GETTYSBURG STAR

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Tuesday, February 5, 1839.

DEMOCRATIC ANTI-MASONIC NOMINATION FOR PRESIDENT,

Gen. Wm. Henry Harrison.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

Daniel Webster.

☞ Our thanks are due to Messrs. Pennoyer, Kretzlewell and Middlecoff, for important Public Documents received.

☞ Mr. Stevens will not go into the "House," over which Hopkins presides.

☞ The meeting on Monday the 28th ult. was very numerously attended, and there was entire unanimity of opinion relating to the propriety of setting the County officers hereafter. The Locos take on monstrously, about the matter. This is a good sign. IT SHOWS THAT THEY know the jig is up—that they cannot get the "spoils."

☞ The "Sentinel" has hoisted the Clay flag, but the editor expresses his willingness to support Gen. Harrison, if he should be nominated by the National Convention. We abide by the nomination already made, whilst the nominees of the late Anti-Masonic Convention remain in the field; assured that Gen. Harrison is the only man on whom the opponents of the present wicked National Administration, can unite with the smallest chance of success. There are but fifty men in Adams county, of whom Mr. Clay is the first choice—and if there was an election to-morrow, and Mr. Clay and Martin Van Buren, the candidate, Mr. Clay would be beaten. Why then is he pressed!

The Gettysburg Extension of the Columbia and Philadelphia Rail Road.

☞ The election of D. R. Porter as Governor, and T. C. Miller as Senator, has decided the fate of this important work. No doubt any longer exists that it will be suspended, until the people are taught by experience the folly of elevating such men to office. This portion of the public works has been singled out as a sacrifice to party malignity. Heretofore our public improvements have been untouched by party politics. But those days of fair Legislation have gone by, and hereafter every thing—Public Improvements, Judicial Decisions, the Education System, must all fall a sacrifice to political violence, as parties alternately triumph. It is lamentable, but unavoidable. The people *will* vote for knaves and must expect them to act out their character. In his late message to the Legislature, Governor Porter has indulged in many falsehoods in matters of fact. With them at present we will not interfere. But as he has recommended the stopping of the Southern Rail Road, and will be actually accomplices, by sanctioning and censuring the conduct of the Anti-Van Buren party. What do you suppose is its motive? It is edited by a little fellow by the name of Poe, who is a high Mason; so were nine tenths of the relief leaders. We need search no further for motives. This same Masonic Daniel objects to the operations of Anti-Masonry in Pennsylvania and having raised the alarm of danger. Before Anti-Masonry arose the Anti-Jackson party numbered less than 50,000 votes in Pennsylvania. Now, 125,000.—Let Anti-Masonry die, and Masonic Clayism take its place, and brother Boaz of the Chronicle will find the Anti-Van Buren party reduced to 40,000 or less in this State. But why argue with the Judge? They have all who oppose Masonry no matter how useful to the country.

"The Legislature."

The assembly, which is now sitting in the Capitol of this Commonwealth, styling itself the house of Representatives, is still a body unknown to the Constitution, whose acts can be no more effective in law, than the acts of an ordinary Debating Society, or other self constituted club. Some of the Anti-masonic and Whig papers seem to think, that this body continues to be "illegal, only because a majority of its members *have not been sworn*," since its reorganization by the *second election* of Hopkins, as Speaker. It is no doubt illegal for this reason. But would it cease to be so, if all the members who compose it had been sworn since its organization? We think not. The swearing of the members cannot cure or legalize its usurpation. The root of its rottenness, lies deeper than this informality.

There is but one question, on which the legality or illegality of this body, hinges, namely: was the "Cunningham House," legally and constitutionally organized, on the 4th of December last? We believe it was; we believe so after the mature reflection, which we have been able to give to the subject. If we are right, the body over which Hopkins now presides, is illegal, and most remain so, until Thomas S. Cunningham is placed in the Speakers Chair, under, his election of the 4th of December last.

If the "Cunningham House," was ever the legal House of Representatives, it is so still. It is not dissolved; the Senate cannot dissolve it; the Governor cannot dissolve it; it has no constitutional power to dissolve itself. The elements may be scattered to the four winds, but in contemplation of law, it is still the House of Representatives—and there can be but *one* House of Representatives.

The resignation of Mr. Cunningham, as Speaker cannot dissolve it; the resignation of its members, as members of the House, cannot dissolve it; for if elections were held, to fill vacancies occasioned by such resignations, the persons elected would not constitute a *new* House, but be *new members* of the *old one*, and, this *ex ti terminis*. In our opinion, no dissolution of the Cunningham House, can take place, until the Constitutional period for a new election shall come about.

Senator Irvin.

☞ We learn from Harrisburg, that Mr. Senator Irvin of Clearfield, has resigned his seat in the Senate. This we had previously learnt was likely to be the case. He was one of the sixteen who defended the Constitution against the Mob. He saw that the desertion of Strohm and Co. had put it out of the power of honest men to do any good in the Legislature; and he determined to withdraw. His place will undoubtedly be supplied by a Mobite. So depressing was the vile treason of the deserters, that the friends of good order will not be able to rally for a year to come.

Meeting of the Friends of the Constitution and Laws.

In pursuance of a call published in the several papers of the County—a large and respectable meeting of the Citizens of Adams county, convened on Monday the 28th of January, at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg, and was organized by appointing JOSEPH BAUGHER President, JAMES BELL, sen. JOHN WALTER, JACOB BACHRADENER, JOSEPH CARL, JOHN EWING and Col. JOHN WOLFORD, Vice President, *John A. Danis, Eli Cover, John Brankerhoff* and *Elias Ebert*, Secretaries.

On motion of JAMES COOPER, Esq. the following committee were appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting:

The following persons were named by the chair as said Committee, viz:—James Cooper, Esq. Henry Gut, H. Heustleman, John Mickley jr. Jacob Keller, Esq. James Lockhart, jr. Wm. Hamilton, Joseph Bailey, Robert Hutchinson, James Bigham, Wm. Ezra, Ephraim Swope, James Russell, Robt. M'Sherry, Caleb Benles, Benjamin Landis and John F. M'Farlane, Esq.

The committee through their Chairman, reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted—

WHEREAS under the amended Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania, a large number of County offices heretofore appointed by the Governor, are hereafter to be elected by the people, such as the offices of Prothonotary, Clerk of the Orphans Court and Quarter Sessions, Register, Recorder, &c. in such manner as shall by law be appointed; and Whereas it has frequently happened as well in this as in other Counties, that the political party having a clearly ascertained and preponderating majority in the County, has been, through division and the number of Candidates voluntarily offering, been defeated in the election of such officers, thus placing it in the power of a minority or a bare plurality to elect, as was seen in this County at the election for Sheriff in 1836, and also in the Counties of Berks and Perry, in which the friends of correct principles have by union, elected to the same office, some to the division of their opponents, notwithstanding the majorities of 3800 in the one, and 1000 in the other, thereby fully verifying the adage "*In union there is strength*"—and whereas the only hope of the spoils party in this County rests on the practical adaptation of the maxim "*divide and conquer*," whereby they hope, by themselves ever presenting a firm and undivided front, again to wrest from the majority, the choice of their own officers; and whereas it is of the last importance to all who regard the common weal and the sacred purity of the administration of the Laws, that the offices of this County, should not fall into the hands of a reckless party, who openly set all law at defiance, proclaim that the reign of order is at an end, and glory in their audacious wickedness; Therefore,

Resolved, That this meeting expressly convened for the purpose of taking the subject into consideration, do recommend and give it as their desire and opinion, that the candidates for all the County offices to be elected by the people, hereafter, shall be nominated and settled on the County ticket by the County Convention of Borough and Township Delegates, in like manner as candidates for other County offices, have been heretofore put in nomination, and agreeably to the usages of the party in like cases heretofore; and that the standing County Committee, in calling said Convention hereafter, be instructed to draw up the notice for the same, in conformity with this resolution.

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this meeting, that by the adoption of this course, harmony and concert of action will be insured amongst the friends of correct principles—which is more than ever necessary, in these times of violence and lawlessness.

Resolved, That, by this course, the expense and trouble of electioneering, as pursued under the what is called, the volunteer system, will be unnecessary, and that we recommend to our political friends, the propriety, in all cases, of abiding by the nominations made by the regular County Convention.

Resolved, That the objections, made to the system proposed, by the friends of nominations in this County, furnish evidence of the propriety of its adoption—and objections showing that they regard it as the means whereby they will be prevented from getting into their hands the offices, the profits of which are the main stimulants of their patriotism.

On motion *Resolved*, That these proceedings be signed by the officers, and published.

JOSEPH BAUGHER, Pres't.

JAMES BELL, Sen.
JOHN WALTER,
JACOB BACHRADNER,
JOSEPH CARL,
JOHN EWING,
JOHN WOLFORD,
} Vice-Pres'ts

John A. Danis,
Eli Cover,
John Brankerhoff,
Elias Ebert,
} Sec'taries.

Gettysburg Railroad.

The Resolution offered by Mr. M'Elwee to suspend the Gettysburg Railroad from the first of March next, was passed the lower House; it is now before the Senate. On Thursday last, Mr. Penrose addressed the committee on the subject of the State Improvements generally. Among other things he said he intended to move an appropriation of $250,000 to the Gettysburg Rail road, and to make this preferable to some of his constituents, he would propose Green Castle as a point of that work.

He said we should go for the entire completion of the State improvements—He would go for an enlarged, extended, liberal system; or if gentlemen become too economical, he would join them, and go for a system which would only complete two lines of the public improvements. He would go for either sound liberality or entire economy.

Mr. Carpenter then addressed the committee in reply to Mr. Penrose. He said he saw no benefits derived to the Commonwealth from the money spent within the last few years.

Mr. Ewing said he would be sorry indeed if the State were now in the same situation as she was when Joseph Ritner came into power. At that time when the Erie extension and West Branch were abandoned, and the credit of the State was so low that it was feared they would never be completed.

Mr. Miller (of Adams) addressed the committee in favour of the Southern (Gettysburg) rail road. He thought however, that the first appropriation should be made to the rail road between York and Gettysburg.

Mr. Penrose in reply to Mr. Carpenter pointed to the noble system of Education as one of the effects of the late administration.

The Committee rose to sit again to-morrow, and the Senate adjourned.

Improvement Bill.

The Temporary Improvement Bill passed its final reading in the Senate on Saturday, making the following appropriations:

North Branch canal,	$230,000
Erie Extension,	250,000
Repairs,	300,000
Repairs of the Juniatta division,	50,000
West Branch,	50,000
Wisconisco,	40,000
To avoid Columbia plane,	30,000
	$1,200,000

To be loaned at five per cent.

The Bill provides that the work at the West Branch is to be discontinued from and after the first of March next.—*Telegraph.*

COMMUNICATIONS.

FOR THE GETTYSBURG STAR.

Socrates Again.

"A goddess! for so less she seems."

MR. EDITOR:—I shall be the appearance of "Xantippe," as the precursor of female glory, and renown—the time has, at length, arrived when, a female, one versed, and endowed with a high order of intellect, has entered upon the stage of life, especially if we take her own *ipse dixit*, for the proof. Whence did she come? Really, she must have

"Dropt from the clouds!"

Henceforward alas for man! Physical superiority will be his only stay—since the *fair* "Xantippe" has given *poor Socrates* such a severe drubbing, and taught women, that they are equal to man, in intellect—if not superior. The very least, that all females should do for "Xantippe," would be to call her the *benefactor of her sex!* Why did not, "Xantippe," place her own name, in the list of eminent females, with which, she presented us in her communication. It would, no doubt, have been more appropriate as that of any, of her illustrious *feminines*.

If "Xantippe" has not succeeded in establishing the claims of her sex, to equality of intellect with man, she has, at any rate, maintained their reputation for excessive loquaciousness.

"I think, quoth Mr. Editor, her tongue
Of an aspen leaf must be made!"

Circumstances, however, on the present occasion, mitigate her censure somewhat for this fault, as she undoubtedly wrote under "full inspiration" of her subject. As to the arguments she has advanced against mine, I have nothing to say. They are before the public, with whose decision I shall be perfectly satisfied. Truth, and not victory is my object.

I have heard, but not with surprise, that the libels in our town are dreadfully offended at Socrates—that they are, and threaten to be, revenged for my attempt. I would, however, advise them to make sure of their victim, before they inflict the punishment—for I have heard many suspected who are entirely innocent. On Socrates himself, they will not have the opportunity of taking vengeance, very frequently, as his secluded habits, seldom bring him within the sphere of their influence, at present. I take this opportunity to assure the ladies of our town, that not the slightest personal reference was had to them. All my *adventures and jilts* have occurred in another quarter. I must say, little as I have mingled with female society in our town, that I have always been treated, with that kindness and hospitality, for which the ladies of Gettysburg are proverbial.

Judging from the character of her communication, "Xantippe" has chosen a very suitable signature. Truly, I think she is an apt prototype of the ancient *Scold*. She has exhibited much of that unpaish spirit, which, we are told, characterized "Xantippe" of old, and which has been a terror to man ever since. If she don't take good care, I will tell a little circumstance on her, which is said to have occurred in the days of classic lore, that will, by no means, be very flattering to her *kind*. A friend, at my elbow, says—he tell it. Here it is. Xantippe, the wife of Socrates, at all times displayed a most violent temperment; but at one time, we are told, it became so ungovernable, that it broke out in *thunder* and *rain*. Socrates was conversing with a friend no doubt, upon matters of much importance. His wife—Xantippe perceiving, that the volies of tongue-grape, which she had, for some course or other, or rather for no cause at all, been aiming at him, made no impression upon the old philosopher, emptied a pail of water over his head and shoulders The philosopher easily replied, after thunder, there usually comes a shower.

As the conduct of Socrates, on this occasion, has been much admired, I will follow his example. Although, this Modern "Xantippe," has tried to say some pretty hard things against me, I shall take it all in good humor. It is my sincere wish, however, that none but a philosopher, of the real *Socratic* stamp, may be so unfortunate, as to visit his fate with my fair opponent—provided the character of her communication, be a correct index of her disposition. Charity, however, induces me to conclude that the disposition, which she exhibits to those around her in society, is much sweeter, and much more amiable, than that which shines through her *modest* "rejoinder." Pray, Mr. Editor, who is she—who can her *highness* be! I have had my thoughts at work ever since she has made her appearance, in trying to pry out the *real* Xantippe. It is not aware, that it is considered, a breach of "good faith," on your part, to give the author, I should have made application long ere this. I have imagined her to be, almost every body, and almost every thing. At one time, I imagine I see her armed with the broom-stick—attended by lectrers," ready to assume forth, and with *feminine* indignation, to inflict condign punishment on poor Socrates, by preparing his head, to undergo the tangible scoring of a *bump-ologist*. Within, at another time, I see her armed with a "grey-goose quill"—paper, ink, dictionary and a whole half dozen of other "etceteras," determined to show to the world that Socrates has been mistaken in his views of womankind, and that he should

"Have a care
Of whom he talks, to whom, and what, and where!"

At such times, the air of *self* importance, which conscious victory inspires, adds no little, to the dignity of her appearance. Need I tell you, that I often imagine her to be, every thing that is sweet, and amiable in her sex, endowed with a *high order* of intellect—an exception to the general rule,—"A little, pretty, charming creature."

Mr. Editor, as I am quite a susceptible being, you will not be surprised, when I tell you that the words, in the latter part of her communication, have a deep impression on my mind. I allude to the fact of her saying, that she did not wish to sustain a *certain* relation to Socrates, unless he should prove a much more clever fellow, than she considered him. Now, I have always considered myself to be a pretty clever sort of a *fellow*, and I think, all that would be necessary, to induce "Xantippe" to arrive at the same conclusion, would be to see a thorough knowledge of my features. It is true, he said some pretty hard things against the ladies, and tried to prove their intellectual inferiority; but if "Xantippe" were acquainted with circumstances, she would, in all probability, not feel quite as much disposed to censure. If she knew how Socrates had been jilted, by some of her *fair kind*, and how they had insulted and shamefully wronged at his new employment—his delicate hands, unused to manual labor, playing busily and dexterously the tools of the work bench. As the visiter gazed on the sad spectable, through the narrow openings of the dark passage from which the convicts are watched by the guards of the prison, unseen by the prisoners, another visiter stood by, similarly occupied, who had been employed by the man they were contemplating as one of the superintendents of his *two thousand* laborers when engaged in carrying on his gigantic operations. The latter stood silently intent on the scene, until he burst into tears, and turned away. The irrepressible sympathies which arise in the human breast, often in defiance of the stern decision of justice, and often lavished upon unworthy objects, whom some redeeming traits have endeared to us, overpowered his feelings, and he left the prisoner to the "repeopled solitude" of that populous dungeon.

Nor is it to be wondered at that the humiliation of this some time "Grand of the West" should produce, in the public mind, a feeling of regret, mingled with the conviction that the wholesome though harsh correction of justice must be visited as well upon the human as upon the lowliest heads that are alike sheltered under the *aegis* of our laws. The conviction which had rettled upon almost every mind, that, through the influence of friends, the ingenuity of able counsel, and the quibbling technicalities of law, he would, at the close of his protracted trials, ultimately escape conviction, had prepared the community to expect such a result, and when the verdict which has linked his name with infamy was finally recorded, the Public, as well as prisoner and friends, were taken by surprise, and scarcely believed it real. It was a staggering blow at the high hopes he had evidently cherished from the close of the former trial in this city, which had resulted in his acquittal upon the indictment on which it was found. Placed again at liberty, after his long incarceration for want of bail, he was once more actively ranging the scene of his former enterprises, and planning busily for the future. The ambitious schemes which once more swelled his restless bosom, and gilded the hitherto darkened prospect of existence, none but himself and confidential friends can know. But these building hopes and bright anticipations were suddenly blasted and scattered to ashes throughout confiscatory before him. His ignominous doom, with its abject toil, its lonely hours of pain, and lonelier of remorseful thought, its careless, scathing shame, lay with a sickening, deadly weight upon his heart.

Next came the prison scene, where amid the clank of fetters, and the rattle of chains, and the ponderous and grating dungeon doors, he commenced the routine of his monotonous task. And what maddening reflections have been his in the few weeks which have since succeeded! What bitter regrets have rankled, with a constant and unremitting presence, in his agitated breast! What lonely yearnings for the forfeited delights of social life once more, the forfeited esteem and confidence of the wronged community in which he had striven to build up his fame! And conscience, like a reproving angel, pointing, with her motionless finger, to the past, has, through his waking hours, been a silent, yet haunting monitor, whose mental scourgings have been more terrible than the physical ills which have borne upon his frame.

It is a sad lesson—the fate of BENJAMIN RATHBUN.

THE DEBT OF VIRGINIA.—The State Debt of Virginia now amounts to $5,255,250. Besides which, the aggregate state subscriptions to various public works, for which the necessary appropriations are not yet made, amount to $3,320,000. So that the aggregate pecuniary liabilities of the Ancient Dominion may be said to amount to about eight millions and a half of dollars.

The number of newspapers published in Boston, either political, religious, scientific or miscellaneous is forty six. Of this number, twelve are daily, ten are semi weekly, and there are twenty-four published once in a week.

MARRIED.

On the 30th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Smith, Mr. SAMUEL WILEY, to Miss ELIZABETH LIVINGSTON, daughter of Mr. Adam Livingston, all of Cumberland township, Adams county.

On the 31st inst. by the Rev. Mr. Albert, Col. EDWARD SWOPE, to Miss SUSAN KEEPOTS, both of Germany township, Adams county.

On the 30th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Keller, Mr. ADAMS CART, of Straban township, to Miss MARY ANN SCHRIVER, of Franklin township, Adams county.

DIED.

On Sabbath morning the 27th ult. at the residence of her son, Rev. C. G. M'Lean, in Cumberland township, Mrs. MARY ANN COOPER, relict of the late Rev. James Gray, D. D., in the 71st year of her age.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ The Rev. Mr. KRAUTH will preach in the *Lutheran Church on Sunday morning next, and the Rev. Mr.* JACOBS *in the evening*

The Rev. Mr. MCLEAN, will preach in his church on Sunday morning next.

☞ There will be held in the Methodist Episcopal Church, a Quarterly Meeting, commencing on Saturday next, the 9th inst.

Annual Celebration.

THE Philomathean Society of Pa. College will celebrate its eighth Anniversary, *on Friday evening the 15th of February next*, in Christ's Church, at half past six o'clock. On which occasion, several addresses will be delivered, accompaniment with appropriate music. An invitation to attend, is respectfully tendered to the Ladies and Gentleman of Gettysburg, and to the public in general.

F. R. ANSPACH,
H. BAUMGARDNER,
C. C. BAUGHMAN,
G. W. BRILLIG,
J. G. HARRIS,
Committe of arrangements.

Feb. 5, 1839. td-45

DR. WEAVER'S CELEBRATED EYE SALVE, an article highly recommended as surpassing all others for sore, weak and inflamed eyes. It has frequently effected cures after all other preparations had failed. Its efficacy is attested by many certificates, which can be examined on application to the subscriber.

Price 25 cents per box, and for sale at the Drug Store of

G. R. GILBERT, & Co.

WOOD! WOOD!!

WOOD will be taken at the Office of the STAR, if brought immediately.

February 5, 1839. tf

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF ADAMS COUNTY PA.

AGREEABLY to an Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to raise County Rates and Levies" requiring the Commissioners of the respective Counties to publish a statement of the RECEIPTS and EXAENDITURES, yearly—We, the Commissioners of Taxes of said County, do REPORT as follows, viz: *FROM THE SECOND DAY OF JANUARY, 1838, TO THE EIGHTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1839*, both days included:—

DR.

	Dolls.	Cts.
To outstanding Tax, Jan. 2, 1838, at last settlement,	5,425	00
" - Quit Rents in C. Chritzman's hands,	47	00
Discounts at Bank,	3,330	28
Taxes assessed for year 1838,	15,388	97
Coroners Fees on Inquest, refunded by Thomas Rsid, Esq.	23	42
Cash rec'd from sundry individuals for released Tax.	2	62
Error in Duplicate of Abraham Mumma,	83	38
Quit rents in C. Chritzman's hands, for 1838.	184	00
Wm. Taughinbaugh Sheriff, fines & Jury fees, &c.	134	60
Garden rent, received of Sheriff,	10	00
Cash due Treasurer, Jan. 8, 1839.	446	18
	$25,075	45

CR.

	Dolls.	Cts.
By Commissioners Orders' as follows, viz:—		
Auditors' pay,	22	50
Tuition of poor children,	274	37
Road views and Damages,	288	25
Assessors' pay,	606	00
Collector fees and Releases,	836	29
Bills of costs paid Sheriff and others,	596	49
Fox and wild cat scalps,	29	41
Treasurer of Poor House funds.	6200	00
Grand Juries and Constables pay,	288	36
General Juries and Constables pay,	645	12
Work done to Public Buildings,	45	63
Commissioners' pay,	824	50
Clerks Pay.	191	50
Court Cryers' and Sexton's, pay,	69	66
Jailor fees,	427	22
Public Printing,	398	12
Prothonotary's and Clerks fees,	66	88
Directors of Poor pay,	60	00
Officers of election pay,	394	72
Coroners' fees,	130	91
John Camp two first payments on Contract for Little Conewago Bridge,	1135	36
Wood for Court House and Prison,	122	81
Book and Stationary for Public Offices,	24	69
Medical attendance on Prisoners,	9	50
Thomas M'Knight, arresting horse thieves & mileage,	37	22
Wm. Taughinbaugh, Sheriff, for conveying Prisoners to the E. S. Penitentiary,	146	24
J. H. M'Clellan, Esq. (in trust) E. S. Penitentiary,	214	75
General Index Docket for Prothonotarys Office,	350	00
Public Schools, Straban quota of County funds, 1837—38	55	85
Do. do. Mountjoy, 1837	80	20
Do. do. Cumberland, 1837	90	50
Do. do. Franklin, 1837	99	99
Do do. Menallen, 1836-7	46	67
Wm. Taughinbugh, Sheriff, summoning Jurors, &c.	94	17
Interest paid in Bank,	4	67
Notes paid in Bank,	334	33
Certificates of Constables for returns,	74	34
Quit Rents, in C. Chritzman's hands,	34	00
Outstanding Tax, January 8, 1839,	6567	48
Balance due J. Gilbert, Esq. late Treasurer at last settlement,	369	39
Treasurer's Salary,	125	00
	$25075	45

The Taxes assessed for 1838, are as follows:

COLLECTORS.	TOWNSHIPS.	Dolls.	Cts.
David Chamberlain,	Franklin,	$1299	14
David E. Cook,	Menallen,	1095	98
Wm. Douglass,	Hamiltonban,	1223	84
Isaac Monfort,	Straban,	1110	60
Christian Chritzman,	Borough,	960	24
John Martin,	Berwick,	1012	13
George Golden,	Mountpleasant,	995	10
David Swartz,	Conewago,	1020	93
Daniel Bowersox,	Germany,	692	32
John Eyler,	Cumberland,	961	00
Nathaniel Randolph,	Liberty,	857	71
Valentine Hollinger,	Reading,	892	12
Jacob Myers,	Hamilton,	828	91
Henry Brown,	Huntingdon,	793	87
Andrew B. Miller,	Mountjoy,	594	49
Isaac Tudor,	Latimore,	520	74
Henry Spangler,	Tyrone,	500	08
		$15,398	97

☞ The outstanding Tax appears to be in the hands of the following Collectors, viz:

COLLECTORS.	TOWNSHIPS.	County tax.	School tax.
1835.6.—H. Wierman,*	Huntington,	$ " "	$ 82 07
1836.—Jacob Funk,	do " "	" "	122 18
" Wm. McCreary,	Liberty,	100 00	
" Anderson Ewing,	Mountpleasant,	91 00	
1837.—Amos Lefever*	Germany,	146 40	
" David Stewart,	Hamiltonban,	32 18	
" Nath. Gregson,	Liberty,	22 56	
" John Chronister,	Latimore,	34 47	
" Joseph Taylor,	Menallen,	102 01	
" Henry Wartz,	Straban,	185 33	
1838.—C. Chritzman,	Borough,	323 24	
" David E. Cook,†	Menallen,	690 98	
" Wm. Douglass,†	Hamiltonban,	623 84	
" Isaac Monfort,†	Straban,	488 60	
" John Martin,†	Berwick,	123 47	
" George Golden,†	Mountpleasant,	485 10	
" David Swartz,†	Conewago,	910 93	
" Daniel Bowersox,†	Germany,	521 21	
" John Oyler,†	Cumberland.	506 00	
" Nathl. Randolph*	Liberty,	222 71	
" Val. Hollinger,*	Reading,	40 37	
" Jacob Myers,	Hamilton	123 80	
" Henry Brown,†	Huntingdon,	541 34	
" A. B. Miller,	Mountjoy.	114 43	
" Isaac Tudor *	Latimore,	48 67	
" Henry Spangler,	Tyrone,	121 08	
		$6,567 48	$204 25

Those marked (*) have since paid in full—thus (†) in part.

JOHN H. M'CLELLAN, Esq. Treasurer, in account with the County of Adams for Public School Funds, as follows, viz:

DR.

	Dolls.	Cts.
To outstanding State Tax, at last settlement,	$1063	00
Cash on hand at last settlement January 2d, 1838,	736	06
Do. Balance of State appropriation		
Do. do. Appropriation for 1838,	309	46
Do. Relea-sed Tax,	1	84
	$2110	26

CR.

	Dolls.	Cts.
By monies paid to Orders as follows, viz:		
Cash paid to Collectors for collecting School Tax,	235	90
Treasurer of Menallen School Funds,	529	68
Do. of Straban, do.	19	13
Do. of Franklin, do.	300	00
Do. of Berwick, do.	52	92
Do. of Hamilton, do.	30	00
Do. of Mountpleasant quota of State Appropriation of 1836-37.	84	18
Do. of Hamilton, do.	64	33
By balance of State Appropriation for School purposes on hand, due 3 none accepting Districts,	160	95
Outstanding School Tax, January 8, 1839.	204	25
Cash on hand, January 8, 1839.	423	77
	$2110	26

Commissioners.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County.

WE, the Subscribers, being duly elected AUDITORS to settle and adjust the Public Accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of said County, and having been sworn or affirmed agreeably to Law, REPORT the following to be a general Statement of the said Accounts, *from the 2d day of January, A. D. 1838, until the 8th day of January, A. D. 1839*, both days inclusive:—

John H. M'Clellan, Esq. Treasurer, & Commissioners in Account with the County of Adams.

DR.

	Dolls.	Cts.
To outstanding Tax at last settlement, January 2, 1839,	5,425	00
Quit-rents in hands of C. Chreitzman,	836	29
Discount at Bank,	3,330	28
Taxes Assessed for year 1838,	15,388	97
Coroners Fees on Inquest refunded by Thomas Reid, Esq.	23	42
Cash received from sundry individuals relea Tax	2	62
Error in Duplicate of Abrm. Mumma,	83	38
Quit rent Assessed for 1838	184	00
Wm. Taughinbugh Sheriff fines and Jury fees, &c.	134	60
Garden rent, received of Sheriff,	10	00
Cash due Treasurer January 8, 1839.	446	18
	$25,075	45

CR.

	Dolls.	Cts.
By monies paid to Commissioned Orders,	14,587	24
Interest paid in Bank,	4	67
Notes paid in do.	8,363	33
Certificates of Constable for Returns,	74	34
Quit-rents in C. Chreitzmans' hands.	34	00
Outstanding Tax January 8, 1839.	6,567	48
Balance due J. Gilbert, Esq. late Treasurer at last settlement,	369	39
Treasurer Salary,	125	00
	$25,075	45

STATEMENT exhibiting the amount of Taxes, Assessed for the use of Public Schools, together with the balance of the State Appropriation in the hands of John H. M'Clellan, Esq. Treasurer with the orders paid.

DR.

	Dolls.	Cets.
To Outstanding school Tax at last settlement,	1063	00
Cash on hand, January 2, 1838,	736	06
do. Balance of State Appropriatons due, 5		
do. Appropriating Districts,	309	46
do. Relea Tax.	84	
	$3110	2[illegible]

CR.

	Dolls.	Cts.
By monies paid on Orders as follows, viz:		
Commissioners Orders paid,	1,167	78
Cash paid Treasurer of Mountpleasant School District, three of state Appropriation	84	18
Treasurer of Hamilton, do. do.	64	33
Balance of State Appropriations on hand,		
Due 3 none accepting districts,	160	95
Outstanding School Tax, January 8, 1839,	204	25
Cash on hand,	428	77
	$2,110	26

WE the undersigned, Auditors of Adams County, do certify, that having examined the Accounts and Vouchers of JOHN H. M'CLELLAN, Esq. Treasurer of said County, from the 2d day of January A. D. 1838 to the 8th January A. D. 1839, inclusive, do find a Balance of FOUR HUNDRED AND FORTY-SIX DOLLARS AND EIGHTEEN CENTS, due to said Treasurer, exclusive of the Taxes Assessed for the use of Public Schools; and we further certify, that the above is the amount of outstanding Taxes due by the several County, and also the amount of Taxes assessed for 1838. Given under our hand and seals of office this 8th day of January, A. D. 1839.

FREDERICK DIEHL,
JOHN L. NOEL,
JOHN G. MORNINGSTAR.
} AUDITORS.

February 5, 1839. 4t-54

IN TESTIMONY that the foregoing statement of RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES, exhibited at the Office, of the Treasurer of said County is a correct and true Copy, as taken from and compared with the Original remaining in the Books of this Office—We have hereunto set our hands, and affixed the Seal of our Office at Gettysburg, the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty nine.

JOHN WOLFORD,
WILLIAM REX,
DANIEL DIEHL,
} Commissioners.

Attest—WM. KING, Clerk.

VALUABLE WOOLEN FACTORY FOR RENT.

THE subscriber will offer for rent, the *Valuable Woolen Factory*, formerly occupied by the Rev. D. Pfautz situated on middle creek and on the road leading from Gettsburg to Emmitsburg, 8 miles from the former and 1 from the latter place. The situation and water power are unexceptionable, and business can be done, the machinery is in good order and nearly new. There is also a large two *story Stone dwelling House*, calculated for two families, with other suitable out buildings on said property. Also:

100 *Acres of Land*, part of which is meadow, the whole divided into convenient fields, and in a good state of cultivation.

☞ The above property will be offered for rent on SATURDAY the 16th of February, on the premises at 1 o'clock, if not rented before that time. Persons wishing to view the above property will please to call on the proprietor living near the above Property.

SAMUEL S. M'NAIR.

January 29, 1839. 3t-44

☞ The Lancaster Herald, and Hagerstown Torch Light, will please insert the above 3 times and charge this office.

DR. BUTLER'S EFFERVESCENT MAGNESIAN APERIENT. for dispepsia or indigestion, nervous debility, giddiness, headache, acidity of the stomach habitual costiveness, cutaneous diseases, gout, gravel, &c. and much valued as a gentle cooling purgative, an article highly recommended by the Faculty, has just been received at the Drug Store of

G. R. GILBERT, & Co.

Dec. 25, 1838. tf-39.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, having been appointed *Auditor*, by the Orphans Court of Adams county, to distribute the assets in the hands of Jesse Seabrooks, Administrator of William J. Seabrooks, deceased, to and among the respective creditors of said deceased, will attend for that purpose at his office in Millerstown, *on Saturday the 16th day of February next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M. of which those interested will take notice.

AMOS McGINLEY.

Jan. 15. 4t-42

JUST received and for sale by the subscriber, 20 Tons Plaster and 100 Bushels Potatoes.

GEO. ARNOLD.

Jan. 29, 1839. 3t-44

BRANDRETH'S PILLS, For sale at the Drug Store of

G. R. GILBERT, & Co.

Dec-25, 1838. tf-39.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at public auction, on the premises *on Wednesday the 6th day of March next*, according to the terms therein prescribed, the tract of LAND therein mentioned, containing between 375 and 400 acres. This tract of land lies in the county of Jefferson, near the Winchester and Potomac Rail road, about a quarter of a mile from Thompson's depot, and six miles from Charlestown, possesses unusual advantages as a grain, or grazing farm. The improvements are of the best kind; an excellent Brick Dwelling House, with necessary out buildings, a first rate orchard, a good well in the yard and two springs, and the land (a part of which is good meadow) all well enclosed with good fencing, and in excellent heart. There is a sufficiency of timber on the land, of the very best quality. The location of this farm, taken with the many advantages it presents for farming or grazing, renders it one of the most desirable situations in the Valley. Persons desiring to invest money in lands are requested to call upon Mr. James Grigg, who will show the property. Possession will be given on the 15th of March.

For terms, apply to

JAS. G. FICKLIN, Com.

Frederick county, Va. Jan. 22. td-43

WASHINGTON BOOTH'S BALTIMORE PRIZE OFFICE.

NEW Jersey Lottery draws January 21st
Highest prize $20,000. Tickets $5.
Newark College Lottery draws Jan'y 22d.
Highest prize $10,000 Tickets $3.
Maryland State Lottery draws January 23d.
Highest prize $20,000 Tickets $5.
Susan County Lottery draws January 24th.
Highest prize $7,000 Tickets $2 50.
Literature Lottery draws January 25th.—
Highest prize $5,000 Tickets $2.
Virginia State Lottery draws January 26th
Highest prize $30,000 and 100 prize's of $1,000 Tickets $10.

☞ Tickets and shares in the above and all other