## SOWING WHEAT EARLY IN THE

(Concluded.)

(Concluded.)

"One fact connected with wheat culture in America is worthy of being noticed, as it shows the remarkable offect of climate on the plant. In no part of North America which I visited can the common varieties of wheat which are sown in autumn be sown in the spring and produce a crop fermin for they only a grow leaves and be sown in the spring and produce a crop of grain, for they only grow leaves and stems, and do not form ears. Wheat exhibits somewhat similar habits when sown in June on rich land in Scotland, There is a great deal of spring wheat sown in America, called the Black Sea variety, which appeared to be very similar to what is known in this country (Scotland) as April wheat, a red awny variety.

"It is further worthy of observation, that it is of much importance in America to

it is of much importance in America to have a thick and well tillered plant of wheat in spring. Late tillering produces coarse and vascular stems, which are parcoarse and vascular stems, which are particularly liable to be attacked by disease. Sow early to prevent rust and mildew, I heard repeated by the farmers in every part of America. The most of the summer rains in Canada and the United States fall in heavy thunder showers, attended with high temperature. Such climatic conditions favor rust and mildew, indeed, actually rendering the crops grown on rich land so liable to their ravages that the best soils for wheat in America are those which would be considered inferior ones for the same crop in this country. The further south that I went, the poorer did I find that the soil required to be to produce a healthy crop; and although there is scarce ly any winter in Alabama, a well tillered plant seemed to be essential to obtain a healthy ripenening crop of wheat even on very poor lands."

The two statements, (1) that wheat ticularly liable to be attacked by disc

very poor lands."

The two statements, (1) that wheat "is not so exhausting a crop in Canada as in Scotland," and (2) that "farm-yard manure had not so great an effect in increasing the yield of wheat as it had in Scotland," appear somewhat contradictory.

We do not see why wheat is so exhausting—why it does not require as great a quantum of the state of -why it does not require as great a quantity of food-plent-in this country as in tity of food-plant—in this country as in Great Britain. But if it does not, providing the soil needs manure at all, a given quantily of farm-yare manure—which contains all the elements of plant food—should have a greater effect here than in Great Britain. It it has a less effect, it must be ascribed to improper application, or to the soil being in no need of manure.—Genesce Farmer.

WHEAT CULTURE IN OHIO.

"The natural yield of wheat is not so large in Southern Ohio as in Canada West and the Northern States, but the smaller yield as oblianced at less expense. I was quite automated the casy way that wheat is got in the neighborhood of West Liberty, and I afterwards learned that the same is followed in all those districts in which the Dent corn is cultivated. The wheat was sown after the Indian corn was aftered (C21) beautifully green, though not quite so forward as what had been sown after clover, but the crop of Indian corn was aftered (C21) beautifully green, though not quite so forward as what had been sown after clover, but the crop of Indian corn was indiancer at the bottom, and tapering to the top, were tied with peices of stalks. In this State, the Indiancer was indiancer at the bottom, and tapering to the top, were tied with peices of stalks. In this State, the Indiancer is secure from the influence of the weather, and might stand uninjured till spring, as the cobis completely protected by its sheath. In many instances, the fields upon which the Indian corn was seen all over the fields from which the Indian corn was seen the standing had only got some harrowing to cover it, and the stubble of the Indian corn was seen the secure from the influence of the weether, and might stand uninjured till spring, as the cobis completely protected by its sheath. In many instances, the fields upon which the Indian corn was seen all over the fields from which the Indian corn was seen the secure of the county of the weeker, and very less in the day of the development of the fields upon which the Indian corn was seen that to its successfull cultivation through out America. The Indian corn is removed from the wheat fields in winter, and the small spets of ground upon which the Indian corn is removed. So it happened at the seed, and very less in the day of the weeker, and very less in the day of the weeker, and very less in the day of the weeker, and very less in the day of the weeker, and very less in

### NEW MEDITERRANEAN WHEAT.

As there seems to be much complaint in As there seems to be much complaint in Western New York, as well as many other places, of the midge or field weevil destroying the wheat, I thought it might be well to recommend a trial of the new or red Mediterranean, a variety which has succeeded in our county for two or three years much better than the old Mediterranean, or any other variety. It ripens early, makes a fine crop, and in two fields I had this season I did not see any of the weevil, while a variety of white wheat by the side of it was injured by them. The staw and chaff of this new Mediterranean wheat has a much redder appearance than wheat has a much redder appearance than the old variety, while the grain is much the same. Thos. Wood, Penningtonville Pa.—Genesee Farmer.

WHEAT AND CORN wanted at this office. Those having either can dispose of the same by calling soon.

And it came to pass when Solomon, the son of David, had finished the temple of Jerusalem, that he called unto him the chief architects, the head artificers and cunning workers in silver and gold and in wood and in ivory and—yea, all who aided in working on the temple of the Lord, and he said

ing on the temple of the Lord, and he said unto them:

"Sit you down at my table; I have pre pared a feast for all my chief workers and artificers. Stretch forth your hands therefore, and eat and drink and merry. Is not the skillful artificer deserving of honor? Muzzle not the ox that treadeth out the corn."

men were seated, and the fatness of of the land and the oil thereof were set upon the table, there came one who knocked loudly at the door, and forced himself even into

at the door, and forced himself even into the feastal chamber. Then Soloman, the King, was wroth and said, "What manner of min art thou?"

And the man answered and said. 'When men wish to honor me they call me Son of the Forge; but when they desire to mock me, they call me blacksmith; and seeing that toil in fire covers me with sweat and smut, the latter name, O King, is not inapt, and in truth thy servants desire no better."

"But," said Solomon, "why come you

"But," said Solomon, "why come you thus rudely and unbiaden to the feast, where none save the chief workman of the Temple are invited?"

"!Please ye, my lord. I came rudely," replied the man; "because 'thy servant obliged me to force me way; but I came not unbidden. Was it not proclaimed that the chief workmen of the Temple were to dine with the King of Israel?"

Then he who carved the cherubim said "This fellow is no sculptor."

And he who inlaid the roof with pure gold said, "Neither is he a workman in fine meinla"

And he who raised the walls said. "He And he who made the roof cried out.

And he who made the roof cried out,

when the Son of the Forge heard this

When the Son of the Forge heard this he was in no sort dismayed; but, advancing to the table, snatched up and swallowed a cap of wine, and said:

"O King, live forever! The chief men of the workers in wood, and gold and stone have said that I am not of them, and they have said truly. I am their superior: before they lived was I created. I am their master, and they are my servants." And he turned him around and said to the chief of the carvers in stone:

Students attending January 1858.

sercial School of the state of the service of the s

Penmanship.
SINGLE AND DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING,

As used in very department of business.

COMMERCIAL ARTHMETIC—RAPID
BUSINESS WRITING—DETECTING
COUNTERFEIT MONEY—
MERCANTILE CORRESPONDENCE—
Are tuught, and all other subjects necessary
for the success and thorough education of a
practical business man.

12 PREMIUMS.

Important Information.

d Ornames. J address Sept. 29, 1858.—1y.

# FOUND AT LAST!!! The Way to Save Money!! AND CURE HARD TIMES!

BUY ALL KINDS OF HARDWARE
FROM JAS. A. BROWN.
FROM JAS. A. BROWN.
FROM JAS. A. BROWN.
AT CITY PRICES.

AT CITY PRICES.

Ist. Because it supplier THE PEOPLE with independent articles and many useful inventions, which can be found only in a HARD-HARDWARD TO MANUAL THE CONTROL OF THE PRICES.

20 14 120 cm. 20 14 150 cm. 20 14 1400 cm. 20 14 1400 cm.

20 to 100 per cent cheaper!

20 to 100 per cent cheaper!
than they are sold by other merchants.
His stock includes a complete variety of
BUILDING-HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
OILS, PAINTS.
VARNISHES, GLASS,
STEEL, IRON,
MECHANIC'S TOOLS,
HOLLOW-WARE,
SADDLERY,
CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,
CHAIN PUMPS,
LEAD PIPES,
MOROCCOES,
LININGS &c.
Together with a full assortent of everything
pertaining to his line of business.
All orders receive prompt attention.
Huntingdon, Oct. 6th, 1838.

Reports, Resolutions, Letters, Toasts, Pamphlets, Editorial Articles, Communications, and every sort of Brain-work, which they may find it incorrection to troublesceme to do them selves.

Ladies and Gentlemen, of every rank in society or occupation in life, and have Letters written on any subject, whether business or sentimental.

The advertiser will also conduct or translate Correspondence of every kind, either English, French, Spanish, German or Latin.

Poetty, Aerostics, for Albums, Notes, Billetdeux, Monodies, and Compositions of the most delicate and confidential character, incident to every possible circumstance or event in life, will be furnished in invislable confidence, by writing to the undersigned, and explaining their wishes.

Orders by mail, accompanied with cash, will be strictly and promptly attended to. Address J. THOMPSON, Litterry Bureau, Box 2225 Philadelphia P. O., Pa. Aug.18,58.1y

Egg-Don't forget the place—Long's brick in the place—Long's brick in the place—Long's brick in the phase of the corner, Market square, Hundler, Cornella Arther proves to be a Certain cure for Consumption, Cut.13,78

CURED.

CU

### ACARD

DR. JAMES M. JARRET, NEW YORK LUNG INFIRMARY.

### HO! THIS WAY.

SELLING CLOTHING

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES. 1858.

m the public generally, that they have ved a large stock of Fall and Winter Goods,

MISCELLANEGUS ADVERTISEMENTS MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS

Miss SOUTHWORTH, COLONEL G. W. CROCKETT,
CHARLES BURDETT
THOMAS DUNN ENGLISH, M. D.,
HENRY CLAPP, JUN,
GEORGE ARNOLD,
SAMUEL YOUNG,
MRS. ANNA WHELPLE
MISS VIRGINIA VAUG
MRS. DI. VERNON,
MISS HATTIE CLARE,
FINLEY JOHNSON,
VIE Only for the

Witte only for the
GOLDEN PRIZE.

# GOLDEN PRIZE

DEAN & SALTER, successors to Becket & Co

The New York Weekly Golden Prize is one of the largest and best literary papers of the day—an Imperial Quarto, containing eight pages, or forty columns, of the most interesting and fescinating reading matter, from the pens of the very first writers of the day, ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED EVERY WEEK.

The arricles to be given away are comprised to the following list:

Packages of Gold, con'g \$500 00 each.

O do 60 do 200 00 each.

O Gold Watches 75 00 each.

O Gold Watches 75 00 each.

O do 60 do 60 00 each.

O do 60 00 each.

June 9, '58:-1m.ly.

BLANKS! BLANKS

DULLINA)

BLANKS

A general assortment of Blanks of all de-criptions just privided and for sale at the Journal Office.

Common Bond, C

Dr. John McCulloch.

COOK STOVE.



A SPLENDID NEW COOK STOVE for alle at this office; it is calculated to burn wood

# DU VALL'S GALVANIC OIL,

repared originally by Pro. H. DUV-, formerly of the College of Surge at Paris.

formerly of the College of Surgeons, at Paris.

IS NOW OEFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

LIC.

For the Cure of all sore and Zainful Diseases.

In oil Diseases.

For instance—Pain or soreness in any part of the system, Rheumatism, pain in the back, breast or sides, bealed breasts. Reuralgia, Burns, Sprains, Head-ache. Cramp in the Stomach or any other disease that is SORE or PAINFUL, and it is only over this class of diseases we can be some partons we can relieve the sufferer 99 times out of 100. We would just say to the public, Prof. Du Vall was 96 years in bringing to this medicine superiority over all others.

Price 50 cts. per bottle—3 per cent

CONSUMPTION CUREDIA

CONSUMPTION STAN OLD INDIAN
DOCTOR, UNCAS BRANT,
while a Missionary among the
Indians of the Rocky Mountains, discovered a RARE
CONSUMPTIONELANT, that proves to be a
certain cure for Consumption.

M iscellaneous Advert isements.

### New Card-Press.

Having bought a fast "CARD-PRESS," we are now prepared to print in the proportion of three cards in the same time that any other press in the county can print one, consequently we can print them chapper—if not done well we make no charge at all. We ask your patronage.

### NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!!

FISHER & MCMURTRIE

HAVING re-opened the METROPOLITAN
formerly known as "SAXTOS's" take pleasure in announcing to their many friends, that they have received a new and well-selected stock of Gooda, which they feel confident will satisfy the demands of the public, and will prove unexceptionable in STYLE and QUALITY.
The line of Dress Goods embraces
ROBES A QUILLE IN ORGANDIES,
LAWNS, PERCALES, &c. CHALYS,
BERAGES, BRILLIANTS, ALL WOOL
DE LAINES, CRAYELLA MOHAIR,
DANUBLAN, TAMISE, AND LAVELLA CLOTHS, DEBAGE,
LUSTRES ALPACCAS,
PRINTS, GINGHAMS, &c.
We have a fine assortment of Summer Mantillas, Shawls, Dress Trimmings, Fringes, Antiques, Ribbons, Mitts, Gloves, Gauntlets, Hsiery, Ladles' Collars, Handkerchiefs, Buttons,
Floss, Sewing Silk, Whalebones for Skirts,
Reed Hoops, Brass do, Skirt Cord, &c.
ALSO—Tickens, Osnaburg, bleached and und
benetic Good's.
We have French Collars, Handsverselfs, Brass do, Skirt Cord, &c.
ALSO—Tickens, Danaburg, bleached and und
white Cambrics, Barred and Swiss Musil
Victoria Lawas, Nainsooks, Tarleton and many other articles which comprise the line of White
and Domestic Good's.
We have French Collars, Hands, Fancy Cassinneres,
Satinetty, Scans, Twoeds, Cottomades, Linens,
Destina and Bino Drills.
HATS, CAPS AND BONNETS,

HATS, CAPS AND BONNETS, STRAW GOODS.

GROCERIES, HARD & OH NSWAR E.

BOOTS & SHOES,
Wood and Willow-ware, we also deal in PLASTER, FISH, SALT, d all kinds of GRAIN, and possess facilities this branch of trade unequalled by any. We

and all kinds of GRAIN, and possess facilities in this branch of trade unequalled by any. We deliver all packages or parcels of Merchandise, FREE OF CHARGE, at the depots of the Broad Top and Pennsylvania Railroads. Come one, come all, and be convinced that the "Metropolitan" is the place to secure fashionable and desirable goods, disposed of at

# New Goods! New Goods! AT D. P. GWIN'S CHEAP STORE.

D. P. Gwin has just returnd from Philadel-hia with the largest and most beautiful as-

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

ured, Ginglams, Laws, and Prints of every description.

ALSO, a large lot of dress Trimmings, Fringes, Antiques, Gmps, Ribbon, Buttons, Brads, Crapes, Reed & Brass Hoops, Strit Cord, Silk and Liaen handkerchiefs, Neek ties, Stock, Zephyr, French Working Cotton, Linea and Cotton Floss, Tily Yarn, Stock, Zephyr, French Working Cotton, Linea and Cotton Floss, Tily Yarn, Silven, Stock, Zephyr, French Working, Strings, Plain, Figured, Skirt Beitz Marselle for Capes, and a warnery of white goods too numerous to mention.

Conics, Mantillas, &c.
Also, Cloths, Cassiners, Cassinets, Tweeds,
K. Jans, Muslins, Cotton Drill, Nankeens,
Ticken, Table Diapers, Flannels, &cs
Also, a. Toge lot of Bouneas, Flat, Hats, &c.
Hoots and Ednocs, the largest and chea
rest essentiment in town.

EARDWARE, OUTENS-WARE, Buckets, Tubs, Baskets, Chara-

ET A B D W The State of the Sta April 21, 1853.

### FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!

A New Assertment Just Opened! And will be sold 30 per cent. CHEAPERTHANTHE CHE PEST H. ROMAN respectfully informs his custo the public generally, that he has just opened at his store-room in Market Square Huntingdon, a splendid new stock of Ready

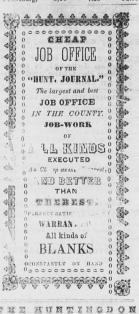
Clothing for Fall and Winter,

### STAGE LINE FROM

hambersburg to Mt, Union

The undersigned aware that a suspension the line of Stages over the road between Chambershurg and Mt, Union, cannot be but disadrantageous to a large section of the country, has, at a considerable expense and trouble made arrangements to run a line of Stages Tri-weekly between the two points Good Horses and comfortable Stages have been placed on the route, and experienced and trusty drivers will superintend the running of the Coaches. The proprietor the line is distrous that it be maintained, and he therefore cells upon the public generally to patronize it, ec district the coaches. The proprietory will be given, a threat it will be for their mutual advanta a term of the coaches. The coaches are the coaches are the coaches are the coaches are the coaches and the coaches are the coaches ar

RAILROAD HOURS



MILI.

THE undersigned owners of the Huntingdon Mill, inform farmers and the public generally, that they now have their new mill in running order, with all the modern improvements in the water wheels and machinery.

They have put in five of the Improved Jon val Turbine Water Wheels, and can grinding all stages of the water, and during the constant of the water, and during the constant of the water, and during the constant of the water and during the constant of the water and during the constant of the water and the water water water and the water FLOUR, FEED AND STUFFS

J. B. Luden, M. D. Gen. A. P. Wilson, M. A. Henderson, "Mr. P. Orbison, Esq. M. B. Stewart, John Scott, Esq. John Scott, Esq.

John M'Colloch, Petersburg, Vp74

A. P. WILSON R. BRICE PETRIKIN WILSON & PETRIKIN, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGHON, PA.
Practice in the several Courts of Huntingdon Blair, Cambria, Centre, Midlin and Juniar Courtes. March 23, 1853.

Cheapest "Job Printing" Office IN THE COUNTY.

Job Printing at 20 per cent.

## IN BLAST AGAIN!

Huntingdon Foundry.

THE SUBSCHIBERS TAKE THIS MEthod of informing their triends and the public generally, that they have rebuilt the Huntingdon Foundry, and are now in successful opcration, and are prepared to furnish casting of
all kinds, of the best quality on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.
Farmers are invited to call and examine our
Ploughs. We are manufacturing the Hunter
Plough, this plough took the premium at the
Huntingdon County Agriendural Fair, in 1835)
also Hunter Flough, with the Keystone, Hillcan't be beat, together with the Keystone, Hillcan't be beat, together with the Keystone, Hillsaid, an 'Barshear Ploughs. We have on hand
and are manufacturing stores, such as Cook,
Parlor and office stows for coal cr wood.

consisting of Kettles, Boilers, Skillets, &c., all of which will be sold cheep for cash or in exchange for country produce. Old metal take for new castings. By a strict attention to business and desire to please, we hope to receive a chare of public patronage.

hare of public patronage.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM & BRO.
April 30, 1856.-tf. DR. J R. HUYETT

ALEXANDRIA, HUNT. CO., PA.
April 1, 1887.—19.

THOS. P. CAMPBELL.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Will attend to all business entrusted to him. Offeen nearly opposite the Court House

May 5, 53

JOHN SCOTT,

SAMUEL T. BROWN

SECTT & BROWN,
Attorneys at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa,
Office sames that formerly occupied by John
Oct. 19, 1853.

Hon. George Tayler.

Jacob M Gemmill, M. D., Alexana.

John M'Culloch, "Petersburg.

1774

We have now made such arrangements in our Job Opice as will enable us to do all kinds of

cheaper rates
'Than any office in the County.

Give us a call. If we don't give entire satisfacion, no charge at all will be made.