[VOL. 9--NO.18.

#### Office of the Star & Banner: Thambersburg Street, a few doors West of the Court-House.

I. The STAR & REPUBLICAN BANNER is pub dished at TWO DOLLARS per annum (or Volume of 52 numbers,) payable half-yearly in advance: or TWO DOLLARS & FIFTY CENTS if not paid until after the expiration of the year.

II. No subscription will be received for a shorter period than six months; nor will the paper be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the Editor. A failure to notify a discontinuance will be considered a new ongagement, and the paper forwarded accordingly.

III. ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square, will be inserted THREE times for \$1, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion-the number of insertions to be marked, or they will be published till forbid and charged accordingly; longer ones in the same proportion. A reasonable deduction will

be made to those who advertise by the year. IV. All Letters and Communications addressed to the Editor by mail must be post-paid, or they

ADVERTISEMENTS.



#### TO THE PUBLIC.

DR. HAUPT, OF BOSTON, ESPECTFULLY informs the Citizens of Gettysburg, that being on a vis-

it to this place, for a few weeks, he will attend to operations on the teeth in all the various branches. The premium mineral teeth, for which the medal was awarded at the New York and Boston Mechanics' Fair, can be inserted from one to a full set, so nearly to resemble the human teeth that the most vigilant eye cannot detect them. Persons whose front teeth have decayed, so far that filling would be mexpedient or impracticable, can have new ones grafted on the root in such a mannor as to be perfectly durable in mastication, at the same time that it adds greatly to personal appearance.

Teeth filled so as to prevent farther decay; ulso filing, cleaning, extracting, &c.

Tooth powder for removing the scurvy o tartar from the teeth and restoring those that have become loose by spongy or ulceruted gums to a perfectly sound state, also selected English and French tooth brushes. CHILDREN'S teeth regulated.

Upper sets, where there are no teeth, set on gold plate, supported by atmospheric pres sure, warranted to keep firm.

Sure, warranted to keep firm.

Specimens of evey description may be seen at the residence of Mr. H. HAUPT, adjoining the Theological Seminary; or persons wishing for an operation, will be attended to bt their residence, by leaving a note directed to Dr. HAULT, Box No. 12, Post Office.

July 3. 1839.

Certificate of Nicholas Weaver.

This is to certify that I bought of your agent at Gottysburg, several bottles, of your valuable Balsam of Health, which completely cared me of the Dyspesia. I had taken much of other patent Medicines, but found no relief, until I made use of your Balsam of Health, which affected a radical care, and do recommend it oull those who are troubled with that obstinate disorder Dyspesia.

NICHOLAS WEAVER.

Gettysburg. Pa. Nov. 2, 1836.

# NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons who know themselves to be indebted to erly authenticated to the subscribers for settlement.

The first named Executor resides in Mountpleas ant and the latter in Conowago township. JOSEPH E. HEMLER, Exec'rs.

J. L. GUBERNATOR, July 3, 1838.

#### COLD SPRING, South Mountain, 14 miles east of Chambersburg

MINHE subscriber, thankful to the public for past favors, respectfully informs them that he will re open the Cold Spring establishment for the reception of visitors directly after the 4th of July, and will spare no efforts to render satisfaction to those who may favor him with their company.

HIS TABLE will be abundantly supplied with the best the country can afford—his BAR with the choicest Liquors, and his STABLE with the best of feed.

To persons acquainted with the character of this Spring, its location and salubrious air, nothing need be said to recommend it to those who desire the invigorating effects of the cool fountain and pure, health-inspiring breezes, or who wish to escape for a season from the heat and burthen of business to enjoy the pleasure of a retreat amidst nature's bowers and alongside of one of her most delightful fountains. Those unacquainted with the advantages of the "Cold Spring," will find no more satisfactory way of becoming better informed than by paying it a visit.

GIDEON SHIREY. To Comfortable conveyance from Chambersburg to the Spring, & back again, can be had at any time.

#### Wrightsville, York and Gettysburg Rail Road Company.

Y a resolution of the Board of Managers of this Company, the Stockholders are hereby requested to pay into the Treasury \$5 on each share of Stock, on or before the 15th of the present month; and also the same amount on each share, on the 15th of each succeeding month until the whole is paid. Stockholders will please attend punctually to this request.

Stockholders in Philadelphia can pay to the Cashier of the U. S. Bank; and in Columbia to ROBERT B. WRIGHT, Esq. at the Collector's office.

JOHN B. M'PHERSON, I reasurer. May 1, 1886.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

#### COACH LACE, FRINGE AND TASSELS

THE Subscriber has now on hand a large stock of very superior © QQ BIR BACB oFRINGE AND TASSELS, OF HIS OWN MANUFACTURE,

which he will dispose of on the most reason lable terms.

Orders from a distance will be promptly attended to. Any Pattern made to order. Address

JOHN ODELL, Gettysburg, Pa.
N. B. All kinds of MILITARY work done to order.

November 17, 1837. Petition for Divorce. PETER STEFFY ) No. 19 April T. vs.
ELIZABETH STEFFY. 1537. alias Sub-

MOTICE is hereby given to the respondent, ELIZABETH STEFFY, to be and uppear at the next Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, to be held at Gettysburg. on the 4th Monday of August, 1838, to show cause, if any she has, why she should not be divorced from the Bonds of Matrimony from PETER STEFFY, her husband.

By the Court, B. GILBERT, Prot'y. June 19, 1838.

#### Just received by the subscriber, a fresh supply of GARLEGANT'S BALSAM OF HEALTH. Prepared only by JOHN S. MILLER,

Frederick City, Md. THIS valuable Medicine has only been introduced to the public in medicine has only been introduced

THIS valuable Medicine has only been introduced to the public in various parts of the country, and hundreds of persons have used it, and found its beneficial effects, and 7 out of ten cases have been permanently cured of the Dyspepsia, Cholics, Nervous Tremors. lowness of Spirits, Palpitation of the heart; and all those trains of diseases, resulting from a disordered condition of the stomach and liver, or derungement of the digestive function, such as general debility or weakness, flatulency, loss of appetite, sour eructations and acidities of the stomach, costiveness, head ache, jaundice, flatulent and bilious cholic, &c.

The proprietor does not recommend it as most patent medicines, as a care all, and when used is found wanting, so that the public have got so much deceived, that they can searcely be prevailed upon to try any more, which is not the case with this Balsam of Itealth, as hundreds of persons have received the most happy and good effects, which the proprietor can prove, if required by the testimony of many respectable persons that have been cared of the above diseases, he has only given the certificates of several persons below, as it would occupy too much room in this advertisement to insert all the certificates, which he has in his possession—many of which can be seen in his Directious, which accompany each Bottle.

Certificate of Nicholas Weaver.

Gettysburg, Pa. Nov. 2

Certificate of Jos. S. Snapp, Frederick Co. Va. Mr. John Miller.—Sir—I do hereb. certify, that I have been afflicted with Dyspepsia for the last 4 or 5 years, which has been increasing on me ever sinct to such a degree, that for the last 3 or 4 weeks provito such a degree, that for the last 3 or 4 weeks previous to using your valuable Garlegant's Balsam of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa. deceased, either by bond, note or book account, to make payment of their respective dues to the subscribers, Executors of said dec'd, without delay; and those persons who have claims against the said Estate are hereby requested to present their accounts properly authenticated to the subscribers for ing the first three doses, I found the stomach to retain in some degree what I cat, and the pain in a great measure subsiding. After using only one and a half bottles I found myself entirely well, and can now eat any thing I have an inclination for, and can sleep well at night. It was surprising to see the quantity of morbid matter I discharged from my stomach, which I am inclined to believe was coated thick with it, which no doubt rendered all diet indigestible. Given under my land this last day of December. 1836 hand this 1st day of December, 1836.

JOS. S. SNAPP. Frederick County, Va. The proprietor requests all those persons that are afflicted in the way above described, to give his medicine a fair trial, and he assures them they will not be

disappointed.

He does assure the public and citizens of this place and county, that his Bulsam is Botanical in its composition, and is perfectly innocent, and can be used by both sexes of any age, with perfect safety without any change of habit or diet.

For sale only in Hagerstown, by MILLER & LUTZ, in Waynesboro', Pa. by M. M. STONER, and in Shippensburg, by JOHN BRECKENBRIDGE.

For sale at the Drug Store of S. H. BUEHLER.

S. H. BUEHLER.

Gettysburg, May 15, 1838. Dr. Peters' Vegetable Pills.

these pills is another proof of the infallibility of the old adage that "truth is powerful and will prevail." Other pills are only puffed, but Dr. Peters' are purchased and praised, & recommend ed until the demand for them has become almos

Dr. Poters would impress this fact upon the public, that his pills are not a quack medicine, but scientific compound of simples which has been the result of many years intense application to profession in which he was regularly bred, and ence it is as popular with the regular faculty as

with the people at large.

One of the many peculiar virtues of the Vegetable Pills is, that while very powerful in its effects,
it is particularly mild and gentle in its action— Unlike the generality of medicines, its application s nover attended with nausea or griping.

For sale at the Drug Store of

Dr. J. GILBERT, Agent. Gettysburg "Jan. 5, 1838.

ROSE OINTMENT. OR Tetters Ringworms, Pimples on Sold at the Apothecary and Drug obtaining any part of said estate. Dr. J. GILBERT.

#### Gettysburg, April 10, 1838. PILLS!

TONIC AND APERIENT PILLS, YOU will parade in front of the Court-house, PER'S PILLS and EOFF'S PILLS on Saturday the 4th day of August next, PETER'S PILLS and EOFF'S PILLS Can be had wholesale or retail at the at 2 o'clock, P. M., precisely, for drill. Drug Store of

Dr. J. GILBERT, Agent. May 15, 1838.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

#### NEW AND CHEAP SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

J. A. WINROTT ISHES to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has just re-turned from Philadelphia with a well selected Stock of

DRY GOODS, Groceries, and Liquors, all of which he will sell cheap for Cash or

Country Produce. He also has, in addition to his for



a large quantity, which he has manufactur ed expressly for his own sales, viz:

100 pair best calf stitched Boots, Fudged do. 100 " coarse 50 " Morocco & seal-skin do. 100 " Calf Monroes, 100 do.

500 " coarse do. " Men's Fine Shoes, 100 " Men's Calf and Morocco Pumps 100 "Boy's Monroes, 50 "Gaiter Boots,

100 " Kid Slippers, (Women's) 100 " Morocco do. 100 " Sealskin do. 100 " Prunolla Shippers, 100 " Calf 100 44 44 Slippers,

50 \*\* \*\* Boots, " Misses' Morocco Slippers, " do. Prunella do. " Children's Red Morocco Boots, 50 " do. Red Lasting do. 50 " do. Black Leather Boots, 50 " Infants' Kid Shppers.

# FRESH GOODS.

1F-4

Gettysburg, April 24, 1838.

Cheaper than ever!

the city, and is now opening at his store on the north-east corner of the Diamond, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

60073,

of the best quality-embracing every variety of

# DRY GOODS. GROCERIES,

gc. gc. dec. which have been purchased on the best terms —and which he can sell cheaper than they have ever been offered. He invites the public to give him a call, and judge for themselves. SAMUEL WITHEROW. Gettysburg, May 15, 1838. 15-7

### VALUABLE PROPERTY PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber, Administrator of JACOB FISHER, late of Franklin county, deceased, will sell at private sale, and on reasonable terms, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Jacob Fisher, dec'd, at the time of his death, in a certain

Plantation & Tract of Land. containing 200 acres, on which are erected**z**a first rate

MERCHANT AND GRIST-MILL. ALSO A

Saw Mill. situate in Liberty township, and formerly the property of Alexander Mack.

private sale on or before the 10th day of Au. | being victorious, have for its object the best gust next, then the interest of the deceased interests and prosperity of the Commonin the same, will be offered at public sale on Monday the 27th day of August, at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the Court House in the

Borough of Gettysburg.

Application to be made to James Cooper, Esq. in the borough of Gettysburg, who will make known the terms to those

desirous of purchasing.
SAMUEL FISHER, Administrator of Jacob Fisher, dec'd. May 15, 1838. tf-7

# AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

HE undersigned Auditors appointed by the Orphans' Court of Adams County, to distribute the assetts remaining in the hands of the Administrator of GEORGE BAUGHER, deceased, to and among the creditors of said deceased, will meet for that purpose at the house of George Ickes, in the Borough of Berwick on Wednesday the 1st of August next, at 10 o'clock A. M. at which time and place all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same properly authenticated. This being the face, and other Cataneous cruptions, the final distribution, all persons neglecting prepared by VAUGHMAN & DAVIS, Phila. this notice, will thereafter be precluded from

> JOHN PICKING, JOHN BARNITZ, Auditors. JOSEPH B. HENRY. June 26, 1838.

# 4t-13BRANDRETH'S PILLS, EVANS' GETTYSBURG GUARDS!

BY ORDER OF THE CAPTAIN,

JOHN ZIEGLER, O. S. July 24, 1838.

The Farmer Governor.

Der Joseph Ritner ift ber Mann, Der unfern Staat regieren fann.

#### We have a Captain Good and True.

Air-"AULD LANG STNE." WHEN Wisdom guides the ship of State, And Justice holds the helm; No driving storm or frowning fate Can e'er the barque o'erwhelm.

Chonus: We have a Captain good and true; The I'eople's man, I trow. He's steer'd them safe all tempests thro' They call him Captain JO!

No sounding name, 'tis true, we own, No titled tinsel there; Yet kings might envy on their throne, A name so good and fair. He is a Captain, &c.

The School-House decks the way-side hill: The Beatman's merry horn Along the gay Canal is still Heard noon, and night, and morn.

Then here's the Captain, &c. And up the rugged mountain's side, And o'er the smiling plain, Behold the Locomotive glide, And Wealth glide in its TRAIN.

Then here's a Captain, &c. And he who Virtue makes his guide, And Mind directs his way, A Captain fit the free to guide, Shall we forsake him? NAY!

Then here's the Captain, &c. We'll come from every hill and dule; From mountain, valley, plain; And when we meet October's gule, Give him the helm again!

> The here's a Captain good and true, The People's man, I trow; He's steer'd them safe all tempests thro They call him CAPTAIN JO!

# Receipt for purifying Poli-

ticians! Take an old Locofoco, who has seen his folly, and who has nearly resolved to turn away from it, and appoint him Post Master, his, and if lost, it is lost to Government and not to him, and it will purify him and make him as stubborn as before! The above receipt is good, and might be accompanied by numerous certificates!

Near one "Fairfield" town, MIKE. Adams County, Pa.

#### FOR THE GETTYSBURGH STAR AND BANNER. Reflections for the People.

The time is fast approaching when the people of Pennsylvania will be called on a gain to exercise one of the most precious privileges of freemen. The political campaign for the Gubernatorial contest has openfield, and are already engaged in active preparations for the day when the decisive battle is to be fought.

As the next election will be one of great moment to the citizens of Pennsylvania, it is all important that the principles and measures of the respective candidates, as well as of the parties with which they are identified, should be fully made known. This it is necessary to do, in order that we may be en-If the said property, shall not be sold at abled to judge which would, in the event of

ly niterested. Joseph Ritner and David R. Porter are the persons presented to us for our suffrages, the former is the candidate of the Anti-Van Buren party-and the latter is the manaround whom, that hetrogeneous mass, composed Foco's, agracianites, &c. &c. have rallied under the tempting & delusive name of "De mocracy" to which they cannot with any propriety lay the least claim. These then are the men, and these the parties to which they belong, whose principles and measures

it becomes every voter to examine. Joseph Ritner is tried, with his principles we are all conversant; he has been for near. ly three years at the helm of government and to say that his acts have redounded to the nia, who had voted to prostrate the sacred welfare of Pennsylvania is but asserting what his most bitterfoes however reluctantly, must admit. His only aim has been to manage be borne in mind that it was a representathe public affairs in such a way, that all tive from Pennsylvania (Mr. Ingersoll) who should participate in its prosperity.

And although his administration had to encounter all the opposition which a reckless enemy could make, still he has been enabled, by the powers of a strong and vigorous intellect which are so characteristic of him, to baffle all their attempts, so that in the end when every other state in the Union was feeling and smarting under the mad and ruinous measures of the General Government.

ing its desolation over the fairest portions of of wood and drawers of water to Southern our country, she in a measure remained un slave holders!!

Overcoming all opposition to her best interests at home, she has at the same time thwarted the design of foreign influence, directed and controlled by the base and subserviant menials of the party in power at Washington.

Why has Pennsylvania thus prospered? because she was governed by such a man as Joseph Ritner and by such principles as have a tendency to elevate the condition of any country if left to take their own course; priniples that are professed and practiced by the great Whig party, throughout the Union, and which if dominant would elevate us from an enslaved and fettered, to a free and happy people.

This has been the course of Gov. Ritner, and we have every reason to believe that it will continue to be so. How can we doubt this, when every day of his administration increases the public confidence in his ability, and gains him the respect and admiration of

the good and wise throughout the land. But who is David R. Porter? what are his principles, or what claims has he upon the freemen of this Commonwealth? Before his nomination but few persons knew of his existence no inquiry had gone forth as to who he was. We are however told that he was a long time a member of the Legislature, and that he now holds a seat in the Senate. But when we examine the Journals of either House for what he has done they show us nothing that could distinguish him or make him conspicuous in any way, of the Globe enclosed in the President's Message: of his "yeas" and "naye" and those let me remark by the way are very rarely seen on the journal, for he is troubled with a great propensity of "dodging," and has never been known to record his vote, whenever a question of importance was decided, for if possi-

ble he invariably shuns responsibility. Judging, then from his public life (for his private transactions will be left for a more convenient season) he has no fixed principles of action, but is a mere time serving

He has however consented to be the canlidate of the Van Buren party in Pennsylvania, and is consequently pledged (if elec ted) to become the "honored instrument." through which that party is to carry out their obnoxious measures. He is identified with their principles and will be made to pursue their policy. His election will be the means of introducing into the State administration, the same destructive measures which are and give him one Hundred Dollars of Gov-ernment money to bet on the Governor's the effects of which are now so severely felt election-promise him that if it wins it is by every class of citizens in our whole community. Having no principles of his own, he must adopt those of his party--it matters not how detestable, or how destructivel

Such are the principles and measures of the candidates now presented to us for our suffrages. Can we long hesitate which of the two to choose? I trust not. Can we select Porter? No! we have already had a surfeit of the mad experiments of the National administration. Do we wish for more? or can any one hope for something better from their hands? thus to hope would be

worse than folly, it would be madness! That administration which promised so much and so fair has reduced us to a melancholy situation indeed, and every successive ed—the contending parties have taken the day shows but an increased determination to pursue the same path, to "follow in the same footsteps," not content with having conducted us to the brink of the precipice, they seem fully resolved to plunge us headlong into the deep abyss of universal and irretrievable ruin and destruction that awaits

us below. But we have it in our power to break the chains of oppression that are now grinding us to the dust, and to hurl them at our oppressors. The only hope, the only hold of Van Burenism is in Pennsylvania. If we reelect Joseph Ritner, Van Buren will be abanwealth, a consummation so desirable that doned to his fate, and Pennsylvania will conevery individual cannot but feel himself deep- tinue in her present prosperity—she will go on rejoicing, the envy of malignant foes and the delight of anxious friends.

In view of all this, we are impelled by every motive that can influence an enlightened people to take a firm stand. Let us do so-and the fatal charm that has so long of Sub-Treasury men, Van Burenites, Loco | seduced us from the paths of felicity and prosperity will be broken, and broken for everl NO LOCO FOCO.

> OF The severity of the following consists in the act of its coming from a paper not friendly to Anti-But it may be asked, to what did Gover-

nor Ritner allude by the phrase "the base bowing of the knee to the dark spirit of slavery?" He alluded to the conduct of the representatives in Congress from Pennsylvaslavery in the District of Columbia. It will offered the resolution which was adopted,to appease the South, which denied to the people a hearing on this subject!!! It was this his policy always prevailed—at a time too the subject of freedom from debasing and of universal bankruptcy he has sustained the Obligations lead him to prostrate all his my ancestors in a house not made with bands. tp-17 credit and augmented the public faith of principles rather than support an Anti-Ma eternal in the heavens."

Pennsylvania; surrounded by ruin and dis- | son!) would construe noble sentiments, such tress on every side, she alone has, through as these, into abolitionism!! Such persons the policy of his measures enjoyed compara- would be fit southern emissaries to carry tive prosperity; while the dire calamity was out and inflict upon us, all the misery of affecting other parts of the Union and spread- Southern despotism!! and make us hewers

> From the Richmond Whig. The Government Repudiating its own Paper .- The following transaction will speak for itself:

[A COPY.] POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

DRAFT No. 5323. To J. J. Coddington, P. M. at New York: or order, one thousand four hundred and twenty-four dollars and fifty cents, and charge to account of this Department.

Specie or Treasury Notes Wanted

AMOS KENDALL,

P. M. General.

Charged—C. K. Gardonea,

Auditor P. O. Department.

Specie or Treasury Notes Wanted

Having to pay to the

Having to pay to the Government two duty bonds, amounting to about 1,930 dollars,—we offered to day to Thomas Nelson, Esq. Collector of this port, 500 dollars in specie, a Treasury Note for 100 dollars, and the above draft of the Government for 1,424 dollars 50 cents. The draft was promptly refused by the Collector, who stated that he had no authority to take such claims against the Government in discharge of claims due

to it. We will, therefore, give the market value for the specie or Treasury Notes .--How long will a people, who once called themselves free and independent, submit to such tyranny? DAVID ANDERSON, Jr. & CO.

July 12th, 1838. The following letter was addressed to the Editors of the Globe by Mr. Davies, Member of

WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 6, 1837. Messrs. Blain & Rives: - After the mesages of the President, which I ordered yes. terday, were folded and sent to my lodgings last night, I discovered that in addition to the message, each package contained a prospectus for the Congressional Globe and Appondix. Believing that such a paper would be altogether uninteresting to my constituents and unwilling to appropriate to my own use the labors or productions of others without rendering an equivalent,I took the trouble of opening each package in order to return to you the papers, which for the credit of your establishment, I would willingly persuade myself were enveloped through mistake, and not with a view or design of defrauding the Government.

EDWARD DAVIES.

of illustrating the baseness

A Chip of the Old Block. In the speech of Young CROCKETT, of Tennessee, upon the memorial of Francis P. Blair, in reference to the public printing, Mr. CROCKETT

said:-

and perfidy of this official editor, I will relate a trick that he played off on me at the commencement of this session. I hope the fact is not forgotten by the House or the country that the President refused to allow to the printer of this House a copy of his Message under the ordinary injunctions previously to its being read, as was shown by a correspondence in the Madisonian soon after. This I then believed, and still believe, was a low and pitiful manœuvre of His Excellency, to throw patronage in the way of the Globe. The consequence was, that the printer of this House was unable to supply the Members with the Message until he could print them, after it was delivered, unless he would allow them to be furnished by the favored editor of the Globe. Owing to this fact, I and many others were compelled either to submit to the delay, or buy from the Globe office. Knowing the great anxiety of my constituents to see the Message as soon as possible I adopted the latter alternative. I ordered some two or three hundred, and they were sent to me, already enveloped. I had sent them all away but two or three, before I opened one of them: and, sir, what do you imagine my astonishment was when I discovered a prospectus of the Extra Globe amuggled in it! Thus you see, sir. by a gross fraud upon the Government and a base imposition upon me, I was made to frank to my constituents, for aught I know, some two or three hundred prospectuses for the Extra Globe! I spoke of it to several gentlemen, who informed me that the same trick had been played off upon them. Now, sir, (said Mr. C.) can any man believe that a wretch who is capable of such smuggling, fraud, and treachery as this, in small matters, would not be capable of any crime, no matter how infamons, if he thought he could escape detection and punshment?

A BRAVE OLD OAK .- In a recent interview with the Hon. John Quincy Adams, he addressed his visiters in the following language: "I am a member, in full communion right of petition, on the subject of abolishing of the Congregational church of Quincy.-Henry Adams, my ancestor, emigrated from England in 1634, and was one of the founders of this church in 1639. His son Joseph, was long a member of the same church, and died in 1694, aged 63. His son Joseph, was humiliating circumstance which brought also a member, and died in 1739, aged 52. forth the remark,—a circumstance which His son John, my grand father, was also a placed the blush on the cheek of many a member and a deacon in this church, and Pennsylvania who revered her noble stand on died in 1760, aged 68 years. My father was long a member, and died as you will recruel slavery. Does the disapproval of this member in 1826, at the age of 91. On my humiliating act of the representatives from father's decease, I joiced the same church. Pennsylvania, make a man an abolitionist? I had not joined before, as I was most of the Every untoward circumstance that could Surely not. Yet the Key Stone, the Voluntime absent from home; but God has long possibly present itself, was staring in his face teer and their brother of the Franklin Re been my hope, and now as I am about to die, -but he surmounted them all. In the midst pository (a professed Whig, whose Masonic I have a calm and cheerful hope, of joining