Huntingdon Journal.

PROTECTION

WM. BREWSTER,
Editor and Proprietor.

Wednesday Morning, March 9, 1859

Summary of the Daily Intelligence.

Congress sat all through Thursday night and Friday morning, and did not adjourn until high noon on Friday. In the Senate, after the executive session ended, the miscellaneous appropriation bill was received from the House with most of the Senate amendments stricken out, the only important one retained being that for a new issue of treasury notes. Mr. Hunter moved that the Senate recede from its amendments, but as they included the California mail service, Mr, Broderick fought against time by having all the amendments read. Had this been persisted in the bill must have failed, but at last Broderick gave way and the bill passed. The new postal appropriation bill was received from the House, and as it omitted the Senate amendments to the old one, provided for an increase in the rates of postage and the abolition of the franking privilege, the Senate refused to consider it, and the session ended without its passage. So the post office department is without its appropriations. The proceedings of the House afford no point of interest not mentioned in the above. All the appropriation bills passed both houses, and were signed by the President, except the post office appropriation and post route bills, which failed through a disagreement on the amendment raising the rates of postage and abolishing franking.

In the State Senate, yesterday, Charles D. Hineline was confirmed as Superintendent of Printing. The general banking act was reported from Committe with numerous amendments. A bill was passed increasing the salirres of all law Judges to $2500.

In the House, the bill abolishing the present Boards of Guardians of the Poor and Health, and instituting a new system of management in those departments, was rejected by two majority. Subsevuently it was reconsidered and the clause giving the Judges power to appoint the managers was stricken out when the bill passed.

At Hawesville, Ky., the tragedy which took place in Court a few days ago, has resulted in Low, the first agressor, being taken out of jail by the mob, and killed.

The President has determined to appoint Robert McLane, of Maryland; Minister to Mexico.

John Marron, the third assistant Postmaster General, died very suddenly at Washington, on Thursday night.

INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 5.

A re-issue of twenty millions Treasury Notes is provided for in the Miscellaneous Appropriation Bill.

No appriation passed for continuing the building of the Capitol, furnishing it or continuing the water works, the House refusing to concur and the Senate receding.

The President did not sign the St. Clair Flats bill. The President has not yet determined whether he will call an extra session or not.—He says he will wait and consult with the Post Master General, who is now ill; and if that officer considers he cannot carry on his department, he will convene Congress as soon as possible—probably in June.

The Treasury Department has given orders to shorten sail on all sides, and expenditures will be cut down to the lowest notch. Every effort will be made to avoid an extra session. It is considered that the bankruptcy of so important a portion of the public service as the Post Office Department, and total neglect by Congress of the important recommendations regarding our foreign relations, Mexican frontier, &c., may induce the President to call the new Congress together.

It is understood there will be a deficiency in the Post Office Dephrtment by the 30th of June of three millions.

A rumer prevails that the army bill was not signed by the President; he has signed it.

A great effort has been made at the close of the session to have an unexpected balance of 71,500 dollars remaining of the appropriation to deepen the bar at the mouth of the Mississippi, applied by the direct action of the Secretary of War to the purpose. The plan of the contractors has failed, and there are fifty ships detained up the Balize, some of which have been there since December. A delegation has been sent by the merchants and authorities of New Orleans to urge for releif, and they have been joined here by one from New York underwriters. The President has vetoed the resolution passed for this purpose by congress, and will probably direct the Secretary to apply the unexpired fund to the desired purpose, under existing authorities.

The Senate in executive session confirmed the President's appointment of Robert S. Ould as United States District Attorney for the District of Columbia, in place of Philip Barton Key, deceased.

A Cabinet Council was called immediately after the close of Congress, to take into consideration the refusal to pass the Post Office appropriation bill, which was lost on a point of etiquette between the Senate and the House. There will be no means for carrying on the Post Office business, except such as accrues from postages, and these can only be paid out by Postmasters for salaries, &c., such as is the usage for each postmaster to pay and account for in his regular accounts to the Depatment. Contractors, route agents, &c., must wait for their pay. No new routes can be opened, nor new contracts made for conveying mails over existing routes. The Department will at once make up a statement of its position in all this matter, and every effort will be made to save the great working routes from embarrassment.

Tairteen States, sending seventy-eight representatives, nearly all Democratic have yet to make Congressional elections. Several of these do not elect until after August, and some have no provision to obtain an early election.

James Y. McGuffee, of Georgia, is appointed Superintendent of Indian affairs in California, and G. W. Gholson, of Mississippi, Governor of Washington Territory.

THE ROMAN CATHOLIC editor of the Boston Pilot bitterly insists that, wherever there is a Protestant chaplain in the United States, there shall also be a Roman Catholic chaplain. If he is such a very great friend to equal religious rights, suppose he step over to Rome and induce his worthy friend the Pope to ordain, that, wherever there is a Roman Catholic chaplain within the Roman dominions, there also shall be a Protestant chaplain.

LITTLE BOY DIED ON THE MOUNTAIN.—A small boy, about four years of age, named John Woodburn, whose parents reside about thee miles south of Shippensburg, wandered away from home on last Thursday morning. The family and a large number of neighbors commenced searching for him; but did not find him, until Saturday, when he was discovered dead, about ten miles from home, on the South Mountain. A dog belonging to the family accompanied the child, and was found lying beside his dead body.

HOW THEY VOTED.—Only about twelve Democrats from the Northern and Western States, together with those from Pennsylvania, voted with the majority on Mr. Phillips' unsuccessful motion to suspend the rules and enable him to introduce his Loan and Tariff bill. The negative vote was composed of four Republicans, two Americans, and all the rest so-called "Democrats." "Democracy" can scarcely muster a respectable Corporal's guard in Congress to stand up for the interests of the workingman.

TRUMBULL FOR PRESIDENT.—The Chicago Democrat says there are eleven papers in Illinois ready and willing to support Senator Lyman Trumbull, of that State, as the Republican candidate for President in 1860.

EXTRA SESSION OF THE SENATE.

THE SENATE, having at 12 o'clock yesterday closed its legislative functions as a part of the Thirty-fifth Congress, was reassembled under a proclamation of the President of the United States for the consideration of Executive business.

Election of the State Treasurer by the People.—Mr. Schell has introduced into the State Senate a bill to make the office of State Treasurer elective by the people—the first election for said officer to take place at the general election, on the second Tuesday of October next, and the Treasurer then elected to assume the duties of his office on the first Monday in May ensuing. The existing laws in regard to the duties, penalties, &c., are to remain. This is a good move.

FOUR State Elections will take place this spring, viz: New Hampshire, March 8; Connecticut, April 4; Rhode Island, April 6, and Virginia, May 26. In each of these States a Governor is to be chosen, and also members to the next Congress. The results will be looked for with a great deal of interests, as they may possibly foreshadow the turn which the political organizations in each State may take in the Presidential canvass of next year.

The Senate postponed the $30,000,000 for Cuba bill by the close vote of 33 to 32—every Senator present voting but Mr. Sumner. Mr Slidell intimated that he should consider such a vote equivalent to a declaration of hostility to the bill, as in fact it is. Congress will appropriate no $30,000,000 towards the acquisition of Cuba till it sees where the money to pay current expenses is to come from.

☞ The Hon. J. R. Edie has our thanks for four bound volumes of the Congressional Globe.

THE POSTMASTER GENERAL—*His Death hourly expected.—Washington, March 6.*—The condition of Postmaster General Brown is such, this evening, that he is not expected to survive throughout the night. Mr. Brown is about sixty-three years of age.

NEWS FROM OTHER COUNTIES.

Chester County.—The Democratic committee of Correspondence for Chester county, had a meeting in West Chester on Friday, of last week, at which they adopted an address to the anti-Lecompton Democracy of the county, urging them to stand their ground, and maintain their organization in opposition to the policy of the national administration.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

A Republican meeting was held at Washington on the 21st inst. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the general policy of the National Administration, and in favor of Protection to Home Industry. J. R. DAY was chosen as Senitorial delegate, and JOHN D. CHAMBERS and DAVID S. WALKER as representative delegates to the Opposition State Convention. A resolution was also unanimously adopted, approving of the course of Hon. SIMON CAMERON, and pledging to support him for the Presidency should he be the nominee of the Republican party.

Luzerne County.—The 'Pittson Bank' is to go into immediate operation.—The new county buildings of Luzerne county have been completed. Their cost was about $70,000, of which the borough of Wilkesbarre donated $20,000. The balance was raised by taxation.

Somerset County.—The treasurer of Somerset county, who has been for a number of years extensively engaged in business, is reported to have failed to a large amount. He is a defaulter to the Commonwealth for four thousand dollars, and to the county for twenty-two hundred; but having valuable property, his sureties may secure themselves to a great extent.

Snyder County.—Selinsgrove has supplied itself with policemen; regular stars. Scarlet fever prevails to some extent throughout the county.—Col J. C. Eyer purchased a farm of 48 acres, near Selinsgrove, at $250 per acre. It is intended as a site for a Female Seminary.—A new bridge across the Susquehanna is in project.

Centre County.—During the service at the Friend's House, in Bellefonte, John Irvin, Sr., was seized with an apoplectic fit, which resulted in his immediate death.—Daniel Musser, of Boalsburg, while out in the mountains, on a hunting expedition, came across three deer, and being an expert hunter, succeeded in killing two of them at one shot.—A large tract of land, containing fourteen thousand acres, owned by the "Maine Land Company," was sold to Mr. Christ, of Lancaster, for the sum of $75,000. The sale was the largest ever made in this county.—The "Burnt Mill" property has been purchased by Mr. Jos. D. Harris, Jr., for a company of enterprising young men in Bellefonte, for the handsome sum of righteen thousand dollars.

Clearfield County.—The Commissioners are about to contract for a new court house, on the site of the old one. Currensville failed to make the necessary donation and is in concequence deprived of the county seat.

Alleghany County.—Governor Packer has issued warrants to the Sheriff of Alleghany county, for the execution of David S. Evans and Christain Jacobi, on Friday, the 20th day of May next.—The Alleghany county Agricultural Society has donated $500 to the Farmers Colledge for the present year. Nine young men left Pittsburg on the 13th inst., to enter the first class in this noble institution.

Berks County.—The Democrats of Berks county have formed an independent organization, and show a determination not to be driven back into the folds of Lecomptarism. We received this as one of the most encourageing actions imaginable for that county, where the name of democracy has been worshipped to the exclusion of all thought of principle. Success to the rebellion in old Berks.

Mifflin County.—A religious revival is going on at Lewistown.—An organization of business men is forming under the following pledge: "The undersigned hereby agree to form themselves into an association for the purpose of encouraging the Cash system, as far as possible, and when credit is given, pledge themselves to require a settlement with each other, and all others, at the end of six months, the balance to be liquidated by payment in cash, or by note or due bill." A wild animal, supposed to be a panther, has ventured within a few miles of Lewistown.

Juniata County.—The tannery of John Maffitt was consumed by fire. Mr. Maffitt holds an insurance of $3,166 on the property in the Perry Mutual.—A stalk of Mediterranean wheat, taken out of a field belonging to Mr. Jacob J. Ulsh, measured 24 inches in height. The seed was sown on the 12th of September. The *Sentinel* says scarlet fever has made its appearance in our midst. So far it has been baffled by the skill of the physicians. Only one case has proved fatal, and that in malignancy equalled cholera.

OREGON REJECTS KANSAS.—The State of Oregon, which has just wriggled into the Union furnished with a ready-made constitution, some of its provisions being in violation of the original Federal compact, with all the zeal of a recent convert, has set its face against enabling another Territory to apply for the same privilege. The two Senators from that State, Messrs. Lane and Smith, voted *against* repealing the English swindle which requires a population of 93,000 previous to the admission of Kansas. Oregon herself is known to be less populous than Kansas, yet no restrictive act was ever applied. Now that she is inside, she denies, through her Senators, an equal chance to a large and every way more important sister. Such are the beauties of Democracy!

A MONEYED PAUPER.—Some two weeks ago, in noticing the fire at the Cumberland county Poor House, we mentioned that three of the Paupers had been arrested and committed to prison, on suspicion of having set fire to the building and that on searching one of them, who had been in the Poor House since June, the sum of fourten dollars, was found on his person. This man's bundle was sent to him from the Poor House, a few days ago, and on the Sheriff searching it, he found $208,50 in gold, concealed in his clothing, and yet the fellow has been living at the expense of the county, for nearly eight months. *Harrisburg Telegraph.*

A Substitute for Cuba.—A South Carolinian who thinks it best to let Cuba alone, proposes (through the Charleston (*Mercury*") to cut a ship canal through the peninsula of Florida, and thus, by making a great island for ourselves, create a second Cuba, which shall hereafter command the Gulf of Mexico, and forever neutralize the isle as a strategetic point.—When this is done we shan't need Cuba, he thinks.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The people composing the party opposed to the present national administration, will meet in their respective districts, in the county of Huntingdon, at the usual time and place of holding delegate election, on Saturday the 9th day of April next, to elect two delegates from from each township, borough, and seperate election district, to compose a county convention, to be held in Huntingdon, on Tuesday, the 12 day of April next, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the ensuing State convention to take place in nominating a State ticket.

By order of the County Committee.

B. F. PATTON, Chairman.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA MAR 9, 1859

FLOUR—Superfine, per barrel,		$6 25@6 31
" Extra " "		6 50@6 25
" " family "		7 00@7 25
Rye Flour and Corn Meal		
Wheat—red, per bushel,		1 55@1 48
" White "		1 75@1 70
Rye "		91
Corn "		82
Oats "		54
Cloverseed	$6 50@6 75	per 64 pounds
Timothy seed,		$2,00 to 225
Flax, per bushel		$1 75

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW WATCH & JEWELRY STORE.

J. W. DUTCHER,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon, vicinity, and the surrounding country, that he has commenced business in the room adjoining M. Strous' Store, in MARKET SQUARE, HUNTINGDON, and hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

WATCHES and CLOCKS repaired in the best workmanlike manner.

His stock of WATCHES and JEWELRY is of the best, all of which he will dispose of at reasonable prices.

The public generally are requested to give him a call and examine his stock.

Mar.9,'59.

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold at public sale, at the residence of the subscriber in Porter township, Huntingdon County, on Wednesday

the 16th day of March, 1859.

the following property, viz:—10 head of work Horses, including a pair of splendid matched driving horses, and 2 excellent family Horses, three year old, and 4 two year old Colts, 10 head of milk Cows, 1 Durham Bull, 23 head of young Cattle, 12 Sheep, a lot of Hogs, 2 four horse broad wheel Wagons nearly new, 1 two horse spring Wagon, Hay ladders, Wagon Bed, Threshing Machine, Fodder Cutter, Wind Mill, 2 Sleds, Plows, Harrows, Horse Gears, and a great variety of articles too numerous to insert.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day, when due attendence will be given, and terms of sale made known.

THOMAS WHITTAKER.

March 7th 1859.

GEORGE P. ABBEY. JOHN A. NEFF.

ABBEY & NEFF.

No. 308 N. THIRD ST., (3 doors above Vine.)
PHILADELPHIA.

THE OLD HARDWARE STAND,

ESTABLISHED TWENTY-FOUR YEARS.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BUILDING, Mechanical, Farming and Household Hardware, is now in store, and will be offered at market prices, to Cash and prompt Six months buyers. Nails at Manufacturers prices for Cash.

Orders from new customers will receive strict and accurate attention and all goods sent from this house will be as represented.

☞ Country merchants, on their next visit to our city to make their Spring purchases are cordially invited to call and examine our Stock and Prices before Purchasing.

Mar,9,'59.-3m.

Street Lamps.

Proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned up to Saturday, the 12th inst., for lighting, extinguishing and cleaning the Street Lamps of the borough of Huntingdon. By order of the

BURGESS & TOWN COUNCIL.

J. Simpson Africa, Secretary. Mar.9.

PRICE REDUCED ONE HALF!!!
NEW MEDICAL SALT
FOR
INFLAMMATORY DISEASES.
TRY IT!
ONLY ONE DOLLAR.
CHRONIC PACKAGE $2 50!
SEE ADVERTISEMENT.
For sale at Smith's Drug Store, Huntingdon.

JOY TO THE ADMIRERS OF
A FINE HEAD OF
RICH GLOSSY HAIR.

Talk of beauty, it cannot exist without a fine head of hair, then read the following, and if you ask more, see circular around each bottle, and no one can doubt.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—We call the attention of all, old and young, to this wonderful preparation, which turns back to its original color, gray hair—covers the head of the bald with a luxuriant growth—removes the dandruff, itching, and all cutaneous eruptions—causes a continual flow of the natural fluid; and hence, if used as a regular dressing for the hair will preserve its color, and keep it from falling to extreme old age, in all its natural beauty. We call then upon the bald, the grey, or diseased in scalp, to use it, and surely the young will not, as they value the flowing locks, or the witching curl, ever be without it. Its praise is upon the tongue of thousands.

The Agent for Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative in New Haven, received the following letter in regard to the Hair Restorative, a few weeks since:

DEEP RIVER, CONN., July 23, 1856.

Mr. Leavenworth—Sir: I have been troubled with dandruff or scurf on my head for more than a year, my hair began to come out, scurf and hair together. I saw in a New Haven paper about "Wood's Hair Restorative" as a cure. I called at your store on the 1st of April last, and purchased a bottle to try it, and I found to my satisfaction it was the thing, it removed the scurf and new hair began to grow; it is now two or three inches in length where it was all off. I have great faith in it. I wish you to send me two more bottles by Mr. Post, the bearer of this. I don't as any of the kind is used in this place, you may have a market for many bottles after it is known here.

Yours with respect, RUFUS PRATT.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9, 1856.

PROF. WOOD—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front, and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—in fact BALD. I have used but two half pint bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well studded with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendation I can induce many others to try it.

Yours respectfully,
D. R. THOMAS, M. D.,
No. 464 Vine St.

VINCENNES, IA., June 22, 1853.

PROF. O. J. WOOD: As you are about to manufacture and vend your recently discovered Hair Restorative, I will state, for whomsoever it may concern, that I have used it and known others to use it—that I have, for several years, been in the hal it of using other Hair Restoratives, and that I find yours vastly superior to any other I know. It entirely cleanses the head of dandruff, and with one month's proper use will restore any person's hair to the original color and texture, giving it a healthy, soft and glossy appearance; and all this, without discoloring the hands that apply it, or the linen it drops. I would, therefore, recommend its use to every one desirous of having a fine color and texture to the hair.

Respectfully yours,
WILSON KING.

O. J. WOOD & Co., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market St., St. Louis, Mo. John Read, Agent, Huntingdon, and sold by all good Druggists.

Mar.2,'59.-3m.

THE PARAGON GAS-LIGHT.

THIS VALUABLE PATENT, Portable, self-generating Gas-light, is offered to the public, in full confidence of its positive superiority over every other hand-light in existence, for SIMPLICITY, SAFETY, ECONOMY, and BRILLIANCY of light, in any temperature.

It is devoid of SMELL, SMOKE or FLICKER, giving a steady, cheap and

BRILLIANT GAS-LIGHT,

requiring no trimming, or other attention, except simply filling the lamp with common burning fluid, one quart of the fluid giving a FULL, BROAD and CLEAR flame eighteen hours. This light is under complete control, being regulated by a simple process.

The burner can be readily applied to all styles of OIL, KEROSENE, CAMPHENE, and BURNING FLUID LAMPS; also, to Gas-fixtures, in all their varieties.

It is admirably adapted for lighting churches, dwellings, lecture-rooms, halls, shops, steamboats, and railroad cars, or wherever a good light is desired. Parties desirous of securing the right of territory for a valuable article that will commend itself, should make early application, only to the undersigned.

Burners, Lamps, &c., supplied in any quantity, with promptness—forwarded by express to all parts of the United States, payable, cash on delivery. BUTLER, HOSFORD & CO.

Mar.9,'59.-10w. No 2 Court St, Brooklyn.

STRAY HEIFER.

Came to the residence of the subscriber, living in Tod twp., about the first part of June last, a heifer, about one year old, dark red color, with a slit in the left ear and the right ear cropped. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take it away. E. PLUMMER.

March 2, '59.-4t.

NEW WORK FOR AGENTS.

The Life, Speeches and Memorials
OF
DANIEL WEBSTER;

Containing his most celebrated Orations, a selection from the Eulogies delivered on the occasion of his Death, and his Life and Times.

BY SAMUEL M. SMUCKER, A. M.

This splendid work is just published, in one large volume of 550 pages. It is printed on fine paper and bound in beautiful style; contains excellent tint illustrations of his Birthplace and Mansion at Marshfield; and a full-length, life-like, Steel Portrait. The Publisher offers it with confidence to the American people, and is convinced that it will supply an important want in American literature. No work was to be obtained heretofore, which presented within a compact and convenient compass, the chief events of the life of Daniel Webster, his most remarkable intellectual efforts, and the most valuable and interesting eulogies which the great men of the nation uttered in honor of his memory.

We present all these treasures in this volume, at a very moderate price, and in a very convenient form. Subscription price, in cloth, $1,75; handsomely embossed leather, $2,00.

Persons desirous of becoming Agents for this valuable work, will address, for further particulars. DUANE RULISON, Pub.

Feb.23,'59.-3t. 33 S. 3rd. St., Philada.

IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!
IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!
IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH!
WAAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?
WHAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?
WHAT'S IN EVERY BODY'S MOUTH?
WHY "THE AMERICAN SMOKER,"
WHY "THE AMERICAN SMOKER"
WHY "THE AMERICAN SMOKER."
STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
STNDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
WHAT'S STUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
WHAT'S SUUDDED WITH DIAMONDS.
WHY, PRESIDENT BUCHANAN,S
AMERICAN SMOKER.
Which has been ordered of
THE AMERICAN TRADE
COMPANY.
22 & 24 Frankfort Street,
New York.

EUREKA! EUREKA!
I HAVE FOUND IT!
I HAVE FOUND IT!
WHAT HAVE YOU FOUND?
WHAT HAVE YOU FOUND?
WHY, THE GREATEST LUXURY
OF THE AGE.
THE AMERICAN SMOKER.
See advertisement elsewhere.
See advertisement.
THE AMERICAN SMOKER.
☞ See advertisement.

QUIET NERVES QUIET NERVES?
NO EXCUSE FOR NERVOUS HUSBANDS
HUSBAND GO BUY THE AMERICAN
SMOKER.
THIS IS BE THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

From every wife who has a smoking husband—and no good husband who wants to have peace in the family will fail to obey the order. ☞ See advertisement. See advertisement.

The American Trades Company.

Was organized November 8, 1857, with a Capital of one hundred thousand dollars. This Company was formed with a view of taking up inventors of small articles of general utility, who are unable to make independent arrangements for introducing their inventions by an equitable arrangement with them for their rights by purchase out and out, or by a tariff on the articles manufactured and sold. The inventive genius of this country has long called for an Institution of this kind. The American mind is so active, that thousand of things are invented, many of which would be really useful to the community, but which are never introduced, because the inventors of them have no means to carry them out.

The Capital of this Company will be devoted to the development of really useful inventions.

The Company have a Committe on Patents' whose duty is to pass upon all applicants, and from their large experience in such matters Inventors have a security that their intentions will not be misjudge; and the high character of the parties composing that Committee is a sufficient guaranty that plans and specifications may be submitted before patents are applied for, without any risk of advantage being taken of this circumstance, and when desired to do so, the Company will take out patents for others, securing for the inventor all of his invention that is patentable.

This Company respectfully invite inventors to submit to them their plans; and it will be furthering the objects of the Company if its officers and agents can be of service to them.

Any one of the following modes is acceptable to this Company.

First: To manufacture any articles for which their machinery is adapted by contract, the inventors receiving the articles and paying for the same on delivery.

Second: They buy any patent which is approved of by their Committee.

Third: They will manufacture and sell any article which they choose to adopt, giving the inventor such a proportion of the profits as may be agreed upon.

The extensive building, Nos. 22 and 24 Frankfort St., New-York, being about 60 feet front by over 100 feet deep, and 7 stories high above the sidewalk is owned by the President of the Company, and is occupied in part by all the machinery, warerooms and offices of the Company, where all of its business and sales are transacted.

The American Trades Company.

What they manufacture.

THE AMERICAN SMOKER,

Consisting of a great variety of unique and beautiful patterns of Cigar Tubes: also, several varieties of Pipe Tubes. The peculiarity about these articles is that each one is arranged so as to receive a damp sponge through which the smoke of the burning Cigar or Tobacco has to pass on its way to the mouth. This damp sponge not only cools the smoke, but extracts from it the nicotine oil, the poisonous property of the Tobacco, which renders the breath less offensive. Smokers will find in the use of these Tubes a luxury never before attained except by using the Turkish water-jar. Their use also greatly promotes the health of the habitual smoker and preserve the sweetness of the breath.

THE AMERICAN CARPET HOOK,

Is a little contrivance for putting down carpets without tacks. This a new article, which has never before been upon the market. But it possesses the merit of enabling a person to put down or take up a carpet of the largest size in general use in fifteen minutes, without any injury to the floor or carpet. It is very cheap—cheaper in the long run than tacks—and the great facility with which even a servant can take up and put down carpets, without the possibility of a mistake, renders it invaluable to the housekeeper.

THE AMERICAN PEN HOLDER AND WIPER.

Is a neat invention for holding a wet sponge, into which the pen is thrust, always coming out clean and ready for use. A very convenient article for the Counting House Desk and Library Table.

The American Smoker is an article of great utility and benefit to smokers. Persons afflicted with Bronchitis, Asthma, Dyspepsia Liver complaints or Kidney affections, can procure SPONGES MEDICATED for these various diseases by Old Dr. THORP. Sold by the AMERICAN TRADES COMPANY, Nos. 22 & 24 Frankfort St.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA
OF
SEWING MACHINES.
THE PATENT LEVER SEW'G MACHINE.
MANUFACTURED BY THE GLOBE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
339 Broadway,
New York.

May be truly regarded as the "*ne plus ultra*" of sewing machines, and all who are wishing to find a Machine which is capable of doing any kind of sewing for Tailors and Housewives, with a satisfaction heretofore unknown—should lose no time in ordering one of The PATENT LEVER MACHINES, which are to occupy a similar position towards other sewing machines that a PATENT LEVER WATCH (and everybody knows its value) occupies towards a Lepine or any other second rate watch.

This Machine makes the "Lock Stitch," which looks the same on both sides of the fabric and which cannot be ripped.

PRICE $50

In all respects equal to machines heretofore sold at a hundred dollars and upwards.

Specimens of sewing done by the PATENT LEVER MACHINE will be forwarded to any part of the country, upon receipt of a postage stamp.

N. B. An energetic and reliable Agent is wanted in every town and village in the United State and Canadas to sell the above named machine. An advantageous arrangement will be made with the right kind of merchant who is willing to have the exclusive agency.

Address
Globe Manufacturing Company,
339 Broadway,
N. Y.

March 2, 1858.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

(*Estate of Michael Fetterhoof, dec.*)

Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary on the estate of Michael Fetterhoof late of Morris township, dec., have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indepted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement to JOSIAH FETTERHOOF, Exec.
ELIZA FETTERHOOF, Exec'x.

Morris twp, Feb. 16, '59.—6t*

CAR YARDAGE.

The Subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he is prepared to receive and unload Cars containing Lumber, Bark, Staves, Shingles, Coal, Iron, &c.

E. SCHREINER,
S. W. Corner Broad & Callowhill Streets.
Philadelphia.

Jan. 5th 1859.—6m*

ANTIPHLOGISTIC SALT;

A Perfect Substitute
For the Lancet, Leeches and Blisters!!!

when the undersigned, after a long series of laborious and costly experiments, became fully confirmed in his conviction, that the Antiphlogistic Salt which he now has the happiness to present to the American public, was a

PERFECT SUBSTITUTE

for Blood-letting, Leeches and Blisters, his mind was so agitated that he could not sleep for many nights. The cause of his agitation was the striking fact, that the manner of its operation like that of the virus in vaccination, could not be satisfactorily explained upon any known principle. How, in what way, it so effectually subdued *Inflammatory Disease* and no others, was at first wholly inexplicable—but, on further experiment, it was proved that *it equalizes the fluids of the body*, the want of an equilibrium in which, is the sole *cause* of inflammation. Such is its potency, that like the vaccine matter, it requires merely wat adheres to the point of a quill dipped into a solution of it, to effect the entire system—but must be instantly used to prevent decomposition and secure its full virtue. Three quills in acute, and two in chronic diseases, every 24 hours, till the heat, pain and febrile action have subsided, and a perfect cure effected. When it takes the place of blisters, ointment and leeches is local affections, as Brain Fever, Croup, Toothache, Pleurisy, &c., its mode of administration is two-fold. (*See directiin of dissolving, &c.*)

The discoverer has withheld it from the public till now, by the advice of a judicious physician and valuable friend whom he consulted—a gentleman known and felt in the medical world—and who desired to submit it to the test of experiment. After witnessing under his own scrutinizing eye, its signal triumph over both acute and chronic *inflammatory* diseases, in repeated and re-repeated trials, he offered $25,000 to come in as a special and equal partner in the Recipe for its manufacture, but the proposal was rejected.

The disuse of the lancet and blisters is demanded both by humanity by humonity and science. Is it not a mistake, to suppose that a kettle of boiling water (the inflamed blood) will cease to boil, by dipping out a *part* of it—or a cask of bad cider (bad blood) be made good, by drawing a portion of it? Is it not a mistake, to suppose that blisters and rubefacients will remove inflammation, when they virtually superadd one inflammation to another? The late Dr. B. Waterhouse, of Harvard University, said "I am sick of *learned quackery*," One of the most eminent physicians in New England acknowledged just before his death, that "he has been doubting for many years, wether bloodletting and blisters did not *aggravate* rather than arrest disease." Some who stand high in the Old and New school, have quite recently espoused his views and now openly confess, they believe the lancet, setons leeches and blisters injure ten where they benefit one—They think there is a meaning to Deut. 12, 23—Gen. 9, 4—and Levit. 17, 14—that "THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE." It is not the *excess* of blood (there never is too much) that causes disease, but the want of a balance between the fluids and solids.

The special excellence of the Antiphlogistic Salt, is that without the useless loss of blood and strength, it effectually subdued inflammatory disease, (no others) by producing an equilibrium of all the fluids in the body and a consequent uninterrupted circulation. It exerts, like the vaccine matter, and extraordinary influence over the veins and arteries—resulting in a gradual decline of inflammation as indicated by the pulse, which assumes its natural state as the heat, pain and fever disappear.

☞ Many medicines offered for sale, are backed by doubtful certificates, (their chief virtue) and claim to be universal remidies, curing all maladies—a burlesque on common sense; As the discoverer of this Salt, solemnly protests against having it placed in the category of frauds and impositions, he has resolved that it shall go forth to the world, like the pure gold dollar, with no other *passport* than its true value. If the public find it genuine, they will receive it—if spurious, they will reject and condemn it. Instead of being a panacea for all ills, it has control over but *one ill*,—has but *one aim*—accomplishes but *one thing*, to wit, SUBDUES INFLAMMATORY DISEASE—whatever be its form or locality—wether in the head, throat chest abdomen, extremities or skin. It is asked, *how* it does this?—simply by restoring the lost balance between the fluids and solids.

The following different *forms* which the unbalanced fluids assume, and many not here mentioned that have more or less heat, pain or fever (no others) are as perfectly cured by the Antiphlogistic Salt, as fire is extinguished by water.

1. Cases where the unbalanced fluids affect the HEAD and THROAT—to wit, *Brain Fever, Fits, Headache, Inflamed Eyes, Ears and Nose, Canker, Neuralgia, Erysipelas, Catarrh, Croup, Bronchitis, &c.*

2. Cases where the unbalanced fluids effect the CHEST and ABDOMEN—to wit; *Inflamed Lungs and Liver, Colic, Pleurisy, Coughs, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Dropsy, Heartburn, Gravel Piles, Gonorrhea, Venereal, &c.*

3. Cases where the unbalanced fluids effect the EXTREMITIES and SKIN—to wit; *Rheumatism, Gout, Scrofula, Ulcers, Chilbains, Chilbains, Chicken and Small Pox, Salt Rheum*, with itching and other *Cutaneous Affections, &c.*

This Salt greatly alleviates the inflammatory pains peculiar to married ladies, (before and at the time of confinement) and many female complaints, and is very efficatious in Fever, Ague, Wounds, Nervous and Spinal Affections and anyother forms of (mark this) inflammatory disease, attended with heat, pain or febrile symptoms.

☞ Persons who have a tendency of blood to the head or heart, or lead inactive lives, or breath the impure air of manufactories and the poisonous fumes of metals and minerals, or live is unhealthy climates, are exposed to a particliar vitiation of the fluids of the body, which one dose without interfereing with the diet or business, once in three months, would invariably prevent. It is believed to afford protection from infectious disease, and therefore travellers, sailors, and soldiers should supply themselves with it.

☞ While many nostrum-makers victimize the good natured and pill-ridden public, by ordering "from six to a dozen boxes or bottles, to cure any malady," no matter what—the undersigned is happy in being able to state, that the severest forms of recent inflammatory disease, was over come by one Acute package, and the most obstinate and long standing by one Chronic package. It does just what it claims to do—and no more, or less—equalizes the fluids by removing from the system all arterial and venous obstructions.

☞ Please let your neighbors read this.

F. COGGSWELL, M. D.,
DISCOVERER AND PROPRIETOR.

For sale at the Cheap Drug Store of Samuel S. Smith, &Co.' Huntingdon, Pa.

Feb. 16th 1859.