Star & Republican Banner.
At $2 per annum, half yearly in advance.

GETTYSBURGH, PENN.

MONDAY MORNING, SEP. 26, 1836.

Anti-Masonic Ticket.

CONGRESS,
James M'Sherry, Esq.

ASSEMBLY,
Thaddeus Stevens, Esq.
Dr. George L. Fauss.

COMMISSIONER,
COL. JOHN WOLFORD.

AUDITOR,
COL. JOSEPH J. KUHN.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
COL. BALTZER SNYDER.

CORONERS,
DR. JOSEPH SMITH.
MAJ. JOHN ASH.

The Surplus Revenue.

"It is my firm conviction, that any system by which a distribution is made among the states, of money collected by the federal government, would introduce vices into the legislation of both government, productive of the most injurious effects, as well as to the best interests of the country as upon the perpetuity of our political institutions. I sincerely hope, therefore, that the good sense and patriotism of the American people will PREVENT THE ADOPTION OF ANY SUCH PLAN."

"It is now for the majority of the people to decide whether the measure referred to shall only be treated as a temporary expedient, forced upon the country by a conjunction of extraordinary circumstances—or, whether the distribution of the public deposites shall be the parent and forerunner of FUTURE DISTRIBUTIONS of the public revenue."

I hope and believe that the public voice WILL DEMAND, that this species of legislation shall terminate with the emergency that produced it,—that early and EFFICIENT STEPS will be taken to prevent the concurrence of a state of things calculated to furnish ANY EXCUSE for any MEASURE OF DISTRIBUTION."

M. Van Buren.

Downfall of Babylon!

☞The following is the ticket, a true "mongrel brood," settled by friend Herbert's men at their "Union and harmony" meeting referred to in our last.

DEMOCRATIC-MASONIC-FANNY WRIGHT-TAXATION TICKET.

CONGRESS,
HON. DANIEL SHEFFER.

ASSEMBLY,
CHRISTIAN STOKING,
WILLIAM MCCURDY.

COMMISSIONER,
HENRY MYERS, [Tyrone.]

FREDERICK DIEHL.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JOHN N. GRAFT.

CORONER,
ADAM WALTER,
JOSEPH HILL.

Now, on the above ticket are some pretty clever men, and we sincerely regret that they suffer such men as *Herbert, A. G. Miller & Co.* to use them for their own disorganization gratification. Of *success* the cannot dream. Every man on the ticket will, as one of the Coroners would say, be most *"beautifully"* benen! Why, then, suffer themselves to be cats-paws for designing, unprincipled demagogues!

The Poll Tax.

☞The Masonic Van Buren party are endeavoring to mislead the people upon what they term A POLL TAX, and are trying to saddle it upon the Anti-Masonic party. *How* and *where* it originated, and *who* were its originators, can readily be perceived by reading the following letter from CHARLES B. PENROSE, Esq. a gentleman well known to the people of Adams county. Mr. Penrose puts the "saddle upon the right horse:"

Letter from C. B. Penrose, Esq.

CARLISLE, Aug. 30, 1836.

DEAR SIR—The 4th section of the act last session on the subject of common schools, taken in connection with the fifth, sixth and seventh sections, provides for fixing the sum to be raised in each township, which, by a vote of the people adopts the law for school purposes, and the mode in which it is to be assessed and collected.

By the 4th section, the directors are empowered to fix the amount not less than equal to, nor more than treble the amount which the district is entitled to receive from the State. This is what is meant by the terms *"authorized to be levied."* If the people with an additional sum, they have the right in a meeting called for the purpose, to order it.

The 5th section provides for the assessment of the tax by the directors, and fixes the objects of taxation on the property to be assessed and collected.

The 6th section provides for the appointment of a Collector—and the 7th defines the powers and duties of the collectors.—The first item of the 6th section, to which your question refers, provides as follows:—"In each county taxable inhabitants of the district, *a Poll Tax* AT THEIR DISCRETION, not exceeding Fifty cents."

It will be remarked—that the Common School Law is altogether a matter of consent on the part of the people of each district. They may adopt it, or reject it, as they think proper. If they do adopt it, the people of each district have the right—but so far as regards the Poll Tax it is altogether *optional*. You will observe the words, "at their discretion," in this clause—the plain meaning of which is, that *they may or may not impose a Poll Tax, as they think proper.* And if they do determine to levy such tax, they may make it ONE CENT, or any other sum, not exceeding fifty cents.

The words, "at their discretion" were introduced by me into the bill, in a Committee of Conference between the two Houses—and they were introduced by me, for the purpose of leaving it to the people of each township or district to determine, whether they would have this tax or not.

A glance at the history of this question in the legislature, will explain this fully—

The project of a Poll Tax, originated with Mr. LEET, the Senator from Washington county who is well known as the warm supporter of Van Buren and Johnson, and as opposed to the State Bank, called the Bank of the United States. This Democratic Senator, proposed to make the Poll Tax ONE DOLLAR, and positively require its collection. Col. Dickey' Beaver county, warmly opposed it. Mr. Leet argued, that this tax was *nothing more* than a contribution; which, persons who had no property but who had children, would cheerfully pay, and which they would prefer paying, to having their children taught for nothing. That if it were permitted to be raised, under a large sum of money would be obtained, which would go in ease of landholders, who were already heavily taxed for county purposes, since the land tax would be less by the amount of the poll tax. He said it would be decidedly popular in Washington county, and no doubt would be so every where. It struck me at the time, there was much force and justice in his argument. The Bill passed the Senate, with the Poll Tax in. It went to the House, and was there amended. When the amendments came back to the Senate, we refused to concur in the same of them, and a Committee of Conference was appointed. I was a member of that committee and procured the introduction of the words "at their discretion," to which I have already referred; in order, that in those districts where a Poll Tax was popular, the people might determine to raise it, and in those where they did not like it they might reject it—thereby leaving it entirely to the option of the people.

I have been much surprised since the last session of the legislature, to find men, who were good democrats, ready, the meaning and history of this question, who dishonestly endeavor to mislead the people on this subject. I hope the hasty sketch I have been able to give you in answer to your questions, will enable you, as a Director to explain to your Board, *the true meaning of the law*, which on its face is very plain.

Very respectfully,
CHA'S. B. PENROSE.

MR. PHILIP LEONARD.

Fanny Wright.

☞Our Masonic Van Buren friends are now in full sail under the floatings of this *lady's* petticoat! Sometime since the term "petticoat" was on all sides applied to the Harrison party; but Fanny, it appears, in her late visit to York, has said who must wear the petticoat! and like *true* Democrats of the Masonic brood, the followers of little Matty have bowed to the will of this *English* strumpet, and now claim the petticoat as *their property!* Well, so be it, is right. If little Matty can ride in a *splendid and costly* ENGLISH Coach, drawn by ENGLISH horses, and attended by ENGLISH waiters, it is perfectly right that he should employ an *English* huzzy to travel the country and compel "his subjects" to rally under the "stars and stripes" of her petticoat! Huzza, then, for the *British-Fanny Wright-Masonic Van Buren-Petticoat party!*

From the Boston Atlas.

The Official Newspaper Journal offers Bets on the Successorship.

The Globe and President Jackson are resolved to turn the United States into a vast gaming table, and the Office of the Executive Government of this Union is now invested with the spirit of speculation. Offices are venal—to be won by the highest bidder—patriots, followed the fair from place to place in legitimate depositories, and placed in the pet banks, to enable partisans to gamble with the public land. And now the Washington Globe—the OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE EXECUTIVE OF THE UNITED STATES, which is so recognised by Congress, and the President at home, and by our ministers abroad, publishes the following, as an official proclamation under the hand and seal of the President—a proclamation in reference to the Control of Venezuela, at Philadelphia, the following disgraceful advertisement. We give it at length, as an indication of the national debasement, to which the profligate and venal politicians, who have been nursed into power and importance by the present administration, have reduced our once respectable and respected country. A paper issued with the confidence of the president, speaking his sentiments, publishing for authority the laws of the republic, admits into its columns *an advertisement for wagers on the successorship.*

Suppose the London Courier should issue such an advertisement with regard to the election of Speaker to the House of Commons, or any lower House! What would be thought of such an English precedent by the people of this country? What should they think of it when it is brought home to their own firesides, and touches the appointment of the Chief Magistrate of their country. We expect to see next in the Washington Globe a serious proposition to put up the Presidency at auction, and knock it off to the highest bidder.

VERMONT ELECTIONS.—This State has gone decidedly against Van Buren. The "Green Mountain Boys" have buckled on the panoply of cool, stern, and vigorous manhood; and have nobly approved themselves the friends of the constitution, the advocates of law, property, and rational liberty.—There is not a doubt that the opponents of Van Buren have elected their Governor.

The returns from the towns heard from, as given by the Boston Atlas, make a majority for Jennison, the Whig candidate, over Bradley, the candidate of the Spoils' party, of seven hundred and ninety-nine—and later accounts leave no room to doubt that this majority has been very greatly increased.

[Washington Sun.

TENNESSEE ERICE.—The attempts of "the party" and the party's President, (we are sorry to call General Jackson by this name, but his recent conduct compels us,) to dragoon the people of Tennessee into the results of the late Judge, have resulted in entire and most signal defeat. We want no better evidence of this than what is given by four-fifths of all the papers in that State. These are unanimous in declaring that nothing but discomfiture has attended "the party" and their agents, in all their assaults upon Tennessee's independence and the liberty of her people to vote as they think proper.—*Bid.*

From the Chambersburgh Telegraph.

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN CONFERE MEETING.

At a meeting of the Democratic Republican Conferees of Franklin and Adams Counties, convened at the Public House of Mr. Strasner, on the 14th instant, the following gentlemen were present, viz:

From Adams county, *George Sawyer, Isaac Robinson* and *C. P. Keener*; and from Franklin county, *Mathias Nead, Frederick Raemer* and *Samuel Gilmore.*

The meeting was organized by calling GEORGE SWYSER, Esq. to the Chair, and appointing MATHIAS NEAD, Secretary.

The object of the meeting being been announced from the Chair, the HON. DANIEL SHEFFER, of Adams county, was thereupon unanimously nominated as the Democratic Republican candidate of the Congressional District composed of the Counties of Adams and Franklin.

On motion it was unanimously

Resolved, That a Committee of Correspondence be appointed in each County, when the following named gentlemen were announced as said Committees:

ANDREW G. MILLER, Esq., } *of Gettysb'g.*
GEN. THOMAS C. MILLER, }
WILLIAM W. BELL, Esq., } *of Chambersb'g*
JAMES NILL, Esq., }
FREDERICK SMITH, Esq., }

On motion it was unanimously

Resolved, That we recommend the Hon DANIEL SHEFFER to the support of our Democratic brethren throughout this Congressional District, because we recognise in him an unwavering adherent of those principles which have been laid down as correct by Thomas Jefferson, the apostle and champion of democracy.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the proscriptive principles of political Anti-Masonry, and conceive it to be the bounden duty of every true Democratic Republican to use all honorable means in arresting its progress, and consigning it to the silent tomb of political infamy; and for this purpose we offer to the support of all liberal minded and independent Freemen of the Counties of Adams and Franklin the Hon. DANIEL SHEFFER, for our next Congressional representative, in this district, who, for his integrity has not his superior, and is highly deserving of the support of an enlightened democracy.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers, and published in all the papers in this Congressional District.

GEORGE SMYSER, *Chairman.*
MATHIAS NEAD, *Secretary.*

From the New Lisbon (Ohio) Aurora.

ANOTHER DISCLOSURE.

"Masonry is the same everywhere."

So says some Masonic champion, who wishes to lead the institution to the skies, and who probably believes that present and eternal happiness can be obtained only by joining the lodge. This is certainly true. The penalties imposed upon its initiates from that of cutting off the finger to that of tearing out the vitals or cutting off the head and throwing it over the shoulder, depending in behalf of the craft, to supporting a brother in difficulty "right or wrong," are its well known characteristics. It has murdered its victims, followed the fair from place to place in legitimate depositories, and placed in the pet banks, to enable partisans to gamble with the public land. And now the Washington Globe—OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE EXECUTIVE OF THE UNITED STATES, which is so recognised by Congress, and the President at home, and by our ministers abroad, publishes the following, as an official proclamation under the hand and seal of the President—a proclamation in reference to the Control of Venezuela, at Philadelphia, the following disgraceful advertisement. We give it at length, as an indication of the national debasement, to which the profligate and venal politicians, who have been nursed into power and importance by the present administration, have reduced our once respectable and respected country. A paper issued with the confidence of the president, speaking his sentiments, publishing for authority the laws of the republic, admits into its columns *an advertisement for wagers on the successorship.*

Suppose the London Courier should issue such an advertisement with regard to the election of Speaker to the House of Commons, or any lower House! What would be thought of such an English precedent by the people of this country? What should they think of it when it is brought home to their own firesides, and touches the appointment of the Chief Magistrate of their country. We expect to see next in the Washington Globe a serious proposition to put up the Presidency at auction, and knock it off to the highest bidder.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the proscriptive principles of political Anti-Masonry, and conceive it to be the bounden duty of every true Democratic Republican to use all honorable means in arresting its progress, and consigning it to the silent tomb of political infamy; and for this purpose we offer to the support of all liberal minded and independent Freemen of the Counties of Adams and Franklin the Hon. DANIEL SHEFFER, for our next Congressional representative, in this district, who, for his integrity has not his superior, and is highly deserving of the support of an enlightened democracy.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers, and published in all the papers in this Congressional District.

GEORGE SMYSER, *Chairman.*
MATHIAS NEAD, *Secretary.*

From the New Lisbon (Ohio) Aurora.

ANOTHER DISCLOSURE.

"Masonry is the same everywhere."

So says some Masonic champion, who wishes to lead the institution to the skies, and who probably believes that present and eternal happiness can be obtained only by joining the lodge. This is certainly true. The penalties imposed upon its initiates from that of cutting off the finger to that of tearing out the vitals or cutting off the head and throwing it over the shoulder, depending in behalf of the craft, to supporting a brother in difficulty "right or wrong," are its well known characteristics. It has murdered its victims, followed the fair from place to place in legitimate depositories, and placed in the pet banks, to enable partisans to gamble with the public land. And now the Washington Globe—OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE EXECUTIVE OF THE UNITED STATES, which is so recognised by Congress, and the President at home, and by our ministers abroad, publishes the following, as an official proclamation under the hand and seal of the President—a proclamation in reference to the Control of Venezuela, at Philadelphia, the following disgraceful advertisement. We give it at length, as an indication of the national debasement, to which the profligate and venal politicians, who have been nursed into power and importance by the present administration, have reduced our once respectable and respected country. A paper issued with the confidence of the president, speaking his sentiments, publishing for authority the laws of the republic, admits into its columns *an advertisement for wagers on the successorship.*

Suppose the London Courier should issue such an advertisement with regard to the election of Speaker to the House of Commons, or any lower House! What would be thought of such an English precedent by the people of this country? What should they think of it when it is brought home to their own firesides, and touches the appointment of the Chief Magistrate of their country. We expect to see next in the Washington Globe a serious proposition to put up the Presidency at auction, and knock it off to the highest bidder.

GENERAL INTELIGENCE.

THE LATE FIRE IN QUEBEC, on the 10th inst., destroyed eight stores and dwellings, and six large warehouses, which, in consequence of low tide, were aground in the Cul de Sac. Insurances were effected in four different offices, to the amount of $184,000 —less than one third the estimated loss.

A "SIZEABLE" WAREHOUSE.—A Tobacco Warehouse is building expressly for the city of New Orleans, *four thousand feet* square, and capable of holding 25,000 hogsheads of tobacco. It is designed to have it completed in season for the reception of the next crop.

A lady in New York, an admirer of the Vice President, has named a daughter *Martin Van Buren.*

SEMINGS DAVIS.—A man lately *died* in Brussels on a Saturday morning. The body was laid out with the usual ceremonies, and on Monday was placed in a coffin. As they were about to screw down the lid of the coffin, the man awoke from his lethargy and called for his coffee and newspaper.

RARE CIRCUMSTANCE.—The Indiana Journal says that Mr. Chartrand has been elected a Representative to the Indiana Legislature, on the 1st of August last, from Fountain county, twelve days after his death—He died at Worcester, Mass. on the 19th of July last, and was elected on the first of August after.

The population of the neighboring city of Newark, N. J., is reported by the Assessors at 19,722. The census was taken between June and August, at which period the Newark Advertiser says "some of the largest workshops were nearly suspended." It estimates the population at upwards of 20,000. There are 128 new buildings—including brick and frame dwellings, and new factories, now going up in Newark. There are included in the population 3000 unnaturalized and 420 naturalized foreigners.

From the Philadelphia Commercial Herald.

Wheat and Corn.

We are occasionally favored with a visit from an old gentleman—a Friend—who is extremely observant of cause and effect, through all the departments of nature and society, and who, as may be inferred, has much forecast of the future. Our friend is not one who "always prophesies evil," but sometimes good he thinks, however, that there is likely to be more sickness throughout the country this year than usual, from the fact that the grain has come in in most parts of the country, light and imperfect, and consequently not so wholesome as when it is full, round, and heavy. He approves the suggestion we made yesterday morning to the Editors to publish a receipt for bread with a mixture of potatoes, which he says are very wholesome, nutricious and cheap thus mixed. Those families who make their own bread will do well to act upon the suggestion. Our Friend thinks there is not likely to be so great a scarcity of wheat and corn, after all, as is apprehended by many. Owing to the great depth of the snow last winter, the farmers in the country who live upon the by-roads, found it impossible to get to market with their grain at the usual time, and when the snow went off it left the roads in an impassible state till late in the spring. By the time they were possible the farmers began to suspect there would be short crops, and that consequently grain would bear a high price, and this induced them to hold on to what they had. For these reasons there will be more than double the quantities of grain of the old crop now on hand than is usual at this season of the year—so that, after all, nature has not been so unkind to us as it generally feared. Had the roads been good last winter, wheat and corn would have been low, and much more considerable quantities would have been shipped off. As it is however, and fortunately, as it has proved, the grain has been retained in the country, many of our farmers now having their entire stock of last year still on hand.

REAL ESTATE IN NEW YORK.—According to a recent assessment the real estate of the city of New York is value at $226,245,401—last year it was valued at $144,321,805—showing an increase of over $80,000,000—an increase that cannot, we believe, find a parallel in the history of the world.

It is mentioned in a Rochester paper that the bank of Upper Canada, at Toronto, will lose $10,000 by the conduct of Mr. B. Rathbun, that individual having in their possession that amount in forged paper.

MAMMOTH TOMATO.—On Saturday there was exhibited at the exhibition of the Horticultural Society, from the Garden of Mr. EDWARD KURTZ, of this city, an enormous Tomato weighing *two pounds and three quarters!* Beat this who can.—*Balt. Pat.*

GOING THE WHOLE.—We see it stated, that there is a Female Temperance Society in New Hampton, in the county of Orange, which consists of some hundred members. The young ladies, members of this society, pledge themselves not only to ab-tain from all intoxicating drink, and to use their influence against them, but "never to connect themselves for life with any person who used them." Well done girls. If this decided conduct does not induce the young fellows to and about New Hamoton, to forsake the dram-bottle and the grog-shop, they are indeed incorrigible.—*Boston Jour.*

From the Baltimore Patriot.

What are we coming to?

Ar. ordervlong citizen, or friend to the supremacy of the laws, might well ask this question, after reading the details of a late outrage in New Orleans. On the night of the 7th inst. It is, however, only a little worse, than the multitudes which have been chronicled within a year or two past, as have occurred in all parts of our "happy land." And what is this last outrage? Merely the attempt to *Lynch* a Judge of the Court, in the populous city of New Orleans—that is, to maim or murder him, at the threshold of his own dwelling, because of an unpopular judicial act of his, in admitting to heavy bail, a person concerned in a homicide in that city, had given offence to the friends of the deceased.

It appears that a man named Giquel had caused the death of one Brox, in that city. The particulars are not given. But after the commitment of Giquel to prison, the prisoner he was admitted to bail by Judge Bermudez, in the sum of $15,000. The decision produced some excitement. But, two days after the 7th inst. "Little did we imagine that it would extend so far, as to produce the lamentable results of Monday night." On this night it appears that some respectable citizens of New Orleans, to the number of 60, proceeded to the Repository, who can't forget Mr. M'Sherry for voting to make him respect the Laws of his country in preference to those of his oath-bound Masonry!! This appears to be about the amount of the "dissatisfaction of our friends in Franklin;" and this "dissatisfaction" appears to have oozed out at the stilette ends of uncle George's fingers, as the meeting which he declared was called to shew the spunk of the Masonic Whigs, has been abandoned, and tumultuous meetings adopted to support the nomination of Mr. M'Sherry! Uncle George's army swore terribly—aye, marched up the hill, and then down again, without even a thrust with his broad wooden sword! Its a great pity the little corporal of the Sentinel "had not been there to see!"

Mr. M'Sherry's majority now over the *political Judge—the Fanny Wright—the Masonic Slavery candidate of those "opposed to the proscriptive principles of Anti-Masonry,"* will not be less, in the district, than from five to ten hundred—on a polling, of course, the votes of the Worshipfuls of the Gettysburgh and Chambersburgh Lodges and those under their control—*they* will be cast for a candidate "more in union with their principles." Indeed, we don't want them.

Mr. Dallas' Revolutionary Letter.

☞*Our disinterested* allies, the Whigs, view this Jack Cade letter with proper sentiments of horrence, and are raising a wonderful hue and cry about it. This is done, more for the purpose of leading the people off from the enormities of Masonry, than for any *honest* purpose. True, the doctrine it contains would disgrace the vile intellect Jacobin of the French Revolution; but it is Morality and Christianity, compared with the blasphemous and unholy doctrines of the Lodge. Or rather, it is but a small portion of Masonry—a legitimate shoot—a twig from the Parent-stock—the Bahan Upas—Masonry. It is a spice of the Masonic doctrine—Lynch Law. It is the same principle, varied only in its object, which executed Morgan, because the *good of the people* (as construed by these lawless incendiaries,) required it! But yet these patriotic Whigs—the sensitive abhorrers of *open* mutiny against the Law, remain quiet and feel shocked when they see others attack, condemn and battle against the *secret* treason and open rebellion of the Lodge! *Then* it is PERSECUTION!

Good souls! good hypocrites! You hate all treason but your own! You are afraid that the Fraternity of Rogues will become so large that your share of the plunder will be too small! You wish to confine the advantages of personal and unmerited preference to the *"Enlightened and Oath-bound free!"*

Cease, then, your clamour against the monstrous doctrine of the lawless Dallas, until you can give grace to your denunciations by attacking the *whole* Lodge. Why pare off the tip-end of the branches, while you dig and dung about the roots, and protect the trunk of this poisonous tree?

This is another filthy, cunning attempt of the Lodge to lead us off from *its* vast enormities. It is like starting a strong scented Pole Cat, to divert the Huntsmen from the trail of the less odorous but more dangerous Wolf. We should not be surprised, if the whole scheme of this atrocious letter was hatched in the Grand Lodge at Philadelphia, (of which Dallas is head,) and is the joint work of Whig and Van Buren Masons. The Whig Masons would sacrifice a Nation to save *their* Empire! Witness their perseverance of WILLIAM B. REED of Philadelphia! See their conduct in Franklin county!

Let the Anti-Masons no more be deceived. Let nothing, however alarming, divert us from our concentrated war against Masonry. Destroy that, and all these dangerous doctrines, which are now preached by Royal Rebel *Dallas, Buchanan*, and that male-female Heroine of Jericho, *Fanny Wright*, will fall to the ground.

☞The British Fanny Wright party, headed by Herbert A. G. Miller & Co. resolve that they are "opposed to the proscriptive principles of Anti-Masonry," and then declare that the "most prejudiced" against Masonry can vote their ticket, "because there is no Mason on it!" Out upon ye, ye vile hypocrites! Is there a man upon your ticket who has not ever been the most bitter opponent of Anti-Masonry—the most efficient tool of the Lodge? What man on your ticket, from your political Judge down, is there who would not take it as an insult to be called a Political Anti Mason? We suppose there may be some who are "political moral Anti-Masons—who are "no Masons," but are always fighting *for* Masonry! Such as the redoubtable Major *Miller*, 'Squire *Herbert*, 'Squire *Blake* & Co.!! Bah!

JAMES M'SHERRY.—The Anti-Masonic conferees for Franklin and Adams counties, have nominated Mr. M'Sherry, of Adams county, for Congress. The selection is excellent. Mr M'Sherry is a staunch and uncompromising Anti-Mason. he has had considerable experience in legislation, having for a number of years represented Adams county in the state legislature, where his close application to his duties as a legislator, his decided attention to the interests of the community, his gentlemanly deportment, and his sterling honesty, has secured to him the esteem and admiration of all who know him. He was deservedly styled "*the Business man of the House.*" With such a representative the interests of his constituents will not suffer.—*Harrisburgh Tel.*

THADDEUS STEVENS.—It gives us much pleasure to announce to our readers that the citizens of Adams county, have placed in nomination upon the Anti-Masonic ticket, a distinguished and talented individual. The undaunted and fearless champion of Anti-Masonry. The master spirit of his mind rose superior to the storm during the progress of the investigation of last session, and when the clouds of Masonic wrath seemed all gathered, threatening to burst upon the commonwealth, he was unmoved by the turbulance of the Masons and Jacks, commanded respect even from his bitterest foes.

We are glad that he will again assist in the deliberations of the *next Session.*—The *Nation* will claim his services after that time.—*Huntingdon Journal.*

Important from Maryland!

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Patriot.

ANNAPOLIS, Sept. 21, 1836.
Wednesday, 2 P. M.

No Senate was elected to-day. The Van Buren members all went down to your city in the steamboat, and when arrived there, it is reported, will issue an *Address to the People of Maryland.*" The time has arrived when the people must be aroused to a sense of danger. Anarchy is staring us in the face, and all history tells us that is train follow violence and bloodshed. The worst has come to pass—the spirit of Van Burenism has prostrated the Constitution of Maryland!

ANNAPOLIS, Sept. 21, 1836.
11 o'clock, A. M.

At the time of my writing nothing has been done towards electing a Senate, further than you are already advised of. The Van Buren electors have given out that they intend to leave here to-day, certainly in the steamboat for Baltimore—whether they will or not a few hours will determine.

There are now finished setting thus far, when Messrs. ELLICOTT of Baltimore county, and GEORGE of Queen Anne's, walked into the Senate Chamber and requested to use the manuscript book containing the record of the proceedings of the Court of Impeachments and are now examining it. Mr. BELL of Baltimore county has also come in.—There are now twenty-four electors in the Senate chamber. The Whigs who were in the committee room having all come out.

The three Van Buren members having notified themselves in their examination of the record, withdrew. The impression gains ground that a Senate will be elected to-day—an impression I am sure founded more on conjecture than any thing else, and I am decidedly without a sufficient foundation to warrant it. ½ to 12 o'CLOCK.

The Whig electors are now holding a private consultation in the committee room on certain propositions said to have been made to them by several electors of the Van Buren party—what they are—whether they will be acquiesced in—or whether they have been made at all, is at present "all in the wind."

ONE O'CLOCK, P. M.

Nothing done yet—I have just heard that the elector from your city says that he and his political friends will leave here in the steamboat for Baltimore. He states further that "*An Address to the People of Maryland*" has been decided upon and will be issued as soon as they arrive in Baltimore—In the address they will recommend a convention of delegates from each county and the city of Baltimore, to meet in this city early in December, to form a new constitution, to set the present aside.

IF THIS BE TRUE, THE REVOLUTION HAS COMMENCED.—

☞WHERE WILL IT END! Ask the people of Maryland they cannot. Ask the peaceable and order loving people of the State, No answer can be given. In vain may the wild and visionary enthusiastic, in search of some political dogma congenial to his own crude notions of government, tell us, that his scheme for overturning the government of the state is peaceable—that all is now quiet, and the present portentous signs are the heralds of a better day. It cannot be so! The quiet that now prevails is but the calm that precedes the storm.—Let the scheme—I may say *vile trick*—be tried, and what the scene must change. The storm of strife will then rage—the bitterest animosities be generated among the people of Maryland. Many of us may live to see the happy commonwealth—many may witness its end! Happy for the honor of the State, if the curtain of oblivion could be drawn over the events of the last three days! Happy for the incidents of to-day's proceedings deserves to be recorded. Messrs. MACGILL, of Washington, and VANSANT, of Baltimore, stalked into the chamber to-day, when Mr. BRAWNER, of Charles, called the attention of the members to the fact, and moved that they be requested to qualify.—Mr. VANSANT rose and Mr. MACGILL said *"I will not do it!"* They have affected to complain of a want of courtesy on the part of the Whigs, and Mr BRAWNER was determined that they should not have the excuse that they had not been invited to perform their duty.

Nothing has been done to-day, up to the hour of sending this, *and it is my firm conviction that no election of Senate will be made*, with the consent of the Van Buren electors.

☞P. S. THE VAN BUREN ELECTORS HAVE LEFT HERE IN THE STEAMBOAT, AND NO SENATE IS ELECTED.

☞TEXAS.—The Lexington (Ky.) Intelligencer contains an address to the public signed by E. J. Wilson, and G. L. Postlewaite, who went to Texas with troops from Kentucky, to be present at the formation of the latter that of Captain. Disgusted with the character and conduct of the Texian authorities, civil and military, they returned home, and have published the following as the result of their observations:

"We now state what our personal observation and knowledge of facts have led us fully to perceive.

1st. That the present population of Texas are wholly incapable of a just idea of civil and political liberty, and that so far as the extension of Democratic principles is concerned at the moment whether Mexico or Texas succeeds in the struggle.

2d That the mass of the people from the highest functionary of their pretended government, to the contemptible plebeian (with few exceptions) are animated alone by a desire of *plunder*, friends or foes.

3d. That even now, there is really no organized government in the country; no laws administered; no judiciary; a perpetual struggle going on between the civil and military departments; neither having the confidence of the people or being willing to be bound by any decision of the other, which may tend to show the estimation in which they are respectively held by each other, and that a person intending to engage in the planting business, will find it greatly to their advantage to settle upon the Mexican side of the Rio Grande, rather than upon the side of Texas.

4th. That the army is composed of a motley mixture, consisting of Texian Swizzer, volunteer emigrant from Ohio (who have lately arrived) and some dollars for hire men, and determined that *unless he was first sent home* he would not fight. General Lamar is the chief command of the Army, the army promptly adhered to recognize his authority, and the power and authority of the Cabinet were contemptuously disregarded. The army then, doubtlessly after long consideration, determined that *Lamar was either corrupt or imbecile* (probably both) and it being necessary to their opinion to get rid of them determined to do so by a summary process. They therefore sent an officer with instructions *forthwith to arrest them, and sending them in to the Quarters to be tried according to military usage.* These orders however were not executed, simply because the officer charged with its execution had not the physical force requisite."

The address is accompanied by a certificate signed by 124 of the volunteers who had participated in the expedition, expressing their approbation of the conduct of Col. Wilson, as an officer and a gentleman, bidding him a most friendly farewell, and approving of his determination to return home with his detachment.

MARRIED.

On the 13th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Goltwald, Mr. LEVI M. PICKING, of Petersburg, (Y. S.) to Miss SARAH WEYMANER, of York.

On the 15th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Gutelius, Mr. SAMUEL REBER, of York county, to Miss NANCY REBER, daughter of Mr. Abraham Reiff, of this county.

On the 15th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Rothrauff, Mr. SOLOMON DEARDORF, to Miss ELIZABETH NANCY COLTON, of Berwick township, Adams county.

DIED.

Yesterday morning, WILHELMINA, infant daughter of Mr. Henry J. Schreiner, of this Borough.

On the 1st of August last, after a short illness, Mrs. NANCY DEARDORF, wife of Mr. Andrew Deardorff, of Dark county, Ohio, (formerly of Adams county, Pa.) in the 31st year of her age.

PUBLICK NOTICES, &c.

The Gettysburgh
FEMALE SEMINARY

WILL open for the *Winter Session* on *the 17th of October.* Additional assistance will enable us to extend the course of study.

Considerable attention will be paid to the experimental parts of Natural Philosophy and Chemistry, which will be illustrated by a gentleman who has few, if any, superiors in this department of science.

Instruction will also be given in the ancient languages, if desired.

The return of the former instructress will give every facility for paying attention to *Music.*

It is also expected that *lessons in drawing* will be given.

Boarding can be obtained as formerly.

Gettysburgh, Sept. 26, 1836. 4t-26

NOTICE.

THE School Directors of Tyrone township will meet at the house of Mr. Caleb Hildebrand, in Heidlersburgh, *on Saturday, the 8th of October next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to receive Proposals for erecting ONE SCHOOL HOUSE in said township. Proposals will also be received, on said day, for teaching the Public Schools in said township —teachers to apply with satisfactory recommendations.

JACOB FIDLER, Sec'y
Board of School Directors, Tyrone tp
September 26, 1836. 2t-26

NEW GOODS

JUST received and for sale by the subscriber, a very LARGE STOCK OF

FRESH GOODS,

embracing almost every article in his line of business,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Hollow-ware, Queensware, Bar Iron, &c. &c.

All of which will be sold on the most pleasing terms, and at prices to suit the times.

☞The public are invited to call and judge for themselves.

GEORGE ARNOLD.
Gettysburgh, Sept. 26, 1836. 4t-26

Estate of Catharine Long, dec'd.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of CATHARINE LONG, late of Littlestown, Adams county, Pa. deceased, are requested to come forward and make settlement—and those having claims against said Estate are also to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

The Administrator resides in Germany township.

JONATHAN C. FORREST, Adm'r.
Sept'ember 26, 1836. 6t-26

TO PRINTERS.

THE subscribers offer for sale, two cast iron "Washington"

Printing Presses,

manufactured by Ross & Turney, of New York, one of them being the press upon which this paper is printed, and which is capable of taking a print an imperial sheet of the ordinary size.—Also, one

RAMAGE PRESS,

large enough to print a super-royal sheet, and one

PORTABLE PRESS,

well calculated for light job work.

These presses are all in excellent order, having been in use but a short time, and are offered for sale solely on account of the desire of the subscribers to procure a press suitable to the increased enlargement of their paper.

They also offer for sale, *Cases, Stands, Galleys, Column and Side Rules, Leads, Composing Sticks, Chases, Banks, Waiting Troughs, Roller Moulds, Frames and Rollers, &c. &c.* comprising every material necessary in a printing office, with the exception of the type.

The subscribers lately purchased an entire printing establishment with a view to extend the type alone, and having no use for the balance of the materials, they are now offered for sale. Persons intending to engage in the printing business, will find it greatly to their advantage to call upon them as they will dispose of the whole or any portion of the above articles upon very accommodating terms.

For further particulars apply (if by letter, *post paid*) to

ATWOOD & RICHARDS,
Editors Extraordy & Herald, Lancaster, Pa.
Sept. 26, 1836.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Rail Road Office in Gettysburgh, Adams county, *on the 6th of October next, for the Grading and Road Ballasting of 22 1-2 Miles of the Gettysburgh Extension of the Pennsylvania Rail Way, commencing at Gettysburgh.*

☞Plans and Specifications of the work will be exhibited at said office for ten days previous to the letting, and all necessary information given at that time.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK, Sup't.
Gettysburgh, Sept. 5, 1836. tf-23

LITTELL'S MUSEUM

Of Foreign Literature, Science and Art,

Is published monthly for E. Littell, No. 11 Bank street, Philadelphia, at Six Dollars a year, in advance—Seven Dollars and a half, if not in advance.

Contents of September Number.

PLATES—Mrs S. C. Hall; Sir John C. Hobhouse. External Policy and Condition of England; On the Breed of Cattle; Hoover; Luther's Table Talk, North's Life of Lord Guilford; Memoirs of Sir Humphry Davy; American Slavery, Armitage's History of Brazil; Memoirs of his own Times, by Sir N. Wraxall; Parley's Natural Theology, by Brougham and Bell; Expedition to the Sierra Madre, Mexico, Narrated by himself; Mr. Combe and Phrenology; Cooper's Excursions in Switzerland; The Rapids of America; Wraxall's Posthumous Memoirs; Forster's Life of Bishop Jebb; The Merchant's Clerk; Ardenne Pattern; Remains of Mrs Hemans; The Forest Track; Autobiography of Archibald Black, Esq.; Scarlet-row, continued; Capt. Hall's Schloss Hainfeld; Ardent Temperament, continued; The Relapsy; Delicate Attentions; The Stolen Bride; Monsieur Tonson; Lorenzo, Martin Werner; Mrs. S. C. Hall; Sir John C. Hobhouse; Spring Sonnets; The over novel, Fo-a Fo-el Fen

PUBLICK SALES AND NOTICES.

Two Farms

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at private sale, his

FARM,

situate in Franklin township, Adams county, Pa. adjoining lands of Peter Heck, John Robinson, Heirs of Lewis Chamberlain and others—containing 105 *Acres*, more or less, PATENTED LAND—about 60 Acres cleared and the residue well-timbered, with water in every field. The improvements are an excellent 1½ story LOG AND STONE

HOUSE,

DOUBLE LOG BARN, a first-rate *Orchard* of bearing fruit trees, and a Spring of good water convenient to the house. The Gettysburgh and Hagerstown Rail Road passes within mile of the above Farm, and the purchaser will find it a very desirable property.

ALSO—ANOTHER FARM,

situate in same township, adjoining lands of John Stewart, Rev. C. G. M'Lean and others, containing about 140 Acres, more or less, PATENTED LAND—about 40 Acres cleared, and the balance in good timber, with a good site and water-power for a *Saw-Mill.*

THE IMPROVEMENTS ARE

A Two story LOG

HOUSE,

DOUBLE LOG BARN, an ORCHARD and a never