DIED-In this State, yesterday, at 9 o'clock A. M., the Right Worshipful LOCO FOCO SHIN-PLASTER PARTY, in the 2d year of its age! 'Its chief mourner is one Davy R. Its dissolution was brought about by an old German Doctor named RI'I'NER, who administered to it a Pill in the following shape, which purged the Creature to death! Peace to its ashes!

PENNSYLVANIA, SS. In the name and by the authority of the Common-

wealth of Pennsylvania, BY JOSEPH RINER,

Governor of the said Commonwealth.

A Proclamation.

The period has arrived when the series of misfortunes produced by the injurious interference of the National Government with the Currency of the Country is about to terminate. Congress having risen without sanctioning the attempt to give to the Federal Executive the entire control of the National wealth, and of the whole amount of specie in the country, and the consequent power to affect and wield to its own purposes all the capital and credit of the Union; and having also imposed certain salutary restrictions on so much of this power as had been already arrogated, it is incumbent on the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to put forth her strength, to quicken her dormant energies, and to take that stand in the trade and commerce of the Union, which her unbounded resources, her vast natural and artificial facilities for their development, and the solid and energetic character of her citizens demand: to deprive her of which stand, all the measures of the National Government have recently tended.

For the production of this most desirable result, the measure first requisite is, that an end be put to certain open infractions of the spirit of the laws, which have been forced upon us by the overbearing necessities of the times, and to restore credit and the currency to the firm basis on which they stood before their late derangement was unnecessarily brought on the people.

I, therefore, by virtue of that enjoinment of the Constitution which requires the Governor of the State to take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and for the purposes aforesaid, do hereby require all Banks in this Commonwealth, on or before the thirteenth day of August next ensuing the date hereof, to resume and continue the redemption of their respective notes, bills and other obligations, in GOLD and SILVER COIN, according to the true intent and meaning of their charters. And, for the purpose of aiding those institutions in the accomplishment of this laudable object, I deem it proper to state, from the information I have obtained that their solvency and general condition is such as to entitle them to the confidence of all who hold their notes, their amount of specie on hand being largely increased, and of notes in circulation much diminished, since the suspension of specie payments in May, 1837.

While it is thus cheerfully announced that the means of the Banks are ample, and that their conduct has been, throughout the late trying crisis, generally such as to sustain our already high character for punctuality, honesty and solvency, maintain and even increase our trade, keep up the value of property, and prevent the State from becoming the theatre of panic or distress, yet I shall feel bound, in duty to the public, to take all the means in my power to compel a return to that agency and responsibility to their creditors for which they were created. If, however, a return be promptly and faithfully made to that line of duty to the laws and to the public from which they have been compelled to depart, the occurrences of the past year will only be recorded in our history as another instance of the perfect adaptation of republican institutions to the demands of every crisis, and will show that common and overruling necessity being bowed to by general consent, becomes for the time the law of the land. But to justify such rule of necessity, and to prevent future evil from its unnecessary recurrence or unjust continuence, it is indispensably requisite that the instant the pressure of circumstances which produced it ceases, the empire of the express and ordinary law of the land should be restored. Accordingly, if on the other hand a return to general and real redemption in specie, and a withdrawal of all illegal paper money from circulation, do not now take place, when all admit that it may with safety and public benefit, I shall hold it my duty, forthwith to take all the measure, to compel it, which the constitution and laws have placed in my power; and at the opening of the next session of the Legislature, to recommend the passage of such laws as may more effectually guard the future from the evils of the past.

And further, for the purposes and by virtue of the enjourment aforesaid, I do also hereby require all persons or bodies corporate, who may have violated the laws of this State, by the emission and circulation of notes of any denomination under that of five dollars, commonly called "Shin Plasters," to take instant measures for the full and honest re. those of every freeman in the control honest demption of the same, in gold and silver coin, or such other ample equivalent as shall be Southerner ourself, we see nothing in them satisfactory to the holders thereof, under pain of the penalties provided in such cases, which penalties, if this notice be not complied with in a reasonable time, it will be the duty of all good citizeus to enforce.

Should this requirement be fully and promptly complied with, the Commonweal will be restored to that sound currency which she possessed before the suspension, viz we in the North may deplore Slavery as a One composed of gold and silver for all sums under, and of notes instantly convertible misfortune, "we are bound to respect it as into specie for all sums of and over, five dollars. The result of the attempt to improve the currency will then obviously be, that the only paper issues in circulation AND NOT CONVERTIBLE INTO SPECIE AT THE PLACE WHENCE ISSUED, WILL BE THOSE OF THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT.

In communicating thus publicly with my fellow citizens on this most important and interesting matter, I would respectfully and earnestly say to all, be firm and cool in the RESPECT THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF emergency. Trust in the laws, have confidence in the institutions, and sustain the high other States, on this momentous question, credit and character of your glorious Commonwealth. You have borne yourselves (slavery,) let us not, either by fear or interthrough the crisis nobly and honorably: You have come almost uninjured out of the est, be driven from aught of that spirit of intrial. Make one more calm and steady effort and all will be well. The forbearance dependence and veneration for freedom and determination heretofore exhibited have been such as to reflect credit upon the State, which has ever characterized our beloved while it has strengthened the hands and cheered the hearts of your public agents in the Commonwealth." performance of duties of no ordinary difficulty. Contrasting, as is naturally done, the Is this the language of an enemy to the feelings and hopes connected with this attempt to aid the resumption, with those which South? No one but a cringing, corrupt animated me when I addressed my fellow citizens on the subject of the suspension of slave of party -a dastard freeman, or a base specie payment, I cannot but rejoice at the difference. We were then entering upon a new and untried course of action whose happy termination was only matter of hope .-We are now at the conclusion of our doubts and fears, and, with the blessing of Providence on the exertion of our own moderation and industry, about to return to our usual confidence and prosperity.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State at Harrisburg, this tenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and of the Commonwealth

BY THE GOVERNOR;

THO'S H. BURROWES, Sec'ry of the Commonwealth.

Huzza for the Farmer Governor! RITNER and NO SHINPLASTERS!

MENT IN OUR ELECTION!

Our readers will bear in mind, that, amongst other certificates which we published a fortnight ago, in relation to the transactions and law suit between Samuel Sturgeon and David R. Porter,was one signed by Maxwell Kinkead, who was an arbitrator in the case, and whose testimony bore heavily upon Porter, as did that of the other surviving a public meeting held at Williamsburg in Huntingdon arbitrator also. Mr. Kinkead held the office of Postmaster at Yellow Springs, Huntingdon coun-

MORE PROSCRIPTION & INTER. of the general government could reach him! The FERENCE OF THE U.S. GOVERN. daring and impudent interference of the President and his "kitchen cabinet" in our local affairs, on this as well as various other occasions, will cause the people to become disgusted, and must operate soriously against the election of Porter [Car. Her.

From Porter's Home.

We extract the following from the proceedings of

"It is our duty to tell the unbought sons ty-and, for stating the facts of the case between of this State, that we cannot support him, those two individuals upon oath, he has been re- (Porter) because we know his MORAL, POLImoved by the Postmaster General, as we learn from TICAL, and INTELLECTUAL character—His the Pittsburgh Times! As that paper justly re- MORAL, is far from spotless, and marks, for thus falsifying the assortions of Porter no palliative or purifier of the stains CAN and his friends, the SWIFT-WINDED vengeance or DANE be offered by his deluded advocates of the President of the United States, through his -His Political, is written in the history profligate agent Amos Kendall, has visited Mr. of an official demagogue, grown fat upon Kinkead, and he has been punished for his hones- the favors of the people-His INTELLECTUAL, ty and independence, at least so far as the hands has never been developed five He replied, "water, exercise, and regimen."

vears in the halls of the Legislature, his deeds are a blank among the Lawgivers of of our Commonwealth. No act of his life gives him a claim to MEDIOCRITY.—Such we know him."

From the American Sentinel, a Van Buren paper Let Well Alone.

The third article relates to the elections and I find on comparing it with the present constitution, that there are three important alterations in it. From the manner in which it is printed in the newspapers, the whole article being in italics, I at first supposed that it was all new; but this is a mistake; and, as I have said, there are three alterations 1st .- The word white is introduced so as to prevent blacks from voting. 2d. The term of residence is reduced to one year. 3d. The tax need not have been assessed more than ten days before the election. As to black men voting, I never heard of it in this part of the county. If there has been any such thing, all I can say is that I nover neard of its having been attempted. The old constitution of 1776, made by the patriots of the revolution, did not contain this word "white;" nor does the present constitution. The Supreme Court have decided lately, that negroes have not the right to vote under the present constitution. What is the use then of this arrendment? If a man can get rid of a difficulty by his own good constitution, what is the use of taking medicine? That is my idea; and if there was not something in the back ground that we don't see, I doubt if there would be so many alterations proposed. Besides, I am afraid the word "white" will only make new difficulties. There are a great many of the colored people that are nearly white, and a great many white people that are very dark colored. I know some mulattoes that are lighter than real white people. Now it will be hard upon a farmer or mechanic whose skin has become dark by being in the sun and wind, if he should be turned away by some malicious inspector, and not allowed to vote. Yet it may be so if this alteration should be adopted. I think it would have been wise for the Convention to have said at once, that Negroes, or persons of African descent, should not vote, because every body knows what Negro means. and that it is not merely the color of the skin. but various other things distinguish their persons. I don't think much of this alteration therefore. Then the next is the term of residence. At present no man can vote unless he has resided two years in the state. Is this too much? I for one do not think it is. Why should not a man who comes here from New England, or New Jersey, or Canada, have the right of voting the moment that he comes? Because he don't know enough about our laws and politics, and business.— Every body agrees that he ought not to vote immediately for that reason. Our fathers who made the Constitution in 1790 thought that two years was not too long; and it seems to me that they were right. Our young men are not allowed to vote until they have been 21 years resident; and yet the Convention thinks that two years is too much for strangers. I hope the people of Pennsylvania will not agree to this. The next alteration is respecting the assessment of the tax which is to be paid. Our present Constitution says months before the election; that is, every

was, I suppose, to prevent cheating at elections and smuggling in votes. When the list is made out six months before, there is only a small chance of that-but if it is made out only 10 days before, it is probable that there will be a good many names slipped in objectionable to the rights and feelings of the Sourthern or Slave-holding States, for Mr. Ritner distinctly says, however much a Constitutional Institution." This is

what he says in the following letter, and hear what he said in his message referred to: "While we admit and schurulously

Package. | Weight. 1 Trunk. | 137 lbs. Jas. P. Stewart. JOS. RITNER"

Received the above. JOS. RITNER.

This signature, written twenty years ago, is firm, clear and characteristic. It would be recognised in an instant by any one who has seen the hand writing of the present Governor of Pennsylvania. Huzza for the old wagoner!

The People's Advocate a new Rit. ner paper just established in Philadelphia, says i supports Governor Ritner's re-election-

1. Because in two years and a half of his ad ministration, our public works, which previously were a burthen upon the State, have through his prudence and energy been made to yield a handomo revenue.

2. Because he is the friend of the Common School System, by means of which every poor man can educate his children without paying for Through his influence, more than a million of dollars have been appropriated to the estab-lishment and support of free schools.

3. Because, while thus aiding the poor, by freely opening to their children the fountains of knowledge, his measures and policy have been such, as to effect a reduction of upwards of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, in the

4. Because we have tried him, and are satisfied of his honesty, his capacity for the station he now holds, and of his fuithfulness to the best interests of all the people.

------Dumonlin, the most celebrated physician of his time bein " surrounded in his last moments by several of his colleagues, who were deploring his loss, 'Gentlemen," said he, "I leave behind me three excellent physicians." Anxious to be in his estimation, his friends inquired their names.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TRIAL LIST-AUGUST TERM. Susannah Miller, (late Susan Frickle) vs. Simo Yeatts and M. Starry. Dr. J. H. Miller vs. Bank of Gettysburg. Thomas Stephens vs. David White. Thaddeus Stevens vs. J. II. Hoghes, Brotherton and others.

Wm.M'Creary vs. George Winter. Commissioners of A. C. vs. Daniel Gitt. Joseph Kepner, vs. George Ickes.

Wm. M'Clellan vs. Adam Mrers. FOR ARGUMENT. The Trustees of Eliss King vs. T. Neely. August 7, 1834.

GRAND JURY-AUGUST TERM. Hamiltonban-Ezra Blythe, Joseph J. Kerr, oseph B. Reed, Joseph M'Cleary. Latimore-John Ziegier, George Sheffer. Straban- David Schriver, Garret Brinkerhoff, ohn P. Demarce, Samuel Mickel, J. N. Graft. Tyrone-Jonathan Reyman. Cumberland-Jacob Hertet.

Conowago-Daniel Diller. Germany-George Dutterer. Hamilton-Wm. Wolf, Robert M. Hutchenson. Menallen-Wm. Morrison, Gea. Menich. Borough-David M'Creary, Daniel Culp, S. H. Buchler

GENERAL JURY-AUGUST TERM.

Berwick-Henry Eichelberger, Maj. Henry Dickson, jr., Henry Mentert, Daniel Longer

Reading-Philip Myers, (of J.)

Berwick-John I. Noel.

Franklin-Joseph Pitzer, Geo. Wright. Germany-John Bowers, John Smaneler. Borough-Hugh Denwiddie, John Gilbert, J F. Macfarlane.

Comberland-Benjamin Schriver, James M'Cullough, James Heagy.

Menallen-Peter Dillon, Adam Gardener.

Conowago-George Baseboar. Huntington Wm. Brandon, Chas. Lafferty hristian Picking, Henry Bittiager. Mountjoy-David Zzek. Liberty-David Eiker.

Tyrone-Joseph Cline, Wm. Yeatts, Wm

Boyd, John Orr. Latimore-Jesso Cook, Bernhart Gardner, Mountpleasant-Jacob will. August 14, 1838.

Parmers, look here

THE subscriber has opened a Shop, on Second street, a few doors east from the Market House, in Chambersburg, where he will build SMITH GARDNER'S PORTABLE HORSE POWER

THRESHING MACHINE,

which he will sell in Franklin, Adams and Bedford counties. These machines are now in operation in this county, and are equal if not superior to any other -and may be had, by persons wishing to obtain them, in any of the above-named counties, on the shortest notice, by applying to the subscriber, who hopes by strict attention to business to secure a share of public patronage.

CAn advantage which this Machine has over others, is that the horse power is constructed to work under the overshot of a barn, so that rain does not interfere with its operations.

JOHN TAYLOR. Chambersburg, June 5, 1838.

THE LAWS

man must be assessed so long. The object received at this Office, and are ready for

B. GILBERT, Proth'y. Prothonotary's Office, Gettysberg, July 24, 1838.

PROCEAMATION.

HEREAS the Hon. D. DURKEE, Esq. President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the Counties compos ing the Nineteenth District & Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said District-and WM. M'CLEAN, and GEORGE WILL, Esqs. Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Over and Termi ner, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the Coun ty of Adams-have issued their precept, bearing date the 25th day of April, in the year of our Logo one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and to medirected, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on Monday the 27th day of August next-

Notice is hereby Given, To all the Justices of the Peace, the Coro. ner, and Constables, within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there, in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things, which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done and also they who will presecute against the prisoners that are, or then shall be, in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there, to prosecute against them as shall be just.

WM. TAUGHINBAUGH, Sheriff. July 24, 1838.

Wrightsville, York and Gettysburg Rail Road Company.

BY a resolution of the Board of Managers of this Company, the Stockholders are hereby requested to pay into the Treasury \$5 on each share of Stock, on or before the 15th of the present month; and also the same amount on each share, on the 15th of each succeeding month until the whole is paid. Stockholders will please attend punctually to this request.

Stockholders in Philadelphia can pay to the Cashier of the U. S. Bank; and in Columbia to Robert B. Wright, Esq. at the Collector's office. JOHN B. M'PHERSON, 1 reasurer.

May 1, 1838.

ROSE OINTMENT.

ENOR Tetters Ringworms, Pimples on the face, and other Cataneous eruptions, prepared by VAUGHNAN & DAVIS, Philadelphia. Sold at the Apothecary and Drug Dr. J. GILBERT. Store of Gettysburg, April 10, 1839.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TAVERN AND STORE-HOUSE FOR RENT.

THE subscriber will rent that large and

HOUSE. situated on the corner of 🦓 Chambersburg and Shippensburg streets, Mum-MASBURG, Adams county. It has been occupied for a number of years as a TAV

ERN and STORE-HOUSE. The country round is thickly settled and the stand a very desirable one. Possession can be had by the mid

dle of August. Terms made known by call ing on the subscriber, residing on the prem

SAMUEL WISLER. July 24, 1838.

VALUABLE PROPERTY PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber, Administrator of JACOB FISHER, late of Franklin county, deceased, will sell at private sale, and on reasonable terms, all the right, title, interest Straban-Peter Monfort, Henry Hossler, John and estate of the said Jacob Fisher, dec'd, at the time of his death, in a certain

Plantation & Tract of Land, containing 200 acres, on which are erec ted a first rate

MERCHANT AND GRIST-MILL,

Saw Mill, situate in Liberty township, and formerly the property of Alexander

If the said property, shall not be sold at private sale on or before the 10th day of Au-Hamiltonban- Daniel Mickley, ir., Hiram gust next, then the interest of the deceased and all other articles in the line of their in the same, will be offered at public sale on business. Monday the 27th day of August, at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the Court House in the on the shortest notice-and have a HEARSE tc-19 Borough of Gettysburg.

Application to be made to JAMES required. Cooper, Esq. in the borough of Gettysburg, who will make known the terms to those age, and will endeavor to deserve it. desirous of purchasing.

SAMUEL FISHER, Administrator of Jacob Fisher, dec'd. May 15, 1838.

FRESH GOODS.

Cheaper than ever!

HE subscriber has just returned from on the north-east corner of the Diamond,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF **60075.**

of the best quality--embracing every variety of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

which have been purchased on the best terms -and which he can sell cheaper than they that the tax must be assessed at least six months before the election that is a gislature of Perperleagie have ever been offered. He invites the public

drc. drc. dec.

FRINGE AND TASSELS

Gettysburg, May 15, 1838.

THE Subscriber has now on hand a large stock of very superior

COACE BACE. FRINGE AND TASSELS, OF HIS OWN MANUFACTURE.

which he will dispose of on the most reason able terms. Orders from a distance will be promptly attended to. Any Pattern made to order.

Address JOHN ODELL, Gettysburg, Pa.
N. B. All kinds of MILITARY work

done to order.

November 17, 1837.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons who know themselves to be indebted to the Estate of HENRY HEMLER, Inte of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Padeceased, either by bond, note or book account, to make payment of their respective dues to the subscribers, Executors of said dec'd, without delay; and those persons who have claims against the said Estate are hereby requested to present their accounts properly authenticated to the subscribers for settlement.

The first named Executor resides in Mountpleas ant and the latter in Conowago township. JOSEPH E. HEMLER, Exec'rs.

J. L. GUBERNATOR, July 3, 1838.

TO OUR CREDITORS. TAKE Notice that we have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas Adams County, for the benefit of the Insolvent laws of this Commonwealth, and that said Court has appointed Monday the 27th of August next, for the hear ing of us and our creditors, at the Court house in the Borough of Gettysburg, when and where you may attend if you think PETER ANDREWS, DAVID STARRY. July 24, 1838.

LABORERS WANTED.

ANTED, on the Gettysburg Extension of the Pennsylvania Rail Road,

~2,000 Hands!

BEST OF WAGES will be given. The Gettysburg Rail Road runs thro' the most healthy part of this country.

Gettysburg, Pa., May 19, 1838.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Kettlewell, Wilson & Hillard **GROCERS & COMMISSION**

MERCHANTS, Corner of Commerce and Pratt Streets,

BALTIMORE, OFFER to the Country trade for Cash or prompt payment, the following

G 0 0 D S: TO WIT:

50 bls. S. H. Molasses

20 hlids West India & N. Orleans ditto 200 bags Rio Coffee, (part strong scented) 100 " Luguira do.

100 " Havana do. 50 hhds. N. Orleans & Porto Rico Sugar 10 pipes and half pipes Champagne and Rochelle Brandy

50 tierces Honey 200 boxes Raisins

100 quarto do. 150 eighth do-Fresh importation. 50 ksgs do.

TOOETHER WITH Cinnamon, Cloves, Pepper, Teas in chests, half chests and boxes, &c. &c. Baltimore, Nov. 17, 1837.

CO-PARTNERSHIP. DAVID HEAGY

DANIEL TRIMMER, AVE this day entered into Partnership in the busines of

CABINET-MAKING. IN ALL ITS VARIOUS BRANCHES: which they will carry on at the Old Stand

of David Heagy, in Chambersburg Street, Where they will keep constantly on hand for sale, at the lowest prices, Bureaus, Tables, Bedsteads,

They will also make COFFINS with which they will attend Funerals when

They hope for a share of public patron-DAVID HEAGY. DANIEL TRIMMER.

March 13, 1838.

NOTICE.

A LL persons indebted to the Estate of JOHN MILLER, late of Germany township, Adams county, deceased, are desired to call with the Subscriber, and make immediate payment, and those who have the city, and is now opening at his store claims against said Estate, are requested to present them, properly authenticated for

The Administrator resides in Mountjoy

FREDERICK COLEHOUSE. Administrator de bonis non.
June 26, 1838.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, residing in Mountjoy township, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to the Estate of

ANDREW ROHRBAUGH, late of Germany township, Adams County, Pa. passed at the last session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, have been to give him a call, and judge for themselves.

eived at this Office, and are ready for SAMUEL WITHEROW. ticated, for settlement.

FREDERICK COLEHOUSE, Adm'r. June 26, 1838.

Encampment of Volunteers.

RERE will be an Encampment of Volunteers formed at Gettysburg, in Adams County, Pa. commencing on Thursday the 13th of September next, and to continue for three days. The Encampment will be formed by the "American Union Battalion," but the different Volunteer Companies withn the bounds of Adams and the neighboring Counties, are all invited to attend: as also the Commissioned and Staff officers of Militia, of the 2d Brigade, 5th Division Pa: Mi-

Tents, fuel, &c. will be provided in sufficient quantities on the ground. T. C. MILLER, Brig. Gen. S. S. McCREARY, Capt. D. M. SMYSER, 1st Licut.

A. B. KURTZ, R. F. McCONAUGHY, WM. KING, Committee of Arrangement.

Gettysburg, July 3, 1538. FRESH DRUGS

MBDUCINES.

JUST received and for sale, at the Store of the subscriber, in Baltimore street, DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

f the best and purest quality-together OILS, PAINTS, &c. &c. JESSE GILBERT.

May 29, 1838. Office of the Star & Banner: Chambersburg Street, a few doors West of

the Court-House. I. The STAR & REPUBLICAN BANKER 'is pubished at TWO DOLLARS per annum (or Volume of 52 numbers,) payable half-yearly in advance: or TWO DOLLARS & FIFTY CENTS if not paid until after the expiration of the year. II. No subscription will be received for a shorter period than six months; nor will the paper be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the Editor. A failure to notify a dis-

continuance will be considered a new engagement. and the paper forwarded accordingly. III. ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square, will be inserted Tunes times for \$1, and 25 cents. for each subsequent insertion-the number of in-To whom CONSTANT WORK and the sertions to be marked, or they will be published till forbid and charged accordingly; longer ones in the same proportion. A reasonable deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.

IV. All Letters and Communications addressed M. C. CLARKSON, Sup't. Ito the Editor by mail must be post-paid, or they tf-9 will not be attended to