Star & Republican Banner.

BY ROBERT WHITE MIDDLETON.

GETTYSBURGH, PENN.

TUESDAY, APRIL 3, 1838.

☞Flour in Baltimore, $7 50; Wheat, $1 65; Corn, 68 cts.; Rye, 87; Oats, 38; Clover Seed, $5 50 to $5 75; Whiskey, 28 cts.

The Presidency, &c.

From the Pittsburg Advocate & Statesman.

THE PRESIDENCY.—**Some weeks since, we introduced the name of HENRY CLAY as a candidate for the Presidency, and that of General Harrison for the Vice Presidency. The Gettysburg Star quotes us, and suggests thus:**

"We move that the first section be amended so as to read,

President.—DANIEL WEBSTER.

Vice President.—WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON.

What think ye, friend Biddle?"

We think that Clay is our first choice; we think him rather the greatest man living in any close; and we know that we could support him with unbounded enthusiasm. We have had a sneaking kindness for him ever since we could lisp his name; but, if we cannot have him to fight for, we can fight with hearty good will for the Giant of the North-the great Webster. If we can have neither, we shall come into the ranks with pride to support the patriot Harrison, a soldier, statesman, and an honest man.

Is the Star answered? We never saw the Star's remarks, until handed to us yesterday; the paper containing them did not reach us. The Editor will not, therefore, regard our silence as uncourteous.

☞**Certainly not. The answer is also satisfactory and gratifying. It shews that the Advocate, like the Star, contends for *Principles*, and not for *Men*.**

The following article from the Advocate shews the determination of its able Editor on the Gubernatorial question:

Our present worthy and patriotic Chief Magistrate is a candidate for re-election.—The Whigs, a party to which we are proud to belong, have no distinct nomination, nor is it altogether *wise*, at this early period, they will to a man go for the candidate whose name we here introduce, for the purpose of giving it a place in our columns until the issue of the contest is known.

We mean not to enter into a history of Governor Ritner's administration, to point out his public services:—It will suffice to say that he has protected and cherished the interests of Pennsylvania; that he has fostered our great system of internal improvements; that he has relieved the people from a burden of taxation; that he has promoted and encouraged the noblest measures of our state policy—the system of public schools; and not least, though last in this catalogue, that he has shown a spirit and energy of a true Pennsylvanian and patriot, resisted openly, effectually, the ignominious and corrupt attempts of the federal Government to deprive us of much and a fine revenue, and to free people of this Commonwealth, abjective to the interests and honor of the state. We go for Joseph Ritner.

Oh his opponent, David R. Porter, it can only be said that he held a petty office in Huntingdon county; belonged to the Van Buren party; boasted of the Magician; won a place in the Senate; voted against the resolutions instructing our Senators to vote against the Sub-Treasury *plot:*—in other words, David R. Porter voted for the Sub-Treasury Scheme, and *therefore* he is the Tory candidate for Governor. We have proved the other virtues which secure him the tory favor.

It is enough for Pennsylvanians to know that Porter is a Sub-Treasury man! and Ritner is the field!! *Huzza for Ritner!!!*

☞**The following will also shew the course the U. S. Gazette intends pursuing**

Democratic.—**We have placed the name of JOSEPH RITNER in the position occupied by the list of candidates for Governor. * * * The Whigs, we have already said, approve of the great measures of Mr. Ritner's administration—he stands opposed avowedly to the national administration—he is openly hostile to all those ruinous measures with which the country is scourged. The Whigs owe it to their principles, to themselves, to their country, to defeat the re-election of Martin Van Buren. It is now solemnly believed by many, that one effort will operate more in favor of that desirable result, than to present Pennsylvania in a bold, open, hostile attitude to him and his measures; and no other mode presents itself to us, as the Whigs to join the Anti Masons and re-elect Mr. Ritner.—*United States Gazette.*

Light!

☞**The following precious confession is from the "Evening Post," the organ of the Loco Focos of New York. Wherever true, still is an odd confession coming from the quarter it does. Hear the Post:—**

"The democracy is in a very hazardous position. It is not to be disguised THAT OUR MEASURES HAVE ACCELERATED THE PRESENT STATE OF THINGS, AND NO PARTY CAN WITHSTAND THE ODIUM OF SUCH A CONDITION. If our measures do not remedy the evils that exist, we are overwhelmed beyond any peradventure.

"Financially speaking, THE BANK OF THE UNITED STATES SEEMS WELL ADAPTED *fully to suppose the people will consent to be long without it, unless the some result can be brought about in another way.* THE PRESENT STATE OF THINGS IS NOT TO BE ENDURED, AND WILL NOT BE ENDURED."

From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

Another Porter Failure.

The Loco Foco candidate seems to win very little favor in this quarter. His principal meetings thus far have been miserable abortions. The effort of Monday night in Southwark, was the theme of merriment to all who attended. A gentleman who was present, assures us that the whole assembly did not number fifty individuals. Finding such a melancholy condition of affairs, one of the leaders proposed an adjournment, said something about a misunderstanding, and endeavored to apologize for the miserable abortion—a premature appearance of the half. This was resisted, and the affair went on. A few more such meetings, and the Loco Foco candidate will become an object of jest, rather than of serious opposition. The truth is—Philadelphia is sound to the core—both in city and county. The great mass of those who have heretofore rallied under the banners of the Wolf party, are conservative in their feelings and principles, and will never yield themselves willing instruments to forward the purposes of Loco Focoism.

From the Huntingdon Journal.

As the citizens of Pennsylvania are often told of the superior qualifications of Mr. Porter, we shall publish this week his maiden and only, public speech; it is short but very *sweet* to the point—he has been at four or five years in the Legislative Halls, and thus Speech is as much as you can expect in that time—for as the man said when his dog would not hunt—*"what can you expect mil a bup only fee to six years old!"* But to *the speech*—here it is:

☞"Mr. SPEAKER!!

Methodist Conference.

☞From among the speeches delivered by the Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, we select the following:—

Chambersburg District—R. CADBURY, P. E.
Chambersburg—R. Reed
Shippensburg—J. H. Brown
Waynesboro'—F. M. Mills
Hagerstown—H. Tarring
Boonsboro'—Joseph Parker
Greencastle—P. D. Lipscomb, S. S. Rozell
Allegany—J Forrest, J. S. Morris
Cumberland—C. Parkinson
Bedford—P. McGrady, J. Lanahan
Licking Creek—E. S. Allen, Thomas Hildebrand
Mifflin—James Clark
Huntingdon—Wm. Simpson, J. Stansbury
Concord—J. S. Low, B. Bigby

Northumberland Dis.—J. MILLER, P. E.
Sunbury—H. G. Dill, J. W. Haughawout
Hollidaysburg—J. Bowen
Williamsport—William Butler, G. D. Chenowith
Lewistown—J. Merriken
Centre—Samuel Hamilton, J. Monroe, John Ball
Berwick—C. Kalbfus, J. Hall
Danville—R. T. Nixon, W. First
Northumberland—J. Sunks, I. T. Stratton
Selinsgrove—J. Long, C. L. Brown
Bellefonte—T. Tannyhill, G. Geyer
Clearfield—S. Y. Black, E. Butler
Huntingdon—J. Stevens, J. Hodges, P. Reeser
Beaver Mead Mission—G. Hunsicker

Carlisle Dis.—A. GRIFFITH, P. E.
Carlisle Station—T. C. Thornton
Carlisle Circuit—J. Rhodes, T. C. Hays
York—J. L. Gibbons
Shrewsbury—J. William Hank, J. W. Cronin
Hanover—I. Collins, A. A. Reese
Great Falls—H. Bell, O. Eger, T. J. Corey, sup.
Liberty—William Prettyman, J. Banting
Frederick City—T. Reily
Middle Circuit—C. Cleary, Z. A. Morgan, J. Reed, sup.
Gettysburg—A Smith, J. M. Jones
North Baltimore—G. B. Tippett, John Roland
Baltimore Station—J. Thomas, J. Sargent
Montgomery—James Reiley, T. Myers.

Sub-Treasury Bill.

Some years ago a rumor having got abroad that the Bank of Glasgow was in danger of breaking, an old shopkeeper who had a small sum on deposite, hastened to the bank to draw his money out. The Teller counted out the amount in the form of the bank, which the old fellow carefully deposited in his breeches pocket, and then attempted to leave, stepping back to the Teller, and inquired, "Hem, shpeering aff hand on it, said: "Noo, dom yel brak as soon as ye please."

☞*Vide* the Sub-Treasury bill (with its promises for locking up the money in the banks)-which Uncle Sam dare not trust for a penny) for a similar instance of wise caution.

The above is from the National Intelligencer of yesterday. It appears to us that we represent conservatives do not view the question in all its bearings. When the *sub treasurers* get a goodly quantity of notes of a *Loco Foco* bank, they will probably ask them to pay in their iron chests, and tell the bank to shrink as soon as it pleases." But they will collect the notes of the Democratic banks, such as that of the United States and many others in Philadelphia, and pounce down upon them whenever they think that there is a chance of doing them any harm. All these things are, of course, in the supposition that the bill should pass.(*U. S. Gz.*

WASHINGTON, March 28, 1838.

In the House of Representatives, yesterday, the bill which passed the Senate the day before, to regulate the safe keeping and disbursement of the public moneys, came up for consideration; and, on the motion of Mr. PATTON, was, after some debate, ordered to *lie on the table*, by a vote of ayes 106, nays 98.

This is an indication of strong dislike to the bill on the part of the House, but is not a conclusive vote, as the bill may at any time hereafter be taken up and acted upon.(*N. I.*

From the Baltimore American.

Treasury Notes.

The Bill reported by Mr. Cambreleng, Chairman of the committee of Ways and Means, authorising an additional issue of Treasury notes, provides that the President may have power to cause Treasury notes to be issued according to the exigencies of the Government, to an amount not exceeding ten millions of dollars, and of a denomination not less than $100 each. One-third of the notes to be made redeemable in 12, one-third in 18, and one-third in 24 months from the dates of their respective issues, and they to bear interest at 6 per cent. from and after the time at which they shall be made payable, and not before. They are to be transferable by endorsement, and payable at the Treasury of the United States with any interest that may be due to the holder. The funds pledged for their redemption are the balances due to the Government from the U. S. Bank of Pennsylvania, and from the deposite Banks, together with the faith of the United States. Issues are to be made at such times as may be required, and disposed of at the Secretary of the Treasury, with the approbation of the President, may prescribe, the Secretary being bound to lay before Congress at its next session a statement of the amount of notes issued from time to time and the rates at which they have been disposed of.

The notes are to be prepared under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, signed by the Treasurer, and countersigned by the Register of the Treasury, each of these officers keeping a regular record as a check upon each other, to be filed in the Treasury department. Accounts are also to be kept in like manner of the notes cancelled. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to pay the interest on the notes and reimburse them at par, with interest, with any unappropriated money that may be in the Treasury. The balance of the bill consists of details of no general interest.

Mr. CALHOUN is already beginning to verify Mr. RIVES's prediction, that, unless he was allowed to lead, he would quit the administration. His abandonment of the Sub-Treasury Bill, after his own section was stricken out, looks very like acting from mere pique. We do not say this was the case, but such construction might be placed on his conduct.

His promised "annihilation" of Mr. WEBSTER proved to be a failure. All parties admit that Mr. WEBSTER got the better of him in the rencounter.—*Fredericksburg Arena.*

A RAT STORY.—A little penny paper in New York gives a curious account of the ingenuity of three rats. These four legged vermin having discovered a quantity of cream in a very deep jar, one of them braced himself at the top of the jar and with his teeth held the second by the tail, and the second held the third in the same manner until the latter glutted himself with cream, when, being drawn up, he took his turn at the top of the jar and let his comrades down for a similar repast. These rats (if the story be true, are no doubt very ingenious people, but their ingenuity is nothing at all in comparison with that practiced by the rats at Washington for getting at the Government pap. "Tis no uncommon thing to see a whole dozen of them holding each other by the tails and hanging in the great treasury jar in a single string.—*Louisville Journal.*

General Intelligence.

Appointments by the Governor,

WILLIAM B REED, Attorney General for the State of Pennsylvania, vice James Dunlap, resigned.

JAMES TODD, President, and JOHN HOLMES, and ROBERT T. CONRAD, Associate Judges of the Court of Criminal Sessions for the city and county of Philadelphia.

These appointments, will, we have reason to believe, afford very general satisfaction. Mr. Reed's qualifications for Attorney General are conceded to be of the very highest character, while we sure to accord for ability and integrity, the new court has not a superior in the commonwealth.

(*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

BANKS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.—The Albany Argus publishes a statement of the condition of the Banks of that state, for the month ending the first instant. A comparison with previous reports shows the following results:

Loans & discounts,	61,299,553	58,284,584	52,258,968
Specie,	2,982,313	2,919,332	4,093,723
Circulation,	11,940,194	11,515,505	10,963,207
Due Other Banks,	3,162,299	2,249,739	2,932,221
Due State Treas'r,	2,132,930	147,987	31,169
Due U. S. Treas'r,	1,113,269	199,143	174,989
Due in. Depositors,	14,156,382	12,809,162	14,874,291
Surplus,	6,829,726	8,019,450	8,067,703

The above statements show a diminution of loans and discounts for the last month, of $1,015,000; an increase of specie of $173,461; a diminished circulation of $408,500; a decrease of the coin fund deposites of $386,600; of individual deposites, $874,872, and of the state treasurer's deposite of $153,272.

☞"The following is the bill of the Committee of the House of Representatives appointed to examine the Gettysburg Rail Road, and allowed by the House:

Thomas M. McElwee,	$125,00
John Thompson,	100,00
Isaiah James,	100,00
Henry Longsker,	100,00
Henry Forth,	100,00
Abraham Kauffman,	100,00
George R. Espy,	100,00
Clerk hire,	15,00
Messenger,	5,00

WESLEAN METHODISTS.—The twenty-sixth Annual Conference is appointed to be held in Bristol, (Eng.) on the 25th of July next, when it is expected some plan will be adopted for the commemoration of the first centenary of the Methodists.

The editor of the Vermont Statesman, remarking upon Mr. Kendall's fiend like qualities, says, that he will "make a first rate devil in the next world." We know not but Amos may make a good enough devil in the next world, but he is certainly a poor one in this world.—*Prentice.*

If the subtreasury system shall ever come to be the established policy of the country, cuts of absconding Banks will be as thick in the advertising columns of newspapers as cuts of runaway negroes.—*Ibid.*

The editor of the Globe promises to "sound the death knell of Whiggery." We never doubted, that nature meant him for a bell ringer and it matters little how soon he has been himself to his appropriate calling.*Ib*

FRANKLIN FUND.—The fund given by Dr. Franklin to the city of Boston, to be loaned to mechanics on setting up business, now amounts to $23,453. It would appear from the report on the city property, that the fund is not used at all, but left to accumulate.

The Cleveland (Ohio) Advertiser notices the recent arrival at Carmel, in Illinois, of twenty five families of Swiss emigrants, who have brought out with them a large amount of money in specie.

A large number of petitions have been presented to Congress on the subject of the late duel—some of them praying for the expulsion of all who took part in it—others praying for a rigid examination, and all expressed in strong terms of censure.

LEGAL PERSPICUITY.—The following beautiful specimen of legal perspicuity, is from "Haddock's Chancery Practice," Eng. lish edition, vol. 1, p. 125: "When a person is bound *to do* a thing, and he *does* what may enable him *to do* the thing, he is supposed in equity *to do* it with a view of *doing* what he is bound *to do*!"

A letter written by the lady who was requested by Mr. Cilley to write to his wife, in the event of his falling, we find the following remarkable passage:—

"He told me he should write you; but we have as yet found no letter, and I fear shall not. I can account for it in no other way, but by his having unshaken faith that he would survive the encounter."

NEW HAMPSHIRE.—The result of the election in this state is nearly as follows—The whigs have elected two out of five members of council—five out of twelve members of senate, and 116 out of 236 representatives. Hill is re elected Governor by about 2500 majority. Last year the whigs had no member of council—no senator, and but forty representatives and Hill's majority was 10,000. Thus it will be seen that our political friends have nobly done their duty, and one struggle more will free even the granite state from *loco foco* supremacy.—*York Repub.*

NEW HAMPSHIRE IS CONTINUED.—From New Hampshire we have at last what appears to be authentic returns of the election from all but six small towns, giving about 140 votes.

Isaac Hill,	28,338
James Wilson, Jr., Whig,	25,101
Hill's majority,	3,237

The gain since 1832, when the Whigs abandoned their organ, is 3,484—a handsome gain for a first effort after a new organization. The parties probably stand thus in the House:

Loco foco Vanters, 125—Whigs 116.

The Administration has had a majority ever since 1828, and the Whigs have usually had from 35 to 60 members in the House. If the Administration had pleasure in such a victory, they have a happy faculty that way.

The New Orleans Picayune says "that donkeys can live on shavings." If this be true, the United States Government must be a donkey. It has been shaving the people and living upon the shavings" for the last year.—*Prentice.*

Mr. John. E. Bush was robbed in the vicinity of Eaton Rouge on the 29th ult. Mr. B. had nothing about him but a shiny plaster of the Miss. Rail Road Bank; and the robbers, for the want of something better, took that. That's what we call "taking the rag from the flag."—*Ibid.*

A Pennsylvania paper proposes, that the Government "make Dr. Brandreth's pills a legal currency and deposit them as such in the Treasury." Let the subtreasury system go into operation, and the Treasury will soon be very thoroughly "cleaned out" with out the slightest aid from the pills aforesaid.

Complaints are made, that some of the blankets, furnished to the emigrating Indians are much in tatters. The poor Indians ought to call in the aid of Col. Bruton. He is a first rate hand at 'stretching the blanket'!*Ib.*

COMMON SCHOOL SYSTEM.—At the elections held in the different townships and boroughs in Union county, on Friday the 16th of March, 1838, *twelve* districts took the Common School system, viz:—Buffalo, East Buffalo, West Buffalo, Hartly, New Berlin, Mifflinburg, Lewisburg, Union, Chapman, Perry, White Deer, and Kelly.

Those districts that have not taken the system are Beaver, Center, Penns and Washington.—*New Berlin Star.*

THOMAS H. BURROWES, Esq.—We are pleased to see the labors of his industrious statesman appreciated. He has made a long and very able Report of the present condition and prospects of Common Schools in the Commonwealth, which is said to be worthy of his head and heart. The system he superintends is one of the highest consideration, and deserves the warm approbation of the rising generation.—*Juniata Herald.*

MISSISSIPPI BANKS.—The actual capital of all the Banks of Mississippi is $18,884,340. The nominal capital is $82,512,000.

Jesse Thomas, U. S. Minister to the Brazils, arrived at New York, with twenty puncheons of whiskey, four hundred barrels of oat meal, and two hundred casks of potatoes.

THE FOUR BROTHERS, JONES.—The Louisville Journal states that these men, the murderers of their uncle, Col. Ward, are about engaging Henry Clay and Daniel Webster, to defend their cause, at a fee of five thousand dollars each.

"All the dissensions of the Van Buren party will soon be buried."—*Portland Argus.*

The party and its opponents will be buried in the same grave.—*Prentice.*

We perceive, that Col. Benton is still raving in the Senate for an exclusive metallic currency. He ought to blush at the slightest allusion to that subject. Where is the gold, with which, according to his predictions, the Mississippi was to supply the whole world? Let us hear no more for that big stream to "*fork out!*"—*Ibid.*

Whig papers are swinging up in all parts of Missouri. The probability is, that they will soon make the State too hot to hold the humbugger.—*Ibid.*

MARCH OF OPINION.—By the late proceedings of the Legislature of Maryland, we observe that an act has been passed changing the name of Andrew Jackson Stoddard, of Allegany county, to JOHN MARSHALL STODDARD. This we read as a sign of returning health in public opinion. Enduring and universal may be the preference given to John Marshallism in this country of laws, over Andrew Jacksonism!—*Balt. Pat.*

The office of the Fincastle (Va.) Democrat was destroyed by fire on the 10th ult. together with a considerable portion of its contents. The destruction of the principal part of the village was at one time greatly apprehended, but the efforts of the citizens, aided by the personal exertions of the ladies, who for hours carried water in buckets to feed the engine, prevented the fire from spreading.

TRANCE.—There is at this time a young woman aged 18, residing at Needlewille, near St. Ives's, who has been in a trance or sleep for twelve days; she keeps quite warm, except her feet, and they are cold and still. Last week her father hired her down since, into a warmer room, thinking it might be the means of rousing her, but it had not the desired effect. On Monday last she opened her eyes, and made a motion with her hand for something to drink, which being given her she became convulsed for a short time, and then sank into her former state of torpor, in which she has continued ever since.

The first steam vessel that ever crossed the Atlantic ocean, is now in our port! She is called the "City of Kingston"—is schooner rigged, spreads a very large squareasail from her forward; is in every respect well form, and apparently fitted for sea navigation. She is a handsome vessel.—*Balt. Paper.*

FROM THE BEFORE INQUIRER.

An Acrostic.

Join to raise the banner high,
Of Ritner and Democracy,
Sound aloud his worthy name,
Ever his good acts proclaim.
Fundersor for him a crown,
Honor calls him honor's son,
Refreshing joys around him roam,
In him virtue finds a home.
Then to him we votes will give,
Naught shall force us him to leave;
Electors, to the polls, then go,
Route our haughty, boasting foe.

T.

STAR & REPUBLICAN BANNER.

$1 $2 per annum, half-yearly in advance.

GETTYSBURGH, PA.

Tuesday, April 3, 1838.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JOSEPH RITNER.

To our Readers.

☞The present number commences the NINTH Volume of the STAR & REPUBLICAN BANNER; and having devoted some area of our paper to editorial resting places in our Editorial career, we pause for a moment to look back upon the road we have passed over, and forward to get in prospect.

It affords us great gratification to be able to state, that during the past year our subscription list has grown so steadily increasing, as to assure us of our most sanguine anticipations. It is gratifying to us, chiefly, because it is an indication that our endeavors to minister to the interest and pleasure of our readers have not been without success. The life of an Editor, in these stormy times, is not the most tranquil and pleasant; nor are his duties always such as inclination would prefer. But the course of life is smooth, and the path of duty, however thorny, not without its charms when he can have the pleasing assurance, that his task is not thankless, nor his labors unappreciated.

To those who have sustained us amid difficulties and opposition, we tender thanks as sincere and unaffected as any other feeling, while for those who have sought to obstruct and injure us, we have charity and forgiveness—the number of the latter class, however, is but very small, and scarcely justifies an allusion to the subject.

But there is another class of persons for whom we have a word: *We refer now to those who have patronized us so far as subscribing for our paper, but who, from carelessness, or forgetfulness, have lost sight of the essential part of patronage*—PAYMENT *their dues!* We do not like to be importunate, and especially at this present moment when we are in good humor with every body; but we would remind such, that what may appear to them a little sum, is as scarcely to deserve a place in their recollection, is to us of great moment. Our whole income—out of which we are to pay for ink, paper, *grub for ourself, our family and apprentice*, and a host of other *extras*—is made up of precisely such trifles. Now, we ask you, if every one were to forget or dispose them, how is the poor printer, who has no other source of support, to live—let alone providing for the aforesaid *extras!* We can't do it; the fact is, (for there's no use in missing matters,) unless, like Phamelion, we and our half a dozen "little republicans," were to live on air, we can't do it. Now with this declaration, we throw ourself at once and unreservedly, *not on the charity*, BUT ON THE SIMPLE JUSTICE OF OUR DELINQUENT SUBSCRIBERS. We trust this is the last allusion we shall have to make to this disagreeable subject.

It is our determination to go on, as we have been proceeding, and to spare no labor to render the columns of our paper useful, interesting and agreeable. We shall not like some contemporaries, prostitute our columns to vile and base ends; and in this respect we must admit we are friends of Van Buren's anti-commercial system, but the boldness and independence of our readers, we think warrants us in promising that much. How for the performance of the coming year shall exceed the past, we will tell you, *a posteriori*, when it is over; and in the mean time, with our best wishes for your health and happiness, and just some among you may profit by a word in season we remain, yours truly, we make our best Editorial bow, and take our leave.

Duelling.

☞The reader is referred to the notice for a meeting of those opposed to Duelling. We hope that all opposed to that odious and murderous practice, will be in attendance. Let the meeting be large, and the expression of a Christian community decisive.

Adjournment.

☞The Harrisburg Key-Stone of Saturday last says,—The Senate to-day, took up the resolution of the House to adjourn on the 29th of March, which was reported by the Committee on the 2d inst. and amended it by fixing the day of adjournment on Tuesday the 17th of April. The House has concurred in the amendment.

Improvement Bill.

☞The Improvement Bill passed its first reading in the Senate on Saturday last. A few additional appropriations were added. It was up yesterday on second reading.

☞CHARLES B. PENROSE, Esq. was, on the 20th ult. elected Speaker of the Senate by a vote of 17 to 11, in the place of Dr. Jesse R. Burden, resigned.

The "Harrison" Address.

☞We cannot, at this time, comply with the request of the Harrison Central Committee to give place to their address. It is enough to do so, we hope our motives will not be misconstrued. We are not the opponent of the Patriot HARRISON; and, if nominated by the National Anti-Masonic Convention, we shall yield him our cordial and ready support. But we must object to admitting in to our columns such an article as has been put forth, unfortunately, *by men professing to be his friends.* In their address, it is not only attempted to drive from Gen. Harrison those who might hereafter become his friends, but mar that harmony now prevailing among the friends of Governor RITNER. *The vote of Pennsylvania cannot be withheld from Martin Van Buren,* UNLESS IT IS FIRST GIVEN TO THE PRESENT WORTHY GOVERNOR. There is no use in disguising this fact. We hope, therefore, that the friends of Harrison, Webster and Clay will cease their warfare upon the candidates of each other. After the October election, there will be time enough to settle the question.

Hon. Isaac McKim.

☞The Hon. ISAAC MKIM, member of Congress from Baltimore, died in Washington City on Sunday last.

Young men's Convention.

☞The Young men of Philadelphia have appointed a delegation of 76 to the State Convention, to meet in Harrisburg on the 4th of April, to nominate a ticket for the better regulation of the several banking and savings institutions and loan companies within this commonwealth."—There is no doubt but that the Convention has received the stamp of approbation in the House—it is the bill as reported by Mr. Fraley of Yoor city, as chairman of the committee on Banks, to whom the bill was first referred. The first section which, is an index of the remainder of the bill provides, that it shall be the duty of all the banks incorporated by this state to receive gold or silver coins of the United States, all their notes, bills, and obligations, payable or originally made payable on demand, within the state of Pennsylvania, and that the United States shall provide by law for the receipt and payment of debts due the United States, in the notes of specie paying banks, or within thirty days after, three dollars of the capital and capital of the banks in the cities of N. York, and Boston and Baltimore, shall redeem their notes in specie. The bill passed the committee, meeting with no opposition, will probably come off on second reading to-morrow.

RUFFIANLY ASSAULT ON AN EDITOR.—We learn from the Harrisburg Intelligencer, that a fellow by the name of Templin, committed, on the 21st ult. an assault on Mr. Jno. Rowe, the editor of the Telegraph, publised in that town. The Telegraph, since received, states that the assault was not only unprovoked and unexpected, but entirely from a person he knew not, and who he noted him to the language of an entire stranger, enquiring if he was Mr. Rowe, and at the same time stunning him with blows. The villian was arrested, and the affair will undergo judicial investigation. The only cause of offence was an article of a general political nature, which appeared in the Telegraph.—*Balt. Trans.*

MARK THE DIFFERENCE.—When Judge M'LEAN was at the head of the Post Office Department, that branch of the government yielded an annual revenue of some hundred thousand dollars. Now AMOS KENDALL, the *reforming and retrenching* Post Master General, asks Congress for an appropriation of some thing more than FOUR MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, for the current year, for his department alone!!!*Hag. U. I.*

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞Rev. Dr. KRAUTH will preach in the English Lutheran Church on Sunday morning next. There will also be preaching in the evening, at early candlelight by Rev. Mr. JACOBS.

☞Rev. Mr. M'LEAN will preach in his Church on Sunday morning next.

OBITUARY RECORD.

DIED.

On the 22d ult. in Hanover, Mrs. MARY GEEWICKS, relict of John Nicholas Gelwicks, aged 70 years, 4 months, and 4 days.

On the 23d ult. MARY ELIZABETH, daughter of Mr. Henry Willet, aged 3 years, 10 months, and 18 days.

On the 20th ult. Mr. SAM'L BARNHOLL, of Hamilton township, in the 37th year of his age.

On the 28th ult. Mrs. MARYA ELDER, widow of Wm. Elder, late of Menallen township, deceased, aged about 70.

On the 24th ult. Mr. JOHN NOLL, Jr. of York county, formerly of East Berlin, in this county, aged about 33 years.

On the 22d ult. a daughter of Mr. Joseph Noel, of East Berlin, aged about 1 year.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC MEETING.

WHERE will be a public meeting held at the Court House in Gettysburg, on *Saturday the 7th of April inst.* at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of giving an expression of the public opinion in relation to the murderous practice of DUELLING. The citizens of town and country are invited to attend.

MANY.

April 3, 1838.

TEMPERANCE.

THE Rock-Creek Temperance Society will meet at the Rock-creek Chapel on *Easter Monday the 16th of April*, at 1 o'clock P. M.

Addresses are expected by members. The members are requested to be punctually invited to attend.

ROBERT M'CURDY, Sec'ry.

April 3, 1838.

TEMPERANCE.

A SEMI-ANNUAL meeting of the Temperance Society of Gettysburg and its vicinity will be held in Tredyffrin C. church on *Saturday the 14th inst.* at 7 o'clock P. M.

R. W. MIDDLETON, Sec'ry.

April 3, 1838. (Sent. & Comp.)

NOTICE.

THE books and accounts of DAVID HEAGY have been placed, by his Assignee, into my hands for collection. Those indebted are requested to call and make payment *on or before Saturday the 21st inst.* No indulgence can be given after that day.

R. W. MIDDLETON.

April 3, 1838. 3t-1

WOOD.

THE Commissioners of Adams county will receive Proposals, in writing, at their Office, on *Tuesday the 24th day of April inst.* at 1 o'clock, for furnishing Wood for the Court house and Prison during the ensuing year.

By order of the Commissioners,

WM. KING, *Clerk.*

April 3, 1838. td-1

STRAY BULL.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, near Hamiltonban township, Adams county, some time in September last, a stray BULL, between the age of two and three years, black and white spotted, without ear marks. The owner is desired to come forward prove property, pay charges, and take said Bull away.

JOHN MUSSELMAN.

April 3 1838. 3t-1

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

CITIZENS OF PHILADELPHIA! Twenty-four years have scarcely elapsed since I proved my power office at 1 PEARL STREET, for the sale of the Vegetable Universal Medicine known by the name of BRANDRETH'S PILLS. Conscious of its superiority over all other medicines, I have shown that I did not exaggerate its virtues. You generously depended on my representations, and I judged for myself. The result has been, that I have gained a competence, and have the pleasure of reflecting that I have contributed to no one instance where the pills have been purchased at my place without effect; have they failed in producing the most beneficial effects; but, on the contrary, they have cured many and relieved thousands. Let me ask, then, if the present state of things in this city, is much altered by the knowledge that this health restoring medicine is now to be had at every port of the Union. From the New England States to New Orleans, and from St. Louis to the Atlantic, do we continually abound; and to such an extent have some of these persons pushed their contemptible calling, that I am in the constant receipt of Brandreth Pills, York, divested exclusively to the sale of the counterfeit article, and another place in Baltimore for the same vile purpose. Dare you good city is, as yet, comparatively free from these insidious impositions. How long it may remain so, depends, my fellow citizens, on you. If you still continue, as heretofore, to encourage by your patronage any and every kind of imposture, no matter by what honeyed *effronitery* it may be attempted, you will be guilty of great immorality, as well as minister to your own welfare, by obtaining the medicine in its *original purity* from 21st street. As assured, I should, New Orleans, Baltimore, &c. all teem with counterfeit Brandreth Pills. Philadelphia alone is free from them, and the old established BACE STREET office still stands as a *Beacon light* to guide the vulnerable from the rocks of ruin. Awake, citizens! and drive the prowling sniffles from your doors. Tell them, Philadelphia never pays, and we will accompany the message with him with blows. The villian was arrested, and the affair will undergo judicial investigation. The only cause of offence was an article of a general political nature, which appeared in the Telegraph.—*Balt. Trans.*

Sussanah Allcorn, ats. Simon Yeatts and Michael Heavy.

Dr. J. H. Miller, vs. Bank of Gettysburg.

Gayel Cavenover, Adm'r. of Elliot Berrow, dec'd vs. Jane Hamilton, Adm'r. of George Brinkerhoff, deceased.

William Sadler, vs. George Wilson.

Elizabeth Albert, vs. Christian and Elizabeth Martz.

Christian Cashman, vs. Abraham Berzew.

Joseph M'Grew, vs. Harman Wierman, Adm'r. of J. Hutton, deceased.

Somerset Cain, vs. George Zollinger.

John Camp, vs. Samuel Lilly.

April 3, 1838.

ANTI-MASONIC COUNTY MEETING.

THE Democratic Anti Masons of Adams County are requested to assemble in COUNTY MEETING, at the Court-house in Gettysburg,

on Monday the 23d of April next, at 1 o'clock P. M.

to take into consideration measures for the promotion of the good of the State, and to secure the triumph of the FARMER GOVERNOR over his Masonic aristocratic competitor, Dr. Ritner.

The Democratic Anti-Masonic citizens of Pennsylvania are at length, in the nomination of the last named gentleman, a high and adhering Mason, by the Masonic Van Buren party, the issue fairly and unequivocally made between all contending Democracy, and tendered to them by the party which has long, under the cloak of the latter, been secretly and in more openly supporting and defending the former. It is hoped that the Anti Masons of Adams will boldly and fearlessly meet the issue and show the dignitaries of Masonry that they are still erect and uncompromising so ever in their devotion to the laws and liberties of the country and human nations against them. Let every Anti Mason be at his post, and let as many as can attend the County meeting on the 23d of April next, so that the people may be informed of the measures that purpose in Littlestown, *on Saturday the 14th of April next*, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all interested are requested to attend.

DAVID SHRIVER, Auditor.

March 27, 1838. tm-52

TAILORING.

THE Subscriber returns his thanks to his friends and the public for the support which he has received since he has commenced business in this place, and respectfully begs to notice that he still continues to carry on the

TAILORING BUSINESS,

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

At his Old Stand, Smith's Corner, Gettysburg:

Where he will execute work in his line in the BEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE manner.

☞He will receive the FASHIONS regularly from the Cities, keep good hands, and as his prices will be very accommodating for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE, he hopes to merit a share of public patronage. Cloth in his line will call and give him a trial.

HEZEKIAH VAN ORSDEL.

March 20, 1838. tf-51

SPRING WHEAT.

ANY person desirous of having the above article can be supplied by calling upon the subscriber *immediately*; he has a small quantity which he is desirous of selling.

DAVID ZEIGLER.

March 27, 1838. 1t-52

GETTYSBURG GUARDS!

YOU will parade in front of the Court house, on Monday next, the 9th inst. at 2 o'clock P. M., with arms and accoutrements in complete order.

JOHN ZIEGLER, O. S.

March 13, 1-38. tp-50

VAUGHAN & PETERSON'S RED LINIMENT, an article superior to all other applications for Rheumatism, chilblains, sprains, contractions of the limbs, weakness and stiffness of the joints, sore throat, &c., which has effected cures in several cases which had baffled the most respectable medical aid.

Price 50 cents a bottle, to be had at the Drug Store of

Dr. J. GILBERT, Gettysburgh.

January 23, 1838. tf-43

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Trial List, April Term, 1838.

Sussanah Allcorn, ats. Simon Yeatts and Michael Heavy.

Dr. J. H. Miller, vs. Bank of Gettysburg.

Gayel Cavenover, Adm'r. of Elliot Berrow, dec'd vs. Jane Hamilton, Adm'r. of George Brinkerhoff, deceased.

William Sadler, vs. George Wilson.

Elizabeth Albert, vs. Christian and Elizabeth Martz.

Christian Cashman, vs. Abraham Berzew.

Joseph M'Grew, vs. Harman Wierman, Adm'r. of J. Hutton, deceased.

Somerset Cain, vs. George Zollinger.

John Camp, vs. Samuel Lilly.

April 3, 1838.

ANTI-MASONIC COUNTY MEETING.

THE Democratic Anti Masons of Adams County are requested to assemble in COUNTY MEETING, at the Court-house in Gettysburg,

on Monday the 23d of April next, at 1 o'clock P. M.

to take into consideration measures for the promotion of the good of the State, and to secure the triumph of the FARMER GOVERNOR over his Masonic aristocratic competitor, Dr. Ritner.

The Democratic Anti-Masonic citizens of Pennsylvania are at length, in the nomination of the last named gentleman, a high and adhering Mason, by the Masonic Van Buren party, the issue fairly and unequivocally made between all contending Democracy, and tendered to them by the party which has long, under the cloak of the latter, been secretly and in more openly supporting and defending the former. It is hoped that the Anti Masons of Adams will boldly and fearlessly meet the issue and show the dignitaries of Masonry that they are still erect and uncompromising so ever in their devotion to the laws and liberties of the country and human nations against them. Let every Anti Mason be at his post, and let as many as can attend the County meeting on the 23d of April next, so that the people may be informed of the measures that purpose in Littlestown,