

Democratic Anti-Masonic Ticket GOVERNOR, JOSEPH RITNER. SENATOR, JAMES MCKONKEY. ASSEMBLY, Thaddeus Stevens, Esq. James McSherry, Esq. COMMISSIONER, GEORGE WILL, Esq. AUDITOR, ALLEN ROBINETTE. DIRECTOR OF THE POOR, QUINTIN ARMSTRONG.

Standers Refuted! The last Reporter makes a calculation, reducing Mr. Ritner's vote to less than half what it was in 1832, and raising the vote of Wolf to 25,000 more than he then received! If the editor had any shame, he would be ashamed to look his own friends in the face—after publishing such an article. The editor calculates upon getting the votes of the Whigs! There is not a Whig paper in the state supporting Wolf. Every paper that supported Ritner in 1832 is supporting him now, and a number of those which were neutral or supporting Wolf. There is another circumstance which is conclusive: Bets are almost every day made between the Muhlenberg and Wolfmen. But although \$5600 is ready in Harrisburg for any one who will bet against Ritner, yet not a man can be found to take one for the smallest amount. A premium of \$2000 on a \$1000, is also offered to any person who will find any one to take the bet. We are sorry to see bets offered, for we are opposed to betting, for it is an effectual means of corrupting the elections. But those who are not politicians, but who wish to win money, will make them, and the side that such men are willing to risk their money on, cannot be considered weak. Instead of boasting—the Reporter had better undertake to clear the administration from the charge of squandering the public funds to the amount of millions, which the Legislature put into its hands to make internal improvements.

The Reporter says that the public works bring in three thousand dollars a day. Grant it. They ought to bring in EIGHT THOUSAND to pay the interest on the cost of construction, the repairs, and the canal officers. Every day that the canal brings in three thousand dollars, the pay of the army of canal officers will amount to one THOUSAND DOLLARS. By a report last winter, which was believed to be partial, the salaries of the army on the canal amounted to about \$150,000. It is believed that a sum sufficient to pay all the officers and hands employed by the state, will exceed \$200,000. The sum of \$210,000 for thirty weeks, about the average time in the year for taking tolls—is ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS a day. Is it not then time to reform the administration when one third of all the tolls, is eaten up by the canal officers? The repairs amount to about \$2,000 a day, so that the canal army and the repairs will eat up every dollar of the income of the public works. What then is to pay the interest on our state debt of \$25,000,000—an interest amounting yearly to a MILLION and a QUARTER of dollars annually? Nothing but taxes in every shape. Is it not then time for Reform—to time to send this army of canal officers to earning their own bread like other people—time to introduce economy and retrenchment! Let the people answer these questions in October next. Harrisburg Telegraph.

GOOD NEWS FROM ADAMS COUNTY.—Our readers will learn with no small gratification, that the Democratic Anti-masonic Convention of Adams county, which met in Gettysburg on Monday last, re-nominated for the Legislature, Thaddeus Stevens, and James M. Sherry, Esquires. A better or stronger ticket could not have been made. The candidates are both well known and esteemed, abroad as well as at home; Mr. Stevens as the distinguished orator and the proud champion of our cause, and Mr. M. Sherry as an intelligent, high-minded and excellent man, qualified even to fill the office of Governor of the Commonwealth with honor. The nomination of these men has satisfied us that JOSEPH RITNER (of whose election no party now entertains a doubt) will be ably sustained, in the investigation of abuses, and the reforms he will introduce into the administration of affairs, by the wisdom and talents of the party. It must be gratifying to every friend of Economy, to see, as it were, the Sun of Reform already arising to dispel the murky atmosphere of corruption that surrounds the executive chair. Let the People do their duty, and the State will be redeemed from speculation, fraud and bankruptcy. [Ibid.]

Joseph Ritner the Next Governor.—The accounts from the Country are so decidedly favorable to the Election of Mr. Ritner, as to leave no more doubt of that event than if the votes had already been counted, and the majority ascertained. We cannot dissemble our unfeigned satisfaction at this information; and as it comes direct from the friends of Mr. Wolf, we venture to say that few, or none of that party will presume to deny it. It is, beyond all question, the most auspicious result that could occur, under existing circumstances; as it will tend to soften and arrest that animosity between the Wolf and Muhlenberg parties, that might otherwise become implacable, and make a perpetual breach in the party. To Mr. Ritner we have no objection. We believe him an honest man and a well-meaning politician; and anticipate from him no terrific consequences, or alarming ulterior results. He will have a fine opportunity of proving himself a "Patriotic Governor," and securing the best interests of the State from the grasp of the Mathiases, who now infest both the Wolf and Muhlenberg parties to

the great detriment of the public, the disgust of the honest citizen, and the regret of all patriotic republicans. We recommend the friends of Mr. Wolf to submit to their fate with a good grace, and not to add to their loss of honor and office, the loss of their money by making foolish, inconsiderate, and ruinous bets.—Democratic Herald

THE FARMER. Had we our way, or say in the matter, the Governor's Chair should be made of Wool, and none but a Farmer, an honest farmer, should ever sit on it. Let an example be set in the case of Ritner. What a triumph it will be over the two professions of the "Law and the Gospel!"

THE WEST will send at least 20,000 majority to the mountains, for Joseph Ritner over George Wolf. Mr. Ritner has always been a favorite with the West, as a Western man, even when Wolf was in the flush and prime of his fortunes; now, that he has grown old, musty, and cankerous, in ambition, avarice, and aristocracy, the West, the generous and free West, will give us 20,000 majority over him for Joseph Ritner! The Farmer—the honest man—and the tried soldier of the last War, will beat George Wolf by 30,000 majority.—[Ibid.]

Inspectors' Election. We would call the early attention of the friends of JOSEPH RITNER throughout the State to the importance of organization, activity, union and vigilance in the selection and support of candidates for Inspectors and Assessors on Friday the 2d of October next. It is well known that the Wolf party are already preparing their forces for a demonstration of strength, at that time, expecting to find us indifferent or careless, and through cunning obtain victories to trumpet over the State to revive their drooping spirits.—They now have travelling agents scouring the State, giving out the watch-word to their party and stimulating them to their most desperate action. They will use every means to defeat the friends of Ritner and Reform, no matter how foul. The minions of the administration, comprising a host of holders and Canal dependents will attempt to overthrow and beat down the rising voice of the People. They are organizing with a determination to prostrate the unorganized energies of untrammelled Freedom. It is of the highest importance therefore, that the irresistible strength of the supporters of RITNER AND REFORM be organized and brought to the Polls, at the Inspector's election. Let them arouse—let them rally such a united array of strength as nothing can resist. Let the voice of our yeomanry—the Farmers and Mechanics, be heard in a united effort to prostrate the advocates of corruption, speculation and fraud. Let them step forward as the proud defenders of Liberty—as the opponents of oppression—and as the friends of popular rights. They hold the sceptre of power in their own hands.—The ballot box is the throne from which they issue their decrees. Let them rally around the Democratic Standard of RITNER AND REFORM, and arrest the tide of party plunder that has disgraced, degraded and sunk the great Democratic State of Pennsylvania into vassalage and bondage to the minions of a corrupt administration, and the Royal Aristocrats of Europe. Let our friends but make a united effort—let them rally to the charge and triumph will crown their efforts. Victory is already hovering over their standard, ready to perch upon it on the day of battle. Let them come boldly forward and unite in the glorious work.—There is no time to be lost. The day of action has arrived, and if the zeal of our friends only equals the justice of their cause, "VICTORY IS AS CERTAIN AS THE POWER OF THE PEOPLE IS IRRESISTABLE."

CANAL AND RAIL ROAD TOLLS.—The Reporter boasts greatly that the tolls from the Canal and Rail Road amounted the last week to \$18,534; but it is careful not to inform the people that this sum will scarce pay the host of canal nobility and their laquies and repairs, whilst THIRTY FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS A WEEK, would be required in ADDITION to meet the interest of the State Debt, which has to be drawn from the pockets of the Farmers and Mechanics BY TAXATION. This fact will not be very "gratifying to any Pennsylvanian who loves his State and would rejoice in seeing evidences of her great and growing prosperity."

From the Washington Reporter. A HANDED. In order to test the sincerity of the Editors of the "Examiner," when they say in their last paper, "Let it be well observed by the Ritner men, then—we claim from the republican people of Washington County, a majority for the "patriotic" Wolf at the ensuing election—yes, a majority over Ritner in his own County—mind that!"—We offer them, or any of the party the following Bets, viz:— TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS That Ritner will have a majority over Wolf in Washington County. ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS That his majority will be three hundred. ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS That his majority will be five hundred, and ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS That it will be Eight Hundred. BACK YOUR ASSERTIONS, GENTLEMEN. Should the Editors of the "Examiner," or any other person, be willing to close with the above offer, they can be accommodated by calling at the Mansion House of Mr. John Dagg.

A RITNER MAN. CLAWING OFF! From the Lewistown Gazette. Mr. Elliott—I see by the Lewistown Republican that my name is made use of as a member of the Wolf Committee of Vigilance for Derry township. I am sorry to say that I must disappoint the gentlemen who have taken that liberty. It's all a mistake

about me being a Wolf man—I go the whole for the Washington county farmer, JOSEPH RITNER.

WILLIAM GRAY. Derry township, August 17, 1835. ANOTHER! Just as our paper was going to press we were handed the following: From the Lewistown Gazette. Mr. Editor—Having heretofore been a member of the Wolf party, and having supported the measures recommended to me by the Wolf office holders, but now being convinced of the wickedness of these unprincipled men, I deem it a duty to my country to make known my unalterable determination of henceforth adhering to, and sustaining the principles of the Anti-masonic democratic party, and of my firm resolution to give my vote at the coming election for the Washington County Farmer, JOSEPH RITNER. MICHAEL MINNICH. Lewistown, August 18, 1835.

MORE CUCUMBERS. RITNER and York County "A HEAD!" Mr. William Sayers brought to our office last week a "monster" in the shape of a cucumber, which measured 15 inches in length, 12 1/2 in circumference and weighed four pounds two ounces. This beats all the Wolf and Mully cucumbers far away, but not by as many inches as the Washington County Farmer will run ahead of his competitors. Tens of thousands of good, substantial Pennsylvania democratic votes.—York Rep.

The loss by the fire in CHARLESTOWN, Massachusetts, is estimated at 200,000 dollars. We subjoin, says the Boston Transcript, a memorandum of the insurance effected at the different offices, so far as we have been able to ascertain it—to-day (commencement) being a holiday, and the books of some of the offices not accessible: Manufacturers Insurance Company \$15,000. Neptune \$15,000. Firemen's \$12,300. Merchants \$5,000. Mutual \$5,000. Mutual (Middlesex) \$20,000.—\$102,000.

SCIENTIFIC EXPEDITION.—The schooner Flight, Captain Hallett, was to leave Boston on Monday, for the British Provinces, via Lubeck, with a party of twenty scientific gentlemen, members of the Society of Natural History at Williamstown, viz Professors Hopkins and Enochs, Messrs. Calhoun, Tatlock, Cheney, Davis, Mather, Kidder, Wright, Mack, Annis, Fessenden, Jones, Tappan, two Crawfords and three Nobles.

THE WAY TO SUCCESS.—"I owe my success in business chiefly to you" said a stationer to a paper-maker, as they were settling a large account; "but let me ask how a man of your caution came to give credit so freely to a beginner with my slender means?" "Because," replied the paper maker, "at whatever hour in the morning I passed to my business I always observed you without your coat at your side."

BISHOPS.—The Rev. Francis L. Hawks, Rector of St. Thomas's church, New York, has been elected by the General Convention of the Episcopal Church, Bishop of Louisiana, Florida and Arkansas, and has accepted the office. The Rev. Dr. Kemper, of Connecticut, and formerly of Philadelphia, has been elected Missionary Bishop of Mississippi.

The degree of L. L. D. was conferred on BENJAMIN WATKINS LEIGH, of Virginia, by Augusta College, Kentucky, at its late commencement.

NORTH CAROLINA.—Taking the result of the Congressional elections as a test (says the New Yorker, a neutral paper,) there would appear to be a strong majority in this State in favor of Judge White.

Ship canal through the Isthmus of Panama.—The privilege to construct a canal for ship navigation across the Isthmus of Panama, has been granted to Baron Thiery, by a decree of the Legislature of Bogota. The work to be commenced within three years after its commencement. The government is to receive one per cent of all tolls, and to regulate the tariff of prices. The communication is to be free to all vessels not at war with the republic, on condition of paying the regular duties and charges.—[Phil Star.]

Two or three persons were most shockingly whipped at Maysville lately, His Honor Judge Lynch, presiding. They were charged with the abduction of certain negroes. We regret to say that the supreme judge is not always over-particular in the nature of the evidence given. It is also charged against him that his decisions are not free from odour influence. It would certainly be well for the public to move his impeachment.—[Ibid.]

TWO MORE SUMMARILY EXECUTED.—It is said that two persons, one named Urley, a notorious negro thief and counterfeiter, were executed recently at Vicksburg by the citizens. The statement is given in the Memphis Gazette of the 8th inst. on the authority of a gentleman just from Vicksburg.—[Ibid.]

Astracan, are one hundred metres, (more than three hundred feet) below the level of the Black Sea or of the ocean. We may add, that even in the heart of Russia the course of the Volga, and the countries which this river traverses, have a depression of fifty metres, or more than one hundred and fifty feet.—Nantucket Enquirer.

We have now in this country a son of the Prince of Orange. A son of Louis Philippe, the Prince DE JOINVILLE, is daily expected at this port. Vice Admiral Sir George Cockburn, Lord VALENTIA, the celebrated traveller, Lord JOSELYN, Miss SIMMS, and a select party of fashionables, are hourly expected at Quebec, from Halifax, to make a tour to Niagara.—N. Y. Gaz.

ADVERTISEMENTS. PUBLIC SALE. Will be exposed to Public Sale, on Saturday the 26th day of September next, on the premises,

A FARM, late the Estate of DAVID & ELIZABETH DE MARRE, situate in Straban township, Adams county, containing 90 Acres and allowance, viz: 1/2 of a good Stone House, 1/2 of a good Log Barn, Orchard, and a well of good water near the Kitchen door. About 10 acres are in meadow; there is a sufficiency of Timber.

Also, at the same time and place, THE FOLLOWING PERSONAL PROPERTY, viz: Beds and Bedding, Clock, Stove, Bureau, Corner Cupboard, a Windmill, Farming Utensils, and a great variety of other articles. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day, when attendance will be given, and terms made known by HENRY BRINKERHOFF, Exr. August 31, 1835. ts-22

CARLSLE SAVING FUND SOCIETY. The Board of Directors of this Institution have authorized the Treasurer to allow in future the following rates of interest on all "SPECIAL DEPOSITS" of money: Deposits remaining 9 months 5 per cent. " 6 " 4 " " 4 " 3 1/2 " " 3 " 3 " " 2 " 2 "

The certificates of the Institution will be given for deposits at the above rates of interest, and all Bank Notes of good credit will be received—the Institution pledging itself to redeem its certificates in notes current in this neighborhood. Application to be made to the Treasurer, either in person or by letter. JOHN J. MYERS, Treasurer. Carlsle, June 8, 1835. 3m-10

JAMES COOPER, ATTORNEY AT LAW OFFICE in Chambersburg Street, a few doors East of Mr. Forrey's Tavern. Gettysburg, June 10, 1834. ts-10

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTS of the deceased persons hereinafter mentioned, will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Adams County, for confirmation and allowance, on Tuesday the 29th day of September next, viz: The Account of John M. Wash, Administrator of Peter Marshall, deceased. The Account of Thomas Wierman, one of the Executors of John M'Grew, deceased. The Account of George Ginter, Administrator of Jacob Conrad, deceased. The Account of Josiah Ferree, Administrator of Jacob Ferree, deceased. The Account of Josiah Ferree, Administrator of Mary Ferree, deceased. The Account of Henry Spangler, Administrator of Peter Spangler, deceased. The Guardianship Account of John Emlet, Guardian of Samuel, Joseph and Mary Ann Stormbaugh. The Account of Henry Wortz, Guardian of the Minor Children of Jacob Thomas, deceased. The Account of Daniel Myers, Administrator of James Bushey, deceased. The Account of Abraham Ring, one of the Executors of William Walker, deceased. The Account of Charles F. Keener, Guardian of Eliza, Jane, and Maria Ann Adams. The Account of George Gitt, Joseph Carl, and Frederick Baugher, Administrators of George Baugher, deceased. The Account of Abraham Leightwelder, one of the Executors of Christian Benner, deceased. The Account of William McClellan and Robert Smith, Executors of John Kline, deceased. The further Account of Jacob Cassatt, Administrator of John M'Conoughy, deceased. The Account of Jacob Keller, Esq. Administrator of Moses Topper, deceased. The Account of Jacob Keller, Esq. Administrator of Moses Topper, deceased, who was the Executor of Christian Topper, deceased.

THOMAS C. MILLER, Register. Register's Office, Gettysburg, August 24, 1835. ts-21

CABINET WAREHOUSE, Chambersburg Street. Where there is constantly on hand A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF FURNITURE, Ready for purchasers, for Cash or Produce. Orders for COFFINS punctually attended to. DAVID HEAGY. Gettysburg, Oct. 21, 1834. ts-29

ALLAD OIL of a Superior quality, just received and for sale by DR. J. GILBERT.

NOTICE. THE Account of C. F. KEENER, one of the Trustees of DAN'L MENAIGH, is filed in the office of the Prothonotary of Adams county, and will be presented at an Orphans' Court to be held at Gettysburg, on Tuesday the 29th of September next, for confirmation and allowance. G. ZIEGLER, Proth'y. August 24, 1835. ts-21

NOTICE. THE Account of C. F. KEENER and JACOB EYSTER, Trustees of SAMUEL WRIGHT, (Merchant), is filed in the office of the Prothonotary of Adams county, and will be presented at an Orphans' Court to be held at Gettysburg, on Tuesday the 29th of September next, for confirmation and allowance. G. ZIEGLER, Proth'y. August 24, 1835. ts-21

PROBATE NOTICE. WHEREAS, in and by an Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An Act to regulate the General Elections of this Commonwealth," enacted on the fifteenth day of February, 1796, it is enjoined on me to give Public Notice of such Election to be held, and to enumerate in such Notice what Officers are to be elected; I, JAMES BELL, Jr. Sheriff of our County of Adams, do, therefore, hereby make known, and give this PUBLIC NOTICE to the Electors of the said County of Adams, that a

GENERAL ELECTION will be held in the said County, on the 27th Second Tuesday in October next, (the 13th day.) at the several Districts, composed of the following Townships, viz: In the First District, composed of the Borough of Gettysburg, and the township of Cumberland, at the Court-house in Gettysburg.

In the Second District, composed of the township of Germany, at the house now occupied by Mr. Bishop, in the town of Petersburg, in the township of Germany.

In the Third District, composed of the township of Berwick, and that part of the township of Mountpleasant, lying east and north of a public road leading from the farm formerly occupied by George Lashells to Dellone's Mill; and that part of the township of Hamilton, lying west of the Carlisle and Hanover Turnpike Road, between Blake's bridge, and the intersection of said Road with the Gettysburg and York Turnpike Road; at the house of Philip Heagy, Esq. in the town of Oxford.

In the Fourth District, composed of the townships of Huntingdon and Latimore, at the house of Wm. Thompson, in the town of Petersburg, in the township of Huntingdon.

In the Fifth District, composed of the townships of Hamilton and Liberty, at the house of Col. J. Reid, in Millers-town.

In the Sixth District, composed of that part of the township of Hamilton east of the Hanover and Carlisle Turnpike Road, at the house now occupied by Philip Eich, in the town of Berlin.

In the Seventh District, composed of the township of Menallen, at the house of W. and F. Hapke, in said township.

In the Eighth District, composed of the township of Straban, at the house now occupied by John Gourley, in Hunters-town.

In the Ninth District, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house formerly occupied by Christian Boocher, in said township.

In the Tenth District, composed of the township of Conowingo, at the house of Adam Oaster, in M'Sherry's town.

In the Eleventh District, composed of the township of Tyrone, at the house of John Harman, in Heidersburg, in said township.

In the Twelfth District, composed of the township of Mountjoy, at the house of James Black, in said township.

In the Thirteenth District, composed of that part of the township of Mountpleasant, lying west and south of a public road leading from Mr. Dellone's Mill to the farm formerly occupied by George Lashells, on the York and Gettysburg Turnpike Road, at the house now occupied by Samuel Swope, in Bonaughtown.

In the Fourteenth District, composed of the township of Reading, at the public school house in the town of Hampton.

AT WHICH TIME AND PLACES WILL BE ELECTED, ONE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA: ONE SENATOR, to Represent the Counties of York and Adams. TWO REPRESENTATIVES IN THE STATE LEGISLATURE, for the County of Adams. ONE COUNTY COMMISSIONER: ONE AUDITOR OF Public Accounts, and ONE DIRECTOR OF THE POOR, and a House of Employment of the County of Adams.

And in and by the said Act, it is directed that the INSPECTORS of the said General Election shall be chosen by ballot, on the Friday next preceding the first Tuesday in October next.

Being the 2nd day of October next, and the Election for such Inspectors shall be held in such places in each township, ward or district, as is appointed by law, for that purpose, by the respective Constables, (who are required to give at least one week's notice of such an Election) assisted by two qualified citizens, chosen by such citizens, qualified to vote, as shall then be present. And it is also in and by the said Act required, that the Agent and Inspectors be at the places of their Districts, on the day of the General Election aforesaid, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to do and perform the several duties required and enjoined on them in and by the same Act.

And it is further directed in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State aforesaid, passed the 17th day of March, 1806, aforesaid, that one of the JUDGES

of each of the different Districts as aforesaid, who shall have the charge of the certificate of the number of votes which shall have been given for each Candidate for the different Offices then and there voted for at their respective Districts, shall meet on the third day after the Election, which shall be on Friday the 16th day of October aforesaid, at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg, then and there to make a fair statement and certificate of the number of votes which shall have been given at the different Districts in the County of Adams, for any persons or persons for the different Offices aforesaid, &c.

CONVENTION. By a law passed 14th April, 1835, it is made the duty of the Sheriff to give Public Notice of the provisions of said law.

The following are extracts— Sec 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That for the purpose of ascertaining the sense of the citizens of this Commonwealth, on the expediency of calling a convention of delegates, to be elected by the people, with authority to submit amendments of the State Constitution to a vote of the people for their ratification or rejection, and with no other or greater powers whatsoever—it shall be the duty of each of the inspectors of the votes for the several townships, wards and districts in this Commonwealth, at the next general election, to receive tickets, either written or printed, from the citizens thereof qualified to vote at such general election, and to deposit them in a proper box or boxes to be for that purpose provided by the proper officers; which tickets shall be labelled on the outside with the word "Convention," and those who are favorable to a convention to be elected as aforesaid, with limited powers as aforesaid, may express their desire by voting each one written or printed ticket or ballot containing the words: "For a convention to submit its proceedings to a vote of the people," and those who are opposed to such convention, may express their opposition by voting each, one printed or written ticket, or ballot containing the words, "Against a convention," and all tickets containing the words, "For a convention," and all containing the words, "Against a convention," shall be counted and returned whether other words be or be not added.

Sec 2. The said election shall in all respect be conducted as the general elections of this Commonwealth are now conducted, and it shall be the duty of the return judges of the respective counties thereof, first having carefully ascertained the number of votes given for or against the calling of a convention in the manner aforesaid, to make out duplicate returns thereof, expressed in words at length and not in figures; only one of which returns so made out shall be lodged in the prothonotary's office of the proper county, and the other sealed and directed to the Speaker of the Senate, which shall be by one of the said judges delivered to the sheriff, with the other returns required by law to be transmitted to the secretary of the Commonwealth, whose duty it shall be to transmit the same therewith, and the Speaker of the Senate shall open and publish the same in the presence of the members of the two Houses of the Legislature on the second Tuesday of December next.

And, by a law passed 2d April, 1821, it is made the duty of the Sheriff to give public notice of the provisions of said law.

The following are extracts— Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the several qualified electors who shall vote at any General or Special Election within this Commonwealth, shall give to the Inspectors of such Election, separate Tickets for each office or station voted for, which Ticket shall contain no more than the proper number of names; but no Ticket shall be rejected by the Judges of the Election, in counting off the votes, should the same contain fewer names than the proper number, those for Sheriffs and Coroners excepted.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the Sheriff or Coroner, as the case may be, of each and every county within this Commonwealth, to give Public Notice, at the same time, and the same manner, and under the same penalty, that he is now required to give notice of any General or Special Election—that any person who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, whether a commissioned officer, or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive, or Judiciary Departments of the United States, and also that every Member of Congress, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any Election within the State.

Given under my hand, at Gettysburg, this 7th day of September, in the year of our Lord, 1835. JAMES BELL, Jr. Sheriff. September 7, 1835. ts-23

Office of the Star & Banner: Chambersburg Street, a few doors West of the Court-House.

CONDITIONS: I. The STAR & REPUBLICAN BANNER is published weekly, at Two Dollars per annum, (or Volume of 52 Numbers, payable half yearly in advance—or Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid until after the expiration of the year.

II. No subscription will be received for a shorter period than six months, nor will the paper be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the discretion of the editor.—A failure to notify a discontinuance will be considered a new engagement, and the paper forwarded accordingly.

III. Advertisements not exceeding a square, will be inserted THREE TIMES for ONE DOLLAR, and 25 cents for every subsequent insertion—longer ones in the same proportion. The number of insertions to be marked, or they will be published till forbid and charged accordingly.

IV. Communications, &c. by mail, must be post-paid—otherwise they will not meet with attention.