got up for the purpose of vindicating the late treasonable course pursued by Senator SHORM, but that county. We forbear making any remarks upon the subject at this time, but subjoin the following from the Lancaster Union.

Division of the Party.

It would appear by a late notice of the proceedings of our County meeting, on the 20th ult. that the Democrats of this county as well as some previous allusions by other printers to the movements of the Anti-Masons of Lancaster county, with reference to the conduct of our Senators, that a division of the party was threatened by the counter movements of the friends of John Strohm. We can assure our friends abroad, that no danger need be apprehended of a div ion of the Anti-Masonic party, from the vain attempt of some twenty or forty friends to oppose the will of 5000 honest and unflinching men. Of the few misguided men who are engaged in the work of dissolution, many are the relations of John Strohm, confined almost exclusively to the single township of Lampeter, others are well known doubtful political principles, who have long been looked upon with suspicion by the Anti Masons; others are disappointed applicants for office to Joseph Ritner, and his open traducers while in office, and among them are men who like John Strohm, "squeezed the trammels of party" when in power, by giving preference in the appointment of the bitterest enemies of the party, to profitable county offices, in preference to Anti Masons. These few professors of Anti Masonry it is expected, will dream of their Masonic allies, and make open war against the Anti Masonic party, but this will be no division of the party. Better, far better had it been for the party, that it had been separated from such disturbers of its peace and purity, as are now agitating it under the mask of Anti-Masonry! Their loss will be gain to the party. We would rather this moment see the leaders of the Strohm faction, marching under their "Pirate" flag, the "Old Guard," along with the black banner of Locofocoism, than see them prevaricating in the Antimasonic cause, and awaiting a favorable moment to seal its destruction.

Our Public Works.

Notwithstanding the "whitewashings" of the Porter papers, complaints are daily made, in all directions, of the manner in which our public works are conducted. There appears to be neither system nor economy practised, if even known. And although there are probably three times as many persons employed on the State works than was under the control of Gov Ritner, yet such is the incompetency of the Superintendents, Engineers, &c. that thousands of dollars are wasted finally lost to transporters and the Commonwealth! Hear what the Village Record says of that part under the superintendence of one *Cameron*, who is called a Superintendent, being almost fit for anything else than the Superintendent of a road on which such things as *Steam Engines* are placed:

"The road at present is in a state to be under bad management. Great confusion prevails owing to the incompetency of the superintendent. The gateman's office is said to be open Wednesday last, which should have arrived at 12 M. was detained until 5 or 6 P. M.—THE ROAD WAS BLOCKADED WITH BROKEN ENGINES AND SHATTERED CARS."

If the "efficient and indefatigable" officer alluded to keeps on at this rate, he will accomplish two things, he will be the ruin of all other Engines, and the Farmers of their Horses and Cattle, as the way he has smashed the former, and ransacked the latter to death, is an awful caution even to the gentleman himself!—*Lancaster Examiner.*

From the Harrisburg Telegraph.

State Convention.

We are glad to see the friends of Harrison and Webster in motion. The Democracy of the country is aroused—and ere six months are round the shoe fits the Hero of Tippecanoe will echo from hill to hill through every valley of the Commonwealth, despite the efforts of the misguided Van Buren and Locofoco Party, who are unwitting in their efforts to produce a division amongst the friends of the country, by putting up Mr. Clay as a candidate, who have been told that if the opposition to Mr. Van Buren is not divided, he has no hope of Pennsylvania, nor of the Union.

We expect that the *disinterested patriotism* of those Locofocos, in disguise, is well understood and justly appreciated; and that the friends of the country and her institutions, in many places, who have been deceived by the legerdemain of the masonic tressel-board are receiving light upon the subject, and rapidly joining the friends of the War party! Let them come.

The best feeling now animates the country; and if the spirit of union and corresponding activity prevails, we are certain of a signal and glorious triumph. The scene is departing from our corrupt and persecuting rulers, to fall into the hands of the true friends of Democracy and Liberty. Our organization is complete—sufficient to accomplish the work. Arouse then, Freemen, unite and do your duty. Let the Convention that is to be held here in May next be fully attended, that the proceedings of public sentiment be extensively and generally diffused. Delegates have already been chosen in several counties and meetings have been called in *twenty three* others. In those where no movement has yet been made no time should be lost. The Convention will be one of more importance to our cause than any that has been held for many years; and its influence abroad will be felt as far as the name of Harrison and Webster are known. Let their friends be up and doing.

The Boston Post recommends this remedy for the rheumatism:—"Close all the outer doors in a four story house, open the inner ones; then take a long switch and chase a cat up stairs and down until she sweats—pussy's perspiration is an infallible cure.

The mouth of March in Texas, is represented as one of flowers and sunshine, like our May.

The New York City Charter election commenced on the 12th inst. and will continue for three days.

Flour at Cincinnati, on the 1st April, was $5.50a $5.62½ per barrel.

MARRIED.

On the 9th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Laique, Mr JOHN FOWLER, (of George) of Carroll county, t MISS LYDIA CROUSE, of Adams county, Pa.

DIED.

On the 9th inst. Mrs. CATHERINE WATRHOUSE wife of Mr. Matthias Wayhright, of Cumberland township, aged 70 years 6 months and 19 days.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ *The Rev. Mr. SCHMUCKER will preach in the Lutheran Church on Sunday morning next, and the Rev. Mr. REYNOLDS, in the evening*

The Rev. Mr. MCLEAN, will preach in his church on Sunday morning next.

☞ The Rev. Mr. JONES will preach in the Methodist Episcopal Church on Sunday morning next, at 10 o'clock.

BALTIMORE PRICES CURRENT.

Flour,	8	7	to	7 25
Rye flour,	0 00		to	5 75
Wheat,	1 60		to	1 65
Rye,	0 97		to	1 00
Corn,	0 88		to	0 89
Oats,	0 43		to	0 45
Potatoes,	0 50		to	0 60
Bacon,	0 11		to	0 14½
Lard,	0 11		to	0 12
Cloverseed,	12 00		to	12 50
Timothy,	2 75		to	3 00
Flaxseed,	1 62½		to	1 75
Whiskey,	0 30		to	0 93½
Beef,	12 00		to	14 00
Pork, live,	19 00		to	23 00

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEMPERANCE.

A Stated meeting of the Total Abstinence Society will be held in the Presbyterian Church on Friday evening next, at 7 o'clock, at which time all are to be delivered. Punctual attendance is requested.

EDWIN A. ATLEE.

April 16, 1839.

New Goods.

R. G. M'CREARY

RESPECTFULLY invites the attention of the public to the handsome Stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS,

just received and now opening at his Store in the North west corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg.

HAS OPENING A SPLENDID VARIETY OF Domestic and British *Prints*, 4-4 CHINTSES and LAWNS, Jaconets and Cambric MUSLINS, 3-4 and 4-4 Scotch *Ginghams*, 3-4 and 4-4 Irish *Sheetings*, MARSEILLES QUILTS and IRISH *Linens*, 3-4 and 4-4 Burlaps and BAGGINGS, Black, Blue and Fancy Colored *Cloths* and *Cassimeres*, Summer CLOTH & 6-4 BOMBASINES, *Linen and Cotton DRILLS—Nankeens Tweeds LINENS, Vestings, Hollands, Apron Check, Tickings, Bleach d and Brown Muslins, Carpeting, Cane Blinds, Matting, Parasols and Umbr llas.*

ALSO—AN ASSORTMENT OF *Queensware and Fresh Groceries, &c.* All which have been selected with care, and will be sold on the best terms to all who may favor him with a CALL.

April 16, 1839. tf-3

Notice is hereby Given.

TO all persons concerned, that the following INQUISITIONS RECORDED in the Orphans' Court of Adams County, Pa. on the 29th day of May next, for confirmation and allowance—viz:

The Trustee Account of George Group, Trustee of Nuel Joyce.

J. B. DANNER, Proth'y.

April 16, 1839. tc-3

SILK AND FANCY GOODS.

SUPERIOR Black and Lustring SILKS, Levantine, Sewing and Florence do. superior figured Poulte de Soie, light colored Gros de nap, Mouseline de Laines, superior French Printed Lawns, Black Lace Veils, Plain and Figured Muslin, French Worked Collars, Thread Lace and Edging, Fancy Shawls and Dress Handkerchiefs, Linen Cambric and Cambric Handkerchiefs, Laces and Bonnet and Cap RIBBONS, Silk and Cotton HOSIERY, superior Kid and Pic Net GLOVES, &c &c.

Just received and for Sale by

R. G. M'CREARY.

April 16, 1839. tf-3

MOUNTAIN LAND FOR SALE.

THERE will be sold at Public Sale, at the Court House in the Borough of Gettysburg, *on Monday the 22d inst*, at 1 o'clock, P. M. of said day,

25 Acres of MOUNTAIN LAND,

Situate in Hamiltonban township Adams county, about 2 miles from Millerstown, and opposite lands of Capt. A. Harbaugh, Martin Elert and others.

This land is well covered with Chestnut and Chesnut Oak timber and convenient to a good road.

JAMES M. COLE,
WILLIAM COLE.

The terms will be made known by James Cooper.

April 9, 1839. td-2

FARMERS

ATTEND TO YOUR INTERESTS.

PLOUGHS! PLOUGHS!!

An opportunity is now offered of supplying ourselves with Woodcock's

Self Sharping Ploughs.

Seeing the best article ever offered the Farmers in this section of the State.

THESE Ploughs will not choke nor carry dirt, and the draft is about one third less than the Ploughs heretofore in use, two horses doing the work of three besides a great saving in time and money in keeping them in repair. The Point and Shear can be put on in five minutes and only cost 37½ cents each and when dull can be turned and repeated. These Ploughs have been introduced in this county. The following named persons have used them to whom we recommend Farmers to apply for information respecting them.

Montjoy township, Samuel Durborrow, Esq. Jacob Keller, Esq. Moses M'Ilvain, John Wilson, Joseph Miller, 2 mas Spangler, James Hartt, Jacob Hartt, Cornelius Lott, Wm. Eline, Frederick Colehouse, Jacob Clutz, Samuel Reck, Josiah Benner, Jacob Norbeck, John B. Houghtelin.

Mountpleasant township, Joseph Cochran, Alexander M'Ilvain, Eli Spangler, Samuel Spangler, Jacob Clapsaddle, Joseph Smith, Cornelius Houghtelin, Wm. Lott, John Torrence, Jacob Benner Wm. Roberts, Samuel Swope, Alexander Ewing, David Snider, Joseph Hemler.

Cumberland township, Peter Frey, Henry Lott, Jacob Bolinger, John Plank, Jacob Miller, Robert Allison, Peter Epley.

Straban township, Joseph Lott, Jacob Hulick, Eaton Norris, John Hornberger.

Franklin township, Frederick Deeds, Germany township, Mr. Ludebaugh.

A supply of the above Ploughs, with Points and Shears will be kept at

JAMES A. THOMPSON'S, Gettysburg.

SAMUEL DURBORROW'S, Two Taverns.

THOS. M'KNIGHT'S, Franklin township.

Farmers in want of good Ploughs are requested to call and satisfy themselves that those that are now using them, and then take the Ploughs keep them until they are *secured* and if not what they have been represented, to return them.

JOHN M. SLIBERT.

N. B.—The double tree must be at least 3½ feet long.

Chambersburg, April 16, 1839. 6m-3

Wool! Wool!

THE Commissioners of Adams county will receive Proposals, in writing, at their Office in Gettysburg, *Tuesday the 23d day of April inst.*, at two o'clock, P. M. for furnishing *Wool* for the Courthouse and Prison during the ensuing year.

By order of the Commissioners,

WM. KING, *Clerk.*

April 9, 1839. td-2

NOTICE.

HON. A. G. MILLER, having left his professional business in the care of the Subscriber, the same will be attended to by him with fidelity—the notes and other business left in his hands will be collected by G. Miller are also left with the subscriber for collection.

MOSES M'CLEAN.

April 9 1839. tf-2

Trial List—April Term.

Commonwealth vs. Wm. Laub and others.
Henry C. Wampler's Adm'r. vs. Jacob Ickes.
John Wilson vs. Joseph Blymire.
Henry Chambers vs. John Schultz.
Commonwealth, vs. Geo. Ziegler, D. Ziegler and Christian Christman.
Wm. E. Camp vs. Peters and Co.
John Brotherton vs. James D. Paxton and others.
Jacob Bentz vs. Jacob Brain's Adm'r.
Joseph Brain vs. do.
Samuel Linn ex. Wm. Linn and John Eckenrode.
S. Fahnestock's Trustees vs. David Ziegler and John Ziegler.

Grand Jury—April Term.

Franklin—Jacob Cover, Abraham Hart.
Huntington—Charles Lafferty.
Germany—Jacob Wolf, jr. D. H. Eckert.
Mountjoy—Josiah Benner, J. Diehl, jr.
Hamiltonban—John Irvine.
Berwick—Joseph R. Henry.
Borough—Wm. Gillespie, C. Doebler.
Conewago—Jacob Mouse, Abraham Rife.
Menallen—H. Koser, Jr. Jacob Sandoe.
Tyrone—Joseph Hill, John Bruce.
Reading—John Trimmer, H. Hildebrand.
Hamilton—J. Cashman, Wm. Stock.
Liberty—Martin Hill.
Freedom—David Rhode.

General Jury.

Cumberland—Wm. M'Gaughy.
Berwick—John Flickinger, Daniel Geiselman, D. G. Pfeiffer, Solomon Alwelt, Jacob Diehl, Michael Carl.
Latimore—Gideon Geist, Aaron Cox, Wm. Coulson, Geo Deardorff. D. Lease, Sen.
Hamilton—Wm. Hildebrand, Henry Wolf, George Weyant, John Picking.
Reading—Jacob Baublitz, Alex'r Long, David White, Samuel Overholtzer, Samuel Blake.
Tyrone—Nicholas Deardorff, John Lehman, Wm. Grier, Geo. Fidler, (of P.) Jacob Hersh.
Mountpleasant—John Diehl, A. Smith, J. W. Foster, Joseph E. Hemler.
Menallen—Philip Benner, John Lower, Jr. Adam J. Walter.
Germany—James Davis, John Davis.
Huntington—John Elliott.
Freedom—Samuel M'Nair.
Mountjoy—John Horner, Jas M'Ilheny.
Borough—Samuel M'Creary, John Gilbert, George Chritzman, Samuel Fahrenwich.
Franklin—Peter Mickley, Jr. John Deardorff.
Hamiltonban—John Marshall, Alexander Harbaugh.
Straban—Isaac Monfort.

JOB PRINTING,

Such as Handbills, Advertisements, Cards Pamphlets, and Blanks of all kinds neatly and expeditiously executed at the office of the STAR.

LARGE LOTTERY!

80 THOUSAND DOLLARS. HIGH CAPITAL!

TO BE DRAWN ON

Saturday, April 20.

☞ Alexandria Lottery, for Internal Improvements, in the District of Columbia.—Class 2 for 1839.

SEVENTY-EIGHT NUMBERS.—THIRTEEN BALLOTS.

1 prize of	$80,000	2 prizes of	$5,000
1 prize of	20,000	3 prizes of	4,000
1 prize of	20,000	4 prizes of	3,000
1 prize of	15,000	5 prizes of	2,500
1 prize of	10,000	10 prizes of	2,000
1 prize of	9,000	20 prizes of	1,500
1 prize of	8,000	50 prizes of	1,000
1 prize of	7,500	50 prizes of	750
1 prize of	7,016	133 prizes of	500

65 of $250—to the 1st and 2d drawn numbers
65 of 200—to the 3d and 3d drawn numbers
65 of 150—to the 3d and 4th drawn numbers
65 of 100—to the 4th and 5th drawn numbers
65 of 80—to the 5th and 6th drawn numbers
130 of 60—to the 6th and 7th or 7th and 8th drawn numbers
130 of 50—to the 8th and 9th or 9th and 10th drawn numbers
4485 of 40—to any other two drawn numbers
21040 of 20—to any one drawn number

☞ *Whole Tickets* $20.—*Halves* 10—*Quarters* 5—*Eighths* 2,50.

☞ Direct for the Capital Prizes! to CLARK'S Museum Building, Baltimore, Maryland.

April 9th, 1839. td-2

MILITARY.

BRIGADE ORDERS.

The Enrolled Militia

OF the Second Brigade Fifth Division Pennsylvania Militia, are required to be paraded and trained as follows, viz:

In Companies,

On Monday the 6th of May next, at such places as their commanding officers shall direct.

In Battalions,

As follows, viz: The 1st Battalion of the 90th Regt on Monday the 13th; the 2d do. of do. on Tuesday the 14th: The 1st Battalion of the 89th Regt. on Wednesday the 15th; the 2d do. of do. on Thursday the 16th: The 1st Battalion of the 80th Regt. on Friday the 17th; the 2nd do. of do. on Saturday the 18th day of May next: unless the commanding officers should direct Regimental trainings instead thereof.

Those Volunteer Companies within the bounds of the 89th and 90th Regts. may attach themselves to either Bat alion most convenient for inspection.

The American Union Battalion will parade on Saturday the 11th of May for inspection.

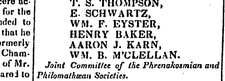
The American Independent Battalion, and the York County Battalion of Volunteers, will parade for inspection at such time and place directed by their commandants.

☞ APPEALS—for the Militia, on Monday the 10th of June—for Volunteers, on Monday the 4th of November next.

DAVID SCOTT,
Brigade Inspector, 2d Brigade 6th Division P. M.

April 9, 1839. td-2

COME AGAIN!



THE Subscriber returns his sincere acknowledgements to the public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and begs leave to inform them that he has removed his Shop to the one formerly occupied by GEORGE RICHTER, in Chambersburg street, a few doors West of Mr. THOMPSON'S Hotel, where he is prepared to carry on the

BLACKSMITH BUSINESS,

in all its various branches, and assures the public that all work entrusted to him shall be executed with neatness and despatch. He hopes by strict attention to business to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

C. W. HOFFMAN.

April 9, 1839. tf-2

TO MY CREDITORS.

TAKE Notice, that I have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, Pa. for the Benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this Commonwealth, and that they have appointed *Monday the 22d day of April inst.*, for hearing me and my creditors, at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg, where and where you may attend if you think proper.

WM. J. COOK.

April 9, 1839. tc-2

AMERICAN HOTEL

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the Public generally, that he has removed from his Old Stand (the Globe Inn) to that large and commodious

THREE-STORY HOUSE

lately occupied as a Store by Col. Samuel Witherow. It is situated on the South East Corner of the Diamond, and immediately opposite the Bank and the Public Offices, where by strict attention to business, he is determined to please and accommodate all those who may choose to give him a call.

A. B. KURTZ.

Gettysburg, April 1, 1839. tf-2

N. B. He begs leave to return his sincere thanks to his old customers for their liberal encouragement.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

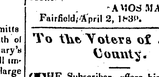
Real Estate of James Cooper late of Frederick Co. Md.

BY virtue of a decree of Frederick County Court setting aso a Court of Equity, the subscriber will sell at public sale, on *Saturday, 11th of May next* on the premises, between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock,

A VALUABLE FARM,

situate on the road, leading from Emmitts Inn to *Frederick*, about 6 miles south of the former place and 4 from Mt. St. Mary's College, containing 187¼ acres well improved. On this Farm are erected a large and convenient BRICK DWELLING

HOUSE,



Log Barn, Stone Spring House and other necessary out building. There is also a never failing spring of excellent water, within a few yards of the door—and running water in every field.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold

ANOTHER FARM

adjoining the former, containing 145½ Acres. This farm is in a good state of cultivation; has 12 or 15 acres of Wood land and 10 or 12 acres of good Meadow. There are several springs on this Farm.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold, 30 Acres of valuable

MOUNTAIN LAND.

well grown with Chesnut and other valuable timber. This land is situate on the road leading from Emmitsburg to Harbaugh's valley, about 2 miles from the former place, and is very easy of access.

TERMS.—One third of the purchase money to be paid in hand, or on the confirmation of the sale by the court, and the residue in two equal annual payments. The purchaser or purchasers to give security.

Any person wishing to see the property will be shown the same, on application to Mrs. ANN COOPER, who resides on the premises.

☞ This property will be sold together or seperately to suit the convenience of purchasers, and possession given whenever required. A good title will be made for the same.

JAMES COOPER, Trustee.

April 2, 1839. ts-1

The Frederick "Examiner" and Lancaster "Examiner" will each ins