Star & Republican Banner.

At $2 per annum, half-yearly in advance.

GETTYSBURGH, PENN.

MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 14, 1836.

A word in season.

☞We earnestly request those indebted for subscription, advertising and job-printing, to come forward and discharge a part if not the whole of what they owe us. The approaching Court, if an opportunity does not sooner occur, will be a convenient time for calling or sending. Our friends may rest assured that *necessity* alone compels us to urge them, and trust that they will not let us ask in vain.

Those who expect to pay their subscriptions in WOOD, are informed that *note* is the time for them to do so.

November 7, 1836.

Important from Maryland!

By his Excellency. THOMAS W. VEAZEY, Governor of Maryland.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by the Constitution of this State, and with the view, as well of perpetuating an essential branch of the Legislative Department of the Government, as of providing for such changes in the members thereof periodically, as the people might desire to make, it was provided that the people of the several counties, and of the cities of Baltimore and Annapolis, duly qualified as electors, should, on the first Monday of September last, elect two persons for each of the said counties, and one person for each of the said cities, to be Electors of the Senate, who were required to meet in the city of Annapolis on the third Monday of said month; and they, or any twenty four of them so met, were directed, after having qualified in the manner provided for, to proceed to elect fifteen Senators, who, when so elected, and duly qualified as such, were to constitute "the Senate of Maryland," in the place of those who then constituted that branch of the General Assembly.

AND WHEREAS, eighteen of the persons who were chosen as Electors, in pursuance of the aforesaid provisions of the Constitution, and in conformity to law, have failed to perform the duty enjoined upon them as aforesaid, by refusing, and continuing to refuse, or neglect to meet the other Electors who have attended, qualified and held themselves in readiness to perform their duty: in consequence whereof no new Senate has yet been elected.

AND WHEREAS, the said unfaithful agents of the people, in addition to their violation of the duty as aforesaid, seem vainly to have imagined that the effect of their conduct would be the destruction and overthrow of the Constitution and Government of the State, which many, if not all of them, had heretofore sworn to support; and, accordingly presumptuously proceeded to recommend measures for substituting another Constitution and Government for that which they seem to have supposed they had destroyed, or, at least, mortally wounded.

AND WHEREAS, sundry evil disposed, or misguided citizens have taken, and are continuing to pursue and promote measures in accordance with said recommendation, and designed to carry out and consummate the disorderly designs and purposes aforesaid.

AND WHEREAS, these unprecedented, unconstitutional, disorderly and Revolutionary occurrences and proceedings, although wholly inefficient to accomplish any of the avowed objects of those engaged in them, are fraught with incalculable evils and mischiefs, and *must*, if persisted in, and sustained by any considerable portion of the people, greatly disturb the tranquility and prosperity of the State—impair her credit and resources—arrest her great works of internal improvement—blight her hitherto brilliant prospects of increasing prosperity, and, finally, involve us in all the horrors and unspeakable calamities of anarchy, intestine commotion and CIVIL WAR, and therefore demand from the Executive the adoption of such Constitutional and legal measures as may seem to them best adapted to quiet the public mind, which has been thus wantonly disturbed; to defeat the unholy designs and purposes aforesaid, and maintain and support the Constitution and authority of the Government, by all the means and powers with which they are entrusted.

AND WHEREAS, we are well advised, and entirely satisfied, that the aforesaid unfaithful "Trustees of the people," and their abettors, have as entirely mistaken their power of destroying the Constitution and Government of the State, as they have clearly violated a solemn duty—that the Constitution and Government yet exist in all their integrity and power;—that the Senate elected in September 1831, continue to be "the Senate of Maryland," and will so continue until superceded by the election of successors, as constitutionally and lawfully provided for, and, with the House of Delegates elected, in October last, now constitute "the General Assembly" of this State.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, THOMAS W. VEAZEY, Governor of the State of Maryland, with the advice of the Council, and in virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution, deeming it proper and necessary in the present crisis of our affairs, that the General Assembly should be convened before the time fixed for the next annual session, to which it stands adjourned, DO HEREBY APPOINT AND PROCLAIM *MONDAY, the 21st of November*, instant, as the time of the next meeting of the General Assembly, and call upon and require the several Senators and Delegates to attend at the Seat of Government, on that day, to take into consideration the present condition of our public affairs, and adopt such measures as to them may seem meet and expedient in relation thereto, and for the transaction of such other business as the welfare of the State may require.

And I do further solemnly declare and proclaim, to all whom it doth or may concern, that, as Chief Magistrate of the State, I shall exert to the utmost, all the powers which have been, or may be vested in me by the Constitution and Laws, and which it may become necessary to employ, to curb the spirit of anarchy, disorder and revolution manifested by the aforesaid conduct and proceedings, and to support the Constitution and enforce the laws upon all offenders against their majesty, who shall proceed, by OVERT ACTS either of resistance to the constituted authorities of the State, or of carrying out and consumating the revolutionary designs and purposes of the aforesaid recusants and their abettors; and I do hereby require and enjoin all civil officers of the State, to be vigilant in the performance of their several and respective duties, at this important crisis and upon military officers and citizens to hold themselves in readiness, in case their services may become necessary in aid of the civil authorities, to maintain the public peace, repress disorder, uphold the Constitution, or enforce the Laws; and, finally, with humble supplications for, and reliance upon Divine Providence for direction and aid, and also with the firmest reliance upon the people of the State, to support, and, if necessary, enforce the declaration, I do solemnly DECLARE AND PROCLAIM that the Constitution of the State MUST BE PRESERVED, and the Government maintained, *as they now are, and unaltered, changed or abolished*, in the manner Constitutionally provided for.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland, at the City of Annapolis, this eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and of the Independence of the United States the sixty-first.

THOS. W. VEAZEY.

By the Governor,
THOS. CULBRETH, Clerk of the Council.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

MOST PROPHETIC—The following most strikingly prophetic extract is copied from "Jefferson's Notes on Virginia," pages 163 and 164:—

"The views of the present members are perfectly upright. When they are led out of their regular province, it is by art in the manner provided for, to proceed to elect fifteen Senators, who, when so elected, and duly qualified as such, were to constitute "the Senate of Maryland," in the place of those who then constituted that branch of the General Assembly.

AND WHEREAS, eighteen of the persons who were chosen as Electors, in pursuance of the aforesaid provisions of the Constitution, and in conformity to law, have failed to perform the duty enjoined upon them as aforesaid, by refusing, and continuing to refuse, or neglect to meet the other Electors who have attended, qualified and held themselves in readiness to perform their duty: in consequence whereof no new Senate has yet been elected.

AND WHEREAS, the said unfaithful agents of the people, in addition to their violation of the duty as aforesaid, seem vainly to have imagined that the effect of their conduct would be the destruction and overthrow of the Constitution and Government of the State, which many, if not all of them, had heretofore sworn to support; and, accordingly presumptuously proceeded to recommend measures for substituting another Constitution and Government for that which they seem to have supposed they had destroyed, or, at least, mortally wounded.

AND WHEREAS, sundry evil disposed, or misguided citizens have taken, and are continuing to pursue and promote measures in accordance with said recommendation, and designed to carry out and consummate the disorderly designs and purposes aforesaid.

AND WHEREAS, these unprecedented, unconstitutional, disorderly and Revolutionary occurrences and proceedings, although wholly inefficient to accomplish any of the avowed objects of those engaged in them, are fraught with incalculable evils and mischiefs, and *must*, if persisted in, and sustained by any considerable portion of the people, greatly disturb the tranquility and prosperity of the State—impair her credit and resources—arrest her great works of internal improvement—blight her hitherto brilliant prospects of increasing prosperity, and, finally, involve us in all the horrors and unspeakable calamities of anarchy, intestine commotion and CIVIL WAR, and therefore demand from the Executive the adoption of such Constitutional and legal measures as may seem to them best adapted to quiet the public mind, which has been thus wantonly disturbed; to defeat the unholy designs and purposes aforesaid, and maintain and support the Constitution and authority of the Government, by all the means and powers with which they are entrusted.

AND WHEREAS, we are well advised, and entirely satisfied, that the aforesaid unfaithful "Trustees of the people," and their abettors, have as entirely mistaken their power of destroying the Constitution and Government of the State, as they have clearly violated a solemn duty—that the Constitution and Government yet exist in all their integrity and power;—that the Senate elected in September 1831, continue to be "the Senate of Maryland," and will so continue until superceded by the election of successors, as constitutionally and lawfully provided for, and, with the House of Delegates elected, in October last, now constitute "the General Assembly" of this State.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, THOMAS W. VEAZEY, Governor of the State of Maryland, with the advice of the Council, and in virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution, deeming it proper and necessary in the present crisis of our affairs, that the General Assembly should be convened before the time fixed for the next annual session, to which it stands adjourned, DO HEREBY APPOINT AND PROCLAIM *MONDAY, the 21st of November*, instant, as the time of the next meeting of the General Assembly, and call upon and require the several Senators and Delegates to attend at the Seat of Government, on that day, to take into consideration the present condition of our public affairs, and adopt such measures as to them may seem meet and expedient in relation thereto, and for the transaction of such other business as the welfare of the State may require.

And I do further solemnly declare and proclaim, to all whom it doth or may concern, that, as Chief Magistrate of the State, I shall exert to the utmost, all the powers which have been, or may be vested in me by the Constitution and Laws, and which it may become necessary to employ, to curb the spirit of anarchy, disorder and revolution manifested by the aforesaid conduct and proceedings, and to support the Constitution and enforce the laws upon all offenders against their majesty, who shall proceed, by OVERT ACTS either of resistance to the constituted authorities of the State, or of carrying out and consumating the revolutionary designs and purposes of the aforesaid recusants and their abettors; and I do hereby require and enjoin all civil officers of the State, to be vigilant in the performance of their several and respective duties, at this important crisis and upon military officers and citizens to hold themselves in readiness, in case their services may become necessary in aid of the civil authorities, to maintain the public peace, repress disorder, uphold the Constitution, or enforce the Laws; and, finally, with humble supplications for, and reliance upon Divine Providence for direction and aid, and also with the firmest reliance upon the people of the State, to support, and, if necessary, enforce the declaration, I do solemnly DECLARE AND PROCLAIM that the Constitution of the State MUST BE PRESERVED, and the Government maintained, *as they now are, and unaltered, changed or abolished*, in the manner Constitutionally provided for.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland, at the City of Annapolis, this eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and of the Independence of the United States the sixty-first.

THOS. W. VEAZEY.

By the Governor,
THOS. CULBRETH, Clerk of the Council.

MOST PROPHETIC—The following most strikingly prophetic extract is copied from "Jefferson's Notes on Virginia," pages 163 and 164:—

"The views of the present members are perfectly upright. When they are led out of their regular province, it is by art in the manner provided for, to proceed to elect fifteen Senators, who, when so elected, and duly qualified as such, were to constitute "the Senate of Maryland," in the place of those who then constituted that branch of the General Assembly.

AND WHEREAS, eighteen of the persons who were chosen as Electors, in pursuance of the aforesaid provisions of the Constitution, and in conformity to law, have failed to perform the duty enjoined upon them as aforesaid, by refusing, and continuing to refuse, or neglect to meet the other Electors who have attended, qualified and held themselves in readiness to perform their duty: in consequence whereof no new Senate has yet been elected.

AND WHEREAS, the said unfaithful agents of the people, in addition to their violation of the duty as aforesaid, seem vainly to have imagined that the effect of their conduct would be the destruction and overthrow of the Constitution and Government of the State, which many, if not all of them, had heretofore sworn to support; and, accordingly presumptuously proceeded to recommend measures for substituting another Constitution and Government for that which they seem to have supposed they had destroyed, or, at least, mortally wounded.

AND WHEREAS, sundry evil disposed, or misguided citizens have taken, and are continuing to pursue and promote measures in accordance with said recommendation, and designed to carry out and consummate the disorderly designs and purposes aforesaid.

AND WHEREAS, these unprecedented, unconstitutional, disorderly and Revolutionary occurrences and proceedings, although wholly inefficient to accomplish any of the avowed objects of those engaged in them, are fraught with incalculable evils and mischiefs, and *must*, if persisted in, and sustained by any considerable portion of the people, greatly disturb the tranquility and prosperity of the State—impair her credit and resources—arrest her great works of internal improvement—blight her hitherto brilliant prospects of increasing prosperity, and, finally, involve us in all the horrors and unspeakable calamities of anarchy, intestine commotion and CIVIL WAR, and therefore demand from the Executive the adoption of such Constitutional and legal measures as may seem to them best adapted to quiet the public mind, which has been thus wantonly disturbed; to defeat the unholy designs and purposes aforesaid, and maintain and support the Constitution and authority of the Government, by all the means and powers with which they are entrusted.

AND WHEREAS, we are well advised, and entirely satisfied, that the aforesaid unfaithful "Trustees of the people," and their abettors, have as entirely mistaken their power of destroying the Constitution and Government of the State, as they have clearly violated a solemn duty—that the Constitution and Government yet exist in all their integrity and power;—that the Senate elected in September 1831, continue to be "the Senate of Maryland," and will so continue until superceded by the election of successors, as constitutionally and lawfully provided for, and, with the House of Delegates elected, in October last, now constitute "the General Assembly" of this State.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, THOMAS W. VEAZEY, Governor of the State of Maryland, with the advice of the Council, and in virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution, deeming it proper and necessary in the present crisis of our affairs, that the General Assembly should be convened before the time fixed for the next annual session, to which it stands adjourned, DO HEREBY APPOINT AND PROCLAIM *MONDAY, the 21st of November*, instant, as the time of the next meeting of the General Assembly, and call upon and require the several Senators and Delegates to attend at the Seat of Government, on that day, to take into consideration the present condition of our public affairs, and adopt such measures as to them may seem meet and expedient in relation thereto, and for the transaction of such other business as the welfare of the State may require.

And I do further solemnly declare and proclaim, to all whom it doth or may concern, that, as Chief Magistrate of the State, I shall exert to the utmost, all the powers which have been, or may be vested in me by the Constitution and Laws, and which it may become necessary to employ, to curb the spirit of anarchy, disorder and revolution manifested by the aforesaid conduct and proceedings, and to support the Constitution and enforce the laws upon all offenders against their majesty, who shall proceed, by OVERT ACTS either of resistance to the constituted authorities of the State, or of carrying out and consumating the revolutionary designs and purposes of the aforesaid recusants and their abettors; and I do hereby require and enjoin all civil officers of the State, to be vigilant in the performance of their several and respective duties, at this important crisis and upon military officers and citizens to hold themselves in readiness, in case their services may become necessary in aid of the civil authorities, to maintain the public peace, repress disorder, uphold the Constitution, or enforce the Laws; and, finally, with humble supplications for, and reliance upon Divine Providence for direction and aid, and also with the firmest reliance upon the people of the State, to support, and, if necessary, enforce the declaration, I do solemnly DECLARE AND PROCLAIM that the Constitution of the State MUST BE PRESERVED, and the Government maintained, *as they now are, and unaltered, changed or abolished*, in the manner Constitutionally provided for.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland, at the City of Annapolis, this eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and of the Independence of the United States the sixty-first.

THOS. W. VEAZEY.

By the Governor,
THOS. CULBRETH, Clerk of the Council.

VERY LATE FROM EUROPE.

This packet ship Virginia, Capt. Harris, arrived at New York on Tuesday afternoon, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 8th ult.

The defeat of the Carlists under Gomez is confirmed, although they have not received any particulars.

There appears to have been a complete rupture between France and Switzerland growing out of the difficulties between the Duke de Montebello and the Swiss Directory. The London Morning Chronicle of the 6th publishes a diplomatic note from the Directory, which it characterises as a "ne farious production," "replete with false assertions, with petty susceptibilities, with open bolying of the weak by the strong."

The Swiss Directory met on the 28th, in consequence of the note of the French government, and took the following resolutions:

The convocation of an extraordinary Diet for the 17th of October. Invitations to all the States to appoint depatations, providing them with instructions and sufficient powers. Order to the Swiss Charge d'Affaires in Paris to break off all relations with the French Government, and warn the Ministry of this in a note.

The French Legation at Berne had closed its doors refuses to sign passports, or the necessary for the receipt of the annuities and pensions in France. This last is severe, but is explained by the journal which announces it, to be intended to excite the persons hurt by this measure against the Swiss Government. The Government, however, has announced that it will itself provide for the payment of such annuities so stopped. Although no passports are signed for France, M. de Montebello has offered to make an exception in favor of the refugees to be exiled.

There had been tremendous storms in England during the latter part of September and beginning of October, which had occasioned great damages and dreadful loss of life on the coast.

A Spaniard named Gomez, has been arrested in London and committed as the m ... ...