Political Matters.

From the Harrisburg Telegraph.

Reforms under Gov. Ritner.

It is useful occasionally to let the people see what they have gained by the election of Gov. Ritner, and the reforms, introduced under his administration.

In 1832, the friends of Muhlenburg in Allegheny county, published an address in which they denounced the office-holders under Gov. Wolf as "CORRUPT AND IMBECILE"—as "SLAVISH AND PRODIGAL"—and as "A BAND OF MARAUDERS PREYING UPON THE VITALS OF THE STATE." They also gave the following summary of the increase of the debt under Wolf's administration:

A Daily increase of	$8,359
A Monthly, " "	$249,970
A Yearly, " "	$2,999,450
A Total, " "	$16,093,422

All this daily, monthly and yearly increase of State debt, has been arrested—totally stopped, by Gov. Ritner. The state tax repealed, and an empty treasury resuscitated—but the Loco Focos are uneasy. There is no public plunder to be had. They have therefore nominated one of Gov. Wolf's "BAND OF MARAUDERS" for Governor, that the public coffers may again be opened to them. This fact cannot be denied, else why did they nominate a "CORRUPT AND IMBECILE—SLAVISH AND PRODIGAL," old office-holder?

Correspondence of the National Intelligencer.

NEW YORK, May 8.

ONE MILLION AND A HALF OF DOLLARS in specie left this city this morning, in the Philadelphia 6 o'clock boat for Philadelphia, probably to go down the jaws of the Mountain.

There is a great deal of fog in our money market here it is yet difficult to see through. My opinion is, that the Bank of England has repented of its quarrel with the Pennsylvania U. S. Bank, and ordered a portion of its specie sent here to be sent to Philadelphia. Rumor says that Mr. Jaudon, the agent of the Pennsylvania Bank, (a bank bankrupt! a bank insolvent! *vide Globe, passim,*) was about to draw from the Bank of England the nice sum of $16,000,000 in species, when John Bull's monster concluded it was best to make friends with Brother Jonathan's monster, and thus this specie marches to Philadelphia, with more in its train. This conjecture is confirmed, in part, by the following statement in the London Morning Chronicle (received last night) of April 9th:

"It is said that apprehensive of the consequences of the misunderstanding with the Bank of the United States, the Directors of the Bank of England have absolutely forbidden the policies of insurance upon a very large amount of money. Taken at the lowest calculation, at one per cent. we are informed of £15,000!"

The financial policy of this may be seen in the state of the markets in Europe. It has required all the strength of Mr. Biddle to keep up the cotton market in Liverpool, in face of the operations of speculators in America. The first hint of such an exportation is, that the products of the country to which the bullion is sent must fall, to counteract the effect of the exportation! Mr. Biddle has succeeded liberably well, but the cotton market is drooping; and, if we insist upon pay in gold and silver, cotton, rice, and tobacco, and state stocks, must pay the bill in a depreciation.

Mr. Biddle's head is a great deal longer than most men's; his man's wine, in our city, so often blow him up. He don't want to sacrifice the great staples of the country, or to produce universal pressure and disaster by a precipitancy in specie payments. He don't want to keep gold and silver marching over the ocean and back at every little turn in the tide of the exchanges, or to cart it, specie circular fashion, over hill and hillock from Pen Yan to Kalamazoo. This seems to me to be what he means by saying "The great prerogative of strength is to do right." However, in all these guesses, I am but groping my way in the fog. Wall street, Chesnut street, and Threadneedle street, (London,) are very foggy just now. Chesnut street, however, just now, seems to be winning the day.

NEW YORK, May 9.

Nearly TWO MILLIONS, principally in gold, instead of a million and a half, as I wrote you yesterday, went to Philadelphia yesterday for the monster; giving him now about five millions of "the real grit." I rather think he can buy "the Government" now, out and out, if Mr. Wright's account of the dolorous condition of Uncle Sam's purse is correctly stated, notwithstanding his poverty as *figured* forth in the Globe. By the way, since Uncle Sam abandoned his good old steady Quaker wife for such a set of mistresses, the poor old fellow yet suffers sadly, even with the 10,000,000 of Treasury pap to feed him. Much as the merchants and business men, however, respect the old gentleman, in spite of his derelictions from duty, they do not want to see him have more of these Treasury notes. All practical men here, uninterested by direct influences, deprecate such a currency, and wish no more of it. It is a false way of doing business, they say; and Uncle Sam will, in the end, be but the worse off for such a patching up of his rags and old clothes. He must have a new tailor, they add, a new suit, and quit these Locofoco ideas of *divorce;* and it is shameful, all cry out, for the old man to come into Wall street skin-plastered all over, when even "the yellow boys" "snicker" at him through the brokers' windows. The "rag barons" here now, with the eagle between on, and sovereigns and Napoleons on their heads scorn even to shake hands with the old fellow; whereas, when Mr. Kendall introduced him to them in 1834, they smiled and capered about him like dancing masters, and could not shake hands often enough in a day.

To night, a year ago, the Banks of New York resolved it was necessary to suspend specie payments. These year of grace has ended, and the law compels a resumption to-morrow all over the State.

Steps are being taken in Wall street for an organization of a large Bank under the general banking law.

U. S. Bank stock is yet rising. To-day it stands at 116¾. There is no change in the money market. The Banks do little or nothing.

From the Harrisburg Intelligencer.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Goods in Nine days from New York to Cincinnati by Pennsylvania Canal!

We notice this unprecedented fact announced in the Cincinnati papers. Goods actually on sale in that city which had left the City of New York, but NINE DAYS previously, having passed along our public improvements in Mr. Leech's Fast Line! Is minnow here Master Brooks? Such truly gratifying incidents redound to the credit not only of Mr. Leech, but also to the public agents generally, through whose vigilance, attention and admirable management such results are attained. Just think of it! Why Amos Kendall's defunct Express line could traverse this immense distance in but little less time! Should the experiment of navigating the Ocean by Steam, prove successful, and the intercourse be kept up between Liverpool and New York, goods could be delivered at this speed of transit, in the city of New Orleans, via of the Pennsylvania Canal, in THIRTY DAYS FROM LIVERPOOL!

We ask the merchants of the Eastern and Western Emporiums, whether they ever had such facilities under the old regime? Did the agents of Governor Wolf expedite the transit of merchandize with a speed so remarkable, and in a period of time so short as to be almost incredible? Were the public works ever in so perfect a state of repair as they are found in at this moment? We are not fearful of the response to these inquiries; it must be such as will gratify Governor Ritner and his agents, as well as those who advocate his re-election upon the ground of the superior manner in which the State improvements are conducted. We call upon the merchants and business men generally, to speak out in good faith towards the man who has in so praiseworthy a manner *redeemed* and sustained the reputation of our public works. New York will soon be driven from her position of rivalry with Philadelphia, and be forced to yield up the palm to Pennsylvania. She was the pioneer, it is true, in the noble enterprize of Internal Improvement. Pennsylvania took the field as her competitor, and now we witness the proud spectacle of our State triumphing—her improvements excelling in the facilities which are afforded to merchants! Again: we call upon the farmers—upon all who have contributed to the rearing up these grand monuments, to rally in the support of JOSEPH RITNER, and secure his re-election, and before the expiration of his second term, Pennsylvania will be deriving a revenue from her improvements, equal to the payment of the interest upon her debt, PAID with a surplus left to apply to the gradual extinguishment of the principal! How great a desideratum! Sustain Governor Ritner, and we have not a doubt but that he will accomplish this result in due time, by his vigilant care, prudence and wisdom!

From the Harrisburg Telegraph.

Texas Honors.

The following paragraph is going the round of the papers:

"HONORS.—We perceive by the regulation of the *"Velasco Jocky Club,"* at Velasco, Texas, that the next race is to take place in the first week in May, and that the following distinguished individuals have been elected honorary members viz:—Gen. Andrew Jackson, Tenn; Gen James Hamilton, Gen. Waddy Thompson, Hon. John C. Calhoun; Hon William C. Preston, Hon F. Pickens, and Col. Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Hon Dixon H. Lewis, Alabama; Hon M. Hamar, Ohio; W. M. Meredith, E. J. Ross, R. P. Walker, John Cox, William R. Johnson, Virginia; Gen. S. Swartwout, *of New York, and each and every Elector in the United States, who has espoused the cause of Liberty in Texas."*

Messrs. Preston, Calhoun, Hamilton, &c. must feel themselves highly honored by being elected "honorary members" of the *"Velasco Jocky Club,"* in the "Republic of Texas."

These are just such honors as we should presume would come from that "independent Republic" of land pirates. Horse racing, gambling, &c are undoubtedly more important schools for those who intend to reside there, than institutions of learning, and consequently it may in Texas be considered as much an "honor" to be associated with a "Jockey Club," as it is here to be with a Literary Institution, or a College of learning. From the above tender of "honors," the people can judge of who and what the "brave revolutionists" of Texas are.

THE CHANGE IN SCHUYLKILL COUNTY—GOV. RITNER.

Our intelligence is of the most favorable character from Schuylkill county. The Miners' Journal expresses the opinion that the vote will be very close in the fall, and adds:

"This may appear surprising to those who are aware that a majority of between seven and eight hundred votes were polled against him at the last election, without being aware that the changes in his favor have been going on ever since in a manner truly unprecedented. It is thought by some, that there will not be above a hundred majority either way; but the best information that we can at present get, shows a majority of a number in favor of Ritner. Should this prediction be verified, we shall hail with rejoicing the regeneration of Schuylkill co."

A GOOD SHOT.—The notorious Bennet of the New York Weekly Herald, a neutral in politics, gets off President Van Buren in the following fine style:

"ALAS! POOR VAN BUREN!—The Whig victory in Baltimore followed on the heels of the one published this morning from Virginia, has, we fear, given Mr. Van Buren the asthma. Alas, poor Van! Unless I can immediately negociate with Queen Victoria for him, he will be in no position to assume her hand.

A story is told of a monkey in a barber's shop, who watched with great interest the movements of a man shaving himself. As soon as the man departed, the monkey snatched up the razor and drawing a few strokes across his neck, cut his throat. So it is with Mr. Van Buren. He has "travelled in the footsteps" of General Jackson, till, like the monkey imitating the man shaving himself, he has cut his throat.

If the Whigs manage their cards well they will carry New York in November by 20,000 majority. Even this cry may be placed on the Whig side by 3000. We do want a revolution in the policy of the government—and must have it. I shall, however, be back in time to set up the nine pins in the fall.

We learn from the Trenton Gazette, that lithographed letters recommending in high terms the Extra Weekly Globe, are being circulated over the whole country by the Van Buren members of Congress, under the franking privilege. What an outrage this is—what an abuse of privileges! Where will this corruption end? Every thing created by law and enjoyed under the constitution by public functionaries, is appropriated by the Van Buren party to base purposes. If our government is not speedily purged of these corruptions, they will destroy the country.—*Harrisburg Chronicle.*

A CONVENTION ABANDONED.—The Harrisburgh Telegraph states that the proposition of the Democratic Republican Central committee of this State, to hold a Convention on the subject of the Presidency in June next, at Pittsburgh, has been abandoned.—This is well—there will be quite time enough to agitate this topic after the October election. We agree with the Telegraph, that the Reading Convention should be particularly careful to avoid this or any other topic likely to produce division. Every opponent of the Sub-Treasury—every friend of trade, commerce, and a sound currency, should unite, harmoniously, and act together in the fall; and thus the party may move confidently and harmoniously on, from one victory to the other.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

A CHANGE IN MAINE.—MR. SMITH member of Congress from Cumberland District, and heretofore one of the most thorough going Administration members from Maine, has recently addressed two letters to his constituents, in which he denounces the measures of the Administration in express terms. He has formally renounced Van Burenism and has, in turn, been read out of the party by the Portland Argus, Globe, and other organs.

From the Montrose Spectator.

QUERIES FOR THE VOLUNTEER.

1. If the Van Buren party is made up of such kind of materials as may be bought with "thank rags," notwithstanding the opposition of the "golden humbug," what kind of a party must it be?

2. If the *democrats* (self-styled) of New York, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New Jersey, &c. can be bought up in one year, how long will it take to buy up the whole party?

3. How many "shin-plasters" does it take to buy a democrat? Suppose Simon pure democrat, *alias* a loco-foco?

4. If the *democrats* (self-styled) of New York, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New Jersey, &c. can be bought up in one year, how long will it take to buy up the whole party?

5. How many "shin-plasters" does it take to buy a democrat? Suppose Simon pure democrat, *alias* a loco-foco?

We hope the Volunteer will gratify the public with answers to these questions. It is important that the people should understand, as insinuations without proper explanations are thrown out upon the subject.

We are frequently asked if it be true that DAVID R. PORTER is a *"horse racer?"* It is confidently asserted that he is, by those who know the man. Whatever doubts there may exist on this point—though we believe there are none, it is quite certain he is a *"horse jockey,"* as he cheated a poor fellow up the country out of a horse in a trade some time since! The man is of the Loco Foco tribe, which aggravates the offence; and we have not heard of any one so unprincipled a man.[*Harrisburg Intelligencer.*

Friend Poulson of the Philadelphia American Daily Advertiser, seems to think the *fact* recently proclaimed by the administration, through the Globe, that "the *People* MUST *take care of themselves,*" is likely to be verified—and cites the recent elections in New York, Connecticut, Rhode Island and Baltimore, to show that the *People* are taking care of themselves. He might as well have added Virginia and Mississippi. Have not the *People* of those States emphatically *promised* to "take care of themselves?"—Who doubts that they will redeem their *pledge?—Baltimore Patriot.*

The following rpt remarks were made by Mr. STANLEY, of North Carolina, in the House of Representatives of the U. States, on Saturday last, in reply to an allusion of Mr. TOUCEY, to what he offensively called the "better days" of Mr. ADAMS.

"I ask," said Mr. STANLEY, "what does he mean by that phrase? Does he mean the time when he had patronage and office to bestow? These are perhaps a man's *better days* in the institution of the Chairman? Does he mean that the days when his physical powers were in the highest perfection, are gone; and that his intellectual powers also are now decayed? If so, the allusion was uncivil and unfeeling. The gentleman from Massachusetts and myself, (continued Mr. STANLEY,) differ on some subjects *toto cœlo;* but I could not feel indignant to hear the Chairman speak, as he did, of a man whose age, whose long public services, whose vast acquirements, and boundless information, all entitle him to respect. His intellect, sir, seems to grow stronger with age.—Sir, I leave the Chairman in the hands of the gentleman from Massachusetts and as we say to culprits, in our part of the country, *'May the Lord have mercy upon him.'"*

WASHINGTON, May 7, 1838.

IN SENATE, May 7, 1838.

During the morning, Mr. WEBSTER introduced an interesting memorial from several Officers of the United States Army, who represent, that instead of whisky rations, they should receive a ration of coffee and sugar, which would be a more desirable substitute. The petitioners say it would preserve the health, efficiency and happiness and frequently the moral reformation of the soldiers of the Army. They believe that the gill of whiskey still allowed to men on fatigue duty under the act of Congress of 1819, unnecessary, and fails to answer the end for which it was granted. They believe it contributes in a great degree to form and keep alive habits of intemperance the legitimate result of which are insubordination, disease and crime.

In presenting this memorial, Mr. Webster made some brief and happy remarks. He thought that if ardent spirits could be beneficially and usefully dispensed with by soldiers on fatigue duty, it would be difficult to maintain the necessity of their use by persons in any occupation or employment.

The petition was read, ordered to be printed, and referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

General Intelligence.

DEATH.—On the 25th of April last, a man, named Francis Gallaher, was found dead in Greene township in Franklin county. The Coroner's inquest held over the body returned the following verdict: "The deceased came to his death by the effects of ardent spirits, and exposure to wet and cold."

ARREST FOR MURDER.—The inmates of a shantee, near Nesquehoning, Schuylkill county, Pa., were committed to jail on Thursday, the 2d inst., charged with the murder of a woman named Coyle. The verdict of the coroner's jury was, that she came to her death by blows inflicted on her by husband, aided and abetted by three other persons, a man and his wife, and a German. Intemperance was the exciting cause.

DISGRACEFUL OUTRAGE.—The steamers Ontario and Pioneer, in coming up the Ohio river, came together about 150 miles this side of Cincinnati. The former, in attempting to pass the latter, ran into her without doing any material injury. A short time afterwards, in attempting again to pass, the pilot of the Pioneer, in order to avenge a compliment, ran into the Ontario, striking her near the stern, mashing in her guards, and killing one person, (a girl of about 12 years of age,) and dangerously wounding two others a lady and child.

HIGHWAYS.—If you have a foot of ground under your window to spare, sow in it this modest little flower; it will scent your whole house with its delightful perfume, and gladden your eyes with its unpretending bosoms.

A CURIOUS ROBBERY!—The Whip Factory of J. R. Rand & Co. in Westfield, Mass. was broken open, and Whips and Lashes to the amount of $300 stolen. The officers are in full pursuit, and when the rogues are caught, some of their own plunder ought to be used to "whip the rascals naked through the world."

BEASTLY INTEMPERANCE.—We perceive in the Cincinnati papers, that "*three hogs* were taken up in the street of that city, quite intoxicated from eating cherries which had been steeped in rum." These hogs belong to a patent right democrat, *alias* a loco-foco!

We hope the Volunteer will gratify the public with answers to these questions. It is important that the people should understand, as insinuations without proper explanations are thrown out upon the subject.

PAY OF MEMBERS OF CONGRES.—The pay of all the members of both Houses, including the Vice President, who receives $5000 per annum, and the Speaker of the House, who receives $16 per day, is said by the Madisonian, to amount to $2,191,67 per day.

KALAMAZOO LAND DISTRICT.—The land sold in this District, including the counties of Calhoun, Branch, Kalamazoo, St. Joseph Van Buren, Cass, Berrien, Barry and Allegan, from 1831 upto January 1838, amounted to 3,056,938 acres, or $2,869,135 78.

A man has been arrested and imprisoned in New York for stabbing, dangerously, his son. Rum—drunkenness.

The Quincy (Ill.) Argus refuses to support the loco foco candidate for Governor, because he cannot conscientiously support a public defaulter. Who ever heard of a loco foco with a *conscience.*

The peculiar virtues of the Tomato in all bilary affections, have long been known among gentlemen of the medical profession; but until lately, those particularly virtues had never been obtained in any concentrated form. This important point was ascertained by Dr. Miles, of Cincinnati, who has recently produced a concentrated compound extract of Tomato, retaining without loss of the virtues, and excluding all the objectional powers of Calomel itself.

The editor of the Richmond Enquirer says, "for one, I am prepared to sink or swim with Martin Van Buren." The swimming is all over. The sinking may be done any time before 1840.

Upwards of 30,000 lbs. of maple sugar have been made in the town of Sandwich, N. H. this season.

DIED.—At Washington City, on Monday night, Abraham Bradley, Esq., formerly Judge of Wilkesbarre, in this state, and for merly for a long period a resident of this city, in the capacity of Assistant Post Master General of the United States, when the Department was under the direction of Mr. Pickering. He was born on the 22d of February, 1767.—*Ledger*

THE NEW LICENSE LAW of Massachusetts, prohibiting any person from selling wine, brandy, rum, or other spirituous liquors, by retail, was declared to be constitutional by the supreme court of that commonwealth.

UNDER THE GENERAL BANKING LAW, recently passed, banks are springing up in every part of the State of New York. Judging from the signs, they will soon be plenty as blackberries in August. We fear, like them they will only last for a season, and will then wither, leaving nothing behind them but worthless promises, never to be redeemed.—*Ledger.*

Correspondence of the Montrose Spectator.

WASHINGTON, D. C. April 13, 1838.

You see I have made quite a move since my last date, having *travelled* about 140 miles. I went to Carlisle where is Dickinson College, and a large number of students. Going thence to Gettysburg, I found miles more of the same Mountains, where there was three feet deep, when compact and melting, and doubt not but five or six feet of snow lay, leaving nothing behind Hence but worthless promises, never to be redeemed.—*Ledger.*

Correspondence of the Montrose Spectator.

WASHINGTON, D. C. April 13, 1838.

You see I have made quite a move since my last date, having *travelled* about 140 miles. I went to Carlisle where is Dickinson College, and a large number of students. Going thence to Gettysburg, I found miles more of the same Mountains, where there was three feet deep, when compact and melting, and doubt not but five or six feet of snow had fallen; indeed there had been nothing like it there since January, 1831. The German Seminary is in Gettysburg, and Pennsylvania College, perhaps the noblest school building I ever saw. It is handsomely situated, large and well built, and white as snow. The College is flourishing. I then went to Emmittsburg, in Maryland, a pretty little place, where is the Roman Catholic Church of Mount Saint Mary and the Nunnery of a Sisterhood. The latter exert much influence on the young. From here I went to Frederick City, which is quite a large, old place. Crossing the Potomac at Nolan's Ferry, I entered Loudon County, "old Virginia," and stopped in Leesburg. Through Fairfax county, then crossing the Potomac by a chain bridge, I again entered Maryland, then Georgetown, in the "ten miles square," and then Washington.

The funeral of Mrs. Jane M'Kim occurred the day after my arrival. The coffin was in the middle aisle of the House of Representatives' Hall, and the members seats were much fully filled by relatives and friends. The President, heads of departments, and others, were in front of the clerks's desks, ex-President Adams in front of the President, and politely bowed to each other. Mr. Sellater, Chaplain of the Senate, made a prayer, and then preached an appropriate sermon. He reminded them that this was the fourth time they had been called together upon such an occasion in a few weeks, and that the next might find them confined in the narrow limits of a coffin. The speaker, the statesman, the financier, the warrior, the poet, the philosopher—"all knew that they must die." The vanity, the shortness, the uncertainty; the weakness of human action and power, were ably sketched, and the specimen before them. Messrs. Adams and Van Buren, was an eloquent and impressive illustration of his remarks. He warned them to prepare to meet death, for they "know that they must die;" and he pointed to the example of the deceased as worthy of imitation. Another prayer, and the coffin was taken, followed by a procession of about 200, to the house of the Baltimore Rail Road, and was conveyed to the home of the deceased for interrment. Mr. McKim was a self made, wealthy merchant, and one who used his wealth for the good of the widow and the orphan. A large number of honorable business men were present at the funeral. The deceased was a native of Ireland, and came to his care, and the influence of his example, and trained them up for usefulness. Balti more Patriot.

The fate of poor Colley is now forgotten in the city, and the name is not mentioned by the gay and dissipated multitude. For a week, it made much talk, and thousands were at his funeral. The Senate have passed an anti-duelling bill, only one (Mr. Sevier of Ark.) voting against it. The House committee has not reported. Hundreds of petitions, have come in from the south, and west, upon the subject, but *not one* from the south or south-west. Some of the religious papers of the south call it *"murder,"* and seem awake about it, however. I also noticed in the Richmond Religious Herald, the missionary Mrs. Wade's appeal in behalf of "the poor *slaves,*" entreating her sister to "Remember those in bonds *as bound with them.*" These religious papers must beware how they "call things by their proper names," and how they make "incendiary publications;" for I see that the southern ministers are *ordering* stopped, and southern post masters refuse to receive the Journal of the Rev. R. J. Breckenridge's, Baltimore, because he, violent against the abolitionist though he is, does not consider *slavery* a "*Christian* institution" and his paper(s) that he begun publishing *burnt* in Petersburg, or some other village, for that heresy!

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

List of those on Board the Mosette.

We have received from the Mayor, (Col. S. W. Davies,) the following correctest list of the unfortunate sufferers, as well as of the saved, in the late disaster. It is due to the mayor to say that he has been very kind in his duties, private and public, connected with the lamentable event. So have the officers, the council, and various functionaries of the city. Those engaged about the wreck have been unremitting in their exertions, and have power to save property or recover the dead. The amount of property of various kinds, on the premises of the wreck, has slipped or been lost to an unusually great. It is hoped that much of it may be made available yet to those who survive, and their distant friends.

The funeral of Mrs. Jane Fleming, Pilot; G. Kramer's wife and 5 children, P. Trautman's child Halsey Williams, second engineer; Elijah North, Alton, Ill; B. Parman, Merchant, Middletown, Ohio; Jonathan Jones, Va., B. Mitchell, Jun. keeper, Cin.; Capt. Perrin; P. S. Chapman, 2d clerk; T. C. Powell, Lou. Ky.; H. D. Casey, Cin.; James Barnet Mag. Co. R. Boone, Newcastle, Mass.; J. Douglass, Fort Madison, W. T.; J. Williams, (colored); Henry Stokes, 2d steward; H. Dillon, firemen, J. Madden, 1st. engineer; R. Walsh, Mag. J. Douglass, Fort Madison, W. T.; J. Williams, (colored); Henry Stokes, 2d steward; H. Dillon, firemen, J. Madden, 1st. engineer; R. Walsh, Mag. Co. Ky.; Mrs. Anderson and one child; Geo. Brown, steward, and son; Eugene Baptist do; Benjamin Lewis do, Edward Flemman do; London Allison, cook, Wm. Huston, deck hand; J. Mennicken, Mt. Vernon, O.; J. D. Atherton Sunbury, O.; John Lytle, Ross co. O.; Jas. Thompson, Connellsville, Pa.; Wm. Smith do; Adam Weaver, Canton, O.

Mr. Post and family and Mr. Hughes and family, were the persons the boat went to the ship yard to take in.

DISTRESSING.—A circumstance of a peculiar distressing character occurred last week on the head water of Wheeling creek, (Va.) which, as it was related, is as follows:

A family by name of BUSNELLES resided near the creek, consisting of the parents and three children. The parents were absent for a few minutes, and during that time the children, through curiosity, it is supposed, placed a coal of fire to the straw lying about them, covering a pig pen, near the house, which they had unwittingly entered; and did not discover their dangerous situation until too late to extricate themselves, and there being no assistance near at hand, they were left to perish. The attention of the parents and neighbors was attracted to the spot by the light and smoke, but too late to save the lives of the children.

HYMENIAL REGISTER.

MARRIED.

On the 3d inst. by Rev. Mr. Gottwald, Mr. HENRY W. WITMER of Franklin tp., to Miss HESSETTA Rex of Menallen tp.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. WILLIAM ZIEG to MISS MARY ANN ZIEGLER, daughter of Rev. John Albert, all of Latimore tp.

DIED.

On the 13th inst. JOHN DRENNEROUD, Esq. of Strabon township, in the 71st year of his age.

On the 15th inst. MARY, daughter of Mr. Moses Topper, of this county, in the 8th year of her age.

On the 9th inst., in Philadelphia, in the 26th year of her age, MRS. MIRA HALL, wife of Mr. A. M. Hall, and daughter of G. K. Harper, Esq. of Chambersburg. [Communicated.

DIED—On the 4th inst. MRS. MARGARET GILBERT, widow of Mr. Jacob Gilbert, and daughter of Mr. Christian and Magdalena Fox; aged 68 years, 6 months and 24 days. On the following day, her lifeless body was conveyed, from the house of her son in-law, Col. Jacob Herman, of Strabon township, to the Arendtsville Church Grave-Yard.—

"There to slumber in the ground,
Till the last trumpet's joyful sound;
Then burst the tomb in glorious surprise,
And in her Saviour's image rise."

The deceased had 12 children, 81 Grand-children and 20 Great Grand-children—making the total number of her offspring 113 souls.

[Communicated.

DIED—On Wednesday the 25th day of April last, in Lutzsown, JULIANA, wife of Capt. Andrew Little, in the 26th year of her age. Thus has two little orphans been bereaved of a kind and tender-hearted mother, and a husband of a kind and endearing wife, who will long and deeply be respected by himself, but by all who knew her.—"Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth: Yea saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labours and their works do follow them." Rev. iv. 13.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ A Quarterly meeting will be held in the Methodist Episcopal Church, commencing on Saturday at 10 o'clock A. M.

☞ Rev. Mr. M'LEAN will preach in his Church on Sunday morning and afternoon next.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN SANDERS,

Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser,

INVITES the public generally to call at his stand, in South Middle street, Gettysburg, two doors north of Middle street, and nearly opposite the store of Mr. Samuel Fahnestock—where he has on hand, and will always keep, a general and very superior assortment of fancy and other articles.

CONSISTING OF EVERY VARIETY OF

CONFECTIONARY,

Gentlemen's STOCKS, SHAMS and COLLARS;
WIGS and SCRATCHES;
BRAIDS, PUFFS and CURLS;
SOAPS—best Castile and other Soaps
for washing or shaving.

Razor Straps; Colognes, all kinds of *HAIR OIL;* Clothes and Hair Brushes; Children's; Fancy Combs; Cologne Bottles; Lavender; articles too numerous to mention—all of which have been bought low, and will be sold cheap for cash.

☞ *PRESSED* in the most fashionable style, and beards shaved in a manner unrivalled among the professors of the tonsorial art. Ladies and Gentlemen will be so confident, find it their interest to give him a call.

May 15, 1837. tf-7

FRESH GOODS.

Cheaper than ever!

THE subscriber has just returned from the city and is now opening at his store on the north east corner of the Diamond,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS,

of the best quality—embracing every variety of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

&c. &c. &c.

which have been purchased on the best terms —and which he can sell cheaper than they have ever been offered. He invites the public to give him a call, and judge for themselves.

SAMUEL WITHEROW.

Gettysburg, May 15, 1838. tf-7

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber, Administrator of JACOB FISHER, late of Franklin county, deceased, will sell at private sale, and on reasonable terms, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Jacob Fisher, dec'd, at the time of his death, in a certain

Plantation & Tract of Land,

containing **200** acres, on which are erected a first rate

MERCHANT AND GRIST-MILL,

ALSO A

Saw Mill, situate in Liberty township, and formerly the property of Alexander Mack.

If the said property, shall not be sold at private sale on or before the 10th day of August next, then the interest of the deceased in the same, will be offered at public sale on *Monday the 27th day of August,* at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the Court House in the Borough of Gettysburg.

☞ Application to be made to JAMES COOPER, Esq. in the borough of Gettysburg, who will make known the terms to those desirous of purchasing.

SAMUEL FISHER,

Administrator of Jacob Fisher, dec'd.

May 15, 1838.

PILLS!

BRANDRETH'S PILLS, EVANS' TONIC AND APERIENT PILLS, PETER'S PILLS and EOFF'S PILLS Can be had wholesale or retail at the Drug Store of

J. J. GILBERT, Agent.

May 15, 1838. tf-7

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PATENT PUMPS, To bring Water up hills, &c. &c.

I HAVE obtained a Patent Right for a Suction and Propelling Pump and Pipes, and am now prepared to put them up in Washington county, Md., and Franklin, Bedford and Adams counties, Pa. The Pump Water can be conveyed from Springs *up hills,* as well as up wells. The Pump may be placed in any part of the house most convenient, and while it may be used water for family use, it may be constructed to raise water into any part of the house in case of fire. And, by the bye, how many houses have been burnt for want of a few buckets of water at the commencement of a fire, before water could be conveyed to the upper part of the building. By this means a pipe may be placed to convey water to the top of a house in a few seconds; a cistern may be placed in an upper room, out of which all the other rooms may be supplied with water. I will also answer to raise water for a shower bath, so that the person bathing may supply himself with water. Farmers may have a pump placed in any part of their stables or barns, where four or five hands can supply water out of one well, each house a pump in their own yard, &c. &c. In order that there need be no fears upon the subject, I will warrant the Pump to answer the purpose contracted for, provided the purchaser will attend to the directions given. I also except carelessness and accident. But if it will not answer according to contract, I shall require no charge whatever, so that there can be no risk in trying it. The pump can be made so as not to be injured by frost. An occular demonstration is the best method for me to calling on the gentlemen whose certificates follow.

JOHN DENIG.

I do hereby Certify, That I have one of John Denig's Patent Pumps in use, by which the water is brought from a spring up a hill 60 feet, from the house of I. Hill 4 o'clock, P. M. *on Saturday the 20th inst.* by the School Directors of Hamilton township, for building a *Brick School House,* adjoining the Borough of Gettysburg.

By Order of the Board,

G. L. FAUSS, *Sec'ry.*

Berlin, May 8, 1838. 3t-6

New Goods.

JUST received, and for sale by the Subscriber, as usual, a large stock of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c.

And having entered largely into the HARDWARE business, has now on hand, and will constantly keep, a large stock of

HARDWARE,

among which are, *Axes, Vices, Mill, Crosscut, and all other kinds of Saws, Edge Tools, Bridle and Saddle Trimmings, superior Coffee Mills, Brass Andirons, &c.* with almost every article in the way of *Building & House Keeping.*

☞ A LARGE STOCK OF

BAR IRON, *(hammered & rolled.)*

Cast, Shear, and Blister STEEL, Hollow-Ware, Casting, &c.

Persons going to House keeping, and those engaged in building, would do well to call. My prices will, at all times, be the same as those of York and Hanover. Please call.

GEORGE ARNOLD.

Gettysburg, May 1, 1838. 4t-5

P. S. All persons whose notes or accounts have been standing upwards of six months, are requested indiscriminately to call and make payment. I am in want of money.

GEO. ARNOLD.

NEW IMPROVEMENT IN *COVERLET WEAVING.*

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Public that he has made further improvements in the weaving of Coverlets, by which he can weave

Half-Double Coverlets

on his Loom, in a handsome and substantial manner. His Shop is in Franklin township, Adams county, near Capt. McKnight's, where he invites his friends and the public in general to give him a call. His prices are very moderate.

For the convenience of the public, he has deposited Patterns or Specimens of his work at the STAR OFFICE, in Gettysburg; at Maj. POLLARD'S in Millerstown; at Mr. JAMES HEAGY'S, on Marsh Creek; at Capt. McKNIGHT'S, on the Chambersburg turnpike road, and at Mr. JACOB HEAGY'S, in Chambersburg.

☞ SHOP RIGHTS will be disposed of on very reasonable terms.

TO JOURNEYMEN.

A GOOD JOURNEYMAN WEAVER will meet with a permanent situation and liberal wages, by applying to the subscriber immediately.

JACOB BIESECKER, Jr.

May 8, 1838. 3t-6

NOTICE.

TAKE notice that the books of SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK, together with all notes, &c. that may be now in the hands of the subscribers, and that it is necessary that all debts due to him should be collected without delay. The subscribers therefore request all persons indebted to the said Samuel Fahnestock to call and settle before the *first day of July next,* for after that date suits will be instituted against those who neglect this notice.

MOSES MCCLEAN, } Trustees.
JAMES COOPER, }

May 8, 1838. tf-6

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of JOHN YOUNG, late of Menallen township, Adams county, deceased, are desired to call with the Subscriber, and settle the same *on or before the 30th day of June next;* and those who have claims against said Estate, are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

The Executor resides in the borough of Gettysburg.

ANDREW POLLEY, *Exec'r.*

May 8, 1838. 6t-6

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, residing in the Borough of Gettysburg, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to the Estate of

JOHN NEWCOMER,

(formerly of the vicinity of Taney-Town, Md.) late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams Co. Pa. deceased, to call and make immediate payment, and those having claims against said Estate, will present them without delay, properly authenticated, for settlement.

DANIEL CULP, Adm'r.

May 8, 1838. 6t-6

TO ALL CONCERNED.

IN TOWN COUNCIL, May 7, 1838.

WHEREAS, the Borough accounts for the year 1837, as presented and audited by the late Town Clerk and Council, presents only an exhibit of monies actually received and expended, without showing what amount of debts there are outstanding and unpaid; and Whereas, it is well ascertained that there is a considerable amount of such debt now remaining unpaid, the amount of which is it necessary that the present Council should know to enable them to judge what amount of Tax it may be necessary to assess for the present year.—

Therefore, Resolved, That all persons having outstanding claims against the Borough of Gettysburg *that remain unpaid and of a date prior to the 7th of May,* 1838, be requested and notified to present the same to the Town Council, immediately, for liquidation, and for the purpose above mentioned; and that the clerk give notice thereof by advertisement for three weeks successively, in two newspapers in this Borough.

A true extract from the minutes.

JOHN SLENTZ, *President.*

Attest, D. M. SNYSER, *Clerk pro tem.*

May 8, 1838. 3t-6

TO BUILDERS.

PROPOSALS will be received at the House of Mr. P. EICE, in the town of East Berlin, Adams co. Pa. between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock, P. M. *on Saturday the 26th inst.* by the School Directors of Hamilton township, for building a *Brick School House,* adjoining the Borough of Gettysburg.

By Order of the Board,

G. L. FAUSS, *Sec'ry.*

Berlin, May 8, 1838. 3t-6

New Goods.

JUST received, and for sale by the Subscriber, as usual, a large stock of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c.

And having entered largely into the HARDWARE business, has now on hand, and will constantly keep, a large stock of

HARDWARE,

among which are, *Axes, Vices, Mill, Crosscut, and all other kinds of Saws, Edge Tools, Bridle and Saddle Trimmings, superior Coffee Mills, Brass Andirons, &c.* with almost every article in the way of *Building & House Keeping.*

☞ A LARGE STOCK OF

BAR IRON, *(hammered & rolled.)*

Cast, Shear, and Blister STEEL, Hollow-Ware, Casting, &c.

Persons going to House keeping, and those engaged in building, would do well to call. My prices will, at all times, be the same as those of York and Hanover. Please call.

GEORGE ARNOLD.

Gettysburg, May 1, 1838. 4t-5

P. S. All persons whose notes or accounts have been standing upwards of six months, are requested indiscriminately to call and make payment. I am in want of money.

GEO. ARNOLD.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

THE Contractors lately employed upon the Wr